PREMIUMS
TO BE AWARDED BY
The Adams County Agricultural Society.

In accordance with a resolution adopted at the Jan. meeting of the *Adams County Agricultural Society*, the Board of Managers have arranged the following list of Premiums, to be awarded by said Society, sometime during the Fall of the present year, upon an exhibition of articles mentioned, in some suitable building in the borough of Gettysburg, to be provided hereafter.

Members and their families will be admitted free to all public exhibitions of the Society.

LIST OF PREMIUMS.

Five acres of best Wheat, (one bushel to be exhibited,)	$5 00
One bushel of best Wheat, as to quality and weight,	1 00
Five acres best Corn, (one bushel to be exhibited,)	5 00
One bushel best Corn, in the ear,	1 00
Three acres best Rye, (one bushel to be exhibited,)	3 00
One bushel best Rye,	1 00
Five acres best Oats, (one bushel to be exhibited,)	5 00
One bushel best Oats,	1 00
One bushel best Buckwheat,	1 00
Quarter acre best Irish Potatoes, having reference to yield and quality,	5 00
One bushel best Irish Potatoes,	1 50
" second best "	1 00
Quarter acre best Sweet Potatoes, having reference to yield and quality,	5 00
One bushel best Sweet Potatoes,	1 50
" second best "	1 00
Half bushel best Onions,	50
One peck best Soup Beans,	50
" " Lima "	50
One bunch best Celery,	50
One pound best Hops,	50
Six heads best Cabbage,	50
One bushel best Apples,	2 00
" second best "	1 75
" third best "	1 50
" fourth best "	1 25
" fifth best	1 00
One bushel best Pears,	1 50
" second best "	1 25
" third best "	1 00
Best Peaches,	1 00
One peck best Grapes,	1 00
Half bushel best Dried Apples,	1 00
" second best "	50
Half bushel best Dried Peaches,	1 00
" second best "	50
Half bushel best Dried Pears,	1 00
" second best "	50
One peck best Cranberries,	1 00
Five pounds best Butter,	2 00
" second best "	1 00
Best Cheese,	1 00
One pound best hackled Flax,	50
Fleece of best Wool, in weight and quality,	1 00
Twelve cuts best Flax thread,	1 00
" " Woolen Yarn,	1 00
One pair best homemade Woolen Stockings,	50
" " Thread "	50
" " Silk "	50
Half barrel best Flour, white wheat,	1 00
" " red "	50
Loaf best Bread,	50
Jar best Peach Preserves,	50
" Plum "	50
" Pear "	50
" Quince "	50
" Strawberry "	50
" Citron "	50
" Apple "	50
" Tomato "	50
For best Jellies, Pickles, &c., 6 premiums of 50 cts,	3 00
Box best Honey, not to weigh less than 3 lbs.,	1 00
Best Sweet-potato Pumpkin,	50
One bushel best Sugar Beets,	50
" " Red "	50
Best Counterpane,	1 00
" Patch Quilt,	1 00
" Silk "	1 00
" homemade Blanket,	1 00
" " Rag Carpet,	1 00
" " Woolen "	1 00
Best Reaper,	5 00
" Plough,	1 00
" Harrow,	1 00
" Cultivator,	1 00
" Sub-soil Plough,	1 00

Additional Premiums may be awarded on articles of merit not herein specified.

Accurate measurement of all land the product of which may be introduced for competition, is required, by survey or otherwise; and the yield to be truly ascertained by two or more neighbors—the whole to be properly certified.

Exhibitors are required to accompany each article of growth exhibited with a statement of the mode of culture, nature of soil, &c., and each manufactured article with the mode of manufacture. A valuable fund of information will thus be obtained.

By order of the Managers,
JOHN McGINLEY, Pres't.
HENRY J. STAHLE, Sec'y.

A Blow-up among Stock-Brokers.

Wall street and all the other places in New York where Stock-gamblers "most do congregate" have been thrown into a state of no little excitement by the development of certain stupendous frauds in the over-issues of certificates of Stock in the Parker Vein Coal Company, the Vermont Central, and New York and New-Haven Railroad Companies. The two former were rather of the "fancy" order, but the latter was a firm and substantial matter, in which many permanent investments had been made, and which had paid dividends up to the time of the Norwalk catastrophe. The President of the Parker-Vein Company has gone to Europe—he of the New-Haven has failed, resigned, and is said to have fled the country. The over-issues of New-Haven stock amount to the enormous sum of nearly two millions of dollars.—*York Rep.*

PROGRESS OF THE CHOLERA.—There have been quite a number of cases of cholera among some Norwegian and Swedish emigrants at Detroit and Chicago. In a party of two hundred at Detroit, on the 2d inst., 18 were attacked. Of one hundred at Chicago, 7 died, and 20 more were prostrated on the 1st inst. It is said there were 10 fatal cases in Boston, on Saturday. At Oberlin, Ohio, 4 cases and 2 deaths are reported. Rezin W. Watson, late Deputy Warden of the Ohio Penitentiary, died with cholera at Mt. Vernon on the 2d. The latest report from Toledo, Ohio, is that on the 4th there were 23 cases in the city limits. At Eutaw village, opposite Toledo, out of a population of two hundred, 21 died of cholera in 24 hours.

RELIGIOUS RIOT.—A serious disturbance occurred at Lawrence (Mass.) on Saturday night, between the American and Irish, which originated in the American flag being carried in an Irish procession surmounted by the cross. Both parties were armed, and guns and pistols were fired without, however, doing any great personal damage to the belligerents on either side. The Irish were finally put to flight, and many of their houses gutted.—The military were ordered out, and the rioters were soon dispersed. All was quiet on Sunday.

MILITARY ORGANIZATION.—It is stated by a correspondent of the New York Sun that the Irish military number throughout the United States, up to the present date, 50,000 armed and well disciplined troops.

Printer's accounts are said to be like faith—"the substance of things hoped for, and the evidence of things not seen."

Four Days Later From Europe.

The Russians about to Evacuate the Principalities.

The United States mail steamship Baltic, Capt. Comstock, arrived at New York at five minutes past one o'clock on Saturday from Liverpool. She sailed at one o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, the 28th June, and has made the quickest passage on record to New York. Her running time was nine days sixteen hours and fifty-three minutes, entirely by steam.

THE SEAT OF WAR.

A telegraphic report from Vienna, announces that the Czar has replied to the last Austrian note that as "a mark of high consideration for Austria, Russia consents to evacuate the Turkish territories."—Such a reply certainly was expected by few; and inasmuch as the tenure of the Principalities certainly has not redounded to the military fame or reputation of Russia, and has been altogether a futile display of power at an immense cost of men and money, the evacuation of them can only be explained on the supposition that the Czar has become satisfied that he could not hold them against the Turks and their allies. At one time no persuasions of Austria, or the other powers, could induce him to give even a civil reply to such a demand. "Circumstances alter cases." The Czar was losing much and gaining nothing, with a prospect of full defeat, and thereupon began to entertain "high consideration" for any power that would ask him to evacuate.

It occurs to us as exceedingly probable that the Czar, however, came to this resolve with the full expectation that Silistria would be taken, and that then his retirement would appear a voluntary condescension. The probability is that his orders were that Silistria should be taken and that the army should retire on a certain day, and the time fixed upon for the retirement, (thanks to the bravery of the Turks,) came round before the place was taken. At any rate there is no room to doubt that the retreat is sounded. Time will show what the Czar next will do.

Advices from Cronstadt, in Transylvania, dated June 19th, affirm that the Russians were hastily leaving Wallachia, taking with them horses, oxen, wheat and everything transportable which they could seize, some of which was paid for in almost worthless paper money. This retirement of the Russian forces was confirmed by reports from Bucharest and elsewhere. Some Cossacks having brought information that a British detachment was moving from Varna to Pravadi, the Russian corps of observation stationed below Barsardshilk immediately commenced a retreat.

It is reported that the official roll of the Russian army of the Danube shows a loss of 50,000 men since crossing the Pruth.

According to a private dispatch of the 19th from Bucharest, Gen. Schilders is dead. Gortschakoff and Luders, both severely wounded on the 13th, have been conveyed to Bucharest. The evacuation of Wallachia continues without interruption.

The advanced guard of the allied army had reached Pravadi, between Varna and Shumla. Gen. Bosquet and D'Allonville arrived at Adrianople on the 12th, with 4,000 men.

Omar Pasha, in his official reports, estimates the loss of the Russians before Silistria, up to the 28th Chaban, (May 25th,) at 10,000 men.

On the other hand a Hermanstadt general estimates the total loss at but about 3,800 men.

OCCUPATION OF THE PRINCIPALITIES BY AUSTRIA.

The entry of the Austrians into the Principalities is decided on, and Count Coronini, with the first division, to be followed closely by a second, is ready to descend the Danube to Giurgevo, whence he will march to Bucharest. M. de Bruck is to communicate with the Porte as to the steps necessary to be taken with a view to the occupation of the Principalities by the Austrians.

The following, according to the Independence of Brussels, are the essential points of the convention signed on the 4th, at Constantinople, for the occupation of the Danubian provinces by Austrian troops:

"While reserving to himself the direction of the operations of his army for the common good, the Austrian Commander-in-Chief will nevertheless inform the Turkish General-in-Chief of his combinations and his movements. On entering the principalities, the Austrian army will re-establish the former government within the limits of the rights accorded by the Porte to the country. Austria will not treat for peace with Russia; except the integrity of the Ottoman Empire be guaranteed, and the sovereignty of the Sultan placed beyond the reach of attack. The Austrian troops are to evacuate the principalities as soon as possible after the conclusion of peace."

Three days later.

The steamer Asia arrived at New York on Wednesday evening with advices three days later. The withdrawal of the Russians from the Principalities is confirmed. The position of Austria is looked upon by England and France with distrust. Many believe that her object in taking possession of the Principalities is fully understood by Russia, and that her ultimate object is to aid Russia when a favorable opportunity occurs. Austria will march 200,000 men into the Principalities.

The allied army, 70,000 strong, was concentrating near Varna. Hostilities, it was thought, would be transferred to the Crimea, Sebastopol being the point of attack. The Russian troops from the Principalities were marching in that direction. The Czar himself was about to inspect the fortifications on the Black Sea.

MORE CHURCH BURNING.—An attempt was made last Monday night, to burn down the Catholic Church at Tamaqua. Combustible materials had been placed at one end of the Church, and ignited. The fire was very fortunately discovered before it had made much progress. A story had gained currency that fire-arms were concealed in the building, and this probably induced some fanatical wretch to apply the incendiary's torch to its sacred walls.—The act excited general and just indignation.

VILLAGE IN ONE BUILDING.—The New York Sun says there is a large building on Cherry street of that city, one hundred and fifty feet in length, which is occupied by three hundred Irish families. One entrance on the street suffices for the use of one hundred and eighty families. A number of persons have died of cholera there within a few days past.

THE STAR AND BANNER.
GETTYSBURG.
Friday Evening, July 14, 1854.

Whig State Ticket.

GOVERNOR,
JAMES POLLOCK, of Northumberland.
CANAL COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE DARSIE, of Allegheny.
JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
DANIEL M. SMYSER, of Montgomery.

AGRICULTURAL PREMIUMS.—The attention of our Agriculturalists is invited to the list of Premiums to be awarded by the Adams County Agricultural Society. We believe it is in contemplation to have an Exhibition sometime this fall.

☞The Hanover Saving Fund Society intend to apply to the next General Assembly of Pennsylvania for the extension of their charter to fifteen years; and to confer banking privileges upon that corporation, under the name of the Bank of Hanover, with the privilege of increasing the capital to one hundred thousand dollars.

☞The Whig Convention of Bedford county last week appointed JACOB H. BARNDOLLAR, THOMAS A. BOYD, and WILLIAM HARTLEY, Conferees, to represent Bedford in the Whig Congressional Conference. The following resolution, complimentary to our present worthy member, was adopted by the Convention:

Resolved, That the Hon. Samuel L. Russell has our endorsement as a talented and faithful Representative in the present Congress, of whom we can cordially say, "well done thou good and faithful servant," and we with pleasure recommend him for re-nomination to the other counties of the District; notwithstanding, we hold ourselves bound by the action of the last conference, limiting each county one term.

Mr. RUSSELL has proven himself a faithful and an acceptable servant—orthodox in his views, and always at his post. During the memorable Nebraska struggle in the House, he did his whole duty, recording his vote uniformly against every proposition calculated to facilitate the passage of the bill, and manfully sustaining the noble band that fought the battle of Freedom to the end. It would give us much pleasure to vote for his return to the post he has honored; but aside from the action of the last Conference limiting each county to a single term, we believe Mr. RUSSELL declines being a candidate.

☞A State Convention of County Superintendents is in session at Harrisburg, to devise an effective organization for the advancement of the cause of education by Common Schools. Mr WILLS, the Superintendent of this county, is in attendance.

☞The *York Republican* comes to us this week in an entirely new suit of type, and much improved in appearance. The *Republican* is one of the best Whig papers in the State—orthodox in its general views and conducted with marked ability.

☞The Philadelphia *Daily News*—a spirited and ably conducted Whig penny paper—has donned a new and beautiful dress. It deserves a liberal support from the Whigs of Philadelphia.

☞The "German Liberals" of Boston have responded to the call of their brethren in the West, and put forth a platform almost identical with that laid down by the Free German Democrats of Louisville.—According to them, the American people have strayed from the true principles of freedom and republicanism; and they *demand* a number of modifications in the constitution and laws of the country, which modifications are necessary, in their view, to remove the imperfections of our existing government. As their platform involves, among other things, the repeal of Sunday Laws, Temperance laws, &c., the exclusion of the Bible from schools, it is not probable that the party will thrive greatly in the uncongenial atmosphere of New England.

☞Hon. JOHN McKEON has been nominated to the District Attorneyship of New York, in place of Charles O'Connor, resigned. Theodore R. Westbrook, a Nebraska member of Congress from New York, wanted it badly, and it is said Westbrook had an express promise of the office from the President, in consideration of which he sold himself and betrayed his constituents by voting for the repeal of the Missouri Compromise. But MARCY went for McKeon, and the President had to knock under.

☞The New York Tribune in a reply to a contemporary, who finds fault with it for publishing accounts of races, says:—"We publish accounts of a great many other things which we profoundly deplore—for instance, Pierce's election, the passage of the Nebraska bill, thefts, murders, hangings, and so forth. If we could only hear of the final destruction of every race-course in the world, we should like to publish that also." When will readers learn that editors do not endorse all that appears as news in their columns?

☞The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has decided that a bid made for property which is selling at sheriff's sale, may be withdrawn at any time before the property is knocked down to the bidder, notwithstanding the notice of sale may have declared that "No person shall retract his or her bid." They require the bidder, however, to pay the legal cost of a second sale, should the retraction of his bid render one necessary.

☞The new Catholic church at Dorchester, Massachusetts, was blown up with gunpowder and almost entirely destroyed, on the Fourth.

Locofoco Views of the Canvass.

☞The impression is becoming general that Gov. BIGLER is doomed to meet with a bad defeat this fall. Even his own party journals, taking the thing for granted, are casting about in advance for the causes. The Harrisburg *Democratic Union*, the leading organ of the party in the State, which goes the whole figure for Douglas, Nebraska and Slavery, and against "Know Nothingism," denouncing the latter as an offshoot of French "Jacobinism" and rank "Infidelity,"—in a recent article upon the prospects of the party in Pennsylvania, thus delivers itself:

"We again repeat that James Campbell and his jackall, Forney, have infused into the organization of the Democratic party the elements of its destruction; we repeat that the unmerited elevation of James Campbell was an insult to Pennsylvania, which has excited public indignation, and *has led to a formidable organization that now threatens the defeat of the Democratic party*; we repeat, that the unrelenting proscription in Pennsylvania of the friends of the venerable Cass, who was assassinated in the Baltimore Convention by the Campbell clique, has alienated from the General Administration two-thirds of the Democracy of the Keystone State; we repeat, that if these arch intriguers are not repudiated, both at Washington and in Pennsylvania, the people will pass sentence upon them at the next general election—*and in proof of the truth of these assertions we appeal to the future!*"

The Union with all its radicalism and devotion to party, has the honesty to look things in the face, and the fearlessness to denounce corruption among its own political friends, irrespective of the position of those against whom its anathemas may be directed. It foresees the consequences of the policy of the demagogues who have for years been aiming to sustain Locofocoism by the basest appeals to religious prejudice, and, while deploring the result, does not hesitate to charge home upon these demagogues the entire responsibility of having so "excited public indignation," as to have led to "the formidable organization," viz: Know-Nothings, "that now threatens the defeat of the Democratic party." Unquestionably the *Union* is right.

For a long series of years the entire Locofoco Press of the country has teemed with the most shameful appeals designed to secure the foreign vote—denouncing the Whigs as "Native Americans," "Church Burners," and similar cant—and with too much success. Against this demagogism the Whig party have nobly endeavored to bear up, deprecating the introduction of such an element into politics, and predicting the necessary consequences, if the Foreign vote permitted itself to be cajolled by these unworthy appeals—but all in vain. Locofocoism has triumphed over and over again by aid of the almost undivided Foreign vote of the country. CLAY, it is well known, was beaten in this way in 1844, the Irish vote being cast in a body against him. So with SCOTT in 1852, who not only lost the Foreign vote, but a large body of Whig Protestants—deceived by the artful representations of Locofoco leaders, who among Irish Catholics denounced SCOTT as a rank, Church-burning Native American; while among Protestants he was represented as being at heart a Catholic—as having assisted in celebrating High Mass while in Mexico—as having compelled the American Soldiery to do honor to the Priesthood—and as being the favorite candidate of the Irish Catholics. These things are all fresh in our recollections—indisputable facts, and not to be gainsayed.

Well, elated with their success in thus combating the Whig candidates, certain leaders in the Locofoco party have sought to avail themselves of the same tactics in furthering their personal aims in connection with their own political organization. Offices have been freely bestowed as a *quid pro quo* to such as could command the foreign vote for the especial and exclusive use of certain aspiring demagogues, and men have been courted because of their influence with this class of voters. But the thing has been overdone. The poisoned chalice is about to be retured to the lips of those who prepared the draught. The honest masses of the Democratic party are turning with disgust from the demagogues who have debased the party—and they seem to be in earnest. It is true the Locofoco presses are at their old game, with unblushing effrontery charging the "formidable organization," to which the *Union* alludes, as Whigism in disguise, and that Whigs and Know-Nothings are one and the same. But it won't do. Facts give the lie to these assertions, and loose assertions in Locofoco journals will no longer pass for genuine coin. Know-Nothingism had its origin in the very heart of Locofocoism, provoked by the unscrupulous efforts of Locofoco demagogues in dealing with the foreign vote. Thus far it has made its most signal marks in Locofoco strong-holds, as for instance in Philadelphia county, where the Locofoco majority of from 3,000 to 5,000 has been swept away and from 8,000 to 12,000 rolled up against obnoxious candidates. That these disaffected Democrats have seen fit generally to cast their votes for Whig candidates in order to break down the demagogues who have been ruling Locofocoism is not the fault of the Whig party.

☞A riot between a mob of Americans and Irishmen took place at Manchester, N. H., on the Fourth, in which the latter were routed and a dozen or more of their houses gutted. The windows of the Catholic church were also demolished.

☞The Cholera seems to be developing itself in all parts of the country—in some sections it is quite malignant and fatal. Last Sunday there were 130 deaths in Chicago.

How it can be done.

☞The New York Tribune, in combating the position that there can be no hope of repealing the Nebraska swindle so long as PIERCE holds the reigns of government, with a Pro-Slavery Senate to back him, insists that a clear majority of sincere, earnest repealers in the popular branch next session *can* do it. Let a majority be chosen to the next House of men who really mean that the Nebraska wrong shall be repaired, and it *will* be before the close of the next session. Let the House just affix to the Deficiency bill, then to the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation bill, and to three or four more such if necessary, a proviso repealing so much of the Nebraska-Kansas bill as affects the Missouri Restriction, and declaring that Restriction re-established, and the work is done.—There may be some kicking at first, but let the House evince a quiet, cool determination, and the bill will pass, in spite of half a dozen Douglases representing the Free States. The Federal office-holders who have done most of the electioneering for the Iniquity, will be lobbying on the other side when they find that their pay is stopped until the Restriction shall be restored. And this is but one of several ways in which an earnest anti-Douglas House can secure the undoing of the great wrong of the present session.

We again entreat the citizens of the Free States to elect no man to the next House who lacks nerve or faith with regard to the great struggle now pending.—With a platform so broad and so liberal that all earnest contemners of the Nebraska Iniquity may easily step and proudly stand on it, we can hardly fail to triumph. No Senate, no Executive, will attempt to defeat or defy the earnest demand of two-thirds of the American people.

☞The itinerant preacher who calls himself the "Angel Gabriel," lectured at Bath, Me., on Thursday evening, before a large crowd. A mob of men and boys proceeded to the Old South Church, used by the Catholics as a place of worship, broke open the doors, rang the bell, and displayed the American flag from the belfry. They afterwards set the church on fire, and it was burned to the ground. No further destruction of property took place, but a mob of about one hundred paraded the streets, yelling and hooting, until near morning. Is it not high time that this "Angel" were stopped in his incendiary mission. We are reluctant as any one to interfere with freedom of speech, but there is a point at which toleration ceases to be a virtue. This "Gabriel" is one of those discontented, irresponsible agitators yearafter yearthrown upon our shores from amid the hot-beds of European Infidelity and Agrarianism; whose insolent bearing and disregard for the restraints of law are so well calculated to arouse a feeling of opposition to *all* Foreigners, and thus prejudice a large class of honest, intelligent, and industrious imigrants who seek this country as a refuge from the oppressions of the Old World, deport themselves as good, law-abiding citizens, grateful for privileges secured, and who would in themselves be gladly welcomed to our shores. Ever since the arrival of this "Angel," whose mission seems to be to agitate, the newspapers have been kept busy reporting the endless Sunday disturbances, mobs and riots, which he seems to make it a special aim to excite. We believe in the "Freedom of Speech," but this "Gabriel" is running the thing into the ground.

☞After eleven ballots, the New Hampshire Legislature abandoned in despair the attempt to elect a United States Senator to fill the short term. Mr. John T. Wells, the Administration candidate, at no time received more than 149 votes, and thus fell 6 short of a majority; 155 votes being necessary to a choice. The next highest vote was 103 for the Hon. G. W. Morrison, a Democratic member of the present Congress, who voted against the Nebraska bill. The remainder of the vote was scattered among several persons. A motion to indefinitely postpone was adopted by 159 to 147. A motion to reconsider the vote was negatived, 157 to 144. So the Senatorial question is settled for this session.

Strong anti-Nebraska resolutions were adopted by a decided majority, censuring the Northern members of Congress who voted for the measure, and demanding its repeal.

☞The jury in the case of Father KROEGER, a Catholic priest at Cincinnati, indicted on a charge of assault and battery, on a young girl belonging to his church, with intent to commit a rape, were discharged on Tuesday last, being unable to agree. It is said they stood six for conviction for assault with intent to commit violence on her person, and six for assault and battery. The case excited much interest and attracted a large crowd during the trial.

☞The Albany *Atlas* states that the last number of Brownson's Quarterly *Review*, (a Catholic work,) announces the adhesion of that eccentric philosopher to the new political sect, the Know Nothings. He stipulates for one restriction of the creed, that while it need abate none of its hostility to foreigners, it will cease its proscription of native born Catholics. He reminds them that the native born Catholics are as hostile to foreigners as any others; and that the first native American sheet published in this country was started by a Catholic writer.

☞We learn from the Carroll County *Democrat* of last week, that a cow belonging to Col. A. G. AGE, of Taneytown district, Md., of said county, gave birth to a calf on the 21st ult., which weighed when three hours old 119 pounds.

IMPORTANT ARREST.—It will be recollected that a free colored man named SOLOMON NORTHROP, was hired at Saratoga Springs in 1841 by a couple of villains to go to the South with them to join a circus company—that on reaching Washington city, Northrop was treated with drugged liquor, put in a Slave-pen, sold to a Slave-dealer, and taken off. He was lost sight of until within a year or two, when he was accidently found upon a Slave plantation in the interior of Louisiana. Intelligence of his whereabouts being communicatad to his friends in New York, legal proceedings were instituted to secure his freedom, which were successful, and Northrop published a pamphlet detailing the facts and describing the villains who had kidnapped him under assumed names. Last week two individuals, calling themselves Alexander Morrillo and Joseph Russell were arrested in New York, on the charge of kidnapping Northrop and selling him into Slavery. They were taken to Saratoga heavily ironed and committed for trial. Northrop swears positively to their being the persons who kidnapped him. The accused were discovered from the descriptions given in Northrop's book.

☞The Delaware County *Republican* says that there are at the present time at least twenty thousand head of cattle in Delaware and Chester counties in the hands of the farmers and graziers, who are feeding them for sale to any person who will call and buy them at fair prices.

☞An Anti-Nebraska State Convention, composed of Whigs and Democrats, assembled at Jackson, Michigan, on the 6th inst., and nominated a full State ticket—KINGSLEY S. BINGHAM, Free-Soil Democrat, heading the list, as candidate for Governor. Resolutions to repeal the Nebraska bill and the Fugitive Slave Law, and to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia, were adopted unanimously.

☞Pending the consideration of a Bill in the lower House of Congress on Saturday last, to extend the patent of Samuel Colt for an improvement on fire-arms, Mr. CLINGMAN charged that very large sums of money had been offered to induce members to vote for the bill. The charge produced considerable sensation, and after some debate a Committee of seven members was appointed to investigate the matter.

☞Capt. ADAMS arrived at Washington on Monday, with dispatches from Com. Perry, of the Japan squadron. He brings the Japan Treaty, opening the ports of that country to American vessels. The treaty also provides that in the event of future formation of treaties between Japan and any other foreign nations, the United States shall be placed in all respects on the better footing which may be stipulated for in any such convention.

☞Several of the persons wounded by the collision on the Baltimore and Susquehana Railroad on the 4th, have since died. JOHN SCOTT, the conducter of the excursion train, still lies in a critical state.—WM. SCOTT, the conductor of the up train, and Mr. WINCHESTER, the Superintendent of the road, have been held in $5000 bail to answer the charge of carelessness, &c.

In Cincinnati, on the Fourth, an Irishman attacked an American wearing a Know Nothing hat. The American killed him with a pistol and bowie-knife.

☞By an Advertisement in to-day's paper it will be observed that the Medical Department of Pennsylvania College has been re-organized—lectures to commence on the 9th of October. The following complimentary notice we find in the last Philadelphia "*Medical Examiner*:"

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.—We learn with much pleasure, that the trustees of this Institution have lately appointed Drs. ALFRED STILLE and JOHN NEILL to the Chairs of *Practice of Medicine and Surgery.*—These selections are eminently judicious, and must greatly strengthen the school.—Dr. Stillé is one of the physicians of St. Joseph's Hospital, of this city, and was for many years Lecturer on the Practice of Medicine in the Philadelphia Association for Medical Instruction, in both of which positions he has acquired a high reputation as a sound and eloquent teacher.—Dr. Stille is also well known to the profession as a frequent contributor to our medical literature. His work on Pathology is highly esteemed, and his Report on Medical Literature, presented some years ago to the American Medical Association, will long be remembered as one of the most brilliant papers ever recorded in its transactions.

Dr. Neill, we think we may safely say, combines many qualifications for the responsible chair which he has accepted.—He was for several years Demonstrator of Anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania, and there established a reputation as one of the best anatomists and lecturers in our country. For some time he has occupied the situation of Surgeon to the Pennsylvania Hospital, and has delivered several courses on Clinical Surgery.—From his position in this great school of Surgery, and from his long experience as a lecturer both on Anatomy and Surgery, Dr. Neill's success as a Lecturer on the Principles and Practice of Surgery may be confidently predicted.

The late partial re-organization of the Medical Department of Pennsylvania College appears to us to have resulted in the construction of a Faculty of great strength; Prof. GILBERT has been at his own request, we learn, transferred from the Chair of Surgery to that of Obstetrics, in which department his large practical experience must give him great weight as a teacher. The branches of Anatomy, Chemistry, Institutes, and Materia Medica, in the hands of Profs. ALLEN, REESE, F. G. SMITH, and BIDDLE, will not suffer by comparison with any other institution.—And we are well assured that the energy, ability, and industry, which are now centred in this organization, must soon place it in the foremost rank among the medical schools.

MAINE POLITICS.—The Free Soilers of Maine have adopted Mr. Morrill, the Maine-law-anti-Nebraska Democratic candidate for Governor, as their own candidate for that office. There are, therefore, four candidates for Governor in Maine, viz:—Isaac Reed, Whig; Anson P. Morrill, Maine law, anti-Nebraska, and Free Soil; Shepard Carey, anti-Maine law; and Albion K. Parris, who has no platform to stand on, but will be supported by the Administration Democrats and the fragment which remains of the original Democratic party. The election takes place in September. There will probably be no choice by the people, and the Legislature will choose either Mr. Reed or Mr. Morrill.

CUBA.—The Washington *Union* has re-opened the Cuban question. In an article on Saturday, it again intimates that the Administration are carrying on negotiations for the purchase of the Island, and that if these are unsuccessful, *war must be resorted to.*

☞Dr. OLDS, the leading Nebraskaite in the House, from Ohio, has been defeated for re-nomination by the District Convention of his own party, and an anti-Nebraskaite nominated over him.

FOOLISH.—Last Monday two lovers, Mr. Marsh, and Miss Sampson, of Massachusetts, lashed themselves together, and jumped into the mill pond at Abbington, and were drowned.

☞Rev. Henry Ward Beecher is spoken of for Congress in one of the "rural" districts of New York.

☞The New York "Hards" have nominated Judge BRONSON (ex-Collector) for Governor, and condemned the National Administration. Poor Pierce!

☞Senator Douglas owns a plantation on the Pearl river, with 140 adult Slaves on it. His overseer recently gave a large barbecue in honor of the Nebraska triumph.

INDEPENDENCE OF CANADA.—The inquiry was recently made in the British House of Lords, by the Earl of Ellenborough, what was the use, and what the practical advantage of the mother country continuing her connexion with the American colonies? Such connexion, he said, might be of some small use in the time of peace, but, on the other hand, it was greatly calculated to increase the chances of collision with the United States. It was, therefore, a matter that deserved the most serious consideration, whether the Home Government should not endeavor, in the most friendly manner, to divest themselves of a connexion which must prove equally onerous to both parties. He hoped, therefore, that at an early period, the Government would communicate with the leading persons in the Legislative Assemblies of the North American colonies with the view of ascertaining their opinion on the subject of a separation. Lord Brougham coincided in these views. It is not improbable, therefore, that some action may grow out of the suggestion, especially as independence can scarcely fail to be popular with the colonists themselves. The fact is, the "manifest destiny" of the Canadas is their annexation to the United States.

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.—Advices have been received from Acapulco to June 15th. The blockade of that port has been raised, and the revolutionists still have possession of the city.

The state of Yucatan has declared in favor of the plan of Agulta, and various places, some of them towns, inhabited by native tribes, had done the same. Similar accounts have been received from Tampico Tula de Tamaulipas, Tuxpan and northern cities. Troops, sent by Santa Anna to aid the commander of Iquala, had joined the revolutionary forces at Canti. Santa Anna is said to have quarreled with his ministers soon after arriving in the city of Mexico, in consequence of their having examined a document designating his successor, upon which they sent in their resignation. Even the city of Mexico is said to have revolted.

The chief part of the neighborhood of Ajachitan had joined the Liberating Army, and the state of Michoacan had declared for the same cause. Sr. Villalba, occupying the Certo del Limon, had under his command over 3,000 men, well armed.—He has been successful in various encounters with the troops of Santa Anna.

The 30 Americans who were some time ago imprisoned at Mazatlan on the charge of being fillibusters, have been released, through the exertions of Captain Dornin, of the U. S. ship Portsmouth, and nearly all sent to Sanfrancisco in the cutter Wm. L. Marcy. It is supposed they would all have been shot had it not been for Captain Dornin.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN A HAY FIELD.—On Wednesday of last week, while a party of men were mowing in one of Jacob Lichtenwalner's fields, near Fogelsville, Lehigh county, two of them commenced a trial of speed with the sythe. They had not proceeded far before one of the party—Reuben Lichtenwalner, about 19 years of age—was cut on the leg by the scythe of his competitor, and died in four hours, from loss of blood.

THE FILLIBUSTERS AT NEW ORLEANS.—Judge Campbell, of the U. S. Court at New Orleans, required General Quitman, John S. Thrasher, and A. L. Saunders, supposed to be engaged in an expedition against Cuba, to enter into recognizances to observe the laws of the United States for the space of nine months; they refused to comply with the order of the court until they were directed to be sent to jail, when they tendered, under protest, the bail required.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL.—Chief Justice Corwin, of Ohio, has decided that the liquor law passed by the last Legislature of that State is unconstitutional. Under this decision several persons confined in the Champaign county jail, for violating provisions of said law, were released from confinement.

Senator Douglas' House, in the neighborhood of the Capitol, was struck by lightning in half a dozen places during a storm last week. The fluid tore the plaster from several of the rooms, nine of which it entered, broke sundry windows, chandeliers, and did a good deal of mischief.

CRYSTAL PALACE.—*The Close of the Exhibition.*—Mr. P. T. Barnum has resigned the Presidency in the Crystal Palace, on the ground that over exertion at this season is affecting his health.

The resignation was accepted by the Directors, and John H. White, Esq., was unanimously elected President *pro tem.*—A committee was appointed to obtain the services of an efficient superintendent for the season, and it was resolved to finally close the exhibition on the 31st October next. It was further resolved to appoint a committee, with power to dispose of the Crystal Palace and all other property of the Association, deliverable on or after the 1st day of November next.

Dyspepsia.

The Rock Rose Compound is rapidly gaining popularity in the community, as the greatest modern remedy for restoring the vital principle, and diffusing a healthy circulation of the Blood through the system. Patients suffering from Dyspepsia, Scrofula, and general debility, should by all means procure the Rock Rose. See advertisement in another column.

Groton Bank, Conn. Oct. 1st, 1850.

Rev. A. B. L. Myers: Dear Sir—This is to certify that I have full confidence in the "Rock Rose," and believe it stands unrivaled relative to the complaints it proposes to cure. I have used it for nervous affections and Dyspepsia, with success, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with Dyspepsia, general debility, and Scrofulous difficulties.

Yours, N. T. ALLEN,
Pastor of Groton Bank Baptist Church.

☞For sale in Gettysburg by S. H. BUEHLER, and by Druggists generally. June 9

BALTIMORE MARKET.

[FROM THE BALTIMORE SUN OF YESTERDAY.]

FLOUR & MEAL.—The Flour market is dull. Holders are asking $8 50 for Howard street brands, and $8 per bbl for City Mills. Rye Flour and Corn Meal dull, no sales.

GRAIN & SEEDS.—Supply of Grain moderate. About 7500 bushels Wheat offered, and sales of red at 1 70 a $1 75, white at 1 70 a $1 81; some lots inferior white sold at 1 40 a $1 50 per bushel. Inferior red 2 to 15 cts less. Corn—About 5000 bushels offered, and sales of white and yellow at 75 cts per bushel. Oats—About 900 bushels offered, and sales of Maryland at 60 a 61 cts per bushel. Rye—No sales. Seeds unchanged.

GROCERIES.—Market quiet. We note small sales of Rio Coffee at 9½ a 10½ to 11 cts per lb., as to quality. Sugars and Molasses quiet, and prices unchanged. Rice 4 a 4½ cts per lb.

PROVISIONS.—The transactions moderate, and prices present no special change. We quote Mess Pork at 12 25 a $12 50 per bbl. nominal.—Mess Beef $16. Sales of Bacon shoulders at 5½ cts, sides 6¾ cts, and hams 8 a 11 cts per lb. Lard in bbls. 9½ a 9¾ cts, kegs 10 a 10½ cts per lb.—Butter in kegs 12 a 14 cts., roll 14 a 18 cts per lb. Cheese 9 a 10 cts per lb.

CATTLE.—Prices ranged from $4 to $5 25 on the hoof, equal to $8 a $10 25 net, and averaging $4 50 gross.

HOGS—We note sales to-day at the scales at $5 a $6 per 100 lbs.

YORK MARKET.

FLOUR, per bbl., from wagons,	$8 25
WHEAT, per bushel,	1 80 to 1 95
RYE, "	90
CORN, "	70
OATS, "	55
TIMOTHY SEED, per bushel,	3 00
CLOVER SEED, "	4 25
FLAX-SEED, "	1 50
PLASTER OF PARIS, per ton,	7 50

HANOVER MARKET.

FLOUR, per barrel, (from Wagons)	$8 00
WHEAT, per bushel,	1 65 to 1 75
RYE, " "	90
CORN	68
OATS,	53
TIMOTHY-SEED,	2 00 to 2 10
CLOVER-SEED	4 00
FLAX-SEED,	1 12
PLASTER OF PARIS,	8 00

MARRIED.

On Thursday, June 22d, in St. James' Church, Chicago, by Rev. Robert H. Clarkson, JOSEPH P. CLARKSON, Esq. (formerly of Gettysburg,) and Miss JULIET A., daughter of Jacob Russell, Esq.—all of Chicago.

DIED.

At his residence in Washington City, on Thursday the 29th of June, after a short illness, of congestion of the brain, Dr. ALEXANDER SPEER, formerly of this place, aged about 57 years.

At St. Louis, on the 17th ult., from the kick of a horse, Mr. JACOB B. THOMAS, formerly of this county, in the 43d year of his age.

On the 6th inst., in Union township, BELINDA, infant daughter of Samuel Rebert, aged 7 months.

On the 30th ult., in Adams county, FRANCIS son of James King, aged 3 years 6 months and 12 days.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Directors of Gettysburg district will receive applications until Thursday the 3d of August next, from persons wishing to engage as teachers in said district for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board,
R. G. McCREARY, Pres't.
July 14, 1854.—td

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.

Ninth below Locust Street, PHILADELPHIA.

Session of 1854—'55.

BY the authority of the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania College of Gettysburg Pa., the Faculty of the Medical Department at Philadelphia is constituted as follows:

DAVID GILBERT, M.D., Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
ALFRED STILLE, M.D., Theory and Practice of Medicine.
JOHN NEILL, M.D., Principles and Practice of Surgery.
J. M. ALLEN, M.D., Anatomy.
JOHN J. REESE, M.D., Medical Chemistry and Pharmacy.
FRANCIS G. SMITH, M.D. Institutes of Medicine.
JOHN B. BIDDLE, M.D., Therapeutics & Materia Medica.

The Lectures will commence on Monday, October 9th, and continue until the 1st of March ensuing. A Medical and Surgical Clinic is held regularly twice a week at the College, and at the Pennsylvania Hospital. Second course students receive tickets to the latter Institution free of expense.

FEES.—Matriculation, (paid once only)	$5 00
For each Professor's ticket,	15 00
Graduation.	30 00
Practical Anatomy,	10 00

The Dissecting Rooms will be open in the month of September.

For further information apply to
JOHN J. REESE, M. D., Registrar.
No. 122 S. Ninth St., Philadelphia.
July 14, 1854.—6t

MUSLINS, Linens and Tickings, for sale at SCHICK'S.

IRISH LINENS, Muslins, Tickings, Flannels, Linen Table Cloths, Towling, and Drillings—a large variety—for sale at SCHICK'S.

WHIG COUNTY CONVENTION.

THE Whig voters of Adams county are requested to assemble at the places of holding their township elections in their respective boroughs and townships, on *Saturday the 12th day of August*, between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock P. M., to select delegates to represent each borough and township in a COUNTY CONVENTION which is hereby called to assemble at the Court-house in Gettysburg, on *Monday the 14th day of August*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate and present candidates to be supported at the approaching Election for the several offices to be filled at the election; to appoint Congressional Conferees—and to attend to such other duties as the interests of the party may require.

By a resolution adopted by the Convention in 1852, and re-affirmed by the last Convention, it is made the duty of the Committee, in "announcing calls for future County Conventions, to include in such calls a proviso that all votes on the nomination of candidates be taken *viva voce*."

By order of the County Committee,
R. G. M'CREARY, *Chairman.*
July 7, 1854.—td

TO CITIZENS, STRANGERS, AND THE LADIES ESPECIALLY.

MR. R. B. CRAWFORD respectfully announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Gettysburg and vicinity that he has taken the room formerly occupied by Mr. WEAVER, in Chambersburg street, where he will be happy to receive visitors desirous of securing perfect Daguerreotypes of themselves or friends.

Being furnished with an entire new and costly apparatus, he is prepared to take pictures in every style of the art and insures perfect satisfaction.

Mr. C. has had the experience of several years in one of the best Galleries in America, and has had the benefit of the instructions of the most successful operators of New York and Philadelphia.

REMEMBER,

the Portraits taken by Mr. CRAWFORD are pronounced by artists and scientific men to be unrivalled in depth of tone and softness of light and shade, while they display all the artistic arrangement of the highest efforts of the painter.

☞Charges from 75 cts to $10 00.
☞Hours of operating from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
☞In dress avoid light, red, blue, or purple. Dark dress adds much to the beauty of the picture.
June 9, 1854.—tf

NEW GOODS.
MARCUS SAMSON

HAS opened and is now selling rapidly at his Store in York street, opposite the Bank, a very large choice and cheap assortment of SUMMER GOODS, to which he invites the attention of the public. They have been selected with great care in the Eastern cities, have been bought cheap for cash, and will be sold cheap for cash—*cheaper than at any other establishment in Gettysburg.* His stock consists in part of Black, Blue, Olive, and Green CLOTH COATS, with frock, dress, and sack coats; also Tweed, Cashmeret, Italian Cloth, Linen Lustre, Check, Gingham, Sea Grass, Duck and Summer Cloth Coats; also a superior stock of PANTALOONS, consisting in part of excellent and well made French Black Doe-skin Cassimere, Fancy Cassimere, Satinetts, Velvets, Cord, Linen, and Cottonade.—The stock of VESTS comprises every variety of manufacture—fine black Satin, Silk, Velvet, Italian Silk, white, fancy and buff Marseilles, Summer cloth, &c., &c.

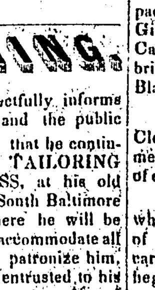
FLY NETS—FLY NETS

of a good quality, excellent manufacture and offered at low prices. I have already disposed of a large number of these articles and always to the satisfaction of purchasers. Also on hand a large lot of TRUNKS, Hats, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Boots and Shoes, Window Shades, Violins, Accordeons, Guitars, Flutes, Fifes, Melodeons, Mirrors, Razors, Spectacles, Spoons, Watches and Watch Guards, silk and cotton Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Suspenders, Gloves, Stockings, Spring Stocks, Shirts, and shirt Collars, and a splendid assortment of JEWELRY—in fact every thing in the way of Boy's and Men's furnishing line.

☞First-rate chewing Tobacco always on hand—a rare article which chewers are requested to try.

MARCUS SAMSON.
June 30, 1854.—tf

TAILORING.



J. H. SKELLY respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally, that he continues the TAILORING BUSINESS, at his old stand, in South Baltimore Street, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may patronize him. All work entrusted to his care warranted to fit and be of most substantial make. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

May 5, 1854.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

I HAVE now on hand, and am constantly making up, a fine assortment of Spring & Summer Clothing, which I will sell low. Call and see, for you will find good and substantial work and goods, no "SLOP SHOPS" work.

ABRAM ARNOLD.
March 31, 1854.—tf

Draw near—Come and See!

J. L. SCHICK would inform the Ladies that he now offers the largest assortment of BONNETS, Bonnet Silks and Velvets, Ribbons, Flowers & Hair Braids, ever before opened in this place. Call and see them—no trouble to show Goods.

BONNETS & PARASOLS.

I have now on hand a large assortment of Bonnets & Parasols, latest styles, which I have just received, and will sell cheaper than can be had of any establishment in town, call and see.

A. ARNOLD.

NEW FANCY GOODS.
CALL AND SEE THEM!
MISS McCLELLAN

HAS just returned from Philadelphia with a large and well selected assortment of FANCY GOODS of every variety, (to which she invites the attention of Ladies and Gentlemen,) comprising fashionable

Bonnets & Bonnet Trimmings, Silks, Satins, Ladies' Dress Trimmings,

Velvets, Ribbons, Artificials, Black Veils, Blue do. Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, French worked Collars, Cambric, Jaconet and Swiss Edgings, Insertings, Muslins, Sleeves, Mohair and Silk Mits, Black Lace and Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Braids, Fans, Gentlemen's Collars, Combs of all kinds, &c., &c. ☞Ladies and Gentlemen are requested to call and examine our Goods. It will give us pleasure to show them.

March 31, 1854.—tf

NEW ARRIVAL AND
A GREAT GATHERING!

ALMOST every body is attracted to the Store of J. L. SCHICK, in the Three-Story building, South West corner of the Diamond, to see the large and splendid stock of

NEW GOODS,

he has just brought from the Cities, and he, is of course making any number of sales. But "the more the merrier," and the busier the better he likes it. His assortment embraces

Ladies' Dress Goods,

of every description, such as Silks, Barege De Laines, Challi Barege, Lawns, Drap de Beige, Alpaca de Beige, Alpacas, Bombazines, Silk Down, Linen Lustre Calicoes, Ginghams, Chambra Ginghams, Swiss, Jaconet and Cambric Muslins, in every variety; Crape and Cashmere SHAWLS; Laces, Edgings, Gimps, Dress Trimmings and Buttons, &c.

For Gentlemen he has Cloths, Cassimeres, Cashmeret, Italian Cloth, Drap de Ete, Vestings, (a large and beautiful variety,) Cottonades, Linen Checks, Gray Linen, (something new and first rate,) Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Suspenders, &c.

He endeavors at all times to sell cheaper than any other Store in town—and that he succeeds in the endeavor will be proven by giving him a call. "Small profits and quick sales," and no trouble to show goods. J. L. SCHICK.

April 7, 1854.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore st., adjoining the residence of DAVID ZIEGLER, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, GROCERIES, CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS, Springs, Axles, Saddlery, *Cedar Ware, Shoe Findings*, Paints, Oils, & Dyestuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business—to which they invite the attention of Coachmakers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoemakers, Saddlers, and the public generally.

Our stock having been selected with great care and purchashed for Cash, we guarantee, (for the Ready Money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where.

We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, June 13, 1851.—tf.

"KNOW NOTHING" MEETING.
THE "KNOW NOTHINGS"

WILL meet at the Store of J. S. GRAMMER, not to tear asunder former parties, but to examine his stock of new

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

this being his second arrival, which consists of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

such as Silks, Bereges, Berege De Laine, Jaconet, and French Lawns, Debage Alpacca, Alpacca, Linen Lustre, Calicoes, Ginghams, Cambric Ginghams, Jaconet Cambric and Swiss Muslins, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Collars, Sleeves, Black Lace Veils, Edgings, Gimps, &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Italian Cloth, Cassimerets, of every color and an assortment of every kind; also a fresh supply of

GROCERIES,

which will be sold very low. His stock of Goods has been selected with great care, and bought exclusively for cash, and he guarantees to dispose of them on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased elsewhere.

☞Terms Cash, or Country Produce. To punctual customers a credit of six months.

J. S. GRAMMER.
Gettysburg, May 19, 1854.

MORE NEW GOODS!
A SECOND SUPPLY.
GEORGE ARNOLD

HAS just returned from the City with another supply of seasonable Goods, among which is

Ladies' Dress Goods,

of every variety, very handsome and cheap, Sleeves, Collars and Cuffs, in great variety and of the latest styles. White and Red Crape and other shawls, embroidered and plain Linen Shawls, Ribbons, a beautiful variety, Bonnets, Trimmings, Calicoes, Ginghams, Hosiery, Dress Silks, Bonnet Silks and Sattins, Edgings, Insertings, &c. &c.—with almost any article in the DRY GOOD line, also a lot of

FRESH GROCERIES,

all of which will be sold as cheap as they can be had at any other establishment in the place. Please call, examine and judge for yourselves.

May 12, 1854.

GREAT ATTRACTION!

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS has just received and are now opening one of the largest and most complete assortment of Spring and Summer Dress Goods ever offered to the public. Our selection having been made with great care, and our stock purchased at reduced prices, we feel prepared to present inducements such as are rarely offered. Our stock of Dry Goods has never been surpassed and with the addition of our last purchase; comprising as it does Cloths of all prices and qualities, Cassimeres, Vestings, Kentucky Jeans, Plaids for Children, Berage De Laines, M. De Laines, Berages, Berage Alpacas, Calicoes, Ginghams, SHAWLS, (Cashmere, Thibet, and White Crape of every variety,) we challenge the county to produce their equal, as regards to quality and price.

Having added largely to our variety of

GROCERIES,

we are prepared to furnish the finest qualities of Syrup, Molasses, Sugar, &c., &c., at reduced rates; our stock of Molasses and Sugar is regarded as the most complete ever offered in the counry. We deem it needless to enumerate, as we have always on hand a complete assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, &c.

To satisfy you of the truth of our assertion, we only ask you to call and examine for yourself, if you want bargains. Call early at FAHNESTOCKS.

Sign of the Red Front.
March 31, 1854.—tf.

A FRESH SUPPLY!

THE undersigned has just returned from the City, with a large assortment of FRESH GOODS, which he is prepared to sell at prices which cannot be beat. His stock consists of

GROCERIES

of all kinds, Sugars, Molasses, Coffees, Teas, Fish, Salt, Crackers, Cheese, Pickled Cucumbers, &c. Also,

Fruits & Confections,

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Raisins, Prunes &c.—Also, Powder, Shot, Tobacco, Segars, Gail's celebrated German Smoking Tobacco, and a variety of other articles.—Also a first-rate assortment of the best qualities of

LIQUORS,

Wines and Brancies, of different kinds, N. E. Rum, Holland Gin, Old Rye, &c.—all of which can be had on the lowest terms at the Store of the subscriber, in South Baltimore street, next door to the "Star" office.

☞Also, always on hand a variety of Stone Jugs, &c.—Give us a call.

EMANUEL ZIEGLER, Jr.
Gettysburg, May 19, 1854.—tf.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

ABRAM ARNOLD has just returned from the City with the *Largest, Cheapest, & Best Selected Stock of*

Spring and Summer Goods,

ever before offered to the town or country, consisting in part of German, French and Domestic Cloths, Black & Fancy Cassimeres, Satin & other Vestings, Italian Cloths, Coat Ginghams, Tweeds, Ky. Jeans, Berege De Laines, M. De Laines, Prints, Ginghams, and a great variety of Goods too numerous to mention. Also, a large assortment of Bonnets, Parasols, &c.

☞Call and see, as I am determined to undersell any establishment in the Town or County.

March 31 1854.—tf

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!

WE have just received the largest stock of GROCERIES ever offered in the county, comprising

25 Hhds of prime Sugar.
60 Barrels of best N. O. Molasses,
6 Hhds of finest quality of Syrup,

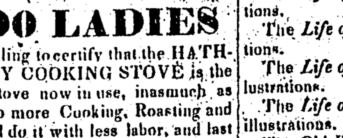
together with a large assortment of Coffee, Rice, Tobacco, &c., to which we invite the attention of purchasers, either wholesale or retail. Now is your time for cheap and desirable Groceries; the place to furnish them is FAHNESTOCKS.

Sign of the RED FRONT.
May 12, 1854.

Moroccos.

THOSE wishing to select from a large assortment of Madras, and Boot Morocco, Pink and Lair, Linings of a superior quality and at low prices should call early at the cheap store of FAHNESTOCKS.

BONNETS, Ribbons and Flowers, a large assortment of the different styles to be found at SCHICK'S.



2000 LADIES

ARE willing to certify that the HATHAWAY COOKING STOVE is the very best Stove now in use, inasmuch as they will do more Cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again as any other stove now sold. These celebrated stoves are constantly kept for sale at a very reduced price at the

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

Where the subscribers feeling determined to suit all persons have also the Parlor, Sexton's Baltimore Air-tight, Peakskell and Cabinet, Cook Stove, and Air-tight and Ten-plate Parlor Stoves of the most beautiful patterns.

THE SEYLOR PLOUGHS

which cannot be surpassed for lightness of draught or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale, and in view of the fact that the Mouldboard of these Ploughs is one-fourth heavier than that of other ploughs, it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained.

WITHEROW PLOUGHS and others, Castings for the Woodcock Plough Wind-mill Machinery, Castings and Hollow-ware, with every article usually mad at Foundries can be obtained here.

Blacksmithing and Shoe Making as usual.

T. WARREN.

☞Blanks of all kinds for sale at this office.

"KNOW NOTHINGS."

IT is currently reported that the "Know Nothings" have organized in town, and that they hold their meetings, once a week, in the HARNESS-MAKER'S SHOP of Mr. HENRY HUGHES, on South Baltimore street, adjoining the Presbyterian church, and opposite D. McCreary's Sadler Shop. Come and join this far-famed association, and at the same time, and place, examine Henry's large and splendid assortment of

HARNESS

of all kinds, *Riding Bridles, Martingales*, and all other articles belonging to the Harness business.

☞All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange, even Shanghai Chickens.

HENRY HUGHES.
June 2, 1854.—3m

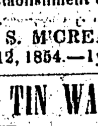
Ladies' Dress Goods.

LADIES, do you wish handsome dresses, for Spring or Summer? If so, call immediately at the long established cheap Store, where we are prepared to exhibit the most beautiful variety and prettiest patterns of Dress Goods ever opened. Do not defer the matter too long, nor lose the opportunity of selecting from the entire assortment. If you wish to save money and at the same time secure for yourself the prettiest apparel worn, call immediately at

FAHNESTOCKS'.
March 31, 1854.—tf

Hats and Caps.
S. S. M'CREARY

WOULD inform his friends and the public, that he has on hand a fine assortment of HATS of his own manufacture. His stock includes



FINE SILK, FUR, RUSSIA, AND SLOUCH HATS,

of all kinds and prices; and also all kinds of Summer Hats and

CAPS FOR MEN AND BOYS.

☞Please call, examine and judge for yourselves. The undersigned will not be undersold by any establishment either in the City or Country.

S. S. M'CREARY.
Gettysburg, May 12, 1854.—1y

TIN WARE! TIN WARE!

GEO. E. BUEHLER informs his friends and customers that he has a very large assortment of

TIN WARE

on hand ready for the Spring sale, made by experienced workmen and of good materials, which will be sold low for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE. ☞Call and see.

Gettysburg, March 10, 1854.

SAMUEL G. MATHEWS.] [H. F. ZOLLICKOFFER

MATHEWS & ZOLLICKOFFER,
GENERAL PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS;

No. 128 North Howard Street, BALTIMORE,

WILL pay particular attention to the purchase of GUANO and all FERTILIZERS.

Consignments Solicited.

REFERENCES.

BALTIMORE.—Israel Griffith, Esq. Christian Keener, Esq. Dr. David Keener, F. L. Parker & Co, Bartholow, Tiffany & Co., Long & Byrn, Hurst & Berry.

David Johnson, Esq., Jefferson county, Va.; Cleany & Co. Cincinnati, O.; Matingly & Gilpin, Parkersburg, Va.; Hon. F. K. Zollickoffer, Nashville, Ta.; F. Collier, Esq., Attorney at law, Pittsburg, Pa.; Jos. Dellaplane, Esq., Hillsboro', O.; C. W. Button, Esq., Harper's Ferry, Va.; D. McConaughy, Esq., Attorney at law, Gettysburg, Pa.

June 23, 1854.—1y

Young American's Library:

A Useful and Attractive Series of Books for YOUNG PEOPLE, embracing Events connected with the Early History of our Country, and Lives of Distinguished Men, written with much care and in an entertaining and instructive manner, with illustrations of Important Events, and beautifully illuminated Title Pages,

CONTAINING,

THE LIFE OF DANIEL WEBSTER, the Great American Statesman; with numerous anecdotes, illustrative of his character; and the following illustrations:

Young Daniel in the Saw Mill.
Webster Fishing at Fryeburg.
Webster declining the Clerkship.
Webster expounding the Constitution.
Webster at Faneuil Hall.
Marshfield, the residence of Webster.
Webster on his Farm.

The *Life of Henry Clay*, the Mill Boy of the Slashes, nine illustrations.
The *Life of Benj. Franklin*, nine illustrations.
The *Life of Marion*, nine illustrations.
The *Life of Lafayette*, nine illustrations.
The *Life of Wm. Penn*, nine illustrations.
The *Life of Gen. Taylor*, nine illustrations.
The *Life of Andrew Jackson*, nine illustrations.
The *Life of Napoleon Bonaparte*, nine illustrations.
The *Old Bell of Independence*; or, Philadelphia in 1776. nine illustrations.
The *Yankee Tea Party*, and other Stories of the Revolution, nine illustrations.

Containing in all over 100 illustrations. Each volume is well written, possessing a high moral tone, and can safely be placed in the hands of young people; they contain numerous anecdotes, illustrative of the early history of our country, and are well adapted for

FAMILY OR SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

Price per set, handsomely bound in cloth, gilt backs and neatly put up in boxes, $6 75.

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Colporteurs, Agents or school Libraries will be supplied at a liberal discount.

Copies will be sent by mail, postage free, upon the receipt of the price of the set, or any volume.

LINDSAY & BLAKISTON, Publishers.
25 S. Sixth-st., Philadelphia

☞Newspapers inserting the above in full will be entitled to a volume for each insertion, papers to be directed "Medical Examiner, Philadelphia."

June 2, 1854.—3m

PARASOLS, Umbrellas, and Fans, new styles and cheap, at SCHICK'S.

A Valuable Farm
AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber, desiring to quit Farming, will expose to Public Sale, on *Tuesday the 1st day of August next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M.,

THE FARM,

on which he now resides, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Alexander Currens, heirs of George Toot, George Waybright, and others, lying upon the Emmitsburg road, about four miles from Gettysburg, and containing

120 Acres,

more or less. The improvements on the premises, are a one and a half story

DWELLING,

part stone and part log, a log Barn, with Sheds and out buildings. There are two good Springs of water convenient to the door, and a young Orchard of choice fruit, on the premises. About 20 Acres are in good TIMBER, the balance cleared and under good cultivation, with a fair proportion of meadow.

The property is so located, that it can be conveniently divided into two parts, with meadow and timber land in each. It will be sold entire or in parts, to suit purchasers.

☞Attendance will be given and the terms made known on the day of Sale by

WILLIAM CURRENS.
June 30, 1854.—ts

REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned, Administrators with the will annexed of the estate of PHILIP MILLER, late of Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Saturday the 19th day of August next*, at 1 o'clock P. M.,

THE FARM,

of said deceased, adjoining lands of John Sailler, sen., James McElwee, and others, containing

177½ Acres,

neat measure. The improvements consist of a

TWO-STORY LOG HOUSE,

and double Log Barn, a one and a half story TENANT HOUSE, and other necessary out-buildings, with a number of never-failing springs of excellent water on the premises, also two good Orchards of choice fruit. About 60 Acres are well covered with valuable TIMBER. This Farm is in a low state of cultivation, but the soil being naturally of a good quality, and being within one-fourth of a mile from the Lime Kiln, it could easily be made as productive as any Farm in the neighborhood. It is generally supposed that there is Limestone on the premises. The Farm will be sold entire, or in two tracts, to suit purchasers.

The terms, which are reasonable, will be made known on day of sale by

HARMAN WIERMAN,
JONATHAN MILLER,
Adm'rs.
June 30, 1854.—ts

BOOKS, STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS.

One price—and that as low as at any Establishment out of the City.

S. H. BUEHLER

RETURNS his acknowledgments to his friends for the long continued and liberal patronage extended him, and invites attention to his present largely increased stock of goods just received from Philadelphia and New York. He deems it unnecessary to enumerate the assortment, which will be found to embrace every variety of goods in his line, viz:

Classical, Theological, School, Miscellaneous BOOKS

and Stationery of all kinds, embracing, as he believes, the largest and best assortment ever opened in Gettysburg.

He also invites attention to his large supply of

FANCY GOODS,

embracing Gold and Silver pens and Pencils, Pen-Knives, Plain and Fancy Note Paper and Envelopes, Motto Wafers, Sealing Wax, Portmonnaies, Soaps, Perfumery, &c., &c.,—all of which will be sold at the ☞VERY LOWEST RATES.

☞Call and examine for yourselves at the old established BOOK & DRUG store in *Chambersburg street*, a few doors from the diamond.

S. H. BUEHLER.
Gettysburg, Pa., Oct. 21. 1853.

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER Esq., President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and general Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district—and SAMUEL R. RUSSELL and JOHN MAGINLEY, Esqrs., Judges of the Courts of common Pleas and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the county of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 19th day of April in the year of our LORD, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on *Monday the 21st of August next*—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, To all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, and to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

JOHN SCOTT, *Sheriff.*
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, July 7, 1854.

VALUABLE FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at Private Sale his Farm, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Francis Bream, Jacob Herriter, Henry Bull, and others, containing

235 Acres,

more or less. The improvements are a large two-story

BRICK DWELLING,

with a large Bank Barn, part stone and part frame, with sheds all around, Wagon Sheds, Corn Cribs, Smoke House, and all necessary out-buildings. There are about 70 Acres of first rate

TIMBER LAND,

the balance cleared and under cultivation, with the usual proportion of good Meadow. There are two Orchards of choice fruit of all kinds, one of them composed of young trees; a well of water convenient to the house; running water in the barn-yard, and on different parts of the premises.

This Farm lies upon Marsh Creek, is in first rate order, and is in every respect one of the most desirable properties in the county. Persons wishing to view the premises, will be shewn them by calling on the subscriber, residing thereon, who will also give all requisite information as to terms, &c.

MARK FORNEY.
May 26, 1854.—4m

CHANCE FOR FARMERS.
A VALUABLE FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at private sale, the Farm on which he resides, in Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of James Cunningham, James McCleary, David Bosserman, and others, containing

263 Acres, 69 Perches,

with the usual allowance. The improvements consist of a

TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE,

part log and part stone, Log Barn, Corn Cribs, Wagon Shed, Smoke-house and other out-buildings; a well of first-rate water, with new pump, close to the door; also a good Spring within a few rods; a thriving YOUNG ORCHARD of choice fruit, and other improvements.

Also, a TWO STORY LOG DWELLING,

with a Stable, and other out-buildings, a never-failing Spring of water near the door. The Farm is in good order, about one half being in the best of Timber, the balance cleared and under cultivation, with a fair proportion of good meadow. There are several other Springs on the premises, allowing running water to be thrown into all parts of the farm.

The above Property will be sold entire or in two or three parcels as may suit purchasers. Persons wishing to view the premises will call on the subscriber, who will give every requisite information as to terms, &c.

ABRAHAM SCOTT.
June 9, 1854.—3m

FARMS FOR SALE,
NEAR GETTYSBURG.

No. 1—160 Acres: good Stone House and Barn, with other out-buildings—plenty of good timber, meadow, and never-failing water.

No. 2—175 Acres: large Stone House, large new Barn, Shops, Sheds, Corn-cribs, water in nearly every field, plenty good fruit, sufficient timber and good meadow.

No. 3—125 Acres: first rate House and Barn, and out-buildings, excellent meadow, good running water, choice fruit, timber, &c.; near the turnpike.

No. 4—180 Acres: good large Brick House, with out-buildings, plenty never failing water at the house and in the fields; 60 Acres excellent timber, plenty good meadow, first rate Orchard, of all kinds of fruit, good tenant-house, &c.

No. 5—200 Acres: large brick House, with back-buildings, large stone Bank Barn, with sheds and cribs, and all other out-buildings, such as dry-house, smoke-house, &c.; between 50 and 60 Acres in good meadow, plenty good timber, good fencing, Orchard of all kinds of choice fruit, several wells of water, &c.

No. 6—247 Acres: near Pipe creek, Frederick county, Md., large Stone House, Barn, Smoke-house, Spring-house, sheds, pens, cribs, plenty of water and fruit, from 50 to 60 acres good timber—can be bought cheap.

No. 7—105 Acres: adjoining the above, good Stone House, Swiss Barn, out-buildings, good water, &c. [These two Farms are handsomely situated on the public road.]

No. 8—A Mill with 30 Acres of land, good buildings, shops, sheds, other out-buildings, &c.

Any person desirous of buying or selling property will please call upon

F. E. VANDERSLOOT, Agent.
Gettysburg, Pa., Feb. 17—eow

☞Dr. F. E. VANDERSLOOT, SURGEON DENTIST, will be at home hereafter the last two weeks in every month.

ANTI-NEBRASKA HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

COME ONE, COME ALL, and tell your neighbors to come, to the Store of the "Two Extremes," and see the splendid stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, now opening, of the latest style and of every variety, suitable for the Spring and Summer season, for Gentlemen, Ladies and Children.

I have made arrangements to have Boots and Shoes made to order, by the best of workmen, and of good material, in the quickest possible time.

W. W. PAXTON.
Gettysburg, March 31, 1854.—tf

Bonnets and Bonnet Ribbons.

A Splendid assortment of superior quality, to be had cheap at GRAMMER'S NEW STORE.