PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THE COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.
A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section one, article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section one of article eight, which reads as follows:

"Section 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject, however, to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

"First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

"Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

"Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

"Fourth. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election," be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

Section 1. Every citizen, male or female, of twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject, however, to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

First. He or she shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He or she shall have resided in the State one year (or, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he or she shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He or she shall have resided in the election district where he or she shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he or she shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

Fifth. Wherever the words "he," "his," "him," and "himself" occur in any section of article VII of this Constitution the same shall be construed as if written, respectively, "he or she," "his or her," "him or her," and "himself or herself."

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.
CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.
A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amend section eight, article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenues in excess of the interest on said debt or debts, and the annual instalments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That a sinking-fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained," so that it shall read as follows:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the consent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, exceeded seven per centum of such assessed valuation, and has not since been reduced to less than such per centum, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation. The city of Philadelphia, upon the conditions hereinafter set forth, may increase its indebtedness to the extent of three per centum in excess of seven per centum upon such assessed valuation for the specific purpose of providing for all or any of the following purposes, — to wit: For the construction and improvement of subways, tunnels, railways, elevated railways, and other transit facilities; for the construction and improvement of wharves and docks and for the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of wharves and docks, owned or to be owned by said city. Such increase, however, shall only be made with the assent of the electors thereof at a public election, to be held in such manner as shall be provided by law. In ascertaining the borrowing capacity of said city of Philadelphia, at any time, there shall be excluded from the calculation a credit, where the work resulting from any previous expenditure, for any one or more of the specific purposes hereinabove enumerated shall be yielding to said city an annual current net revenue; the amount of which credit shall be ascertained by capitalizing the annual net revenue during the year immediately preceding the time of such ascertainment. Such capitalization shall be accomplished by ascertaining the principal amount which would yield such annual, current net revenue, at the average rate of interest, and sinking-fund charges payable upon the indebtedness incurred by said city for such purposes, up to the time of such ascertainment. The method of determining such amount, so to be excluded or allowed as a credit, may be prescribed by the General Assembly.

In incurring indebtedness, for any one, or more of said purposes of construction, improvement, or reclamation, the city of Philadelphia may issue its obligations maturing not later than fifty years from the date thereof, with provision for a sinking-fund sufficient to retire said obligation at maturity, the payments to such sinking-fund to be in equal or graded annual instalments. Such obligations may be in an amount sufficient to provide for and may include the amount of the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing and which may accrue thereon throughout the period of construction and until the expiration of one year after the completion of the work for which said indebtedness shall have been incurred; and said city shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges, as required by section ten of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, until the expiration of said period of one year after the completion of such work.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2.
CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three.
A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amend section twenty-one, article three of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"No act of the General Assembly shall limit the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death, or for injuries to persons or property, and in case of death from such injuries, the right of action shall survive, and the General Assembly shall prescribe for whose benefit such actions shall be prosecuted. No act shall prescribe any limitations of time within which suits may be brought against corporations for injuries to persons or property, or for other causes different from those fixed by general laws regulating actions against natural persons, and such acts now existing are avoided," so that it shall read as follows:

The General Assembly may enact laws requiring the payment of employers, or employers and employes jointly, or reasonable compensation for injuries to employes arising in the course of their employment, and for occupational diseases of employes, whether or not such injuries or diseases result in death, and regardless of fault of employer or employe, and fixing the basis of ascertainment of such compensation and the maximum and minimum limits thereof, and providing special or general remedies for the collection thereof; but in no other cases shall the General Assembly limit the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death, or for injuries to persons or property, and in case of death from such injuries, the right of action shall survive, and the General Assembly shall prescribe for whose benefit such actions shall be prosecuted. No act shall prescribe any limitations of time within which suits may be brought against corporations for injuries to persons or property, or for other causes, different from those fixed by general laws regulating actions against natural persons, and such acts now existing are avoided.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 3.
CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four.
A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof:—

AMENDMENT

Laws may be passed providing for a system of registering, transferring, insuring and guaranteeing land titles by the State, or by the counties thereof, and for settling and determining adverse or other claims to and interest in lands the titles of which are so registered, transferred, insured, and guaranteed; and for the creation and collection of indemnity funds; and for carrying the system and powers hereby provided for into effect by such existing courts as may be designated by the Legislature, and by the establishment of such new courts as may be deemed necessary. In matters arising in and under the operation of such system, judicial powers, with right of appeal, may be conferred by the Legislature upon county recorders and upon other officers by it designated. Such laws may provide for continuing the registering, transferring, insuring, and guaranteeing such titles after the first or original registration has been perfected by the court, and provision may be made for raising the necessary funds for expenses and salaries of officers, which shall be paid out of the treasury of the several counties.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.
CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WOMEN AND THEIR INTERESTS

Wealthy too Often Thoughtless of Poor

By Ella Wheeler Wilcox
(Copyright, 1915, Star Co.)

The gulf between the people of wealth and the world's toilers can never be bridged until some method is found to awaken the brains and hearts of the wealthy class to a better understanding of those who work for a living.

The most indifferent, inconsiderate, thoughtless and careless people on earth when it comes to the paying of bills and the liquidation of debts which are justly due are the people who possess fortunes and large incomes. The poor and the modestly comfortable classes are far more keenly alive to their obligations in these matters, and they pay their debts with much greater promptness than do people of wealth.

Ask any of the music teachers, teachers of languages, dressmakers, tailors, merchants and tradesmen in the land, and they will corroborate these statements.

A young woman music teacher said recently: "My patrons are almost all people of wealth. They employ me for their daughters, wives and sisters, and make no protest at my price. Yet when I present my bills at the end of a term the greater number of my patrons compel me to wait six, eight and even twelve months for a settlement.

"This is in order that their money may continue to draw interest during that period of time. Meantime I am obliged to keep continually in debt, and when their money is received it goes to pay for what one generally terms 'dead horses.'

"The few people of modest means who employ me are far more thoughtful and considerate."

There seems to be something in the possession of great wealth which creates a hardening of the heart and a blinding of the spiritual vision toward others less fortunately situated.

A French teacher, popular among the ultrafashionable circles of New York city, a few years ago was obliged to give up his rooms because his patrons went to Europe for the summer owing him money. He had relied upon it to pay his rent in advance. Innumerable cases could be cited. It is not the exceptional situation; the exceptional case is that of the wealthy man or woman who pays a debt.

The condition excites animosity in the minds of the world's toilers and does much to increase unrest. It would be an excellent idea if all teachers, merchants and tradesmen could combine in a union and respectfully demand better treatment and more prompt payments in their dealings with the rich.

Stranded in Desert; Drank Automobile Oil

Special to The Telegraph

Los Angeles, Aug. 7.—Failure to think about evaporation in an automobile radiator brought death to one man and frightful tortures to two others who arrived here from the desert and told of their sufferings.

The trio, James S. Roche and John H. Walsh, attorneys, and James G. Clarke, a real estate dealer, left here Sunday in an automobile for El Centro, in the Imperial Valley.

Monday morning the car stopped in the sand. The radiator was empty and they had no water. Roche and Welsh started after a mirage which they believed was the Salton Sea. Clark waited a day and then, believing them dead, made his way to Mineral Springs,where he was resuscitated and organized a rescue party.

Roche was found unconscious and Welsh dead. Roche said they drank lubricating oil.

JITNEY MEN TO PICNIC

Jitney owners and drivers made further plans for a picnic to be held in the grove adjoining the dancing pavilion north of Lemoyne on Labor Day, at a meeting last night. Dancing will be held during the afternoon and evening and features of the outing will be prize waltzes and grand marches. Jitneys will leave the Square every ten minutes for the grounds.

PAINTER'S FOOT CRUSHED

Struck by a running board of a box car, C. I. Chambers, a painter in the Enola yards, sustained a badly crushed foot, yesterday.

A GRACEFUL NEGLIGEE

A Pretty Garment That is Essentially Girl-like in its Lines.

By MAY MANTON

8724 Empire Negligee for Misses and Small Women, 16 and 18 years.

Every girl likes a becoming negligee. Here is a very charming one that is so simple that it can be made in a few hours. The neck can be finished with a frill or with a collar. The body portion and the sleeves are cut in one so there are no sleeves to be fitted and only the underarm seams to be sewed up; the simple gathered skirt is joined to the body portion, the shirrings and ribbon regulating the size. Nothing could be prettier or daintier and nothing more simple. Lawn and voile, the soft India silks, cotton crêpes, crêpe de chine and the slightly warmer albatross and challis, all would make charming garments of the sort. In the late summer, mornings and evenings are apt to be cool and albatross is likely to be needed, while it provides very charming color effects. In the picture, flowered cotton voile is finished with organdie frills and the frills are hemstitched.

For the 16 year size will be required 7 yds. of material 27 in. wide, 5½ yds. 36 or 44 with ¾ yd. 27 in. wide for the frills.

If a shorter garment is wanted, the skirt can be cut off either straight or on pointed lines. For this shorter length will be needed 3½ yds. of material 27 in. wide, 3¼ yds. 36 or 44.

The pattern No. 8724 is cut in sizes for 16 and 18 years. It will be mailed to any address by the Fashion Department of this paper, on receipt of ten cents.

Bowman's sell May Manton Patterns.

Drug Fiends Number Less Than 200,000 in U. S.

Special to The Telegraph

Washington, Aug. 7.—It is estimated by Martin I. Wilbert, technical expert in the Government hygienic laboratory, that the number of drug fiends in the United States amounts to less than 200,000. This conclusion results from reports from hospitals and by a comparison with drug importations.

It had been predicted that the result of the enforcement of the law would be a besieging of hospitals by drug addicts, and a wave of crime of national scope, accompanied by a trail of suicide and death," Mr. Wilbert says, "While the effect of the enforcement of the Federal antinarcotic law has been clearly evidenced by such reports the results have been by no means so far-reaching or so startling as had been expected."

Practically all of the opium and so-caine used in this country, he asserts, is imported through legitimate channels, and because of the comparatively high import tax considerable care is exercised to insure the recording of the product.

"Converting the recorded quantities of the several drugs imported into average doses, as presented in the Pharmacopeia of the United States, we find that for some years the total amount of these drugs imported has been fairly uniform and will average approximately 2,500,000,000 doses of opium, its derivatives and alkaloids, and 325,000,000 doses of coca leaves and cocaine," Mr. Wilbert says.

TRAVELERS PLAN PICNIC

Arrangements are being made for the annual outing of the United Commercial Travelers' Association which will be held at Hershey Park on Saturday, April 14. Prizes will be given the winners of the various events.

"BOB" JACOBS HURT

When his auto backfired yesterday Robert Jacobs, 207 South Front street, sustained a fractured right arm.

Story No. 11—Installment No. 6.

WHO PAYS?

Story No. 11

The Fruit of Folly

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(CONTINUED FROM YESTERDAY.)

"You still have the I.O.U. she gave you?" he asked.

She showed it to him.

"You must go to her," he said, "and demand payment."

"But this is Sunday, Horace. And, besides, she has no money."

Solicitously he leaned towards her. Loverlike his arms stole about her as he moved closer to her on the garden bench.

"But this is important, dear." (His voice was soft and caressing.) "In her jewel safe she has a paper—a confession—that I must have. Go to her today — now — demand your money. And when she refuses, ask for a jewel as security. Get her to show you her jewel case. Make her open the safe on some pretext. Get that paper—get it for me—and we will go away together. Remember, we are to be married."

And Stone, looking deep into her

"You'll Not Go Away; You'll Stay and Pay—Pay for Your Folly."

eyes, saw the answer there. He knew he would have the paper if she could get it. And then he dropped his own eyes quickly, as if he feared she might read his deceit and trickery in them.

To know how well his plan succeeded, we have only to turn, one hour later, to Isabelle's pretty boudoir. Clay was there. And Irwin. And the chief of police. They had asked him to come that he might see the confession, and act quickly without waiting for the court's action on Monday. They feared that Stone would leave town. Time was precious.

The door of the secret safe in the wall was wide open. The cover of the jewel case was up. The paper was gone.

"More of your drunken folly," Irwin shouted. "I suppose you told Stone where you had hidden the paper last night, when he pumped you in the den."

"Stone got nothing from me," Clay doggedly replied. "I never talk when I am drunk."

And only Isabelle, shrinking in the big chair before the fireplace knew. Only she could have told where the paper went. Only she could have told—and she remembered it all so distinctly now—how Mrs. Blake had moved suddenly toward the safe, as she had carried the jewel case to the table by the window. Only she could have told of that faint momentary rustle of paper she had heard in the brief instant that her back was turned.

"A paper gone," she muttered to herself in anguish. "Then Mrs. Blake is the thief, and if I tell, she'll expose me."

Though Isabelle well knew that for her to hold her tongue meant poverty and hardship all her life; though she knew that it meant the entire loss of happiness for herself and her husband, who could not exist without the luxury to which they had been accustomed, though she knew that her action was dragging down her father into poverty and business failure with her husband, she could not drive her errant tongue to speak the few simple words that would have cleared all.

Insistently, persistently, she maintained that she did not know where the paper had gone; that she had never seen it; that nobody had been in the room with her.

And so the craven fear that held her tongue made silence her latest and greatest folly, while ruin, gaunt and horrible, stalked through all their lives. ALL WERE PAYING a horrible Price for her folly and their own.

* * *

And Mrs. Blake! What of her? Mission accomplished and paper safely in her possession, she became suddenly possessed of a desire to tell Stone of her success. Hers had been the dangerous work. Hers was to be the reward. She would claim it now.

Almost girlish were her actions as she tiptoed up to the door of Stone's flat, and finding it ajar, softly entered. Guided by voices that came from the library she made her way into the house. Womanlike she paused to listen.

"And tomorrow you and I will go away together.'

The voice was Stone's. There was no mistaking it. Something seemed to go dead within her. Craftily she peered around the edge of the portiere, and weak, stunned, angry, she staggered back. Her bubble had burst. Stone was planning to go away with one of his chorus friends. She had been the catspaw—the dupe.

Quickly she left, as quietly as she had come, and going to her own apartment she telephoned Stone to come to her, and handing him an envelope filled with blank paper, she said, "Here is the confession."

With catlike cunning she watched his eagerness as he seized the envelope, watched the sudden wonder on his face that turned to anger as he found that he had been duped.

"What does this mean?" he demanded hotly.

"Listen and you shall hear," she replied calmly and told him all that she had seen and heard in his rooms. "As for the confession, I secured it and shall keep it," she concluded.

He sprang at her, his fingers extended as if to throttle her, only to start back from the gleaming silver revolver that she pointed at him.

"No, I'll not give you the confession," she sighed, wavering for an instant, "you'll not take it from me either. And you'll not go away with your chorus girl friend. No, Horace Stone, you'll not go away," she shouted in angry passion, the very violence of her emotions bringing back her strength, "you'll stay, and I will hold this confession over your head to brand you as a thief whenever I see fit. YOU'LL NOT GO AWAY, I SAY. YOU'LL STAY. Yes, and You'll pay—pay dearly for your folly."

WHO PAYS?"

The last story in the WHO PAYS? series, "Toil and Tyrant," will begin in our next issue.

CAN FACTORY TO REOPEN

By Associated Press

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 7.—It is announced from Geneva that the plant there of the American Can Company, closed for the past two years, will be enlarged at once to four times its present size and reopened.

Buy here not alone because prices are lower, but because qualities are better.

Greatest Values We Have Ever Offered

Monday Millinery Sale

All this season's up-to-date shapes, at the most drastic price reductions we have ever offered in one of these events.

PRICES ARE FOR MONDAY ONLY

$2.00 Actual Values — Black Hemp Hats. Monday price 19c

$1.00 Actual Values — White Hemp Hats. Monday price 39c

$1.50 Actual Values — Leghorn Hats. Monday price 39c

$2.00 Actual Values — White Hemp Hats. Monday price 59c

$3.50 Actual Values — Leghorn Hats. Monday price .. $1.29

$1.00 Actual Values — Trimmed Palmetta Hats. Monday price, 39c

$1.00 Actual Values — Children's Hemp Hats. Monday price 9c

$2.00 Actual Values — Genuine Panamas. Monday price 69c

$3 and $4 Actual Values — Genuine Panamas. Monday pr. $1.19

Boys' Straw Hats
39c values. Monday price, 15¢
50c values. Monday price, 25¢

Trimmings
25c and 39c values. Monday price ..... 5¢
50c value. Monday price, 15¢
25c Georgette Satin Face Ribbons. Monday price .. 15¢

NOTHING OVER 25¢ MILLINERY EXCEPTED EVERYTHING UNDER

SOUTTER'S
1c to 25c Department Store
Where Every Day Is Bargain Day
215 MARKET ST. OPP. COURTHOUSE

GLOBE EMPLOYES ON PICNIC AT HERSHEY

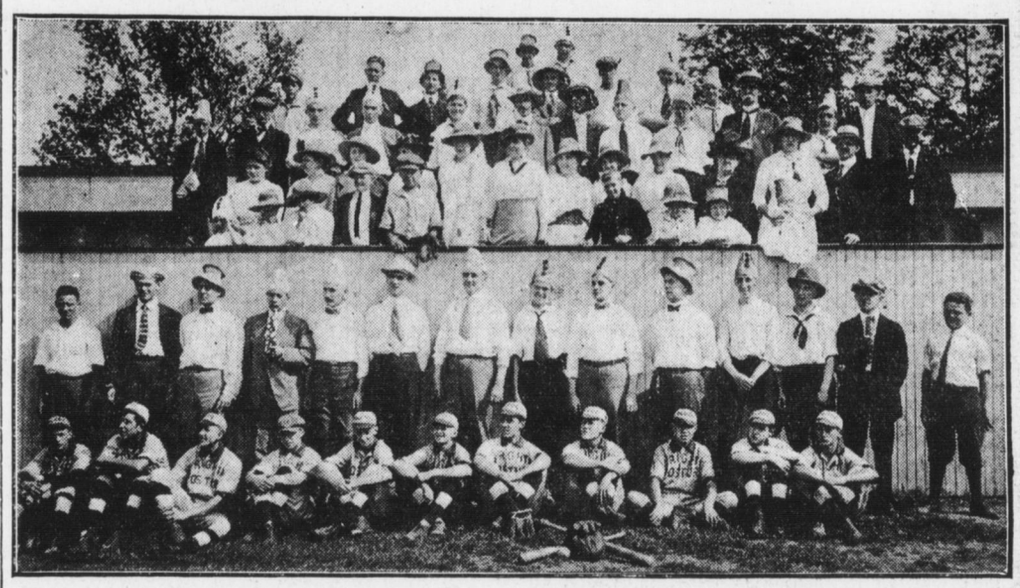

Photo by Hershey Studio.

GLOBE HOLDS FIRST ANNUAL PICNIC

Big Auto Trucks Carries Employes and Families to Hershey Park

With pennants flying and horns blowing, eighty employes of The Globe and members of their families rode in elaborately decorated trucks to Hershey Park yesterday for the first annual picnic of the big store, the guests of Ben Strouse.

When the party arrived at Hershey Park it found ample evidence that the commissary department had been on the job. A big table that reached the entire length of one of the pavilions was fairly groaning with good things to eat, and it didn't take anybody very long to decide just what to do.

As soon as everyone had eaten all they could the Globe Right Posture tem lined up against the Hummelstown Juniors and in a well-played game, won by the score of 9-3.

Then the Globe orchestra tuned up and filled the vacant spaces between the sports events while the young gladiators were resting with music. Charles Fry won the 100-yard dash for boys under 18 years of age. The dash for single men was won by Cnas. Cohen and Roy Robinson took honors in the married men's class. Wilmer King came off victorious in the sack race after a strenuous fifteen minutes' struggle.

In the peanut race for ladies exclusively, Mrs. Benjamin Strouse won honors. Miss Sarah Heiser came out ahead in the egg and spoon race and Miss Bankes won the free-for-all candle race for ladies, coming out far ahead of a big field. Charles Fry won for the men.

After a heart-breaking struggle, the single men towed the married men into camp in the tug-of-war. Edwin Book outleaped all his fellows in the broad jump and Tom Thorley out-ate them all in the banana stuffing contest. Clarence Whistler threw a baseball the farthest and Charles Fry won the shoe race. The three-legged race was won by Charles Fry and Bertram Katz. Katz also took first in the swimming race with Milliard Greek a close second.

Prior to the second meal, Benjamin Strouse distributed the prizes to the winners with appropriate speeches. During the dinner, the Globe orchestra played. Afterwards Sam Harris, the Globe comedian, furnished amusement for the crowd. The return trip was made at 8:30 o'clock.

FOUR FISHING SMACKS SUNK

By Associated Press

London, Aug. 7, 12:57 p. m. — The British fishing smacks Hesperus, Ivan, Ces and Fisherman have been sunk, presumably by German submarines. The fishing crews were landed to-day.

NEW POLICE HEAD FOR WARSAW

By Associated Press

Berlin, Aug. 7, via London, 12:45 p. m. — Chief of Police Glasenapp of Cologne, Prussia, to-day was appointed as head of the police department in the conquered city of Warsaw.

Huerta Plot Story Makes Berlin Officials Angry

Special to The Telegraph

New York, Aug. 7.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, said to-day that he had made to Secretary Lansing a formal complaint of the German government because of the publication this week of a report that he and other agents of the Kaiser in this country had planned to send Huerta to Mexico to create conditions which would draw the United States into conflict with that country.

Further than to say that he would ask that action be taken by the Washington authorities, Count von Bernstorff refused to discuss the story.

PAXTANG PARK

Two headliners will be featured on the bill at the Paxtang Park Theater for the coming week. One will be O'Neil and Gallagher, in a singing and comedy piano stunt of the Rathskeller type, that is said to be a whirlwind of fun from start to finish, and the other will be Booth and Leander, in a comedy bicycle act that has the reputation of being a wonder as a laugh provoker. This week's bill at the park playhouse with the "Battle of Bunco Hill," as a feature attraction makes a vaudeville program that every one who enjoys a good laughing show should see. It is one of the best popular priced shows the town has had in a long time.

Another big fireworks display is announced for next Thursday evening. If the large crowds that are attending the park fireworks shows are any indication, pyrotechnics are Harrisburg's most popular form of amusement. — Adv.

Constipation
Biliousness-Headache
Dr. Chase's Liver Tablets
Make the liver active, bowels regular, without pain or griping, relieve sick headache and that bloated feeling after eating, purify the blood and clear the complexion. Large box, enough to last a month, 25c. Dr. Chase Co., 224 N. 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

STOP COUGHING ! ! !
PEPTONOL 10-C
MADE IN A HEALTH RESORT.
AT DRUG STORES-$1.00 PER BOTTLE
THE PEPTONOL CO.
ATLANTIC CITY N.J.
AMERICAN MEDICINE CO.
10 So. Main Street, Bethlehem, Pa.

GEN'L HARTRANFT
5¢ 5¢
CIGAR
MFG'D. BY C. E. BAIR & SONS

HEADQUARTERS FOR
SHIRTS
SIDES & SIDES

AMUSEMENTS

Paxtang Park Theater
TO-NIGHT
The Battle of Bunco Hill
THE CUBAN TRIO
AND
4—Other Standard Acts—4

TO-DAY ONLY
LAWRENCE D'ORSAY
In the
"Earl of Pawtucket"
Shown at 10 a. m., 1.30 a. m., 1 p. m., 2.30 p. m., 4 p. m., 5.30 p. m., 7 p. m., 8.30 p. m., 10 p. m.
MONDAY AND TUESDAY
"SALAMBO"
AND
Charley Chaplin
VICTORIA

REGENT
P. MAGARO - OWNER & MGR.
Hours: 10 a. m. to 11 p. m.
Last day to witness the
"HYPOCRITES"
The "Hypocrites" is a clean and moral story.
Monday and Tuesday
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
in his newest release
"THE BANK"
in two reels.
First time shown in this city.
DUSTIN FARNUM in
"CAPTAIN COURTESY"
"THE BROKEN COIN"
A serial story, will be shown every Tuesday.
Bell phone 3719. United 784-Y.