A Church struck by Lightning—Loss of Life.

During divine service, on Sunday afternoon a week, the Congregational Church at Lockport, N. Y., was struck by lightning, killing one person and injuring six others. Mr. Luther Croker, jr., the person killed, spoke once after the shock.—Mr. Elias Clark was standing between Croker and Mr. Durfey, and, not being injured, he proceeded to lift the latter up, when the deceased said to him: "Help me! I am hurt the worst!" Mr. Croker was immediately taken out, but he only gasped once or twice and expired. Mr. Durfey, it is said, was the most injured of the survivors.—The electricity appeared to have struck him on the head of the spine, passing down his body, tearing his clothes and boots. He was insensible for some time after being brought out of the church.—His nerves seemed much affected, besides being badly burned. Mr. Durfee was badly injured on his chest and limbs; the electricity having passed across his breast, and down his legs. Mr. Cyrus Northam was badly shocked, and a little burned on the face and hands. The lightning passed down one side of his face and off his hands, apparently. He was much confused on recovering, after a little effort.

Miss Mary Fitzsimmons, the most interested of the lady sufferers, having her face and foot badly burned. Miss Holmes was prostrated on the floor and stunned by the lightning, but not seriously. Her escape with so little injury seems miraculous. The electricity passed over her forehead, following the wires and tearing the silk; also around the wire in the cups of the bonnet, melting it in one or two places. The lady who had on was also torn in several places.—Miss Stewart was but slightly injured, and soon recovered from all effects of the shock she received.

The scene within the church immediately after the shock, is represented by eye witness to have been awful in the extreme. The pastor, Rev. Mr. Gillman, whose position in the pulpit was such as to enable him to see at a glance the terrible effect of the lightning, hinted away, the bid several of the ladies, and a gentleman, unless overspread every countenance.—The shock was so terrific, and its effects so astounding, that it seemed to deprive all of the power of giving vent to their feelings in the manner usually exhibited on similar but less appalling occasions.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The steamer Arabia arrived to-day about 12 20, P. M., bringing Liverpool dates of the 18th inst. The Humbols arrived off Cowes on the night of the 18th.

ENGLAND.—The English papers contain but little interest.

The Exhibition at Dublin attracts 5,000 visitors daily.

FRANCE.—La Patrie contradicts the statement that France had sent a hostile fleet to the Sandwich Islands.

The French Assembly continue to manifest hostility on various ways to the Government of the Governor, and a crisis is expected.

A list of 40,000 francs is pending a reference from Bordeaux to New York between the American ship President Fill and the new Bordeaux clipper Benjamin.

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The Russian agents were meeting the people to revolt. A riot had occurred at Smyrna, and sanguinary riots at Iconium.

A commission has been appointed to settle the difficulties relative to the boundary between Turkey and Greece.

LATEST.—The morning Post, of the 20th, published a second edition, declaring positively that the Russian Minister at Paris had received no intimation from Constantinople later than the 7th; that the reply of the Porte was to be given on the 10th, and that therefore was no truth in the statement that the Porte had already acceded to the demand of the Russian Ambassador.

GERMANY.—The Dutch elections are unfavorable to the Roman Catholic party as far as heard from.

It is said that the reigning Duke of Aremberg intends abdicating in favor of his son.

M. Ernest Schwendler, U. S. consul at Frankfort, on the Main, died on the 6th inst.

RUSSIA—Rigorous measures are about being adopted in Russia to check the spread of Mormonism.

THE GOLDEN AGE.—Nearly six years have elapsed, says the New York Herald, since the discovery of gold was made in California, and within that time at least two hundred millions of gold have been added to the currency of the world from that single source. Australia has not been so long in the field, and the product has not, therefore been so great, but it would not be far out of the way to put the product of that country down at fifty millions of dollars. To be within limits we estimate the aggregate addition to the gold currency of the world, within the last six years, to be about TWO hundred and fifty millions of dollars.

AN UNRELIABLE VISITOR.—A black wagon made its twenty inches in length, was found in a bed, in the second story of the dwelling of John J. Keller, in North Queen street, Lancaster, on Wednesday morning. The bed was occupied during the night by two little girls, who did not discover it until rising in the morning. that they had such a dangerous bed fellow. How the snake got there, remains a mystery; as there is no water near nor anything to attract reptiles, near the house.

MURDERED WAS AT MACKINAC.—The Detroit Free Press of the 24th contains a letter from Mackinac, announcing the removal of Superintendent and outrages on the part of the Mormons of Beaver Island.

They are daily commissing robberies upon the fishermen along the shores and in the waters of Lake Michigan. Early in the Spring, six or eight small houses, owned by the fishermen at Brick Point, were burned, and two hundred barrels of fish stolen.

The Gardiner Case.

The Jury which has been empanelled in the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia to try the Indictment, preferred against Dr. George A. Gardiner for practicing a fraud on the United States, by procuring from the Commissioners, appointed pursuant to the Treaty of Peace, to settle the claims of our citizens against Mexico, an award of several hundreds of thousands of dollars for the confiscation of certain silver mines which he professed to own in that country—this Jury, after listening to evidence for more months than we can remember, and being confined together a week in their rooms, failed to agree and were on Saturday last discharged by the Court. It is asserted that they stood three for conviction and nine for acquittal when the start, and not a man flinched from his original position. So the time and money are all lost—the foreman declared that the jurors could not agree if they remained "until Gabriel blew his trumpet," and what must be gone over again before another Jury. The Gardiner case figured very conspicuously in the fourteen papers during the last campaign, though with what propriety we never could understand, for Mr. Fillmore caused the removal of Mr. Gardiner, after a little effort.

Mrs. Harper Pitcher was the most interested of the lady sufferers, having her face and foot badly burned. Miss Holmes was prostrated on the floor and stunned by the lightning, but not seriously. Her escape with so little injury seems miraculous. The electricity passed over her forehead, following the wires and tearing the silk; also around the wire in the cups of the bonnet, melting it in one or two places. The lady who had on was also torn in several places.—Miss Stewart was but slightly injured, and soon recovered from all effects of the shock she received.

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THE STAR AND BANNER.

GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, June 3, 1853.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
MOSES PONDWAKIS, of Lancaster.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
A. K. M'CLURE, of Franklin.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
CHRISTIAN MEYERS, of Clarion.

JOURNEYMEN SHOEMAKERS

WANTED by the subscriber, who will give regular employment and good wages for one or three good men, if application be made soon.

D. KENDLEHART.

June 3, 1853—3t

The Railroad—Light ahead!

☞The friends of the Railroad project will be pleased to learn that the Commissioners, at their meeting yesterday afternoon, unanimously determined to lift the charter of the company at once, with a view to an immediate organization and a survey of the proposed routes of the road. The following is the resolution adopted:

Resolved, That an organization be effected in the shortest practicable time—the officers of the Board to order an Election at the earliest possible day after the lifting of the charter, and to give the requisite notice thereof—said notice to announce further that every subscriber shall be entitled to one vote for every share of stock on which he shall have paid in 85 per cent. or upwards, without exception, but so paid in will be held under and subject to the conditions of their subscriptions of stock.

Seventy thousand dollars have already been subscribed—being $10,000 more than the act requires for an organization. The road, however, cannot be put under contract until an additional subscription of $30,000 is secured. The sooner that amount is secured the sooner we will have the road, and it becomes the duty of every friend of the enterprise to go to work in his neighborhood in helping hand towards securing it. Numbers of people have not yet subscribed, who should now come promptly forward and put down their names, while such as feel themselves able to increase their subscription will have an opportunity to do so.

We may remark that there need be no hesitation in paying in the 85 requisite to secure a vote, as by the conditions of subscription the amount so paid is sooner be appropriated in any way until the completion of the subscription of $100,000. In case of an abandonment of the enterprise—a contingency we do not seriously apprehend—the amounts paid in will of course be refunded.

BATHS.—We invite the attention of our citizens to the Card of Mr. PITSCH, in to-day's paper, announcing the opening of his Baths, which have been put in their rough repair.

☞The summer session of Pennsylvania College commenced yesterday morning, with a large accession of new students.

THE WHEAT CROP. — Our exchanges from all parts of the country attitude to the ravages which the fly is making on the growing grain, which until now has promised a most luxuriant and fattering appearance. From enquiring among our own Farmers we learn that the same destructive insect is laying waste some of our fields of wheat, and is likely to prove generally destructive. If we mistake not the fly made its appearance, with peculiarly destructive energy, some 15 or 16 years ago, when the failure in the wheat crop was so heavy as to cause flour to run up to $11 and $12 per barrel. What we are to realize from this renewed visit of this mysterious destroyer we cannot undertake to say.

☞*Putnam's Monthly*, for June, completes the first volume of that excellent and ably conducted Magazine. It has already reached a circulation of 35,000, as evidence that the efforts of the enterprising publishers are fully appreciated by the American public. It is an entirely original periodical, and as such appeals to the sympathy of our people. The high character which the past numbers have secured for it, will doubtless be fully sustained in its future conduct. G. P. PUTNAM & Co., publishers, N. 10 Parke Place, N. York: $3 per annum, or 25 cents a number.

☞*The Pictorial Brother Jonathan*, a mammoth sheet of spirited Engravings for the month of May, has been sent to us by the publisher, Mr. B. H. Day, 48 Beekman street, New York. Among the largest of the series of pictures contained in it, the 'Early Settlers of America' is a very appropriate and elegant one. But we have no room for particulars—suffice it to say, the paper has a numerous variety of lively and witty pictures, besides those of historical interest. It is a pictorial of uncommon neatness and beauty. The prices is 12 cents per copy, or ten for one dollar.

☞Mr. Henry B. Smith has been appointed Postmaster at Bermudian, Adams county, in place of Matilda Smith, wife of Peter F. Smith.

JUVENILE MUSIC.—We are requested by Mr. A. J. FOTTERHELD, Teacher of Vocal Music, whose card appeared in our columns a few weeks ago, to state that having been unavoidably prevented from commencing his class as soon as was expected, he will take up the same in a few days, when those who have not subscribed may have an opportunity of sending to him—Communications will be received through the Post-office and Orvis the negative.

☞The General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of the U. States, convened at Winchester, on the 21st ult, and after a pleasant and harmonious session of six or seven days, adjourned to meet at Dayton, Ohio, on the 14th of June, 1855. Rev. Dr. SCHMUCKER, of this place, delivered the opening synodical discourse —Rev. Dr. BACHMAN, of South Carolina, succeeding him as President of the Synod. The attendance was unusually large, the incorporation of several new district synods having materially increased the representatives in the general body. The public anniversaries of the Foreign Missionary, Home Missionary, Parent Education, and Historical Societies were well attended and collections taken up amounting to over $2,000. The delegates and visitors were handsomely and cordially entertained by the citizens of Winchester—the members of different denominations throwing open their houses, and seeming to vie with each other in manifesting the far-famed reputation of the "Old Dominion" for warm-hearted and generous hospitality.—In returning the cordial acknowledgments of the Synod for this kindness, we feel assured the delegates, without exception, have expressed the natural promptings of their hearts.

☞The New School Presbyterian General Assembly has been in session at Buffalo, N. Y., during the last week. A warm debate was had for several days on the adoption of some resolutions proposing certain inquiries on the subject of Slavery to the Southern Presbyteries. The resolutions were finally adopted by a vote of 78 to 54. The Southern delegation entered a protest and talk about withdrawing. It has been resolved to raise $100,000 for Church extension purposes.

☞The General Assembly of the Old School Presbyterian Church has been in session at Philadelphia for some days.—Commenced last Thursday week, in Philadelphia, was elected to the vacant Professorship at Princeton. Dr. Hall was chosen Professor of Pastoral Theology and Sacred History in the Allegheny Seminary, and Dr. M'GILL, Professor of Ecclesiastical History in the same Institution. The new Seminary is to be instituted at Danville, Ky., of which Dr. Humphry has been elected Professor of Ecclesiastical History; Dr. Breckenridge, of Pastoral Theology; and Dr. Palmer, of Oriental Literature.

☞A Convention of Ministers and Laymen of the Evan. Lutheran Church assembled in Frederick, Md., on the 18th instant, and organized by chosing the following officers:—President, Hon. P. S. Michler, of Pa.; Vice Presidents, Rev. Lewis Kemp, of Md., Charles A. Morris, Esq., of Pa.; Secretaries, Wm. A. Wiseman, of Md., J. S. Martin, of Ohio. The convention was attended by 80 delegates from 13 Synods. During its deliberations it formed a "Church Extension Society of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of the United States," the object of which is to aid poor and feeble congregations to erect houses of worship, by loaning them small amounts of money—an executive committee may deem advisable, for a term of years without interest. The sum of $50,000 is to be raised—the society to commence operations when $5,000 shall be in the hands of the treasurer. A convention was adopted, thanking the liberal and generous officers of the society were chosen: Chas. A. Morris, of York, Pa., President; Hon. P. S. Michler, of Easton, Pa., Jacob Winchester, Va., Vice Presidents; Rev. E. W. Hutter, of Philadelphia, Rev. Soc'y; W. A. Wieong, of Baltimore, Recording Soc'y; W. H. Heyl, of Philadelphia, Treasurer; C. D. Hinks and W. Bridges, of Baltimore, and Dr. Gilbert, Dr. Hinkle, and Henry, of Philadelphia, Executive Committee.

GREAT SHOW STORMS IN ENGLAND IN MAY.—The English papers give accounts of a severe snow storm at Holmfirth, in England, on the 9th of May. It commenced snowing violently at six o'clock in the morning, and continued without intermission throughout the day. The railway trains were delayed in their trips several hours, the snow being four feet deep on the hills, and 18 inches on the plains and valley. The trees on the verge of bursting into full leaf, were covered with snow. Three men stuck fast in the snow, and but for timely assistance must have perished. Accounts from various parts of the north and south of France, refer to the unseasonableness of the weather, and state that the fields as well as the mountains are covered with snow.

☞A Bible was presented at York, a few weeks ago, to the Library Association of the Lancaster Fire Company, by A. H. Lochman made the presentation speech, and C. A. Morris, Esq., the reception speech.

☞The State of Missouri, with a liberality that does her honor, appropriates more than one-fourth of her whole revenue for educational purposes.

☞Hon. Thomas M. Petit, recently appointed Director of the Mint by President Pierce, died on Monday evening.—He has long been before the public in prominent positions, having been for many years a Judge of the District Court, and District Attorney for the United States, under Mr. Polk.

The citizens of Reading have subscribed and guaranteed $100,000 to the Lebanon Valley railroad.

☞It is thought by French physicians that Louis Napoleon cannot survive much longer than a year.

☞Senator Clemens is an independent candidate for Governor of Alabama.

PENNSYLVANIA SENATE.—With the close of the late session of Legislature, the terms of the following named Senators expired. Names of locofocos in *italics*:

1. Philadelphia city—Charles O'Neill.
2. Philadelphia county—*Thomas Forsyth.*
11. Adams and Franklin—Thomas Carson.
13. Cumberland and Perry—*Joseph Baily.*
15. Blair, Cambria, and Huntington—R. A. M'Murtrie.
16. Luzerne, Columbia, and Montour—*A. Ritchie.*
17. Bradford, Susquehanna, and Wyoming—*George Sanderson.*
19. Mercer, Venango and Warren—*John Hoge.*
21. Butler, Beaver, and Lawrence—Archibald Robertson.
22. Allegheny—James Carothers.
27. Armstrong, Indiana, and Clarion—Christian Myers.

Of the above districts, the 1st, 11th, 15th, 21st, and 22d, are decidedly Whig, and the 2, 13th, 16th, 17th, 19th, and 20th, are decidedly Democratic. One of the latter was represented by Judge Meyers, Whig, during the last Senatorial term. Should both parties carry the districts next fall in which they preponderate, the next senate will stand 16 Democrats, 18 whigs, and 1 Native; and should either party lose one of its districts, the supremacy in the Senate must thereby be given to the other.

☞The returns of the recent election in Virginia come in slowly. The Whigs gain some in both branches of the Legislature, but hardly sufficient to give them either house. The opposition candidates for Congress are generally elected, as was expected. In the 8th district (the only one in which we felt any particular interest,) Charles J. Faulkner, a renegade Whig and thorough demagogue, beats his gentlemanly and accomplished opponent, Mr. Botetler, by about 600 majority. The district is heavily Democratic, having given Pierce 1185 majority. Botetler, it will be seen, breaks down 600 of this, so that, although Faulkner goes back to Congress, he carries with him the condemnation of more than half his party friends. He, however they may regard the trusses, despise the traitor.

NEW SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—The Philadelphia News states that the religious convention held at the Old Kennett Meeting House, pursuant to the call published, has resulted in the organization of a new Yearly Meeting of "Progressive Friends." The meeting is said to have been large and highly interesting. Ser mons and addresses were delivered by Lucretia Mott; Thomas McClintock of Waterford, N. Y., Oliver Johnston, C. M. Burleigh, B. Rush Plumbey, and others; and letters of sympathy read from Cassius M. Clay and others. A declaration of sentiments was adopted.

☞The Donald G. Mitchell, who has been appointed Consul to Venice, is no less a personage than the celebrate Ike Marvel, the great dreamer, who has written the "Reveries of a Bachelor," and other works of fiction and fancy.

☞Texas papers of the 17th inst., record a series of violent hail storms. It is said that in Washington county the stones were as large as hen eggs, and covered the ground to the depth of over a foot.—Of course great damage was done to the crops.

☞They hang white people down South for kidnapping negroes. Joseph K. Groves has been tried at Clinton, N. C. on a charge of kidnapping, found guilty, and sentenced to be hung on the first Friday of July.

☞The late Democratic State Convention of Pennsylvania is to re-assemble at Harrisburg, on the 5th of July, to nominate a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court.

☞*Putnam's Monthly*, for June, completes the first volume of that excellent and ably conducted Magazine. It has already reached a circulation of 35,000, as evidence that the efforts of the enterprising publishers are fully appreciated by the American public. It is an entirely original periodical, and as such appeals to the sympathy of our people. The high character which the past numbers have secured for it, will doubtless be fully sustained in its future conduct. G. P. PUTNAM & Co., publishers, N. 10 Parke Place, N. York: $3 per annum, or 25 cents a number.

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CHINESE REBELLION.—Our previous news from China was to the effect that the insurgents, having gained a firm footing in the southern province of Kwang-see, and reduced the central districts of the South to subjection, advanced northward till they reached the River Yang tse Kiang. Having divided their forces into two wings, one struck the river near longitude 110 degrees, encountered the imperial army, defeated it, and captured successively the populous and wealthy cities of Yu chow and Nan-yahk, whilst the other marched directly against Nankin. Advices by the last mail from China confirm our previous intelligence of the fall of that city; but the Herald says those who are best qualified to form a judgment on the point seem to think the announcement requires still further corroboration. However this may be, neither the intention of the rebels to march on Pekin, nor their evident superiority to the imperial troops in the field, can now be questioned. Not on any reasonable doubt be entertained of the ultimate overthrow of the reigning dynasty if foreign powers do not step in to the assistance of the Emperor.

☞At Philadelphia, last week, Judge Kelly made an example of a man named Patrick Lanagan, who was found guilty of selling liquor to minors. He sentenced him to three months imprisonment in the County Jail, besides a fine of $20, with the costs of prosecution.

☞The Blair county Whig of Tuesday, last says that a man by the name of Steiner, lately from Adams county, was killed in Snyder township, Blair county, on the previous Friday, by a tree falling on him. He was engaged in cutting timber, and judged two trees together, when they accidently fell, and crushed him to death.

☞The Mormons of Utah are about to cultivate cotton, crabs and lobsters in the Salt Lake.

ANOTHER VICTIM.—An inquest was held on the body of Thomas A Goodhart, who died in a stable in Jefferson township. The deceased was a farmer, German by birth, aged 53 years, and a native resident of Jefferson. He was for some time a teacher at Lotts, where he taught the languages — being master of three different languages. He is a perfect and accomplished musician. He afterwards taught school at various places in the county.

The deceased was of intemperate habits, and had been drinking freely, some time before his death. The body when found, was in a sitting posture.

An inquest was held by Daniel Potteiger, Esq., an Justice of the peace of this township—and a verdict of "death by visitation of God," (!) returned. A coffin was procured and the corpse placed in it by the body in the Bernville church yard, which was refused on the ground that the deceased was a suicide! It is said that they would refuse the consecrated ground to those who sold him the poison, it would also refuse the same to those who sold the stuff which was refused on the ground that the deceased had died in a stable! If they were consecrated ground at all, those who sold him the poison, is worthy of consecration.

STAMP ENVELOPES.—The Post Office Department have abandoned their original intention of issuing the stamped envelopes as early as the 1st instant, though the contractors are understood to have a portion of them ready for delivery. The Postmaster-General being indisposed to scatter them abroad until he can have sufficient on hand to send them in every direction, has deemed it best to wait until the 1st of July, when an ample supply will be ready. They are printed on paper made for the purpose, so water-lined that in each envelope one may plainly distinguish, beside the beautiful postage stamp, the letters "P. O. D. U." (meaning Post-Office department of the United States.)

Last week an Iowa editor, 'just to try his readers,' published a chapter from the Song of Solomon. The next day one of his patrons addressed him in a complimentary letter, concluding—as follows:—"Devilish good. Who wrote it? Not Bob Sherwood, I'm sure." Iowa, we should think from this, offers a fine field for the ploughing up of our missionary friends. We hope that they will attend to it.

On Friday week, six soldiers who had been tried at the Carlisle Barracks for desertion, and sentenced, were flogged, marked with the letter "D" on the hip, and had their heads shaved, and on Sunday morning were drummed out of the garrison.

A THING WHICH EVERY FARMER SHOULD KNOW.—If you wish to drive a cut nail into seasoned oak timber, and not have it break or bend, just have a small quantity of oil near by and dip the nail before driving, and it will indeed lollied by. In mending carts and ploughs this is of great advantage, for they are generally made out of oak wood. I have driven 40 nails before using, let it be done on wood, and with any blows. If done on iron they will be sure to break.

We had related to us the other day an anecdote of an old lady who formerly entertained travellers in a neighboring county. Before the guests commenced a meal, it was her custom to ask a blessing. She always delivered, "good as far as it went."

"O Lord make us truly thankful for the food before us. Nancy! hand around the bread and butter, and see that the biscuits aint sewrards. Amen."

CURE FOR HYDROPHOBIA.—An English journal says that an old woman, residing in Derby, for fifty years, and with perfect success, a remedy for the bite of a mad dog, by the agency of which he has rescued many persons from the dangers and pains of the fearful death of hydrophobia. The remedy is to wash the wound immediately with warm vinegar or sweet water, dry it, and then apply a few drops of muriatic acid, which will destroy the poison of the dog bite, or neutralize it, and the cure is effected.

The American Minister, at Paris, has been informed by the emperor, Napoleon III., that a Universal Exhibition of Agriculture and Manufactures will be held at Paris, on the first of May, 1853. All nations are cordially invited to participate in the exhibition.

DEATH FROM CHLOROFORM.—Rev. J. M. Easton, of Baltimore, and Hon. T. Butler King were among the guests at the entertainment given in London, Mr. Buchanan, in honor of Mr. Ingersoll, the American Minister. Speeches were made on the occasion by Mr. Ingersoll, Ex-President Van Buren, Bishop McIlvane, of Ohio, and Mr. Peabody.

A DAUGHTER BURNED BY HER FATHER.—A horrible murder was done at some weeks past, owing to the falling off in the supplies from the West, caused, in a great measure, by the number of cattle driven overland to California and Oregon. The price realized in his latter way are much more pleasanting than any other; and in consequence, there is a scarcity in Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York. One week ago, our stock the river near town caused our fathers to pay more attention to the raising of stock, and thus supply our deficiency.

Cassius M. Clay is a large farmer in Kentucky. He formerly owned a large number of slaves, and had his farming closely slave labor, but has lately paying expenses. More recently he emancipated his slaves and has since had his work done by free labor, and his farm now handsomely renumers tax him. Similar experiments in the South have shown that free labor is cheaper than slave labor; and, therefore, as a question of economy, slavery cannot be justified.

Land warrants are active and firm in New York. 160 acre warrants are bought at $171, and sold at 175; 80 acres bought at $91, and sold at 98; 40 acres bought at 49 and sold at 50.

The city councils of Philadelphia have appropriated $9,000 to be expended in celebrating the 4th of July.

An editor of a newspaper out towards Lake Champlain has discovered a way of keeping eggs from spoiling! The method is cut them open, and eat them.

MASSACHUSETTS.—All attempts to repeal the Maine Law of Massachusetts by the Legislature, at their adjourned session, have miserably failed, while attempts to amend and render it more stringent and effective failed in the House (by a vote of 99 to 99, Speaker dodging) and in the Senate by one majority, (20 to 19.)

TERRITORIES TO BECOME STATES.—Utah wants a hundred thousand people at the size of New Hampshire; Nebraska fifteen; Indian twenty; North West sixty-five.—Total, one million hundred thousand Slaves. Should these Territories have an equal population to the square mile with New Hampshire, they would be entitled to a portion of above thirty-eight million souls.

A CURIOSITY.—We have before us a curiosity in the shape of an egg, which was laid by a hen in the possession of Henry fowl belonging to Mr. P. Crouse. It is about the size of a goose egg, and when broken was found to contain the yolk and white of the usual size, floating in the albumen, which filled the space of the larger enclosing shell. We have had an ocular inspection of all, who are curious in such matters.—*Chambersburg Sentinel.*

By a recent law of New Jersey, habitual drunkards are allowed to commit themselves to the poor-house by their own application, and the overseer furnishes liquor to any drunkard, who may ask for it, free from his guardian, is subject to a fine of ten dollars.

THE DINNER TO MR. INGERSOLL.—Mr. Easton, of Baltimore, and Hon. T. Butler King were among the guests at the entertainment given in London, Mr. Buchanan, in honor of Mr. Ingersoll, the American Minister. Speeches were made on the occasion by Mr. Ingersoll, Ex-President Van Buren, Bishop McIlvane, of Ohio, and Mr. Peabody.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

FROM THE BALTIMORE SUN OF YESTERDAY.]

FLOUR.—The Flour market is dull, and prices continue nominally the same as before. Howard street brands, old inspection, at $4 50. Rye flour can be purchased at $3 25 from ground, but holders were unwilling to take less than $3 44 per bbl. Corn meal is quiet at late change, buyers not offering more than $3 00 for fresh ground. Nothing done in City Mills. We quote Rye Flour at $3 75 and Corn Meal at $2 per bbl.

FISH—Herring 5 a $5 25 per bbl. Shad 10 a $10 25 per bbl. Mackerel unchanged.

GRAIN.—There were about 25 000 bushels of Corn offered on Change this morning, most of which sold from 53 a 55 cents for white, and 54 a 57 cents per bushel for yellow; mixed 51 cents per bushel. But little Wheat offered; no sales. We quote good to prime red Wheat at 1 a $1 05 for Maryland, Pennsylvania and Virginia; white Wheat 1 05 a $1 12 per bushel, and Rye at 80 a 85 cents per bushel. Maryland Oats 37 a 40 cents; Pennsylvania do. 43 a 45 cents per bushel. Seeds quiet. We quote Clover-seed at $6, Timothy $2 75, and Flaxseed $1 40 per bushel.

PROVISIONS.—Coffee is firm. Sales to day of 1500 bags Rio at 9½ cents. Sugars are quiet. Sugars, Molasses and Provisions unchanged.

WHISKEY.—Sales of Bbls. at 24½ cents.

PROVISIONS.—The Provision market is steady. Sales to-day of Mess Pork at $16 75; Prime do. $14 50 per bbl. Mess Beef $17 per bbl. Bacon steady—sales of shoulders at 6½ a 6¾ cents; sides 8½ a 8¾ cents; hams 11 a 12½ cents per lb. Butter in kegs 15 a 16 cents per lb. Cheese 8 a 9½ cents per lb.

YORK MARKET.

FLOUR per bbl., from wagons,	$4 37	
WHEAT, per bushel,	1 05 to 1 15	
RYE,	75	
CORN,	50	
OATS,	37	
TIMOTHY SEED, per bushel,	2 00	
CLOVER SEED,	4 00	
FLAX-SEED,	1 55	
PLASTER OF PARIS, per ton,	5 00	

HANOVER MARKET.

FLOUR, per barrel, (from Wagons)	$4 37
WHEAT, per bushel,	1 05 to 1 10
RYE, "	75
CORN "	50
OATS, "	37
TIMOTHY-SEED, "	2 00
CLOVER-SEED, "	4 00
FLAX-SEED, "	1 55

MARRIED.

On the 28th ult., at the Alms House, WILLIAM McGREW, Esq., in the 68th year of his age.

Suddenly, on the 8th ult., Mr. GEORGE HARMAN, of the neighborhood of Petersburg, (Y. S.) aged 56 years.

On the same day, in the same neighborhood, Mr. JOHN MUDDORFF, in the 84th year of his age.

On Saturday morning last, Mr. GEORGE TOOT, of Cumberland township, aged 53 years and 24 days.

On Saturday last, in Butler township, Miss MARGARET SLOTHOUR, aged 18 years.

On Sunday morning last, in this borough, Mr. JAMES JOHNSTON, (father of Rev. Robert Johnston,) in the 85th year of his age.

At Hanover, on the 17th ult., HENRY CLAY son of Mr. Samuel M. McCosh, of the 81th year of his age.

Also, on the 25th ult., in the 46th year of his age, Dr. JAMES H. MILLER, for many years a practicing Physician in this place.

Books! Books!!

S. H. BUEHLER

HAS received a largely increased assortment of Books, and Stationery, of every variety—

Classical, Theological, School, Miscellaneous and BLANK BOOKS

which constitute the largest and best assortment ever opened in Gettysburg, and which he offers at VERY LOWEST PRICES.

ALSO—A large assortment of TOBNEY & FANCY GOODS—Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, Pen-Knives, Writing Paper of all varieties and best qualities, Envelopes, Perfumery, Soaps, &c., &c. ☞Call and see at the old established place in *Chambersburg street*, a few doors from the diamond.

S. H. BUEHLER.

Gettysburg, Pa., June 3, 1853.

COUNTY TREASURER.

The undersigned gratefully acknowledges the liberal support extended to him in the last contest for COUNTY TREASURER, and respectfully announces to his friends and fellow citizens generally, that he will be a candidate for that office at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to obtain the nomination and be elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office promptly and with fidelity.

JACOB ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg June 3, 1853—tc.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the residence of GEORGE WILKINSON, in Latimore township, Adams co., about the 23d day of April, 1853, a Black Cow, with a star in her forehead, and the right ear cut straight off; no other given marks.

Entered May 19th, 1853.

CONRAD E. MYERS, Clerk.

June 3, 1853—3t.*

NOTICE.

THE undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Adams county to distribute the balance remaining in the hands of JOHN RIDER, late of Latimore, deceased, and Assignment of Jacob Parr, and Susannah his wife, to and amongst his creditors of the said Jacob Parr, hereby gives notice to all persons interested that he will sit for the purpose at the office in Mountjoy borough, Adams county, on *Saturday the 25th day of June inst.*, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all persons concerned may attend.

SAMUEL DURBORAW.

June 3, 1853—tl. *Auditor.*

LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

THE voters of Steuben and adjoining townships, are requested to meet at the Rocky Grove School-house, on *Saturday the 4th day of June, at 3 o'clock, P. M.*, to confer on the best means to secure the suppression and extinguishment of the Liquor traffic, whereby their efforts may become more united.

Friends of temperance and others are invited to attend.

May 27. MANY.

MORE NEW GOODS

RECEIVED and opened this day at Fahnestock's, Sign of the Big Boot,

RED FRONT.

BLACK Silk, Black Silk Net Fringe, Mohair & Silk Mitts, just received and for sale cheap by

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans, Italian Cloths and Vestings, cheap at

FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

LADIES are invited to call and see the finest article of DRESS SHOES that has ever been in this market.

April 29. W. P. PAXTON.

COLLARS, Laces, Edgings and Insertings, a beautiful variety, just received and for sale at

SCHICK'S.

TELL your Friends and Neighbors, and come yourselves, and see the very large and fine assortment of HAT