smell of ammonia that fills the place. I have seen in some stables little pans containing plaster of paris or sulphuric acid, for the purpose of absorbing these fumes, and forming sulphate of ammonia. The liquid which runs from barn-yards and from manure heaps, is shown by analysis to consist of the most fertilizing substances; and it is calculated that where this is all allowed to wash away, as is the case in many instances, the manure is often reduced nearly one-half in its value. I have seen yards where it was almost worthless, owing to long exposure.

The farmers of this country need awakening upon this subject of carefully preserving their common manures. In Flanders, where everything of the kind is saved with the [illegible], the liquid manure of a single cow for a year is valued at $10; there it is too often allowed to escape, [illegible]. Either they are very foolish, or we are very wasteful.

WHO WILL HAVE CONSTANTINOPLE?—The Paris correspondent of the *National Intelligencer* seems to think, that among the great Powers of Europe there will be a scramble for Constantinople.—He says:

"The Ottoman Empire is, there can be no doubt of it, approaching its dissolution. It must be soon broken up. Constantinople, commanding as it does, the Black Sea and the Mediterranean, is a capital point. It will determine perhaps the naval superiority of Europe in favor of the nation who in the partition of the territory of the falling Empire shall ultimately possess it. There are three great and powerful nations—Russia, France and England—which would most gladly possess it if it must also be *force* which is to determine the one of them which is to be its lucky possessor. They could never peacefully and diplomatically agree upon this point. Passing events prove this clearly enough. It requires the union of France and England to keep Russia from seizing it. Were Russia even out of the question, France and England would soon come to blows upon the question of its possession. Let either of the three once get possession of Constantinople and the Dardanelles, and in the present state of naval and military science possession could probably be maintained. Now, I have only to say, in view of all this, that if I were a British Minister I should very quietly but very vigilantly see to it that the British naval force in those seas should be kept a little superior to that of the French."

REMARKABLE CASE OF SUPPOSED PETRIFACTION.—There arrived, within a few days, at the depot of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, in this city, an oblong box represented to contain a corpse, and it struck us as somewhat singular; it weighed five hundred and fifty pounds, according to the freight charges upon it. Curious to know something more about this mysterious box than the external marks indicated, we instituted some inquiries, and derived the following information, which as we got all from pretty good authority, we are inclined to consider correct until we shall receive better explanation.

The wife of a gentleman living in Nelson county, in this State, died some years ago, and was interred in the usual manner. Being a native of Woodford county, Kentucky, she had requested, before her death, to be buried beside her kindred in the home of her childhood. From accident or delay, her request was not complied with, until quite recently her relatives caused her remains to be disinterred, when they were found to be of the extraordinary weight mentioned above—over five hundred pounds.

At the time of her death her weight was about 100. Only the foot of the coffin, which was still in good state of preservation, was broken open, when her feet were found to be in a perfect state of petrification, the stone partaking of the character of the hardest limestone formations in the locality of the grave. The inference is that the whole body is thus completely petrified.

The gentlemen in charge of the remains, is having them conveyed to Woodford county, Ky., according to the request of the deceased.

We omit the names of the deceased and her relations as immaterial to a matter which appears, as near as we can judge, to be correctly stated as above. Human petrifactions are rare, among the multifarious wonders of nature, but as they have been found, as the records of science attest, we have no reason to reject this instance, one among the rarest results of a peculiar combination of the physical elements.—*Wheeling Intelligencer.*

ARTLESS SIMPLICITY.—The Petersburg (Va.) *Democrat* relates a very interesting anecdote of a little boy of that city, who, having recently lost his father, found himself debarred thereby from attending school as formerly, and, in the fullness of faith, determined to seek the wherewithal at that fountain to which he had doubtless been taught to look for other and higher blessings. The *Democrat* says, in the simplicity of his heart he sat down and gravely wrote a letter to his Redeemer, thinking perhaps that so formal a mode of preferring his requests would meet with greater attention. What was the surprise of the Postmaster, Wm. N. Friend, Esq. on discovering among the contents of his mail lately, a missive directed to "Jesus Christ!" Opening it, he read the story of the boy's wants, and with a noble kindness, he deposited in an envelope the amount required, and directed it to the young supplicant. We never heard a story that in so short a compass contains a more instructive and interesting lesson. It combines a singularly felicitous union of fine illustrations of the great pillars of Religion, Faith, Hope and Charity, and would not wish to know the man who could hear this "plain, unvarnished tale," without feeling himself and his kind ennobled by the recital.

UNIFORMITY OF TIME.—At the last meeting of the Boston Board of Aldermen, Professor Horsford proposed to erect on the cupola of the State House fixtures for dropping, at precisely 12 o'clock, a dark colored spherical ball before the hour, and detached at the precise moment by the action of the magnetic apparatus connected with the clock at the fire alarm office. This signal could be seen at a considerable distance from the city, and would thus produce a uniform time. A similar apparatus is in successful operation in London, and is connected by telegraphic lines with similar signals provided in various parts of the Kingdom.

A daughter of Thomas E. Franklin, of Lancaster, aged 3 years, was accidently drowned on Sunday.

PIGS AND CHERRIES.—That inveterate joker, *The Journal of Commerce*, is responsible for the following story:

On Thanksgiving afternoon we went to see an old gentleman, Uncle S——, who lived on Long Island, on his farm near Brooklyn. Mr. S. is from Germany, and has been for some years a strong Temperance man, although brought up with an ardent appreciation of the virtues of grape-juice.

"Uncle" said we, as we drank a huge tankard of cider while partaking at his bountiful table, "how came you to relish the use of wine?"

"Well," responded the hale old gentleman, unbuttoning his vest to make room for the third plate of turkey to which he had helped himself, "I tells you den.—When I first comes from Jarmany, we moved into Lancashter County, in Pennsylvania, und dere was no wine; so every year we make a barrel of cherry bounce, and we all gets trunk on it regular every Saturday efening. Nexht spring, when der bounce was all drinked up, I geefs der cherries to der hogs. Der consequence was, der hogs gits shoost as trunk as a lot of beeples.

"By and by, hogs get sober again, and I tries 'em mit anoder mess. Der hogs was very hungry, and come runnin' up to der trough, schuesin' like der tuyful; den dey shtick in deir shnouts, and shmack deir chops till dey git a taste of der cherries; and den dey all run around der yard mit der tongues wide open, and deir mouths hanging out, and rub de ground agin deir noses to take away der tashte.—Hogs couldn't shtand it, no how—make dem *orful* sick.

"Old dad said, 'neffer geefs it up dat way;' so, nexht week I geefs der hogs anoder mess of der cherries; and when I comes mit der bucket to feed 'em, right away dey seen something wrong. Up dey all walks shlowly to deir feed; and, when dey schmelt der cherries, *all turned around mit der hind quarters to der trough!*

"Ever since dat time, mine poy, when der prandy subject comes up, I shoost rights about face, and has noting to do mit der subject."

We felt as though we had heard an impressive temperance lecture, and congratulated ourselves that Uncle S. had strengthened the conviction that Temperance is better than Indulgence.

TREATY BETWEEN FRANCE AND ENGLAND.—The New York *Herald* states that it has received information confirming the recent statement that a treaty of alliance was agreed to and signed by Count Walewski on the part of France, and Lord Clarendon on the part of England, in reference to the Turkish question, and gives the following particulars:—

The treaty thus concluded was despatched immediately by couries to Berlin and Vienna, with an intimation that from the day of its arrival at each of these capitals, a period of seven days would be allowed to the cabinets of Prussia and Austria to determine upon their assent or refusal to enter into the arrangement. If agreed to, well and good; if rejected, it was to be understood that France and England would take the settlement and the responsibilities of this Eastern controversy into their own hands.

We further learn, that from the terms of this treaty, Russia will be required forthwith to evacuate the Danubian Principalities, or that, in refusing, she hazards the momentous consequences of an immediate joint declaration of war from England and France.

SCENE IN A MENAGERIE.—Quite a thrilling scene occurred at the Broadway Menagerie, New York, on Saturday evening. As Herr Driesbach was performing his feats with the trained animals in the cage in the rear of the exhibition-room, the tiger sprang at him, knocking him down, and fastening its teeth and claws upon Driesbach's breast and limbs. The cage contained a lion and lioness, three leopards, and the tiger. The lioness had her share in the fray, dealing Mr. Driesbach a severe blow. Mr. Muffat, the attendant, ran to the assistance of Mr. Driesbach, and dragged him from the den, the tiger retaining his hold until he was opposite the door of his own cage, when he jumped in and crouched in the corner, evidently enjoying the taste of blood. It is supposed the animals became intractable from the confusion of the place, and the intense glare of the lights. Mr. Driesbach will be about again in a few days.

A REMARKABLE SCENE.—Died in Strong, Me., of the malignant throat distemper, which baffled all the skill of physicians, on the 20th of November, Thomas Henry, aged nine years; on the 26th, Abby Josephine, aged six years; on the 27th, Nancy, aged eleven years; and in five minutes afterwards, Jane, aged fourteen years—all children of Mr. Joseph Kennedy. During the scene a little infant daughter was added to the family.—The deceased daughters, after being placed in coffins, were each in turn brought to the bedside of the sick mother, at her earnest solicitation, for a parting look, after which they were deposited together in the grave. What a change in one short week.—*Farmington Chronicle.*

THE FLORIDA INDIANS.—The Jacksonville (Florida) *News* learns that Capt. Casey had arrived at Tampa, with authority from the Government to offer the Seminole Indians larger sums in money than were offered by Gen. Blake, as an inducement for them to emigrate. This plan, it was thought, would prove successful, as a report was in circulation that the Indians were congregated in high glee on Peas Creek, expressing their willingness to leave on the terms now offered.

The Post master at Cincinnati has detected a very ingenious attempt at fraud. What appeared to be a large pamphlet, the leaves protruding at the ends of the envelope, was received at the office. On removing the envelope, the centre of the book between the covers was found to have been cut away, and five dozen of silk gloves and four dozen packages of needles packed nicely in the space.

A SNAKE STORY.—The Buffalo Express says:—Miss Permelia Dumas, daughter of J. B. Dumas, tavernkeeper, at Strykersville, Wyoming county, N. Y., recently ejected from the stomach, a black snake some six or seven inches in length. It had a white ring round its neck, very distinctly marked. The serpent was about the size of a common goose quill.

Hon. Gerritt Smith intimates in a letter to a friend at Utica an intention to resign his seat in Congress, owing to the painful illness which affects him—a disease in the head.

THE STAR AND BANNER.
GETTYSBURG.
Thursday Evening, Dec. 16, 1853.

☞The Rev. Mr. CARNIGHAN will preach in the Associate Reformed Church on next Sabbath morning at the usual hour.

☞An adjourned meeting of those friendly to a public Cemetery will be held this evening, at 6½ o'clock, at M'Conaughy's Hall.

Four Days Later from Europe.

☞We have further foreign news by the Arctic, which arrived at New York, on Sunday afternoon, but not of much importance. It may be summed up as follows: Nothing of additional importance has transpired at the seat of war; France and England are reported to have entered into a treaty to guaranty the integrity of the Turkish Empire, which may lead to important results, as Russia will be compelled definitely to define her position, and if not satisfactory, French and English gunnery will ere long be practiced on the Black sea; the members of the Bourbon family have effected a "fusion," the Duke de Nemours representing the Orleans branch in the arrangement, the Court de Chambourg being recognized as the legitimate heir to the French Crown; and finally, an affair of honor occurred at the Court of Spain, in which young Soule, son of our minister, figured somewhat. The Duke of Alba, brother-in-law of the French Empress, having made a remark disparaging the dress of Mrs. Soule at a party, he was struck by young Soule, who subsequently challenged the Duke. The difficulty was adjusted by the interference of Soule's father.

FROM CALIFORNIA.—The intelligence from California continues to furnish evidence of the inexhaustible supply of gold. Discoveries of rich mineral deposits are made almost every few days. Some excitement had been created by the announcement that very rich veins had been discovered along the river Amazon, in S. America, and expeditions were being fitted out for that region. The fillibuster expedition against Lower California had proved a failure.

In Australia serious troubles are brewing between the miners and the government. Accounts from the diggings are very encouraging and some of them of a very extraordinary nature. The large and increasing population of the colony is a subject of much interest, especially as many years must elapse before the colony can raise sufficient for its own consumption.

Washington House, Harrisburg.

☞We cordially endorse the deserved compliment to Col. SANDERS by the Philadelphia *Sun* in the annexed paragraph.—The Washington House has always been our favorite stopping place at Harrisburg—the attention of its energetic and accommodating proprietor more than compensating for the inconveniences consequent upon the defective arrangements of the old buildings. The present enlargement and improvement will make it all O. K. Col. SANDERS hails from this county, and we bespeak for him the patronage of our citizens visiting Harrisburg:

WASHINGTON HOUSE.—This well known house has been greatly enlarged and improved lately. An additional building nearly two hundred feet in breadth, has been erected on Market street with an iron front and five stories high. This gives room for private parlors, sleeping apartments and a very large dining saloon.—The whole has been prepared with every regard to the convenience of guests, and the Washington must in future be considered one of the most magnificent structures in the State capital. It will still be under the supervision of Col. Sanders, who has long been known for his attention and courtesy to visitors, and his increased accommodations will enable him to make his guests feel more at home while sojourning with him. The entire repairs, refurnishing and additions, will be completed before the Legislature assembles next month, and with the advantages which Col. S. will hold out, we cannot doubt that the Washington will be the principal resort of those who have business at Harrisburg hereafter."

☞The leading presses in different parts of the Union are unusually severe in their notices of the President's Message. The New York Herald, Post, and other papers which supported Pierce's election, complain bitterly of its unmeaning parade of words and lack of point. As a sample of what our exchanges say, we annex an extract or two. The *Boston Courier* thus delivers itself:

"The message is the poorest thing that ever proceeded from a President of the United States when his duty called upon him to look Congress in the face. And that nobody may mistake our meaning, when we pronounce it emphatically *poor*, we proceed to say that it appears to us totally deficient in courage, manly spirit, decision, self-respect, sincerity, straight-forwardness, and that honest resolution to follow the path of duty at all hazards, which ought to characterise both the language and the actions of him who occupies the elevated station of President of the United States."

The Boston *Journal* in noticing it says:

"Instead of a bold, manly avowal of the policy and doctrines of the Administration, we have vague generalities, bare statements of facts which have been made known to the public through the columns of the press weeks and months ago; and a grouping together of words apparently with the design to leave the reader as much in the dark in regard to the views of the administration, on the matter of which they treat, as he was before he read them."

☞They punish people queerly in China. For robbing a pedlar, a gentleman was lately put into a mortar and fired against a stone wall.

Whig Candidate for Governor.

☞We like much the tone of the annexed paragraph from the Delaware *Republican*, in regard to the movements in different portions of the State to advance the claims of certain individuals to the next Whig nomination for Governor. We have deprecated these movements from the beginning, and the zeal with which they are beginning to be pressed augurs any thing but good. The "Harmonious Democracy" are paving the way for their own defeat next fall about as rapidly as they well can, and if the Whig presses and politicians of the State would but give them "string enough"—let the difficulties so manifestly at work among the Opposition take their course for a few months—and, at the proper time, nominate an acceptable candidate for Governor, we shall undoubtedly command success. Besides, the present winter may develope political movements at Washington and Harrisburg, of which but few now dream, and which may put an entirely new phaze upon the political aspects of the country. A little patience on the part of our Whig friends can do no harm:

"Some of the uneasy portion of our Whig cotemporaries (remarks the Republican) have already hoisted at the head of their editorial columns, the names of their favorite candidate for the next Governor of Pennsylvania. We view these movements as injudicious in the highest degree, and entirely premature. The Whig party have been most signally unsuccessful with their candidates for National and State offices, within the past two years, and it is proper now that time should be given for calm consideration and reflection. We think we discover signs in the political horizon indicative of better days for the Whigs of this Commonwealth, should they act prudently and discreetly in the premises. There is much to be done before success can be attained. Some of the leaders, whose counsel and advice have proved so fatal to our success, for the last few years, should be thrown overboard—a more liberal and enlightened policy must be pursued—and more energy manifested in the support of our candidate, after they are nominated, by gentlemen who boast of their position at the head of leading Whig presses of the State, from whose papers, last fall, it was almost impossible to tell that a contest for State officers was in progress, and who, then they did speak, gave hope and comfort to the enemy. We say the prospect is fair that the Whig party will elect its candidate for Governor, next fall, provided the right counsels prevail in the nomination of that candidate. Meanwhile, if politicians, who are now agitating the subject from selfish considerations, could be induced to remain quiet for a time, the result will be much more certain."

Resolutions of the Board of Railroad Directors.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, on the 10th inst., the following resolutions were adopted, and ordered to be published:

Resolved, That the names of all subscribers to the stock of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, with the amounts they shall have respectively subscribed, with the aggregate subscriptions, be published in the newspapers of the Borough of Gettysburg, in the first week of January next.

Resolved, That all persons having in their possession, books of subscription to the stock of the Board, be requested to return said Books to a meeting of a Board, to be held in Gettysburg, on *Friday, the 30th day of December inst.*, and that in the meantime, they are urged to persevere in soliciting additional subscriptions to the stock.

SANTA ANNA EMPEROR.—The lives of few public men present so checkered a variety of fortune as that of Santa Anna, who is again at the head of the Mexican Government, and who seems, for some time past, to have been aiming at imperial power. The New Orleans Picayune of the 10th instant has received, through its private correspondence from Mexico, what it regards "reliable" information, to the effect that Santa Anna would, on the 12th inst., declare himself Emperor, and assume the title of Imperial Majesty. From that date Mexico would be an Empire.

☞The Territorial Delegates to the present Congress are Jose M. Gallegos, from New Mexico, Henry M. Rice, from Minnesota, the Rev. T. Johnson, from Nebraska, Dr. J. M. Bernhisel, from Utah, and Gen. Joseph Lane, from Oregon. For so small a body, they are rather a miscellaneous collection. Gallegos is a Mexican Priest, Johnston a Protestant missionary to the Indians, Bernhisel a Mormon physician, Lane a General of the Mexican war, and Rice a man grown suddenly rich by frontier speculations. Gallegos has his seat contested by W. C. Lane, late Governor of New Mexico. Johnson comes from a territory which is not recognized by Congress. The territory of Washington has not yet elected a delegate, or, rather, no news of the fact has yet reached us.—These delegates have no votes in Congress, and serve merely as advocates of the interests of the territories they present.

THE HOMESTEAD BILL.—Notice has been given in both Houses of Congress, that the Homestead bill will early engage attention. In the Senate Mr. GWINN has already introduced a bill, and in the House Mr. Dawson has given notice, the title of which he proposed as follows:

"A bill to encourage agriculture, commerce, manufactures, and all other branches of industry, by granting to every man who is the head of a family and a citizen of the United States a tract of one hundred and sixty acres of land out of the public domain, upon condition of occupancy and cultivation of the same."

☞The Philadelphia *Sun*, the best Daily paper published in Philadelphia, has put on an entire new dress, and is now one of the handsomest, as it has always been one of the most readable, of our exchanges.

Congress.

☞The members of both Houses are preparing for a long winter's work, although nothing of importance will be done in either branch until after the holidays, if then. A number of members have given notice of their intention to introduce bills appropriating public lands in aid of railroads in California, Missouri, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, and other States.

In the House, on Monday, a significant vote was had on a resolution offered by Mr. Wentworth, of Illinois, that Congress has the power to provide for the construction of a railroad over the territories of the United States, for the safe and more expeditious transportation of the public monies, mails, troops, and munitions of war, from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, and ought immediately to exercise the power. He moved the previous question.

Mr. Stephens, of Georgia, moved to lay the resolution on the table; decided affirmatively—yeas 126, nays 72.

The Senate, on the same day, affirmed its disapprobation of the Administration policy, by electing BEVERLY TUCKER Printer, over Gen. ARMSTRONG, by a vote of 26 to 17. The correspondent of the Philadelphia *News* says that fifteen out of seventeen Whigs in the Senate voted for Tucker, and also Messrs. James, Bright, Jones, (of Iowa,) Mason, Hunter, Atchison, Weller, Brodhead, Wright, Thompson (of New Jersey,) and Adams. Mr. Bell voted for Gen. Armstrong, and Mr. Jones, (of Tenn.,) for Messrs. Gales & Seaton.—Such is understood to be the vote, though some reports include the name of Gen. Shields instead of Mr. Jones, of Iowa.—Armstrong is editor and proprietor of the "Union," the official organ of the Administration; while Tucker edits the Washington "Sentinel," the organ of the "Hards." The election of Tucker created quite a sensation at Washington, it being regarded as anti-Administration triumph, and a premonition of the fate of the New York appointments.

Rev. HENRY SLICER has been elected Chaplain to the Senate, and Rev. Mr. Milburn to the House—both connected with the M. E. Church.

The Standing Committees were announced in both Houses on Monday. Mr. RUSSELL is on the Joint Committee on Printing. We annex a list of the more important Committees:

SENATE COMMITTEES.

On Foreign Relations—Messrs. Mason, Douglas, Slidell, Clayton, Weller, and Everett.

On Finance—Messrs. Hunter, Bright, Gwin, Pearce, Norris, and Badger.

On Military Affairs—Messrs. Shields, Weller, Fitzpatrick, Dawson, Johnston, and Jones of Tennessee

On Naval Affairs—Messrs Gwin, Mallory, Brodhead, Fish, Thompson of New Jersey, and Bell.

On Indian Affairs—Messrs. Sebastian, Walker, Adams, Cooper, Rusk and Toombs

On Territories—Messrs. Douglas, Houston, Johnson, Bell, Jones, of Iowa, and Everett.

HOUSE COMMITTEES.

On Ways and Means—George S. Houston, of Alabama; George W. Jones, of Tennessee; Harry Hibbard, of New Hampshire; Alexander H. Stephens of Georgia; John S. Phelps, of Missouri; Wm. Appleton, of Massachusetts; John C. Breckridge, of Kentucky; Solomon G. Haven, of New York, and John Robbins of Pennsylvania.

On the Judiciary—Frederick P. Stanton, of Tennessee; John S. Caskie, of Va.; James Meacham, of Vt.; Origen S. Seymour, of Conn; Samuel W. Parker, of Ind.; Hendrick B. Wright, of Pa.; John Kerr, of N. C.; Francis B. Cutting, of N. Y.; Henry May, of Md.

On Military Affairs—Thomas H. Benton, of Missouri; William H. Bissel of Illinois; Charles J Faulkner, of Virginia; Thomas M. Howe, of Pennsylvania; William R. Smith, of Alabama; Nathaniel P. Banks, of Massachusetts; James A. McDougal, of California; Emerson Etheridge, of Tennessee, and Joshua Vansant, of Maryland.

On Foreign Affairs—Thomas H. Bayley, of Virginia; Sampson W. Harris, of Alabama, Joseph R. Chandler, of Pennsylvania; Colin M. Ingersoll, of Connecticut; Gilbert Dean, of New York; Thomas L. Clingman, of North Carolina; Wilson Shannon, of Ohio; Wm. Preston, of Kentucky; and John Perkins, of Louisiana.

On the Territories—Wm. A. Richardson, of Illinois; John McQueen, of South Carolina; John L. Taylor, of Ohio; David J. Bailey, of Georgia; Wm. Smith of Virginia; E. Wilder Farley, of Maine; Wm. H. English, of Indiana; Philip Phillips, of Indiana, and Alfred W. Lamb, of Missouri.

☞In occasionally looking over the advertising columns of our Southern exchanges, we meet with advertisements whose reading strangely contrasts with our Republican theory as to the "inalienable" rights of man. The annexed from a recent New Orleans paper we copy, verbatim, charging Messrs. Campbell & Co. nothing therefor:

NEW-ORLEANS SLAVE DEPOT, Nos 68 Barronne and 187 Common st., next door to Crosswell's Old Stand, New Orleans—Slaves for sale on reasonable terms, for cash or city acceptance. Particular attention paid to consigned Slaves, on commission, from Merchants, Cotton and Sugar Factors, and will at all times pay in cash the highest price for sound Slaves of every description. Having connected to my old establishment the large and commodious brick house—owned by James Lilly, Esq., lately occupied by Mrs. Harrison as a boarding house—I will be able to accommodate three hundred Negroes for those who may import from Virginia, North and South Carolina, Missouri and Kentucky, and *will keep constantly on hand, for sale, Mechanics of all descriptions*, House and Field Servants, and will be receiving Slaves constantly throughout the season. Also accommodations for boarders.

City guarantees given in all sales, if required.—Titles undoubted.

THOS. FOSTER.
J. R. WHITE.

NEGROES FOR SALE.—Direct from Virginia and Maryland. Just received an unusually large, and general assortment of Virginia and Maryland NEGROES. The supply will be kept good throughout the business season, at the corner of Moreau and Esplande sts., New-Orleans.

Slaters Old Stand.
WALTER CAMPBELL.

☞A petrified man is attracting the attention of the curious in Baltimore. It is the body of a man found buried six feet deep in guano, on the island of Ichabo.—It is petrified and turned to a solid mass of stone, retaining all the minute outlines of a perfect specimen of humanity. It has been examined by physicians and scientific men and pronounced one of the most marvellous subjects ever witnessed.

The Maine Law of Portland.

☞It will be remembered that Mr. Cahoon was elected Mayor of Portland in opposition to Neal Dow, the father of the Maine Law. The opponents of the Law have declared that more liquor was drunk, and other injurious results had followed the enactment and execution of the Law, than was previously witnessed in the city. The practical testimony, then, of so fair a man as Mr. Cahoon, elected in a great measure by the liquor sellers themselves, is certainly of the utmost value, and will tend to clear away the mist that has overspread this subject. It was written in answer to a letter of inquiry from a gentleman in Cincinnati, as to the operation of the Maine Law:—

CITY OF PORTLAND,
Mayor's Office, Aug. 12, 1853.

DEAR SIR: The liquor law has been and is still enforced in this city. We have no public drinking houses or shops where liquor is publicly sold, and our city is very quiet. But few cases of intemperance are seen, and cases of crime before our last court were much less than for some years previous. Liquor can be purchased freely in our neighbouring State, New Hampshire, and the city of Boston. Any of our citizens can purchase there and take it to their houses for use but not for sale. I have no doubt there is much drinking in private, which the law cannot and does not pretend to control. So far as meets the public eye, there has been a very great improvement in our city under the operation of the law.

Yours, &c.
J. B. CAHOON, Mayor.

Rates of Postage.

☞We are sorry to see, says the Germantown *Telegraph*, that one or two respectable papers, refer to a proposed increase of the rates of postage at the ensuing session of Congress, with vague expressions of its justice, because they predicted, when the present bill was passed, that it would not sustain of itself the expenses of the department; and now they appear to be anxious that their prediction shall be realized!

To talk of going back to higher rates of postage, should be considered, in this day of prosperity and progress, to be rank treason; and the Cabinet Officer who would dare to recommend it, and the member of Congress who dare to propose it, ought to be consigned to political death, never again to be resuscitated.

The prating about the Department not sustaining itself, is an old fogyism of the deepest dye, worthy of the dark ages, and ought to find no countenance in an administration professing to be Democratic. If people are to receive nothing from their Government except what they pay full market price for, while they are required to contribute millions upon millions annually, in over-paying another Department—they have but a poor bargain of it, and the sooner they back out of it, and make another, more in consonance with republican sentiments and requirement, the better it will be for their general welfare, and more honorable to the position, which their country occupies in the eyes of the world.

It would not do to halt now, almost before we have started on our great career, and go back to things and practices that are obsolete. It is not only utterly impracticable as a measure of internal policy so to do, but it would be discreditable to us as a nation, in falsifying those substantial evidences of progress in governmental polity as well as in industrial prosperity, which are justly our boast and glory.

There are 1945 licensed places for the sale of liquor in the city and county of Philadelphia, or one for about every forty-four taxable inhabitants. The Sun thinks there are twice as many unlicensed grogshops in the same limits, which would give one groggery for every fifteen taxables!

☞In Wisconsin, it seems, they have a Maine Law Assembly and an opposition Senate, and though the State has given 2000 majority in favor of a prohibitory liquor law, their wishes will doubtless be thwarted by the Senate and Governor.

☞The number of emigrants arriving in New York for the month of November, amounts to 31,488. The entire emigration for the last eleven months at that port reaches the number of 267,103.

☞It is rumored that JEFFERSON DAVIS intends resigning his post as Secretary of War, to take a seat in the United States Senate, and that Ex-Senator CLEMENS, of Alabama, will succeed him in the Cabinet.

☞In Evansville, Ind., last week, a thief attempted to enter a house by means of the chimney. Unfortunately he stuck at the most critical moment of his descent, and the city marshal was compelled, subsequently, to pull him out by means of a rope.

MR. SOULE.—Mr. Soule, our minister to the Court of Spain, has, it is said, recently purchased a splendid estate near Castillon, his birth-place, in the French department of the Ariege.

☞The Boston and Worcester Railroad Corporation gave to all persons employed by the Company a Turkey for Thanksgiving. It took two tons and a half of turkeys to go round.

☞It is said that $2,000 have been subscribed in Bristol county, Mass., to be used in enforcing the liquor law.

☞The confirmation by the Senate of Mr. Mason as Minister to France, Mr. Seymour to Russia, and Mr. McLane to China, are officially announced.

The cholera is evidently approaching our shores in that mysterious wave which no human power can stay.

GROANS OF THE WOUNDED.—The Washington *Union*, the organ of the Administration, groans wonderfully over its defeat in the Senate. It hugs, however, some consolation to its bosom, that its defeat is not so much owing to any opposition to it as to the Administration. In noticing the election of Beverly Tucker, as printer to the Senate, it says:—

We have no reason to believe that the Democratic Senators who united with the Whigs and Abolitionists to defeat General Armstrong were actuated by personal opposition to him; nor have we any reason to suppose that it was the result of personal objections to the editor of the *Union*. We are forced to regard their course as dictated by political considerations; and as our support of the Administration has been constant, earnest, and zealous, we can attribute it to no other motive than opposition to the administration.

Having heretofore sustained that policy against all assaults, whether from Whigs, Abolitionists, or factious Democrats, we shall neither abate our zeal, nor modify our energies under the present circumstances. We know that the President stands immoveably upon his policy, and that he will not be driven from its faithful execution by any combination or coalition that may be formed, however formidable it may seem to be. He looks to the approval of his countrymen with a confidence that never wavers; and the people in their sovereign capacity have never failed to sustain the President who leans upon them for support.

Fire in New York.

A fire broke out last Saturday afternoon in one of the buildings occupied by the Messrs. HARPERS in Pearl street, New York. The immense pile of lofty buildings, twelve in number, owned by the HARPERS, and running back to Cliff street, were entirely consumed, with some half dozen other buildings, before the fire was subdued. The loss is put at $1,560,000, of which the Harpers sustain $1,400,000, with an insurance of $200,000. A large number of girls escaped from the upper stories to the ground by means of ladders, some in the arms of firemen and some unaided.

The Tribune says that most of the stereotype plates of the Harpers, to the value of about *four hundred thousand dollars*, were fortunately stored in fire-proof vaults beneath the street, and are consequently saved. Plates to the value of about $10,000, as nearly as can be judged, were in different parts of the building, and are lost. The last sheets of Harper for January had just been put to press, and the whole are gone; the Pictorial Bible, another publication of importance, is wholly destroyed, besides others too numerous to mention.

NEW JERSEY.—The fact that the claim of Rodman M. Price to the Gubernatorial Chair of New Jersey will be contested for the next session of the Legislature of that State has been made public. Mr. Price has received a notice to that effect signed by Joel Haywood, who was his competitor for the office at the late election. The grounds of the contest are, that Mr. Price is not eligible for the station because he had not been a resident of the State for seven years next before the election, and that his absence therefrom was not upon business of the State or of the United States. The question will be tried by the Legislature, whose decision will be final. Until the dispute is settled the President of the State Senate will act as Governor.

The steamer Humboldt of the Cunard line, met with an unfortunate accident last week whilst near Halifax. She struck and knocked a hole in her bottom. The Captain run her ashore ten miles below Halifax, where she now lies a perfect wreck. She is fully insured in Wall street offices. The ship is valued at $400,000. The Cargo she brings is an immensely valuable one, supposed to be worth $450,000. A large portion of which has been removed in a damaged state.

THE DEAD OF SANFRANCISCO.—Up to the present time, says the Golden Era, there have been four thousand five hundred bodies interred in the grounds of the Yerba Bueno Cemetery. Of this number, between four and five hundred have come to their end by violence and accident—a fact which, to the reflecting mind, must appear startling.

A little girl on hearing her mother say that she intended to go to a ball, and have her dress trimmed with bugles, innocently inquired if the bugles would all blow up while she danced. "Oh, no!" said the mother, "your father will do all that, when he discovers I have bought them."

Mr. Benton declines serving as Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs in the House, and gives way to Mr. Bissell.

The "Hards" in New York city fired cannon in honor of the U. S. Senate for electing Beverly Tucker Printer.

The Harpers intend resuming business forthwith. Their Magazine will be out again in a few weeks.

A couple of native Chinese Missionaries have arrived in California, to labor among their countrymen.

Myers' Extract of Rock Rose.

The fact is indisputable that this medicine is superior to anything heretofore offered to the public, for purifying the blood. Keep your blood pure and you are safe from all those troublesome diseases that afflict so many of the human race.—Myers' Extract not only purifies the blood, but invigorates the whole system, giving a healthy tone to the stomach and imparting life and energy to the weak and enervated.

SICK HEAD-ACHE.

Mr. A. B. L. Myers—

"*Dear Sir*:—I have from childhood, suffered with periodical turns of the Sick Headache, increasing until the last year. I was usually laid by almost weekly, until I commenced the use of your Compound Extract of Rock Rose—one large bottle has completely cured me. I have had no occasion to use it for months. yours &c.

NANCY M. PARSHLY.
183 Orange street, New Haven, Conn.

I can heartily concur with the above.

JOHN PARSHLY.
Clinton, Conn., Oct. 12th 1852.

Rev. A. B. L. Myers—

Dear Sir:—I have suffered very much with the Sick Head Ache for fifteen years; there was scarcely a week but what I was obliged to give up my work, but by accident I became acquainted with your valuable Extract of Rock Rose, and have used one bottle. It has completed a cure; I have not been troubled with the complaint since, and I think it has otherwise improved my health very much.

AUGUSTA CARLTON.

I fully concur with the above statement.

JAMES CARLTON.

☞For sale in Gettysburg by S. H. BUEHLER, and by Druggists generally. Sept. 16.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

[FROM THE BALTIMORE SUN OF YESTERDAY.]

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The Flour market is quiet to day. We note sales of about 1260 bbls. Howard st. brands, at $6 50 per bbl. Sales also of 1000 bbls. City Mills, at $6 50 per bbl. The market was rather dull at the close, and buyers generally indisposed to offer the above figures.—We quote Rye Flour at $5 37 and $5 50, and Country Corn Meal $3 62 a $3 68 city do., $3 87 a 4 per bbl.

GRAIN AND SEEDS.—There is but little change in grain. About 11,000 bushels Wheat offered and mostly sold at $1 42 a $1 46 for red to $1 51 a $1 54 per bushel for good to prime white; choice do $1 56. Very fine family flour white will bring 1 58 a 1 60. Rye—Pennsylvania, 92 a 93 cts. Oats—Pennsylvania 44 cents. Clover, 6 75.

GROCERIES.—Coffee firm. Rio 11¼ a 12¼ cents. Sugar & Molasses dull. Rice 4¼ cts per lb.

PROVISIONS.—Market quiet. New Mess Pork at $14 per bbl. Bacon shoulders and sides, new, 8 a 8½ cents, old do. 6½ a 7 cents, and hams 10 a 12 cents per lb. Lard in bbls 9¾ cents, and in kegs 10¼ a 10¾ cts per lb. Butter in kegs 12 a 13 cts per lb.

CATTLE.—Prices ranged from $2 75 to $4, 00 on the hoof, net 5 50 to 8 00, and averaging $3 6½ gross. Hogs—Sales at the Scales on Monday at $5 50 to $6 25. SHEEP.—$3 50 to $4 50 gross, high and in demand.

YORK MARKET.

FLOUR, per bbl., from wagons,	$6 31
WHEAT, per bushel,	1 40 to 1 50
RYE,	83
CORN,	56
OATS,	40
TIMOTHY SEED, per bushel,	2 00 to 3 50
CLOVER SEED,	6 00
FLAX-SEED,	1 25
PLASTER OF PARIS, per ton,	6 50

HANOVER MARKET.

FLOUR, per barrel, (from Wagons)	$6 25
WHEAT, per bushel,	1 35 to 1 45
RYE,	83
CORN	60
OATS,	40
TIMOTHY-SEED,	2 50 to 3 00
CLOVER-SEED	5 00 to 6 00
FLAX-SEED,	1 25

MARRIED.

On the 8th inst., by Rev. D. D. Clarke, Mr. GEORGE WASHINGTON LOTT, of Cumberland township and Miss RACHAEL A. COBEAN, daughter of Samuel Cobean, of Hamiltonban township.

In Chambersburg, on the 1st inst., by the Rev Wm. F. Eyster Mr. J. W. HEINTZLEMAN Jr. (formerly of this county) and Miss JEMIMA WHITMER—all of Franklin county.

DIED.

On the 10th inst., Mr. SAMUEL KITZMILLER, jr. of this place aged 17 years 11 months and 18 days.

In Chambersburg, on Monday last, JOHN DERBOROW, Esq., aged 87 years 10 months and 11 days.

At her residence near Shippensburg, on the 28th ult. at the advanced age of 76 years, Mrs. STINE, long known as the "Old Doctor Woman."

Yesterday evening, SAMUEL McCLEAN WITHEROW, son of Col. S. Witherow, of this place, in the 21st year of his age. [The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.]

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to us by Note or Book account will please call and settle by the *1st of January*, as it is absolutely necessary that settlement should be made at least once a year. Those wishing to save costs will attend to this.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.
Dec. 16, 1853.

BOOKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

S. H. BUEHLER

HAS received a large supply of the best ANNUALS AND GIFT BOOKS, handsomely bound, and suitable for Presents, to which the attention of the Public is invited. Also, a large assortment of FANCY GOODS, including Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, Portemonnaies, Fancy Stationery, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

Gettysburg, Dec. 16, 1853.

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, Esq., President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and general Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district—and SAMUEL R. RUSSELL and JOHN MAGINLEY, Esqrs., Judges of the Courts of common Pleas and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the county of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 23d day of November, in the year of our LORD, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on *Monday the 16th of January next*—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN To all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, and to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

JOHN SCOTT, *Sheriff.*
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Dec. 16, 1853.

NEW FALL GOODS,

JUST received and now opening at the Store of S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

Needle Work,

FRENCH Work Collars, Swiss and Cambric Edgings and Insertings, Flouncing, Spencers, and every thing of that description, can be had in the greatest variety, and the cheapest at S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

THE CHEAPEST CLOTHS, Cassinetts, Flannels, and Ready made Clothing, in town, purchased before the rise, to be had at the store of GEO. ARNOLD.
Oct. 28, 1853.

SUB-SOIL PLOUGHS

OF the best quality—always on hand and for sale in Gettysburg, at the Foundry of T. WARREN & SON.

FARM FOR SALE.

WILL be sold at private sale the Farm situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., now occupied by Mr. JACOB BOLLINGER, containing

130 Acres,

more or less, on which are erected a ONE AND-A-HALF STORY LOG

DWELLING HOUSE,

Log Barn, and other out buildings. There is a good spring of water convenient to the dwelling, and an

ORCHARD OF CHOICE FRUIT

on the premises. A fair proportion of the Farm is in good TIMBER; also good meadow land. Persons wishing to view the premises, can do so by calling on Mr. Bollinger residing thereon, or on the subscriber, residing in Gettysburg.

☞For terms and other information apply to

JAMES A. THOMPSON,
Agent for Harrisburg Bank.
December 8, 1853.—3t

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Adams co., Pa., Auditor, to distribute the balance remaining in the hands of JACOB GRIEST, Administrator of the Estate of WM. W. METCALFE, late of Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., to and among the persons entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Gettysburg, on *Saturday the 7th day of January next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for that purpose, of which all persons interested are hereby notified.

D. A. BUEHLER, *Auditor.*
Dec. 8, 1853.—td.

BOOKS, STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS.

One price—and that as low as at any Establishment out of the City.

S. H. BUEHLER

RETURNS his acknowledgments to his friends for the long continued and liberal patronage extended him, and invites attention to his present largely increased stock of goods just received from Philadelphia and New York. He deems it unnecessary to enumerate the assortment, which will be found to embrace every variety of goods in his line, viz:

Classical, Theological, School, Miscellaneous NEW BOOKS

and Stationery of all kinds, embracing, as he believes, the largest and best assortment ever opened in Gettysburg.

He also invites attention to his large supply of

FANCY GOODS,

embracing Gold and Silver pens and Pencils, Pen-Knives, Plain and Fancy Note Paper and Envelopes, Motto Wafers, Sealing Wax, Portmoneaus, Soaps, Perfumery, &c., &c.—all of which will be sold at the ☞ *VERY LOWEST RATES.*

☞Call and examine for yourselves at the old established BOOK & DRUG store in *Chambersburg street*, a few doors from the Diamond.

S. H. BUEHLER.
Gettysburg, Pa., Oct. 21, 1853.

EXHIBITION. ADMITTANCE FREE.

MARCUS SAMSON'S Clothing emporium embraces the largest and best assortment of Frock and Dress Coats of every variety of color, quality and style, which have ever been offered to the public. Call and see, even if you do not wish to buy.

Oct. 14, 1853.

CLOTHING—CLOTHING.

ABR'M ARNOLD has now on hand, and is constantly making up, Overcoats, Dress Coats, Frock Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, and every article in the Clothing line, which he will sell 30 per cent. cheaper than any CLOTHING STORE or SLOP SHOP in the Town or County.

☞Call and examine for yourselves,
Oct. 7, 1853—tf

LUMBER.

PERSONS having LUMBER to dispose of, in trade for Furniture, will find it to their advantage to call at the cheap Cabinet Making Establishment of GEO. E. BRINGMAN, South Baltimore street, next door to the Compiler office.

May 27.

TOBIAS' LINIMENT,

FOR the cure of Headache, Cholera Morbus, Toothache, Bruises, Sprains, &c.,—a most excellent remedy—for sale at the DRUG STORE of S. H. BUEHLER.

SHAWLS, SHAWLS.

THE largest assortment and varieties of colors now in town to be had right at KURTZ'S C. Corner.

METHODIST HYMN BOOKS, bound in the best Turkey Morocco binding, Imitation of Turkey, Sheep, &c., for sale at the lowest cash rates at the cheap Bookstore of KELLER KURTZ.

STATIONERY

OF all kinds, Cap and Letter Paper of the best quality, Note Paper, Visiting Cards, plain and fancy Envelopes, Penknives, Quills, Gold Pens and Pencils, &c., always on hand and for sale *low* by S. H. BUEHLER

Men's Dress Goods.

EVERY variety of Colors and quality of Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets and Overcoatings, all of which will be sold as low as at any other store in town. Call and see them at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

Ladies' Dress Goods.

CALL at KURTZ'S for them Delaines, De Bage, De Bage Alpaccas, Merinoes, Coburg Cloths. For further information, call and we will show them.

FINE Muslin-de-Bege for 25 cents;—Barege de Laine, for 12½ cts; Lawns for a fip, with a very choice selection of DRESS GOODS, at prices greatly below the usual rates, can now be had at MIDDLECOFF'S.
April 28, 1853.

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE "*Adams County Mutual Fire Insurance Company*" located at Gettysburg, is now in successful operation, and for lowness of rates, economical management of its affairs, and safety in Insurances, challenges comparison with any other similar company. All its operations are conducted under the personal supervision of Managers selected by the Stockholders. The Books of the Company are at all times open to the inspection of those insuring of it. As no travelling agents are employed, persons desiring to insure can make application to either of the Managers, from whom all requisite information can be gained. ☞The Managers are:

Borough—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, Wm. H. Stevenson, A. B. Kurtz, S. R. Russell, E. W. Stahle, S. Fahnestock, C. W. Hoffman, D. McConaughy.
Menallen—Wm. B. Wilson,
Cumberland—Robert McCurdy,
Straban—Jacob King,
Franklin—Andrew Heintzelman,
Hamiltonban—Amos W. Maginly,
Liberty—John Musselman, jr.,
Reading—Henry A. Picking,
Latimore—Jacob Griest,
Mountjoy—Joseph Fink,
Berwick—Matthew Eichelberger,
Oxford—John L. Noel, J. R. Hersh,

President—GEORGE SWOPE.
Vice President—SAMUEL R. RUSSELL.
Secretary—D. A. BUEHLER.
Treasurer—SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.
Executive Committee—ANDREW HEINTZELMAN, ROBERT M'CURDY, JACOB KING.
Sept. 10, 1853—tf.

A DAGUERREOTYPE FOR 50 CENTS,

CAN be had at Weaver's Gallery in Chambersburg street. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, and will be put up at this Gallery in all the different styles of the day, at prices varying from 50 cents, to $6 00. So now is the time for obtaining the cheapest likeness ever offered in this place. Persons will find it to their advantage to call soon while the opportunity is before them, and in order to secure a satisfactory likeness, subjects are requested to wear dark apparel.—Gentlemen should wear black, with black vest and cravat, and ladies should avoid dresses of pink and blue. Plaid and contrasting colors are very suitable for children.

I return my sincere thanks to my numerous friends for their past favors, and solicits a continuance of the same, hoping by strict attention to business to satisfy the tastes of all who may visit my gallery.

SAMUEL WEAVER.
April 29—1853.

An Ordinance to prevent firing Guns and Fire-works.

BE it enacted by the Town Council of the Borough of Gettysburg, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That if any person or persons, from and after the publication of this Ordinance, shall fire any Gun, Pistol, or other Fire-arms, or shall cast, throw, or fire any Squib, Rocket, Torpedo, Cracker or other Fire-work, in or upon any public street, or alley, in said Borough, or within fifty yards of the same, or in any garden, lot, or other inclosure, adjoining or pertaining to any Dwelling House within said Borough, or shall sell, utter, or offer, or expose to sale, any Squibs, Rockets, Torpedos, Crackers, or other Fire-works, within the said Borough, (without a special license from the Town Council for that purpose first being had,) he, she or they, so offending, shall, upon conviction thereof before the Burgess, forfeit and pay the sum of Five dollars, with the costs of prosecution, or in default of thereof, shall be imprisoned for any time not exceeding the term of forty eight hours. Adopted December 6, 1853.

R. G. HARPER, *Burgess.*
Attest R. G. M'CREARY, *Clerk.*
December 8, 1853.—3t

The Life and Speeches of Henry Clay,

WITH A PORTRAIT, and a view of the birth-place of Mr. CLAY, in one handsome large octavo volume of 1,300 pages, beautifully bound in cloth, gilt. Price only $3; or bound in two volumes, cloth, gilt, $3 50.

The work here presented is intended to trace clearly the career of Mr. CLAY from his entrance on the stage of public life down to the period of his death—mainly by the light of his own lofty, persuasive, and impassioned eloquence. Mr. CLAY'S parliamentary efforts, clear, direct and vigorous, embody all the illustration that is needful to their full understanding—the great importance, variety and indestructible interest of the topics he generally discussed—the character and ability of the orator, the direct and exact bearing of his arguments on the controversies and interests of the times—all combine to render his speeches among the most valuable contributions of Patriotism and Genius to the enlightenment and elevation of the American people.

JAMES L. GIHON, Publisher,
No. 102 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

☞Any person remitting the publisher the price of the above book will have it sent by mail to any part of the United States, free of postage.

☞Newspapers throughout the country giving the above a few conspicuous insertions, and calling attention to it, will be entitled to a copy of the book, deliverable at the office of the publisher, by sending him a copy of the paper.

December 2, 1853.

SPOUTING! SPOUTING!

GEORGE and Henry Wampler will Make House Spouting and put up the same low, for cash or country produce. Farmers and all others wishing their Houses, Barns, &c. spouted, would do well to give them a call.

G. & H. WAMPLER.
April 15—1853.

APPRENTICE WANTED,

AN Apprentice to the SADDLE-TREE business, will be taken by the subscriber, if application be made soon.—The applicant must be of industrious habits and good character.

JOHN. A. SWOPE.
Gettysburg, Nov. 4, 1853—3t.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale a number of lots of YOUNG CHESTNUT AND LOCUST TIMBER land, from five to ten acres each.

J. D. PAXTON,
Gettysburg, Oct. 7, 1853—tf

SHERIFFALTY.

AT the urgent solicitations of many friends I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, at the next Election, subject to the Whig Nominating Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the Office to the best of my ability and without impartiality.

JOSEPH BARKER.
Germany township, Dec. 9, 1853.

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next Election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicits the favorable consideration and support of his friends, pledging himself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

JOHN L. TATE.
Gettysburg, Oct. 21, 1853.

THROUGH the encouragement of a number of friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention—pledging myself, if nominated and elected, to perform the duties of the Office to the best of my ability.

GEO. C. STRICKHOUSER.
Gettysburg, Dec. 2, 1853.

THROUGH the encouragement of a number of friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention. I therefore respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Should I succeed in the nomination and be elected, no effort or exertion on my part shall be spared, by a faithful and impartial performance of the duties thereof, to evince my sense of your kindness and confidence.

DAVID NEWCOMMER.
East Berlin, Nov. 25, 1853.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—At the request of many friends I again offer myself as a candidate for the next SHERIFFALTY of Adams county, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and pledge myself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the office satisfactorily to all.

DANIEL MINNIGH.
Latimore twp., Nov. 4, 1853.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the office of CLERK OF THE COURTS, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention and respectfully solicits the support of his fellow citizens.

JOHN McCLEARY.
Fairfield, Nov. 18, 1853.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—At the request of many friends I again offer myself as a candidate for the next CLERK OF THE COURTS of Adams county, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicit your favorable consideration and support, pledging myself if nominated and elected to discharge the duties of the office with punctuality and fidelity.

J. J. BALDWIN.
Straban township, Nov. 11, 1853.

I WILL be a candidate for the Office of CLERK OF THE COURTS, at the next Election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.

JOHN GARVIN.
Gettysburg, Nov. 25, 1853.

REGISTER & RECORDER.

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of REGISTER AND RECORDER, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicits the support of his fellow-citizens.

ALEXANDER COBEAN.
Gettysburg, Dec. 2, 1853.

To my friends and fellow voters of Adams County—

THE generous and cordial support I received on former occasions has encouraged me to present myself again to your consideration and that of the Whig County Convention, as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER of Adams county at the next election, and therefore respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Should I succeed in the nomination and be elected, no effort or exertion on my part shall be spared, by a faithful and impartial performance of the duties thereof, to evince my sense of your kindness and confidence.

JOHN L. GUBERNATOR.
Nov. 11, 1853.

PROTHONOTARY.

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the office of PROTHONOTARY at the next election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.

WM. S. HAMILTON.
Butler tp. Nov. 11, 1853.

To the Voters of Adams county.

GRATEFUL for the favors and evidences of confidence heretofore extended to me by my fellow citizens, and encouraged by numerous solicitations and friendly assurances, I am induced to announce myself as a candidate for the Office of PROTHONOTARY, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, pledging myself, if nominated and elected, to devote my best efforts to a faithful and impartial discharge of the duties of the Office.

JOHN PICKING.
East Berlin, Dec. 8, 1853.

COLLECTORS' TAKE NOTICE!

THE Collectors of Taxes in the different townships of Adams county are hereby notified that they will be required to settle up their Duplicates on or before *Friday and Saturday the 30th and 31st days of December next*, on which days the Commissioners will meet at their office to give the necessary exonerations, &c.

☞Collectors of Taxes assessed prior to 1853 are hereby notified, that if their Duplicates are not settled up in full by the above date, they will be dealt with according to law, without regard to persons.

ABRAHAM REEVER,
JOHN MICKLEY, Jr.,
JAMES J. WILLS,
Attest—J. AUGHINBAUGH, *Clerk.*
Nov. 25, 1853.—td

BONNETS, Ribbons, and Parasols a fine assortment and very cheap, at MIDDLECOFF'S.

2000 LADIES

ARE willing to certify that the HATHAWAY COOKING STOVE is the very best Stove now in use, inasmuch as they will do more Cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again as any other stove now sold. These celebrated stoves are constantly kept for sale at a very reduced price at the

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

Where the subscribers feeling determined to suit all persons have also the Parlor, Sexton's Baltimore Air-tight, Peakskell and Cabinch Cook Stove, and Air-tight and Ten-plate Parlor Stoves of the most beautiful patterns.

THE SEYLOR PLOUGHS

which cannot be surpassed for lightness of draught or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale, and in view of the fact that the Mouldboard of these Ploughs is one-fourth heavier than that of other ploughs, it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained.

WITHEROW PLOUGHS and others, Castings for the Woodcock Plough Wind-mill Machinery, Castings and Hollow-ware, with every article usually made at Foundries can be obtained here.

Blacksmithing and Shoe Making as usual.

T. WARREN & SON.

HO! THIS WAY!

IN this age of Signs and Wonders, the subscriber would remark that he neither brags nor banters, but defies the County to produce a finer stock of

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes,

than he is now opening; of every variety and description, of all qualities and prices, suitable for men, women and children.

☞Call, examine and judge for yourselves.

W. W. PAXTON.
Gettysburg, Sept. 30, 1853—tf

OPENING OF FASHIONS.

KELLER KURTZ

Has opened his Fall Styles for Gentlemen's

HATS & CAPS,

ALSO,

Men's, Boys', Youths', Ladies', Misses' & Child's Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Ties, and Slippers.

Sept. 9, 1853.

NEW & SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

A. B. KURTZ has just opened an immense stock of all the new and desirable styles of DRY GOODS, also *Queensware* and *Groceries*—which he invites his numerous customers to call and see; all of which will be sold on the principle of "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

Oct. 14, 1853.

HARDWARE & SADLERY.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS would respectfully inform their friends and customers, that they have received an additional supply of Hardware, Sadlery, Oil Paints, Glass, &c., which will be sold cheaper than they can be had elsewhere, also every variety of Coach Trimmings, Springs, Axles, Oil Carpets, Drab Cloth, Satinetts, Damask, &c. Builders and Painters are requested to examine their Stock before purchasing. As they are determined not to be undersold by any market.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

ABRAHAM ARNOLD has just returned from the Cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with the *Largest, Cheapest, & Best selected Stock of*

Fall and Winter Dry Goods,

ever before offered to the citizens of Adams county—such as Blue, Black, and Brown French and German Cloths, Black & Fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Tweeds, Ky. Jeans, Satin & other Vestings, Alpacas, Merinoes, Cashmeres, De Bages, M. De Laine, Prints, and a great variety of Goods for Ladies' wear, too numerous to mention. Also, a large and beautiful assortment of long and square Shawls, and Sack Flannels.

☞Call and see for your selves, as he is determined to under sell any Store in the Town or County.

Oct. 7, 1853—tf

Fashionable Cravats.

MARCUS SAMSON has just received a large assortment of beautiful CRAVATS, of the latest style, which he will sell cheaper than any other establishment in town.

December 2, 1853.

OVER COATS, OVER COATS,

Prepare for Winter.

THE subscriber has just received and opened a choice lot of Overcoats of every description, made in the best manner, and latest styles, which he is determined to sell cheaper than any other establishment in the County. To test the truth of this call and examine. Remember no trouble to show GOODS.

MARCUS SAMSON.

DRESS GOODS

OF every style, De Bage, De Bage Alpaca, Mous de Laines, Alpaca, Silks, Plaids, &c., with trimmings to suit, for sale cheap at *FAHNESTOCK'S.*

KNICK-NACKS, from an Editor's Table, by L. Gaylord Clark, just published by the Appletons, and for sale at KELLER KURTZ'S

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

OF all kinds, from the best Houses in the City, constantly on hand and for sale, at the Drug and Bookstore of S. H. BUEHLER.

VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT FOR 1854.

IN pursuance of the Act of Assembly passed the 27th day of July, 1842, the following statement is hereby published by the Commissioners of Adams county, which exhibits the amount, description and value of the Real and Personal Property, Trades, Occupations, and Professions, made taxable by the several Acts of Assembly of this Commonwealth:

Boroughs & Towns.	Real Estate, 3 mills state, and 4 mills County.	Live Stock, 3 mills State, and 4 mills County.	Money Matters 3 mills State, 4 mills County.	Professions and Occupations, 4 mills County.	Prof. & Oc. over $200 1 pr ct. St.	Road Stock, 4 mills County.	Bank Stock, 3 mills St. 4 mills Co.	Sals & Emol'nts over $200 2 pr ct St.	Furniture over $300 6 mills St.	Carriages 1 per ct St. 4 mills County.	Watches, State Tax.
Borough,	1918[illegible]2	9863	55797	50820	6070	4555	100	1300	250	1225	27 00
Cumberland,	257364	17312	12765	7780	650	40				2482	4 00
Germany,	142782	9972	37094	9340			850			2155	6 00
Oxford,	159478	7635	51826	8025					300	1215	2 25
Huntington,	217760	14536	40116	12985					300	3046	3 50
Latimore,	186740	10698	29202	5585					250	1890	1 00
Hamiltonban,	290551	18903	26608	10890		9906				2240	8 50
Liberty,	139554	9616	10911	3875						1257	
Hamilton,	172501	9274	32924	9017						1932	
Menallen,	160162	16822	15300	8702						2264	50
Straban,	251588	19043	27757	6980		325				3787	1 50
Franklin,	259227	23024	37105	9895		380				3282	2 50
Conowago,	195521	6648	16867	5520						1540	
Tyrone,	184038	10339	4450	4830						1562	75
Mountjoy,	172393	11366	13746	4140						1632	
Mountpleasant,	247806	17602	25641	8545						2240	
Reading,	228455	13352	32702	5010						2290	
Berwick,	96861	4953	2151	5904						1145	4 00
Freedom,	81106	4660	7908	1922		100				813	75
Union,	210703	8906	30734	3955						1285	
Butler,	150101	13878	21502	6055						2057	
Total,	3894773	256101	561037	190335	0720	14306	950	1300	1100	41385	61 25

ABRAHAM REEVER,
JOHN MICKLEY, jr.
JAMES J. WILLS, } *Commissioners.*

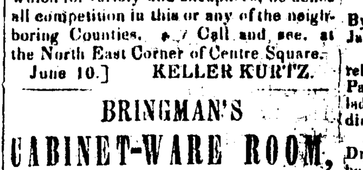
Attest—J. AUGHINBAUGH, Clerk.
December, 9, 1853.—3t.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Subscriber desires to call the attention of the Citizens of Adams County, to his extensive stock of *Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Porte Monnoies, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, &c.—also, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps*, which for variety and cheapness, he defies all competition in this or any of the neighboring Counties. ☞Call and see, at the North East Corner of Centre Square.

June 10.] KELLER KURTZ.

BRINGMAN'S CABINET-WARE ROOM,



GETTYSBURG, PA.

THANKFUL for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him the subscriber would respectfully inform his old customers and the public generally, that he still continues to manufacture every variety of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

at his Old Establishment, in South Baltimore street, second square, a few doors South of the "STAR" printing office Gettysburg. He will have on hand, for sale, and will constantly be prepared to manufacture, from the very best of materials, *Sofas* at the rate of from $30 to $50;

Centre, Card, Pier,

Sofa, Toilet, Dining and Breakfast TABLES; Dressing Bureaus of every description; French Beadsteads, Washstands, Wardrobes, Secretaries, Book-Cases; Pedestals or Sideboards, Piano Stools, Ladies' Washstands, Reclining Chairs, Lounges, Toiloretts, &c., &c., which for neatness, durability and beauty of finish, cannot be surpassed by any in the country.

☞Persons wishing good and cheap

FURNITURE

would do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Coffins.

He is also prepared to manufacture Coffins of Cloth, Alpaca & Walnut. He has a neat and substantial Hearse, and is prepared to accommodate persons in town and country at the shortest notice. All kinds of work made to order, and warranted to be finished in the best workman like style.

GEO. E. BRINGMAN.
Gettysburg, July 22, 1853.—tf.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

NEW GOODS,

Just from the Cities!

J. L. SCHICK has just arrived from the Cities with an immense stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, which he offers at greatly reduced prices. His stock embraces every article in the Staple and Fancy Goods line, embracing all the latest and most approved styles, which for beauty and attractiveness are rarely if ever surpassed. He can enumerate but a portion within the limits of an advertisement to wit:

Ladies' Dress Goods.

such as Silks and Satins, French Merinoes, Parametta and Coburg Cloths, Alpaccas, De Bage, plaid, figured and plain De Laines, Bombazines, Sack Flannels, Ginghams, Calicoes, Shawls, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Sleeves, Chemisettes, Gloves and Stockings, Combs, Laces and Edgings, Bobinetts, &c., &c.

For Gentlemen's Wear,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Jeans, Cords, a splendid lot of Vestings, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Merino Shirts and Drawers, &c., &c.

☞Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of patronage. His goods have been selected with care, and he flatters himself will please. His motto is—"Small profits and quick sales."

Oct. 7, 1853.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of CATHARINE SHISLER, dec'd, late of Conowago township, Adams county, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to those indebted to said Estate, to call with him and settle the same; and those who have claims, are desired to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

WILLIAM SWORTZ, *Adm'r.*
Dec. 2, 1853.—6t*

The only Lady's Book in America.

So pronounced by the entire press of the United States.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK FOR 1854,

24th YEAR.

ONE HUNDRED PAGES of reading each month, by the best American authors.

A New and Thrilling Story.—Certainly the most intensely interesting one ever written, entitled

"The Trials of a Needlewoman;"

By T. S. ARTHUR; will commence with the January No.

The only Colored Fashions upon which any reliance can be placed, received direct from Paris, and adapted to the taste of American ladies by our own "Fashion Editor," with full directions.

Dress Making.—Our monthly description of Dress Making, with plans to cut by. None, but the latest fashions are given. The directions are so plain, that every lady can be her own dress maker.

Embroidery.—An infinite variety in every number.

Dress Patterns.—Infants' and children's dresses, with descriptions how to make them. All kinds of Crochet and Netting work. New patterns for Cloaks, Mantelets, Talmas, Collars, Chemisetts and Undersleeves—with full directions. Every new pattern of any portion of a lady's dress, appears first in the Lady's Book, as we receive consignments from Paris every two weeks.

The Nursery.—This subject is treated upon frequently.

Godey's Invaluable RECEIPTS upon every subject.—Indispensable to every family, worth more than the whole cost of the Book.

Music.—Three dollars worth is given every year.

Drawing.—This art can be taught to any child—by a series of drawings in every number for 1854.

Model Cottages.—Cottage plans and cottage furniture will be continued as usual.

Splendid Steel Line and Mezzotint Engravings in every No. They are always to be found in GODEY.

Godey's Lady's Book contains precisely that for which you would have to take at least three other magazines to get the same amount of information.

TERMS:

1 Copy, 1 year, $3 00
2 [illegible] 5 00
5 [illegible] 1 year, and an extra copy to the person sending club, 10 00
8 [illegible] 1 year, 15 00
11 [illegible] 20 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine—the two publications will be sent one year on the receipt of $3.50.

L. A. GODEY,
113 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.
Nov. 28, 1853.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of JULIAN ECKENRODE, late of Butler township, Adams county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Tyrone township, notice is hereby given to such as are indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims are requested to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

GEORGE F. ECKENRODE, *Administrator.*
Nov. 25, 1853.—6t*

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of CORNELIUS McCALLION, late of Liberty township, Adams co., dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and to those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN C. McCALLION, *Adm'r.*
Nov. 25, 1853.—6t

☞The P. O. address of the administrator is Emmitsburg, Md.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

ESSENCE OF COFFEE.

S. H. BUEHLER keeps constantly on hand, for sale, the Genuine ESSENCE OF COFFEE, of best quality. The use of this article in families will be found a very great saving in the course of a year. ☞For sale, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, at the Drug & Book Store of S. H. BUEHLER.

May 20, 1853.

RAIL ROAD MEETING

DAILY at Kurtz's Cheap Corner, (Sundays excepted,) from 8 o'clock A. M., to 7 o'clock P. M., examining & buying Goods just arrived from Philadelphia, via Baltimore and Hanover Rail Road. Call soon, and save money! you may be too late. Remember,

A. B. KURTZ'S *Cheap Corner.*
Oct. 14.

LONG BAY STATE and square SHAWLS in great variety. Turkeys, Red and White Crape do. a beautiful article, BONNET VELVETS, Silks, &c., &c., very cheap at the store of GEO. ARNOLD.