# CONFIRMATION OF REPORTED ATTACK ON AMERICAN FORCE BY CARRANZA WILL BE AWAITED BEFORE ACTION IS TAKEN

## 12 AMERICANS AND 14 MEXICANS DIE

the present at least and that Mr. Wilson had no intention of going before Congress immediately.

It would take a courier or survivors of the American detachment many hours to make their way to General Pershing's base.

**Troopers Ambushed**

No clear view of what happened could be had from the Mexican statement transmitted from the border. The stories of the fight conflict, but seem to indicate that the Americans were trapped or ambushed and suffered their chief losses from machine gun fire.

It is presumed General Pershing promptly dispatched reinforcements, including artillery, to aid the cavalry detachment if it was still engaged with the Mexicans or its lines of retirement menaced. No reports have come from General Funston, however, indicating that he had knowledge of additional troop movements or was preparing to send more men to Pershing.

Secretary Baker said no marching orders had gone to national guard units. Nothing could be done, he declared, until a report from American sources had been received.

**War is Close**

Other officials took the same view. They would not discuss possibilities on the basis of the incomplete and conflicting Mexican advices. There were no efforts, however, to conceal the anxiety with which the situation was viewed. There is enough similarity among the border reports to convince them that a serious clash occurred, whoever may have been the aggressor and whatever the outcome. It has brought war with Mexico so close that officials say any hour may see the conflict in full swing.

A resolution authorizing the President to draft national guardsmen willing to take the Federal oath immediately into the regular army under the terms of the new army bill was submitted by Secretary Baker to Chairman Hay, of the House military committee. Mr. Hay said he would call it up to-morrow and press for immediate action.

If possible, Mr. Hay said, he would obtain consideration of the resolution by unanimous consent, but he was prepared to ask for a special rule if necessary.

The resolution differs slightly from the provision of the measure originally prepared for bringing the national guard into Federal service in that it would provide for service during "the period of the emergency" instead of "the period of the war."

**Subject to Draft**

Members of the active guard of the reserves in all states, territories and the District of Columbia who take the new oath would be subject to draft under the resolution. The President would be authorized to combine various incomplete units in order to bring them up to war strength and to appoint officers for them.

When Mr. Lansing saw the newspaper men at 11 o'clock he said there still were no reports on the Carrizal incident from American sources. Asked whether he had ordered American consular officers out of Mexico, he said that all had been arranged for, the consuls now in Mexico had their instructions and knew what to do. All consular officers were instructed some time ago to use their own discretion about leaving their posts.

## MAYOR ENDORSES TELEGRAPH PLAN

"Give Boys Rousing Sendoff," He Says; Formulating Farewell Program

Mayor Meals heartily endorsed the Telegraph's suggestion that the city speed the departing guardsmen on their way with a formal farewell demonstration of affection and appreciation.

"Give the boys who are going to the front a rousing send-off," said the Mayor when asked if he intended to issue any special proclamation for Saturday. The Mayor is slowly recovering from a recent heart attack and will not be able to participate in the farewell demonstration Saturday morning when the soldiers leave for Mount Gretna. He added:

"If my health permitted, I would like to meet them face to face and add my word of praise and appreciation. The people of Harrisburg are not forgetful of their duties and will do their part."

While there will be no proclamation by Mayor Meals calling upon business men and manufacturers to close their places of business for one hour on Saturday while the local military companies are on their way to the Pennsylvania Railroad station, it is understood that all business places on Second and Market streets will close during the march.

Members of the City Grays Veteran Association will meet to-night to complete arrangements for escorting Companies D and I to the railroad station. In this demonstration they will be joined by every patriotic order in Harrisburg, including the G. A. R., Sons of Veterans, Spanish-American War Veterans, Veterans of Foreign Wars and Veteran Volunteer Firemen's Association. The formation of the line of procession and route from the armory to the station will be announced tomorrow.

This morning the armory was officially turned over to the City Grays Veteran Association, who will be in charge while Companies D and I are at the front. The veteran officers include: President, Captain E. Laubenstein; secretary, Philip German; treasurer, Edward C. Humer; trustees, Captain Jerry J. Hartman and Christian Nauss.

The following notice was issued today:

"All ex-members of the City Zouaves City Grays and Companies D and I, who are not members of the Veterans Association are requested to assemble at the armory, Second and Forster streets Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock, to participate in the farewell demonstration and escort. Let there be a large turnout in honor of the boys who are going to fight for Our Country and Our Flag. Every member is requested to carry a flag. Do not remain on the sidewalk but be in line."

In the ranks of the three National Guard Companies in Harrisburg are members of the Harrisburg Volunteer Fire Department. In order that proper honor may be given, President William L. Jauss has called a meeting of the Veteran Volunteer Firemans Association of Harrisburg for this evening at 8 o'clock at the home 923 North Third street. Arrangements will be made to assist in the escort to the railroad station.

Chief of Police Thomas J. Zeil will announce his plans to-night. He is arranging for a large turn out of patrolmen Saturday morning. Three members of the local police force will go to the front, George Shoemaker, member of Governor's Troop; John K. Spangler, Color Sergeant on the staff of Colonel Maurice E. Finney, commanding the Eighth Regiment, National Guard, and Arthur Knell, Company D.

Members of Harrisburg Camp No. 8, United States War Veterans, will meet at camp rooms, 304 North Second street, Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock, by order of Camp Commander Norman Ream.

## SHIP EQUIPAGE TO MT. GRETNA

Men Recruited For War Strength Will Be Given Arms There

Notice was received at the Pennsylvania National Guard headquarters that the tentage and equipment required to provide for the men enlisted to raise units of the national guard from peace strength to war strength would be shipped from the United States Army depot at Philadelphia to Mount Gretna to-day. Under the military plans, the War Department must furnish this equipment, the Pennsylvania guardsmen being equipped only for the peace strength. It was stated at the Capitol to-day that the men to be sent out at the peace standing would be equipped.

The State authorities have authorized only a small number of men in excess of the minimum peace strength to be taken to Mount Gretna, so that if the tentage and other equipment which the national government must supply does not reach Mount Gretna in time it will be possible to care for the excess of men without much discomfort.

State officials to-day declined to comment upon reports that blankets for the difference between peace and war strength of the Pensylvania guard had been sent by the War Department for Plattsburg camp. It was reported here that efforts to obtain necessary blankets were being made and that they would be shipped as soon as possible. The other equipment is to be started from Schuylkill arsenal tonight.

Captain J. B. Kemper, United States Army, was to-day detailed by Colonel C. R. Noyes, chief mustering officer of the Department of the East, to act as senior mustering officer at Mount Gretna and to receive the stores. Captains F. S. Leisenring, infantry, R. S. Thomas, engineers, and D. H. Biddle, cavalry, and Major C. E. Koerper, medical corps, have been detailed as assistant mustering officers, and Captain Thomas will likely be appointed property officer.

Governor Brumbaugh to-day issued a statement to the effect that salaries of men employed in executive departments of the State government could not be paid for the time they are in the national service.

The Governor's statement is as follows:

"The employes of the Commonwealth in all executive departments who enter the service of the United States through the national guard will not lose their positions by reason of that service. The courts have decided that salaries can be paid only for service actually performed for the Commonwealth. For that reason the salaries of these men cannot be paid them for the time they are in the national service. Inasmuch as the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania certainly should do for its officials what it expects private individuals and corporations to do, I shall earnestly recommend that they be reimbursed by the Legislature when it next assembles."

Reports reaching the Capitol to-day from all over the State told of gratifying recruitment and the commanders of a number of units asked to be allowed to take all of the men to camp on Saturday. This will depend upon the manner in which the equipment comes from the War Department. If it does not arrive in time, the men will remain at home stations under command of first lieutenants, who are acting as recruiting officers.

The shipment of stores from this city has about been completed. Special requisitions are now being handled.

## *Gen. Pershing Has Not Received Report of Fight, but Sends Reinforcements*

*By Associated Press*

San Antonio, June 22. — General Pershing reported to General Funston to-day that he had not yet received a report of the fight at Carrizal but added that on information sent to him he has sent out two squadrons of the Eleventh Cavalry with instructions to get into touch with the troop of the Tenth that was engaged yesterday by the Mexican forces.

General Funston made it plan that General Pershing's first report has not altered the general situation and that no special orders will be issued until General Pershing has rendered a report in detail of the Carrizal fight and incidents that led to it.

General Pershing said that all his men had positive orders not to do anything calculated to precipitate a fight with troops of the de facto government.

Although unstated in General Pershing's report, officers at headquarters drew the inference that Captain Harts T. Boyd was in command of Troop H, the troop believed to have been the one engaged at Carrizal.

## *Mexicans Claim U. S. Force Was Heaviest Loser in Fight at Carrizal*

El Paso, June 22. — The Abericans who engaged the Carranza soldiers in battle at Carrizal yesterday were heavier losers than the Mexicans, according to reports issued by the Mexican consulate in El Paso to-day.

The Mexicans claim that while fourteen o ftheir number were killed and thirty wounded, the Americans suffered an even dozen killed and lost 17 as prisoners. In addition they say the Americans had an unknown number of wounded which they carried off with them.

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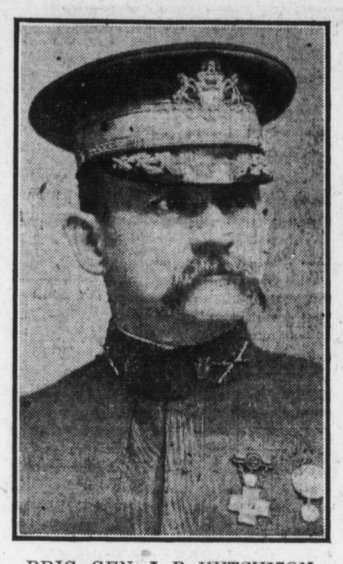
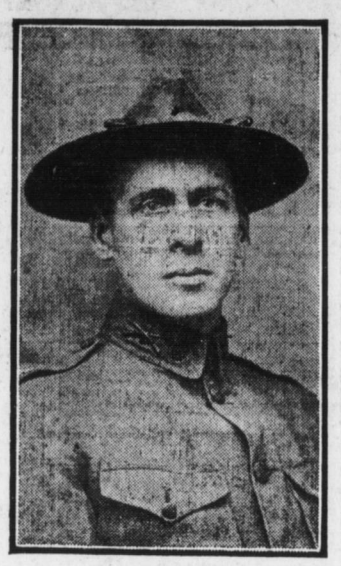
They point out also tthat while the Carranza commander, General Felix Gomez, lost his life, the American leader also was killed.

Uncertainty regarding the identity of the commander of the American troops was believed to-day to have been dissipated by a report received through Columbus, N. M., that he was Captain Lewis S. Morey, of the Tenth cavalry.

### *PROMINENT GUARD OFFICERS WHO WERE PROMOTED TODAY*



BRIG. GEN. J. B. HUTCHISON



CAPTAIN JERRY J. HARTMAN

COL. MAURICE E. FINNEY

## NO TROUBLE TO MOVE GUARDSMEN

Railroads Look Upon Task as Mere Matter of Handling 20,000 Passengers

The best equipment owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the Philadelphia and Reading Railway, will be used in transporting troops to Mt. Gretna. For three days, working forces have been busy putting locomotives in shape for war service. Steel cars will be used exclusively, and the movement of the 20,000 members of the National Guard to the mobilization camp at Mt. Gretna, will be given close attention by transportation officials.

Both the Pennsylvania and the Reading Railroads, it was announced to-day are fully prepared to do their share in the concentration of the troops. While orders for the movement of trains were not announced until to-day the railroad managers took the initiative several days ago, at the first sign of possible mobilization, and laid their plans accordingly.

Since early on Monday morning both roads have been in position to turn their equipment over to the use of the State. The situation was learned on Sunday. Forthwith the managers sent orders to get everything in readiness. There was little bustle or commotion. The machinery, tested in previous years of handling militia equipment, moved quickly. Within a comparatively few hours the railroads now can empty the State of guardsmen.

**Starting Points**

The Pennsylvania and Reading will pick up the troops along their lines, working out from places where they have their yards. The Pennsylvania will distribute its equipment from Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, from Williamsport, Sunbury and Wilkes-Barre. From Chambersburg it will drain the central southern section of the State, while from Waynesboro, on the south and Oil City on the north, the western part will be tapped. The main storage centers of the Reading include Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Tamaqua, Shenandoah, Shippensburg, Williamsport and Allentown. At all these places train crews only await the word to move.

Officials of the railroads do not consider it a difficult task to transport the troops. They have lost sight of the military aspect of the work and view it strictly in the light of the moving of so many passengers. It was said at the Reading office here an unexpected Atlantic City crowd on Saturday would cause far more trouble than that of carrying the guard. Much in the same way was it viewed at the offices of the Pennsylvania. The only trouble anticipated will come at the junctions the roads make with the Cornwall and Lebanon Railroad, on the line of which Mt. Gretna lies, 10 miles equidistant from Conewago on the Pennsylvania and Lebanon on the Reading. This is a small road with limited equipment and it is believed a speedy mobilization will give this road the test of its career.

## TELEGRAPH HEADS WAR RELIEF FUND

[Continued From First Page]

necessitous cases during the absence of the soldiers at the front. These men have been suddenly summoned from their places of employment, and it is only reasonableand just that their friends, who embrace the entire population of this city, should contribute to a fund which can be used in any emergency for the relief of those who may need help during the period of service of the men upon whom wives and children and aged parents are dependent.

The Telegraph has taken the initiative in this matter and invites the cooperation of all our people in the creation of a fund which can be properly expended to prevent suffering or want while these husbands and fathers and sons are absent on the business of their country.

**Telegraph Subscribes $100**

It is expected that some definite plan will be arranged between the Chamber of Commerce and the Rotary Club of Harrisburg to administer the fund which it is hoped will be promptly raised for the purpose stated. Contributions will be received through this newspaper and properly acknowledged from day to day and the Telegraph is pleased to start the subscription list with a contribution of $100. We believe that the patriotic citizens of Harrisburg—men women and children—will promptly rally to this appeal for those who are compelled to watch and wait while our soldiers are far away.

**MAY INVESTIGATE COAL RISE**

*By Associated Press*

New York, June 22.—An investigation by the Federal Trade Commission into the operations and accounts of leading anthracite coal companies to learn the cause for the recent price increase of anthracite was requested to-day by the Senate in a resolution adopted on motion of Senator Hitchcock. The resolution asked for a report on the relation between labor cost and the price of coal before and after the increase.

**ISAAC J. WINTZ**

Funeral services will be held on Saturday afternoon for Isaac J. Wintz, aged 74, who died at the home of his son-in-law, S. A. Wilson, of Penbrook. He is survived by his wife and daughter, Mrs. S. A. Wilson. Burial will be made in Shoop's Church Cemetery

## HUTCHISON AND FINNEY GO HIGHER UP

[Continued From First Page]

fill vacancies created in the Eighth by the promotions will be made later in the day.

Colonel Hutchison's military service covers a period of thirty-five years. He enlisted in Company D, Eighth Regiment Infantry (City Grays) Feb. 18, 1881, and rose by regular degrees until he was elected by the unanimous vote of the line officers as colonel of the Eighth Regiment, after the death of Colonel Theodore Hoffman. During Colonel Hutchison's service in the City Grays he was appointed Captain and instructor of the City Grays Cadet Corps, a junior organization connected with the company. He was at that time a duty sergeant in the company. After the death of Captain Thomas F. Maloney in January 1891, he was elected captain of Company D. At the beginning of the Spanish War he went with his company as its commander to Mt. Gretna April 28, 1898, and when the regiment was mustered into the United States service May 12, 1898, he was made major of one of the battalions of the Eighth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry and served in that position until mustered out March 7, 1899.

## GET FIRST TASTE OF SOLDIER'S LIFE

[Continued From First Page]

**City in Grip of War Fever**

Not since Spanish-American War days has the city been so thoroughly in the grip of the war fever; and the scenes about the armories outrivaled those of twenty years ago, for then the guard of Pennsylvania wasn't officially recognized as the second line of defense of the regular army.

At 9 o'clock this morning officers' whistles and bugles sounded the "assembly" and the long lines of uniformed men quickly formed, the recruits, in citizens' clothes, had the left of each line, and after the count "by fours" had been called off the recruits were hustled outdoors to undergo instructions at the hands of shrill voiced, apparently peevish, corporals. Squad after squad was tried out in the yard of the armory, while a few were given their first taste of military training under the trees and before the more or less grinning eyes of hundreds of spectators in the River Front Park.

**Many Applicants**

Incidentally, the offices of the armory recruiting stations were busy; even as raw recruits were being put through their paces new applicants were waiting a chance to sign up for service.

Company I mustered ninety-three men, including the "rookies," to-day; Company D boasted of eighty-five, with more to come; the Governor's Troop reported with its full complement of sixty-six old troopers, with some twenty-five accepted recruits.

**Women Folks There, Too**

Most everybody who could sneak a few minutes' "time off" slipped up to the armories at one time or another to-day; ex-City Grays, old guardsmen who shook their heads rather wistfully at old Pa Time, who has raised for them for all time the statue of limitations; the prettiest girl in the world —some scores of her—was on hand in smiles and silk sweater. And in the background were those who smilingly TRIED to be convinced that their "boys" were not "really going further than Mount Gretna.'

For on Saturday Harrisburg's infantry guardsmen will move to Uncle Sam's mobilization camp; the troop will leave at 8 o'clock Sunday.

**Not All Raw Recruits**

While the mysteries of the school of the soldier were more or less Greek to most of the "rookies" there were some to whom the footwork, the steps, the turns, etc., were as a review of old lessons thoroughly learned long ago. These were ex-guardsmen or ex-regulars of the United States army. No raw recruit was so eager to get into the ranks again as your one-time service man. One of the officers of Company I told this story to illustrate this:

"One of the most likely of all the candidates for enlistment was a great husky fellow who had seen a lot of good service in the regular army. When he first applied however I questioned in my mind as to whether he wasn't over-weight. He weighed 240 or 250 pounds if he tipped a pound. To-day I questioned him to verify my suspicions.

"'What do you weigh?' I asked him.

"'Hundred-an'-ninety pounds, exactly, sir. I got weighed this morning!'

"So," finished the officer, "you see he must have lost some forty or fifty pounds—overnight!"

**Not Quite Heavy Enough**

The assemblying of the men to-day was not without its disappointments for a few youthful, if willing ones. One slightly built chap regretfully stepped out of the line of recruits at Captain Zeigler's command. "I'd like to take him along," said the captain, "but he's not quite heavy enough."

"Just the same, sir," essayed the disappointed soldier, "I'm as tough and strong as any of 'em. Wouldn't that do."

That was the spirit that seemed to prevail in both armories. Nor did it apply alone to the single men by any means. One of the big sergeants of the Governor's Troop, Sergeant Charles Kline, one of the crack revolver shots of the National Guard, smilingly admitted that the 'prospect of going to the border wasn't as pleasant as it might be because he had a wife and child at home. "But," he added quickly, "not that I'm going to let THAT stop me."

And the same spirit was evidenced in other ways. One would-be youthful trooper who is a year under age, is an orphan and has no legal guardian. He tried all morning to enlist the service of some friend to serve as temporary guardian for him if appointed by the courts, the guardianship would only be for long enough to affix the signature to enlistment papers.

Among these were Edgar N. Warren and Miss Mary A. Hendricks, of North Wales. They had arranged to be wedded later in the summer, but they wanted the Rev. Mr. Bassler to tie the knot. So last night they got the minister on the phone—and he went to North Wales and performed the ceremony this morning. Arden Emerick, 1726 Carnation street, and Miss Maude Edith Watts, 315 South Sixteenth street, was another wedding solemnized to-day. This occurred at the parsonage.

The Rev. Mr. Bassler will be as busy as any officer in the field—only in a little different capacity. He will officiate at Sunday services, incidentally, to which all men must report.

**Can Sleep at Home**

With the exception of the men who live out of town, the members of the two infantry companies of the Eighth will not be required to sleep in the armory. At 9 o'clock this morning, however, they went on duty and they will remain so from now on. Coming and going from the armory will be governed by permission of officers, just as in camp. Incidentally, the troops will eat at the place provided for by the State—the F. F. Davenport restaurant. They got their first meals there to-day.

Proprietor Davenport broke a record of his to-day in feeding the men. The ninety-odd soldiers of Company I, for instance, were served in a little less than nine minutes. A "boiled dinner" of corned beef and cabbage, other vegetables, bread and butter, coffee, pie or cake constituted luncheon; for dinner to-night there was mock turtle soup, hamburger steak and French fried potatoes, hot rolls, coffee and pie. For breakfast to-morrow morning there will be ham and eggs, potatoes, rolls and coffee; for luncheon, soup, fried cod and potatoes, bread and butter, coffee and pie or cake; for dinner, clam chowder, potted beef and macaroni, vegetables, coffee, pie and cake. For the last breakfast before departing for Mount Gretna, Saturday, the men will will have bacon and eggs, potatoes, coffee and rolls.

The uniformed men and "rookies" marching together through the streets to the restaurant stirred curiously the big crowds that collected along the curbs and the windows of the store and office buildings. And when the soldiers wheeled on the return to the armory the applause of clapping hands echoed through the street like the rattle of rifle fire.

Among the first of the Guard officers to be sworn into Federal service to-day was Captain Harry H. Baker, adjutant of the Eighth regiment. In every-day life Captain Baker is chief clerk in the master mechanics' office of the Pennsylvania railroad company at Reily street. Furthermore he's one of the most popular employes who ever held a desk for the Pennsy. Fellow employes surely testified to that to-day when they surprised him with a gift of a regular Colt automatic. Called to the office by an emergency message, Captain Baker hurried to the office where fellow workmen had gathered to meet him. The presentation speech was made by H. B. Lotz, general foreman. The gun is of the same type which Captain Baker would have had to buy—at a cost of $20.

Soon after he had taken the oath of allegiance to serve in "the National Guard of the United States and Pennsylvania," Captain Baker swore in the Rev. Harry Nelson Bassler, pastor of the Second Reformed church, and chaplain of the Eighth. The oath is practically the same as the State Guard oath except that the Federal stipulates "National Guard of the United States."

The Rev. Mr. Bassler has practically wound up his affairs preparatory to leaving for service. His church has granted him a six months' leave of absence with pay and in his absence the pulpit of the Second Reformed will be filled by the Rev. Dr. H. M. W. Kline, of Franklin and Marshall for Sunday services and by the Rev. Walter R. Hartzell for prayer service. If at the end of six months the Rev. Mr. Bassler doesn't return the congregation either will fill the vacancy permanently or extend the leave of absence.

The possibilities of the Rev. Mr. Bassler's early departure hastened several weddings among his parishioners by the way.

**Troopers Stay on Duty**

The Governor's Troop, assembled for services at 9 o'clock this morning will remain on duty at the armory. They will eat the food that will be prepared by the Troop cook in the armory kitchen—and they'll sleep o' nights on cots on the armory floor.

The Governor's Troop by the way will extend a more than ordinarily cordial welcome to farriers—horseshoers and blacksmiths, according to Lieutenant Nicodemus.

The Troopers' whole day is laid out for him at the armory just as if he were in camp. Here's the routine as regulated by bugle call:

First call, 5.50 a. m.; reveille, 6; assembly, 6.15; fatigue, 6.30; mess, 6.45; sick call, 7.15; drill, recruits, 7.30; assembly, 8; re-call, 10; first sergeants' call, report to officer, 11; mess, 12; drill, 1.50 p. m.; assembly, 2; re-call, 4; first call, retreat, 5.20; assembly, 5.30; mess, 6; tattoo, 9.30; quarters, 10.30; taps, 11; check roll call, 11.15.

The Troop re-enlisted to-day in the Federal service and by 11 o'clock this duty was completed.

**LITTLE GIRL DIES**

Funeral services will be held on Saturday, at 1 o'clock, for Clara Estella Eve Musser, the small daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Musser, of 461 Herr street, who died at her home this morning. She is survived by her parents and two brothers, Harry and Robert Musser. The Rev. H. A. Hanson will have charge of the services. Burial will be made in Paxtang Cemetery.

## GREECE ACCEPTS ALLIES' DEMANDS UNDER PRESSURE

Cabinet Resigns When Blow Falls; All Troops Ordered Under Arms

RUSSIANS ARE REPULSED

Berlin Claims to Have Beaten Them Back; Gain Trenches at Verdun

Athens, June 21. — Under heavy pressure from the entente powers Greece has accepted without reserve the demands presented to-day in a joint note by Great Britain, France and Russia. At the most critical moment Greece was without a government. Premier Skouloudis late to-day announced to the Chamber of Deputies the resignation of himself and his associates in the cabinet and the failure for the present to obtain successors to them.

M. Skouloudis refused to receive the communications from the entente powers on the ground that no Greek cabinet existed as the note was deposited at the Foreign Office while he was on his way back from the residence of the King where he presented the resignation of the ministry. On this account, he explained, he could not discuss the demands.

Before it became known that Greece had decided to yield it was said in government circles that it would be an impossibility to accede to the demands. Agamemnon Schliemann, former Greek minister at Washington and now a member of the chamber of deputies, on being asked what the government intended to do, replied: "How can we voluntarily renounce the sovereignty of our country?"

**Troops Under Arms**

The action of the entente powers came on one of the hottest days of many years in Greece. The palace was darkened, the King was at Chateau Tatoy, shops were closed and the ministries were deserted when the blow fell. The people were unaware what had occurred until well on toward evening, when newspapers and handbills made known the text of the demands.

Meanwhile King Constantine returned hastily to Athens. All the troops in the city were ordered under arms. The deputies were summoned to the chamber, where Premier Skouloudis announced that he had resigned. The chamber adjourned immediately, cheering the retiring ministers as they left the building.

**RUSSIANS REPULSED**

Berlin, June 22, via London. — The repulse of heavy attacks by the Russians against General Count Von Bothner's forces north of Przewoloka was announced to-day by the War Office. The Russians were pushed further back on both sides of the Turia river, an affluent of the Pripet and further to the south, according to the statement, and attacks on the Teutonic lines in the region to the west of Kolki and northwest of Lutsk were unsuccessful.

**GERMANS GAIN TRENCHES**

Paris, June 22. — After violent attacks lasting all night the Germans captured front line trenches between Fumin wood and Chenois, in the Verdun sector, according to an official statement issued to-day by the War Office.

The Germans attacked in force on both banks of the Meuse after the usual heavy bombardment. An attack on the south slope of Dead Man Hill was checked by grenade detachments, according to the official statement.

On the right bank of the river there were violent engagements west and south of Fort Vaux during which the Germans gained a footing in a corner of Fumin wood, but were immediately expelled. Later they returned to the attack when some trenches were captured. A German grenade assault north of Hill 321 was stopped by the French fire.

## *Uprising in Turkey; Rebels Capture Mecca and Many Prisoners*

*By Associated Press*

London, June 22. — Reports have been received here that a serious uprising against the Turks is in progress in Arabia and that the rebels have captured the holy city Mecca.

The London newspapers declare that the rebellion is certain to have an important bearing on the war, especially as regards the participation of Turkey.

A Reuter dispatch from Cairo says the rebels, in addition to taking Mecca have captured Jiddah, the chief seaport of Arabia, and Taif, 65 miles southeast of Mecca, and have proclaimed independence of the Arabs from Ottoman rule.

According to this dispatch the Grand Sheriff of Mecca, the chief magistrate of the Holy City, proclaimed his independence and was supported by the Arab tribes of the west and central parts of the country. He began operations about June 9 and won signal success. It is said the garrisons of Mecca, Jiddah and Taif, surrendered, with the exception of two small forts at Taif which are still resisting. At Jiddah 45 officers, 1400 men and six guns were captured. Medina, 248 miles northwest of Mecca, which contains the tomb of Mohammed is closely besieged and all communications to Hejas are in the hands of the grand sheriff.

## *German Submarine Takes Letter to King Alfonso*

Madrid, via Paris, June 22. — A German submarine arrived to-day at Cartagena. The officers disembarked and left for Madrid with a confidential letter for King Alfonso.

The arrival of the German submarine U35 at Cartagena was officially confirmed. The submarine is anchored alongside the Spanish cruiser Cataluna. The secretary of the German embassy at Madrid has left for Cartagena to receive an autograph letter from the German Emperor to King Alfonso supposed to be thanks for a reception given interned Germans from Kamerun.

## Legal Notices

**EXECUTRIX NOTICE**

LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the Estate of Richard C. Miller, late of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pa., deceased, having been granted to Sarah P. Miller, residing at No. 1939 Green Stret in said City, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

SARAH P. MILLER, Executrix.

A. E. BRANDT, Attorney, 222 Market Street.

**HURT IN FALL FROM CAR**

Elmer Strohm, 23 years of age, motorman for the Harrisburg Railways Company, slipped from the top of a car this morning and dislocated his right arm. He was working on the car at the barn, Cameron and Herr streets.

**for a fine complexion**

you must do something more than use cosmetics. You must keep the blood pure, the liver and kidneys active and the bowels regular. You must also correct the digestive ills that cause muddy skin and dull eyes.

**Beecham's Pills**

offer you the needed help. They are mild in action, but quickly strengthen the stomach, gently stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. They put the body in good condition so the organs work as nature intended. Backed by sixty years of usefulness, Beecham's Pills

**are worth considering**

Directions of Special Value to Women with every box. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

## Legal Notices

To the Stockholders of the Harrisburg Foundry & Machine Works:

YOU are hereby notified that the Board of Directors of said Company has by a resolution called a meeting of the stockholders to convene at the general office of the Company, Seventh and Curtin Streets, in Harrisburg, Pa., on the 18th day of July, 1916, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., to take action on the approval or disapproval of a proposed increase of the indebtedness of the Company from $300,000 to $600,000.

B. E. TAYLOR, Secretary.

In the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Pennsylvania — No. 146, October Term, 1912 — A. B. Greenshields et al. vs. Union Telephone Company of Erie, et al.

THE undersigned Receiver of the Union Telephone Company of Erie, Pennsylvania, in accordance with the order of the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, hereby gives notice that he has filed his account as Receiver of the Union Telephone Company of Erie, in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, at Scranton, Pennsylvania, and that the said account will be confirmed and the Receiver discharged on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1916, unless exceptions are filed to the said account in the meantime.

THEODORE A. LAMB, Receiver of the Union Telephone Company of Erie.

In the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Pennsylvania — In Bankruptcy, No. 3187 — In the Matter of Harry L. Finklestine, Bankrupt.

**PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE**

THE undersigned Trustee will expose at public sale, in front of the Court House, Harrisburg, Pa., on FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1916, at 2 O'CLOCK P. M., the following described real estate:

All that certain lot or piece of land, situate in the Sixth Ward, of the City of Harrisburg, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the eastern side of North Second Street 20 5-10 feet north of the northeast corner of Second Street and Dauphin Avenue; thence eastwardly along the side of property, now or late, of Wilson R. Blough, and through the center of a brick partition wall between this and the adjoining house 87 feet, more or less, to the western side of a 3 feet wide private alley; thence northwardly along the western side of said 3 feet wide private alley 21 feet, more or less, to a point at land, now or late, of Lawrence A. Faunce; thence westwardly along the side of last mentioned property, being through the center of an 8 foot space between this and the adjoining house 87 feet, more or less, to the eastern side of North Second Street; thence southwardly along the eastern side of said Second Street 21 feet to line of property, now or late, of W. R. Blough, the place of beginning. Having thereon erected a three-story yellow brick dwelling house, numbered 1823 North Second Street.

The above described real estate will be sold free and clear of all incumbrances.

TERMS—10 per cent. on day of sale, and balance thereof on confirmation by the Court.

JOB J. CONKLIN, Trustee.

Estate of E. R. Heisey, late of the City of Harrisburg, Pa., deceased.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to

GEORGE R. HEISEY, Administrator, Telegraph Building, Harrisburg, Pa.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County — No. 309, January Term, 1916 — In Divorce — Caroline S. Nye vs. Robert J. Nye.

To Robert J. Nye:

YOU are hereby notified that the above-stated action in divorce in which you are respondent will be heard by the above-named Court at the Courthouse, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, on Monday, June 26, 1916, at ten (10) o'clock A. M., at which place and time you may appear in person or by counsel and make defense thereto if you see proper so to do.

F. J. SCHAFFNER, Attorney for the above libellant. June 15, 1916.

Estate of Ann Eliza Swab, late of Elizabethville Borough, Dauphin Co., Pa., deceased.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned, residing at West Fairview, Pa.

I. W. MATTER, Administrator.

GEORGE R. HEISEY, Attorney, Telegraph Building, Harrisburg, Pa.

PROPOSALS FOR REBUILDING BRIDGE, OFFICE OF THE STATE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS, STATE CAPITOL BUILDING, HARRISBURG, PA.

Sealed Proposals will be received by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings at his office in the Capitol Building, Harrisburg, Pa., until 2 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, July 11, 1916, for furnishing all labor and materials to rebuild bridge across the North Branch of the Susquehanna River at Athens, Bradford County, Pa., as called for in the plans and specifications as prepared by David A. Keefe, Consulting Engineer for the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Plans, specifications and bidding blanks will be furnished to prospective bidders by applying to the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, Capitol Building, Harrisburg, Pa.

SAMUEL B. RAMBO, Superintendent.