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MONDAY EVENING, MAY 3.

MR. MANNING'S SUGGESTIONS

WARREN H. MANNING'S tentative suggestion for the landscape treatment of the Capitol Park extension area is admirable. There has been much favorable comment upon that feature of his plan which proposes a natural amphitheater at the eastern foot of the Capitol. Such a place long has been needed for the great inaugural ceremonies and other demonstrations of the kind.

Mr. Manning's high standing as a landscape architect and the splendid work he has done throughout the country admirably fits him for a study of the Capitol Park district. Governor Brumbaugh's constructive mind and his great ambition to give Pennsylvania her proper place in the sisterhood of States, afford assurance of broad and comprehensive treatment when the subject shall be taken up this year. Now that most of the property east of the Capitol has been acquired and will be entirely in the hands of the Commonwealth before the next session of the Legislature, immediate steps should be taken to design a plan of park treatment which can be carried out within the next few years.

ROAD TAX

THE farmers of the State have been complaining vociferously for the past year or more concerning road conditions. Governor Brumbaugh and State Highway Commissioner Cunningham have joined efforts to remedy the evils existing.

Pennsylvania ought to have as good roads as any State in the country, if not better. But the farmers should not lay too much blame on the State Highway Department. Neither should they complain if their road taxes are increased, for more than any other people in Pennsylvania they are responsible for present conditions.

At their request the Legislature some years ago added enormously to the State road system, taking over thousands of miles of roads that had been maintained previously by the counties. This was done largely because farmers desired to shoulder the expense of maintenance upon the State at large and, secondly, because the legislators expected the farmers would pass the \$50,000,000 road loan.

This road loan would have taken care of the new construction work for years to come and would have permitted the State Highway Department to concentrate all the revenue appropriated by the Legislature on repairs. But the farmers saw fit to turn down the loan proposition and the State was left with an enormous mileage upon its hands which it found impossible, with the revenues at hand to keep in first-class order. Repairs were neglected not because those in charge had no regard for the roads, but because they had not money enough with which to meet the necessary expense.

Furthermore, the farmers who turned down this road loan would not have been asked to pay one penny of the money necessary for sinking fund and interest. All of it would have been raised by State tax on corporations. The farmers of Pennsylvania were offered something for nothing. The State proposed to build their roads and turn them over for their use at absolutely no cost to them. They declined the offer and they now must share whatever of blame has arisen from unsatisfactory highway conditions in Pennsylvania, and they will have no just complaint if the Legislature finds it necessary to tax them for highway maintenance expenses that must be met in some manner.

CUTTING DOWN EXPENSES

MUCH interest attaches to the announcement of the postoffice officials that they are experimenting with the so-called Telapost system with the idea of quickening the postal service and at the same time saving considerable money on long distance hauls of letter mail. The idea appears to have distinct business value. The possibilities of dropping a stamped letter into a box one evening with the knowledge that it would be delivered in San Francisco, for instance, the morning following are immensely attractive. The sender would receive service that is at present prohibitive and the government would be saved the long letter haul between the coasts.

Multiply one letter by millions and the time and money saved would be almost beyond computation. Few people would begrudge the extra postage required.

Most of the changes urged by Postmaster Burslem and some of those that have been put into effect are designed to cut down expenses, but they are cutting into the efficiency of the department as well. It is pleasing, therefore, to note that the postmaster general has something under consideration that promises to work both ways.

Fishermen say the shad season will be over this year sooner than usual. But we have the consolation that strawberries are coming in earlier than straw.

STATE COLLEGE CLAIMS

THE editor of the Pottsville Journal, H. I. Silliman, takes up the cudgels for State College thus very ably in an editorial in which he sets forth the claims of the institution concisely and convincingly: This college stands alone in not charging tuition. It is located in the country where the cost of living is not excessive; it has no wealthy city or constituents upon whom it can draw for funds or buildings; in sixty years it has been given only two buildings by private donors; in that time it has not been given one dollar of endowment from an individual; it must depend wholly upon the State and national governments. If the college did not grow in public favor and attract a growing number of students, no new buildings would be necessary; but in the past seven years, the total attendance has multiplied three times. This occurred because of the limitation placed on the number admitted during the past three years. Over two hundred have been refused admission each year because of lack of classroom and laboratory space.

These are facts that the college reports set forth at length. They lead to but one conclusion—that State College ought to be first in the consideration of the Legislature when it comes to appropriations. Indeed, this year the college management had excellent reasons for supposing that there would be no difficulty on this score.

There are those who hold that State College should confine itself to agricultural training. To be sure, agriculture should be, and is, one of the essential branches taught there. Indeed, for many years State College was known as the "Farmers' High School." But why should it be so, and why should farmer boys be any more entitled to free education along technical and scientific lines than the city boy? Pennsylvania's mining resources are tremendous and it is only a question of very few years, indeed, until the money invested in electrical enterprises in this State will approach in magnitude the farm investments of the Commonwealth. Also, we are one of the greatest manufacturing communities in the world. Our need for trained mining, electrical and mechanical engineers, is keenly felt. Who is there to say that State College should be required to discriminate against these professions by teaching nothing but agriculture?

England in adding more taxes to liquor is proceeding on the theory that John Barleycorn is no friend of an empty pocketbook.

MUST NOT GO UNPUNISHED

THE world has had another example of the ruthless war methods of Germany in the torpedoing of the American oil steamer Guiltlight and the killing of her captain and two members of her crew. This was done in absolute defiance of the American government. Only a few weeks ago President Wilson sent a message to Germany relative to American rights in the war zone. It was couched in unmistakable terms. In part the President said:

If the commanders of German vessels should act upon the presumption that the flag of the United States was not being used in good faith and should destroy on the high seas an American vessel or the lives of American citizens, it would be difficult for the Government of the United States to view the act in other light than as an indefensible violation of international rights which it would be very hard indeed to reconcile with the friendly relations so happily existing between the two Governments. If such a deplorable situation should arise the imperial German Government can readily appreciate that the Government of the United States would be constrained to hold the imperial German Government to a strict accountability of such acts of their naval authorities and take any steps it might be necessary to take to safeguard American lives and property and to secure to American citizens the full enjoyment of their acknowledged rights on the high seas.

Germany has laughed in the President's face and has dealt death and destruction to American life and property. Nobody in the United States wants war. Our people sicken at the thought of it. The present instance is not sufficient to plunge this nation into the maelstrom of madness and bloodshed in Europe, but there are other ways of punishing Germany for such acts of violence. A nation that pays no heed to international law and which treats noncombatants after the manner of armed vessels of the enemy, has forfeited all consideration as a friendly power. The United States has it within her means to deal Germany a terrible blow commercially, and unless apologies, damages, punishment for the offenders and assurances of future protection for American ships are forthcoming at once, the penalties of international ostracism should be imposed.

Have you room for a window box? Yes? Then get into the Telegraph's flower contest and win a prize.

IMPROVING THE PLAZA CITY COMMISSIONER BOWMAN has announced his intention to combine the practical and esthetic in the treatment of the river embankment at the pumping station. This particular section of the slope has been a problem for some time owing to the rapid current at high stages of the river, and Mr. Bowman's plan has already met the approval of everybody who understands the conditions. The pumping station plaza, as proposed, will be a conspicuous and beautiful feature of the water front.

EVENING CHAT

People with a bent for natural history and men who look after electric lights say that in the last week or so they have found numerous specimens of bugs that are ordinarily not known to be active in this latitude until about the first of June. This is attributed to the fact that the unusually warm weather in April fooled the beetles and crawlers and other insects into believing that summer had come and they came out for their annual careers of annoyance. A couple of big motes that have seldom been known until late in the Spring have been found. Most of the bugs were found early in the week as the cold spell following the storm of Thursday drove them away and those which were discovered were half frozen, showing the effects of the change in temperature. Some entomologists say that the sudden cold spell may bring relief from bugs for as long as the ordinary first visitors will have been killed off or so weakened that they will not be a nuisance. The cooling of the temperature may also have the effect of preventing the second generation of bugs from coming early. Last year it stayed warm from the middle of Spring and there were successive generations of pests without much interruption.

The display of straw hats as an observance of May day did not amount to much in Harrisburg on Saturday and the weather man was called names. A week before people rushed to hat stores and Saturday they decided that the old derby or straw "kelly" could do a little more service. However, a few devotees of fashion were on time even if they did look shabby Saturday and Sunday with their straw hats and some frankly sported overcoats on their arms. Very few straw hats were to be seen in the street cars or jitneys and those who did wear them looked uncomfortable.

The drop in temperature recalls the weather conditions of two years ago when this part of the State woke up about May 10 to find a frost and to discover that the furnaces needed to be fired up. The frost caused much damage on the farms and nipped a good many of the crops. The construction of the fruit crop was not nearly as "total" as claimed in the dispatches from the peach and apple belts.

The unusual April weather has also been responsible for a remarkable advance in the rye crop and the fields in the vicinity of Harrisburg are now only recently sown a big growth. In some places the rye has started to head and the general condition of the stalks is pronounced to be good. The amount of rye sown in this section of the State is of unusual interest as patches are to be found on farms where it was not planted a couple of years ago. The general increase in the wheat acreage in this section is also of interest to those people to put out more rye.

Mayor F. W. Brown, of Franklin, who has attracted some attention by threatening to "ignominiously" fire any city employe guilty of steady drinking is well known here. Mr. Brown was much interested in the third class city legislation last session and has attended many meetings. He has taken a prominent part in affairs of the Third Class City League.

The fires that have been causing damage on the First and Second mountains could very easily be prevented in the opinion of people who have been observing the outbreaks. The cause is divided between a lack of a nese and sparks, say these people and if the land owners would arrange with some one to keep a look out they would save a great deal of money. Dauphin county has suffered loss of thousands of dollars' worth of timber since this time last year, and it is the best argument for the patrol system at danger points.

The chilly weather of Saturday afternoon kept many of the National Guardsmen in this part of the State from going to the mountains for the mountain above the city, although several went out to look over the place where the citizen soldiery are taught to handle the weapons in the field. Indoor or gallery practice has been going on all winter in this city and the men are anxious to try their hands at the range in the woods. The new armory established by the Governor's Troop in the Bethel African Methodist Episcopal Church that was sold to the State for park extension will have good arrangements for indoor work with pistol and rifle.

Tuesday of next week will be the tenth anniversary of the Lochiel wreck, the worst ever known in Harrisburg and one which is still the subject of much discussion among railroad men. It was characterized by some of the most unusual features and the casualty list attracted much attention. The wreck occurred about 1.40 on the morning of May 11 and the hospitals and hotels of Harrisburg were taxed to care for the wounded. The worst previous wreck, known as the Dock street wreck, occurred June 22, 1895.

WELL KNOWN PEOPLE

The Rev. H. Parker Smith, burgess of Verona, was re-elected. He will go to take another charge.

The Rev. James A. Kello, opened the Western Theological seminary commencement yesterday.

Billy Sunday umpired a baseball game in Paterson Saturday.

Judge C. Y. Audenreid presided at the court of the vote of Philadelphia's loan election.

James A. Levy has been placed in charge of the Pittsburgh end of the Made-in-American exhibition.

Congressman W. H. Coleman, of McKeesport, was speaker at the funeral of a boyhood friend. He made the funeral address.

Charlemagne Tower will spend the summer in Vermont.

DO YOU KNOW

That Harrisburg printed magazines go all over the civilized world?

THE LOST DAY

"Friends we have lost a day." Such was the comment of one of the constructive kings of France when his councillors reported lack of accomplishment.

The merchant or manufacturer who fails to get his message before the buyers of this city, through the advertising columns of this newspaper, can re-echo the sentiment.

Each day there is no advertising for you is a day that represents a loss of possible business.

Why lose any day?

LET'S GET UP TO THIRTY-FIVE

Governor Brumbaugh Has Disapproved Almost a Third as Many Bills as He Signed.

JARRETT IN THE FIELD For Senator, Would Be Judge; News of the Legislature and Its Members Today

Governor Brumbaugh has vetoed almost one-third as many of the acts of assembly as he has approved.

Thus far the Governor has given his approval to 121 bills, including a number providing for suits against the State and for refunds of money erroneously paid. Some of the latter class of bills involve less than \$25 and one is for considerably less than the cost of printing the bill.

The veto record, including that of the optometry bill on Saturday night, is thirty-five. Only one effort has been made to pass a bill over his veto and that was unsuccessful.

Over forty bills remain in the Governor's hands to be acted upon. This number will be largely increased during this week as more than 200 bills are on the calendars of the two houses and quite a number are expected to pass.

The general appropriation bill, carrying the appropriations to conduct the State government for the coming two-year period, will be reported to the House finally on Wednesday. Every effort is being made to get it into shape and the final conference will be held with the Governor and heads of departments this week. Last year the bill cost \$3,000,000 in round numbers, but this year it will be from \$2,000,000 to \$2,500,000 less.

The appropriations for construction of highways and for maintenance of the tuberculosis sanatoria and dispensaries will be carried in separate bills.

—Ex-Senator Benjamin Jarrett, of Mercer county, has announced that he will be a candidate for judge of Mercer this fall. Judge A. W. Williams is a candidate for re-election.

Representative "Bill" Adams, of Luzerne, is out with a formal announcement of his candidacy for sheriff of Luzerne.

Senator Charles A. Snyder is a native of Dauphin county. He was born in Pillow.

—Senator John Gyger, of Chester, is said to have the honor of not introducing a bill this session. Representatives also promise to have honors of the kind.

—According to rumors, an agreement on a new housing law for Philadelphia will be reached this week.

—Efforts to reconsider the defeat of the cold storage repealer are under way.

—Representative Warren Graham is a devotee of baseball and likes to sit out and "pass" when the House is not working.

IS "BILLY" SUNDAY SINCERE?

We gathered up Mr. Ackley and went into a front room, where, robed in white pajamas, in the midst of an enormous bed, "Billy" Sunday lay reading a book by the light of an electric lamp over his shoulder.

"Here's a couple of fellows from a New York magazine," said Ackley. "They wanted to shake hands with you."

"Billy" lifted his head with the swift movement of an animal and looked at us with eyes in which cordiality, appreciation and fear gleamed. He chased themselves like wild wind on water. The upper part of his face was extraordinarily alive and expressive; his mouth was strong, mobile, enthusiastic and of a kind of embarrassed grin. He looked at us as if he thought that perhaps we had come to persecute him. He looked at Cardiff, and then at Ackley, for an explanation. The gray thin hair on top of his head was almost invisible, making his face seem incredibly boyish—for "Billy" Sunday is fifty-two. Since the sermon stubble of beard had sprouted on his cheeks and chin, and there were sagging pouches of flesh and tired lines at the corners of his mouth.

"I'm glad to see you, boys," he said, smiling a little doubtfully. "What can I do for you?"

"We sat next to you in the tabernacle last Sunday," we told him. "I heard you speak. But we just thought we would come in and shake hands with you. We wanted to see what kind of a guy you really were."

With a delighted smile he dropped the book and thrust out both hands. "Well, now," he said heartily. "I like that. I'm really glad you came. Sit 'em right down."

His eyes and face were full of easy, childlike enthusiasm. He discovered that I had just come back from Europe.

"I say," he said, in wide-eyed admiration, "there's too many bullets flying around over there for me. A fellow's got to have a good deal of courage to go where there now, hasn't he?"

"We asked him what he thought of the war, and his eyes filled suddenly with tears.

"I think it's the most horrible, awful thing in the whole world," he said earnestly. He was proceeding, but there was a swift rustle of skirts behind us, and the nervous voice of Ma Sunday snapped:—"You villains! Didn't I tell you you couldn't see 'Billy'? What have they been doing, 'Billy'—pumping you?"

She went over to him, pulled up the covers, lifted his head, and turned over the pillow for him.

"Not a pump," laughed "Billy"; "they're just good-natured human beings come to shake hands with me."

"Is 'Billy' Sunday sincere? I think he is. I have seen him absolutely dominate two audiences of twenty thousand people in one day, and I do not believe he could put the fire and passion and enthusiasm into his words and actions if he were not sincere. He is generous, even reckless, with his money—always seems to have no idea of its value. Everyone who talks with him loves him. As to the social, economic and political relations of the world about him, I think he is just ignorant, that's all"—John Reed in the May Metropolitan.

Positive Relief

from the suffering caused by disordered conditions of the organs of digestion and elimination—from indigestion and biliousness—always secured by the safe, certain and gentle action of

Beecham's Pills

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

OUR DAILY LAUGH



PRESS THE QUESTION.

What's your attitude toward the war? I am strictly neutral. I know that, but which side do you hope will win?



AS USUAL

Is your wife willing to economize during the hard times? Yes—she's cut out all my little luxuries already.

SOMETHING TO THE DINNER

By Wing Dinger

I know a chap named Holland And my, how he can cook. He knows enough about it. And all you've got to tell him Is when you'd like to eat. And he'll prepare a dinner That surely can't be beat.

Within the past few weeks, bo I've played two times at golf. And each time I told Holland, Just ere I started off. That when I finished playing I'd very hungry be. And he'd prepare something Quite good to eat, for me.

The first time to the pasture Of golf, I credited My state of perfect fitness— Myself with Holland's cooking. And now I'm sure the game Alone, without the dinner That follows, would be tame.

EFFICIENT VACATION IDEA WIDELY COPIED

[Continued from First Page.]

business organization, like the individuals composing it, is apt to be troubled by a number of diseases. When one group of employees goes away for two weeks, and then another group for two weeks more, you have a continuous state of disruption in the business as a whole. The summer months are poor months for trade, on this account. Business is slack because business is inefficient.

and so has arisen the efficiency vacation. This is literally a resting of the whole organization at one time, for the ultimate well being of it and its members.

"Vacations are a problem from the standpoint of the business head also. Ask any businessman what it means to the total receipts of the business to have to hire and break in new help for the summer months. When the original force tries to meet the total works four men must do five men's work for ten weeks, as they individually take their recreation time. The results to the business are obvious and bad.

"That an entire business should take a vacation seems at first glance foolhardy, in these days of continued effort and vigilance as the price of dividends. That such a policy should bring increased earnings to the company seems still more unlikely. But a simple problem in arithmetic will show the basis for the vacation. There are twelve summer weeks in the year. Take ten weeks of full business activity, and two weeks of no activity, and compare the sum to twelve weeks of half-way effort. The result has been the efficiency vacation, as practised by the Elliott-Fisher Company, of Harrisburg, Pa.

Uses Plant as Model "Here the work of the general offices, factories, and sales offices everywhere, in this country and abroad, is suspended for two weeks in the late summer months. The plan has been in use for four years. June, July and August had always been looked upon as dull months for business in the Elliott-Fisher Company. This was so because a certain percentage of the employees were away during all that time, and the work was consequently in a state of disruption. In the small branch offices the conditions were even worse than in the large ones. Elliott-Fisher maintain sixty-six branches here in the United States and seven abroad. In many of these only one man carries on the work, or at most a manager and assistant. In these small offices, that they might keep open all summer, new assistance had to be procured merely for the two weeks when the manager was out of town. This added appreciably to the expenses of the business, and the new help, with no special responsibility or knowledge, was inefficient.

"Business and industry practically at a standstill for the holiday period, and worse; it would often take the returning manager days or weeks to get the books and general system into shape for a certain percentage of the employees were away during all that time, and the work was consequently in a state of disruption. In the small branch offices the conditions were even worse than in the large ones. Elliott-Fisher maintain sixty-six branches here in the United States and seven abroad. In many of these only one man carries on the work, or at most a manager and assistant. In these small offices, that they might keep open all summer, new assistance had to be procured merely for the two weeks when the manager was out of town. This added appreciably to the expenses of the business, and the new help, with no special responsibility or knowledge, was inefficient.

Other firms following this plan are: Brown and Sharpe Manufacturing Company, of Providence, R. I.; Baker-Vawter Company, of Benton Harbor, Mich.; Stetson Hat Manufacturing Company, and the National Cash Register Company.

DON'T BE UNDECEIVED

If you feel exhausted and weak or tire easily, don't try to brace up on liquor or some patent medicine that will produce the same effect.

It is only temporary, and the reaction leaves you in worse shape than before. What you want is more strength. Father John's Medicine is a pure food medicine; its ingredients are nourishing and strengthening. Nothing equals it as a tonic and body builder for all throat and lung troubles.

Contains no alcohol or injurious drugs. Get a bottle to-day; it will make you strong. Remember, it has been in use fifty years.—Advertisement.

Runaway June and the \$25,000 Hope-Jones Unit Orchestra at the Victoria Today To-morrow—"The Quest"

Flexo A Full Flare Fitted Top Petticoat at 98c THINK OF IT! A fitted top petticoat made of the finest quality mercerized messaline at 98c. They are actually worth \$1.50. Cut on generous lines, to be worn with the new wide skirts, so much in demand just now. "FLEXO" fitted top petticoat is guaranteed for good long service. Sets snugly around the hips and fits without a wrinkle. Made in White, Sand, Black, Navy, Emerald Green, Battleship Gray, Belgium Blue—the White will wash and iron. Witmer Bair & Witmer 202 Walnut St.

IN HARRISBURG FIFTY YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Fire in Bakery Fire was discovered shortly after 11 o'clock to-day in the garret of J. H. Liken's, North and East streets. The roof and part of the interior of the building, which is a bakery and grocery combined, was destroyed.

NEWS DISPATCHES OF THE CIVIL WAR

Plot to Burn Philadelphia "Washington, May 2.—A plot to burn Philadelphia was discovered here. More than 800 conspirators were said to be in league together to lay the city in ashes. A thorough investigation is being made by the authorities.

Monument to Lincoln "Washington, May 2.—An association was formed here to-day to make arrangements for the erection of a large monument in honor of President Lincoln.

Try Representative "Washington, May 2.—Benjamin G. Harris, Representative from Maryland, was brought to trial at general court-martial to-day, charged with violating an article of war.

"My baby may be president some day." "He wasn't born in a log cabin."

"Ah, but I have a birch bark bassinet for him," declared the young mother triumphantly. "How is that for an auspicious start?"—Kansas City Journal.

From the bottom of the deepest hole in the sea to the top of the highest mountain on the land there is a distance of 61,090 feet.

The Patented Red Plug Prevents Slipping SPRING-STEP WALK ON RUBBER CUSHIONS

Already over 4 million people have adopted the new Spring-Step Rubber Heels. Join their ranks and learn the real joy of walking on Spring-Step Rubber Heels.

These new Spring-Step Red Plug Heels cost no more than ordinary rubber heels. Don't accept inferior heels—get "Spring-Steps."

Any reliable dealer or repair shop will put a pair of Spring-Step Rubber Heels on your shoes for 50 cents.

Spring-Step Rubber Heels are made by the Largest Rubber Company in the World.

DON'T BE UNDECEIVED

KING OSCAR 5c CIGARS



"If a man can write a better book, preach a better sermon or make a better mousetrap than his neighbor . . . the world will make a beaten path to his door." For 24 years the regular quality of King Oscar 5c Cigars has monopolized the patronage of particular smokers.