

CRONIN'S CASE IS NOT DETERMINED

Philadelphian Was Suspended Fortnight Ago According to Reports

Reports that John C. Cronin, of Philadelphia, long prominent in labor matters in Philadelphia, had been dismissed or asked to resign as a member of the State Industrial Board could not be confirmed here to-day, but it was admitted at the office of the Governor that Cronin's case was being considered.

For some time there have been rumors that the State authorities were dissatisfied with the manner in which Cronin was handling work assigned to him, especially on standards and some two weeks ago he was placed in what amounts to a state of suspension as far as connection with the State government is concerned. Yesterday he was given a hearing on the matter by the Governor, but no one present would discuss it then or to-day. Inquiries regarding the matter were met with the statement that there was nothing to say at present and inquirers were referred to Mr. Cronin.

Governor Brumbaugh was accompanied to Harrisburg to-day by Secretary William H. Ball. Before leaving, the Governor received the latest information from Pittsburgh regarding the trial of Cronin.

Commissioner Foust and other Blair countyans will attend the golden wedding anniversary of William H. Schwartz, in Harrisburg to-day, to-morrow afternoon at Apenona.

The State Forestry Commission held its monthly meeting to-day at the Capitol.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. M. Vandling and Major A. G. Rutherford, prominent Scranton Guardsmen, were at the Capitol to-day.

Eighteen milk and cream prosecutions were ordered by the Dairy and Food Bureau of the Department of Agriculture yesterday in Erie, Lehigh, Schuylkill and Luzerne counties. In Philadelphia six prosecutions were made for the sale of maraschino cherries containing sulphur dioxide and one prosecution was ordered for the sale of an adulterated tomato conserve.

GOVERNOR WILL MAKE ADDRESS

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mediation and will let employers know pretty clearly that they need not expect the protecting arm of the Commonwealth for strike breaking purposes if they do not accept the joint efforts of the National and State departments of labor for arbitration of the differences. These efforts of mediation have benefited the way most from the hour of the riot at Braddock.

When Governor Brumbaugh's attention was called to-day to an impression which has been created by the fact that the policies of the late Highway Commissioner Cunningham were to be overturned in the interest of the present, he replied: "The State has declared with emphasis: 'You may say for me that the policy of Mr. Cunningham in the keeping of his department out of active politics will be strictly adhered to. Under no circumstances will his department or any department of the State government be permitted to become embroiled in any political maneuvering.'

There have been rumors ever since the death of the late Highway Commissioner that his department, whose activities extend to every part of the State, would be involved in the factional disturbance, as men identified with the Brumbaugh campaign had intimated that the department was not giving them any help. This statement of the Governor is believed to indicate his intention to prevent any upsetting of the State government for political purposes.

MILITIAMEN TO SLEEP ON COTS

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on duty at the plants. There was no semblance of disorder.

Westinghouse President Refuses to Confer With Committee of Strikers

By Associated Press
Pittsburgh, Pa., May 5.—Settlement of the strike of 13,000 employees of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company was halted to-day when E. M. Herr, president of the company sent a note to the meeting of the strikers saying that the names submitted to him as members of a committee to confer with him were not satisfactory.

As a counter proposition he suggested that he submit to the strikers names of 200 old employees and they submit an equal number to him, he to select five from their list and they to select five from his list, the ten to discuss terms of settlement with him.

U. S. Steel opened with 4,000 shares at 8 1/2 to \$1 against yesterday's close of 8 1/2 and Marine pfd's. Initial sale comprised a block of 3,800 shares at \$2 to \$3, a maximum decline of 6 points. Railroads were relatively steady, declines in the division ranging from fractions to 1/2. Supporting orders brought rallies of 1 to 4 points in the first fifteen minutes, but the market's undertone continued feverishly active.

Governor's Troop Is Quartered in New Structure

Pittsburgh, Pa., May 5.—The Governor's Troop, of Harrisburg, under the command of Captain George C. Jack, is quartered in a new four-story building of the Westinghouse Machine Company, East Pittsburgh.

They sleep on the fourth floor and the horses are kept in stalls on the lower floors. All the militiamen are quartered in the same building.

Captain Jack reported that the members of the Troop were all well and have plenty to eat and excellent sleeping quarters.

Believes That Note Marks Return to "Cruiser Warfare"

By Associated Press
New York, May 5.—Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador left for Washington to-day on a 10 o'clock train after having received by wireless a new four-story building of the Westinghouse Machine Company, East Pittsburgh.

They sleep on the fourth floor and the horses are kept in stalls on the lower floors. All the militiamen are quartered in the same building.

Captain Jack reported that the members of the Troop were all well and have plenty to eat and excellent sleeping quarters.

C. E. CHORAL UNION'S SPRING FESTIVAL IS A BIG SUCCESS

Hundreds of music-loving people thronged the large auditorium of the Central High School to its capacity at the seventh May Music Festival last evening to hear the high class music which was rendered by the Harrisburg Christian Endeavor Choral Union. Christian Endeavor music enthusiasm was stirred at the great World's C. E. convention held in Chicago, July 1915, when the anthems were sung from the book, "The Convention Choralists." That music was repeated with the greatest success by the Harrisburg C. E. Choral Union, comprised of the very best local talent available.



PROF. FRANK MCCARRELL

The Choral Union under the direction of Prof. Frank A. McCarrell, chorister, did most excellent work. Miss Catherine Heikes, pianist, played with great effect. The large orchestra was composed of the following:

Violins—T. B. Dimm, Harry Weirick, James C. Fitzpatrick, William Wanbach, H. P. Williamson, Ira M. Ryder, Paul Selsam, Chas. A. Fortna, Gordon Hinkle.

Viola—Claude Engel.

Cello—W. J. Dunlap.

Bass—W. P. Brandt.

Flute—Harry Phelps.



MISS CATHERINE HEIKES

Cornet—First, H. D. Sollenberger; Second, W. D. Reed.
Clarinet—John Derr and Edwin K. Rudy.
Trombone—Charles Stouffer.
Horn—Walter Manley.
Oboe—W. Orsin.
Bassoon—Edward Helges.

Quartet at Its Best
The quartet including Mrs. Roy G. Cox, soprano, Mrs. H. L. Hertzler, contralto; Thompson Martin, tenor; and George Sutton, bass, were at their best and rendered high class music with much appreciation by the audience.

The Rev. Joseph Daugherty, pastor of the Sixth Street U. B. church, offered prayer.

A. C. Dean, president of the Harrisburg C. E. Union, presided and made a few remarks of welcome.

The Choral Union with nearly 200 members made a great showing and the festival was held preliminary to the great State C. E. convention to be held in this city in July. Forty-seven C. E. societies, eight denominations among the chorus and the orchestra from seventeen churches was the representation last evening.

Tells of Convention
After a few remarks by J. Frank



THOMPSON MARTIN

Palmer, president of the Rev. E. E. Curtis, general chairman of the convention committee, spoke on the coming State convention. He said: "The State C. E. convention will meet in the Chestnut street hall, this city, in July. That will not be a political convention but a C. E. gathering. No political convention would dare meet in this city at that time. That is the time for C. E. workers to meet. The session will be held in the Chestnut street hall, Reformed Salem, Market Square Presbyterian and a number of other churches. Nine denominations are interested in the convention work. Three thousand delegates are expected to be in attendance. Many denominational rallies will be held on next Thursday evening when programs boosting the convention will be rendered. The pastors of the city churches will be urged to preach special sermons on the convention some time in June."

The ushers who served last evening were Messrs. Charles S. Ulrich, Ross H. Derrick, Millard Hess, John E. McCullough, Harry S. Fressler, E. W. Stout, Lewis Kraybill, George E. Troup and Mr. Swartzell.

HARRISBURG CHORAL SOCIETY'S ANNUAL SPRING FESTIVAL PLANS RAPIDLY NEARING COMPLETION

"Atonement" Coiridge-Taylor's famous oratorio, sung by the several hundred voices which compose Harrisburg's Choral Society, with accompaniment by the Philadelphia Orchestra, will be the feature of the city's annual Spring music festival, to be held in the Orpheum Theater, Friday, May 12.

Dr. J. Fred Wolfe, of Bethlehem Bach festival fame, will conduct the choral society work again. He has filled that position splendidly for the last few years in addition to the Philadelphia Orchestra the society will be assisted by Mrs. Mary Ebray Hotz, Philadelphia, soprano; Earle Walde Marshall, Milan, Italy, tenor, and Henry Hotz, Philadelphia, bass. Mrs. Wilbur F. Harris, soprano; Mrs. Roy G. Cox, soprano; Miss Belle Middaugh, alto; Miss Catherine Heikes, soprano, and Miss Mary R. Turner, soprano, all of this city, will assist the out-of-town soloists.

With the choral society will hold forth in the evening, the usual orchestral treat is promised for the afternoon, when the Philadelphia Orchestra, under the leadership of Leopold Stokowski, will present a program. The concert will begin at 3 o'clock and the program will include the following: Brahms' symphony No. 2 in D major; Wieniawski's concerto in D minor, op. 73, for violin and orchestra, and Wagner's overture, "Rienzi." With the orchestra will be Thaddeus Rich, violinist and concertmaster.

Dr. Wolfe is more than ordinarily enthusiastic this Spring at the splendid work of the society. The chorus includes about 200 of the best voices of the city. In addition to the active list there is an honorary list of about 150 of Harrisburg's music-lovers and public-spirited citizens.

A. B. Hambricht, Mrs. E. J. Hardy, Mrs. Wilbur F. Harris, Mrs. Carl Heefner, Miss Catharine N. Hetcher, Miss Gertrude M. Hoffman, Miss Edna R. Hoover, Mrs. F. B. Kann, Mrs. W. A. Keister, Miss C. Romaine King, Mrs. Frank A. Lehman, Miss Annie Stacy Long, Miss Leah F. Lush, Mrs. George Maddux, Miss Sylvia Mathias, Mrs. Emily E. Miller, Mrs. H. W. Miller, Miss Matilda Moeller, Miss Frances Moyer, Mrs. B. F. McClellan, Miss Helen L. McFarland, Miss Anna E. Nauss, Miss Elsie M. Nixon, Miss F. Ruth Parhamore, Mrs. H. G. Pedlow, Mrs. J. E. Preston, Miss Elizabeth K. Pretz, Mrs. E. Walford Quigley, Mrs. J. S. Reel, Mrs. D. S. Seitz, Mrs. Frank V. Sellers, Mrs. E. O. Shaffner, Miss Kathryn Silver, Miss Della M. Simonetti, Mrs. Frank L. Snively, Mrs. C. G. Smith, Mrs. J. Harry Steele, Miss Olivia Stengle, Mrs. Hugh C. Stuart, Miss Mary R. Turner, Miss Ruth M. Walzer, Miss Carrie E. Wheeler, Mrs. C. D. Whitney, Miss Gertrude M. Wismann, Miss Mary E. Whitcomb, Miss Ella S. Yost, Miss Mary C. Zimmerman, Mrs. Homer Black.

Tickets Going Fast
The members of the society have been very successful in the sale of tickets, some having sold their entire quota the first day and were compelled to secure an additional allotment to supply the demands of their friends. All indications point to the largest attendance at both concerts in the history of the society.

The following is a list of the members:

Members of the Chorus
Sopranos—Miss Cora Adams, Mrs. William Aungst, Mrs. W. E. Bachman, Miss Elizabeth S. Baker, Miss Catharine Baisley, Mrs. R. C. Batley, Mrs. Elizabeth L. Beck, Miss Ruth Benner, Miss Helen M. Bennethum, Mrs. John Bethel, Miss Mary J. Bingham, Mrs. Charles Black, Mrs. Ada Culp, Gowman, Miss Elsie S. Clendenen, Mrs. C. Cornelius, Mrs. Roy G. Cox, Miss Margaret Crane, Mrs. F. A. Cushman, Miss Jennie E. Dase, Miss Grace Deal, Mrs. Wm. H. Deal, Mrs. E. J. Decevee, Mrs. B. F. Dericke, Mrs. Douglas E. Dismukes, Miss Hannah Clapp Durbin, Mrs. Frank Eby, Miss Blanche Fleisher, Miss Marguerite E. Freed, Mrs. Farley, Gannett, Miss Mildred A. Garman, Miss Frances B. Gelwick, Miss Bertha Gingham, Mrs.

FIRST APPEAL IN ELECTION CASES

Logue Congressional Controversy to Be Carried to Supreme Court Tomorrow

The first appeal to be taken to the Supreme Court from the decision of the Dauphin County Court in a contest of a nominating petition was filed to-day on behalf of H. A. Yost, of Philadelphia, who objected to the Democratic nominating petition of J. Washington Logue, of Philadelphia, candidate in the Sixth congressional district. The Dauphin County Court overruled objections to the affidavits. Application was made for a special order which will permit the case to be transferred from the middle district to the eastern district so that the case may be argued in Philadelphia to-morrow or Monday. The time for printing the ballots expires early next week.

William J. Brady and Richard T. McSorley, of Philadelphia, and John F. Weiss, of Harrisburg, are the counsel for the objector.

Congressman John M. Morin, of Pittsburgh, amended his Democratic nominating petition in the 21st congressional district, and John Lauter, of Pittsburgh, amended a similar paper in the 3rd Allegheny district in accordance with the permission of the court yesterday. John P. Cronin, of Allegheny, and William J. Yost, of 11th Allegheny, failed to amend and their names will not appear on the Democratic ballot.

During the hearing in the Dauphin County Court yesterday afternoon of the objections to the Democratic senatorial petition of the Rev. Dr. William N. Yates, the prospective candidate announced through counsel that he meant to withdraw his petition. This decision was reached after it was discovered that Mr. Yates lacked a number of the necessary signers legally qualified to affix their signatures. By withdrawing from the Democratic race, the minister now remains as the Washington candidate only.

FOUR MORE IRISH REBELS KILLED

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ward Carson to defend him, but it is unlikely that Carson will accept. According to good authority, Casement, who for some time after his capture was kept in a prison with a nervous breakdown, now has completely recovered his health.

Execution of Leaders Took Place in Dublin Castle

By Associated Press
London, May 5.—The execution of Patrick H. Pearse, Thomas MacDonagh and Thomas J. Clark, leaders of the rebellion, took place in Dublin Castle, according to dispatches from Belfast. James Connolly, another wounded cannot yet be placed on trial.

The other three signatories to the proclamation of the Irish republic, Sean MacDiarmad, Eamonn Ceannt and Joseph Plunkett, fell during the fighting.

Nationalists Will Ask For Disarmament of Ireland

By Associated Press
London, May 5.—The Irish Nationalist members of the House of Commons will ask the government to secure the complete disarmament of Ireland. The Nationalist volunteers are willing to hand in their arms if the measure is made general. That the situation in Ireland is still serious is shown by a German submarine which was captured in the Irish sea this morning's papers in which he writes:

"Martial law should not be too quickly withdrawn from Dublin, because the danger which has been much greater than the government will admit is by no means past. Many armed rebels still are at large in Dublin and the danger of another uprising can only be averted by the most strict measures. This is not the time for amnesties or pardons. It is a time for swift, stern punishment."

U-Boat Fired Twenty-two Shells Into Italian Ship

By Associated Press
New York, May 5.—Details of the sinking of the Italian steamship Josef Aegist Forberger, formerly an Australian vessel, by a German submarine on April 23, when 150 miles off Land's End, England, and the rescue of the crew from open boats by the Norwegian steamer Pythia, were related by officers of the Pythia on the latter's arrival here to-day from London.

The Josef Aegist, according to the Pythia's officers, was first sighted about two miles ahead and at about the same time a submarine was seen. A torpedo was fired but missed the Italian ship and the crew then took to the boats. The submarine then fired 22 shells into the steamer before she went down. The Pythia rescued the men, 32 in all, and putting back, went as near as she could with safety to the English coast, signalled to shore and the crew were landed in fishing boats. The captain of the Josef Aegist the last man to leave his ship, went insane and was taken ashore under guard to prevent him from committing suicide.

MOOSE PREPARE FOR CONVENTION

Chicago Is Showing Activity as Advance Guard Arrives

Chicago, Ill., May 5.—With the arrival in Chicago of Oscar King Davis, secretary of the Progressive national committee, and the opening of the Moose national headquarters, local party chiefs began to-day preparing in earnest for the coming of the Republican and Progressive national conventions on June 7.

The Progressive headquarters will be located in the Auditorium Hotel. Following quickly after the Progressive start, W. F. Stone, sergeant-at-arms of the Republican national committee, has telegraphed that he will be here Sunday. His arrival will be followed closely by the opening of G. O. P. national committee headquarters in Chicago, which will be in charge of James B. Reynolds, secretary of the national committee.

A round-up of the local hotels shows that the managers have been busy since Chicago was chosen for the convention. All rooms in all hotels in the downtown district have been taken for the convention week, the second in June.

DELAY, EVASION AND SUSPICION HAS MARKED ALL DIPLOMATIC EXCHANGES DURING LAST YEAR

By Associated Press
Washington, May 5.—Germany's diplomatic correspondence with the United States on the submarine issue has extended for nearly a year and has been characterized by delay, evasion and even suspicions of insincerity which more than once have brought the two countries to a pass where the long expected break seemed unavoidable. All along President Wilson has spoken primarily for the inalienable rights of Americans and generally for the rights of neutrals. Germany has been restrained by a powerful sentiment aroused against curtailing the effectiveness of her best weapon against her enemies, and President Wilson has been embarrassed first by dissension in the cabinet and later in Congress and by pro-German propaganda conducted throughout the United States.

Lusitania Started Trouble
Submarine warfare did not actually enter the realm of diplomacy until after the destruction of the Lusitania. The accumulation of cases affecting Americans was taken up in the first note to Germany which was dispatched May 15, 1915. It characterized the attacks on the Falaba, Cushing, Gullflight and Lusitania, as a series of events, which the United States has observed with growing concern, distrust and amazement. It pointed to Germany's "hitherto expressed 'humane and enlightened attitude' in matters of international right and expressed the hope that submarine warfare would be confined to peaceful ships without warning were in such practices operating without the sanction of their government. The note closed with these words:

First Note Unsatisfactory
On May 28, 1915, Germany replied with a note which covered a wide range of argument and was in every respect unsatisfactory.

While the American reply to it was being framed, dissension in the cabinet resulted in the resignation of Secretary Bryan.

Meanwhile, several sensational incidents cropped up in connection with the negotiations, chief of which was the sending of a message to the Berlin Foreign Office by Dr. Bernstorff, the Austrian ambassador later recalled at the request of President Wilson, which was represented as stating substantially that Mr. Bryan had informed the ambassador that the vigorous tone of the American notes should not be regarded in Berlin as too warlike.

Secretary Lansing took office as Mr. Bryan's successor and his reply to the German note took issue with every contention Germany had set up in the Falaba and Lusitania cases.

To that note, Germany did not reply until July 8 and the German rejoinder came no nearer to meeting the American contentions than did the former German note. In fact it discussed almost everything else, including the Declaration of London, the British blockade of Germany, the sowing of the seeds of neutral passenger steamers for traffic between the United States and Europe.

To that note, the United States replied on July 21 that the German rejoinder was "very unsatisfactory" because it failed to meet the real differences between the two governments."

Meanwhile the Arabic was sunk on August 19. On September 1 came the first rift in the threatening situation. Count Von Bernstorff presented this written assurance to Secretary Lansing:

Gave Assurances
"Liners will not be sunk by our submarines without warning and without safety of noncombatants, provided that the liners do not try to escape or offer resistance."

More hopefulness was added to the situation when on October 5, the Arabic case was disposed of by Germany disavowing the sinking of a new submarine policy of sinking without warning all armed merchant ships. That precipitated a new situation so vitally interwoven with the whole structure of the Lusitania case that

This Is The Birthday Anniversary of—



HOWARD C. FRY, Coal Dealer, Retarian and Squire of Paxtang. The Telegraph wishes him many happy returns.

SEVER RELATIONS WITH GERMANY

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and having told Germany that it cannot discuss with her its negotiations with Great Britain, has not consented to break diplomatic relations with Germany.

While the general tone of the German note created an unfavorable impression, officials took the position that the language was immaterial if the guarantees were real.

Germany's declaration that she has issued new orders to submarine commanders not to attack without warning "merchant vessels recognized by international law" was considered a chief point. The German view of merchant vessels as defined in its declaration of February 8 of its purpose to sink armed ships without warning and the American view as defined in the armed ship memorandum made public recently differ in several points.

Some officials believe that for this reason the controversy had now come to the point where Germany's future action would determine the course of the United States.

The refusal of the German government to openly admit the attack on the Sussex was considered only incidental to the main issue.

Until President Wilson himself decides whether the German note is acceptable, there will be no announcement of the attitude of the government.

Brazil Warns Germany It Will Defend Its Rights

Rio Janeiro, May 5.—The Brazilian government has notified the German legation that it has ordered an urgent inquiry into the sinking of the Brazilian steamship Rio Branco, in order to be able to act with certainty for the defense of its neutral rights.

Official telegrams received here announce that the Rio Branco was torpedoed on the 19th of April and was rescued and unharmed by the Brazilian government.

HELD FOR ASSAULT

John A. Welsh, 657 Briggs street, employed as a Postal Telegraph messenger was sent to jail this afternoon in default of \$300 bail. He was charged with assault and battery on his niece, Bessie Gundrum. The case was heard at the police station by Alderman George Herbert.

FINED FOR SPEEDING

E. W. Sullings, 1015 North Front street, was fined \$5 this afternoon by Alderman George D. Herbert. He was charged with speeding on Mulberry street bridge.

Mrs. Sullivan Declares There Is Not Slightest Basis For Charge Against Husband

By Associated Press
London, May 5.—Mrs. James M. Sullivan, of New York, widow of the former American minister to the Dominican Republic, who was arrested in Dublin on Sunday on the charge of complicity in the Irish rebellion, reported to the American press here to-day that there was not the slightest basis for the charge against her husband.

Stock Transfer Ledger

The Pennsylvania Stock Transfer Tax Law (act of June 4, 1915) which is now in effect, requires all corporations in the State, no matter how large or how small they may be, to keep a Stock Transfer Ledger. We are prepared to supply these Ledgers promptly at a very nominal price.

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HARRISBURG - PA.

Wall Street's Grave View of Note Is Reflected in Demoralized Tone of Market

New York, May 5.—Wall Street's grave view of the note which was issued by the government in response to the call of the War Department for 100,000,000 additional bonds, is reflected in the demoralized tone of the market.

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