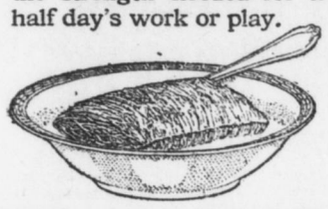
A Dollar-Meal For Five Cents. The most expensive foods are quite often entirely lacking in food value. They do not build muscle or supply energy. Measured by the cost of most foods, a breakfast or luncheon of Shredded Wheat with milk and cream is worth a dollar—and the cost is not over five cents. Two Biscuits will supply all the strength needed for a half day's work or play.



Made at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

MUHLENBERG BREWERY NEAR READING DESTROYED BY FIRE

Special to the Telegraph

Reading, Pa., March 13.—Fire destroyed the plant of the Muhlenberg Brewery, in Muhlenberg township, near the city line last night. The loss is estimated at $75,000. The fire started in the boilerhouse and spread rapidly, the entire plant being in flames inside of three minutes after its discovery.

Realizing their inability to cope with the situation, help was asked of the Reading fire department. Chief Nietheimer, dispatched five companies to the scene. Owing to the inadequate water supply, the firemen were greatly hindered.

RAID CIGAR STORES

York, Pa., March 13.—Detectives from the office of District Attorney Gross raided a dozen cigar stores and poolrooms last night and confiscated a score of slot machines. The machines had been put in operation several hours before in defiance of the district attorney. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of a dozen merchants.

ITCHING BURNING BLISTERS ON FACE

And Neck Intolerable. Was Terribly Disfigured. Scalp Affected. Hair Came Out in Handfuls.

HEALED BY CUTICURA SOAP AND OINTMENT

"My son suffered from a heated and inflamed condition of the skin on his face and neck. The trouble was aggravated by exposure and it took the form of small blisters. The intolerable itching and burning aggravated the trouble and terribly disfigured his face and neck. His scalp became affected and his hair came out in handfuls leaving parts of his scalp bare.

"I took him to a specialist who pronounced it eczema and recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment. He was healed with one box of Ointment and four cakes of Soap." (Signed) Mrs. Nellie Marlin, 20 Rice Ave., Midland, Pa., Sept. 11, '15.

Sample Each Free by Mail

With 32-p. Skin Book on request. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston." Sold throughout the world.

FEEBLE OLD PEOPLE

Are Told How to Regain Strength and Vigor

Mrs. James A. Smith, of Oakland, Cal., says: "My husband, now eighty-two years of age, is a retired Veteran of the Navy, and he has been strengthened and benefited a great deal by Vinol. My long experience with first class physicians and nurses enables me to discriminate in medicines, and I must say Vinol has proved its wonderful qualities to relieve and strengthen the whole system under very trying circumstances. When the blood is thin and needs strengthening, and to build up a depleted system, nothing equals Vinol."

Nothing equals Vinol to strengthen old people because the tonic iron, the medicinal properties of fresh cods' livers, beef peptone and mild native wine which it contains are the very elements needed to rebuild wasting tissue and create strength.

We ask every feeble, aged person in Harrisburg to try a bottle of Vinol, with the understanding that we will return their money if it fails.

George A. Gorgas, Druggist; Kennedy's Medicine Store, 321 Market street; C. F. Kramer, Third and Broad streets; Kitzmiller's Pharmacy, 1325 Derry street, Harrisburg, Pa.

P. S.—In your own town, wherever you live, there is a Vinol Drug Store. Look for the sign.—Advertisement.

BRUMBAUGH OUT FOR PRESIDENCY

Announces in Letter to Wasson His Name May Be Used in May Primaries

Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh last night made public letters passing between himself and Henry G. Wasson, of Pittsburgh, Republican national committeeman from Pennsylvania at present, announcing that the Governor would permit the use of his name at the Republican presidential preference primary.

Mr. Wasson wrote in February, urging the Governor to announce himself and take the leadership in the State. The Governor consents, but emphasizes that he does so more with the idea of reuniting the Republican party in Pennsylvania than anything else and states that if at any time any candidate from a sister State develops strength he will urge his friends to support him.

The Governor's reply to Mr. Wasson was as follows:

Governor Replies to Wasson

Governor Brumbaugh's reply to Mr. Wasson was:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Executive Chamber.

Harrisburg, March 9, 1916.

Henry G. Wasson, Pennsylvania member, Republican National Committee, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Dear Mr. Wasson—I have carefully considered your letter to me under date of February 17 and am impressed with the situation you therein set forth. I agree with you that the matter of moment in this crisis year of the Republican party and of the nation is the selection of proper candidates for the national offices and the issuance of a platform whose planks shall be a clear, concise and adequate statement of the vital needs of the people.

The present State Administration has done its utmost to establish social justice and to place the affairs of the Commonwealth upon a humane, equitable and business basis. Much remains yet to be done and our people are keenly sensible of our needs and of our opportunities. All this, if wisely considered, will tend to such unity of thought and concert of action by all the Republican forces of the Commonwealth as to presage a reunited party and a Republican victory in November. We can never accomplish this under any factional leadership. Those who are held responsible for the disaster of 1912 cannot, I am assured by many, bring together the broken forces of the party and lead it to decisive victory.

The paramount desire of my heart is to bring about a union of all the Republicans of Pennsylvania and present at the Chicago convention a solid delegation of capable, representative Republicans willing and free to cooperate fully with the delegates of the other States in producing harmony and good will in the national councils of the party. There should be at Chicago only one opponent to combat, namely, the party now in power and under which, but for the accident of a frightful and deplorable war, would have our country's industries paralyzed and our people in dire distress. We can prosper only under an adequate protective tariff power, whose essential features will work justice to both labor and capital and a preparedness for peace and against war.

We cannot approach this national obligation with discordant elements in the party at home. For the unity of our party in the State and by means of that unity a reunited and triumphant party in the nation I shall stand steadily. Nothing else counts. No personal or factional ambitions should for a moment be tolerated. The Republican forces that demanded advanced legislation in the past, and failing to obtain it, led to our broken columns in 1912, must be met in the spirit of fraternity, fairness and justice. They rightly demand this. They justly are entitled to it. Without this we are defeated before the contest begins. As Lincoln, using a Bible utterance, declared, a house divided against itself must fall. The Republican house united is assuredly victorious.

As to my own part in this situation I must be clearly understood. I have no ambition for any office, and personally shall be content to continue to serve the people of Pennsylvania in the place they have so generously given me. If, however, it is manifest that my name in the preferential primary is necessary to bring about a united Republican party in the State, I would count it a duty to lay aside my personal preferences and accept an honorable service in behalf of the people of Pennsylvania, who manifestly are most anxious to have the State properly and unitedly represented at the Chicago convention. I shall do this reluctantly and only with the definite understanding that if at any time it becomes evident that some one else, from a sister State, holding the same advanced ideals of Republicanism that animates our people in Pennsylvania, has assurances of substantial support from a reunited party I shall gladly and promptly urge my friends to give such candidate their hearty support.

It is not important that any one candidate be steadfastly supported. It is absolutely vital that the divergent forces in the party get together upon an advanced program of unselfish service to reawakened Republicanism; and, laying aside all other considerations, join heartily in bringing to pass a decisive victory under the ablest leadership which the party in a nation-wide canvass may find best fitted to give to the American people the complete program of lofty service to which they are entitled, and for which the Republican party must pledge itself to make its record worthy of its splendid achievements to the nation since the days of Lincoln. Yours very truly,

M. G. BRUMBAUGH.

Stieff Player-Piano

used in Louis Mann's greatest success

"The Bubble"

This is just another acknowledgment of the wonderful possibilities of this most excellent Player-Piano. The word STIEFF stands for the best in materials, workmanship and piano service.

Stieff Piano Warerooms

24 N. Second St. Harrisburg, Pa.

CARRANZA SAYS INVASION WILL NOT BE TOLERATED UNLESS HIS DEMANDS IN NOTE ARE GRANTED

By Associated Press

Mexico City, March 12.—General Carranza to-night issued a manifesto to the nation declaring that under no circumstances would the Mexican government grant the right to the United States to violate Mexican territory by sending in an armed force in pursuit of Villa without consent and the reciprocal privilege being first obtained and admitted.

The manifesto follows:

"Because of the assault which Francisco Villa and the bandits who accompanied him made on the town of Columbus, in American territory, burning houses and killing some of the inhabitants, soldiers as well as civilians, the international situation in these moments is very delicate, as the North American press have excited their people against Mexico, and the government of that country has discussed the situation in the American Congress, members of which have advised intervention.

"The constitutional government which I have the honor to represent is also occupied diligently in an effort to solve this delicate situation, trying at all costs to maintain the dignity and sovereignty of Mexico, and we yet hope that this lamentable incident may be decorously arranged, and that there will be no reason for an international conflict.

Cites Precedents

"I have addressed the government of the United States through the foreign office, stating that the invasion of Villa has historical precedents, as in the years 1880 and 1886 two parties of Indians coming from the United States invaded Sonora and Chihuahua, committing crimes and depredations on the lives and properties of Mexicans.

"It was then agreed between the governments of the two countries to permit the respective passage of armed forces, resulting in the extermination of the Indians. I have asked the American government to pursue a like course in order to solve future difficulties, should they arise, noting that Villa and his companions are a group of bandits, whose acts the Mexican government or people would not be responsible for, and that his reproachable conduct is due to instigation of the reactionary element, that, lacking patriotism, and convinced of its defeat, is trying by all means to bring on armed intervention.

"I have not yet received the answer of the American government and from the reports of my friends along the frontier I learn that American forces are mobilizing to pursue and capture and deliver him to the Mexican authorities; that the expedition is in the nature of a punitive campaign and that the sovereignty of Mexico will be respected.

Invasion Would Be Outrage

"The constitutional government has given instructions to its confidential agent at Washington immediately to make representations that under no circumstances will any motive, be the reasons or explanations of the United States what they may, justify the armed invasion of Mexican territory without reciprocal rights being granted to the Mexicans, and that not for an instant will the invasion of Mexican territory or an outrage to its dignity be tolerated.

"I am sure that in this I interpret the national sentiment and that the Mexican people will worthily comply with their duty, be the sacrifices what they may, to sustain their rights and sovereignty. If, unfortunately, we are dragged into a war, which the United States never can justify, we will not be responsible for the disastrous consequences, but will serve as instruments for Mexican traitors within or without our country, who have labored long to produce this result, and upon their heads will fall the inexorable justice of the Mexican people."

DEMAND OF CARRANZA MAY BE ACCEPTED

[Continued From First Page.]

any change of General Funston's instructions to proceed with the pursuit of Villa in his own way and at such time as he thought best.

Not Addressed to U. S.

Army officials who studied the Carranza manifesto were convinced that it was not intended as a communication to the United States in any sense. The head of the defacto government, they pointed out, was in a delicate political position, forced to satisfy conflicting elements among his own adherents in whatever course he pursued. It was admitted, however, that if Carranza enforced the sentiments expressed in his manifesto the pursuit of Villa might be hampered seriously.

Senators Stone and Saulsbury of the Foreign Relations Committee, discussed the Mexican situation with President Wilson to-day and learned the President believes he can make a reciprocal arrangement for pursuit of bandits on either side of the boundary without the consent of the Senate.

The President has under consideration one proposal from a member of the cabinet that a zone forty miles wide be established along the boundary between Mexico and the United States in which authorities of both nations would have the right to pursue outlaws. Members of the Foreign Relations Committee have investigated the question of allowing Mexicans to cross into the United States to pursue bandits, and it was said to-day that no objection is likely in the Senate if the President makes a temporary arrangement with General Carranza. When a reply is sent to Carranza's suggestion a definite time limit for the agreement probably will be proposed.

U. S. Soldiers Are Not Ready to Enter Mexico in Search of Gen. Villa

San Antonio, Texas, March 13.—No movement of the expeditionary force that will search for Francisco Villa is probable to-day, Major-General Funston announced this morning.

The general said preparations for the expedition were going on despite General Carranza's notification to the Washington government that he would not consent to American troops entering Mexico unless Carranza troops were allowed to enter the United States.

It was officially announced that Brigadier-General John J. Pershing will command the expeditionary forces.

General Funston said he had received no notification from Washington to hold back the expedition while negotiations were being completed with General Carranza.

General Funston said that the announcement of the Expedition's actual start into Mexico probably would come from General Pershing to whom would be left the decision as to the exact hour for setting the movement afoot.

Shortage of rolling stock General Funston said was hindering the concentration of cavalry at the base of operations and this was one reason why a movement to-day was unlikely. The fault, he said, lay with the railroads west of El Paso.

"We have even had to transport men in boxcars," he declared. "If this had been merely an information expedition we could have been into Mexico on Villa's very heels, but this is largely a cavalry movement and that is why there has been delay."

Light was thrown on the size of the expeditionary force by the general who said:

"When this movement is completed there will be only six or eight regiment left in the United States other than those troops stationed along the border for patrol duty."

There will be no infantry or cavalry movements from Fort Sam Houston for the present, it was announced to-day. The first aero squadron went forward to ElPaso this morning.

18 POUNDS OF BLOOD

is the average quantity in a healthy adult, but it is the quality of the blood that determines our strength to resist sickness. With weak blood we find cold hands and chilly feet; in children an aversion to study, and in adults rheumatic tendencies.

In changing seasons get abundant fresh air and take a spoonful of Scott's Emulsion after meals, because Scott's Emulsion is a rich blood-food that will increase both quantity and quality of the blood while it warms the body and helps carry off the impurities.

When multitudes of people are today taking Scott's Emulsion to avert winter sickness, and are giving it to their children, it is careless to neglect its benefits. Look out for substitutes.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J. 15-26

Equipment For 10,000 Troops Sent From Phila.

Philadelphia, March 13.—Twenty carloads of clothing and equipment to supply the needs of 10,000 United States soldiers in a campaign in Mexico, were shipped late last night from the Schuylkill Arsenal here to the Mexican border. The exact destination of the shipment cannot be revealed by Col. George H. Vanrose, Vanrose, commandant of the arsenal.

A rush order for the material was received from Washington at noon Sunday and by 10 o'clock last night the cars had been loaded and left the arsenal yard in two trains. Employes of the arsenal were summoned from their homes to do the work of sorting and packing the goods. Each of the 10,000 units of clothing contained every kind of uniform apparel, from hats to shoes.

Presidio Headquarters Are Destroyed by Fire Soon After Cavalry Leaves

Monterey, Cal., March 13.—The headquarters of the Monterey presidio was destroyed by fire early to-day, about six hours after being vacated by troops of the First Cavalry, who left for the Mexican border. Firemen attempting to extinguish the flames found that the water supply had been shut off at the source.

The headquarters safe and the contents of the post office were saved; all other records were destroyed.

Major James G. Harboard, in charge of the post, refused to discuss the origin of the fire until he had made his own investigation.

Much weight was given by military authorities, it became known, to the fact that the fire started in the headquarters building.

AMERICANS WITHDRAWING

By Associated Press

New York, March 13.—All Americans, employes of the American Smelting and Refining company, have been withdrawn from Mexico, it was announced by the company to-day. Operations were resumed in these plants about six or eight weeks ago.

1,100 Troops Now Gathered at Columbus For Start of Expeditionary Force

By Associated Press

El Paso, Texas, March 13.—Daylight to-day revealed the beginning of the expeditionary force which the United States army is gathering along the border west of here for the pursuit of Francisco Villa. Six mountain guns, unloaded during the night, were in readiness at Columbus, N. M., the scene of Villa's raid, and the first armed camp to develop evidences that it has been selected as one of the starting points for a pursuit column. Fifty-seven carloads of battery mules and transport animals, also arrived during the night, give evidence that more guns were coming. Eleven hundred men were in the Columbus camp this morning.

Along 200 miles of the border west of here troop trains were reported passing various points during the night, the result of orders issued Friday by the War Department. What points except Columbus that might be used to assemble pursuit columns were not developed, but considerable activity was noted on the Arizona border near Nogales, and also in the vicinity of a small Mexican settlement called San Bernardino. In that region several troops of cavalry were reported in readiness for action. A column entering Mexico from one of these Arizona border points would have a fairly direct route to the mountain passes in Sonora, through which apprehension has been expressed that Villa might escape from the Chihuahua territory into which he has retreated.

Find Cannon on Hills

Nogales reported that a few cannon had been discovered in the Mexican hills facing the American boundary near there, but elsewhere along the line where the American troops were gathered no signs of disquieting activity along the Mexican side were reported. Reports here that army officers at Columbus were puzzled at the attitude of Carranza troops a few miles across the boundary, were flatly denied upon investigation. The army information was that 200 Carranza troops had gathered at Palomas, about 12 miles across the line from Columbus, and that the conduct of these troops was exemplary. These Palomas troops were part of a great ring which Carranza officers at Matamoros say they are drawing about the desert and mountain refugees of Villa. The northern sector of this ring appears to be gathering in a position to make it rest between Villa and the assembling American columns on the American side of the border.

Mormon Colonists Safe

Reliable information has been received from American sources that the western side of the ring has been much strengthened especially in the direction of the 500 American Mormon colonists near Casas Grandes, about 175 miles south of the border where Villa's maneuvers have raised the fear that he intended to attack the Americans. The Carranza authorities have not reported any movement of their ring to draw inward to enclose Villa, but have pointed out that lack of railroad facilities hampers them in more speedy action. Reports about Villa's activity were hazy but Corralitos, within striking distance of the railroad by which the Mormons might return to the United States remained the last point from which he had been definitely reported.

Arrest Four Generals

Aiding the military, other branches of the government service were active throughout the night on ramifications of Francisco Villa's trail. The drag for Villa sympathizers in El Paso last night resulted in the arrest of four generals, one general's secretary, a physician, and an American. The generals, all former Villa commanders, were Manuel Medinaveitia, once chief of staff; Pulio Fabela, Samuel Rodriguez and Juan Rodriguez. The American gave his name to the police as E. A. Talbott. The physician, Dr. Villareal, was formerly an active Villa worker. General Medinaveitia was the man whom Villa sent to Juarez to execute General Tomas Ornelas, Juarez commander, whom Villa suspected of treachery. Ornelas escaped but a short time ago Villa caught him on a railroad in Mexico and fulfilled his own orders.

Villa Fleeing Back to Hills Where He Started His Days as An Outlaw

Columbus, N.M., March 13.—Actual concentration of United States troops for an expedition into Mexico to try to capture Francisco Villa was begun here to-day.

From heavy troop movement to Columbus, it would seem, according to officers on station here, that this point is to be made a base of operations. It was believed here that John J. Pershing, brigadier general, commanding the Eighth brigade, would be designated to take charge of the expeditionary force and would make Columbus his headquarters.

The force of General Pablo Bertani, commanding the Carranza garrison at Palomas, on the Mexican side of the border south of here was increased today by the arrival of 800 men, bringing his forces to a total of 2,000. By to-night or to-morrow, it is expected that the American garrison here of 1,100 men will be augmented by the arrival of two regiments of infantry, a signal company a hospital detachment and some mountain artillery from Fort Bliss, or El Paso and a Battery of the Sixth field artillery from Nogales, Ariz. Two squadrons of the 12th cavalry from Fort Robinson, Neb., are expected later. All save the cavalry from Fort Robinson, which is to go on station here, are apparently to be available for expeditionary purposes. Information received at headquarters here also indicates that Lieutenant Colonel B. C. Cabell, of the Tenth cavalry, will arrive soon from Douglas, Ariz., presumably to act as adjutant for the force to leave Columbus.

In striking contrast to the excitement of the last few days, preparation for the departure of the expedition progresed to-day with regularity and calm.

It is not expected here that the expedition to enter Mexico, at least from this point, will be started for several days because of the poor railroad facilities with which to concentrate the troops.

Meanwhile, Francisco Villa, with but a small body of men, it is reported here, is fleeing farther from the United States border daily and into the mountains which parallel the border of Chihuahua and Sonora toward Gyerrero, where his days as an outlaw began and where to almost every peon, "pancho" Villa is a hero. Army men here point out that once back in the mountains among his friends, the pursuit of Villa is apt to resemble a game of hide and seek. Some officers believe that the pursuit may be a matter of months.

A battery of the Sixth Field Artilledy consisting of 132 men equipped with four three-inch field guns and 12 caissons, arrived to-day from Nogales, Arizona. Large stores of supplies for field service also were received.

The second section of the Fourth Field Artilery from Fort Bliss, with 400 men under command of Colonel L. G. Barry, with six mountain guns were also received.

Mexican Cavalry Is Sent to Aid Mormons

El Paso, Texas, March 13.—Troops of Mexican cavalry have been dispatched from La Guna, on the line of the old Mexican Central Railway, north of Chihuahua City, direct to Casas Grandes, to aid the 500 members of the Mormon colony concentrated at that point but now cut off from communication with either Chihuahua City or Juarez.

General Gavira, commandant at Juarez, received news of the new cavalry movement from General Garza this morning. It followed immediately on the report of a scout train that made a run down the Mexican and Northwestern line in the direction of Casas Grandes but turned back upon seeing smoke ahead at Santa Sofia, which seemed to come from a burning bridge. Villa was last reported in the neighborhood of Corralitos, not far distant.

Some months ago the bridges on the section of the road between Madero and Tamosachic, below Casas Grandes, were destroyed by Villa. As the telegraph wires to Casas Grandes stopped working suddenly late yesterday, as if cut, the Mormons are now completely isolated. But General Gavira says his forces there are ample.

General Gutierrez, who was expected to arrive here this morning, is at La Guna, according to Gavira, directing operations from there. General Garza, in command of the cavalry, of which part has been diverted at La Guna, may bring down forces over the northern loop by way of Juarez to aid Casas Grandes, Gavira says.

American Cattleman Is Being Held For Ransom

El Paso, Texas, March 13.—A report that Juan Bilboa, an American cattleman of El Paso, is being held in Northern Mexico in $1,500 ransom was received to-day.

Business associates of Bilboa have gone to the Big Bend country in Texas, about 200 miles east of here, to investigate. The place of the alleged kidnaping was a few miles across the Mexican border from the Big Bend section.

Liver Sluggish?

You are warned by a sallow skin, dull eyes, biliousness, and that grouchy feeling. Act promptly. Stimulate your liver—remove the clogging wastes—make sure your digestive organs are working right and—when needed—take

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

AGRICULTURE IN COMPENSATION

State Board Will Be Asked to Clear Up Some Uncertainties This Week

The question of what is meant by agriculture as an employment will be passed upon by the State Compensation Board at a hearing to be held in Philadelphia on Thursday. Under the compensation act agriculture and domestic service were exempted from employers' liability, but the Board ruled that special branches should come under the law and the men engaged in fruit raising, stock raising, dairy farming and similar pursuits would have to assume liability for employes.

The question has now been raised whether the law intended to exempt men engaged in raising vegetables for market, truck gardeners and the like are to be classed with men commonly engaged in farming who have rotation of crops, raise a variety of produce and cattle, have barns and who are popularly classed as farmers. John A. McSparran, of Lancaster county, worthy master of the State Grange, is to argue the matter with the Board.

The following week the Board will sit to hear appeals, the first one being whether a man delivering goods after store hours and injured at that time forms a case for compensation.

Commissioner John A Scott, of Indiana, who has been ill in Philadelphia, is improving and may soon sit with the Board.

The Turnpike Appeal. — Considerable attention has been attracted here by the appeal to the Superior court of the York and Maryland Line Turnpike company from the decision of the Public Service Commission that it must improve its road because of the interests of public safety, the obligation being held to rest on turnpike companies as well as other public corporations. The company, which has an old charter, will resist the order and force a test.

Petitions Filed. — Nominating petitions for the House were filed to-day by J. Miles Deer, Limestone township, Montour county, Republican; Reuben Howard, South Union township, Fayette county, Democrat, Second Fayette; James J. Logan, York, Democrat, First York.

Opinion On Farming.—Deputy Attorney General Hargest has given an opinion to George Q. Horwitz, president of the State commission for selection of a site and construction of a State industrial home for women, that the commission is authorized to make contracts for cultivation and farming of land bought for the home.

Applications Heard. — The Public Service Commission to-day heard numerous applications for consolidation of electric companies in Delaware county and of water companies in Union and Northumberland counties. The Philadelphia electric company's revised rate schedule was considered in executive session.

Commission Upheld.—The Superior Court has definitely decided the authority of the Public Service Commission over rate schedules. In a recent opinion in a Washington county appeal it upholds the commission's authority.

Named Policeman.—W. H. Moore, of this city, was to-day appointed a policeman for the Lalance & Grosjean tinplate works.

Papers Started.—Nominating petitions for Mine Inspector C. J. Price were started to-day, being taken out at the State Department.

Governor's Visitors.—Visitors to the Governor to-day included ex-Senator W. O. Smith, Punxsutawney; Asa Root, Wilkes-Barre; S. C. Moore and B. R. Williams, Butler, and Dr. I. Harvey Brumbaugh, Huntingdon.

Reported That Cavalry Is Preparing to Cross Line at Any Moment

El Paso, Texas, March 13.—Despite official denials, reports persisted here to-day that American cavalry on the Arizona state line had gathered for immediate crossing of the Mexican border and that they might go across at any moment to-day. An advance guard of several cavalry troops was collected on that border two days ago with the prospect that it might be the first force into Mexico.

The point where the cavalry expedition is reported gathering to enter Mexico from the Arizona boundary is near San Bernardino, Texas.

This Is the Birthday Anniversary of—

GEORGE H. SOURBIER

George H. Sourbier, of 1310 North Third street, has been an undertaker in this city for a number of years, and has handled the funerals of three bishops of the Harrisburg diocese of the Roman Catholic church, and also a number of other priests and sisters of the diocese.

IF YOU WORRY, READ THIS

Worry never brought any good to anybody. But, you say, "I don't worry because I want to, I worry because I can't help it." Or, "I worry because I have so much to worry about."

We all have our troubles and worry, of course, makes matters worse. The patient generally recognizes this fact without being influenced in any way by it.

The doctor who could meet this nervous condition and cure it would be the most popular medical man alive. But he can not do it because the form of nervous exhaustion known as neurasthenia, of which worry is a characteristic symptom, must be cured by the patient himself. That is why you should write today for the book "Diseases of the Nervous System" and read the chapter on "Neurasthenia." So many people have read it and written back, "This hits my case exactly, I am giving the treatment a trial and being benefited," that the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. has had a lot of these books printed and will send you a copy free on request. Ask for a diet book also if your stomach is off.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a non-alcoholic tonic, particularly suited for nervous, neurasthenic people. Your druggist sells them or they will be mailed postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50.

FIREMEN BUSY OVER WEEK-END

One Blaze Believed Incendiary; Family Escape Another in Nightclothes

City firemen were kept busy over the week-end fighting fires, one of which is believed to be of incendiary origin.

The supposed incendiary blaze broke out yesterday morning in the three-story frame house at Second and Seneca streets, owned by Joseph L. Shearer, Jr., and unoccupied. An alarm was sent in from Box 334, Second and Maclay streets, by Officer Phillips. Fire Chief John C. Kindler believes that the fire was started by some tramps who entered the house to sleep during the night.

Shortly after 11 o'clock last night, fire was discovered in the home of Carey O'Neill, 314 Nectarine street, and caused about $1,000 damage to the property and the furniture before it was extinguished. Six persons sleeping in the house at the time, escaped by climbing over the balcony to the adjoining house. Mr. O'Neill had just purchased some new furniture which was uninsured. This was totally destroyed by the flames. The house was insured.

A third fire broke out at the home of Mrs. Agnes Boynes, 659 Sayford street, while the fire companies on Allison Hill were fighting the blaze in Nectarine street. The damage at the Boynes home was trifling, but Fire Chief Kindler after investigating found that the fire had been started from the outside under the dining-room window, and believed that it was an incendiary blaze.

Saturday afternoon the toolhouse of Christian Long, Susquehanna and Maclay streets, was destroyed by fire. The Camp Curtin and Reily Companies prevented the flames from spreading to adjoining buildings.

FLAMES ENDANGER HOTEL

Allentown, Pa., March 13.—Fire of unknown origin started in the cupola of the American Hotel yesterday afternoon, spreading to the servants' quarters on the top floor. It was put out with a loss of about $1,000.

HALF MILLION FIRE AT BUFFALO

Buffalo, N. Y., March 13.—Fire, said to have been caused by dust explosion, virtually destroyed the entire plant of the International Agricultural Corporation here yesterday. The loss is estimated at $550,000.

True Secret of Keeping Youthful Looking

(The Beauty Seeker.)

"The real secret of keeping young-looking and beautiful," says a well-known hygienist, "is to keep the liver and bowels normally active. Without these requisites, poisonous waste products remain in the system, polluting the blood and lodging in various organs, tissues, joints. One becomes flabby, obese, nervous, mentally sluggish, dull-eyed, wrinkled and sallow of face.

"But to get liver and bowels working as they ought, without producing evil after-effects has been the problem. Fortunately, there is a prescription of unquestioned merit, which may now be had in convenient tablet form. Its value is due largely to an ingredient derived from the humble May apple, or its root, which has been called 'vegetable calomel' because of its effectiveness—though, of course, it is not to be classed with the real calomel of mercurial origin. There is no habit-forming constituent in 'sentanel' tablets—that's the name—and their use is not followed by weakness or exhaustion. On the contrary, these harmless vegetable tablets tend to impart tone and elasticity to the relaxed intestinal wall. Sentanel tablets, which may be procured from any druggist—a dime's worth will do—will prove a revelation to any constipated, liver-troubled person."

The Constipation Curse

Constipation - clogged bowels cause pain and sickness; 95 per cent of our ills, say the authorities. Sentanel Laxatives bring quick relief. All vegetable — contain no calomel. Ten doses for a dime at any druggists. Physician's sample free, upon request, if you mention this advertisement. The Sentanel Remedies Co., Inc., 800 Madison Ave., Covington, Ky.

STOP COUGHING!!!

PEPTONOL 152-C

MADE IN A HEALTH RESORT.

AT DRUG STORES: $1.00 Per BOTTLE

THE PEPTONOL CO.

ATLANTIC CITY N.J.

E. Z. GROSS, 119 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

NOTICE

2967-R, William W. Lott, Piano Tuner, 701 N. Seventeenth Street

This number and address is the correct and only one which should appear in the Telephone Book just issued by the Bell Telephone Co. Owing to a misprint in the new Telephone Book, my name is printed twice, with two different numbers and addresses. Patrons and all piano owners, please note.

WILLIAM W. LOTT

PIANO TUNER

Headquarters, 701 N. Seventeenth St.