LATER FROM EUROPE.—By the arrival of the Alps at Boston, and the America at Halifax, we have a full week's later intelligence from Europe. The great fact of interest which the news puts us in possession of is the final departure of the expedition against Sevastopol. Between six and seven hundred vessels of war and transports, manned by 25,000 sailors, and carrying 75,000 soldiers and three thousand pieces of cannon, left Varna on the 8th and 9th, with the expectation of appearing before Sevastopol on the 16th inst. where the landing of the troops was to immediately follow. This expedition force is the most imposing that has ever been sent out by any power, and its operations may be expected to be on a corresponding scale of greatness. It is not probable that we shall have any definite news in regard to the movements of the expedition for a fortnight to come. Prince Menschikoff, commander at Sevastopol, and Russia at his doubt prepared to resist the attack of the allies with all the force and means at her command.

Mr. Soule has written a letter to the official organ at Madrid in reply to the misrepresentations of that journal in reference to his departure from Madrid. Mr. Soule's straightforward style will excite no little comment over the absurdities into which his opinions betray him, than of serious apprehension, though the letter is not one as should have been drawn from an American minister as a foreign court by any provocation. The London Post notices Mr. Soule of any complicity in fomenting late revolutionary movement in Spain.

The strict neutrality of Austria and Prussia is re-affirmed, and with this the Western Powers are forced to accept. Russia has entirely abandoned the line of the Danube leaving that river free. There are other items of interest connected with the war movements of the allies that will attract attention. The domestic news from England and the Continent is of but little interest.

Brooklyn's closed dull, but prices were fully up to the previous week's quotations. Cotton was easier but not lower. Cotton sales were quoted at 95¾ a 95¾.—*Phil. American.*

"TROUBLE AT CINCINNATI.—The rush of foreigners and foreign ideas of liberty into this country gave rise to a history that will not accordance with that of Sacrofol, in his *cockney-de rose* accounts of the American devotion to that goddess. We have had the spectacle of church-burning, but they were the episodes of a street fight, in which the party acting as incendiary has suffered the loss of some of their friends killed brutally by their antagonists. But to threaten in cold blood to burn down a house consecrated to religious purposes is something new, and that nearly has just shown out in Cincinnati. It seems that the Presbyterians fitted up a building near White Plains, Twenty Ward, Cincinnati, with a Sabbath school. The second Sunday after the school was opened a party of Germans waited upon the officers of the school and requested them to close it. This German request was not complied with, of course, but the next Saturday night the School-room was entered by persons who tore up the school-books and benches and threw out the furniture into the street. The trustees determined to open a fresh school. But on to open death, the Germans informed them that they would destroy the school afresh and kill the parties! Some friends of the trustees, finding such threats to be declared, themselves opened the campaign and attacked two houses occupied by Germans. A riot ensued. Among other things, three men were shot, but not fatally wounded. But the school is to be opened next Sunday; so should it be, come what may.

Comment on such a circumstance seems impossible. The attempt of foreigners just redeemed from bondage at home and welcomed to Freedom and Equality, thus to stab Liberty, seems to justify ordinary condemnation from its very monstrosity. —*N. Y. Tribune.*

IMPORTANT LAW.—The following act was passed at the last session of the legislature. It was framed by Mr. Evans, Senator from Chester, and passed both branches of the Legislature unanimously:

AN ACT FOR THE PROTECTION OF MECHANICS AND LABORERS.—SECTION 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all assignments of property, whether real or personal, which shall hereafter be made by any person or persons or chartered company, to trustees or assignees, on account of inability, at the time of assignment, to pay their debts, the wages of minors, mechanics and laborers employed by such person or persons or chartered company shall be first preferred, and paid by such trustees or assignees, before any other creditors or creditors of the assignor; *Provided*, That any one claim thus preferred shall not exceed one hundred dollars.

CURIOUS SURGICAL OPERATION.—A child was and a half years old, whom from birth nature, in one of her strange freaks, had endowed with two hands upon one arm, was lately relieved of one of the superfluous arms, and from the superfluous hand enough flesh was dissected to manufacture a neat thumb for the hand that was allowed to remain, and which lacked that necessary limb. The operation was performed while the patient was under the influence of chloroform, and the hand thus made to order is doing well.—*New Bedford Mercury.*

INDIAN ATROCITIES IN MEXICO.—The New Orleans Picayune states that among the most horrible of the unnumbered atrocities of the Indians in Mexico, lately, is one in which they made a hole beneath the chin of a young man, through which they passed a cord, taking it through the mouth, so hanging him up by his chin to a tree, and making him a target for their arrows! Another, in which they cut out some pieces of flesh from the hamstrings of a poor infant, roasting them and eating them, while the agonized little creature still lived; and another in which they devoured the greater part of the human body.

NOTHING TO EAT.—The Picayune says where never was, during the past year, time to get anything to eat in New Orleans as the present. There is literally nothing in the markets for the poor. The beans are poor and scarce. Eggs are out of the question, and demand from four to six bits a dozen. Beef, mutton and poultry are of the poorest possible kind. Potatoes are selling at four for a dime. The man who could bring a few thousand barrels to the city just now would make a fortune.

THE STAR AND BANNER.

GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, Oct. 6, 1854.

Whig State Ticket.

GOVERNOR,
JAMES POLLOCK, of Northumberland.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE DARSIE, of Allegheny.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
DANIEL M. SMYSER, of Montgomery.

FOR CONGRESS,
DAVID F. ROBISON, of Franklin.

Whig County Ticket.

ASSEMBLY,
JAMES L. NEELY.

HIGH SHERIFF,
DANIEL MINNICH.

PROTHONOTARY,
JOHN PICKING.

REGISTER AND RECORDER,
JACOB ELDWELER.

CLERK OF THE COURTS,
J. J. BALDWIN.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE MYERS.

AUDITOR,
ABEL T. WRIGHT.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOHN HORNER.

COUNTY SURVEYOR,
ROBERT HORNER.

Locofoco Ticket.

Governor—William Bigler.
Judge of Supreme Court—Jer. S. Black.
Canal Commissioner—Henry S. Mott.
Congress—Wilson Reily.
Assembly—Moses M'Clean.
County-Commissioner—John Putters.
Director—John Plank.
Auditor—Thomas A. Marshall.
Coroner—T. H. Hickey.
Sheriff—Henry Thomas.
Prothonotary—Robert M'Curdy.
Register—D. F. Walter.
Clerk—Jacob Bushy.

American Ticket.

Governor—Benjamin R. Bradford.
Supreme Judge—Thomas H. Baird.
Can. Commissioner—Bloomfield M. Spicer.

Independent Candidate for Assembly.

WILLIAM B. WILSON

Independent Candidate for Register and Recorder.

JOHN L. GUBERNATOR

Bring in the Returns.

☞As the result of next Tuesday's election will be looked for with more than usual anxiety, it is to be hoped that arrangements will be made in the several election districts to send in the returns as soon as possible after the tickets have been read off.

Examine your Tickets.

☞As there will be an unusual number of mixed tickets in circulation at this election, it will be well for every voter to carefully examine his ticket before depositing it in the ballot box. We are advised that Locofoco tickets have been printed in imitation of Whig tickets, while Whig tickets have been printed with the names of some of the Locofoco candidates substituted for Whigs. We publish to-day the several tickets before the people of the county, that the reader may see who are candidates. Examine your tickets carefully—compare them with these names—and then vote intelligently.

Vote Separately.

☞The tickets for the Auditory Legislature Law must be voted on a separate slip—also for Judge of the Supreme Court—The rest of the candidates, from Governor down to Coroner, will be voted on one ticket. Election officers will therefore provide *three* boxes—one for a Prohibitory Liquor Law, one for Supreme Judge, and one for the balance of the ticket.

A Word to the Ladies.

☞There is work for the Ladies at the coming election—work for our mothers, and wives, and daughters, and sisters—aye, a great and glorious work. On Tuesday next your fathers, husbands, brothers, and sons, will be called on to vote for or against a continuance of the rum traffic—Are you not concerned in that vote? Oh, there is no condition in life where the blasting influences of the Destroyer fall with more desolating fury than another, it is the domestic circle, where woman's decrest hopes are centered. Proud must you feel and partial must the pride of arms gauge and the turmoil of active life; but not so with woman. When the Rum demon enters the family circle, introducing Poverty, Shame, Disease, and Death, she becomes a blight and wo where she should remain, and which lacked that necessary limb. The operation was performed while the patient was under the influence of chloroform, and the hand thus made to order is doing well.—*New Bedford Mercury.*

The Last Word.

☞On Tuesday next the people of Adams county and of the State of Pennsylvania will be called on to express their views upon the various issues involved in the present canvass. Before this No. of the *Star* reaches some of our readers that verdict will have been rendered. We do not propose at this late hour to influence the judgment or excite the passions of any of our readers. Our views of the question are already in the possession of the people of the County—those views have been calmly, although earnestly, enforced by us, and we presume the reader's mind is by this time fully made up. We have no appeals to make to personal feelings or religious prejudices. All we have now to say to our Whig friends, is to go to the polls and VOTE—vote as Whigs, calmly and reflectingly—vote as your judgment and consciences approve. Locofocoism is making a most desperate effort to break the ranks of the Whig party by the most artful and dishonest appeals to religious prejudices. With a bitterness and rashness which puts to blush the shameful demagogism of 1844 and '52, our opponents are now boldly, openly and unblushingly bidding for the entire Catholic and Foreign vote. To this end all their efforts are being directed—to this end all the distinctive political issues of former campaigns are now ignored, and everything made to bend to this one aim. And why? Why this sudden solicitude for Catholic citizens? Why this extraordinary effort to convince adopted citizens that Locofocoism is *par excellence* their special friend and guardian? Why this outrage upon American sentiment and Protestant feeling, in so determinedly plying the Catholic voters and adopted citizens with appeals designed to convince them that the Whig organization is anti-Catholic and inimical to the Foreign population. There must be some powerful motive for a policy so bold and dangerous as this—what is it?

The answer is plain and inevitable. It needs no argument or close investigation to discover it. Thomas Americanism, which for years characterized the policy of Locofocoism has at last opened the eyes of a large portion of the honest Democratic masses, who, disgusted by the demagogism of their political leaders, organized a new political association in Philadelphia, rising over the country and threatening to annihilate Locofocoism. To make up for this defection fresh votes must be had—Locofocoism must be sustained at any and every cost. Hence the profuse professions of love for Catholicism with which the entire Locofoco press of the country is literally groaning—hence the fulsome praise of the Foreign population compared with native citizens—hence the bitter, proscriptive war upon all who dare to denounce the anti-American policy of Locofocoism. Is it so or?

Fellow citizens—Adams county—Whigs and Democrats—Catholics and Protestants—Native and Adopted citizens—what say you to this new phase of political demagogism, which to secure votes for party, would still further foment the bitter feelings developed by past elections. Are you native born or Protestant in your religious persuasion—what say you to this anti-American denunciation of national sentiment? Are you an adopted citizen, or an attached to the Catholic Church—what say you to this shameless effort to bring your people and your Church into the political markets, to be put up for sale and knocked off to the highest bidder? What say you, Democrats, of your abuse of your liberal or religious belief, to this new insult thus forced upon you by the Jacobins who now rule Locofocoism and through it seek to accomplish their selfish purposes, at every sacrifice of principle and honor?

We put these questions to you in all earnestness and sincerity. Having answered them to the satisfaction of your own consciences, go to the polls and vote as becomes intelligent Freemen, who appreciate the privilege enjoyed, and know how to protect those privileges alike from the fatal influences of European Agrarianism and the blasting guardianship of its twin sister American Locofocoism.

☞It is very evident that the labors of the Opposition in their efforts to secure the Catholic vote for the Locofoco ticket have not been quite successful as they may have wished. Our article of week before last, addressed to our Catholic Whig friends, seems to have given the Opposition special trouble. The *Compiler*—which by the way has abandoned its usual disregard for truth and fairness—forbidden further notice on our part—has been belaboring that article ever since, and taking especial pains to break its force. And in the last number we have a couple of anonymous correspondents—both professing to be Catholic Whigs, notwithstanding the ill-concealed car-marks of radical Locofocoism protruding through their assumed disguise—who come to the editor's assistance and labor hard to convince Catholic voters that their interests would be promoted by their uniting with the devotees of Locofocoism. To these anonymous writers we have as little to say as to the *Compiler* itself. We allude to the matter simply to argue from all this labored effort the assurance that there must be some "screws" loose in the arrangements of the Opposition generally. We have much to be misgiving in justify so much pains-taking.

☞Mr. SAMUEL HINKS has been nominated for the Mayoralty by the Know Nothings of Baltimore City. Mr. H. is a Democrat, and has been engaged for a long time as an extensive flour merchant in that city, and is well known to the community.

D. F. Robison, Esq.

☞We trust that in the midst of the local interests which affect the canvass in this county, the friends of Freedom will not lose sight of the Congressional issue. Col. ROBISON, our candidate for Congress, has fearlessly and manfully taken his stand upon the broad platform of uncompromising war against all future aggressions of the Slave power. He has addressed our people at such points as his limited stay in our midst permitted him, and from all quarters we have the most cheering advices as to the effect of his able and eloquent exposure of the Indignominies of Locofocoism. His opponent, Mr. RILEY, has taken his stand on the Nebraska platform, and gives it its unqualified approval.—The issue is thus forced fairly and fully upon the voters of this Congressional district, and cannot be avoided. We are glad of it. We are anxious to see a fair verdict upon this Nebraska business, and have no fears for the result, if the friends of Freedom but go to work in earnest.—See to it that every vote is polled for ROBISON.

Whig Meeting.

☞The Whig meeting at the Court house on Friday evening last was the largest and most enthusiastic we have witnessed for some years. I. N. M'CAULY, Esq., of Chambersburg, was introduced to the meeting, and made an excellent speech, which was well received. He was followed by Col. M'CLURE, of the Chambersburg Whig, who made an admirable argument in support of the conservative policy of the Whig party, and exposing clearly and forcibly the duplicity and hypocrisy of Locofocoism in its new-born zeal for Catholicism. Mr. ROBISON, our candidate for Congress, followed with one of his stirring and eloquent speeches—denouncing the Nebraska swindle as an outrage upon Freedom, and pledging his efforts, if elected to Congress, to secure a restoration of the Missouri Compromise. W. L. CAMPBELL, of this place, was called out and made an eloquent and happy effort, exhorting the Whigs to stand fast by their colors and pay no attention to the artful appeals of Locofocoism. All the speakers were enthusiastically cheered, the very best feeling pervading the entire meeting, and urging well for the Whig cause.

☞The Whigs of Franklin township had a large and enthusiastic meeting on Saturday evening at the house of DANIEL BROUGH—our old Whig friend, Mr. DAVID NEWMAN, presiding, and R. A. LYTLE acting as Secretary. The meeting was addressed by D. WILLS, Esq., of Gettysburg, and by Col. D. F. ROBISON, whose speeches were warmly received. Franklin township will do her duty.

How comes it?

☞"With the intense hatred of 'Know Nothingism,'" and love for Catholicism, manifested by the Locofoco leaders, how comes it that they have not a single foreign-born naturalized citizen or Catholic on their ticket? Is it honest for them to pretend so much friendship for any class of voters, and yet exclude them from their ticket?

BEWARE OF LAST CARDS.—Locofoco statements made a few days before an election, when there is no time for contradiction, are always false.

JUDGE SMYSER.—We hope no Whig or friend of reform will neglect to vote for Hon. Daniel M. Smyser, for Judge of the Supreme Court. He is beyond all doubt the *best* man before the people for that important station. In his private and social relations he is esteemed by men of all parties who enjoy the pleasure of his acquaintance, while as a public officer—fitted for the office, he is without a superior. Especially do we expect to see the Whigs of Adams county—his old friends and fellow-citizens—give him such a vote as will attest their high regard for the man and honor his eminent legal attainments and peculiar fitness for the Supreme Bench.

☞The Rev. I. N. HAYS, late Pastor of the Presbyterian Congregation at Hunterstown, has taken charge of Middle Spring Congregation, near Shippensburg, and has removed to the latter with his family.

☞The Evangelical Lutheran Synod for West Pennsylvania, convened at Shrewsbury, York county, on Thursday evening last, Rev. J. ULRICH presiding, Rev. WM. F. EISENBERG as Secretary, and Rev. PRF. JACOBS as Treasurer. Among the most important results was the unanimous adoption of a resolution to raise during the ensuing year, within the bounds of the Synod, the sum of $7,000 to be raised by its Lutheran Church for Church extension purposes. After an interesting and harmonious session of five or six days, during which time the Ministers and Delegates were hospitably entertained by the citizens of Shrewsbury of various religious denominations, the Synod adjourned on Tuesday morning to meet at Shippensburg, on the second Wednesday in 1855. On Monday evening, Messrs. J. Swope, H. F. Eily, and O. F. W. Hoppe, of the Theological Seminary at this place, were publicly licensed to preach the Gospel, while Rev. H. Koons and T. Stock, were ordained as regular Ministers of the Gospel.

Revs. S. S. Schmucker, D. D., C. P. Krauth, D. D., A. H. Lochman, F. Ruth-ruff, and J. Evans, and Messrs. D. A. Buehler, C. A. Morris, E. G. Smyser, F. Smith, and T. S. Dechert, were elected delegates to the General Synod, to meet at Dayton, Ohio, next spring. Rev. L. Gerhart, of Abbottstown, was elected Doctor of the Theological Seminary

The Catholic Vote.

☞It is very evident that Locofocoism is building all its hopes of success in this county upon the Catholic vote. The entire tone of the *Compiler*, together with the movements of the active leaders, indicates that they have staked all upon this single die. We understand that the Southern and Eastern townships have been literally flooded with anti-Know Nothing pamphlets and documents, containing the grossest misrepresentations; while the canvassing of their candidates for Congress, Legislature, Prothonotary, Sheriff, and other offices, is mainly confined to those townships. It is thus hoped to hoodwink the entire Catholic vote into the support of Locofocoism and make up the loss in Know Nothing Democrats. Indeed, advices to this effect have been confidently forwarded to the other counties in the district, and such has been the report to the Locofoco State Committee. Last week, while absent in an adjoining county, a prominent Democrat told us that he had been authoritatively advised that the "entire Catholic vote in Adams county would be thrown for the Democratic ticket, and the entire Democratic ticket would be elected!" Not so fast, gentlemen. You will have to work well—you have bid largely and desperately—and in case of failure the fault will not be yours. But then you must not think your schemes so profoundly laid and your people so easily led astray. The Catholic Church of Adams county embraces within its membership a body of men, who for substantial condition in life, general intelligence, and devotedness to their country, may well challenge comparison with any class of citizens in this or any other community. To calculate on deceiving them by the arrant demagogism and hollow hypocrisy with which you have attempted to delude the masses, is an insult to their intelligence, patriotism, and self respect, of which you may not become advised until you have seen the result of their voting. Of that result we have no fears.

Treasonable in the Wigwam.

☞The Locofoco County Committee held a convocation on Friday last to determine the propriety of striking from their ticket such candidates as are known to belong to the "Know Nothings." A majority of the Committee decided against striking off and ordered the tickets to be printed as settled by the County Convention. The Locofoco State Committee have also decided to leave Mr. MOYE's name on the State ticket, although it is a conceded fact that he is not only a Know Nothing, but the Know Nothing candidate for Canal Commissioner.

What a consistent set of fellows these anti-Know Nothing Locofoco leaders are! Bitterly denouncing the entire organization and yet cordially supporting acknowledged Know-Nothing candidates!

☞We give below the official vote in Adams county for Governor in 1851, which may be found convenient for reference:

	Johnston.	Bigler.
Gettysburg,	227	172
Cumberland,	96	87
Littlestown,	98	87
Oxford,	56	50
York Springs,	329	205
Fairfield,	227	161
Berlin,	88	110
Menallen,	179	96
Hunterstown,	127	140
Franklin,	122	75
Conewago,	72	75
Heidlersburg,	92	67
Mountjoy,	78	67
Mt. Pleasant,	128	87
Hampton,	105	102
Abbottstown,	85	62
Freedom,	62	22
Union,	49	85
Butler,	122	105
	2472	1945
	1945	
Johnston's majority,	527	

The following is the official vote for Congress in this district in 1852:

	Russel.	Danner.
Franklin,	3412	3076
Adams,	2082	1945
Bedford,	2037	2015
Juniata,	1683	1252
Fulton,	652	770
Total,	9866	8845
	8845	
Russell's majority,	571	

TAYLOR'S majority in the counties now comprising the district in 1848, was 1608, and SCOTT's majority, in 1852, was 799.

HUNTERSTOWN ACADEMY.—The Third Annual Exhibition of this Institution took place last night in the church at Hunterstown, in the presence of a very large audience. The exercises were very interesting and very creditable to all concerned. D. M'CONAUGHY, Esq., of this place, delivered a very eloquent and chaste address, which was well received. The music, by the Berlin Band, was excellent. The Institution is at present under the charge of Mr. MEKZER, a gentleman of fine attainments and an excellent teacher.

☞HON. JOHN M. CLAYTON is out in a strong letter in support of the popular sentiment that "Americans should rule America." He disavows being a candidate for the Presidency.

☞In noticing the burning of Mr. MILLER's barn last week, we stated that it was insured in the Cumberland Valley Company. We have since learned that the rance had run out, and Mr Miller neglected to have it renewed. The loss is consequently total. Let those who are not now insured take warning.

☞There were seven or eight fatal cholera cases in York up to Tuesday evening—all traceable to some specific cause. Cholera still exists at Columbia.

MAINE ELECTION.—The people of Maine have rendered a most emphatic verdict in favor of their famous Prohibitory Liquor Law. The following is the full vote for Governor:

Morrill, (Temp. & K. N.)	44,852
Parris, (Reg. Dem.)	28,306
Rood, (Reg. Whig.)	14,107
Cary, (Rum & opposed to Maine Law.)	5,424

In the Senate, the Morrillites will have every member—and in the House, 60—jority over all others. ☞*Only* ONE *Liquor or anti-Maine Law man has been elected to the Legislature in the whole State!* If this is not an endorsement of the Maine Law by the people, we don't know what is.

☞We find in the Buford 'Inquirer and Chronicle," a communication relative to the Commencement of Pennsylvania College. After alluding to the exercises in very flattering terms, the writer goes on to pay a very handsome compliment to our town, which we are vain enough to think is not entirely unmerited. We think we recognize in this article the pen of our friend, G. H. SPANG, whose presence here during Commencement week contributed much to the pleasure of his many friends. Mr. S. is a good, clever fellow—we don't know a better among all the alumni of the College. We have clipped a paragraph:

"Few towns in the interior of Pennsylvania are more handsomely laid—more hospitably inhabited—or more favorably located for institutions of learning than Gettysburg. With a population of between two and three thousand, it is surrounded by a fertile Agricultural district—sufficiently remote from public improvements to bar the dangerous influence of those sinks of pollution, which are so fearfully prevalent elsewhere. In a more sure churches where so many different denominations stately worship God, the Sabbath is observed without those incident to county towns, and of rent and excitable temperance. The side-walks, the Commons, the streets, are all beautiful, and bring handsomely graded and paved.—Three fine hotels comprise the places of public entertainment. The "Eagle Hotel," kept by John L. TATE, is truly "the traveller's home," and a more hospitable host than Major Tate does not exist. Our host of the hotel Franklin, Mr. GEO. W. M'CLELLAN, is a clever Boniface, a prince of good fellows, and the art of entertaining well none know better than he."

☞The second Annual Exhibition of the Franklin County Agricultural Society will be held at Chambersburg, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 17th, 18th and 19th of October next. Some $700 will be distributed in cash Premiums, and the address will be delivered on THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock, by HORACE GREELEY, Esq., Editor the New York *Tribune*.

☞REV. HORATIO POTTER, D. D., of Albany, has been elected Bishop of the Diocese of New York, in place of Dr. Wainwright, deceased. The opposing candidate was Mr. WOLCOTT, a layman, the latter belonging to the "High Church" party. The vote on last ballot stood—Potter 172, Vinton 126.

☞JOHN F. BAUGHER, Esq., the young lawyer from Frederick, Md., who fell from west of Farnsworth's house at Mt. Pleasant, Ind., a few days ago, and was severely injured, has been compelled to submit to the amputation of one of his legs below the knee.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Thursday last, Messrs. SHELLENBERGER, HOFFMAN and SMITH, were engaged in a stone quarry on the land of ANANAS SMITH, near Middletown, when a mass of stone fell immediately on the Adams county line, an embankment caved in, completely hurrying Mr. Shellenberger beneath and killing him instantly. His lifeless body was taken out about two hours afterwards. Mr. HOFFMAN also was severely injured.

☞The Chicago Democratsays, "Judge Douglas is not the Democratic organization of Illinois. He is the creature of it." Democratic organization! more that he is but a "poor creature."

[COMMUNICATED.]

Shall we have a Prohibitory Law?

The following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted at a meeting of the West Pennsylvania Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, convened in Shrewsbury, on Monday last:

"*Whereas*, universal experience has proved Intemperance to be one of the great evils of the world, spreading its baneful influence not only over the destinies of individuals, but also of families, of churches and of nations—cursing the fair fields of America are more handsomely laid—more hospitably inhabited—or more favorably located for institutions of learning than Gettysburg. With a population of between two and three thousand, it is surrounded by a fertile Agricultural district—sufficiently remote from public improvements to bar the dangerous influence of those sinks of pollution, which are so fearfully prevalent elsewhere. In a more sure churches where so many different denominations stately worship God, the Sabbath is observed without those incident to county towns, and of rent and excitable temperance. The side-walks, the Commons, the streets, are all beautiful, and bring handsomely graded and paved.—Three fine hotels comprise the places of public entertainment. The "Eagle Hotel," kept by John L. TATE, is truly "the traveller's home," and a more hospitable host than Major Tate does not exist. Our host of the hotel Franklin, Mr. GEO. W. M'CLELLAN, is a clever Boniface, a prince of good fellows, and the art of entertaining well none know better than he."

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The following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted at a meeting of the West Pennsylvania Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, convened in Shrewsbury, on Monday last:

"*Whereas*, universal experience has proved Intemperance to be one of the great evils of the world, spreading its baneful influence not only over the destinies of individuals, but also of families, of churches and of nations—cursing the fair fields of America are more handsomely laid—more hospitably inhabited—or more favorably located for institutions of learning than Gettysburg. With a population of between two and three thousand, it is surrounded by a fertile Agricultural district—sufficiently remote from public improvements to bar the dangerous influence of those sinks of pollution, which are so fearfully prevalent elsewhere. In a more sure churches where so many different denominations stately worship God, the Sabbath is observed without those incident to county towns, and of rent and excitable temperance. The side-walks, the Commons, the streets, are all beautiful, and bring handsomely graded and paved.—Three fine hotels comprise the places of public entertainment. The "Eagle Hotel," kept by John L. TATE, is truly "the traveller's home," and a more hospitable host than Major Tate does not exist. Our host of the hotel Franklin, Mr. GEO. W. M'CLELLAN, is a clever Boniface, a prince of good fellows, and the art of entertaining well none know better than he."

A KANSAS NEWSPAPER AND A KANSAS CITY.—The "KANSAS WEEKLY Herald" is the title of a newspaper received among our exchanges on Saturday, all the way from the "disputed territory." It is a neatly printed sheet, published at Leavenworth, by Gaborn & Adams. It is the first paper established in that territory.

The "City of Leavenworth," where the Herald is published, is situated about a mile and a half below Fort Leavenworth, "is laid out" into streets, squares, &c., and is growing with true Western rapidity and thrift. It is destined to become a large and important place of business. It is not far from the new city of Kickapoo! The following notices appeared editorially:

A large number of hands are engaged in *cutting out the streets of this city!*

The population of this city is nearly as follows: 99 men, 1 woman, 0 babies.—Total 100. Truly a flourishing and promising town.

Leavenworth was already talked of as the future capital of Kansas. We think it will have something to fill a school house with before the capital is built.

Of the 99 male inhabitants of this city, 10 otherwise themselves as "Attorneys and Counsellors at Law!" There is one physician, a tinsel, a steam engine, 40 several dry goods stores, a book store, drug store, and other trading establishments.

HORRIBLE OUTRAGE.—*Young America*.—A very aggravated case of child cruelty borne by foreigners to American born citizens occurred in Washington city a few days since. A lady looking, athletic German, who emigrated to this country about fifteen years ago, called a young American boy, about ten years of age, into one of the public streets, and when he got safely ensconced within his own doors, he took a switch and switched him out of the house and howled so that he might have been heard at a square's distance. To be sure, the *American* boy had called a name at the *foreign German*, and was chastised for joining with other boys in teasing and annoying a poor German who was in the streets. When the boy joined his comrades again they inquired what his father whipped him for, he said he did not know, he knowledged that he deserved all he got, and would not have cared for the whipping, but did not like to be licked by a foreigner!

THE AFRICAN SLAVE TRADE AT NEW YORK.—The New York Herald says:—We are informed that the Grand Jury, in their discoveries recently made, our vigilant District Attorney, Mr. McKeon, is prosecuting an investigation before the Grand Jury, the result of which will astonish the unsuspecting Quakers living in this community. Nothing short of a seizure of all the necessary fixtures, materials, supplies, provisions, papers in several language, &c., &c., being found and dispatched from this port, as if the traffic were a legitimate business. The law declares it prima—not capital crime—and it should not wonder if the result of the present examination were to involve the personal safety of various enterprising individuals.

LIFE IN NEW YORK.—Eighteen thousand people in New York live under ground—that is to say, in cellars, vaults and holes. Of these, 5,000 are children and his information is said to be derived from actual investigation. He tells of one unglazed cellar in which a family lived or den—in which one hundred outcasts of both sexes herd together indiscriminately. It is called "Hell" by the people in the neighborhood, and not inappropriately.—*Worcester Spy, Sept. 27.*

GOOD NEWS.—The Meredith (N. H.) *Democrat* states that the price of wooden and Roman Catholic Bishops, theologians and learned of religious orders, of the Arch-Diocese, assembled in green wood, on the Sabbath day morning, and attracted a large assemblage. A procession of the clergy was formed at the Bishop's house, and proceeded to the Cathedral, where, after preliminary religious services, Bishop Hughes delivered an address which was in the course of which he strongly urged the practice of charity, forbearance and kindness to the poor.

The business of the Council, it is stated will be transacted in private.

MARRIED.

On the 28th ult., by Rev. Jacob Ziegler, Mr. JOHN SHEELER, to Miss Susanna, daughter of ELIZABETH M. BERGAW, of Mountjoy township.

On the 28th ult., by Rev. Mr. Boyle, Mr. OTHO S. CASTLE, and Miss KATE PLAINE, all of Mountjoy township.

On the 26th ult., by the Rev. J. Sechler, Mr. ELIAS SHOWALTER, of East Berlin, and Miss SUSANNA BECKER, near Hampton, both of Adams county.

DIED.

On the 28th ult. Mr. BENJAMIN WISLER, of Germany township.

On the 23d ult., near Shiremstown, Westmoreland county, Pa., Capt. JOHN MCCLURE, son of Mr. James Mcclure, and daughter of Philip Hoagy, deceased, formerly of Adams county, aged 24 years.

On the 26th ult., near Littlestown, Adams co. SUSAN HAMMAN, daughter of Jacob and Mary Mouthey, aged 4 months and 2 days.

In this place, on the 30th ult., Mrs. MARTHA M'CURDY, widow of Mr. James M'Curdy, in the 87th year.

At Harrisburg, on the 28th ult., the Hon. WILLIAM N. IRVINE, in the 72d year of his age.

Judge IRVINE received a Lieutenant's Commission in 1808 and served in the war of the United States until the close of the War of 1812, after which he commenced the practice of the law. He was for several years Deputy Attorney General for the County of Dauphin, and in the years 1819-20, was a member of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania. He was appointed by Governor Shulze, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of York and Adams.—For the last two years he has been residing in Harrisburg.

[COMMUNICATED.]

DIED.—On the 8th of September last, in Huntingdon co., Mr. GABRIEL MEAZA, in his Hospital, in the 61th year of his age.

At a meeting of the Hospital, held at Tyrone, on Sept. 23, the following preamble and resolution was adopted:

Whereas, as it has pleased a kind Providence, in his infinite wisdom, to remove our much beloved benefactor, Gabriel Meaza, from the state of existence, as we humbly trust, therefore, be it resolved:

1st. That, in the death of Mr. Gabriel Meaza, the Children of the Hospital have lost a faithful member, each brother a kind and affectionate friend, and the cause of temperance a warm advocate.

2nd. *Resolved*, That we sympathize with our deceased brother's numerous friends and relatives at this heavy affliction, and tender them our condolence and sympathy.

3d. *Resolved*, That we wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days in memory of our deceased brother, that the Division-room be hung in mourning, that the proceedings be published in the Borough papers, and a copy thereof be sent to the relatives of the deceased.

F. A. DUCHENNE, Sec.

Adams Division.

HANOVER, Oct. 6, 1854.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Sales of 500 bbls. Howard Street at $7 25 per bbl. City Mills, 1400 bbls. at $7. Rye Flour scarce—$7 50 per bbl. Corn meal $3 25 a $3 50 per bbl.

GRAIN AND SEEDS.—About 12,000 bushels offered, and sales of good to prime white at 1 55 a $1 65; choice do. for family flour, 1 68 a 1 70; fair to prime red, 1 40 a 1 50 per bushel. Corn—sales of white at 71 a 74 cents, and yellow 73 and 75 cents per bushel. Oats—no sales. Oats—Maryland a Virginia at 48 a 50 cents per bushel. Clover $7. Timothy 3 50 a $4, and Flaxseed $1 37 per bushel.

PROVISIONS.—Mess Pork $13 37. Mess Beef $11 50 per bbl. Bacon—sides 7 cents, sides 8 cents, and hams 9½ a 12½ cents. Lard 10½ a 11 cents. Butter—good to prime 17 cents, roll at 17 a 25 cts. Cheese 10½ a 11½ cents.

CATTLE.—Prices ranged from $2.75 to $4, 25 on the hoof equal to 5,50 a $6 25 net, and 300 head sold.

SHEEP.—We note sales to-day at from 3 to $3 50 per 100 lbs. gross.

YORK MARKET.

YORK, OCT. 5, 1854.

FLOUR, per bbl., (from wagons,	$7 00
WHEAT, per bushel,	1 60 to 1 65
RYE,	1 16
CORN,	70
OATS,	30
TIMOTHY SEED, per bushel,	3 62
CLOVER SEED,	6 25
FLAX-SEED,	1 40
PLASTER OF PARIS, per ton,	7 00

HANOVER MARKET.

HANOVER, Oct. 6, 1854.

FLOUR, per bbl., (from wagons)	$7 12
WHEAT, per bushel,	1 40 to 1 60
RYE	1 05
CORN,	70
OATS,	30
TIMOTHY SEED,	3 00
CLOVER SEED,	6 00
FLAX SEED,	7 00
PLASTER OF PARIS,	7 00

LOOK HERE, LADIES!

NEW FANCY GOODS.

MISS M'CLELLAN

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Gettysburg and vicinity that she has just returned from Philadelphia with a superior assortment of FANCY GOODS including some beautiful new style

Calicoes, Ginghams, De Laines Silks, Cashmeres,

De Bage, Colony Cloths, Muslin, Linen, Sack Flannels, Bonnets and Bonnet Trimmings, Satins, Ladies' Dress Trimmings, Velvets, Artificials, Black Veils, Silks, Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, French worked Collars, Gambric, Jaconet and Swiss Edgings, Insertings, Muslin Sleeves, Mohair and Silk Braids, Black Lace and Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Braids, Fans, Gentlemen's Collars