Address of the Whig State Committee.

The Whigs of Pennsylvania, profoundly sensible of the importance of the great political struggle they are about to enter, feel their responsibility to submit, through their State Central Committee, to their fellow Whigs of the Union the reasons for their position, and their reasons for maintaining it:

As Pennsylvania has never yet cast her electoral vote in vain, and as she is likely to become, as heretofore, the arbiter of the contest, and of consequence, the battle ground, it is proper for those who have the best means to know the ground and its circumstances, to impart their views frankly candidly and honestly to their brethren of the same faith and party.

The history of the past fully establishes the falsity of the proposition that Republicans are ungrateful. The memories of Washington, Jackson, Harrison and Taylor, teach us that the American Republic has never yet been ungrateful to those who have led her armies, defended her rights, and adorned her name with an imperishable renown. This is in accordance with the nature of man—in accordance with a noble and generous impulse. And as long as human hearts are constituted as now, the man who has devoted himself to the efforts of home—forgone the pleasures of retirement—risked the strength of his body and the powers of his mind—risked life and health in defence of his country—will always receive at the hands of his fellow citizens the highest earthly honors and rewards when the opportunity offers to confer them.

In fidelity to the Constitution, and in gratitude to its defenders, Pennsylvania selects Whigs for her rulers. Within the broad limits of this great Democratic Empire there is to be found no Commonwealth more loyal and patriotic; and while it is very certain that no man who is not true to the Constitution in all its parts and the Union in its integrity, can stand even the shadow of a chance to obtain her electoral vote—it is equally certain that no man, Whig or Democrat, has so much the confidence and affection of her people as Winfield Scott. Our adversaries know this, and most earnestly and bitterly deprecate his nomination. But we are aware that if they had the good fortune to possess such a candidate, there would be no divided counsels among them in regard to their nomination. If General Scott belonged to the ranks of the enemy, instead of being an honest, brave, and reliable Whig, *the first Democratic convention would nominate him by acclamation.*

Shall we be less wise than our adversaries? Shall we sacrifice the victory that stretches out before us? Shall we suffer the Whig banner to trail again in defeat, and the Capitol of the Nation to be once more entirely given up to those whose principles are, in our opinion, opposed to the prosperity and the greatness of the Union resting with the Whig National Convention.

And while we pledge ourselves to an honest, zealous, and enthusiastic support of the nominee of that Convention, whoever he may be—we are accustomed to look above the standard bearer to the standard; we move steadily and earnestly onward for fellow Whigs! in Pennsylvania the battle-ground, the name of Scott is as profitable as on the battle-fields of Mexico. But though he is the choice of almost every Whig and of thousands of her Democrats, we will trade on no other ground. In sewer fruitless, and unexerted no influence, however barren of, victory, in behalf of either of our great competitors. Our party principles shall be: Is he a Whig? Is he true to the Constitution?

Of Millard Fillmore, the patriotic and distinguished gentleman who now so creditably occupies the loftiest official position in the nation, as Whigs we are proud.

Late from California.

The Steamer *Daniel Webster*, in eight days from San Juan de Nicaragua, arrived at New York on Sunday night with 600 from California dates to April 16th. She brought 305 passengers and $400,000 in gold.

The United States' sloop-of-war Decatur sailed from San Juan for Pensacola on the 24 instant.

The general news are wholly uninteresting. Business at San Francisco was brisk, and all kinds of desirable goods were flowing in prices. The mining news continues favorable.

The account of the massacre of the Klamath Indians by the whites is confirmed.

The sloop-of-war Vincennes had arrived at San Francisco—all on board were well.

A meeting had been held at San Francisco relative to building a railroad across the continent.

It was rumored at Sacramento on the 10th that the Indians in Scott's Valley had murdered one hundred and fifty whites, and made a large amount of property, which induced the Senators from Klamath and Shasta to apply to the Governor for aid to expel the Indians.

The whole-ship John and Elizabeth reports having—in experience a severe shock of an earthquake in February, and subsequently discovered that the Grampus Island had been swallowed, being in consequence of home—forgone the pleasures of retirement—the strength of his body and the powers of his mind—risked life and health in defence of his country—will always receive at the hands of his fellow citizens the highest earthly honors and rewards when the opportunity offers to confer them.

Further Particulars.

☞The following particulars of the melancholy event in Oxford township, mentioned in our last, we copy from the Hanover Spectator:—

It seems that about 11 o'clock, one of Mr. Hoke's sons, a youth of about seventeen, who slept up stairs with four other children, was awakened by a sense of heat and suffocation, and on looking around and observing an unusual light, ran to a door communicating with the head of the stairs to ascertain the cause, when, to his horror, he discovered the house on fire. The fire had progressed so far, and the whole of the stairway was so completely enveloped in flames, that it was impossible for the boy to descend in the usual manner than by jumping out of one of the windows.—

Those who were asleep were immediately aroused, and the situation of things explained. The eldest boy then jumped out, and was followed by the two next in size, who were caught by him, or they fell to the ground, but unfortunately, in the hurry and excitement of the moment, the precaution of placing a supporter under the window was not thought of, so that when the two younger children, a little girl of about seven and a boy, of four years of age) attempted to escape, they were unable to get to the window, as it had fallen as the third child leaped from the room. In the meantime, Mr. and Mrs. Hoke and others who slept below, were compelled to witness a scene the most agonizing of which the mind can conceive. A ladder was immediately procured and placed against the wall to assist the children in their frantic efforts to escape, but it broke to pieces as Mr. Hoke attempted to descend, and before a rope could be found, the whole room was thoroughly on fire, and it was evident that the little sufferers had already fallen victims. The little girl was the last seen at the window imploring assistance while her hair and clothes were actually on fire. It truly this was a sight of horror never to be forgotten by those who witnessed it. The remains of the children were almost entirely consumed.

The pecuniary loss would not be regarded by Mr. Hoke—but the loss of his children, and under circumstances of such afflicting circumstances, is one of those events to make its mark upon the heart.

It is ascertained that the barn was several times on fire, but the flames were promptly extinguished by the neighbors, who had just time to come to Mr. Hoke's assistance.

The fire is supposed to have originated in the kitchen.

ANOTHERARRIVAL FROM EUROPE.

The American mail steamer *Ail ant*ic arrived at New York on Sunday night with Liverpool dates of the 5th instant.

There is no news from England. The militia bill had been taken up in the House of Commons, and was opposed by Mr. Cobden, who moved an amendment proposing for a more effective navy be laid before the House before going into committee on the militia bill. He said it was a perversion of common sense believed that England was likely to be invaded, but, if the country was really invaded, let the responsibility of the line be placed on the coast rather than convert citizens into soldiers. Mr. Right followed in the same strain. A Bill had been introduced which proposed to give a Representative and Constitution to the colony of New Zealand.

The Paris Journal des Debats is strongly for war against the Expedition to Tripoli, and recommends the realization of the dream of Christopher Columbus.

The Paris papers that refused to take the oath of allegiance to the Constitution and the President are more numerous than were supposed. Several members of the Council General had refused, and some members of the Tribunal of Commerce had been suspended in consequence of their refusal to take the oath.

Democratic Cliques.

The New York Herald sums up the Democratic cliques in that city as follows:

THE BALTIMORE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION—*The Struggle for the Inside Track.* There are four distinct cliques in the Democratic party, contending, and contriving, and intriguing, for the mastery of the Baltimore Convention, and they may be classified as follows:

1. Polk's old cabinet—Buchanan, Marcy, Mason, Bancroft, and company—Sometimes Buchanan is put forward, sometimes Marcy; but the real object of all of them, including, probably, Marcy himself, is Buchanan.

2. Case and other outside old fogies. They have not had their share of the spoils for the last eight years, and are very active, very busy, and very hungry—all for Cass and the spoils.

3. Young America, young Douglas,—Mike Walsh, Captain Rynders, George Saunders, and the *Democratic Review*—Young America is for everything, for everybody, liquor and all and plenty of it. Good liquor in the polar star of their political creed, and Douglas is always ready to stand a treat. Douglas is their man.

4. The Barnburners, headed by the Van Buretes, Benton, Blair, and company.—This is a mighty stubborn, hard-headed faction. They could not control the Convention of 1848, so they broke up the party in New York, and defeated Cass.—They are therefore to be dreaded. They are the old Bourbons.

Between these four contending Northern cliques, and two or three from the South, there will probably be some hot scratching in Baltimore. We should wonder if it was to result in a considerable smashing up of old crockery. It will be great sport.

UNFORTUNATE AFFAIR BETWEEN TWO RELATIVES.—Hon Edward A. Hannegan, late U. S. Senator for Indiana, and Capt. Duncan, a brother-in-law, living in the same house at Covington, Indiana, on the most friendly terms, had a personal misunderstanding on the 7th inst. It appears that on the day and evening previous, they had both been drinking, and that on the morning of the sad occurrence, Capt. Duncan went up stairs to Mr. Hannegan's room, and an altercation ensued between the parties, when Capt. Duncan gave Mr. Hannegan a slap in the face. Mr. Hannegan, upon the indignity he felt, and the impulse of the moment, struck Capt Duncan with a knife in the lower part of the stom-ech, inflicting a severe, and what is thought a dangerous wound.

P. S. Capt. Duncan has since died.

The winter, wheat crops of Wisconsin are stated to be in a fine condition this spring. For two or three years past this crop has been rather poor.

There are 37,680 houses in New York city, and in 6,496 of them liquor is sold—showing that every fifth or sixth house is a rum hole.

THE STAR AND BANNER.

GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, May 21, 1852.

FOR PRESIDENT,
WINFIELD SCOTT.

VICE PRESIDENT,
JAMES C. JONES.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
JACOB HOFFMAN, (Berks)

Political Conventions.

The Whig National Convention meets at Baltimore, on Wednesday, the 16th of June.

The Whig State Convention, to nominate a candidate for Supreme Judge in place of Judge Coulter, deceased, will re-assemble at Philadelphia on Saturday the 19th of June.

The Democratic National Convention will meet at Baltimore on Tuesday the first of June.

DEATH OF MRS. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.—

The venerable lady of the late Hon. John Quincy Adams, formerly President of the United States, died at Washington on Saturday last, about noon. She was over 77 years of age. Mrs. Adams was a great daughter of the late Governor Johnson, of Maryland. Her father was Consul at London at the time, and Mrs. Adams married her there during his first mission to England.

As a mark of proper respect to the character and virtues of the late venerable widow of Ex-President JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, both Houses of Congress on Monday adjourned over to Wednesday, to give the Members of Congress an opportunity to attend her funeral on Tuesday.

☞The Democracy of this Congressional district seem to have rather despondent hopes of carrying the district for the next ten years. The Chambersburg *Sentinel*, the organ of the Democracy in Franklin county, in a long leader upon the subject, deals out the annexed consolation for its friends:

"It is enough to know that, the obligations of the Democracy of the District are now those of comparative insignificance or "masterly inactivity," at best. The prospect of ever carrying the District, with its present overwhelming majority against us, is so remote, as to baffle even the probability of a breach in the ranks of the opposition sufficiently wide to furnish the faintest ray of hope."

☞The following appears among the local items in the Chambersburg *Sentinel*:

ATTEMPT TO BURN THE JAIL.—On Monday evening last a female prisoner, named Elizabeth Ritchie, *alias* "the Virginia Belle," who is confined in our jail awaiting her trial for larceny, made up a bundle of combustible matter, and in an ignited state threw it on the roof of the main building. The roof had taken fire when discovered. It was speedily extinguished, and the *lady* secured from committing depredations of a like character.

☞The terms of the following Pennsylvania Senators, being eight Democrats and three Whigs, have expired, and their places must be filled by the election of new ones at the next General Election.

Democrat—Charles Frailey, Schuylkill county. Thom. S. Ferrem, Philadelphia co. Henry Fulton, York; John W. Guernsey, Tioga, Potter, McKean, Cameron, Elk, Clearfield, and Jefferson; J. Y. Jones, Montgomery; Henry A. Muhlenburg, Berks; Wm. F. Packer, Centre, Lycoming, Sullivan and Clinton; Thomas Ross, Northampton and Lehigh.

Whigs—William Haslett, Butler, Beaver and Lawrence; Benjamin Malone, Bucks; John H. Walker, Erie and Crawford.

Of these, the Whigs are *certain* of carrying the Butler and Erie districts. The Democracy must carry the Bucks district, and the right ticket they have now in order to get the control of the Senate. The Whigs have now a majority of one in that body, and should we succeed in electing a Senator either in Bucks or Philadelphia county, or Schuylkill, (which is not impossible,) the Senate will remain Whig. With the advantage of a warm canvass and a full vote this fall we hope to carry both Bucks and Philadelphia counties.

Locofoco Preferences for Whig Candidates.

☞The Portland (Maine) Advertiser has the following, which, though "calculated for the meridian of Maine, will answer for this and the adjoining States:"

"*The Argus*, and, in fact, the Democratic papers all over the country, are not at all pleased at the idea of having Dr. Scott for the Whig candidate. It has been remarked, that when the Whigs select their own candidates, they generally elect them. But when they permit their opponents to nominate for them, they are always defeated.

A few days ago, a Democratic politician from Washtenaw, while discoursing on the subject of candidates for the Presidency, very gravely remarked that as would very much prefer Mr. Webster or Mr. Fillmore to Gen. Scott! "Yes," said a shrewd old Whig from New Gloucester, "and I know the reason why." The bystanders laughed, and the Washtenaw man started for "*The Argus* office."

KOSSUTH IN FANEUIL HALL.—

Kossuth addressed the citizens of Boston in Faneuil Hallon Friday evening, on the aspect of political affairs in Europe. There were between 2,000 and 3,000 bond holders present, and much enthusiasm prevailed. The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, of the Plymouth Conference, also made a speech, in favor of Hungary and intervention.

☞Split Gold Dollar pieces are said to be rapidly multiplying, and the caution cannot be too often repeated to be on the lookout for them. The piece, by some fine and ingenious manipulation, is so cut that about one half of the coin abstracted, and the plundered sides stuck together again, the face of the piece not the least scarred or injured. A little care will readily detect the fraud. The milling around the edge will be found broken, and very generally a pewter-colored cement may be seen protruding from it. The coin, too, is thin in the middle.

The Columbia Homicide.

☞It seems that the Legislature of Maryland have taken up the matter of the killing of the colored man Smith at Columbia by the slave-catcher, Ridgely, and passed the following joint resolution:

"Whereas, it is represented that Archibald G. Ridgely, of the city of Baltimore, sometime about the first day of the present month, killed a fugitive slave in Lancaster county, in Pennsylvania; and whereas, it is believed that the circumstances under which the killing took place, do not constitute the killing, murder, or any other homicide punishable by law, and that the case presents a fair opportunity for the friendly interposition of the State of Maryland with the authorities of Pennsylvania—therefore, resolved, by the General Assembly of Maryland, that the Governor be and he is hereby directed to appoint a commissioner, in his discretion, to collect all the facts and circumstances connected with the killing of the fugitive slave in said county by Archibald G. Ridgely, of Baltimore city, and to confer with the Governor of Pennsylvania relating to the same."

Accordingly Gov. Lowe has appointed the Hon. Giles Scott, of Queen Anne's, and the Hon. James M. Buchanan, of Baltimore county, grand high commissioners to come up here into Pennsylvania, and convince Gov. Bigler as a good Locofoco brother, that the killing of Smith was no "murder, or any other homicide punishable by law," but in fact an altogether justifiable and even praise-worthy act, and that therefore Gov. Bigler ought not to ask the President of Ridgely for trial, which would greatly embarrass Gov. Bigler, to refuse the face of the peremptory provisions of the Constitution of the United States, and which, nevertheless, he would be very apt to do if the matter came formerly and upon him. The fact is, owing to the doughfaced character of Pennsylvania Locofocoism, and its supersorriceable promptness, to render obedience to the exactions of the South, the Maryland Legislature, Governor and Commissioners have taken a little "soft sooder" about "friendly interposition," a few party pass-words, and a wisely interjected nonence or two of Southern defiance, and the Baltimore Commissioners will be all sufficient to convince Gov. Bigler that there has been no harm done, and that he ought to let Ridgely run "unwhipped of justice." It all this should fail, however, these commissioners will be able to render some sort of a report to Gov. Lowe, based upon their one-sided inquiries into the facts and circumstances of the case, completely exhonorating Ridgely from blame, and his friends therefore will therefore refuse to give him up for trial, as he did in a former case when a requisition was made upon him by Gov. Johnston for the surrender of a kidnapper. The Pennsylvania Locofocos will of course submit and swallow it all right, for fear of their leaders regard the killing of a "nigger," especially if charged with being a fugitive slave, a very venial offence, if it be any offence at all, and not a few of them would be ready to vote for a resolution that Ridgely could not get a fair trial in Lancaster county. Their papers, which *believed* so loudly when the Gorsuch affair happened, are now very quiet, for when the saddle is on the other horse, and takes the killing of a "nigger" on Pennsylvania ground by a Maryland slave-catcher "as calmly as a summer's morning," while they fairly turn white when they think of the Maryland slave-owner, and from Governor down, the Whig Party had to stand all sorts of villification by them on account of it.—*York Rep.*

LAMENTABLE DELUSION.—A melancholy evidence of insfluuation, caused by the fraudulent rapping absurdities, is exhibited by a long editorial appeared for the press by Judge Edmonds, of New York, who has long occupied a prominent position in the political affairs of that State, having been State Senator, Judge of nearly or quite all the Courts of that State, from the lowest to the highest, and who is now Judge of the Court of Appeals, the highest court of judicature in the State. The Philadelphia Ledger says:

"It seems that the Judge's mind has been exercised of late upon spiritualism, and he dwelling upon the subject he found it much damage to the cause of his friends. In this condition he has had interviews with the spirits of Franklin, William Penn, Sir Isaac Newton, and Swedenborg. Now, it is very curious, Sir Isaac was still engaged in the study of the science of gravitation, and Dr. Franklin was explaining physical manifestations by the Odic Force." They were all 'bright and shining spirits.' After all this the medium had a glance among the wicked spirits, where he saw them undergoing punishment, and his mighty efforts to gratify the passions they had been most swayed by on earth. We can imagine no more melancholy spectacle than a once powerful mind driven to the verge of insanity by such a miserable imposture.—Are not those who follow, as a profitable calling, this business of deluding individuals with spiritual rappings, knockings, and visions from the other world, and similar fraudulent exhibitions, indictable for obtaining money under false pretences?"

ELECTION IN VIRGINIA.—On Thursday, the 27th inst., the State election will be held in Virginia under the new Constitution. The Judges for the Court of Appeals and the Circuit Judges will be elected on the same day as the county officers. An entire ticket will contain thirteen names. The Judges for the Court of Appeals will be elected for twelve years, the Circuit Judges for eight years, and their term of office to commence on the 1st of July next.

WASHINGTON MONUMENT FUND.—The Southern Louisiana *Sentinel* suggests an excellent plan for obtaining a general national contribution to the Washington Monument—the fact of one which appears to us susceptible of easy and effective execution. It proposes that on the day of the Presidential election in the several States, at our poll throughout the United States, a box should be placed, having inscribed upon it "*Washington Monument box*," and underneath "*One Dime to the Memory of Washington.*"

MISCELLANY.

Ten County Jail of Allegheny county has 105 inmates.

The supreme Court is now in session at Harrisburg.

It is said that South Carolina will send delegates to the Whig National Convention.

The apple crop in Va. promises to be very abundant this year.

The income of Great Britain the past year amounted to fifty millions of pounds.

Clothing is selling at $10 cents on the State Bank of Ohio, are very numerous in Cincinnati.

The York Bank, (York, Pa.) has declared a dividend of four per cent, and a surplus equal for the last six months.

Dogs without muzzles, and hogs loose, are not to be permitted to go at large in Philadelphia after the 1st of June.

Portland, Maine, does not contain a single grog shop. One year ago she was dotted with three hundred.

Plate being once asked how long he meant to be a disciple, said, "As long as I am not ashamed of my Master's cross."

MILK FEVER, showing exactly the composition of the white fluid, are sold to be sold for 25 cents each in London.

A WOMAN of Mormon congregations have been in the habit of receiving the money of Baptists and persons separated from the church.

The Hagerstown People's Ones says the production of wheat in that county is independent of fruit in that county.

The Governor of Tennessee refuses to accept a nomination for the next Congress in the Allegheny district.

The expenses of the public schools in Philadelphia, for the present year, are estimated at $425,000.

The office of Sheriff for New York city and county is sold to yield an income to Mr. Chesley, the incumbent, of nearly $10,000 per annum.

It is said that 100 letters addressed to *Jenny* remain in the Boston P. O. to the dead letter office, from Northampton (Mass.) post office.

AMONG the Cherokee Indians, it is a penal offence to sell whiskey. Any Indian found guilty of it is sentenced to receive 39 lashes.

GOVERNOR BIGLER has vetoed more bills, since his induction into office, than any other Governor of Pennsylvania, since the formation of the Government.

PRESIDENT NAYSMITH—Things throughout France remain quiet. Reason—the Press is muzzled, regular sentinnel is kept at the point of the bayonet.

AN ABUT OF LAWYERS.—According to Livermore's Statistics of the Legal Profession has 25,000 lawyers, whose annual income is not far from $25,000,000.

At a concert recently, at the Tuileries, the following "Song of a good time coming," a fellow got immoderately drunk. "Minor, you couldn't do that, could you?"

TENNESSEE ROBERTS' Inaugural address on his inauguration as Governor of Tennessee, has reached England. It represents, in general terms, a state of prosperity.

A very stringent bill against free negroes has been reported in the Virginia Legislature, the enforcement of which will drive them out of the State.

The Rhode Island Legislature adjourned last Friday evening, after a session of only four days. It is the shortest session in which the Maine Law, among others, was enacted!

An Irishman being asked upon a late trial for a bawdy house, whether he was married, said he established a bogue house, which looked as though it was a bawdy house, for which a fire showed. The evidence was satisfactory.

SECRETY DELEGATES FROM LOUISIANA.—The Louisiana Legislature has passed a law requiring the Secretary of State to furnish to the Secretaries of State, except on condition of their being sent out of the State, a full and complete statement of the Maryland Legislature has a similar provision.

TEXAS is a species of Israel in the West Indies, and the Lone Star is its star of David. Its land and farms its teeth and claws in the flesh. If treated as a friend, it will behave and will not loose its claws until out in pieces.

COUNTRY SEASONS CONSERVATOR.—Rev. Messrs. Payne and Nazareth, of the colored M. E. Church, N. Y., were, on Thursday, incarcerated in New York on Dunbar. The conspiracy of conversation took place in the Second-avenue Methodist Episcopal Church.

THE LOUISIANA U. STATES.—A writer in the Southern Literary Messenger says that from 18,000 to 19,000, there have settled in the U. States 1,914,351 Irishmen, of whom 250,000 have since died leaving 1,664,351 still alive. The number settled in Canada is about 250,000.

THE TRIAL OF PEARL.—A 22 years of age, and one of the handsomest men in the empire. His great grandfather, who had 700 wives, leaves a world of children, who have had 300 children, so their turn until it length it is computed that the imperial family comprises at least 10,000 handsome.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A STATEMENT

A State Convention in favor of the Maine law is said to be held at Hartford, Connecticut, on the 19th instant.

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.—That this medicine will cure liver complaint and dyspepsia, no one can doubt after using it as directed. It acts specifically upon the stomach and liver; it is preferable to calomel in all bilious diseases; it acts as a specific upon the liver, and cures all external prostrates the system—the bitters strengthes and never prostrate the patient, and will give more relief in a day than all the delicate invalid, and restore the liver to its functions, and give digestion and appetite in those severe cases wherein the ordinary medicines fail in producing any effect.

An Excellent Remedy.

☞Those of our friends afflicted with Coughs, Colds, &c., will find themselves greatly relieved by the use of Dr. H. H. Higbee's excellent Remedy for Pulmonary Diseases. It can be had at the Drug Store of S. H. BUEHLER, in Gettysburg, at 75 cents a bottle.

The Star for the Campaign!

TERMS FIFTY CENTS!

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN of 1852, upon which we are now entering, promises to be unusually interesting and exciting. The offices to be filled are the highest in the land, the struggle for the candidacy, on both sides, is strongly contested. In a few weeks the leaders will be designated by the action of the conventions and the war will commence. The contest will be warm and we shall endeavor to enlist the energy of both parties. At such a time it is desirable that every Whig should be informed of the principles, and leading questions of the day—the movements of the belligerent forces, and the various topics for discussion that will enter into the canvass.

In order to place such information within the reach of the people we shall issue special trials in Adams county who do not now take a paper, we have concluded to furnish copies of the Star and Banner, for the Campaign, viz:—*from the 16th of June—the time of the meeting of the Whig National Convention, to the 1st of December, the first Wednesday in November*, a period of FIVE MONTHS, at the following

CAMPAIGN RATES:

For a Single Copy. 50 50
For a Club of 5 Subscribers, 200
For a Club of 12 do. 400

☞*To be paid in all cases in Advance.*

By this arrangement the cost of the paper will be reduced nearly one half from our regular rates, and we have enrolled to every part of the County free of postage.

Whigs of Adams, aid us in circulating the documents of the Whig party, and (pun-ish) promptly attended to. Send them along!

BALTIMORE MARKET.

[FROM THE BALTIMORE SUN OF YESTERDAY.]

FLOUR AND MEAL.—We note more firmness in the market for Flour, and prices have advanced 12½ cents per bbl. since yesterday, though sales were moderate. Sales of 900 bbls Howard street Flour at $4.62½ per bbl, but generally asked for more. Sales of 300 bbls City Mills at $4.62½ per bbl, but generally held higher. Rye Flour $3.88, and Corn Meal $3.12½ per bbl.

GRAIN AND SEEDS.—The receipts of Grain are moderate. A fair demand for good and prime red Wheat at 96 a 98 cents; white wheat 96 cents; of 100 prime Maryland and Pennsylvania Corn at 50 cents per bushel; sales of white and yellow Corn at 48 cents per bushel; sales of Rye at 70 cents per bushel. Sales of white oats at 30 cents per bushel, and of Maryland and Pennsylvania at 29 cents bushel, no change in prices.

GROCERIES.—Coffee continues firm; sales of Rio at 9½ a 9½ cents per lb. Sugars are firmer, with sales of about 300 hhds Cuba at 4½ cents per lb. Molasses 28 a 30 cents per gallon. Rice is firm, with sales of about 200 tierces, part at 4½ per lb.

PROVISIONS.—The transactions are moderate. Sales of Mess Pork at $13 a $13.25 per bbl, and $17 for Prime do. Mess Beef $12. Sales of Bacon shoulders at 9 cents, and sides at 10½ cents. Lard is firmer, with sales at 10½ cents per lb. Lard is firm with sales of 1000 at 10½ cents, and kegs at 11½ cents per lb. Butter is kept 13 a 14 cents roll in a 18 cents per lb.

MARRIED.

On the 22nd day of April, by the Rev. Alfred Hawes, Mr. SANFORD M. JOHNSON, of Fort Wayne, and Miss MARGARET ANN TAUGHINBAUGH, daughter of William Taughinbaugh, Esq., of Hartford, Blackford co., Ind., formerly of this county.

On the 20th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Demyer, Mr. PETER WIGHT, of Germany township, to Miss MARY ANN SMITH, of Mountpleasant township.

DIED,

On the 2nd inst., near Littlestown, Mr. HENRY NOTTROTT, aged 24 years 1 month 5 days, aged 26 years and 17 days.

In York, on the 7th inst., CHARLES WILSON SON BUEHLER, son of Jacob Gates, (V. S.) aged 19 years 3 months and 9 days.

On the 7th inst., in Union township, Adams county, SAMUEL, son of John and Eliza Meek-ins, aged 4 months and 16 days.

In the Borough of Lancaster, on the 11th inst., of consumption, Mrs. HENRIETTA ADAMSON, only daughter of T. A. Goldsmith, of Petersburg (V. S.) aged 21 years and 9 months.

On the 13th inst after an illness of five months, which she bore with the most perfect Christian resignation to the Divine will, Mrs. CATHARINE, consort of the late Isaac Hamilton, aged 41 years 4 months and 3 days. The subject of this obituary notice is the sincere member of the same family, who felt a victim to the ravages of death in the short space of three months. May she rest in peace.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of CATHARINE SMITH, late of Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., granted to the subscriber, residing in Petersburg, (Y. S.) notice is hereby given to such as are indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims are requested to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JOHN D. BECKER, Adm'r.

May 21—6t

WEBSTER & YINGLING,

(Successors to A. J. Rider,)

WESTMINSTER HOTEL

AND

SHADE SALOON,

Corner of Main & Court Streets

WESTMINSTER.

May 21—tf.

W. H. STEVENSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE, with A. R. STEVENSON, Esq. in the North West corner of the Court Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

FOR SALE CHEAP,

A GOOD SECOND HAND SULKEY.

May 21. GEO. ARNOLD.

A CHALLENGE!

The Richest & Best Assortment OF SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, For Gentlemen's Wear,

EVER OPENED IN GETTYSBURG!

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH TAKE pleasure in calling the attention of their friends and the public to their extensive stock of Fashionable Goods for gentlemen's wear, just received from the city, which, for variety of style, beauty of finish, and superior quality, *challenges comparison* with any other stock in the place. Our assortment of

Cloths, plain and fancy Tweeds and Cassimeres, Vestings, Satinets, Summer Coatings, &c.

CAN'T BE BEAT! Give us a call, and examine for yourselves. We have purchased our stock carefully, and with a design to please the tastes of all, from the most merchant to the most economical.

☞TAILORING, in all its branches, attended to as heretofore, with the assistance of good workmen.

☞The FASHIONS for Spring and Summer have been received.

Gettysburg, April 16, 1852.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore st. adjoining the residence of DAVID ZIEGLER, Gettysburg, where they are opening a large and general assortment of

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL,

GROCERIES,

CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS,

Springs, Axles, Saddlery,

Cedar Ware, Shoe Findings,

Paints, Oils, & Dyestuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in their line of business, some of which they invite the attention of Coach-makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Saddlers, Saddlers, and the public generally.

Our stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we are prepared to offer the Ready Money, to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where.

We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL D. DANNER.
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 13, 1851—tf.

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

GEORGE ARNOLD

HAS just returned from the city with a variety of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, PLAIN, STRIPED AND FIGURED, Prints and Lawns, Ginghams, Cambrics, Bonnets, Bonnet Silks, and Satins, Ribbons, Flowers, &c.

Also a large assortment of Gloves, Hosiery, M. Delaines, Berage Delaines, Lawns, Plain and figured Silks, all very cheap, Bonnets, Bonnet Silks, and Satins, Ribbons, Flowers, &c.

Also a large assortment of Gloves, Hosiery, M. Delaines, Berage Delaines, Lawns, Bombazines, Ginghams, Swiss, Jaconets and Cambric Muslins, and Calicoes, in great variety. Also,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

Satinets, Tweeds, Cottonades, Nankeens, Linen Checks, Vestings in great variety. In short his stock is very large, and embraces all in his line.

☞Call and judge for yourselves—no trouble to show goods.

April 9, 1852.

NEW SPRING GOODS

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

THE subscriber has just returned from Philadelphia, with a heavy stock of seasonable goods, which he offers to sell with great care, in reference to prices, quality, and wants of the community, and which for variety and cheapness, will compare himself, is unsurpassed by any other stock in the County. Particular attention is invited to his stock of

Ready Made Clothing.

No charge for showing goods.

D. MIDDLECOFF.

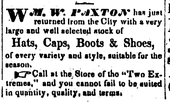
April 16—tf.

Parasols and Umbrellas

OF all sizes and every variety of styles, for sale at the lowest prices, by

D. MIDDLECOFF.

NEW GOODS.



MORE OF THEM, AND AT LOWER PRICES THAN EVER.

W. H. P. FAXTON, has just returned from the City with a very large and well selected stock of

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

of every variety and style, suitable for the season.

☞Call at the Store of the "Two Extremes," and you cannot fail to be suited in quantity, quality, and terms.

BOROUGH ACCOUNTS.

KELLER KURTZ, *Treasurer of the Borough of Gettysburg, for the year ending May 3, 1852.*

DR.	DOLLS. CTS.
Balance—last settlement,	20 45½
Rent of Borough Office,	2 00
Fees, 1846,	130 00
Do. S. Weaver, 1850,	62 00
Rent of Stalls for Weaver, 1851,	60 00
Stall Rents,	20 00
Cash of Danner & Ziegler on notes,	62 00
" J. B. Danner, Rent,	30 00
" Burgess Middlecoff, Licenses, Fees,	15 00
Order of County Commissioners,	100 00
	$1103 88½

CR.	DOLLS. CTS.
By Cash paid out on Orders, &c., as follows:	
George Trostle, Plank,	5 81
John Culp, Borgess Fees,	1 81½
D. Middlecoff, "	1 88
Officers of Election,	9 50
W. W. Hamersly, Shovels, &c.,	6 87
R. G. Harper, Printing,	14 50
Jacob Culp, Smith work,	2 00
H. McCreary, Fees,	15 00
D. M. Smyser, " &c.,	7 75
Extra Police, July 3d,	2 00
Water Company, Water Rent,	20 00
A. Frazer, Winding Clock,	10 00
S. H. Russel, Interest,	12 00
D. M. Smyser, "	2 00
A. Heintzleman, "	4 50
Taxes,	5 00
S. Powers, Granite Walks, &c.,	35 50
Keller Kurtz, Day Book,	1 50
J. Schmucker, Gravel,	2 50
A. Slonaker, Work,	3 75
Peter Lotz, "	4 02½
Henry Little, "	75
John Shilling, "	2 87½
M. Zach, "	9 87½
Adam Plank, "	2 50
S. Miller, "	10 00
N. Hoffman, "	2 99½
H. Bikes, "	2 00
A. Codori, "	1 49½
Geo. C. Strickhouser, "	50
John Gilbert, Hauling,	4 02½
N. Codori, "	2 00
P. Anghinbaugh, Street & Road Work,	13 50
C. S. Swope, "	7 75
C. Maury, work on May Engine,	75
G. C. Strickhouser, services as Constable,	1 00
H. Little, "	41 50
P. Myers, "	5 00
G. C. Strickhouser, work on Diamond,	395 00
Balance in hands of J. G. Frey, Duplicate of 1848,	34 74
" S. Weaver, Duplicate of 1850,	121 62
" S. Weaver, 1851,	151 10
Burgess and Council,	30 00
Treasurer and Clerk,	30 00
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	6 92½
	$1103 88½

1852, May 3d. The Town Council of the Borough of Gettysburg, do certify that they have settled the accounts of KELLER KURTZ, Treasurer of the Borough of Gettysburg, for the year ending the 3d of May, 1852; that he is entitled to the amount of Cash in his hands as stated in the foregoing statement.

Six Dollars, Eighty-two & One-half cents.

JAMES G. REED,
F. P. STALLSMITH,
J. HOUCK,
ALEX'R FRAZER,
HENRY RUPP.

May 14—3t

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS

THE undersigned have just opened a large and general assortment of

GROCERIES, TEAS, LIQUORS, &c.

WHOLESALE, AT

No 143 North Third Street, above *Race Street, Philadelphia.*

Where Country Merchants will find it to their interest to call, as they are determined to sell on such terms as may need no any further, in any instance.

They desire to call especial attention to a fine lot of

TEAS!!

All fresh, that will commend themselves to the most particular.

N. B. Country merchants supply free.

ALTER & WILLISTON, Grocers,
No. 143 North Third st., above Race, Phila's

April 9—3m.

SUB-SOIL PLOUGHS

OF the best quality—always on hand and for sale in Gettysburg by

T. WARREN & SON.

Feb. 27, 1852.

Bonnets and Dress Goods.

N. Schick is receiving a large and Straw Bonnets, Bonnet Silks, Satins, Poplins and dotted Swiss for Ladies' Dresses just received, which he offers cheap at

FAHNESTOCK'S,

April 23. Sign Red Front.

Bonnets and Bonnet Ribbons,

LADIES, if you wish to see a beautiful assortment of Bonnets and Bonnet Ribbons, call at

SCHICK'S.

Ladies' Dress Goods.

SILKS and Satins, Merinoes, M. de Laines, Alpacas, Calicoes, SHAWLS, Collars, Gloves, Stockings, &c., &c., are to be had at

SCHICK'S.

HOUSE-WIFE GOODS.

MUSLINS, one yard wide for 4 cents, 8 Sheetings, Shirtings, Linens, Towels, Napkins, Tickings, Table-diapers, Marseille Quilts, Checks, &c., all can be had cheap, and good, at

MIDDLECO