Four Days Later from Europe.

Capture of Bomarsund Confirmed

The U. S. mail steamer Pacific arrived at New York on Sunday, with Liverpool dates to the morning of the 23d ult. The Africa arrived out at 6½ A. M. on the 20th.

The fall of Bomarsund is confirmed by this arrival. It appears that a considerable part of the garrison had retired before the attack, leaving only a garrison of five thousand, and that it was intended to evacuate and destroy the works entirely; but the attack of the allies prevented this intention from being carried out. The attacking force amounted to twelve thousand, mostly French, and the fleet, or a portion of it, seems also to have fired upon the works.

Fifteen sail of the line, of which four ships and four steamers were French, are stated to have lain within range of the works during the fight, and probably a part of them, at least participated in it. The credit of the victory is given to the French. The loss was not great, the French having about 120 killed, and the British only 2 or 4.

Admiral Napier had warned all neutral vessels to leave Rige before August 10th. It was supposed that place would be immediately attacked.

THE BLACK SEA AND DANUBE.

The Russian army, Wallachia, has again distinguished herself, by rallying at the cooling station of Kosloe, where she decided, destroyed the Turkish troops, and put to sea in safety. She is now said to have been on her way from the United States to Sebastopol.

The Crimean expedition is said to be temporarily deferred, on account of cholera and level summer weather. The 10 arrived that 7000 French and 500 English have died of cholera at Varna.

Bulgaria is quiet in the occupation of the Turks. The Austrians have not yet entered Wallachia, but it is reported that orders for their march had been issued.

SPAIN.

Madrid is comparatively quiet. An important piece of news is, however, published by the Paris Patrie, to the following effect:

On the 13th, a deputation, composed of the leaders of the barricades and of the clubs, waited on Espartero, to request him to suppress the article in the decree convoking the Cortes, which live down that dynastic question contained in the bill of the new Constituent Assembly. Espartero at first replied to the deputation, that they might either adopt the modification proposed in him by the nation, or else convene in his place.

A long and warm discussion ensued, at the end of which, Espartero, in taking leave of the deputation, recommended them to address their petition to the Council of Ministers. The delegates withdrew in great agitation. Notwithstanding these dangerous symptoms, the Government is thought to be strong enough to carry out its policy.

The French Government has made contracts at Dantzic for winter supplies for the French fleet in the Baltic. This indicates the expectation of a prolonged campaign.

Senator Douglas Denied a Hearing at Home.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—The meeting last night in favor of Senator Douglas speak on the Nebraska and Kiner and Harbor bill was largely attended, and held in the Saloon, etc. As soon as Mr. Douglas ascended the stand, a tumendous noise was made which entirely drowned his voice. He attempted earnest efforts to restore quiet, but in vain. After several ineffectual attempts to obtain a hearing, it was half-past 8 o'clock, Mr. Douglas was compelled to leave the stage. There was much enthusiasm, but on other discussions. A large majority was opposed to his speaking for or hearing him. He was followed by the hooting of the crowd, which dispersed quietly dispersed.

The Crops.

The New York Sun, in an article on the drought, and the probable influence it is destined to exercise upon the prices of breadstuffs, expresses the opinion that the damage to the corn has been greatly exaggerated. The editor reasons in this way:

The wheat crop was harvested before the drought did any injury, and the crop, both in the United States and Canada, was a full average one. In many parts of the Southern States, the cotton crop will have more attention this year to the raising of cotton, and we hear few complaints of the failure of the crop from those states. In Texas, the crops have been abundant. California will not offer a market for breadstuffs from the Atlantic coast, and if the fine weather continues in Europe until the harvests are gathered in, the demand for breadstuffs from will be very limited, at the prices ruling here. So we need not fear anything like famine, since there is not any such thing to sustain famine prices. The prospect of good prices will induce farmers to use technology and avail of the produce which they can spare to market. Canada has a large surplus of wheat, and as the Reciprocity treaty will give free navigation to our markets it will, in the absence of a foreign demand, keep down prices in the Atlantic states. We will not consider it likely that should flour be cheaper in New York in August 1855 than it is at present.

INTERESTING DEATH.—An infant child of Mr. Wales, living in Prince George street, met with a sudden death on the evening of Thursday last. The child was placed in bed by its mother, who had occasion to leave the room immediately, and on her return found the child perched by the neck, between the foot board and rail of the bed-stead. A physician was promptly called, but his skill could not restore the little sufferer to life. Mr. W., we learn, was absent in the city of Baltimore.—*Annapolis Gazette.*

BURNED TO DEATH.—A man named Clay, was engaged in grubbing on the farm of Mr. Wolfe, near Welsh Run, Franklin county, on Thursday, directly in Barnet's saw mill. In order to prevent their disturbing him in his operations, he confined a bundle of matches from the house and put them in his pocket. The flames communicated to the stable and ran towards a bundle of stalks of hay, which were displayed. He was seen by a boy ploughing in the field, attempting to save the hay. The boy ran to his assistance, but whose he was reached, he was found and fell on the ground. He left a wife and large family.—*Franklin.*

THE STAR AND BANNER.

GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, Sept. 8, 1854.

Whig State Ticket.

GOVERNOR,
JAMES POLLOCK, of Northumberland.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE DARSIE, of Allegheny.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
DANIEL M. SMYSER, of Montgomery.

FOR CONGRESS,
DAVID F. ROBISON, of Franklin.

Whig County Ticket.

ASSEMBLY,
JAMES L. NEELY.

SHERIFF,
DANIEL MINNIGH.

PROTHONOTARY,
JOHN PICKING.

REGISTER AND RECORDER,
JACOB PELTWELSH.

CLERK OF THE COURTS,
J. J. BALDWIN.

COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE MYERS.

AUDITOR,
ABEL T. WRIGHT.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOHN HORNER.

CORONER,
ROBERT HORNER.

Another Steam Engine.

As an evidence of the increasing enterprise of our citizens, we had the pleasure, a week or two ago, of noticing the completion of a new Steam Saw and Chopping Mill by Mr. C. W. HOFFMAN. The shrill whistle that echoed through our streets last week, announced the completion of another new engine at the tan yard of Messrs. Hersner and John Rupp, in the Southern part of the town. These gentlemen, at considerable expense, have put up a beautiful engine, manufactured by Messrs. Davis & Forney, of York, (late Inter. by the-by, a graduate of the "Star" office,) to supply the power requisite in grinding bark, rolling leather, breaking hides, &c. The engine is fed entirely by the spent tan, hitherto a useless article to the tanner and an incumbrance to the tan yard, thus saving the entire cost of fuel. The furnaces can be supplied by a boy—the apparatus for burning the tan being an ingenious, yet simple contrivance. The engine itself is a beautiful piece of workmanship, and the entire improvement creditable to the industry and enterprise of the Messrs. Rupp.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.—The Annual catalogue of this institution registers 164 Students in attendance during the past year, distributed as follows:—Seniors 12, Juniors 10, Sophomores 21, Freshmen 26, Partial Course 10, Preparatory Department 83. We notice that *thirty-eight* of these, or within a fraction of one-fourth of the entire number, are registered from *Adams county*—a fact that tells well for the educational spirit of our community.

The Annual Commencement will take place on Thursday the 21st inst. John T. MORRIS, Esq., of Baltimore, will deliver the Alumni Address, and the Rev. Samuel Harris, of Carlisle, the Literary Address, on the preceding Wednesday.

The closing exercises of the Theological Seminary will take place on Tuesday evening the 19th: Rev. J. OWASON, of York, delivering the address to the Alumni.

☞The suit in the Common Pleas of Philadelphia to determine the controversy arising out of recent transactions concerning the Medical Department of Pennsylvania College, has been decided, the opinion of the Court, as delivered by Judge THOMPSON, entirely confirming the rights of the Faculty claiming under authority of the Parent Institution at Gettysburg, and composed of Professors Gilbert, Reese, Smith, Allen, Biddle, Neill and Stille.—This has also saved a long expensive litigating the opposing parties from attempting to deprive the Faculty of the possession of the College building.

SINGULAR.—A few weeks ago, a hen belonging to Mr. JOHN CRESS, of Straban township, hatched out a brood of chickens. Two or three of them being hatched out a day or two before the rest, were removed from the nest, put in a basket, and taken into the house. Next day—the "pee-pees" not being yet 24 hours old—the attention of the family was attracted by a distinct crooing from the basket. The circumstance occasioning some remark, a neighbor, who happened to call with Mr. CRESS some days after wards, expressed a desire to see the wonderful "peepees." On taking the young chickens from the basket, one of them stepped out and *crowed* distinctly—followed immediately by one of the others! We have these facts from Mr. CRESS himself, who witnessed them, with other members of the family.

RAIN AT LAST.—The protracted drought was broken on Tuesday evening by a fine shower, the water for a half hour or more running in torrents along our streets. It was a most welcome visitant. For days and weeks the sun had been poring down his scorching rays, and literally burning up the little vegetation that had survived the protracted drought, while the papers of the party will, doubtless, pronounce entirely satisfactory; but when the Clinton Democrat asserts positively declared that Judge Pollock was not a member of the Know Nothings, the Pennsylvanian and other kindred prints refused to believe. Know Nothingism is a *Whig*, to them is intolerable—monstrous; but as a Democrat, it is quite a different affair.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—JACOB SNYDER, a lumber merchant of York, and a Mr. Miller, were killed on Monday, by the breaking of a car axle of one of the burthensome on the York and Cumberland Railroad, near York Haven.

The Call for Names.

☞The *Compiler*, with an originality and sharpness of wit that would entitle the perpetrator to a diploma from a school for the education of donkeys, answers our allegations of last week as to the proportion of Democratic material in the Know-Nothing organization, by demanding that we support our allegations, either by revealing the source of our information or by furnishing the names of the Democratic membership, order "that all may judge for themselves." Our statements are not exactly denied,—there might be some truth about them. But the triumphant call for "names"—capital ideas—that will do for "Buncombe!" We shall not so do injustice to our neighbor as to suppose his sincere in his triumphant challenge. That would argue a degree of stupidity to which surely he would never plead guilty. However, in palming off stuff of that kind for argument we fancy he pays rather an equivocal compliment to the sharpness of his readers. But that should not be a matter of concern for us.

We never professed to be in possession of the names of the Democrats who belong to the Know-Nothing organization, exceptingthat of the presiding officer, which the *Compiler knows as well as we do.* If we were possessed of the names, we could only have got them from some confidential friend or from personal knowledge as a member of the order. If the former, we would not be at liberty to reveal them.—If the latter, the obligation which the Compiler says every Know-Nothing takes, would preclude our giving them. But we have no such impression, that we should notice the insinuation several times repeated by the *Compiler*, as to the connection of the editors of this paper with the Know-Nothing organization.

We have been aware for some time that a few men in this place, who aspire to the leadership of the Democratic party—and who are as bankrupt in political integrity as they are notorious for low cunning and trickery—have made a point to produce the impression in certain quarters, that the editors of the "*Star*," in common with other Whigs, are members of the new organization. We have not seen fit to notice the idle story, but we may as well contradict it once for all. Neither of the editors of this paper are connected with the "secret association organized for political purposes, commonly called Know Nothings." The only political membership to which we confess" is that of the Whig party. When we see fit to abandon that membership for another, we shall not be slow to say so to the world. So much for that matter.

We repeat, however, that the allegations we have made as to the proportion of Democrats connected with the Know Nothing movement, and which have so disturbed the equanimity of the "leaders" who make the *Compiler* the mouth-piece of their bitter malediction, are based on what we believe to be entirely reliable data. We believe them to be facts—as facts we have submitted them. We shall continue to believe them to be facts, notwithstanding the contradiction of the *Compiler*. We re-affirm them as a triumphant answer to all the insensate ravings of the low demagogism which seeks to buy over to the support of Locofocoism the votes of honest Whig Americans and adopted citizens by means of flattery and falsehood—the coinage of weak brains and bad hearts.

"A large portion of the Democratic voters of the Borough members couldn't, continues the *Star*. How large a proportion of the Democratic voters of this Borough is a broad sweep, and the Democrats of the Borough have a right to know upon what authority it is based. If our neighbors can sustain their assertion, let them do it. Not by insinuation or special pleading, but by making yourself "open as the day," and "facing the music." The assertion is too bold to be passed quietly by.—*Compiler.*

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A PRETTY CANDIDATE.—The Harrisburg Keystone, a Democratic paper, says:

"We know that Gov. Bigler has said to Democrats of the highest character for truth and veracity in Harrisburg, that he approves of the principles of the Nebraska and Kansas Bill."

The Montrose Democrat, published by the speaker of the late House, says, on the other hand, that Gov. Bigler has been heard to the minority delegates to the 8th of March Convention:

"Gentlemen, if the Democratic party pass resolutions [in favor of the Nebraska bill,] it must nominate another candidate, for I will not endorse and run upon such a platform."

We have no doubt that both these authorities are right, and that Gov. Bigler made due of the language imputed to him in both instances.

BERKS.—It is said that at least one-third of the delegates to the Locofoco Convention in this county last week were Know Nothings!

☞A New York journal in the rural districts, satirizes the bombardment of the town of San Juan after the following fashion:

"Father and mother and I,
And ten good soldiers more,
Beat an old woman stone blind.
That couldn't see much before."

☞The Great German "Turner" Festival came off in Philadelphia this week, attracting much attention.

An Important Day.

☞Monday next will be a day ship with the fate," if not of "Rome," at least of sundry aspirants for political preferment among the Sycophants of Adams. Nor of these alone. Monday's doing must also settle the rival claims of the elder and younger "Warwicks" to supremacy in the party. The former, hitherto unknown to undisputed sovereignty, have been in the habit of putting up and pulling down candidates for the Democracy, with impunity, and are understood this fall to have promised, or hoped to have promised, conclusions, to "keep the field clear" for certain candidates hitherto claiming fellowship with the Whigs. The Junior Warwicks deny the right of their imperial Seniors thus to officer the Democratic hosts with renegades and volunteers from hostile camps—denounce the attempt as treason to the party, and "talk rebellion" with a bold and manly air. The rival parties are already marshalling for the conflict. Who will win? *We* bet on the elder branch.

"What the Whig leaders have to do with nominating candidates for the Democracy, really passes our understanding.—*News.*

It is none of their business, we know; but they do, nevertheless, try to meddle in the concerns of the Democracy, we also know. We know further, that none of them are more active or anxious in the matter than the editors of the "*News*" and their Whig and Know Nothing allies. Any one that doubts our candidly himself, simply *contract forge* along Chestnut street at almost any hour during the day.—*Compiler.*

☞Verily this Know Nothing mania must be pressing heavily upon our neighbor's soul. Like Banquo's ghost, it rises up before him causing "double toil and trouble," at every step he takes. Nor will it "down" at his bidding. Even in dreams it seem to be peopled with the creations of a distempered imagination, and the "horrible shadow" presents itself to our neighbor's vision why simply—casting his eye along Baltimore street at almost any hour of the day?" In all sincerity we pity our neighbor in this extremity of his distress. Ordinarily we could vouch for his business courage—but this Know Nothing mania seems to have entirely unmanned him. Any thing but that. We can readily forgive him, in his alarm, challenging the grim spectre—

"What man dare, I dare,
Approach thee like the rough Russian bear,
The armed rhinoceros, or the Hyrcan tiger;
Take any shape but that, and my firm nerves
Shall never tremble!"

We do beg our neighbor to banish his fears, and not to permit those "false creations of the brain" to disturb his dreams. "Bethink yourself, as you well know, is a pleasant one—his residents clever and companionable; and if "neighbors" we fit to spend an hour or two in social chat, dont let the spirit that has been troubling you so much conjure up that sacred know nothing to scare you away. Bid you em.a so much to dread; for fancies, we do assure you, they are—

Without a local habitation" fancies.

It is a troublesome, wicked spirit. Have it exorcised at once, and be done with it.

☞The Kansas Nebraska swindle is not working quite as well as the conspirators intended. The active agency of the Free Emigrant Association is likely to save these territories from the blighting influences of Slavery, despite the pro-Slavery tendencies of the Nebraska legislation. To make up for lost ground it is now proposed to make the revolver and the bowie-knife do the work which it was thought Congress had done. A public meeting is reported in the Platte (Mo.) Argus, held at Weston in that State, near the eastern border of Kansas, on the 26th ult., at which the following resolution, offered by Dr. G. W. Beylisz, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this Association will, whenever called upon by any of the citizens of Kansas territory, hold itself in readiness to go there to assist in removing by force any such citizen as there without the auspices of the Northern Emigration Aid Societies.

If these villains are in earnest trouble may expected in Kansas. But we are inclined to think their courage, like Bob Acre's, will "ooze out" by the time they get a peep at the cool-headed, brawny-armed Yankees, now on their way to Kansas.

The Traitor's Doom.

☞By a despatch from Chicago, the news of Senator DOUGLAS, we are advised that the good people of that city, his neighbors and fellow-citizens, to evince their detestation of his betrayal of the cause of Freedom, refused to let him speak. Some of the "leaders" hoped to take the appeals of the Press of that city to give him a hearing. How true it is that "vaulting ambition will overleap itself." Poor Douglas! To secure the vote of the South he betrayed the North—and now it is hard to say which section of the Union most deeply despises the traitor.

THEIR "OX GORED."—Henry S. Mott, the Democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner, in reply to an inquiry of the State Central Committee, states that he is "not connected with a secret association organized for political purposes commonly called 'Know Nothings.' This "Democrat" is positively declared that Judge Pollock was not a member of the Know Nothings, the Pennsylvanian and other kindred prints refused to believe. Know Nothingism is a *Whig*, to them is intolerable—monstrous; but as a Democrat, it is quite a different affair.

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☞We therefore make the proposition, that if the *Star* will publish the number of Democrats who have joined, since the withdrawal spoken of, we will endeavor to give the number of Democrats who have withdrawn—and we think they themselves will not hesitate to furnish the required information. This is a fair proposition, and if accepted, we hope to be able to show how very far from the truth the Star has been in its imputation to the Democracy."—*Compiler.*

☞We will save you the trouble.—We believe the Democrats who were compelled to "withdraw" from the "Know Nothing" lodge in this borough, or take the consequences of their refusing to do the bidding of their masters, numbered *seventeen*, all told. And we repeat our assertion of last week that "we are reliably informed that at least *two* Democrats have become members in the same time for every one that has left." Now if our information be not "reliable," we dare the *Compiler* to falsify it by making good its challenge in publishing the "names."

Whig Candidate for Congress.

"Tis said that Mr. Robison is a member of a political association *alias* "Know Nothings," and we hope he will "define his position" on this subject. Will he so?—We shall see.—*Fulton Democrat.*

☞The *Democrat* need only exercise a little patience, and Mr. ROBINSON will define his position" with the utmost candor. When he visits you he will tell you in the most unequivocal terms what is well known in this community—that he is not a member of the Know Nothing order of any secret society whatever, and never has been. Will that do?—*Chambersburg News.*

Another Story.

☞While Locofoco demagogues are trying to give out the impression that Judge POLLOCK is a Know Nothing, and will receive the support of the Know Nothings throughout the State—the organ of that party tell a different story. The "American Banner" the acknowledged organ of the "Native" party in Philadelphia, thus delivers itself upon this point:

"We deny that Mr. Pollock can be selected, either as an American or as a Whig, while Benjamin Rush Bradford remains the standard bearer of the American party; and that he will abide the issue as the nominee of the American Convention, we know. It cannot be bought off or scared off, and it is fully to build upon such expectations. Should Mr. Pollock fully endorse American principles—at least so far as to claim the support of Americans—the only assurance he can give of the sincerity of his conversion, will be an immediate resignation as the Whig candidate and a public avowal to support the legal representative of those principles, Mr. Bradford."

"While your hand is in, it would be useless to know the political character of the persons who originated the council in this borough.—Were they Democrat—or Whigs? We doubt not the public would thank the *Star* for the information.—*Compiler.*

☞We are disposed to be accommodating. The "council in this borough" was originated by a "Democrat." A "Democrat" organized it. A "Democrat" was its first presiding officer, and a "Democrat" is now its presiding officer—and that too a Democrat who has never to our knowledge been an "applicant for office" under any Democratic administration—a gentleman whom we have taken to be a Democrat in principle, "from the fact that we have never known him to lust after the fleshpots of party patronage—and who, we conceive, for character, standing and influence in his party and the community, might safely challenge comparison with any of the "leaders" who, we understand, so complacently—warned—sundry candidates to be careful not to be "seen speaking to him on the streets." If we are not right, the *Compiler* can correct us by furnishing the "names."

THE PLATFORM."—We caution our Whig friends to be upon their guard against a campaign paper of this title, which is published at Harrisburg by the Bigler men, and thence scattered over the Commonwealth in every direction. Notwithstanding the pretence in our own counties that it is a bitter partizan sheet, gotten up for the occasion, its successive numbers displaying a boldness of contradictory statements and appeals to prejudices that would do credit to the managers of the Know Nothing Temperance—then anti-Temperance—bitterly anti-Know Nothing and breathing the most sycophatic devotion to Catholicism—and again eulogistic of Buchanan, the Native candidate for Governor—this vile sheet is now circulating among our Whig friends, appealing, becoming "all things to all men," in the vain hope of re-electing its idol and chief patron, WILLIAM BIGLER. Beware of it—spurn it as you would a leathouse reptile!

☞The *Compiler* responds to our inquiries as to the proceedings of the Globe Inn "pow-wow," by affirming that "a majority of the Committee" did *not* agree upon a candidate for Assembly—and that although the Know Nothing question was "referred to in a denunciatory manner," it did not amount to the dignity of a "discussion." So far very good—but how about that Finance Committee? We want *all* the questions answered before submitting our reply.

As to the "sources" of our information we beg the *Compiler* to be easy. It is precious enough and responsible enough for our purpose. *Truths* thrown to "the dogs" will sometimes be picked up by them—and any party can ought to be more vigilant at their posts, or growl less over their misfortunes.

Judge Pollock on the Stump.

☞We are glad to learn that Judge Pollock, the Whig candidate for Governor, has recovered from his recent severe illness, and that he will take the stump in a very short time, commencing in the Western portion of the State. He intends to devote his whole energies to the canvass and will speak in a majority of the counties of the State if his health will allow of it.

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A Defiant Know Nothing.

Blanche's Sunday Press, whose editorial, though well known as a radical Locofoco, it is generally surmised knows more about the doings of those who Know Nothing than any other paper in the country, comes boldly to the rescue of Canal Commissioner candidate Mott, and thus bids defiance to the threats made of throwing him off the ticket, if he does not purge himself of the charge of being a Know Nothing:

HENRY S. MOTT.—This gentleman's name—a personal friend—is at our mastheadfor Canal Commissioner. We know Henry S. Mott, and cheerfully endorse his pure Democracy, private worth, and sterling integrity, while a member of the Legislature.

We have *nothing* to say about Col. Mott's opinions on the issue of *Americanism*, and doubt the propriety of the assute made on his good name and fame by the *Pennsylvanian, Lancasterian*, and *Democratic Union*, at Harrisburg. Certainly, we have a right to our preferences; we have fought Bigler from 1848 to 1853, to the present time, and we do not hoist the name of Chief Justice Black, because he ran a race when the decision was given on the Barr liquor case. Our paper is Democratic to the core, and we *defy* contradiction to our principles. If the *Pennsylvanian* dare argue the question, let its conductors strip to the bull, and enter the ring—and if we don't lick the scurvy lot of knaves who conduct that villainous sheet, in less than three rounds, we will cave in!" Let the party know, by insolence needs be rebuked, when it has threatened to hail Mott's name down from every odd pigeon in the State, and call another Convention to nominate an *Irishman* in his place. *We defy him!* We *dare you* to contradict us! We dare you to the issue; and we say openly and above board that Mott will be elected Canal Commissioner by *fifty thousand* majority.

The Democratic party of Pennsylvania will not be slaves! Democrat friends to see it. We can assure Gov. Bigler's friends in other places, that there are many Democratic Berks county, who wish to see the letter before they advance further, and who will judge Gov. Bigler by the conduct of his friends—what the fanatic Chauffers wishes to say of his future acts and intentions. Northern Democrats will not be obliged to be half of Mr. Chambers as the *Gazette* puts forth. *They wish to know, in plain terms, whether Bigler is consistent in for or against the prohibitory law.*"

That's the talk!

CHOLERA AMONG THE ALLIES.—The accounts from the seat of war all agree that the British and French troops in the East have been suffering greatly from cholera. It is said that of 10,000 French there formed the advance guard into the Dobrudscha, not less than 1,700 fell victims to the disease in about eight days, and of 2,000 Italian Bersaglieros who accompanied the march, 2,000 fell before the pestilence. The loss of the English was not so great, but they also suffered severely. The allies consoln themselves with the idea that the Russians have suffered still more than they. Omer Pacha, the commander of the Pruth, the Russians numbered 24,000 sick. It is gratifying to learn, by official accounts, that the Moslems, who have the cholera cases at Gallipoli and Varna are rapidly diminishing, and that the annatary plague is fast disappearing. Omer Pacha Hafin Pacha had addressed a most feeling communication to the inhabitants of Bulgaria, calling upon them to pay every attention to the sick and wounded enemy, who had been left by the Russians in their retreat from the region.

THE CORN CROP PANIC.—A correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette ridicules the extravagant stories that have been in circulation in relation to the failure of the Corn crop, and says:

"We hear and see melancholy accounts of the corn crop that the country is up in arms, and I have no doubt the farmer thinks that he is the only one in the country, all others having failed. I will admit in some sections the gathering will be small, in others quite large and three-fourth and so on; then if you please add the stock of cold corn now in the country to the present crop, and we have quite an average; this is not guess work, but thorough investigation. I am not, any way interested in flour or corn, but merely in my travels this summer have made personal examinations, and find no cause for alarm, only to speculators and humbug livers."

EMIGRANTS FOR KANSAS.—The second party of emigrants from New England for Kansas started from Boston on Monday last. The party numbered sixty-seven in all, eight or ten of whom were females and about a dozen children, the youngest of infancy to that of fifteen or sixteen years.—The larger part of the adults were under thirty-five years of age, and embraced individuals from various parts of New England. It is expected that there will be an equal number of the same class of Northwesterner, from fifty to one hundred at Albany, and quite a number at Rochester, so that the party at Chicago will number about three or four hundred.

A GOOD ONE.—A prominent Democrat in Westmoreland tells the following good one on the Whigs, though it bears most heavily on his own party:

"A European who had just obtained his naturalization papers, was approaching the polls to vote for the first time. Being met by several Whigs with tickets, he inquired to which party they belonged, and on being informed, shook his head sorrowfully, saying—'I can't vote your ticket; here are my papers, and I am sworn to support the Constitution and the laws, in accordance with what he supposed to be his naturalization obligation.'

Dr. Robert M. Patterson, late director of the United States Mint, died in Philadelphia on Tuesday. He was president of the American Philosophical Society, and formerly Professor of the University of Pennsylvania and Virginia.

The flying cloud, the evanescent vapor, the arrow just propelled from the string, the wintry grass, the flower, whose beauty scarcely blooms ere it is faded, and whose fragrance is scarcely perceptible ere it is gone,—are apt similitudes of the life of man.

GATHERING OF CATHOLICS AT ROME.—The Paris Univers states that a grand council of Roman Catholic Bishops from all parts of the world is to assemble at Rome at the end of next October, to deliberate on the question of the immaculate conception of the most Holy Virgin, and finally to settle the last great dogma of the Roman Church on that point. The Univers says that it is probable that the 8th of December of this year will witness the accomplishment of the universal wish."

Doubt Not!

We would not be a base as to deceive in a matter of such vital importance to our fellow-man, nor trifle with what is so precious to us all, but speak solemnly in the well sincerity, when we say that in Dyspepsia and all its concomitants, in scrofula, in all its varied forms, whether indicated by the swelling of the glands, diseases of the skin or deformities, Myers' Extract of Burdock Root will invariably mitigate the suffering, and in most cases effect a cure; it is superior to clearing the system, purifying the blood, thereby imparting health and vigor to the whole system. As a tonic the Rock Root is invaluable, hence its happy effects in all those diseases arising from impaired digestion. Get a pamphlet.

AGENTS:—S. H. Buehler, & Samuel S. Forney, Gettysburg; H. S. Fink, Pleasant Hill; Spalding & Brother, Littlestown; John Bushey, Mechanicstown; Samuel Fisher, Fairfield Mill; Jesse Hoick Butler township; Andrew Cogle, Cross Roads; Jacob Rice, Petersburg; Jacob Fenny, Middletown; Jacob F. Lower, Arendsville; H. Bell, Bonaugtown; Jacob Lower, Bendersville; H. Bell, McKeightstown; Thomas J. Cooper, Franklin; Jacob Mark, Cashtown; Jacob Bowers, Bowersville; Jacob A. Marion New Oxford; J. R. Henry, Abbottstown.

August 11, 1854.—3m

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 6, 1854.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market is quiet—stock light. Sales of Howard street Ioaded at $8. City Mills $8 25, and City Ware $8 25. Choice Rye Flour is now held at $7 25 a $7 50. Corn Meal $3 37 a $4 50 per bbl. for country and city. Supply light.

GRAIN AND SEEDS.—The demand for Wheat is quiet. Sales of White, common to good, at 1 65 a $1 65, good to prime do at 1 70 a $1 80, and choice do. at 1 85 a $1 90. Red ranges good to prime, at 1 67 a $1 77. Inferior lots 2 cents less. Corn—Sales of 14,000 bushels yellow; sales of white at 56 and 63 cents, and yellow at 62 a 65 cents. Pennsylvania Oats at 45 a 46 cents; Ohio and Pennsylvania Oats at 50 a 55 cents. Rye—Pennsylvania, $1 10. Maryland, $1 10. Cloverseed, 6 67 a $7. Timothy, 3 77 a $4. Flaxseed, $2 30 per bushel.

PROVISIONS.—Mess Pork, 14 25 a $14 50. Prime do. $12 per bbl. Lard, 10 a 11 cents in barrels and 7 a 7½ cents retail. Bacon—Sales of 50,000 lbs. hulk shoulders at 7 cents. We quote sides at 7½ a 7½ and 8 a 8½ cents per lb. Land in bbls. at 11 cents and kegs at 11½ cents. Hams, 13 a 14 cents and roll 16 a 20 cents per lb. Cheese 10½ a 11 cents per lb.

YORK MARKET.

YORK, Sept. 6, 1854.

FLOUR, per bbl., from wagons,	$8 75
WHEAT, per bushel,	1 70 to 1 80
RYE, "	80
CORN, "	56
OATS, "	35
TIMOTHY SEED, per bushel,	3 50
CLOVER SEED, "	6 00
FLAX-SEED, "	7 00
PLASTER OF PARIS, per ton,	7 50

HANOVER MARKET.

HANOVER, Sept. 7, 1854.

FLOUR, per bbl., (from wagons)	$8 75
WHEAT, per bushel,	1 60 to 1 80
RYE, "	1 00
CORN, "	50
OATS, "	30
TIMOTHY SEED, "	2 50
CLOVER SEED, "	6 00
FLAX SEED, "	7 00
PLASTER OF PARIS, "	7 00

HARRIED.

On the 24th ult., by the Rev. J. Dreisiger, Mr. ANDREW P. REEBER, and Miss MARY K. DOLSTER,—both of East Berlin.

DIED.

After a lingering illness, at the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. Jacob Hoke, near this place, on the 2d inst., SALLY REID, in the 68th year of her age.

On the 27th ulo, in Littlestown, SUSAN MARIA, infant of Mr. — Lefever, aged 1 year, 2 months and 10 days.

In Fulton county, Indiana, AGNES MILLER, daughter of Mr. Jacob Miller, aged 26 years, 8 months and 10 days, formerly of Adams county.

On Wednesday last, in Baltimore, Mr. Jacob D. Paxton, in his place, FRANCIS HERBING, infant son of Rev. Wm. M. Paxton, of Pittsburg, aged 3 months and 10 days.

On the 6th inst., WILLIAM HENRY, infant son of John A. and Hannah Mary Hollinger, of this place, aged 4 months and 29 days.

On the 7th inst., MARY ADELIA, daughter of Henry and Ann Hughes, of this place, aged 10 months and 1 day. [Funeral to-day at 2 P. M.]

On the 4th inst., ELIZABETH, wife of Mr. J. G. Frey, of this place, aged 1 year, 10 months and 26 days.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WE the undersigned, Hotel keepers in the Borough of Gettysburg, find it necessary, in order to sustain ourselves and enable us to keep up our houses, to raise our prices, owing to the large advance on all kinds of provisions and liquors. Otherwise we will be obliged to shut up our houses. Therefore we have agreed to publish a list of our prices, so that the public can see for themselves, in the bills, and thus guard against advantage being taken of them.

G. W. M'CLELLAN,
H. D. WATTLES,
JOHN L. TATE,
B. SCHRIVER.

September 8, 1854.—3t*

NOTICE TO ASSESSORS.

THE Assessors elected at the last Spring Election are hereby notified to attend at the Commissioners' office in the Borough of Gettysburg, to receive blank Assessment books and the necessary instructions, as follows:—The Assessors for Union, Conowago, Berwick, Oxford, Mt. Pleasant, Reading, Mountpleasant, Germany, Straban, and Mountjoy, on *Wednesday the 11th of October next*; and the Assessors for the Borough, Cumberland, Freedom, Liberty, Hamiltonban, Franklin, Butler, Menallen, Tyrone, Huntington and Latimore, on *Thursday the 12th of October