#### **HARRISBURG TELEGRAPH**

PUBLISHED BY ELEGRAPH PRINTING CO.

E. J. STACKPOLE F. R. OYSTER

GUS M. STEINMETZ

Published every evening (except Sunday) at the Telegraph Building, 216 Federal Square. Both phones.

Member American Newspaper Publishers' Association. Audit Bureau of Circulation and Pennsylvania Associated Dallies.

Eastern Office, Fifth Avenue Building, New York City, Hasbrook, Story & New York City, Daniel Brooks.

Western Office, Advertising Building, Chicago, Ill., Allen & Ward.

by carriers a

Delivered by carriers at six cents a week. Mailed to subscribers at \$3.00 a year in advance.

Entered at the Post Office in Harris burg, Pa., as second class matter.

Average for the year 1914—23,213 Average for the year 1913—21,577 Average for the year 1912—21,175 Average for the year 1911—18,851 Average for the year 1910—17,495

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 5

WHERE THE SHOE PINCHES

NE of the many interesting incidents of the great campaign being waged in Pennsylvania for the enactment of a local option law is the way people opposed to the Williams bill are protesting against the methods reported as employed to secure votes for the bill. There are wails going up that patronage is being used, that legislators are being given "orders" to line up, that their visits home are being made unpleasant by committees of citizens ringing their doorbells, calling them up on the telephone and meeting them on the streets to tell them to vote with the Governor and that they are being deluged with letters demanding that they stand for local option.

When one considers the oppressive measures used by the liquor interests in years gone by to defeat local option, the arrogance of some of the lobbyists and the scorn heaped upon men who voted against their wishes, such plaints are absurd.

Things are different now and the

#### THE BIG PROBLEM

OTWITHSTANDING local option, compensation and other proposed legislation are looming large in the Legislature just now there is confronting the appropriations ommittees of the two houses of the General Assembly one of the greatest problems in years.

Owing to business conditions the estimated revenues are short of what they were two years ago. The expenses of the State government have increased and through enactment of compensation will be still further augmented. There are demands for increased grants for highway department and for education, for charities and for the care of the dependents.

Few revenue raisers that would give immediate relief has been suggested. In fact, it is doubted if some of those proposed would give much help be-fore 1917. The appropriations committees are trying to make Father Penn's suit for the next year out of an income that has declined. It is a problem that means hard work and the result should be accepted. We can not

#### OUR VAST TERRITORY

NE gets some idea of the size announcement that there

be judged when it is known that the watershed of the Columbia river and its tributaries embraces an area and properties. the United States and an additional 50,000 in British Columbia, making a territory larger than the German Empire and larger than the entire New sey, Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia combined. The soil, resources and climatic conditions of this territory are of such a nature as to stamp it among the world's greatest productive regions, which ultimately, when fully developed, will be able to sup-port, proportionately, the largest population of any similar section of the globe.

The opening of the Columbia river and its tributaries, which will be given emphasis by the dedication of the Dalles-Celilo canal, marks an impor tant step in the transportation and industrial welfare of the region to be served. The United States Government, listening to the pleas of fore seeing men of the Pacific, has invested, through rivers and harbors appropriations covering a period of over twenty years, large sums of money for the imyears, large sums of money for the Improvement of this waterway, both at its entrance and along its reaches. its entrance and along its reaches.
People of the Columbia valley will that the farmers who fixed reasonable make the week of May 3-8, 1915, the occasion of their expression of appreciation of the generosity of the generosity of the general government. eral government.

As has often been pointed out, waterways are creators of prosperity. The improvement of the river Main, Germany—a stream only 310 men would do well to investigate. miles long and draining an area of 11,000 square miles—brought about a wonderful increase in trade, industry, population and wealth to a

years. The Columbia drains an aret of 250,000 square miles, the settle ment of which has scarcely been be gun. In this vast territory are re-sources of forests and fields, of mines and water powers sufficient to form the

physical basis of an empire.

The completion of this canal, which carries the cheapest form of transportation into the heart of such a terri-tory, is like the opening of a door to unlimited possibilities. The one re gret that the completion of this great enterprise arouses is that similar waerways in Pennsylvania were permit ted to be forever blotted from the map by the encroachments of railroads.

RETURN TO SANITY

LIHU ROOT, speaking before the Union League of Philadelphia not long since, addressed hearers on a high plane ought when he said:

hearers on a high plane of thought when he said:

What happens to-day or to-morrow is of little consequence. The tendencies of a nation are all that count. If we permit the count if we permit the count if we permit a great load in count of the consequence of the count of a free people will be destroys!: that is, the independence of indit, dual character. I grieve to see business halting, to see men out of work, to see honest people deprived of their income, to see the pains of contracting expenditure in the household, to see the unemployed on the street; but all of that is nothing compared with the danger that the people of the United States shall become subservient to pared with the danger that the people of the United States shall become subservient to pared with the danger that the people of the United States shall become subservient to pared with the danger that the people of the United States shall become subservient to pared with the danger that the people of the United States shall become subservient to pared with the danger that the people of the United States shall become subservient to pared with the danger that the people of the United States shall become subservient to pared with the danger that the province of the people of the lower of the people of the United States shall become subservient to the pared with the danger that the people of the lower of the states of the sta

rs, with the exception of ex-Presi dent Taft, are capable of voicing their observations so strongly or to phras them so well. But ex-Senator Root's conclusions vary little from those of the man in the street when reduced to common thought that we are over lawed. Any day you may hear one man say to another, "It would be a good thing for the country if Congress would not meet again for twenty years." Our people are sick of regu lations for every form of public and private enterprise. They are disgusted with the thought of governmental supervision of their every act.

When Woodrow Wilson was elected it was with the promise of a simplified government. There was much pre-elec tion prating of "Jeffersonian simplic-ity" and "new freedom," but the present administration's one characteris tic has been interference with indi idual initiative and activity.

Ex-Senator Root's warning that the mere election of a Republican president and a Republican Congress next year will mean little unless there is to be a change of methods at Washington is timely. But let him not fear, The one thing that the Republican na-tional platform in 1916 will pledge will be a return to sanity in govern ment and an expression of faith the good old Anglo-Saxon belief in the ability of the people to govern themselves, instead of having their lives regulated in accordance with the views of a parcel of bureau chiefs and political hirelings. One of the prime attributes of the American is that he knows when he has had enough, and this in one of the times.

PARCEL POST AND THE FARM ARMERS and city people who have been doubtful as to the ad-

vantages of the parcel post as a means of limiting the activities of the much-abused middleman might read with profit of the success of this department of the postal service in Philadelphia and elsewhere. According to a report of the department just made, green grocers and even butchers in the country towns and in some cases the farmers themselves, through the of the United States through organization of co-operative selling agencies, are collecting the farm pro-duce of their locality and marketing Dast few days a canal in Oregon 929 miles in length which few people in the individual farmer's list of mailmiles in length which few people in the East knew anything about. This the East knew anything about. This as gigantic enterprise and one that any nation might boast about, yet its inception and progress have excited nothing more than a passing one-line the individual farmer's list of main lends that were native almost order customers grows so rapidly that high winds were almost hidden by the clouds of dust.

The high winds of Saturday did not do operative or privately managed, take nothing more than a passing one-line the individual farmer's list of main lends that were native or almost hidden by the clouds of dust.

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> offered for sale have been included. In several of the cities, however, prices

were added. In Philadelphia, Postmaster John D Thornton not only circularized the rural districts, but addressed a "consumer's application blank" to 62,000 Philadelphia householders. In this way a large list of city people who expressed a desire to try the parcel as a means of marketing was obtained.

The names of about 350 registered producers were then distributed among the city consumers who had shown number of parcels of farm produce passing through the Philadelphia of fice increased about eighty a day.

Expansion of direct exchange wa hampered at Philadelphia, Mr. Thorntan reports, because the farmers often named prices higher than those charg-ed in the city markets. In many cases the midwinter farmers' quotations for eggs ranged from 50 to 70 cents a

Evidently there is much room for development along this line in the fertile and productive Central Pennsyl-Live farmers and poultryvania field.

AN EVENING THOUGHT

To be happy is not the purpose of our being, but to deserve happi-ness,—Fichte.

## **EVENING CHAT**

Harrisburg being a State capital is pretty well used to demonstrations of a public character, especially in favor of legislation, and every session in the last a big outpouring of people, but it is doubtful whether anything attempted heretofore will approach the demonstration planned for the city to-morrow. For it should be remembered that while some of the most eminent men of the Commonwealth, men of great talent for organization, have laid the plans for the pilgrimage to Harrisburg of the hosts in support of local option that there will be an effort made by those opposed to the legislation to make a counter demonstration and in some communities at least, men affiliated with the "wets" will endeavor to match the delegations of the "divs." The interest in the hearing to be held has been well worked but the held has been well worked but here will doubtless be many people here who will essaye the city. The average man does not understand, apparently, that hearings are but preliminary to committee action on bills and while the size of a crowd has a big effect, all the people of Pennsylvania massed on the banks of the Susquehanna could not pass the bill, the organic law providing that a measure must be read three times on three separate days in each house. But there is no question but that the demonstration to-morrow will speed on the bill. The misconceptions about legislative procedure are as varied as it is possible for them to be and courses in civil government are apparently needed in the schools, Judging from many remarks heard at the Capitol during "rush" days.

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from many remarks heard at the Capitol during "rush" days.

But to return to demonstrations. This year local option will be the big thing. The trainmen and conductors last week had a real sizable demonstration and there will be a dozen at the compensation and other bills had notable hearings, but their crowds did not touch the mass of people that gathered to support the opponents of the full crew law. Last session the All-Philadelphia bills brought to Harrisburg several thousand Philadelphians for a speech-making fest and the year before the Pittsburgh-Scranton bills resulted in a demonstration that was worth while, not only in point of numbers, but from the make-up of the delegation. In 1909 local option jammed the Capitol on the occasion of a big hearing, which was followed by immediate committee action on the bill. Pure food and local option were the occasion of 1907 and currously enough in that year the local option bill got the highest number of votes ever known for it in the House. On the question of putting the bill on the calendar the vote was 95 to 94. One vote separated the "wets" and the "drys." Since then the vote of the local optionists has been going back, but this is another year and there will be a different tale to tell. Old-timers, as those who survive a dozen sessions are known, recall the days of Magee and Flinn, who were past masters in getting up demonstrations and who used to bring to the city delegations during sessions of the Legislature to show how deeply the people felt on certain legislative matters, the feeling of the people being more or less graded by the number of passes.

Legislative demonstrations, like those made during political conven-

Legislative demonstrations, like those made during political conventions, undoubtedly have their uses, but in the present day of no passes they are a mighty strong indication of how deeply the backers feel on bills. It is doubtful if anything in recent years can touch the local option demonstration which has interested rich and poor, manufacturer, skilled man and laborer. Religious and social centers when stirred up on any proposition vital to welfare are capable of producing surprises.

It was an odd sight that people who were about Union Station saw yesterday morning during the brilliant sunshine. Train after train came into the city from the East with cars covered by snow. Some of the trains arriving early yesterday morning looked as though they had been in the midst of blizzards, while freight cars going west were plastered with snow as they ordinarily appear in the depth of winter. Reading trains that came in last night left this morning with snow still clinging to the roofs of cars.

While farmers in Chester and Montgomery were digging their way through snow to go out and feed the stock Saturday afternoon, farmers in Susquehanna township were ploughing and folks in the Swatara were making garden. People who took automobile rides through the country Saturday afternoon remarked the fact that farmers were not bothering about the winds or the chill air, but were getting the ground ready for Spring sowing. Unfortunately the ground is pretty dry, but the April showers are due. Possibly the heavy snow in the eastern counties will be a great benefit for it will result in lots of moisture, something that is needed hereabouts, if things are to bloom. Some of the fields that were harrowed on Saturday during the high winds were almost hidden by the clouds of dust. While farmers in Chester and Mont

#### WELL KNOWN PEOPLE

—Thomas E. O'Donnell, president of the new trolley line that connects Phoenixville with some adjoining towns, made a speech from the first car that entered the borough.

—David J. Smythe, special deputy attorney general in the moving picture matter, was formerly a director of safety in Philadelphia.

#### - DO YOU KNOW-

That Harrisburg billing machines are used by quartermasters of

### The Dancing Craze

"The dancing craze is absolutely over," said the blase Man About Town in the early fall and winter.

"Mark my words, its bubble of popularity has been pricked." And we waited for the predic-tion to come true.

And it never did! For if dancing is on the wane, it isn't noticeable.

Which means that shoes continue to be one of the most important items of the costume today, particularly since the short skirt has come "in." The advertising columns of the Telegraph which catalog the styles of the times, are showing daily announcements of importantant shee displays. It will be well worth your while to follow these announcements with care.

tain who has any schemes in the air.

—The Westmoreland County Bar Association has endorsed Superior Court Judges Orlady and Head for reelection. Other counties have been active in the same direction.

—Lycoming county's Democratic committee re-elected Chairman Harris Spotts without bloodshed on Saturday.

—Representative Vickerman, who is the chief aid to Chairman Williams for local option, publishes a newspaper in Allegheny county. He is an energetic member and has handled some important work in behalf of the bill.

—Senator Vare is out for a million dollars for Philadelphia's port. He will press for it and the appropriations committeemen are nunting where to get it.

—Judge Henry Nell, of Chicago, who is the author of the Illinois mothers' pension plan, is coming here this week to address members of the Legislature on the subject. The amount of the appropriation has not been worked out.

—Among the varied accomplish-

the appropriation has not been worked out.

—Among the varied accomplishments of Representative H. W. Cromer is a record of three years' service in the Eighteenth regiment.

—Representative Milliron appears to have taken the place of Charles A. Snyder as the teachers' friend in the House. He was a school teacher for twenty years.

House. He was a school teacher for twenty years.

—Representative Fred Beyer, of Philadelphia, is a lawyer and is one of those who do not subscribe to local option or woman suffrage.

—Representative W. M. Mearkle, of Allegheny, is a member of the Bar of Cumberland county. He studied law at Dickinson and entered the bar at Carlisle, later removing to Pittsburgh.

law at Dickinson and entered the bar at Carliske, later removing to Pittsburgh.

—W. N. McNair, of Pittsburgh, who ran against Heinrich Houck last campaign, was here on Sunday for a short time. He came to visit his old home in Middletown.

—Representative S. A. Whitaker of Phoenixville, is being talked of as the next senator from Chester county. His service in the House has been able and he has attracted much attention by his level headed way of dealing with things.

—According to rumors William Finn may look in on the scene this week. He will not attract as much attention as he did two years ago. Then he was somewhat of a boss. This time he will be a mere spectator.

—The full crew bill is due to be

The full crew bill is due to be acted upon by committee to-morrow if there is not too much excitement. The bill will be reported out.

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—Considerable interest is being aroused by the coming of the delegation of Pittsburghers to the Capitol on Wednesday to protest against repeal of the nonpartisan ballot law and it is expected that many of the ment active in crusades of a few years ago will be here. Recently a meeting was held at Pittsburgh under the auspices of the Allied Boards of Trade at which the law and the bill were discussed, and the some attention because of what was said about the lawmakers. According to the Pittsburgh Dispatch: "Adopt to the Pittsburgh Dispatch:

By William F. Kirk

"It's awful the way that folks talk about folks."
Said Mrs. Mehitabel Spud;
"It's hard enough going to carry our yokes
Without gittin' covered with mud.
I know Sally Jenkins has got a bad know Sally seasons name And think that her brother's a hound; I know that Jake Lee stole some chickens from me—
But why should I tell it around?

But way should I tell it around?

"It's true that the Langdons don't pay up their bills.
And can't get no credit no more; I know that insurance helped Emily!

Mills
The time she set fire to her store.
There's lots of mean stories that spring out of jokes
When people can't keep their mouths tight; It's awful the way some folks talk about folks,
And it makes me so mad I could fight."

#### **DANGEROUS DEBILITY**

DANGEROUS DEBILITY

Debility may result from a number of causes—worry, after-effects of acute illness, lack of nourishment due to disordered digestion, or anything that makes the blood thin, thereby preventing it from carrying health and nourishment to the tissues of the body.

The symptoms of debility vary, but weakness is always present, often a tendency to fatigue easily, ringing in the ears, black spots passing before the eyes, weak back, dizziness, wakefulness caused by inability to stop thinking, and unrefreshing sleep.

Debility is dangerous because it weakens the body's defense against disease. For instance, debilitated people take cold easily and winter is always a trying time for them. When one cold follows another the system surely needs building up.

The treatment cf. such run-down conditions with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is based on sound medical principles and common sense. These pills build up the blood so that it nourishes every part of the body, nerves as well as muscles, and brings vigor, strength and health.

Mention this paper and we will mail you the booklet. "Building Up the Blood." Address: Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Your own druggist sells Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.—Advertisement.

### OUR DAILY LAUGH

and gets many



[From the Telegraph of April 5, 1865.]
Governor Issues Proclamation
Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of this
State, issued a proclamation to-day
asking the people to meet Sunday in
the churches and give thatiks for the
recent victories of the Union troops in
the South.

Plan Big Celebration
Citizens are asked to be present at
a meeting in the Courthouse to make
plans for a tremendous celebration of
the capture of Richmond.

Start Capitol Extens

# NEWS DISPATCHES OF THE CIVIL WAR

[From the Telegraph of April 5, 1865. Rebels Fire Forts

Rebels Fire Forts

Fortress Monroe, April 4.—Big fires in many of the rebel outworks and forts were reported to this place. Wan vessels fired a salute in honor of the victory of General Grant.

Lee's Army Retreating

Washington, April 4.—Lee's army is retreating on double quick time. Union troops under Grant are trying to head off the rebels. Grant is near Lynchburg.

Sherman Again at Newbern Newbern, April 4.—General Sherman returned from Fortress Monroe to this place to-day. The army is resting at present.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

THE FEDERAL BIRD LAW

To the Editor of the Telegroph:

Saturday, March 27 issue of the Telegraph contained an article entitled, "Wild Duck May Be Hunted," in which Dr. Kalbfus, secretary of the State Game Commission, quotes Pennsylvania's laws on the open season for hunting wild ducks, geese, etc., under which it would be lawfut to kill wild fowl up to Apri. 10.

In the same issue we find an article entitled, "Pollack Decision Not Feared," written by the president of the National Game Conservation Association, in which he states the Federal law is in force throughout the United States except the district over which Federal Judges Pollack, of Kansas, and Trieber, of Arkanisas, preside, these judges having the district over which Federal Judges Pollack, of Kansas, and Trieber, of Arkanisas, preside, these judges in the content of the content of the the district over which Federal Judges Pollack, of Kansas, and Trieber, of Arkanisas, case Judge Trieber held that the tovereign rights of migratory birds were in the States wherein they happened to be, from which decision the supporters of the law, as it now is, appealed to the United States Supreme Court, contending that migratory birds are commerce.

In order that the gunners of this vicinity may know the exact status of the migratory bird law in Pennsylvania, I enclose you a copy of a letter from J. E. Mercet, of the Bureau of Biological Survey, Washington, D. C. "Mr. S. H. Garland.

"Toar sir: I have your letter of the Garland." The perfect of the Status of the Migratory full force and effect. It is the purpose of the department with energy and vigilance to secure all possible information of violations that occur in Penntion of violation





# Runaway June

and the \$25,000 Hope-Jones Unit Orchestra at the

Victoria Today

Cut your work in half. All kinds of soap-and-water work better done, easier done,



Only cool or lukewarm water is needed—and no hard rubbing or scrubbing

It's new, it's sweet, it's a wonder worker. Fels-Soap Powder

sylvania, and the other states, for prosecution. We have three years from the date of the offense in which to make out the cases. We will in plenty of time call the violators to account. I very much appreciate your interest as indicated by your letter and hope that we may have your further co-operation along these lines.

"Sincerely,
"Administrative Assistant of Migratory Bird Law."

This letter coming from the department that has the enforcement of this act is authority on the subject, and should be a warning to any sportsmen to hesitate before he violates the provisions of the Federal law.

No one should be mislead by the statement of the Secretary of the Game

Commission; he has only quoted State law will daw over which the Federal law will take precedence. For one to take a gun out at the present time to kill will ask present the present that has the cleense and tag must be stamped with the year for which the act is authority on the subject, and should be a warning to any sportsmen to hesitate before he violates the provisions of the Federal law.



# Just Remember

This fact, you men of critical tobacco tastes---accidents do not happen regularly for 24 years! That's how long

# King Oscar 5c Cigars

have been regularly good.

Where's there a record of a cigar being on the job to equal this

# Good Reasons For Buying Coal Now

1-You save 50c on each 2,000 lbs.

The money spent for coal this month is equal to an investment earning more than

2-You get better quality coal.

The coal is not rushed through the breakers in an effort to fill all orders received as is the case in winter. The less time taken the poorer the preparation.

3-You get less slate in coal.

The busier the mine operators are the faster the coal goes past the breaker boys, who pick out the slate. The result is lots of slate gets past the boys-you get the slate.

4-You get cleaner coal.

Coal shipped in winter is often frozen solid in the cars. Sometimes it is necessary to use picks and bars to remove the coal.

Being wet and frozen, it is impossible to screen out the fine dirt.

Place your order today.

United Ice & Coal Co.

Hummel and Mulberry 15th and Chestnut

Also Steelton, Pa.