TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Peace not yet Signed.

New York, April 13.—The steamer Washington from Bremen, via Liverpool, with dates from the latter port to the 24th and from London to the 25th, arrived here this morning.

The Peace conference had been less harmonious in its deliberations owing to difficulties raised by Prussia. The peace treaty was not yet signed, but peace was, however, proclaimed substantially centrally.

Lord Cowley has had despatched two steamers to search of the missing steamer Pedro.

Mr. Bosch Popham will leave Southampton about the 1st of April, on the steamer Lodge for New York. He had gone to Paris, accompanied by Mr. Thomas, the American Consul at London, and Mr. Crosby, the American Consul at Southampton, and visit the Hague before his departure.

According to the London Times the Russian government has made an offer to Sweden of a demand upon her by the Czar of Russia, of a portion of the Swedish Provinces, in case of the same time Prussia should seize on the same, which would be in the same character as if Prussia, had been nearly to the alliance Russia.

The Paris Moniteur says that the Peace preliminaries have said to be of an important character. It was definitely agreed that a treaty of peace would be signed on the 29th, the day the Cambria sailed from Liverpool.

Napoleon had expected that the final settlement of the difficulties would have taken place, but had agreed to allow the Queen of the Invalides to announce the conclusion of peace at the same time Paris received the news of the signing of the Prince of Algiers, but Prussia's claim to verify some footing as the other powers, which was, extremely resented by Count Clarendon, caused delay. Lord Clarendon is expected, and it was arranged that the allies shall give one demand, and after the second protocol shall be drawn up and signed by the allies jointly.

The London Times publishes the demonstrations in favor of Peace, and intimates that the people of England will be discontented with the terms.

The armistice is not formally prolonged. Telegraphic dispatches have been flowing in more hopeful than without, as yet.

A grand review of 100,000 men in Paris has been arranged to celebrate the signing of the treaty of peace.

It was announced that the Emperor of Russia and Austria would visit Paris soon after the conclusion of peace.

A MAN UNLAWFULLY HUNG.—A man named Franklin was sentenced to be hung at Warrington, Ala., a few days since. He was, however, the governor granted a reprieve and disputed it by his friends to be sent to Montgomery, where it was carefully examined it, and said he had at first, but a sealed paper, it might be a pardon or forgery, and he would not grant it, and accordingly executed Franklin on the 1st inst.

A HORRIBLE.—On Thursday evening, an aged woman named Hughes, residing in a tenement on Sansom Street, was attacked by a drunken Indian. While drunk, the Indian set the house on fire, and left the woman to burn. The fact were the only sequence of the body involving the stove, when the woman was found, and had been nearly burned to a cinder. The child was taken safely out of the house. The old woman was supposed to be dying. The Indian was arrested by Patrolman Pettigrew, and committed by Alderman Pitcher.

Rev. Mr. Pastorius, of the board of health, is at Pittsburg Gaz.

Rev. Mr. Pastorius—Rev. Mr. Jones, a Methodist preacher, of Lambertville, N. J., has been arrested for attempting to poison his wife, as it is supposed she has been in the habit of taking a few days ago.

Hogs are being caught in geese in the Delaware River.

The American party of North Carolina have nominated A. A. Gilmer, of Rowan, for Governor.

THE STAR AND BANNER.

GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, April 18, 1856.

I hope wedding find some ones in future of abolishing ourselves from Foreign influence, —political, commercial, or in whatever form it may be attempted. I wish there were an amicable feeling between the and the old world.—*Jefferson.*

NOMINATIONS OF THE AMERICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

FOR PRESIDENT.

MILLARD FILLMORE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

ANDREW JACKSON DONELSON.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,

DAVID MAGEE, of Cochran, of York, (Whig)

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,

DANIEL PHELPS, of Armstrong, (Amer.)

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,

D. LAPORTE, of Bradford, (Democrat.)

We remind our Democratic readers of Hon. Hiram Ketchum and Mr. Hiram Walker, their obliging favorites during the office session of the Legislature.

The Legislature will adjourn on Tuesday next.

AMERICAN STATE COUNCIL.—Col. Ellis, President of the American State Council has issued a call for a meeting of that body to be held at Harrisburg on Tuesday, the 13th of May, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

A bill to increase the fees of Justices of the Peace and Constables passed the Senate on Friday last. No action has yet been had in the House.

SUDDEN DEATHS.—DANIEL DYSART died at Bedford, Virginia Springs, on Monday the 7th inst. He went to bed in usual health on the night previous—but before morning was a corpse. He leaves a family and a large circle of friends to lament his loss. Mrs. ELIZABETH WEIGHT, wife of Mr. John Weight, near Waynesboro', was found dead in her bed on the 6th inst.

SUICIDE.—On Tuesday last, Mr. GIDEON SHIRTY, of Cavetown, Md. (at one time innkeeper at Waynesboro', and about Sweagy's Cold Spring one season,) committed suicide by shooting himself through the head with a pistol, causing instant death. No cause is assigned for the act.

From the Reading Journal.

Trouble in the Locofoco Camp.

If any thing were needed to show the soundness of the great principle of the American party—that Americans alone ought to rule America," it is to be found clearly apparent by the present course of that portion of our population, who, through aliens in birth and political religion, have been admitted by the over-liberality of our laws to an equal voice in the affairs of government. Instead of showing off, as they profess to do, all allegiance to the country of their nativity, and becoming in *fact* as they have *in law*, citizens of the greatest Republic on earth—we find them, after years of residence, clinging to their native prejudices, cherishing their native feelings and superstitions, and uniting upon all occasions as a *distinct* race, in regard to the political affairs of the country of their adoption.

Everybody is this character of the Irish or German Catholic emigrant. He is an *Irishman* or *German* under all circumstances, he will never be American citizen. Long years of residence, intermarriage, the religious bigotry, political prejudices instilled into him by a crafty priesthood in his youth, do in a so-called Democratic body, because Democracy is the best chance to his aims and ends. He hates Protestantism with a deadly hatred. He hates Protestant institutions. He hates Protestant governments, and whatever seeks to array himself in deadly hostility against all who have the independence to differ with him in this respect.

Our Democratic friends have hitherto sought to doubts the truth of this assertion. They are now having it forced upon them in spite of themselves. They have placed themselves in the power of their foreign allies, and are beginning to find that the yoke is neither easy nor the burden light. Within a few days symptoms of an *Irish Rebellion* have been manifested in the Locofoco camp. A favorite and leading candidate for the Presidency is denounced for his American and Protestant proclivities. A paper styles the "*Irish American*," and another called "*The Citizen*," both published in New York, edited by Irish "Agitators" fresh from the sod, and the acknowledged *organs* of the Irish vote in this country, are after Mr. Buchanan with a very sharp stick. We take speech sixty Lord Mayor's Dinner, in London, is received in high dudgeon by these "better citizens." The *Irish American*, in referring to this speech indignantly exclaims:

"Mr. Buchanan was caught in the today's trap," the forgot his Americanism for the notice, and permitted libations of champagne to muddle his brain, and the order of his patriotism." "If it be true, as we have no reason to doubt, but (Mr. B.) said in the course of his speech—"whenever Ireland asks for her rights, we have forfeited his claim to our confidence, respect and preference."

The same paper then goes on to say, "Does Mr. Buchanan forget the land of his fathers? Is Ireland blotted from his memory?" and follows these up with a similar catalogue of home questions, concluding with the following significant language:

"We trust this fatal sentence may not have been spoken. If the report be correct we cannot say longer uphold the claims of Mr. Buchanan to the first office of the Commonwealth. We hope such language may be disavowed or explained away, or explained away or withdrawn. *Otherwise, let us have a Know Nothing President rather than a toady of England!*"

Whether this is true or not, BUCHANAN has a broadside fired into him from another quarter, which is the paper started by JOHN MITCHELL, called "*The Citizen*," which also speaks for the Irish vote. This sheet expresses in deep regret that Mr. Buchanan, even if he had expected better, should have so committed himself, and then gives him to understand that the political influence of our alien population will be used against him by way of payment. We quote from the *Citizen*, which says:

"In view of the fact of his being a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the highest office in the country, and considering that the votes of the American Irish and the Germans are necessary to his success in the event of his obtaining the nomination; and considering further that the Irish race, with but few exceptions, detest the British government, regarding the tyranny as the empire of the devil—that in many instances there is more freedom where the German language is spoken than where the English is the mother tongue—and, finally, that the natives of Ireland and Germany have but little love for John Bull—we are at a loss to account for the extraordinary course pursued by our minister at the Court of St James. Had he been the nominee of the Know Nothing faction, or aspired to that party's nomination, we could understand the flattery of England and her institutions, and his bringing Republican freedom to a lower level with a monarchy in which the people who pay the taxes are mere cypbers, and in which an oligarchy of descent—work their wantonness in form of law."

These articles, and others of a like nature, from other papers in the Irish interest, are having their effect. Acting upon the same idea which Dr. Graham, the alien wing of our party have arrayed themselves in opposition to their native allies, and with characteristic arrogance, stop at no means fair or foul, to carry their point. The following extract from the Philadelphia *Sun* of Wednesday last, explains the plan of operations:

"THE BETTER CITIZENS" had it pretty all their own way in the meeting of the principals on Monday night, for the Democratic delegate elections. The Custom House officers brought in large gangs of naturalized Irishmen to overwhelm true Americans' votes, and in many instances twice the number of votes were polled which the precincts claimed. We are told that the scenes were disgraceful, and that the Americans in some localities were compelled to threaten legal proceedings to prevent their foiners from being utterly despoiled."

Think of naturalized foreigners being overawed and beaten by their foreign relations." Of course delegates chosen in this way were, or to speak, bound to indulging in abominable conduct, of that portion of our population, who, through aliens in birth and political religion, have been admitted by the over-liberality of our laws to an equal voice in the affairs of government. Instead of showing off, as they profess to do, all allegiance to the country of their nativity, and becoming in *fact* as they have *in law*, citizens of the greatest Republic on earth—we find them, after years of residence, clinging to their native prejudices, cherishing their native feelings and superstitions, and uniting upon all occasions as a *distinct* race, in regard to the political affairs of the country of their adoption.

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COLLISION ON THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On Saturday a serious collision between the passenger trains occurred on the Pennsylvania Railroad, three miles west of Johnstown, which resulted in smashing up four or five cars and injuring the young Board. Richard Allen was slightly injured in attempting to jump off; John Allen, an express messenger, was more seriously hurt; and David Garnett, tonnage master, was also cut and bruised somewhat. William Flemming, of Brownsville, Pa., Miss Mary McKernan, of Allegheny city, and another passenger were slightly injured.—The damage to the cars will not exceed $4,000.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.—On Tuesday evening last a "union" meeting of the Americans of Franklin county, and all opposed to the National Administration, was held in Chambersburg, which is said to have been large and spirited. Messrs. Hamilton Easton, Wm. Crooks, and Benjamin Agnew were appointed Congressional Conferees, with instructions to support the nomination of Mr. ROBINSON.

On Monday evening, the Democracy of Franklin county had a meeting and appointed Congressional Conferees with instructions to support WILSON KEYS, Esq.—also Senatorial Conferees with instructions to support Geo. W. BREWER, Esq.

A late arrival at New Orleans brings intelligence of the defeat of a portion of Gen. Walker's army by the Costa Ricans in Central America. The Nicaraguans were 400 strong, under Col. Schlessinger, (Hungarian) and were completely routed by a force of 500 Costa Ricans under President Mora, who has been the capital of Costa Rica. The Costa Ricans intended to march an army into Nicaragua, and an entire route of Walker's troops was anticipated.

It is stated in a Washington letter that the receipts of the United Government for the week before last exceeded its expenditures by the sum of $1,400,000.—Just think of that for one week! At the same ratio for one year the receipts would exceed the expenditures $73,000,000.

At Philadelphia during the week some experiments have been made with a submarine apparatus. A man descends and walks upon the bottom of the river, by means of the apparatus, with great ease. The object in bringing the armor so near the surface is to enable the bodies missing by the New disaster.

About three-fourths of the women of Princeton, Indiana, held a meeting on the 22d, at which they resolved that no more liquors should be sold in that town On the same day they armed themselves with hatchets, and went to work to mob all the liquor shops and destroy all the liquor.

There is hope for the Democracy. They have elected two Irishmen for Borough officers in the town of Buck County, Pa. Who says the Democracy is dying?

A husband complains sadly of the price of calicoes—He's wifecreently bought three for 87½, viz:—A "duck" of a dress, a "duck" of a parasol, and a "duck" of a bonnet.

Father Child, the leader of Romanism in Ireland, is to lecture throughout this country *just before the next Presidential election.*

Dr. Graham, of New Orleans, imprisoned at New York for killing Col. Loring, has been pardoned by Governor Clark.

Commodore Perry's book, giving an account of his expedition to Japan, has cost the Government $200,000 in preparing it for publication.

Hon. William A. Graham, of North Carolina, the Whig candidate for Vice President in 1852, has declared himself in favor of Fillmore.

The rose of florida, the most beautiful of flowers, emits no fragrance; the bird of Paradise, the most beautiful of birds, gives no song; the cypress of Greece, the finest of trees, yields no fruit.

An election for Mayor and Councilmen was held at Hagerstown on Monday last. The Americans were successful.

M. Kossuth is said to be in straitened circumstances, and Mr. Walter Savage Lander has proposed to open a subscription in London for his relief. He leads off with £10.

Senator Lane and Gov. Robinson, of Kansas, are at Washington, dressed in bear skin coats.

John D. Murrell, Lynchburg, died recently in New Orleans. He was, perhaps, the wealthiest man in Virginia, being worth, it is supposed, fully $2,000,000.

The joint resolution for the adjournment of the Legislature on Tuesday the 22d instant has passed both branches.

Strawberries were served at one of the New York Hotels on Wednesday last. They were grown under grass near Boston.

The business of breeding rats is said to be carried on in New York—kid gloves are made out of their skins.

At the election held on Monday, in Fremont, Ohio, the whole American ticket was elected by a handsome majority. This is the first time the Democrats have ever been defeated in Fremont.

The Americans recently carried the municipal election of Richmond, Virginia, by handsome majorities.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Religious Services for the next Sabbath.

Presbyterian Church.—No Services.

Christ-Church (Lutheran.)—Services in the morning.

St. Jacobs' Church, (Lutheran.)—Services in the morning and evening, Rev. M. Schaeffer.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Services in the morning and evening, Rev. Mr. Anderson.

German Reformed Church—No services.

Assembly Reformed Church—No services.

Catholic Church—services, Rev. Mr. Deschner.

Protestant Prayer-Meeting of the Presbyterian, German Reformed, and the two Lutheran churches is held every Wednesday evening; Methodist, Thursday evening.

SEVERE STORM.—A most terrific storm of wind passed over this place on Saturday evening last, between five and six o'clock—Although of momentary duration, it exceeded in violence anything of the kind we have ever witnessed. Considerable damage was done in the course through the county. In this place, a large brick barn, on Railroad street, owned by R. Sauers, was partially unroofed, and portions of the walls thrown in, demolishing a dozen or more carriages which had been placed there by GEORGE ARNOLD, Esq. His loss is not less than $1,000.

At a late hour, between 9 and 10 o'clock, another storm, equal in severity, but of much longer duration, passed over us, though no special damages effected by it have been reported to us. The sky was suddenly overcast with heavy clouds, throwing over the earth an intense darkness, which, with the terrific lurid lightning, made the occasion appear fearful one. We learn from our exchanges that the gale was even more severe in other places, causing a very great destruction of property. Particulars will be found in another column.

The public exercises connected with the closing of the Winter session of the Seminary in this place, which commenced on Tuesday last, attracted an unusually large number of strangers. Our town for a few days presented a lively appearance. On Monday evening last the Rev. Dr. Schmucker delivered an interesting address before the Bible Society of the College and Seminary—his theme being "The Bible a remedy for the moral evil in the world." The address was listened to with evident interest by a large audience.

On Tuesday afternoon, Prof. F. G. Sturm of the Medical Department of Pennsylvania College, in Philadelphia, addressed the Linnean Association upon "The Natural History of Life and Death." The address was a very elaborate effort, rich in scientific research and moral truth, and commanded marked attention from the auditory during its entire delivery. We understand that a copy has been solicited for publication, and it is to be hoped that Dr. Sturm will accede to the request—Few addresses delivered in this place have commanded so general approval and admiration.

On Tuesday evening the exercises of the Junior Class came off, the church being crowded to hear the orations delivered by Messrs. C. F. Hoffs, Myerstown, Pa.; G. J. Weaver, Gettysburg, Pa.; C. D. Ulery, Dover, Pa.; H. L. Baugher, Chest. Hill, Pa.; A. Bickle, Smithsburg, Md.; D. M. Gilbert, Philadelphia; F. C. H. Lampe, Bremen, Md.; H. L. Baugher, Smithsburg, Md.; A. L. Guss, Patterson, Pa.; H. R. Fleck, Lauresville, Pa.; J. R. Dimm, Muncy, Pa.—The exercises were protracted to a late hour, and passed off agreeably and satisfactorily to all concerned. The music on the occasion was furnished by the Waynesboro' Brass Band.

On Wednesday the exercises connected with the inauguration of Rev. C. F. SCHAEFER, D. D., as "German Theological Professor," in the Seminary in this place, took place. The charge to the Professor elect was delivered by Rev. J. HAHN, President of the Board, to which Dr. SCHAEFER replied in a lengthy Inaugural Address. The latter having been delivered in German we are unable to give our own impressions in regard to its character. But we are advised by those who understood it, that it was a very elaborate and learned production, fully sustaining Dr. SCHAEFER's high reputation as a scholar and theologian. The Board of Directors have authorized its publication.

Dr. SCHAEFER will devote one half his time to the duties which he will now take up, in giving instructions as "Professor, of German Language and Literature," in the College. He has already commenced his labors with his family and will enter from the discharge of his Professorial duties next session.

On the night of the 10th inst. the Methodist Episcopal church in Carlisle was entered by some rowdies, who broke in the windows, destroying the window shutters, &c. Some hooks of corn and dried grass, partially consumed by fire, were found in the building early morning, leading to the inference that an attempt was made to fire the building. Warrants were issued on Wednesday last by Jos. BRENEMAN, of this place, against certain parties suspected of the outrage. Three (Lewis M'Laughlin, James Sanders, and George Jones) were arrested on the same day, and committed to answer the charges of riot and arson.

ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon, Mr. JEREMIAH FAHRNEY, from near Cashtown, met with a serious accident in this place. He had delivered some potatoes at the store of Kauffmann Brothers, and was adjusting some of the sacking on the horse, when the latter started off at full speed with the wagon. Mr. FAHRNEY was thrown down, and passed over his body, breaking one of his ribs, and otherwise bruising his body. He was carried into Messrs. Fahnestock's residence, until evening, when he was taken home, suffering a good deal from his injuries.

The horse by some means became detached from the wagon, without doing much injury to it, and was subsequently caught and brought back.

The Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance meets in this place on Wednesday next. In the evening there will be an address delivered in M'Conaughy's Hall, by the Grand Scribe, Wm. NICHOLSON, Esq. It is hoped all will attend.

TREES.—ROBERT SMITH, Esq., has planted a pair of beautiful Mahogany Trees in front of his residence in Centre Square.

A Spirited Court commences on Monday next.

Millard Fillmore on American ground.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 14th, 1856.

RESPECTED FRIEND:—*Inner Newton*—It would give me great pleasure to accept your invitation to visit Gettysburg, if I were possible to make my visit private and limit it to a few personal friends whom I might be anxious to see. But I know that this would be out of my power, and I am therefore reluctantly compelled to decline your invitation, as I have done others in New York and Boston for the same reason.

I return you my thanks for your information on the subject of politics. I am always happy to hear what is going forward, but feel compelled to do so, that I feel myself withdrawn from the political arena. I have been too much depressed in spirit to take an active part in the elections: I contented myself with giving a silent vote for Mr. Ullman for Governor.

While, however, I am an inactive observer of public events, I am by no means an indifferent one, and I may say to you in the frankness of private friendship, that I have, for a long time, looked with dread and alarm upon the growing sectional feeling which the contest, for the foreign vote is exerting upon our elections. This seems to rankle from year to year, and to be carried into the control of a few interested and selfish leaders. Hence it has been a subject of anxious study and each of the great political parties of the country have been bidding to obtain it, and can not but feel that the foreign vote which is most corrupt is most successful. The consequence is, that it is fast demoralizing the whole country; corrupting the very fountains of political power, and converting the ballot box into an unmeaning mockery, where the right of the honest citizen are voted away by those who blindly follow their necromancy and selfish leaders. The evil is thus made to fall not merely in the shameless chaffering for the foreign vote at every election, but to the great injury of the country, in the whole course of our legislation, and the most sacred interests are sacrificed to the cupidity of the Foreign Aristocrat heads of Europe, that a Republican will does not produce sufficient talent to represent a republican people in the national councils. I confess that it seems to me—with all due respect to others, that, as a general rule, our country is always governed by American-born citizens. Let us give to the oppressed of every country an asylum and a home in our country, let them share in all the benefits of equal laws, and equal protection; but let us at the same time tolerate as the apple of our eye, the great principles of constitutional liberty, which few who have not had the good fortune to be raised in a free country, know how to appreciate and still less how to preserve.

Washington is that inestimable legacy which he left to his country—his farewell address—has wisely warned us to beware of foreign influence as the most fatal foe to our Republican institutions. He saw it to be sure in a different light from that in which it is now viewed by the Democrat, but it has approached us in all forms and before he cautioned us against the insidious wiles of foreign influence, as well as for our sakes to whom this invaluable inheritance of self government has been left by our fathers, he saw the fate of nations millions who are to inherit this land—foreign and native—let us take warning of the fate which awaits us if we have so can justly to preserve our institutions from corruption, and overcoming from dishonest, and, let this be our pride, we can then themselves in their sovereign capacity by making a proper discrimination in the selection of those who are to be entrusted with individual—native or foreign born—of any constitutional or legal right to which he is not fairly entitled.

These are my sentiments in brief, and although I have sometimes almost despaired of my country, which I have witnessed the rapid strides of corruption, yet I think I perceive a gleam of hope in the future, which I cannot but indulge, that the great mass of intelligence in this enlightened country, notwithstanding the evil the denounced, it will fearlessly apply the remedy, and bring back the Government to the pure days of Washington. Finally, let us adopt the old Roman motto, "*Never despair of the Republic*." Let us do our duty, and leave the consequences to God.

MELANCHOLY AFFAIR.—*Homicide and Suicide.*—Some previous difficulty had occurred between two men—"Bub Allison," a young man, probably 24 years of age, and Jacob Hoover, aged 45 years, and Joshua Inglis, formerly of Freiertie county, Md., but recently a workman in the gunpowder mills at Harpers Ferry.—On Saturday evening, as Inglis was standing near the door of Allison's tavern, the latter came out armed with a weight of some kind struck Inglis a violent blow on the head, inflicting a wound which left no doubt of his death, which took place soon after. Allison was arrested by officer C. Leary, assisted by officer John Mohler; His father, known as gave bond in the sum of $500 for his appearance on Monday morning. Inglis's case being a desperate one, on Sunday young Allison was arrested and committed to the county jail, at Charlestown, about eight miles distant. He had been there but a few days, when he committed the act, known to be in his possession, the unfortunate Allison blew his own brains out. Allison is from Jefferson county, aged about 20 years.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, April 17, 1856.

FLOUR and MEAL.—The Flour market this morning was dull, and prices of Howard street brands further yew. Shippers are much disposed to purchase. Sales of 700 bbls. at $6 50, a decline of 12½ cents $ bbl. since yesterday. Nothing done in Ohio; there were buyers at $6 50. Sales of 300 bbls. City Mills at $6 62½, closing with more sellers than buyers. Sales after 'change of 500 bbls City Mills at $6 62½ (bbl) and 250 bbls. do. $6 50 $ bbl. Also, 200 bbls Howard street brands at $7 50 $ bbl. Howard street and Ohio Extra at $7 50@$7 75. Family do. at $5@$5 50 $ bbl. Rye—Market dull. We quote at $4 75 ($4 87½ $ bbl. Corn Meal—Market dull and demand moderate. We quote country at $3 75@$3 87½, and city manufactured at $3 62½ ($3 87½ $ bbl. Buckwheat Meal—We quote by the quantity at $1 62½@$1 75, and in small lots at $1 87½@$2 100 lbs.

GRAIN.—The Wheat market was not quite as firm to-day, and prices somewhat lower. About 10,000 bushels offered and partly sold, for good and prime white at $1 60@$1 65. We quote red at $1 54@$1 60 to $1 63 $ bushel, as to quality. Corn—About 10,000 bushels offered to-day, and sales of white, by measurement, at 57@58 cents, do. weight at 55 cents; and damp, by weight at 53 cents $ bushel. Rye—About 1000 bushels offered to-day. We quote Maryland and Pennsylvania at 92@94 cents $ bushel. Rye—About 1000 bushels offered to-day. We quote Maryland and Pennsylvania at 92@93 cents $ bushel.

SEEDS.—Stock of Cloverseed much reduced, and a good demand. Sales of good to prime at $6 50@$6 62½ $ bushel. We quote Timothy at $2@$3 50, and Flaxseed at 1 50@$1 60 $ bushel.

PROVISIONS.—Stock on hand moderate, holders firm and sales limited. Beef—We quote Baltimore cured Mess at $17, No. 1 at $15, and Prime at $12,50 $ bbl. nominal—Pickled Pigs' Feet quiet at $2 $ bbl. Pork—Holders firm, and sales limited. We quote Mess nominally at $17,50, and Prime at $16 25 $ bbl. Bacon—Sales of Shoulders at 8½ cents, and Hams at 9 cents $ lb. Lard—Small sales at 9 cents. We quote Tobacco—Sales of Ohio at 3 cents, and Pennsylvania at 3½ cents per lb. Butter—The market is fair demand. Sales of western in kegs at 10a11 cents, common roll at 12a17 cents, Dairy at 18a20 cents, Goshen at 25a27 cents per lb.

CATTLE.—Prices ranged from $4 50 to $7 50 on the hoof, equal to $6@11 net, and averaging $6 gross. The Cattle offered were generally of good quality.

HOGS.—Hogs are scarce and prices are improving. Sales at yesterday's market on the scales at 8 2-8@8 50 per 100 lbs. These figures are 25 cents per 100 lbs. higher than those of last week.

SHEEP.—Sheep continue in demand at high rates. We quote them this week at $6@$6 25 per 100 lbs. gross.

HANOVER MARKET.

HANOVER, April 17, 1856.

FLOUR $ bbl., from wagons, $5 25
WHEAT, $ bushel, 1 45 to 1 60
CORN, " 40
OATS, " 25
BUCKWHEAT, per bushel 40
POTATOES, per bushel 50
CLOVER-SEED, $ lb. 6½
PLASTER OF PARIS, per ton 7 00
PORK, per 100 lbs 6 00

YORK MARKET.

YORK, Wednesday, April 16, 1856.

FLOUR, $ bbl., from wagons, $6 50
WHEAT, $ bushel, 1 65 to 1 70
RYE, " 75
CORN, " 45
OATS, " 25
TIMOTHY-SEED, $ bushel, 2 75
CLOVER-SEED, $ lb. 6½
FLAX-SEED, " 1 75
PLASTER OF PARIS, $ ton, 6 75

MARRIED.

In Seneca county, Ohio, on the 5th inst. by Rev. John Pettit, Mr. HENRY W. EYLER, of Gettysburg, Pa., and Miss ELIZABETH RAH A. WILCOT, of Wayneburg county, Ohio.

DIED.

On Wednesday last, at Harrisburg, PRISCILLA, wife of Mr. JOHN BUEHLER, in the 40th year of her age.

The deceased was a member of the Church of Christ, and interred in Ever-Green Cemetery.

Very suddenly, at Philadelphia, on the 14th inst. Mr. JOHN A. WILSON, late of Gettysburg, aged 23 years and 6 months.

On Friday, the 11th inst. near Conodoguinet Chapel, Mrs. MATILDA MARTIN, wife of Dr. Martin, aged about 28 years.

In Abbottstown, Adams co., in March last, Mr. JACOB SPANGLER, Carpenter, aged 72 years, 6 months and 5 days.

On the 2nd inst. near Beeder's Mill, near Abbottstown, Mr. ALBERT BENDER, aged about 22 years.

On the 5th inst., Mr. JOHN EBERT, of Butter township, aged 80 years 2 months and 11 days.

In Sonoco county, Ohio, on the 4th inst., after a long and painful illness, Mr. JOHN HINE, wife of Ludwick Sheely, deceased, formerly of Adams co., Pa.) in the 81st year of his age.

In Dark county, Ohio, very suddenly, on the 20th of March, Mr. HENRY HARVICKLE, formerly of Adams county, Pa., aged 48 years, 9 months and 9 days.

In this place, on the 14th inst. ISAAC McCLEAN, son of John F. and Ellen Carrens, of Cumberland township, aged about 1 year, 3 months and 10 days.

On the 13th inst., LOUISA, daughter of John and Susan Spangler, of Mountjoy township, in the 5th year of her age.

DR. C. E. GOLDSBOROUGH,

HAVING through the solicitations of friends resigned the idea of retiring from intending to reside permanently in Hanover town, offers his services to the public in general, in the exercise of DENTISTRY, TOOTH-WIPERY, SURGERY, &c. &c. He can be found at his residence, Baltimore Street, engaged, at his office, at Wm. Neely's, midway between the Post Office and Mr. Jacob King's Hotel.

April 18, 1856.—3m

THE TORNADO AT PHILADELPHIA.

OVER 200 HOUSES UNROOFED.

The Philadelphia papers are burdened with the details of the terrible and destructive tornado, which passed over that city on Saturday night last, shortly before ten o'clock. It destroyed a vast amount of valuable property, and cast panic and confusion on all sides. The tornado commenced in Pittsburg on Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, and pursued a northeast course, by southeast until it reached Philadelphia. The greatest amount of ruin in the latter city was at the north end, in the Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth wards, and the Penn district.

In these the hurricane was most terrible, spreading dismay among the student hearts, and affrighting every one in its course. We have never witnessed scenes of greater terror than took place on that occasion, the women and children were running from their shattered dwellings to seek shelter among their neighbors and friends, and the scenes of the morning, when they went along, and others almost fainting from fright. The number of houses partially or wholly destroyed, is stated to be short of two hundred, among which are five churches, one public school-house, Girton & Co's extensive lumber works, and numerous other buildings. The loss by this terrible visitation is estimated at over one hundred thousand dollars in real estate alone, while the damages to stock, furniture, &c., will swell the aggregate much beyond this sum.

St. Luke's Lutheran Church, in Fourth street, below Tompson, a new and very beautiful edifice, was blown into unroofed. The massive roof was lifted some twenty feet upwards in the air, and broke in twain, one portion falling into the church, crushing a new and most excellent organ; and the other portion, with the rear of the roof adjoining the building, on the north as the tops of the dwellings in that vicinity.

The roof of Rev. Mr. Lyons' Presbyterian Church, on the Frankford road, a new Gothic edifice, was blown off, and carried off, and its corner broke the windows and side of a frame building adjoining on the south, and broke or dismantled a large amount of property in the vicinity. A portion of the west gable end of this church was carried in upon the altar, breaking the pulpit and furniture to a considerable extent. Damage $4,000.

THE TORNADO—ITS EFFECTS WESTWARD.—Philadelphia, April 14.—Accounts from the various towns in the vicinity of this city give additions to the damage done by the tornado of Saturday night. A train of loaded freight cars at the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot at West Philadelphia was blown from the track, and a train of ten loaded cars on the Reading Railroad were driven 400 yards along the track, and left in a shattered condition.

A lady at West Chester, whilst endeavoring to close her window sash was struck by a falling chimney and killed.

Instimmable dwelling houses and barns have been unroofed in every direction.

THE SPRING AS WELL AS THE FALL.—The storm of Saturday night was terrible in its severity. Much damage was done in Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Allegheny and Bridgeport. A church and fifteen houses were demolished.

In Allentown a man was killed. A large number of trees were blown across the Railroad track between Salem and Dunmore.

THE LATE SNOW STORM.—*Further Particulars.*—The storm of Saturday night was quite serious at York, Pa.—The Gazette says:

It lifted the sheet iron roof from the large iron warehouse of P. A & S Small, in the rear of their extensive Foundry and across the alley into the adjoining lot, whilst the other end hung to the building. Three hundred feet were lifted from the engine house of Messrs. Small & Smyser's foundry, whilst trees were uprooted and fences prostrated, which I have seen in parts of the borough and its vicinity.—The gale was accompanied by vivid flashes of lightning, and by the roar, gulf and sublime of what everybody wanted —rain.

We have also just learned that four spans of the York Furnace bridge were carried away, and considerable damage done to the Pennsylvania bridge.

Hard says:

We learn that horses were levelled with the ground, fences scattered in every direction, and in some instances houses were unroofed and chimneys completely demolished.

The Pittsburg Dispatch has the following:

At Allegheny the gale was tremendous. There houses were blown down and demolished, and five or six others unroofed. A passenger car and a baggage car belonging to the Pittsburg and Allegheny, left the track and badly smashed up. The passenger train, due here from the West a half hour before, jumped a little off the track, the violence of the storm was over and escaped without injury, except to the baggage car, which was left with a weight of some kind struck Inglis a violent blow on the head, inflicting a wound which left no doubt of his death, which took place soon after. Allison was arrested by officer C. Leary, assisted by officer John Mohler; His father, known as gave bond in the sum of $500 for his appearance on Monday morning. Inglis's case being a desperate one, on Sunday young Allison was arrested and committed to the county jail, at Charlestown, about eight miles distant. He had been there but a few days, when he committed the act, known to be in his possession, the unfortunate Allison blew his own brains out. Allison is from Jefferson county, aged about 20 years.

THE LADIES' STORE!

A NEW SUPPLY OF FANCY GOODS!

MISS M'CLELLAN

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS, to which she would invite the attention of her friends and the public, believ