THE STAR AND BANNER.

GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, April 24.

D. A. BUEHLER, EDITOR.

American Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR.

DAVID WILMOT, of Bradford County.

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

JAMES PARDON, of Fayette County.
JOSEPH J. LEWIS, of Chester County.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER.

WILLIAM MILLWARD, of Philadelphia.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION IN LOUISVILLE.—The election in Louisville for Mayor, &c., resulted in a complete American triumph. The whole American ticket, from the highest to the lowest officer, was elected by a majority of about five thousand of all the votes in it. The *Journal*, in noticing the result, says it is of itself a sufficient refutation of all the slanders upon the American party of Louisville.

Deserting the Foul Democracy.

Both of the Cabinet officers of George Shunk—Gen. John N. Purviance of Butler and John Laporte of Bradford—are on the American Republican State Committee. Those men are both *true* Democrats, and republicans that *sportions* Democracy, which was but one purpose: the increase of the Slave Power by the extension over new Territories, of the institutions, labor degrading and corrupting Institution of Slavery. Such a party is no longer worthy of the support of American citizens.

SALARIES OF ASSOCIATE JUDGES.—We notice that there is a bill pending before the Legislature, which proposes to raise the salaries of the Associate Judges of this Commonwealth to a living figure thus:—For those whose attendance at Court does not exceed four weeks per annum, the sum of $150; for those whose attendance at Court exceeds four weeks and does not exceed six weeks, $200; for those whose attendance at Court exceeds six weeks and does not exceed eight weeks, $250; for those whose attendance at Court exceeds eight weeks and does not exceed ten weeks, $300; for those whose attendance at Court exceeds ten weeks and does not exceed twelve weeks, $350; and for those whose attendance at Court exceeds twelve weeks, $400.

ABROGATION OF THE FOURTH COMMANDMENT.—An ordinance repealing the municipal law compelling a Christian observance of the Sabbath has just passed the Cincinnati Common Council. The American influence resisted it, but it was no use; the "foreigners" carried the day. The repeal was driven through by the Foreign Infidel Germans, who regard Sunday as a day of amusement and recreation, and who look upon all restraints of the kind as tyrannical. The beer saloons and gardens there, now expect as large a business on Sundays as they do throughout the other six days of the week. If allowed to have music, theatrical, &c., to entertain their customers, they think their Sunday receipts would still be more largely increased.

OPENING THE CAMPAIGN.—The Hon. David Wilmot has addressed a note to General Packer, the Democratic candidate, requesting him to name a convenient place to begin the canvass for the State. Should Gen. Packer decline, it is the intention of Judge Wilmot to commence the campaign alone, sometime in May.

THE CANAL BOARD.—The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says, a bill will undoubtedly pass both Houses, abolishing the Canal Board, which is nothing more than a nest of corruption. If nothing else be done to make us in favor of the sale of the Main Line of Public Improvements, it would be this very Board of Canal Commissioners, who encourage more fraud and stealing, than any other official Board in existence on this earth.

The "star election" promised Louis Napoleon, is just such an election as Louis Napoleon had when he was "elected" Emperor!—"Jemmy," said Paddy, "you may have your choice of the two mares, but be the lovely Virgin *I'll have the grey one.*"—They may "elect" to stay at home or be cheated and perhaps murdered in the bargain.

APPOINTMENTS.—George W. Porter, son of Ex-Governor Porter, has been appointed First Master at Harrisburg, in the room of J. H. Brandt, removed out. Andrew Hopkins, Esq., Editor of the Harrisburg *Union*, has been appointed Receiver of Land Office in Nebraska territory.

GOV. GRAHAM.—It is stated that Gov. Graham will *remain in self exile* in Kansas, as Governor, and that it will make a profound impression upon the public mind and heart. Let it all out, Governor, his where is any.

The Missouri Democrat of the 3d of April contains a call for a mass meeting of the Democracy of St. Louis and all others there who are in favor of encouraging white labor in Missouri and in that city."

The *Reading Journal* says the leading liquor men in that town and county are up in arms against the "temperance dodge," and bolt Packer to a man.

The Sale of the Main Line.

The bill for the sale of the Main Line in Public Works has passed second reading in the House, and there is little doubt that it will pass finally. The provisions of the Bill are such as to ensure the sale in the event of its passage.

ROMANISM IN CARLISLE.—PUPISH HOSTILITY TO THE PROTESTANT BIBLE.—Our readers will be surprised to learn that the Catholics have actually removed the public schools of our borough, and to dictate the kind of studies that shall be tolerated in them. Our Catholic Priest, Father Miller, a few Sundays ago, in holding forth to the Catholic congregation of this place, took occasion to use his pulpit to denounce the Protestant Bible, as a book of lies and heresies, and interdicted the reading of it by Catholic children in our public schools. This Roman dignitary built from Chambersburg, Franklin county, in this State, where he has a small charge of Catholics over whose spiritual destiny he presides, and who occasionally is called upon to officiate for the few scattered sheep of the church of this town.

His demeanor on this occasion was that of a man who felt his dignity or authority, and his directing to Catholic parents peremptorily prohibited the reading of this vile book by children of Catholic parents, called positive insubordination to the rules of the authority of the schools, in case they should be required by law to do so. This bold and daring usurpation of the papacy is so entirely new a thing in this community, that we were wholly unprepared to give it credence; but further inquiries in the premises have removed all doubts as to the verity of the facts detailed.—*Carlisle (Pa.) American, 18th.*

DISCREDITABLE TO SOBRIETY.—The Hon. Richard W. Thompson, of Indiana, as very many are aware, has had, for some years, a claim for forty thousand dollars against the Government for services rendered the Cherokee Indians. Mr. Guthrie, as Secretary of the Treasury, refused to pay the money, and has appealed in all possible ways, and even threatened with suits at law, but he steadily and persevering refused to do the last to let the money be paid. The new Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Cobb, has allowed Mr. Thompson's claim, and has had the money been in office only about a month, and during that time has necessarily, as a new incumbent, had very little matters demanding his attention, he promptly, and of course with little or no opportunity for examination, signed a warrant for the claim, which Secretary Guthrie, with all possible opportunities for scrutiny through a series of years, rejected over and over again.

LETTERS OF DOCTOR FRANKLIN.—Mr. Henry Stevens, of Vermont, agent of the Smithsonian Institution in Paris, is said to have discovered a collection of four thousand letters, wholly in the handwriting of Dr. Franklin, a great many of them written from Passy, near Paris. It is not generally know that Franklin invented the manifold copying ink and press, now in such general and extensive use, whereby a *fac simile* of each letter is immediately transferred into a book of tissue paper. Franklin used duplicates taken in this manner of all his letters, public and private.

THE MEMBERS.—A Washington letter says that it is proposed to send to Utah a military force of 2,000 men, officered by men of character, who have families, who will accompany them; also, to appoint as Judges and as Executive officers men of moral worth and standing, who have families; and thus, it is hoped, that a society will be formed which will present a good example to the "Saints," and form the nucleus of an enlightened and moral community.

A MAN SHOT WHILE IN BED.—A Mr. Halsey, of New York, was shot in the thigh, while in his bed, on Friday lying in bed, by a rifle ball discharged from a window of the house corner of Wooster and Houston street. The wife of A. Moore, who, it appears, had been steadily drinking for the last few days, and was affected with delirious tremens. When in this condition of mind she suddenly sprang from the bed and fired the rifle through the window. It was not ascertained. The Halsey's injuries are of a dangerous character.

A New York paper says that Col. Benton was asked the other day to take a cracker and a glass of wine at the house of a friend;

"Unleavened bread, sir," said the Colonel. "Sir, unleavened bread, sir—the word cracker is not to be found either in the Scripture or any of my works. It is unleavened bread sir, from *Lake Leaven*, Saxon *bread baked* meat, sir—signify any species of bread that has not been raised, sir. Yes, sir, thank you, sir. I will have one or two pieces, sir, of unleavened bread sir."

A VOTE was taken lately at Lawrence, Kansas, "shall liquor be sold in Lawrence." Result—*11 for, 110 against.*

AURORA BOREALIS

BAYARD TAYLOR, in a recent letter dated Haparanda, (Swedish Torneas,) June 2, 1857, and headed "From Under the Aurora Borealis," thus describes that phenomenon, as seen "at home" in the extreme North:

It was dark when we reached Kiruna, whence we had twelve miles to Old Lulea, with tired horses, heavy roads, and a lazy driver. I lay down again, dozed as usual, and tried to forget my torment. By passed three hours: the night had long set in, with a clear sky, 12° below zero, and a sharp wind blowing. All at once an exclamation from Bayard awakened me. I opened my eyes, as I lay in his lap, looked up, and, saw a narrow belt or scarf of amber hue stretching directly across the zenith, with its loose, frayed ends slowly swaying N. and to down the slopes of the sky. Presently it began to waver, bending back and forth, sometimes with a quick, spring motion, as if seeing its elasticity.—Now it took the shape of a bow, now undulated like Hogarth's line of beauty, brightening and fading in its successive motions, and finally formed a shepherd's crook, the end of which suddenly broke to separate and fall off, as if driven by some strong wind, until the whole belt shot forth in long, drifting lines of fiery snow. It then gathered again into a dense, dazzling fragments, which alternately advanced and retreated, shot after shot, darted up against and across each other, blazed out in yellow and rosy glooms, or paled again, playing a thousand fantastic pranks, as if guided by some wild whim.

We lay silent, with upturned faces, watching this wonderful spectacle. Suddenly, the scattered lights ran together, as by a common impulse, joined their bright ends, twined them through each other, and fell in a broad, luminous curtain straight downward through the air until it hung in long, vibrating folds within a few yards over our heads. This phenomenon was so unexpected and startling, that for a moment I thought it might not prove to be touched by the skirts of the glorious auroral drapery. It did not follow the upheaved curve of the firmament, but, with plump from the zenith, falling, apparently, in torrents of leagues through the air, its fabric gathered together and shaped itself and its embroidery of flame sweeping the earth, and shedding a pale, unearthly radiance over the white, silent scene. The moment afterwards it was again drawn up, parted, waved in flashes and shot its lances hither and thither, advancing and retreating as before. Anything so strange, so capricious, so wonderful, so gloriously beautiful, I scarcely hope to see again.

ON SHORT END ON DEMAND.—One of "Porter's" staff is responsible for this anecdote:

Judge—, a well known, highly respected Knickerbocker, at the ripe age of fifty, a widower with five children—full of fun and frolic, ever ready for a joke—and a man who has buried the other evening by a mess of five and twenty, for not taking another wife; also urged that he was hale and hearty and deserved a matrimonial measure. The Judge acknowledged the fact; admitted that he was convinced by the eloquence of his top friend that he had been thus very far remiss, and expressed contrition for the fault (unfeeling) ending with offering himself to the lady, telling her she could not certainly reject him after pointing out to him his heinous offence.

The lady replied that she would be most happy to take the amiable man off his hands and relieve him of his fear; but, as a good man of his flesh; but there was one obstacle in the way.

"Well," says the Judge, "name it—by profession is to surmount such impediments." "Ah! Judge, this is one of your powers. I have vowed if I ever marry a widower, he must have *ten children!*"

"Ten children. Oh! that's nothing," says the Judge, "I'll give you five now, and my money on demand in instalments for the balance."

TWO LAUDABLE OCCURRENCES, offering new demonstrations of the integrity and cooperative spirit of our countrymen, have come to our notice: A gentleman recently found amid the ruins of Palmyra, surrounded by all the characteristics of Oriental grandeur, a New England farmer from Berkshire county, "keeping house" in the ruins of Palmyra. Again, a friend from Boston was traveling, some year ago, in Greece, and stopped in Athens. To while away an evening he visited theatre by chance. While musing upon the topics which every scene around him suggested to his mind, and deeply buried in these meditations, he heard a voice behind him remark, "Pooh! this ain't nothing. You ought to see the Tremont Theatre, Boston, boy!" Turning round in utter amazement, he exclaimed to a gawk Yankee on the next bench, "*Where on earth did you come from?*" Without moving a muscle of his face, the person rejoined, "Got a little vessel down here in the Peiraeus, just come from Thomaston, Maine!" The effect can be imagined.—*Lowell Courier.*

UNDER CONVICTION.—MRS. CORA HATCH, a spiritual medium, gave a lecture on Spiritualism in New York city, a night or two ago, whereupon the notorious Lewis Ryndors took the floor and delivered himself as follows:

"The language is beautiful and expressive; it far exceeds my expectations. I expected to be humbugged, and I am very agreeably disappointed. I shall come whenever I can to hear this *fairy* speak. I thought when I came that I'd just drop in and have a little fun. The theory of Spiritualism is beautiful; I never had a idea of it in the pulpit; that prayer exceeded anything I ever heard, and I've heard 'em talking to the Lord.

The Captain was evidently convicted, but the idea of *his* hearing prayer for a long time, or setting himself up as a judge of pulpit oratory, rather takes us.

DON'T LIKE THE HANNERS.—Mr. John Dailey, editor of the Warren, Pa., *Ledger* and Buchanan paper has retired from that concern on account of dissatisfaction with his paper. He charges the Democratic leaders of Warren county with having tried to bribe him to endorse their policy.

The Dred Scott decision is working a revolution among the American papers in New Jersey. Those which last year were most inveterate in their hostility to all plans for a junction of the opponents of slavery extension, now are mostly counsel such action as will secure a cordial union.

KANSAS.

[From the N. Y. Tribune.

LECOMPTON, K. T., April 6, 1857.

Gov. Charles Robinson and Mr. G. W. Dietzler, two of the prisoners held so long last summer on a charge of high treason, came today to Lecompton to await their trial. They had given bonds at the time they were liberated last September that they would appear before the First District Court at this place, on the first Monday in April. But there was no Court to receive them. The Clerk was absolutely busted up. He stated that the proper time for the appearance was the first Monday in May. Gov. Robinson tried the Clerk to make a minute of the appearance. This he declined to do, but said that he would be prepared to the Court they had thus presented themselves. He said the bonds were now by law, which had been changed, payable to the Second District Court, and that the Court would slowly, somewhere in the vicinity of Leavenworth. It was also stated that the bonds, dockets, &c., were at Leavenworth, and that there was nothing now on the records of the Second District Court against them.

Judge Cato was present and Gov. Robinson addressed himself to him asking whether his bondsmen were responsible for him for a longer time than the time when they had given bond, and a variety of other questions relative to a change. Judge Cato declined to answer, on the ground that they were legal questions,—He stated, however, that they were bound to appear at the May term of the Court. He stated, when the question was put to him, that it was under an act of Congress and not the Territorial law that the change was made. That was either a mistake or a misrepresentation. It was the act of the State Legislature that made the change, by a duly regulation in relation to the Territories. It subsequently passed Congress was an act determining the Second District to hold its sessions at one point. This act was passed at the last session of the late Congress, and was a law before the Court were drawn.

I accompanied the Clerk, which is in session here today. I asked the Court if the prisoners had been discharged by the Court, stating points were to be Judge Wood replied that he was in the four precincts, and the voting places were Hickory Ridge, Big Springs, Franklin, and on Washington Creek, at or near the place where Fort Sanders had stood. Thus it will be seen that Lawrence, the most important place in the Territory, and larger than all the towns of Douglas County put together, is to be permitted to have no election held there.

The Governor's proclamation of the 12th inst., as the Clerk gave it to me, makes a difference in open on the 10th; it will be seen how much chance is to be afforded to detect fraud. In every step yet taken these bogus officials have grossly violated their own law.

Emory, who headed the party that mobbed Leavenworth last Summer, and who, it is said, murdered Mr. Philips of Leavenworth, has just got an appointment in the Land Office. Mayor Murphy, the Border-Ruffian leader of Leavenworth, has been appointed Indian Agent to Charles J. C. Anderson, the Border-Ruffian pimp and bogus legislator, who resides at Lecompton. This is an important Territorial appointment. Christian, the bogus Councilman, Pro slavery, has been appointed Librarian to the Conference, vice Mr. Babcock, a Free-State National Democrat removed.

The Pierce administration is handing us over ruthlessly to the Border Ruffians.—Let Mr. Buchanan and his Pro-slavery Cabinet Ministers, look to it, lest he be found with Northern treachery and Southern fraud may not safely go.

ROMANISM AND PROTESTANISM.

[From the Boston Pilot.]

The following is from Mazzini's History of England:—

"But during the last three centuries, to stunt the growth of the human mind has been the chief object of Romanism.—Throughout Christendom, whatever advance has been gained, in knowledge, in freedom, in wealth, and in the arts of life, has been in inverse proportion to her power. The loveliest and most prosperous provinces of Europe have, under her rule, been the most ignorant, superstitious, servile, and in insolent torpor; and, on the contrary—evidences of Titles to Lands, Wills, Judgments, Mortgages, &c., in which every citizen of Boston is so deeply interested—immediately demand the execution of a new Court-House.

Court is still in session as we go to press. Two cases have thus far monopolized the time, viz:—The Commonwealth, ex relatione Jacob and Emanuel Snyder, against Spangler, intended to try the lunacy of the latter. Verdict for defendant.

The Commonwealth vs. Francis Brennan. Indictment for selling liquor to minors. The Jury this morning came into Court with a verdict of Not Guilty.—County to pay the costs.

There are a large number of Commonwealth cases, which have been accumulating for several Courts, a number of which will have to go over to Aug. next.

The Rev. D. A. Wilson, formerly of this county, who has been for some time Principal of the Alexander High School at Monroe, returned to this place with his family, on Saturday last. Their health had been so much impaired by the African climate, that they have found it necessary to leave that country.

Enigma.

I am composed of 26 letters.

My 13 7 11 26 is a small animal.
My 5 2 3 4 is a great Latin poet.
My 14 8 19 10 6 23 11 22 19 is to make known anything.
My 25 20 9 2 12 7 is a town in Wisconsin.
My 9 14 5 is a short voyage.
My 16 23 9 12 is an Egyptian plant of which they made bread.
My 1 2 3 is a rock in India besieged and taken by Alexander.
My 17 26 24 is a lady's name.
My 1 2 3 is a kind of fish.
My whole is what should never be forgotten.

EMMA.

COOKED TO DEATH.—On Tuesday—a son of Orsamus Sawtelle, aged about two years old, felt into one of the slop-tubs at Stradley & Keyt's distillery, in Milton, Kentucky, and was scalded to death. The little fellow missed from four o'clock in the afternoon, till late in the evening, when his body was found floating in the slop-tub.—*Louisville Journal.*

LOCAL ITEMS.

Religious Services for the next Sabbath.

Presbyterian Church—Services morning and evening, Rev. Mr. Van Wyke.

Christ Church, (Lutheran.)—Services in the morning.

St. James' Church, (Lutheran.)—Services morning and evening, Rev. D. Hill.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Services morning and evening.

German Reformed Church—Morning and evening (English.)

German Reformed Church—No services.

Catholic Church—Services.

The Proper Meeting of the Presbyterian, German Reformed, and the two Lutheran churches in behalf every Wednesday evening; Methodist. Thursday evening.

We have received a long Communication from a friend in Petersburg, signed the signature of "Q. in the Corner," intended as a rejoinder to the proceedings of the late Educational Meeting held in Petersburg, which we are compelled to withhold. It is only a few weeks ago that we declined publishing a communication on the other side, in reply to the Public School meeting in Petersburg, at which the School Board, the County Superintendent, &c., were discussed. We declined, because we could see no good reason, the unfortunate difficulty existing in Huntingdon township, by a useless and possibly personal controversy through the public papers. The same rule compels us to withhold the present communication. Both sides have been heard through the medium of official proceedings of public meetings; and while we feel extreme are always open for the publication of the doings of our Legislative, when of sufficient general interest, we do not think it would contribute much to the cause of Public Education, to publishing which already prevails in Huntingdon township, to admit into our columns a controversy, which would inevitably, from the feeling already prevailing, degenerate into bitter personal recrimination.

We make this explanation, to guard against misconstruction, and to assure our friends in the Petersburg district, on both sides, will appreciate and approve our motives.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—Mr. Jacob Rizer's Mill, residing in the neighborhood of Smith's Mill, in Huntington township, has met with a very heavy loss by fire. The large splendid Barn was consumed on Thursday morning of last week, about 10 o'clock, together with 60 tons of valuable hay, three horses, a family carriage, and farming implements, three or four hundred bushels of wheat, and large quantities of hay and straw. A good stable was the last to go.

The same gentleman lost a most valuable stallion by poison about ten days previous to the burning of the barn. The fowls about the yard which ate of the grain in the trough where the horse was kept, died.

It will be recollected that Mr. Conrad Beam, a relative, who resides in the same neighborhood, had a new brick house destroyed by fire some three weeks since. No insurance on either property.—Mr. Jacob Beam's loss is estimated at $4,000.—*Compiler.*

The Sale of the Main Line!, is the title of a neat pamphlet, from the Bulletin Buildings, Philadelphia, comprising a series of letters on the subject of the Sale of the Main Line of the Public Improvements owned by the Commonwealth. The letters originally appeared in the *Philadelphia Bulletin*, signed with the signature of "*Adams*," and now put into a more permanent form, at the request of numerous friends, who were pleased with the letters was attracted by the bold array of facts and figures, and terse argument, which characterize them. Several of these letters have appeared in the columns of the Star and Banner, with extreme powerfully to bring about the end to which public opinion for some years has been tending—the sale of the Main Line. We congratulate the author—our young townsman, D. McPherson, Esq.—upon the favorable impression his Letters have made on the public mind.

NEW COURT HOUSE.—The Grand Jury this morning reported in favor of erecting a new Court-House, not to cost over $15,000, together with the old Court-House and County Offices, to be sold at auction of the Grand Jury will commend itself to the approval of all having business connected with our Courts. The great inefficiency of the present Court-House for a convenient place of holding our Courts, and the want of accommodations for jurors, witnesses, and jurors—and above all, the insecurity of our Public Records, which at present are deposited all the official Records of our County—evidences of Titles to Lands, Wills, Judgments, Mortgages, &c., in which every citizen of Boston is so deeply interested—immediately demand the execution of a new Court-House.

Harried.

On the 14th inst. at Conewago, by the Rev. Mr. Daugherty, Mr. A. G. NOEL, of York county, to SALLIE M., second daughter of H. Spalding, Esq., of Germany township, Adams county.

On the 19th ult., at Sizemore, Wyandotte county, Ohio, by the Rev. R. Wilcox, Mr. MYLAND C. GLASPRADLER, formerly of Adams county, Pa.,) and Miss RACHAEL A. LOYAL, of Sizemore.

On Monday, the 13th inst., at the Conewago Chapel, by the Rev. Joseph Enders, Mr. GEORGE E. GILBERT, of Mt. Pleasant, Illinois, and Miss MARIA NOEL, daughter of John L. Noel, Esq., of Oxford township, Adams county.

On the 14th inst., by the Rev. Jacob Zieg, Mr. ISAAC STORE, and Miss SUSANNAH E. HOWE—both of Petersburg.

On the 16th inst., by the same, Mr. WILLIAM KISSIE, Hanover, and Miss REBECCA STOVER, of Freedom township.

Died.

On Saturday night last, in Cumberland twp., Mr. HENRY MONSHOUR, an advanced age.

On the 24th of March, 1857, in Hancock county, Indiana, Mr. JOHN BOWER, formerly of this county.

In Jackson county, Michigan, on the 20th February, 1856, WILLIAM HENRY, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. Hunter, formerly of Menallen township, Adams co., Pa., aged 3 years 1 month and 3 days.

EVANS & WATSON,
PHILADELPHIA.
MANUFACTURED
SALAMANDER SAFES
No. 26 S. FOURTH St., Philada.

A WOODEN MAN IN THE WINDOW.—Dr. Ellis's Celebrated Indian Root Empirical Nostrum, has invented a post office automaton, which takes up every letter thrown in the box, places it in a pigeon hole, stamps it, and receives the postmark and date, and throws it out again for delivery to its destination, which has caused quite a sensation. A trial of the invention, which has turned out satisfactory, and it is now in ready with M. Ellis's Office, Gettysburg, and is delivered to all the principal post offices throughout France.

Col. Fremont, we see it stated has been taken sick at Washington, and is undergoing a complete record of his various offices plotting Expeditions.' The work is nearly ready for the press, and will be published by Childs & Peterson, of Philadelphia. The book will be gotten up in fine style, illustrated with a fine steel portrait of the author, engaged on Dr. Kane's "Arctic Expeditions," and form a fit companion to that popular work.

Mr. Ephraim Hartsock, of Hendricks county, was killed by lightning during a storm which passed over that section on Monday of last week.

The Greatest Wonder of the Age

No Pay if Dr. Tobias' celebrated Venetian Liniment does not cure Rheumatism, Lame Back, Cramp, Cholic, Coughs, Dyspepsia, Vomiting, Bleeding, Inflammation of the Bowels, Bloody Cold Feet, Mosquito Bites, Insect Stings, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Scalding, Old Sores, Cut, Bruises and Pains of all kinds.

Pain in the Side and Chest, so severe, that it cannot be touched without causing the patient to shriek, and yet, in a few days after using the Liniment, the patient can bear the touch without any pain. Dr. Tobias has warranted his Liniment for eight years without a failure, and if it does not do the return with money—all that is asked is to try it *one dollar's worth*, and if it does not cure *you*, *it will cost you nothing*. If it does you will not feel it better than any thing you have ever tried before, *get your money returned!*

Dr. Tobias's testimonials have been received from all parts of the Union, and are the very strongest of all testimonials, which are published in pamphlet form, and may be obtained free of charge of the Agent.

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