



LINER'S DEAD MAY TOTAL 1,300; GRAVE SITUATION FACES U. S.

GRAVEST SITUATION SINCE OUTBREAK OF WAR NOW FACES U. S.

Extra Session of Congress Is Now Talked of in Washington Circles, but Nothing Definite Has Yet Been Done

OFFICIALS AWAITING DETAILS OF DISASTER

Cabinet Fears Representations to Germany Will Not Entirely Satisfy American People For Loss of Fellow Citizens

Washington, May 8.—Shocked and appalled by the tragic aspect of the Lusitania disaster as hourly developments disclosed its magnitude and probable loss of 137 American lives...

Nowhere in administration circles is there any disposition to minimize the situation, but President Wilson while seeking facts hopes that the country will assume an examining attitude and reserve full judgment until all complete information is at hand.

Secretary Bryan cabled Ambassador Gerard at Berlin to informally ask the German government for its report on the disaster and to Ambassador Page at London he sent messages urging renewed efforts to aid the suffering and gather information.

Cabinet officers who had planned a week-end holiday away from Washington cancelled their plans.

STONE ISSUES STATEMENT Chairman Stone, of the Senate Foreign Committee, issued a statement counselling calmness and advising "don't rock the boat."

Vastness of Disaster Must Impress Wilson, Says London Editorial

London, May 8, 4:39 a. m.—Discussing editorially the Lusitania disaster, the "Standard" says: "An American citizen is an American citizen whether he be a comparatively obscure passenger on a West African liner, the captain of a tramp steamer, or a millionaire traveling in state on a trans-Atlantic floating palace."

FRENCH ARE INDIGNANT Paris, May 8, 4:40 a. m.—The sinking of the Lusitania has aroused deep indignation here. The press characterizes the torpedoing of the steamer "as an act of supreme cruelty surpassing everything yet perpetrated and violating the most elementary sentiments of humanity."

Only children fear the dark Show others there is nothing to fear in the present situation — and there will be nothing to fear.

Buy-It-Now THE WEATHER For Harrisburg and vicinity: Fair and slightly cooler to-night and Sunday.

WHERE THE LUSITANIA WENT DOWN AND HER COMMANDER, CAPTAIN TURNER



MANY YANKEES ARE AMONG DEAD, BELIEF OF AMERICAN CONSUL

List of Victims of Latest Tragedy Is Now Being Made Up at Queenstown

PROMINENT MEN DROWNED

Names of Vanderbilt, Frohman, Hubbard, Forman and Klein Not on Records

London, May 8.—Fourteen hundred persons lost their lives, the British Admiralty estimates, when the Cunard line steamship Lusitania was torpedoed yesterday afternoon off Old Head, Kinsale, on the Irish coast.

Only children fear the dark This is the time of all time for the U. S. A. to make vast strides. Let's all get busy.

Captain Turner Stood on Bridge Until His Ship Went Down; Saved Later

London, May 8, 8:02 a. m.—Captain Turner, of the Lusitania, stood at his post on the bridge until his ship went down and was rescued three hours afterward wearing a lifebelt, according to D. A. Thomas, the Cardiff, Wales, coal magnate.

BAN ON WAR MOVIES AS RESULT OF THE LUSITANIA'S SINKING

Bitter expressions from people in general on the sinking of the Lusitania brought a ban on war pictures in Harrisburg to-day. Captain of Police Joseph P. Thompson requested managers of local picture theaters to cut out all exhibitions bearing on the European war for a day or two.

U. S. ORDERS INQUIRY; HIGH OFFICIALS SAY SITUATION IS GRAVE

Washington, May 8.—The United States Government to-day directed Ambassador Gerard to make inquiry of the German Government for its report of the facts concerning the sinking of the Lusitania. This became known after conferences between high officials.

PASSENGERS BADE EACH OTHER FAREWELL

Rescue Boats Reaching Queenstown Are Carrying Bodies Found Near Scene

T. R. Defines Disaster as "An Act of Piracy"

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PRESIDENT RECEIVES REPORTS ON DISASTER

Arises Early and, Following Custom, Goes to Links to Play Golf

AWAITING DEVELOPMENTS

U. S. Will Take No Steps Until All Available Information Is Received

Washington, May 8.—President Wilson arose early and read the newspapers and such official dispatches about the Lusitania as had been received before breakfast.

There was every indication at the White House that while President Wilson was deeply shocked at the loss of American lives, he was determined to await developments before determining on a course of action of the United States.

While an air of gravity pervaded the White House, officials went about making arrangements to receive direct all messages being sent to the State Department and keeping the President in close touch with all branches of the government.

German Newspapers Print Story in Big Type and Commend Naval Policy

82 Merchant Vessels Attacked in War Zone

Another Trawler Sunk

\$10,000 FIRE AT HAGERSTOWN

LOSS OF AMERICANS MAY CAUSE AN OPEN BREAK WITH KAISER

142 Yankees Are Now Believed to Have Perished; Berlin Says Destruction of Vessel Is Another Triumph For German Naval Policy; Captain Turner, Rescued, Stood on Ship's Bridge Until It Went Down; Wealthy Men, Theatrical Managers, Playwrights and Authors Are Among the Dead; Extra Session of Congress Talked of in Washington.

Washington, May 8.—The State Department this afternoon announced that 142 Americans are believed to have lost their lives in the Lusitania disaster.

Queenstown, May 8.—The body of Charles Frohman, the theatrical manager of New York, has been recovered and brought to Queenstown where it is now being embalmed.

The latest available information indicates that about two-thirds of the persons on board the Lusitania lost their lives. The number of passengers is given by the Cunard steamship representatives in New York at 1254, and of the crew as 675, a total of 1929.

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(Other Lusitania news on pages 7, 9 and 11.)

Geneva, Switzerland, via Paris, May 8, 3:20 P. M.—The Tribuna publishes a dispatch from Rome saying the Italian government has decided, owing to the recent uprising in Tripoli, to notify Turkey that it considered void the treaty of Lausanne. Such a notification which the Tribuna says would amount to a declaration of war.

Washington, May 8.—Representative Gardner, while at the White House to-day getting permission for some constituents to visit the parlors of the mansion issued a statement on the Lusitania disaster urging that President Wilson deal firmly with Germany and giving his ideas of what Colonel Roosevelt would do. When Secretary Tumulty heard of it he issued a statement says the White House resented Mr. Gardner's "using the executive offices as an annex to his press bureau."

London, May 8, 2:13 P. M.—The feeling of resentment against Germany over the torpedoing of the Lusitania was so strong on the Stock Exchange this morning that the British members united and turned all their fellow members of German origin, and all German clerks, bodily out of the house.

Washington, May 8.—Captain J. B. Miller, of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, is among those missing on the Lusitania. His family at Erie, Pa., telegraphed to the Survey Department to-day for information.

New York, May 8.—Captain Isaac Emerson, father-in-law of Alfred G. Vanderbilt, made public a brief cablegram received to-day from the Vanderbilt agent in London. The sender estimated the number of survivors at 600 and said Mr. Vanderbilt was "still missing."

Berlin, May 8, via London, 3:50 P. M.—Official announcement was made at the German war office to-day that the city of Libau, in the province of Courland, Russia, had been captured by the Germans.

London, May 8, 1:25 P. M.—E. Kilbourne Foote, American vice consul at Chemnitz, is missing according to an announcement made here to-day by the Central News. This organization says Mr. Foote left his post a month ago for America. It is thought that he has been stopped by the German authorities. Mr. Foote is a native of Ohio.