HARRISBURG



TELEGRAPH

LXXXIII- No. 182

GERMAN INVASION OF BELGIUM FORCES ENGLAND TO MOBILIZE

CLEARING HOUSE TO ISSUE CERTIFICATES TO MEET SITUATION

Decision in New York Reached After Conference With McAdoo and Others

MORE CURRENCY IN NEW YORK

Washington Sends Sub-Treasury Between \$40,000,000 and \$50,000,000

New York, Aug. 3.—The Clearing House at a meeting to-day decided to clearing house certificates to meet the currency situation brought about by the European war crisis.

about by the European war crisis.

The decision to issue certificates was reached after a general discussion of the foreign situation and its bearing on business conditions here. It was the unanimous opinion that in view of the foreign situation every means had been adopted to protect the country's gold supply.

An additional resolution was adopted making available in payment of balances all forms of currency issued on authority of the national government. This indicates the desire by the bankers to use freely the currency issued to the National Currency Association to the fullest extent for the requirements of their correspondents ind the needs of interior exchange.

Secretary McAdoo, of the Treasury Department, 'who came from Washington last night to attend a conference with New York bankers, started back for the capital at 9.30 o'clock to-day.

Secretary McAdoo, just before he

to-day.

Secretary McAdoo, just before he left the city, said:

"We are going to work together to relieve the positions of Americans abroad, and anything that the government can do in their behalf will be done."

done."
"If American bankers ship gold to
England," Mr. McAdoo was asked,
"will it violate our neutrality?"
"I cannot pass on that," he said.
John Skelton Williams, Comptroller

[Continued on Page 5]

Emperor Bill Hasn't a Thing on Maggie When It Comes to War

ctor.
"Fightin'," grunted Ervin.
"Fightin' who?"
"Muh girl," growled the bleeding tim of the combat. "And she bit to thumbs, she did, and hit me on a nose with a broken lamp. No, sir, mperor Eill hasn't anything on my aggie when it comes to war."

Caillaux Reported Shot by a Son of Calmette

Special to The Telegraph
London, Aug. 3.—It is rumored in Viette, France, to-day that the 17-year-old son of Gaston Calmette has murdered Joseph Caillaux, whose wife killed his father. Confirmation of the rumor is impossible so far.

Late News Bulletins

COALITION GOVERNMENT PROBABLE

London, Aug. 3.—The Evening Standard says there is every probability of the formation of a coalition government in the British Isles to tide over the present crisjs. Andrew Bonar Law, the Marquis of Lansdowne and Arthur J. Balfour, three Opposition leaders, where in consultation with cabinet ministers to-day.

New York, Aug. 3.—Decision to enforce the sixty-day clause before withdrawal of deposits was reached to-day by members of the New York State Savings Bank Association. All savings banks in the State are, affected. There was no disorder during the forenoon at any of the private banks on the East Side, the bulk of whose depositors are foreigners. Chicago, Aug. 3.—Sensational declines took place this afternoon in the price of hogs. Prices broke as much as fifty cents on the hundredweight.

Washington, Aug. 3.—All restrictions on the amount of comments.

in the price of hogs. Prices broke as much as fifty cents on the hundredweight.

Washington, Aug. 3.—All restrictions on the amount of currency which may be issued under Section 5 of the Bank Law was removed to-day by the House in an amendment, passed 231 to 6 and hurried over to the Senate.

Saltillo, Mex., Aug. 2.—An advance on Mexico City of over 70,000 well armed and equipped constitutionalists soldiers was begun to-day on orders from General Carranza.

Havana, Aug. 3.—The British cruiser Berwick left here at midnight with all her lights extinguished.

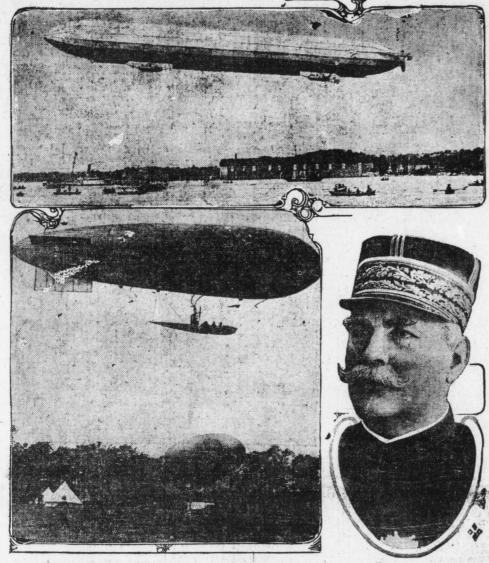
Chicago, Aug. 3.—Chicago banks o-day began he use of certificates in the Clearing House and put into effect the 60-days' notice for the withdrawal of deposits in sav-ings banks. The plan follows that enforced in New York.

Washington, Aug. 3.—American ambassadors in Europe have been instructed to issue "ambassador's orders" or checks in exchange for letters of credit, travelers' checks or express money orders.

Irapuato, Granajuato, Mex., Aug. 3.—General Alvaro Obregon, commander of the division of the Northwest, arived to-day and his troops are mobilizing here forthe movement on Mexico City.

J. V. W. ynders this afternoon announced that up to the present time only five men have left the employ of the Pennsylvania Steel Company out of a total of 6,000 with the announced purpose of joins ing the military forces in Europe.

AIRCRAFT TO PLAY GREAT PART IN EUROPE'S WAR



Cancellation of Foreign Orders, Due to European War, Is Cause of Action

By Associated Press

Allentown, Pa., Aug. 3. - The Allentown plant of the Ameri-COTTON OIL EXCHANGE CLOSED

By Associated Press
New York, Aug. 3.—The cotton oil exchange did not open to-day. Business may be resumed to-morrow, though the exchange may remain closed longer if it is deemed wise.

can Steel and Wire Company,
employing 900 men, has shut down almost completely to-day
because of cancellation of foreign orders, due to the war.

Brussels, Aug. 3.—Martial law has been decreed throughout France and Algiers. Reports concentration in France are most satisfactory.

Brussels, Aug. 3.—According to the newspaper Etoile Belge, German troops have reached Vise, on the River Meuse, only troops have reached Vise, on the River

WAR BULLETINS

London, Aug. 3.—Dowager Empress farla Feodorowna of Russia, sister of tween Mother Alexandra, was to-day topped in Berlin on her way to St. Pe-tersburg and given the choice of re-turning to England or going to Copen-nagen.

London, Aug. 3.—A Brussels dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph says that the Belgian cabinet's response to the German note offering an entente if Belgium would facilitate the movement of German troops has been given

Vienna, Aug. 3.—The Militaerische Rundshau states that serious fighting Is in progress on the River Drina. Bands of Servian volunteers who are attempting to cross the river are opposed by Austria-Hungarian frontier guards. The Servians fired on their own river boats, killing and injuring many men.

Last Great War Begun Exactly 44 Years Ago

Forty-four years ago to-day the first blow was struck in the last great European conflict, the Franco-Frussian War of 1870-71.

French and Prussian troops had been massing near the frontier for several weeks when France decided on August 1, 1870, to invade German for the following day and moved on the town of Saarbuceken. The Prussian garage and the place was occupied. The Germans recaptured it four days later.

Second Fly Contest of the Civic Club

\$5 for first prize; several other prizes, and 5 cents a pint for all flies brought in on the 26th of September.

Going on a Vacation?

Don't forget to have the Telegraph nt you while you are away. sent you while you are saway.
You will have plenty of time to
digest its happenings.
The cost is just the same as when
you are home. Six cents a week.
A postal addressed to the Circulation Department will bring you the
next issue.

Berlin, Aug. 3. — French soldiers crossed the frontier Saturday night at Laschlucht, a small village in the Vo-seg mountains. Shots were fired on the German post, but no damage was

London, Aug. 3.—A late dispatch from Paris says two officers and twenty men of a German patrol were killed at Longwy and that the German attack was repelled.

Copenhagen, Aug. 3.—The Finnish steamer Primula, which left Lubeck Saturday night for Helsingfors with fifty passengers aboard, was seized by Germans. The passengers were allowed to go aboard the steamer Nalmoe, which arrived here to-night.

Paris, Aug. 3.—Martial law has been decreed throughout France and Algiers. Reports concerning the military concentration in France are most satisfactory.

Brussels, Aug. 3.—According to the newspaper Etolle Belge, German troops have reached Vise, on the River Meuse, only twelve miles northeast of Liege, Belgium.

Berlin, Aug. 3.—The invasion of two-day, when the First Battalion of the One Hundred and Flity-fifth Instanty with a machine guin company occupied Kallsz, in Russian Poland. The German infantry, which had made a rapid advance from Ostrowo, in Prussian Poland, was accompanied by the First Regiment of German Uhlans,

[Continued on Page 2]

THE WEATHER

River
River
stationary to-night and Tuesday.
A time of about 1.3 feet is indicated for Harrisburg Tuesday
morning.

Showers and thunderstorms have occurred generally in the last twenty-four hours from the Lake region eastward to the Atlantic coast and in the Carolinas, Alabama, Western Louisiana, Western Tennessee and Eastern Missouri, the heaviest rains reported falling at Memphis and Atlantic City.

It is slightly warmer than on Saturday morning in the Atlantic States. It is 2 to 10 degrees cooler in the States along the northern border from New York warmer than the States. The series in the Control of the States along the northern border from New York was the series in Northern Utah.

Temperature 8 s. m. 70.

Temperature 8 a. m., 70. Sun: Rises, 5:04 a. m.; sets, 7:17 p. m.
Moon: Full moon, August 5, 7:41
a. m.
River Stage: 1.3 feet above low
water mark.

Yesterday's Weather Highest temperature, 80. Lowest temperature, 61. Mean temperature, 61. Normal temperature, 74.

Troops of Russia, France and Germany Engaged in **Battles Along Frontiers**

German and Russian Warships Fight Off Aland Islands; Russian Vessels Forced to Take Refuge in Gulf of Finland; German Cruiser Bombards Russian Port; Merchant Vessels of Germany and Russia Seized and Crews Ordered to Leave; Fighting is Reported at Many Points and Germany's Violation of Belgium's Neutrality Promises to Cause Serious Trouble; Italy Will Remain Neutral

London, Aug. 3.—It was officially stated here today that the British army would mobilize to-morrow.

Brussels, Aug. 3.—All wire communication between Germany and Belgium was

Stockholm, Sweden, Aug. 3.-A battle was fought yesterday between the German and Russian fleets off the Aland Islands and resulted in the Russians being driven back. The Russian war vessels took refuge in the Gulf of Finland where they still remained

Rome, Aug. 3.—Italy to-day formally proclaimed her neutrality in the European

German troops invaded Russian Poland to-day and occupied the town of Kalisz.

The German army violated the neutrality of Belgium, of which Great Britain is protector.

German troops occupied the Belgian town of Arlon. Belgium had previously refused to consider an ultimatum offering a certain agreement with Germany in case Belgium agreed to facilitate the movements of the German army.

So grave is the situation regarded that a coalition government of all parties probably will be formed in the British Isles, while it was generally expected that Field Marshal Earl Kitchener was to be appointed minister of war.

Dowager Empress Maria of Russia was stopped by the Germans in Berlin on her way to Russia

and told to return to London or go to Denmark.

The Russian naval port of Libau, on the Baltic, was bombarded by a German cruiser, which was also engaged with a Russian cruiser.

The German fleet was reported sailing into the North sea, where the British fleet is said to be concentrated.

The German ambassador had not yet left Paris to-day. Fighting between Russian and German cavalry patrols on the frontier resulted in slight losses.

French officers are reported to have attemped to cross the Dutch frontier into Germany, but un-French airmen are said to have made daring flights over German territory.

German cavalry is reported to have crossed the French frontier near Belfort and tried to

Martial law was proclaimed throughout Franc: where the mobilization and concentration of the

ious armies have been carried out satisfactorily

The German authorities accuse the French of violating neutrality and of crossing the frontiers before the declaration of war.

Neutral Luxemburg is occupied by 100,000 German troops.

London, Aug. 3.-Violation of neutral territory by Germany, daring frontier raids by German, Russian and French troops, clashes between outposts, the bombardment of a Russian Baltic port by a German warship, and the seizure of merchant ships by Russia and German constituted the striking features to-day of the war on which virtually the whole continent of Europe has started. The position to be taken by the British empire remained still to be decided this morning but it

ras learned that Germany's seizure of Belgian territory would be a deciding factory which would lead Britons to take the sword in hand, as under the treaty of London of 1839 Great Britain stands pledged to maintain Belgium's neutrality. Evidences were not lacking of the grave view of the situation taken by all classes in the United

Kingdom. The leaders of the opposition parties were called into council by the cabinet and it was reported that the cancellation of Field Marshal Early Kitchener's return to Egypt was a prelude to his appointment as minister of war.

It was asserted in authoritative quarters that due warning had been given to Germany yesterday of the intention of the British navy to take instant action in case a German soldier should set foot on Belgian soil. In spite of this and of the prompt refusal by the Belgian government to accept that agreement offered by Germany as the price of the violation of Belgian neutrality, German forces penetrated the little buffer state at two points on their way to the French frontier.

The German point of view in regard to the situation thus brought about was explained at the German embassy as follows: "The German general staff has been reliably informed that French troops are assembling in great

numbers on the Belgian frontier preparatory to crossing.

"The German government therefore informed the Belgian government that if for stragetical reasons German troops were compelled to traverse Belgian territory this move should not be considered in any way a warlike measure directed against Belgium, but only as a necessity imposed by French initiative and that if Belgium offers no armed resistance to such a movement Germany will guarantee the Belgian government the maintenance of its territorial integrity and sovereignty and the full-

est compensation for any inconvenience caused by the passage of the imperial troops. The German embassy also stated that it was quite certain no questions would arise in connection with German troops crossing the Dutch frontier or in any way interfering with that neutrality.

Paris, Aug. 3.—The invasion of French territory by German troops is regarded in official circles here as making war betwee nthe two countries start automatically without a formal declaration.

French Doctor Shot After Attempting to Poison Wells at Metz Russians Lose Twenty

Poison Wells at Metz

By Associated Press

London, Aug. 3.—Telegrams from the chief of the German staff received at the German Embassy here asset that a French doctor with two assistants tried to poison the wells near Metz with cholera microbes. The doctor was tried by court-martial and then shot.

Another French party, according to Russians Lose Twenty

Attacking Johannisburg

By Associated Press
Allenstein, East Prussia, Germany, Aug. 3.—The fighting on the Lussian troops are believed to have numbered about twenty men while the Germans have not lost any killed, although several have been slightly wounded.

French party, according to Lyck on the Russian frontier has been out and also the light railroad running to Diottowen. The loss of the Russian troops are believed to have numbered about twenty men while the Germans have not lost any killed, although several have been slightly wounded.

War News on Pages 2, 4, 9, 10, 11)

the same source of information, endeavored to blow up a strategic tunnel near Cochem, on the Moselle. All were shot. The railroad from Johannisburg to