

OPEN EVERY EVENING TILL XMAS

BOOK'S

REAL SHOE MAKERS

217 MARKET STREET 217

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE HARRISBURG, PA.

All kinds of Xmas Slippers

Open Saturday Evening Till 10 O'Clock

Low Prices on Women's Xmas Slippers

Over 1,500 pairs of women's \$1.50 fur and ribbon-trimmed Julietts on sale at 98c a pair. Different colored felt tops. Flexible leather soles. \$1.50 values, at 98c

Men's \$2.00 Xmas Slippers

In tan and black vic. Everett and Romeo styles. Hand turned (cushion) soles. All sizes. \$1.50

Men's Everett House Slippers

Of soft tan and black kid, soles. All sizes. A Flexible leather regular \$1.25 grade, at 79c

Ladies' Holiday Slippers

Fancy fur and ribbon-trimmed Julietts and slippers in all colors. Hand turned leather soles. All sizes. \$2.00 values. \$1.48

Look, Men! \$2.50 Dress Shoes, at \$1.95

Come in patent and dull leather. Button or lace styles. All sizes. An extra big Saturday offer, at \$1.95

Men's Winter Shoes

Regular \$4.00 Values \$2.95

Good, substantial Winter-Dress Shoes in button, lace or English styles. Tan, patent and dull. Welt soles. All sizes.

A Special Sale of Women's Gypsy Boots \$2.95

The season's most popular Gypsy style—made in dull and talcum kid with white stitching or plain. Many other popular Winter Styles in all leathers. All sizes and widths.

Women's Col. Top Shoes

Worth up to \$3.50 a pair. Patent and dull vamps with colored cloth tops. Lace or button. All sizes. On sale at \$1.50

Rubber Boots

For boys and girls. Warm fleeco lined. \$1.50 values. Sizes 11 to 2 at \$1.25; 5 to 10 1/2 at 98c

Women's Rubbers

Storm or low cut. A 60c grade. All sizes. Special at 39c

Children's Rubbers

A good grade 50c rubbers. Storm or low cut. Sizes to 10 1/2. Special 29c

Men's and Boys' Arctics

Regular \$1.50 heavy grade arctic. All sizes. On sale at 98c

Fur-Trimmed Slippers

For misses and children. Colored felt tops. Flexible leather soles. Sizes 11 to 12 at 75c; 5 to 11 at 69c

Jersey Leggings

Misses and children's good, warm Jersey cloth leggings. Sizes to 2. 75c values. 29c on sale at 29c

Women's Overgaiters

Sale of women's white gaiters at \$1.00 a pair, Gray and 49c black at 49c

Felt Slippers

For men and women. Felt uppers and soles. All sizes. 39c 50c values, at 29c

Holiday Offer of Boys' Hi-Tops \$1.50

A good rough weather shoe of sturdy tan and black storm calf. Extra strong waterproof leather. Sizes 1 to 12, special at \$1.50 and \$1.25 to 12, at \$1.50

SPECIALS

BOYS' CALF SKIN SHOES

Good stout calfskin tops and good wearing leather soles. Sizes 1 to 12, \$1.50 values at 98c

MISSIE'S & CHILD'S SHOES

A dress shoe of girl's school and dull. Sizes to 2. Values up to \$2. Special, pair, 98c

CHILDREN'S SHOES

Patent and vic. kid, with cloth velvet or kid. Comfortable "toe room" lasts. Sizes to 6. 75c values 49c

INFANTS' SOFT SOLES

A Saturday offer of infants' soft sole shoes. Different colors. Sizes to 5. 50c values 25c

Sale of Girls' Hi-Tops \$1.50

You save 50c on this offer. Girls' \$2 shoes, special at \$1.50 a pair. High or medium tops, in patent and dull leathers. Best at 49c. All sizes to 2

Books—217 Market St.—Book's

HARD SHELL FIRE PRECEDED BATTLE

Enough Wreckage Still Litters Field of Champagne to Show Effects

TRENCHES DEATH TRAPS

Soldiers Forced to Burrow Down While Explosions Roared Around Them

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

Chalons, France, Dec. 17.—There was still wreckage enough remaining on the battlefield of Champagne three weeks after the battle was fought to give some idea of the havoc of destruction when it was fresh after the advance. Within a space fifteen miles in length by from one to three in breadth at least a million men were engaged on both sides; twenty-five thousand prisoners were taken; and at least two or three shells for every man engaged was fired.

That sheet of preparatory shell fire which had descended upon fifteen miles of German front trenches had meant a swath of slaughter to start with. For three days, night and day, this bombardment continued. According to the accounts of German prisoners they could only hug the shelter of their subterranean chambers under their crumbling parapets. A wave of artillery fire back of the trenches kept the supplies from reaching them. In front of the trenches the continued crash of shrapnel blasts was cutting the barbed wire. For months the French had been accumulating ammunition which they poured out from every caliber of gun.

Smashed and Killed

This shell fire not only killed and wounded Germans; not only made the most elaborate trenches into dust-heaps but littered the field with smashed German caissons, transport wagons clothing equipment and all the impediments of an army. There was peace in the German trenches for the first time in three days as the wave of French infantry rushed for the German trenches. Then the French guns stopped firing lest they kill their own men. The wave had not more than two hundred yards to go. Estimate the time that it takes the average man to run that distance and you have the time it took the French soldiers to reach the wreckage which had been the German trenches and grapple with the survivors in the dugouts. In some places the wave swept on beyond the trench like the tide running up an inlet. The Germans between such forces were caught in a pair of pincers. This accounted for the prisoners who were taken in batches. They were surrounded by infantry with no way of retreat upon to them.

"Only the little things now remain," said a French soldier who was salvaging in the ruins of the German redoubt of La Poche—"The Pocket"—in the famous Trou Ebric section. "At the start of the war we buried the dead and gathered up the broken machine guns which had been destroyed by our gunfiring."

Ypres Is Example

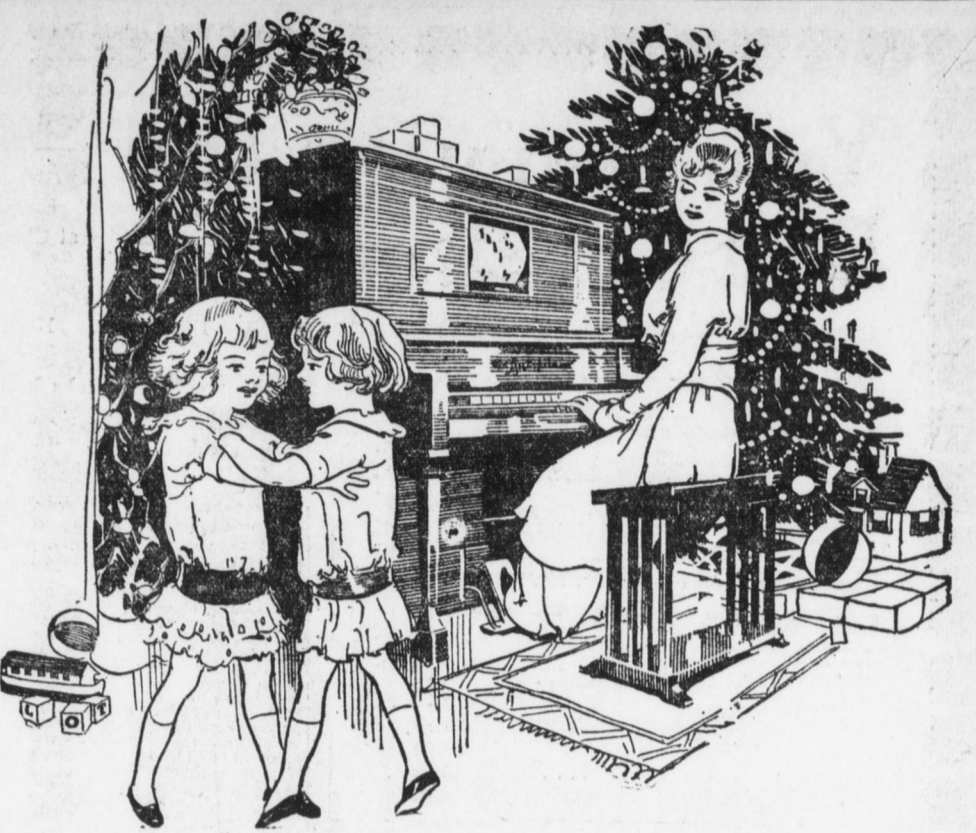
The town of Ypres in the British lines probably remains the most colossal example of shell fire. But Ypres was a town. It was not built to withstand shell fire, but as home for men in time of peace. In trou Ebric the Germans with the science and amazing industry, which characterize their operations, had set out to build themselves a nation which would withstand the kind of fire they had visited upon Ypres. They had been at work for many months perfecting it from time to time, enlarging and strengthening it, busy as ants in a hill. It was a vast warren of sandbags crisscrossed with machine guns—a knuckle-like salient in the German front line. Small forests of barbed wire guarded it right and left. It was as proof against shrapnel as the stone roof against hail. The explosion of any high explosive shell was localized in one of a multitude of chambers built with a view to receiving such visitors. Shafts in the earth underneath the whole offered further protection. In the center was sort of well in the midst of the walls of sandbags where the occupants might enjoy immunity from anything except bomb from the air.

Tore Big Hole

But the French guns showered tons upon tons of shells upon La Poche for those three days. When a chamber was destroyed they gave the Germans no time to repair it. For seventy-two hours the blasts of explosions were tearing at that dedoublement of all the big calibers from six to fifteen-inch with some smaller ones thrown in for good measure. Underneath La Poche at the end of a French mine rested a huge charge of explosive. That was fired just before the infantry charged. It carried Germans and sandbags heavenward in a cloud two or three hundred feet high and left a crater of at least one hundred feet in depth and one hundred and fifty feet in width. Any Germans who survived were in the pall of dust from it as the French infantry charged over the space where the barbed wire had been destroyed by guns which were given this part of the work to do. In ten minutes from the time that the French infantry left the trenches they were in full possession of La Poche.

"It was easy, monsieur," said a soldier, "easier than some much simpler fortifications which we fought later on where the shells had not fallen so thickly. We rushed in and we looked around—for somebody to fight with. But there was no one. For the most part there was nothing but the fragments of men; and there were men lying about trying to apply first aid bandages and a few stunned, unhurt. What could they do but yield. Those who sought refuge down the shaft, there, were all buried alive; and we dug out a few who still had the breath of life in them from that shaft yonder."

From the highest point of the ruins one looked right and left along the front line of German trenches which had been so elaborately dug and were broken, half filled ditches as the result of that terrific concentration of shells and the same thing was to be seen in the region of Loos where the British guns had wrought the same kind of havoc.



See Us To-day Or To-morrow About Your Christmas Piano Or Playerpiano

Many persons, acting upon our advice have already chosen their Christmas piano or player-piano, but to you who have yet to make selection we wish to say that TODAY AND TOMORROW will be opportune days—for we have just received our last Holiday shipments, and can offer you first choices as follows:

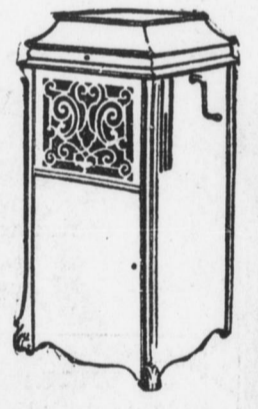
Pianos	Playerpianos
Chickering \$525 up	Francis Bacon \$395 up
Poole \$400 up	Whitney \$425 up
Bush & Lane \$400 up	Marshall & Wendell . . . \$450 up
Kimball \$350 up	Autotone \$500 up
Merrill \$350 up	Merrill \$550 up
Shoninger \$325 up	Kimball \$600 up
Marshall & Wendell . . . \$300 up	Angelus \$700 up
Weser Bros. \$250 up	Bush & Lane \$800 up

And Be Sure to Order Your Christmas Victrola Or Edison To-day Or To-morrow



Anticipating a keen demand, we have made liberal provision for today and tomorrow, and can guarantee choice of

Any Style In Any Finish \$15 to \$300



but after tomorrow we may be obliged to say, regretfully, that all of certain styles have been bespoken. So clinch yours now.

Liberal Christmas Terms Delivery Any Time Store Open Evenings Until 9.30

J. H. Troup Music House

Troup Building 15 S. Market Square

BALDWIN URGES FIRE PROTECTION

Says People Should Not Forget to Take Care Amid Christmas Time

State Fire Marshal Joseph L. Baldwin is out with a warning to people not to forget danger from fire in the holiday season and gives some timely

hints about ways to avoid sorrow in the season of joy.

The marshal gives these hints: Where possible, electricity should be used for lighting trees or for decorative purposes and the wiring should be done by a competent electrician.

If trees are to be lighted other than by electricity, see that the children do not light or relight the candles. Frequently clothing is set afire by permitting this. Avoid the possibility. The tree will also burn when dry. Better no lights than to run the risk of having an innocent child lose its life through neglect to observe precaution for its safety.

Paper, cotton or other decorations of an inflammable material should never be used. Use metallic tinsel or asbestos material.

See that trees are securely fastened

to the floor so that the children cannot pull the tree over when reaching for things.

If presents are distributed from the tree, either at home or at a public entertainment, care should be taken in handling them to avoid the possibility of a fire.

Avoid mechanical toys that require alcohol or gasoline or other dangerous oil to operate them.

Never permit cotton to be used beneath trees to give the appearance of snow. If the appearance of snow is desired, use mineral wool or asbestos. It will not burn and gives a better effect than cotton.

Matches should never be left within the reach of children. Keep them in metal boxes and out of reach.

Don't let smokers throw lighted cigars, cigarettes or matches about in a careless manner.

Be constantly on the watch for anything that might cause fire. Have merriment, and plenty of it, but avoid mourning by the avoidance of carelessness.

Strive to prevent casualties, but be prepared for any emergency by having placed conveniently fire extinguishers or buckets filled with water.

Teach the children to be careful, show them the danger of fire. Drill them at home; nothing appeals to the children more than drilling, and when they are made to realize the benefit of knowing how to protect themselves in case of fire it will enable them to better care for themselves in time of danger.

ROAD TO HEALTH IS THROUGH THE KIDNEYS

Backaches, Lumbago, Rheumatic Twinges and Other Painful Symptoms the Result of Clogged or Improperly Working Kidneys.

No person alive is stronger than his kidneys. The minute the kidneys become disarranged or clogged with waste the warning is flashed throughout the entire system.

Hundreds of sufferers from pains in the back and sides, bladder and urinary disorders, lumbago, rheumatism, dizziness, puffy swellings under the eyes or in the feet and ankles, nervousness, tired or worn-out or headachy feeling don't seem to realize that the greater part of all sickness to-day can be avoided by keeping the kidneys working properly. If you suffer from any of the many agonies that accompany weak, clogged-up or diseased kidneys you should not neglect yourself another day but run the risk of serious complications. Secure a package of Solvax, the wonderful new kidney remedy which is very inexpensive yet acts quickly and surely on the seat of the trouble. You'll be surprised how entirely different you'll feel in a very short time.

It doesn't matter how long you have suffered, how old you are, or what you have used. The very principle of Solvax is such that it is practically impossible to take it into the human system without some beneficial results.

Solvax is pleasant to take, gives quick relief and has been so uniformly successful that H. C. Kennedy and other leading dealers in this vicinity will in future sell it under a positive guarantee of relief or refund the money. No other kidney remedy we believe ever had a large enough percentage of cures so that it could be sold in this manner. A guarantee like this speaks volumes for the merit of Solvax.

There is no time like the present to do a thing that ought to be done. If anyone has kidney trouble to-day is the best time to begin curing it. Advertisement.

ARTIFICIAL SAUSAGE SKINS

A German butcher has recently patented in this country a process for making artificial sausage skins from fibers of animal sinews. According to the inventor of these fibers, which may be purchased very cheaply from abattoirs, may be cleaned more thoroughly than the intestinal skin. The sinews are digestible and it will do no harm if pieces of the skin are swallowed.—January Popular Science Monthly.

INK ERASING BLOTTER

Take an ordinary sheet of blotting paper and steep it several times in a solution of oxalic acid or oxalic potassium and dry. While the ink spot is still moist apply the blotter and the ink will be entirely removed. If the ink is dry moisten and apply the blotter.—January Popular Science Monthly.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c

RUSH FOR LICENSE BREAKING RECORD

State Highway Department Has More Demand For Tags Than Known in a Year

The automobile division of the State Highway Department received for 1915 automobile licenses to December 13 of this year within a few thousand dollars of the total sum received by the

department for the entire year of 1910.

At the close of business on December 13 the total receipts for 1915 motor vehicle licenses was \$309,123.

A remarkable feature this year is that the automobile division is keeping up to the applications and tags are being shipped out on the day on which the application is received. The automobile division is working an average of eighteen hours a day and each day's business is brought to a close before the employees leave the department.

The total number of pneumatic-tired vehicle licenses was 23,328; the total number of solid-tired vehicle licenses was 2,758; paid drivers, 7,133; dealers, 1,260; traction engines of the first class, 4; traction engines of the second class, 1; trailers of the first class, 58;

trailers of the second class, 1; motorcycles 569; drivers, 4,957; transfers, 7; traction engine dealers, 12; traction engine drivers, 3.

The subdivision of the pneumatic-tired licenses is as follows: First class, 2,282; second class, 17,352; third class, 3,405; fourth class, 187.

The classification of the solid-tired vehicles is as follows: First class, 279; second class, 213; third class, 1,235; fourth class, 569; fifth class, 462.

CONKEY SAYS—DON'T WORRY—CONKEY'S RUP PILLS are unequalled for curing cases of roup or colds contracted by show birds. Keep a package on hand. Dealers Everywhere.

OUT OF THE HIGH RENT DISTRICT

LESTER PIANOS

H. G. DAY, 1319 Derry Street. Both Phones