THE STAR AND BANNER.

GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, March 23, 1855.

Borough Election.

☞The Borough Election on Friday evening, passed off quietly. It is being generally understood that the invincibles "Sam" would be about, the Democracy seemed to dread a single-handed encounter with him and earnestly coaxed a fusion with the Whigs, but the latter stood off and declined nominating a ticket. Whereupon, the Democracy, on Thursday night, nominated a full ticket of true-blue "Locofocofiers," and prepared for battle. The Election opened in usual form, without any rival candidates, however, till about nine o'clock, when "Sam" suddenly made his appearance with a strong ticket. The contest was quietly but spiritedly conducted up to the closing of the polls, with varying editions as to the result, when both parties retired to await the reading off. The result seemed to surprise every body. "Sam" made a clean sweep of it, electing all his candidates by majorities ranging from 80 to 119—the average majority being 103! The whole vote for Burgess and Council is considerably less than for the balance of the ticket, the Borough Charter prescribing qualifications for electors of exclusively Borough officers, which disqualified some from voting therefor.

Township Elections—"Sam's" Footprints.

☞More than usual interest attaching to the present election for township officers, we have secured, at considerable trouble, the official returns, which will be found in another column, classified according to the issues made, so far as we have been able to learn them. It will be seen that the majority of "Sam" has been at work in a majority of the districts, sweeping the field wherever he made his appearance. The Borough, Cumberland township, Mountjoy, Germany, Freedom, Franklin, Butler, Menallen, Huntington, Latimore, Tyrone, Berwick, and Conewago, have yielded to his sway, rolling up for him a majority of over 600! In most of these townships, strong coalition tickets were brought out to check his progress—in a number of instances the names of influential Whigs being used without their knowledge or consent—and in some cases, as we are advised by those who pretend to "know," Sam's own followers being unwilling, "drawn out for candidates. We presume this accounts for the fact that in some of the townships the same name appears on both tickets for different offices, and occasionally for the same office. All, however, would not do. "Sam" seems to be a knowing captain. He fights to win.—His success in carrying all the districts named, is the result of months of hard labor and preparing them for future triumphs.

The remainder of the townships divided on the old party issues, as far as we can judge, the Democracy carrying Strabane, Reading, Hamilton and Union. We give tabulated results, as usual. In Oxford and Hamiltonban the Whig tickets were carried without serious opposition. Liberty went about half and half. In Mount-pleasant there seems to have been a kind of guerilla fight, the voters going it pell-mell, and every man for himself. For details see the returns.

☞By a "mistake of the Printer," on the ballots voted by the Americans at the recent Borough election, the name of W. L. Campbell, Esq., one of the candidates for School Director, was misprinted. We are advised that the error was detected immediately after the opening of the polls; but as there could be no misconception as to the individual voted for, it was not deemed worth while to reprint the tickets. So, it seems, thought the 227 voters who cast their ballots for him.—As, however, the error has excited some remark, we are authorized by Mr. Campbell to say that if any gentleman is anxious to have the post he is quite willing, to give way. In such contingency, however, the 227 voters who endorsed Mr. Campbell might have a word or two of objection to suggest.

☞The Exhibition of the Hunterstown Classical Institute came off on Tuesday evening last in the presence of a very large audience. A number of original and select speeches were delivered by the students connected with the Institute, the Berlin Brass Band furnishing excellent music during the intervals. We understand that the efforts of the young gentlemen were quite creditable, and that everything passed off pleasantly.

☞We understand that a Volunteer Infantry Company is about being organized in this place. The arrangements, now complete, have been quietly progressing for some weeks. Now that the project is beyond the contingency of failure, the requisite material for uniforming the Company has been ordered, and ere long we may expect our streets to be enlivened by the "pomp and circumstance of glorious" military training.

☞A number of the leading Know Nothing papers throughout the Union are advocating an open American organization.

☞Sheriff Thomas has advertised the sale of the property of Frederick Hess, in Cumberland township, containing 280 Acres, more or less, with a Tavern Stand, and other improvements. Sale to be at the Court-house on Saturday the 14th of April, at 1 o'clock, P. P.

The "Citadels" Falling!

☞Not the least among the many anomalous results of the American movement, is the fact which stares us in the face, in every successive election, that Know-Nothingism makes its deepest marks in the strong holds of the bogus Democracy—and this notwithstanding the reiterated assurances of Locofoco editors that it is all a "Whig trick." Last fall, in our own State, this was signally illustrated in the York, Cumberland and Perry district, in Fayette, Westmoreland, Armstrong, Columbia, Centre, and other deeply dyed Locofoco counties. Last week, New Hampshire backed clean out from her hitherto steadfast position, and embraced Know-Nothingism, with open arms. And now we have "Old Mother Berks"—the pride and boast of Pennsylvania Democracy for the last quarter of a century and more—quaking in "Sam's" presence.

It will be recollected that Berks, last fall, elected THREE Know Nothings to the Legislature by an enormous majority—ranging somewhere about seven or eight thousand. But this was pronounced a "take in"—an imposition upon the honest, confiding voters of that intensely Democratic county, which could never be repeated. Well, on Friday last, they had an election in Reading for Mayor and other corporation officers, in which 'the issue between Know Nothingism and Anti-Know Nothingism was broadly and squarely made—"Sam" walking over the course, and distancing all competitors. The Locofoco leaders not trusting their own strength, called a "Republican" fusion meeting, and put in nominations for the offices of Old Line Whigs and Democrats. The election was exciting, and a very heavy vote polled. The "Americans" swept every ward in the city, electing their candidates by a vote of nearly two to one! The vote stands as follows:—Mayor—Baird, (*Am*erican) 1544, Young, (Republican) 840. The balance of the Ticket has the same average majority. If all these elections are results of a Whig trick," isn't it a little strange that it should always succeed best in strong one hundred dollars. There are a number of provisions as to the duties of constables and other officers, looking to a rigid enforcement of the provisions. It has been made the special order in the Senate for Tuesday next. Its fate there is uncertain.

Death of Emperor Nicholas.

☞The last steamer brings the startling intelligence of the death of the Emperor of Russia from congestion of the lungs. The announcement was at first received with suspicion, but it is now regarded as a fixed fact. The Press is busy speculating upon the probable effect of this unexpected event upon the progress of the War in the east, opinions being divided. Of course much will depend upon the temper of his successor. There exists some doubt as to whether Alexander, Nicholas' eldest son, will succeed to the throne, or his younger brother Constantine, who was the first born after Nicholas assumed the purple. Constantine is said to be warlike and far superior to his brother in ability. Further intelligence will be anxiously looked for. An interesting sketch of the deceased Emperor will be found on our first page.

Platform of the American Party.

An important document connected with the American party is published by the New York Herald. The document consists of an address and series of resolutions. It has been printed and is to be circulated to every Council in the country, that (in the language of a resolution adopted by Council No. 12) "the views of the party through the United States may be returned for the final action of the next Grand National Council." The platform laid down at Cincinnati shall be supported, that State rights shall be respected, and the Union upheld. As regards our American policy is to be introduced, in order to balance the Foreign element which is now so rapidly gaining ground.

The present system of electioneering is to be condemned, and one more in accordance with American principles is to take its place. In matters of religion, all individual opinions are to be respected, all churches to stand upon a level, and the Bible alone to be used in the common schools; sectional questions are to be avoided, and all attempts to alienate divisions of the Union from each other, are to be resisted. The council thinks that a liberal policy should be maintained by Congress in measures designed to develope the resources of the country, and in the improvement of harbours and rivers. The spoils system is to be abandoned—it is condemned as corrupt, and un-American. Other minor matters are set forth in the document which is carefully worded throughout, and which allows of considerable latitude of meaning.

☞Mr. W. H. Wyrenhow, formerly of this place, has been appointed Principal of the Hagerstown Academy. Mr. W. has been for some time employed as tutor in the Academy of Rev. Mr. Kennedy, at Fayetteville. He takes charge of the Academy at Hagerstown next month. Mr. Witherow is a young gentleman of fine attainments and a successful teacher.

☞Hon. D. M. Smyser, President Judge of the Bucks and Montgomery district, had a severe attack of hemorrhage of the lungs, on the evening of the 8th inst., which confined him for a week or more to his bed and room. His friends will be gratified by the assurance of his convalescence, and that his physicians encourage the belief that he will experience no permanent ill effects from it.

☞The Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which has been in session in Baltimore for a week or more, adjourned on Wednesday. The following are the appointments for this district:—

FREDERICK DISTRICT—Thomas H W Monroe, P E—Frederick City—Edwin Dewees, J F Boyer—Frederick Circuit—David Trout, H M Gardner. Mission to colored people in Frederick Circuit, (to be supplied.) East Hilltown—J H M Lemon, (one to be supplied) James R Dorbower, supernumerary. Rosenhover—J W Cullum, (one to be supplied.) Hagerstown—Eldridge B Yeakel, W H Knox, supernumerary—Hancock—C Parkison, W T Williams. McConnelsburg—Jacob Montgomery. Mercersburg—Jonathan Wheeler, M J Murphy. Chambersburg—John Grover, Wesley Howe, supernumerary—Waynesboro' and Church Mountain Mission—Daniel Hartman, Oscar B. Thayer. Gettysburg—Jacob Cooper, Jacob Eichelberger. Westminster—John Bowen, B Peyton Brown. Liberty—Henry G Dill, H N Spees. Montgomery—J Martin Cassidy, L D Herse.

☞An statement of five per cent is to be allowed on our State and County taxes paid before the 23d of June next.

☞The Washington Union announces the settlement of the Black Warrior case with Spain.

TOWNSHIP ELECTIONS.

[FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1855.]

Compiled for the Star" from the Official returns.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.

Assessor.		*Opposition.*
	TRUSTEES.	
John Culp,	23 Chr. Chritsman,	106
	TAX COLLECTOR.	
John Gilbert,	26 Abd. Polley,	114
D. Kendlehart,	36 Jacob Culp,	111
	SCHOOL DIRECTORS.	
W. L. Campbell,	27 Jacob Sheads,	115
D. J. A. Swope,	35 Saml Ziegler,	116
	JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.	
G. E. Bringman,	215 Sol. Powers,	130
	JURORS.	
David Sweeney,	225 H. G. Carr,	120
	INSPECTOR.	
Geo. W. Stover,	222 W. K. Gallagher	120
	ASSESSOR.	
J. Geiselman,	235 Geo. Geyer,	118
	ASSISTANT ASSESSORS.	
Henry Rupp,	220 And. Woods,	120
Wm. T. King,	228 Ed. Menchey,	118
	CONSTABLES.	
J. L. Burns,	238 Wm. White,	132
Robert Tate,	112	

CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP.

Assessor.		*Opposition.*
	JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.	
Wm. Currens,	74 Eli Horner,	45
	JURORS.	
John Hunter,	76 Jacob Herbst,	48
	INSPECTOR.	
Henry Myers,	76 John Butt, jr.	42
	ASSESSOR.	
Joseph Walker,	77 John Butt, sen.	41
	ASSISTANT ASSESSORS.	
Henry Clutz,	77 Abraham Plank,	45
David Schriver,	76 Joseph Sherfy,	42
	JURORS.	
Jacob Bream,	50 Saml Snyder,	45
Jacob Hoke,	50 Geo Deardoff,	45
	CONSTABLES.	
J. Rout,	50 Jos. Gulenbaugh,	42
Jacob Hoke,	50 Jos. Bream,	42
	SCHOOL DIRECTORS.	
Jacob Bream,	50 Jacob Spangler,	59
Jacob Hoke,	50 Jacob Plank,	41
	AUDITOR.	
Jacob Bream,	50 Jacob Dromer,	46
	TAX COLLECTOR.	
S. Geiselman,	48 Jacob Deals,	58
Isaac Wolf,	42 Michael Bender,	23
	TAX COLLECTOR.	
Jacob Bill,	19 Jacob Grist,	47
	ASSESSOR.	
Isaac Wolf,	22 Scattering.	
S. Diehl,	22 Scattering.	
	SCHOOL DIRECTOR.	
D. Baker,	48 Wm. Bittinger,	24
Michael Bill,	47 G. Flickinger,	22
	CLERK.	
Geo. Bream,	22	
	AUDITOR.	
Joseph Lee,	22	
	CONSTABLE.	
Joseph Hoke,	16	
	SCHOOL DIRECTOR.	
Thos. Bill,	16 Jacob Bream,	50
Joseph Hoke,	16 John Bender,	58
	AUDITOR.	
Jacob Culler,	16 Philip Beamer,	58
	JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.	
Wm. Heller,	134 Wm. Overdeer,	9
	CONSTABLE.	
Wm. W. Cook,	138 Jacob Bear,	52
Ego Doyle,	134 John Weigle,	55
	SCHOOL DIRECTOR.	
George Peters,	136 Jacob Schlosser,	54
V. S. Fohl,	133 Benj. Wierman,	55
	AUDITOR.	
W. B. Wilson,	140 Conrad Wierman,	50
	CLERK.	
John Cullings,	140	
	TREASURER.	
S. Johnston,	134 Josiah Penrose,	55
	CONSTABLE.	
H. R. Peters,	150 Conrad Bender,	38

MOUNTJOY.

American.		*Opposition.*
	JUDGE.	
Geo Benner,	73 Jesse Wetley,	52
	INSPECTOR.	
Joseph Mackly,	76 Henry Benner,	50
	ASSESSOR.	
Jesse Clapsaddle,	77 Michael Fissell,	50
	ASSISTANT ASSESSORS.	
J. N. Hoffman,	77 J. Eckenrode,	51
Wm. J. Reever,	76 Moses Hartman,	52
	JUSTICE OF PEACE.	
S. Durbrow,	83 Isaac Hartley,	45
Jas. M'Ilhenny,	79 Jacob Orendorff,	42
	SUPERVISORS.	
A. M'Guigan,	76 Peter Epley,	51
Wm. Young,	75 Wm. Kunts,	51
	SCHOOL DIRECTORS.	
David Clapsaddle,	78 Henry Hemler,	51
Francis Allison,	78 Nath. Lightner,	51
Jerem'h Bowers,	78 James Rider,	51
	AUDITOR.	
Jacob Little,	75 Peter Orendorff,	52
	CONSTABLE.	
Daniel Shaffer,	79 Jacob Fetterhoff,	52

FREEDOM.

American.		*Opposition.*
	JUDGE.	
Abr'm Hesson,	53 Andrew White,	24
	INSPECTOR.	
Isr'l Shanebrook,	51 Joshua Brown,	25
	ASSESSOR.	
Daniel Sheets,	51 D. Bowerman,	21
J. Cunningham,	52 J'ab'n Waybright	5
	JUSTICE OF PEACE.	
Jacob Myers,	53	
	SUPERVISORS.	
John Baker,	76 Samuel Cool,	24
Ab'm Flenner,	51	
	SCHOOL DIRECTORS.	
S. S. M'Nair,	52 Anth. Weible,	24
Andrew Reed,	49 Joseph Creager,	20
	AUDITORS.	
F. Cunningham,	51 Joseph Hoffman,	25
Jacob Hoegy,	51	
	CLERK.	
Jacob F. Linn,	52 M. M'Fadden,	24
	CONSTABLE.	
John Brown,	84	

READING.

Judge.		*Opposition.*
J. A. Dix,	58 Jab Dixe,	70
Daniel Rosier,	64 Michael Philips,	77
Inspector.		
Benj. Albert,	58 Geo. Brown, Sr.	65
Levi Chronister,	62 J. Bosserman,	69
Peter Firestone,	30 Thos. Dicks, 4th	48
Assessor.		
John Miller,	95 Jacob Miller, Sr.	117
John Geise,	57 John Clay,	69
Assist. Assessors.		*Clerk.*
Geo. Baker,	96 Sam'l Heisel,	91
John Baker,	96	
Justices of Peace.		
Geo. Mussloff,	71 John King,	92
Scatering,	7	*Constable.*
Supervisors.		
E. Chronister,	46 Philip Hess,	71
Michael Bushey,	46	

TYRONE.

American.		*Opposition.*
	JUDGE.	
John W. Hill	74 Daniel S. Diehl	44
	INSPECTOR.	
J. A. Miller,	75 Abraham Guise,	42
	ASSESSOR.	
S. Routsahn,	72 Peter Fidler,	49
	ASSISTANT ASSESSOR.	
Orias Ferroe,	74 Jacob March,	44
Nicholas Dietrick,	74 D. Trimmer,	44
	Justice of Peace.	
John Delap,	74 Geo. Mackley,	48
	SUPERVISORS.	
Jacob Hersh,	74 Jacob C. Bream,	44
John Conrad,	74 Geo. Eicholts,	44
	SCHOOL DIRECTORS.	
A. K. Myers,	72 S. Delap,	45
Charles Yeatts,	74 T. Ehrhart,	44
	AUDITOR.	
Abm. Bowers,	74 H. J. Myers,	44
Chas. Wentz,	74	
	TREASURER.	
Wm. Wintrodey	71 J. C. Pittenturff,	50
	TREASURER.	
Samuel Sadler,	74 J. C. Starry,	44
	CONSTABLE.	
Wm. Hewitt,	70 James Miller,	42

STRABAN.

Whig.		*Opposition.*
	JUDGE.	
Wm. Black,	82 J. Brinkerhoff,	107
	Inspector.	
Robert Bell,	83 Jos. Thomas,	105
	Assessor.	
Jno. Brinkerhoff,	87 H. Whitmer,	101
	Assistant Assessors.	
Jno. Crum,	84 C. Bender,	103
D. P. Heinzel,	83 Nicholas Moritz,	102
	Justice of Peace.	
Josias Woods,	81 Geo. Ehrhart,	112
	J. J. Felty.	
	Supervisors.	
Martin Shelor,	79 J. Taughlin'b,	105
	Fred. Storlin,	98
	John N. Graft,	88
	School Directors.	
Philip Beamer,	104 Peter Mackly,	108
S. Longenecker,	78 Samuel Felk,	91
	AUDITOR.	
S. F. Noel,	89 John Wertz,	101
	Clerk.	
John Brown,	84 J. Taughlin'b,	105
	Constable.	
	John McCreary,	97
	Jacob L. Grass,	28

MOUNTJOY.

Whig.		*Opposition.*
	Judge.	
W. H. Wolf	105 Geo. W. Lilly,	6
	Inspector.	
Edmund Gitt,	104 Joseph Stough,	42
	Assessor	
Henry J. Kuhn,	72 John Ginter,	39
	Assistant Assessors.	
M. A. Slagle,	74 D. M. Myers,	41
Jno. Wolf,	70 C. Zinn,	35
	School Directors	
Joseph J. Smith,	74 Charles Will,	41
Abdiel F. Gitt,	65 Elias Slagle,	41
J. Martin, (Ly)	107	
	Supervisors	
John Sneeringer,	67 John Clunk,	44
A. Hemler,	62 John Stock,	40
	Auditor	
B. F. Hersh,	105	
	Clerk	
Aaron Heagy,	111	
	Constable	
Levi Wagner,	60 Conrad Weigle,	80
	Justice of Peace	
John C. Ellis,	105	

HAMILTON.

Whig.		*Opposition.*
	Judge.	
Jacob Reitzell,	59 John Wiest,	75
	Assessor.	
Samuel Wiest,	53 Daniel Ehrhart,	75
	Assistant Assessors	
G. W. Spangler,	75 Jacob Geca,	75
Daniel Baker,	65 Wm. Wolf,	75
	Justice of Peace.	
	Martin Geta,	75
	Supervisors.	
Samuel Miller,	70	
John Bubb,	70	
	School Directors.	
Jacob Ehrhart,	73	
Chas. Herbert,	76	
	Auditor.	
Jno. Bell,	75	
	Clerk.	
Aug. Kurtz,	75	
	Constable.	
Jno. Bubb,	70	

HAMILTONBAN.

Whig.		*Opposition.*
	Judge.	
Abr'm Bell,	87	*School Directors.*
Thos. Marshall,	84	David Blythe, 87
	Supervisors.	
Jacob Rice,	82	George Tate, 87
Daniel Snyder,	46	Jacob Plank, 92
	Assessors.	
Robert Blythe,	86	Benj. Marshall, 86
	Assist. Assessor.	
D. Musselman,	91	John Baxton, 98
Isaac Harvier,	91	John Stenner, 95
	Constable.	
Jno. Marshall,	74	Wm. Johnston, 89
And. Lowe,	98	Rufus C. Swope, 57

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE

The Emperor of Russia Dead!

HIS ASSASSINATION RUMORED!

HALIFAX, March, 15.—The Royal mail steamer Africa arrived here this forenoon, with Liverpool dates to February 28 inclusive. Her advices are immaterially important bringing the startling announcement of the death of the Emperor of Russia.

Early on Saturday morning it was announced by telegraph from London that reliable intelligence of the death of the Czar had been received. It was previously known that his physicians had given up his case as hopeless, and had resigned his functions.

There is no mistake about the matter. The fact was announced in the House of Lords by Lord Ulsrendon, and in the House of Commons by Lord Palmerston. No doubts are entertained, and there seems to be a general impression that the news was caused by assassination, but it is most probable that it was from a prolonged apoplexy.

The death of the Czar happened at 10 o'clock on the morning of Friday the 2nd inst., and the news reached St. Petersburg very rapidly to the capitals of Austria, France and England. In England and France it caused intense excitement.

Peace expectations were stronger. The conference would open on the 5th.

The war advices from the Crimea are of the same general tenor as forwarded per steamer Pacific. There is nothing new of moment.

BATTLE OF EUPATORIA.—In regard to the repulse of 40,000 Russians at Eupatoria by 600 gallant Omer Pasha, we have the following dispatch from Admiral Brust:

"KAMISCH BAY, Feb. 20.

On the 17th Eupatoria was attacked on the Eastern side with 80 pieces of artillery and six regiments of cavalry, under Gen. Korff, and twelve regiments of infantry, consisting of 25,000 men, under the orders of Gen. Ostensacken. The combat lasted from 5½ to 10 o'clock, A. M., in which the Russians were vigorously repulsed. Their loss is estimated at 5,000, killed and wounded in proportion. The Turks had 98 killed, 250 wounded, and lost 70 horses."

A letter states that the battle consisted mainly of the heavy fire of artillery, under cover of which the Russians made attempts to carry the town by storm.

VIENNA CONFERENCE.—Lord Russell and Count Buol were expected to have an audience with the Emperor and Mandarin Gortz. Russia seems to be making attempts to come to an understanding with the Western Powers.

The Austrian editorial in the *Correspondent of Vienna*, says that a defensive alliance treaty has been prepared, securing the integrity of Turkey, preventing future encroachments on Russian Territory, and guaranteeing the rights of Christians.—This will be considered as the Conference.

All the plenipotentiaries, with the exception of Lord Russell, had arrived at Vienna. The conference was to meet on the 5th of March, and hopes of peace results were strongly entertained.

RUSSIA.—Notwithstanding the Russian professions of peace, warlike preparations were vigorously carried on.

ENGLAND.—The Earl of Carlisle has been definitely appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. Otherwise the ministry remains as reported per steamer Pacific.

Mr. Roebuck's committee were proceeding vigorously, and it was reported that the objects of inquiry would be best attained by making the committee a select one. On the 1st instant Mr. Roebuck appeared at the bar of the House of Lords with a message from the Commons, asking the Duke of Newcastle to give evidence before the committee.

The 21st of April was appointed as a national fast for the success of the war.

FRANCE.—The Emperor was at the Camp of St. Omere, and nothing further was known respecting his intended visit to the Crimea. Rumors of important arrests for political causes having been prevalent were circulated in Paris.—Persons in high distinction are said to be implicated.

A Paris correspondent of the London Morning Post, under date of Feb. 27, asserts that the Emperor, accompanied by the Empress, would positively leave for the Crimea on the 3d or 5th of March.

ITALY.—The Sardinian Chambers voted the suppression of the monasteries.

THE LATEST.

LONDON, Friday night.—This evening in the House of Lords, Lord Clarendon rose and said:—I think it my duty to communicate to your Lordships the contents of a telegraph dispatch received half an hour since from Her Majesty's minister at the Hague, that the emperor Nicholas died this morning, at 10 o'clock, of pulmonic apoplexy, after an attack of influenza.

I have also received a dispatch from Her Majesty's Minister at Berlin stating that the death of the Emperor took place at 10 o'clock this morning. One hour before their dispatch arrived I received accounts from Lord John Russell, at Bayion, stating that the Emperor was at the point of death, and had taken leave of his family. Although this event occurred an short a time ago as between 10 and 11 o'clock this morning, there can be no doubt under the circumstances of its authenticity.

In the House of Commons Lord Palmerston made a similar statement.

It is surmised that the Emperor died by the hand of an assassin, but the cause of his death as assigned above is generally credited.

The effects of the startling announcement on political and monetary matters had not been developed, and it is impossible to say what it may produce. It, however, created intense excitement.

ANTHONY BURNS.—Through the exertions of the Rev. Mr. Grimes, of Boston, the sum of $700 was raised in that city toward purchasing the person of Anthony Burns, the renowned Fugitive Slave. The remainder of the sum necessary for that purpose, ($600,) was furnished by Mr. Grimes himself and the purchase was consummated by that gentleman the other day at Barnum's Hotel in Baltimore. Last evening, Anthony was met in Rev. Mr. Pennington's Church, in this city by numerous friends of his own color and a number of white friends of Freedom.

The Rev. Mr. Raymond opened the meeting with prayer, after which the Rev. Mr. Pennington introduced Burns to the audience.

ANTHONY BURNS.—Anthony Burns is a man of medium height, but very stout, ebon, regular features, high forehead, a quiet, intelligent face, and a well set and muscular frame. He has a dark or ashen was a broad, dark scar on his left cheek. In a modest but firm and deep voice, he said:

MY FRIENDS:—I am very happy to have it to say, and I have it to feel, that I am once in the land of Liberty for two days. Two days ago I was in Virginia. Until my twenty year I did not care much what came of me, but soon after I began to learn that there was a Christ who came to make usfree; it began to bear down a North, and to feel the necessity for freedom of soul and body. [Applause] I heard of a North where men of my color talked about my rights during an day to them, "you are my property" and I determined, by the blessing of God, one day to find my way North. My mind in making grew on me, and I found my way to Boston. You see I didn't want to make myself known to you, but I said I was; but as I came to work, I got employment and I worked hard, but I kept my own counsel and I did well until I was found to be a slave, but I strove for myself as I never had an opportunity to do before. When I was going to work one day I was struck on the running behind me; presently a hand was put on my shoulder, and somebody said: "Stop stop! you are my slave!" I was brought into a silversmith's shop the other night.' I assured the man that it was a mistake, but stood before justice and was held to be free and from off my feet by six or seven others, and it was no use to resist. In the Court House I was surrounded by a crowd of silversmith did not come. I told them I wanted to go home to supper. A man then came to the door; he didn't stay to take an answer, man would. (laughter,) but kind a slowly oyened it, and looked in. He said, "How do you, Mr. Burns?" and I called him as we do in Virginia, "Master!" He asked me if there would be any trouble in taking me back to Virginia. I said I was brought right to a stand, and I didn't know what to say. He wanted to know if I remembered the money that he had to give me, and I said, "Yes, I do recollect that you used to give me 12½ cents at the end of every year I worked for you." He said he was sorry and back next morning. I got no supper or sleep that night. The next morning they sold me that my master was not in the right to me; and as I had called him "master," the fear of God before my eyes, I could not do it. Next morning I was taken down with the bracelets on my wrists—such as you wear, ladies, of gold and silver—but iron and steel, that wore into the bone. [He showed the marks the bones had worn.] I was then assisted that I should have a counsel, but I said them I did not think that it would do any good, for what I said was true. I was crushed me, and I would not deny the truth, and my only hope was in the assistance of Heaven. I was sentenced to be sent back to Virginia. I was sent in the Court Room; Marshal Tarbox, a Boston officiate told him what Dana, Ellis, Phillips and others, that I—d—d sons of b—s of Abolitionists, that he would be sure of them he got back to Virginia, and advised him to have nothing to do with those who pretended to befriend him while they made his case worse. He replied that they worked for him carefully, and if they did not succeed it was not their fault. *He said he saw in a newspaper that he had wished to go back to Virginia.* He did not dwell himself said it, he could have said greater lie. He then described the scene of his condition, how he a poor fugitive was made a great lion, and escorted out of the Court-room of Boston and on board of the revenue cutter, amid troops men armed to the teeth. How they (the law men) and not myself, were the prisoners. When he got to Virginia, and when he got to Norfolk they clapped him into jail, and put irons on him and kept him in a room without bed or seat, and with but nearly food, for two days. He was taken to Richmond; where he was kept in a hole for two days in the Trader's Jail for four months, with irons on his wrists and ankles, so tight that they wore to the bone, and laying on the bone, and during the month of August they gave him a hand pail full of water every two days. From this cause he was allowed to come out once during four months. At the end of that time he was sold for $905 to one David M'Daniel, who took him to North Carolina.

The reminder of his story is short; hearing of his situation, the news was raised and his purchase effected by Mr. Grimes.

The address was listened to with great interest, and was much applauded.

The Rev. Mr. Grimes followed, after which a collection was taken up. The Barns has gone on to Boston.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

☞We notice in the Harrisburg papers a call issued by Mr. Curtin, the Superintendent of Common Schools, for a meeting of all the County Superintendents in the Convention at Harrisburg, on the 14th of April next, for mutual consultation, and the discussion and adoption of such measures as may lead to a more complete and effective organization for the advancement of the Common Schools, and the cause of popular education.

☞A joint resolution to adjourn the Legislature on the 17th of April, passed the Senate on Tuesday.

The Committee to whom was referred the remonstrance of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Pittsburg in reference to the tenure of church property, reported adversely.

☞The supplement to the Act to lay out a State road from Gettysburg to the Pennsylvania Railroad passed both Legislature, and has received the approval of the Governor.

☞J. Ellis Bonham, Esq., Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, died at his residence in Carlisle, on Monday, of congestion of the lungs.

☞A recent arrival from California announces the failure of some four or five of the heaviest banking houses. There was much excitement, the panic having caused a number of memorable failures. The suspended banking-houses had issued cards announcing their failure to be only temporary, and that they expected to resume business shortly.

☞The news from Australia is important. A conflict had taken place between the miners and Government troops, in which 12 minors and 22 of the troops were killed.—A revolution, looking towards a declaration of independence, was talked of by the insurgents.

☞The clipper barque Grapeshot sailed from New York on Saturday in pursuit of Baker, the murderer of "Bill Poole," with Tom Hyer and a police force on board.—Baker is supposed to have escaped in the "Isabella Jewett," bound for Palmas.—The Grapeshot is expected to overtake the latter vessel. Morrissy, Turner, Paugeen, and Irving, all noted pugilists, charged with being accessaries to the murder, are in pursuit.

☞The Know Nothings carried the Municipal Election in Fredericksburg, Va., on Monday by a large majority.

It is stated that the Mexican Minister at Washington has received advices of Santa Anna's victory over the brigands, and of the execution of Gen. Marron.

The Cholera has made its appearance on the Western rivers.

Salt Rheum or Tetter.

I hereby certify, that my son Edward, (a lad of about ten years,) was afflicted for years with Salt Rheum. For four weeks there was a constant running of the corruption through the mouth, which discharged freely. We tried several medicines, without obtaining any relief.—Seeing a notice of Wm. Wright's Cure, which has effected a cure. The sore is completely healed, and his general health improved.

HORACE W. SULL.

AGENCIES.—S. H. Buehler, Gettysburg; Jacob Forney, Gettysburg; H. S. Fink, Pleasant Hill; Spalding & Brother, Littlestown; John Bushey, Hanover; Jacob Weaver, Abbottstown; Fahler, Jr., Franklin Mills; Jesse Houck, Butler township; Andrew Crouse's store, Mt. Wolf; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Jacob Pennsyl, Middletown; Jacob T. Lower, Arendsville; H. W. Whitmore, Manchester; Philip Hunt, McKnightsville; Thomas J. Cooper, Franklin tp.; Jacob Mark, Cashtown; Ashbaugh & Spangler, East Berlin; J. Martin, New Oxford; J. R. Henry, Abbottstown; Jan. 26, 1855.—3m

Myers' Rock Rose,

From Dr. E. L. CLEVELAND, Pastor of Third Congregational Church, New Haven, Ct.

Rev. A. B. L. Myers: DEAR STAR—From what I have known and observed of the good effects of your Rock Rose, Extract of Rock Rose, I believe it to be a safe and valuable medicine, and would cheerfully recommend it to those who are afflicted with the disease it is designed to cure.

Respectfully yours,

E. L. CLEVELAND.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 7th, 1851.

AGENTS.—S. H. Buehler, Gettysburg; Jesse Hook, Menallen P. O.; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Jacob Mark, Cashtown; Spangler & Brother, Littlestown; Ashbaugh & Spangler, East Berlin; Jacob Martin, New Oxford; H. S. Fink, Pleasant Hill.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

DAYTIMORE MARKET 15, 1855.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The Flour market to-day was quiet, and not much disposition on the part of purchasers to operate, unless at reduced rates. There were sales on early change of 200 bbls. Howard street brands at $8 87½, and 100 Ohio at $8 75 per bbl. Supply and receipts light. Sales of 600 bbls. City Mills at $8 75 per bbl. Rye Flour—sale of 200 bbls. at $5 87. Corn Meal—supply moderate. We quote country at $4 31½, and city at $4 50.

GRAIN.—Wheat—The market is not very firm. There were 5,000 bushels white offered yesterday and 2,000 red. Sales of good to prime white at $2 15 a $2 20; choice white at $2 22 and $2.25. We quote red nominal at $2 05 and $2 12 per bushel. Corn—There were 12,000 bushels offered, including 10,500 white, and 2,000 yellow. Sales of white at 78 a 87 cents, yellow at 87 a 88 cents, and mixed 84 a 85 cents per bushel. Oats—There were 1,000 bushels offered; small sales of Virginia at 54 cents. We quote Pennsylvania oats at 54 a 55 cents per bushel. Rye—Sales of prime at $1 20 a $1 22 per bush. We quote Pennsylvania at $1 20 a $1 22 per bush.

PROVISIONS.—Pork—no sales reported. We quote new Mess held at $16 00; prime do. $14 per bbl., for inspected. Beef—sales to-day. We quote No. 1 at $15; Mess at 17; family, $19; prime at 13 per bbl. Bacon—Market quiet—Sales of 2,000 lbs. Rumps, 10; 114 cases shoulders, at 8½; sides of 200 bbls. at 8 a 9; cents; in kegs, 10½ cents per lb. Cheese—sales at 10½; choice, at 11 cents per lb.

CATTLE.—There were offered at the scales 600 Beeves. Price, $4 00 to $5 62 on the hoof, equal to $8 00 a $11 25 net, and averaging $5. Hogs—There were sold at the scales at $6 50 to $7 50. Sheep—The sales at the scales were from 3 to 4½ cents gross.

YORK MARKET.

YORK, March 13, 1855.

FLOUR, per bbl., from wagons,	
WHEAT, per bushel,	1 95 to 2 05
RYE, "	1 05
CORN, "	76
OATS, "	50
TIMOTHY SEED, per bushel,	2 50
CLOVER SEED, "	6 50
FLAX-SEED, "	1 75
PLASTER OF PARIS, per ton,	7 50

HANOVER MARKET.