THE STAR AND BANNER.
GETTYSBURG.
Friday Evening, Oct. 3, 1851.

FOR PRESIDENT,
WINFIELD SCOTT.
(Subject to the decision of a Whig National Convention.)

OUR CANDIDATES.

FOR GOVERNOR
WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON.
FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER.
John Strohm, of Lancaster.

FOR JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT
Richard Coulter, of Westmor'd
George Chambers, of Franklin.
Joshua W. Comly, of Montour.
William M. Meredith, of Phil'a.
William Jessup, of Susquehanna

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE OF YORK AND ADAMS COUNTIES.
DANIEL DURKEE.
ASSOCIATE JUDGES.
Samuel R. Russell.
John McGinley.
ASSEMBLY.
David Mellinger.
SHERIFF.
John Scott.
PROTHONOTARY.
William W. Paxton.
REGISTER & RECORDER.
Daniel Plank.
CLERK OF THE COURTS.
Eden Norris.
TREASURER.
Thomas Warren.
COMMISSIONER.
Abraham Reever.
AUDITOR.
Andrew Marshall, jr.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.
James Bigham.
CORONER.
Henry W. Caufman.

"I have endeavored to do my duty. I have labored for the Constitution and the Union. I have demanded for her all her Constitutional rights, no matter what or complicated. Henceforth, therefore, I am ready to battle in the glorious cause of Justice and Truth, and without fear or favor declared manfully for the Right."—Gen. Johnston at Lancaster.

ATTENTION, JOHNSTON MEN !!

The members of the JOHNSTON CLUB will meet at the Court-house THIS EVENING, at 7 o'clock. All persons friendly to the re-election of our present patriotic and debt-paying Chief Magistrate are requested to attend.

By order of the Club,
W.M. WISOTZKY, Pres't.

REMEMBER, WHIGS,

That the election will take place one week from Tuesday next.

THE WAY IT WORKS!

The gross insult to the Whig party of Pennsylvania, arising from the infamous nomination of Gov. Johnston and the attempt to implicate him and his friends in the Lancaster County Murder, is having its legitimate effect in arousing the Whig party to increased and more active exertion. The Greenback Letter" is doing its work bravely, and by the time the Election comes round the opposition will be as sick of it as ever mortal was of a nauseous draught. A re-action has already commenced in favor of Gov. Johnston. Active Whigs have been aroused to warmer effort—while the lukewarm, who had been reposing in listless indifference, are buckling on their armor, and preparing to do battle effectively against the political demagogues who do not hesitate to slander their own Commonwealth and degrade its people by calling in foreign influence to disturb them in the man to be selected as their Governor. The Freemen of Pennsylvania will never submit to foreign dictation, or consent to be told whom they should vote for. They feel abundantly able to manage for themselves, and will hound the signer of the proclamation upon all demagogues who dare to trifle with the sovereignty of the Commonwealth or seek to degrade it. So may it ever be.

The Fruit of this feeling may be seen in the formation of a Johnson Club in this place last Monday evening. The meeting was a full one and the best feeling prevailed. It will be seen that another meeting will be held at the Court-house TO-NIGHT.

The *Compiler* states it out that Bigler *did* increase the State Debt. We can only account for our neighbor's portinacity in this respect by the fact that he seems to have pinned his conscience to the skirts of Ex-Governor Porter. The *Compiler* is evidently "sinning against light and knowledge" in this matter, and the case is therefore a hopeless one.

The *Compiler* promises, its readers some additional particulars of the Hanover meeting. We hope our neighbor will tell us something about THAT speech of Rush Fegan!

THE MEETING AT HANOVER,
ON FRIDAY LAST.
BUCHANAN, BIGLER & CO.

(From the long heralded demonstration of the Opposition at Hanover, come off on Friday last, sparingly in announcement. The proximity of Farmers' and Codorus Meetings, and Hostilities, on one side, and the Maryland line on the other, together with a supposed defection in the Whig ranks, made the occasion a favorable one, according to the notions of the opposition, for a grand effort. Accordingly, the "Big Guns" of the party, Buchanan, Bigler, and Frazer, were announced in flaming handbills, as being "a great demonstration" to be present, and a rich feast was promised to each of the faithful as should attend.

Having a curiosity to see "the elephant" ourselves, and there being no prospect of its being exhibited at Gettysburg, we repaired to Hanover, in company with a number of Whig friends from this place, and a delegation of the Democracy, who, although denied the pleasure of meeting Mr. Bigler on their own soil, were determined to see him at any rate. Having been present at the exhibition, the reader will of course expect us to give it at least a passing notice. This we are inclined to do—for the owner of the Big Show decidedly rich, and racy, and some of them rare at that. But our limited space will prevent us from doing justice to them, and we shall confine ourselves to a few words upon the meeting itself and the prominent actors therein.

As to the meeting itself—it was respectable in size, nearly if not altogether as large as the meeting at this place some weeks ago. But fully one-half, we feel assured, were Whigs, who went to Hanover to see and hear what Democracy, through its chosen champions, had to say for itself. Whigs are not generally afraid to show themselves on occasions of deep political importance to listen to the arguments of their political foes, although they do contain little else than "error without a particle of truth." Rarely every other man we met was a Whig, and in estimating fully one-half the presence on the ground to have been Whigs, we are confirmed by the impressions of the friends with whom we met, as well as by the opinions of a number of citizens of Hanover, whose general acquaintance with the people in the neighborhood enables them correctly to judge. Besides, this was *fairly* tested in the attempt to form a procession—by for the largest portion of the crowd refusing to join in; and when the man shals rode along the line with earnest appeals to the by-standers to "fall in," the reply again and again was—*"Can't do!! Wears Wages! There is one Lame here!"*

So much for the meeting. Now a word or two as to the speakers. The accident to Mr. Bigler's carriage, and the consequent delay in the arrival of the Committee of escort, marred the opening commotion of the hall, and the reception speeches were dampened, and, as was expected, we were expected to be entertained by the reception speech of our friend E. L. Hanshell, Esq. (sorry to see him in bad company,) who undoubtedly would have delivered a very handsome and creditable address.

Mr. BIGLER, the opposing candidate for Governor, was the first to take the stand. He spoke for about three quarters of an hour; and if his political friends were satisfied with his effort, we have only to say that they could not have been more fully so than his political opponents. Although in communication with a large number of Whigs on the ground, we did not meet with one, who did not allow Mr. Bigler, speaker, the preeminence of his Whig associations, and still more proud of the great contrast between our own noble and gifted candidate for Governor and the conduct and date of the opposition—who did not feel as if he were ready to go home, roll up his sleeves, and work all the harder for our ticket and JOHNSTON!" We were disappointed in Mr Bigler—very much disappointed. Having listened to the manly, able and honest exposition of State Policy by Gov. Johnston, in Gettysburg, we expected to hear Mr. Bigler on the same topics, and learn from him the kind of measures he would advocate in his State Administration, if elected Governor. We expected to hear him on the important subject of the State Debt and the means of its liquidation—the question of a Protective Tariff, for the encouragement and fostering of the industrial interests of our great Commonwealth—the Coal and Iron interests, with its agricultural, mechanical, manufacturing, and other interests all more or less immediately identified with, and dependent upon, a Tariff sufficiently high to protect our industry against the ruinous competition of European pauper labor. These and kindred topics—topics of vital interest to the people and the tax-payers of the Commonwealth—we expected to have discussed, and Mr. Bigler's position in reference to them plainly laid down—Gov Johnston met them fairly and manfully in his speech delivered in Gettysburg. "These, fellow-citizens, are the measures I have advocated since I have been in the Executive chair—and these are the measures I will advocate again, if you so elect me. If you approve of them, vote for me; if you do not approve of them, don't re-elect me." This was the language of Gov. JOHNSTON. How different the policy of Mr. BIGLER, who carefully avoided all three topics, and devoted almost his entire speech, as it is opening he said he would, to two points. And what, think you, fellow-Whigs, were these two points? Why, the "two Proclamations of Gov. JOHNSTON,"—the one in regard to the liquidation of the State Debt, and the other in regard to the CHRISTIANA RIOT! In dwelling on these points, he first attempted to rob Gov. Johnston of the credit honestly deriving from his having paid off over $600,000 of the State Debt, by catching up the Loofoco newspaper statements in regard to the $600,000 loan for avoiding the incipient raise of the State credit, and declaring it from the amount paid off. This whole matter is set forth in its true light in the article on the first page of today's paper, headed "Mr. BIGLER EXPOSED," and to it we invite the attention of the reader. We have only one remark to make, and that is this, that Mr. Bigler, in this part of his speech, ASSERTED that Gov. Johnston's Sinking Fund has paid off "$659,122 98 of the Funded Debt of the State, and in doing so he gave the lie to his party organs."

The balance of Mr. Bigler's speech was devoted to the Christiana Riot, and in the discussion of that painful topic he showed himself willing to go as deeply down into the mire of falsehood and demagogeism, as the basest of the partisan journals that advocate his destiny. His artful appeals to the prejudices of the mob, and the miserable attempt to fasten upon Gov. JOHNSTON and the WHIG PARTY the charge of having been instrumental in instigating the murder of Mr. Gorsuch, prove him to be more of a demagogue than we had supposed him to be, and must sink him considerably in the estimation of all fair and honorable men. Demagogueism of this kind in reckless and irresponsible newspaper scribblers, may be tolerable; but it is utterly inexcusable in one aspiring to the high and responsible office of Chief Magistrate of a great and growing Commonwealth.

JAMES BUCHANAN, the candidate of the Southern Secessionists for the Presidency—followed Mr. Bigler in a some what similar strain, only that his appeals were a little more artfully put together. State issues were all over-slaughed. The sinking Fund was pronounced a humbug The Tariff was disposed of by a single bold stroke. He affirmed—and we wish that every Collier, and Miner, and Laborer in the Commonwealth could have heard the speech—that he was for PUTTING A PROTECTIVE TARIFF IN THIS COUNTRY AND KEEPING SOME OF YOUR BOYS AT HOME! He spoke for about three quarters of an hour, and, as long since avowed himself in favor of *reducing the wages of labor in this country to the European standard*, and, in other words, to TEN CENTS A DAY! The hobby of Mr. Buchanan's speech, however, like that of Mr. Bigler, was devoted to the Slavery question, and no Slave-holder could have asked for a braver or more unanimity for the peculiar institution," than he. The fate of the Union was declared to be suspended on the issue of the present election in Pennsylvania, and the people were invoked to come to its rescue by defeating Gov. Johnston, its fast friend and defender! How any reasonable speech will make for Mr. Buchanan in the South we cannot say; but it was palpable to every hearer that the idea uppermost in the mind of the speaker, and the one which constituted the whole inspiration of his soul, was, this, in plain English—*"Gentlemen, if you rescue Gov. Johnston my prospects for the Presidency are blasted. If I succeed in defeating Johnston I will make no head against the Slave Power in this contest, the South will not stand by me, and all is lost. Therefore, fellow-citizens, if you have any regard for me, do defeat Gov. Johnston!"*

But was speech of the day was that of Col. FRANK FRAZER, of Lancaster, familiarly known as the "War horse of Democracy," but probably still better known as the bitter personal and political opponent of James Buchanan. The Colonel, in the opening of his speech announced that he was not determined to "give them a-fit!" Whom, he did not exactly tell us—whether Mr. Buchanan, Mr. Bigler, or himself, the audience—he had no means at. We cannot describe this speech. It was one of those *sui generis* efforts which baffle all description, and which it does not attempt it. The "Nigger," however, troubled the speaker amazingly. He was for making slaves of every black skinned specimen of humanity in the land. "Niggers were made to be slaves," said the speaker, emphatically,—"this country was intended for white people and not for blacks,"—the "niggers were the cause of all our difficulties," "niggers were all so made slaves or driven out of the country." And as a grand remedy for the evil, it was proposed that Pennsylvania, in the event of the election of Col. Bigler, and the ascendancy of the 'democratic' party in the next Legislature, should pass a law driving all the blacks out of the State, and then have a "chain wall" built up w a kind of barricade between the Free and Slave States to prevent all future communication! This was about the substance, and the manner of the speaker, was in keeping with the sentiment. But, unfortunately, he left the mass of his hearers in the dark as to the design of his speech, and some seemed almost doubtful that he was sincere and in earnest, and others contending just as stoutly that it was all intended as a burlesque upon the demagogueism of Buchanan and Bigler, and their contemptible truckling to the low prejudices of the mob. It was amusing to notice the discomfiture of the "Democracy" during the delivery of the Colonel's effort. Here and there throughout the crowd, a shout would occasionally arise from some of the "boys" in attendance, in response to the Colonel's indignant assertions against the "Niggers" and "Abolitionists"; but in the countenance of a huge majority of the audience displeasure and perplexity were plainly discernible.

At the conclusion of Mr. Frazer's speech, we left the ground, and we have not seen or heard any more of the speech which followed, by Mr. BONIA'R, of Cumberland county, who, we are told, wound up the proceedings by an out-and-out Free-trade effort.

Such is a brief but truthful portraiture of the "Hanover Mass Meeting." Gotten up by the Opposition, it has rebuked in good to the Whig cause, by showing to the honest portion of the democracy the kind of stuff which their chosen champions are trying to palm upon them for truth and argument; and by infusing into the hosts of true hearted Whigs, who were present and witnessed it, a feeling of strong marked indignation at the base artifices by which it is attempted to break down Gov. JOHNSTON and degrade our great and noble Commonwealth into abject submission to the behests of selfish politicians, who are ready to sacrifice the interests and the honor of the State to satisfy the demands of the Slave Power. We feel confident that every Whig who heard the speeches of Friday last must have returned to his home a better, truer, and more ardent Whig than when he left—and that there is not one who will not go to work, beneforth to the election, and labor all the harder to secure the re-election of Gov. JOHNSTON than he would have done.

With entire truth, may we exclaim, in reference to this Hanover meeting—**A few more such and the day is ours!**

GIVE US THE OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

The *Compiler* persists in the statement that the State Debt was not all contracted during the Loococo Administrations, but refuses to publish the official Documents on the subject. Now we think this refusal ought of itself to be sufficient to raise a suspicion on the part of honest-minded Democrats that there is *something wrong* in this matter. Certainly men who have confidence in their own stories and are not intentionally deceiving, should not dread the truth, or fear to have it published boldly and freely. We take the refusal of the *Compiler* to publish the Proclamation of Gov. Johnston and the Report of Auditor General Purviance on the subject of the State Debt, as proof positive that it is wilfully deceiving its readers and that it is afraid to let them have the truth. And every candid mind must think with us.

The officers under the late administration (Ritner's) put only expenditures of the whole appropriation made for repairs, *but incorrect, it appears, by one hundred and thirty-seven thousand dollars in making the necessary repairs to keep the improvements in proper repair.*"

The *Compiler* quotes the above from a Legislative Report made by Mr. Strohm, in the State Senate in 1829, but forgets to tell its readers that the $137,000 alluded to have long since been paid and are not now a part of the State Debt. But suppose it were not so. How does the above statement tally with the *Compiler's story* about Ritner's having increased the State Debt over $6,000,000? If the *Compiler* is determined to misrepresent it should at least take care to be consistent in its stories.

GROWING DESPERATE !

THE SABBATH DESECRATED BY ELECTIONEERING APPLICANTS !

The Locofocos are growing more and more desperate as the hour of trial approaches. They evidently see the handwriting on the wall, which pronounces their doom, and, in the desperation of a doubtful chance, mail themselves of every expedient to keep up their sinking ship. They have even got to circulating their vile electioneering documents on the Sabbath. We have before us a copy of a large inflammatory handbill, containing all the notorious "Gorsuch Letter," and other matters of similar cast, intended to play upon the prejudices of the weak, printed in English and German, with the following caption in glaring letters:

"A MERITED REBUKE

From the Son of a Murdered Father to the Abolition Governor."

These precious documents are being scattered broad-cast over our County until the hour of Locofoco meeting in Congress, and by the hands of supple tools who hesitate not to desecrate the Sabbath to their infamous purpose. The copy before us was drawn LAST SABBATH AFTERNOON into the shop of a locofoco and respectable Whig Blacksmith a few miles from town, with a view, of course, of influencing his vote. This fact we are prepared to back for, and prove, if desired. We have the honest of all parties to make their own comments upon it, with the simple remark that the prospects of Mr. BIGLER must be desperate indeed, to require the circulation of *such* documents at any time, but especially on the Sabbath!

The above handbill carefully conceals the source whence it comes. The Gorsuch Letter, we conclusively that it hails from the office of the *"Harrisburg Investigator*," a paper which has grown notorious by reason of its infamous calumnies and wretchless falsehoods. No doubt it originated in the brain of some miserably favored with copies. All we have to say, is that if they prove as effective in arousing to determined exertion the friends of Gov. JOHNSTON in other counties, as they have in this, they will have cause of lasting gratitude for the Locofocos. It is a trick of the Locofocos to smuggle in Locofoco votes under Whig captions.

8. Finally, ALL PULL TOGETHER. Read your votes before you put them in the ballot box. It is a trick of the Locofocos to smuggle in Locofoco votes under Whig captions.

9. Finally, ALL PULL TOGETHER. Every Whig will do his duty, and the WHOLE TICKET WILL BE ELECTED.

YOUNG MEN FOR THE WAR!

The hard work of a campaign usually falls upon the young men. They are active, zealous and willing. If we were sure that our young men would be all there attended through the day, by ten young men, we would not give a farthing to be assured of a victory. Will not the young men of the party take hold of the work?

STAY AT THE POLLS!

There are too many who think they can be dispensed with, at the hour when they have deposited their vote. The result usually is that the hard work at the polls is thrown upon the shoulders of a few men. This is not right. After voting, every elector should remain at the polls to help the number of yeas and nays to swell the number of votes, and if not, GO AFTER HIM. If every Whig who feels an interest in the result of the coming election would do what it is his duty to do, the result would be just what he would have it to be.

Vote the Whole Ticket!

DO NOT STRIKE A SINGLE NAME.—The men placed on your ticket have all been fairly nominated, and have been regularly put in nomination. Sacrifice for the sake of the party, the prejudices that may govern you. Give up your own private wishes for the good of all, and VOTE THE WHOLE TICKET. The success of the *principles* of your party imperiously requires this course.

Spurious Tickets!

Friends! Be on your guard against any and all deceptions of the kind. They are practised every year. They will be thin. Tickets will be in circulation with some Whig name omitted, and that of a Locofoco substituted. Keep a sharp look out for them, and see that no man is imposed upon by them.

Take Your Teams With You!

Every good Whig who has a team should take it with him to the polls. It would be a pity to lose a vote because no team could be found to send after it. After you have voted, be ready to labor in bringing out other voters. Do your part towards bringing in delinquents and so securing a FULL vote, that you may go home certain to have done all in your power.

A Full Whig Vote.

We hope our Whig friends in this county will adopt measures to secure a FULL VOTE in every election district. Let not a single Whig voter be overlooked—see that all are on the ground on the day of the election, and that every Whig vote is polled. Let nothing keep you at home. Should it rain, turn out like TRUE MEN and brave the "pelting of the pitiless storm." The issues involved are of immense importance—the country calls upon every patriot to do his duty, and shame to him who falters! Let all go to work with cheerful hearts and a fixed determination to get out a FULL WHIG VOTE, and the whole Whig ticket will be triumphantly elected.

The examination at Lancaster, of the persons charged with having been concerned in the Christiana murder, has resulted in sending eleven of the number to Philadelphia to stand their trial for treason against the United States. The holder of those in custody now are:

"UP, GUARDS! AND AT 'EM !"

In ten days from this day the election will take place. This is the last opportunity, save one, that will be afforded us to say anything upon the subject. The intervening time is short, but it is long enough to secure a Whig victory if our friends will go to work at once. In order to insure success two or the three things are indispensable:

1. A POLL LIST. It is one half of the battle to know the exact strength which can be brought into the field.

2. A SUB-DIVISION OF EACH ELECTION DISTRICT, with good and trusty men pledged to see that EVERY WHIG within his district votes.

3. ACTIVE MEN AT EACH POLL. The Locofocos are never deficient in this particular; nor are they over-scrupulous in the discharge of the duty which the position imposes. All that Whigs ask is FAIR PLAY.

4. VOLUNTEERS WITH TEAMS to go out after delinquents. This is the most important duty of all. Challengers and ticket distributors are plenty enough. After 12 o'clock, there should be a DOZEN MEN at every poll ready to go after delinquent neighbors. A strict attention to this important duty will save the State beyond a parallel, and ELECT THE WHIGS! give one day to your country.

5. NO SCRATCHING. Every man whose name is on the ticket deserves the support of every Whig in the county. The defeat of one man will be chained to the Locofoco triumph, and be heralded as such throughout the State. Vote the WHOLE TICKET.

6. GO TO THE POLLS EARLY. Whenever we have a great deal of work to do, and but little time to do it in, we begin early and work with vigor. The job to be begun and finished on the 14th of October is of just importance to Whigs. Commence it with the sun and KEEP AT IT ALL DAY.

7. BEWARE OF SPLIT TICKETS. Read your votes before you put them in the ballot box. It is a trick of the Locofocos to smuggle in Locofoco votes under Whig captions.

8. Finally, ALL PULL TOGETHER. Every Whig will do his duty, and the WHOLE TICKET WILL BE ELECTED.

THE PRESIDENT JUDGESHIP.

We have said little or, nothing in the present canvass on the subject of the Judiciary. Not that it was deemed a matter of minor importance, but because of a reluctance to mix up with political issues now in dispute. We may be permitted, however, at this late hour, to express the earnest hope that the President Judgeship may not be lost sight of amid the heat of partisan conflict, and that the voters of all parties will give it the consideration which its paramount importance demands. There are two candidates before the people for the post of President Judge—Hon. DANIEL DURKEE, (the present incumbent,) and ROBERT J. FISHER, Esq., of York. Between these two the people have to choose. Which ought they to take?

Judge DURKEE has been on the bench for a number of years and has acquired considerable experience. No one doubts his learning, his impartiality, his integrity, his kindness of heart, or his fitness in any respect for the post. He has made a good Judge—we have tried him and know him to be a safe Judge. Why run the hazard of a change, when matters, to say the least, cannot be bettered, but may be made infinitely worse? It is a old saw which says—*"Always let well enough alone."* He has proved himself the man for the people, but farther than that, his political views of the dignity which ought ever to attach to the Judicial office, prevents him from going. He is a Democrat and will not cease on the district—he leaves to every voter of every party to vote as his conscience and views of duty suggest.

Mr FISHER presents himself as Judge Durkee's rival, and asks to be elected. Whether Mr. Fisher has the legal qualifications and ability necessary for the station, we do not undertake to say. But even if it were so, will the people of DUKES in the other requisites of a good and safe Judge—requisites fully as important (if not more so) as that of legality? We have this question to be answered by those who know the two men. Mr. FISHER, holding different views from those entertained by Judge DURKEE as to the propriety of convening the district, is actively at work personally soliciting the suffrages of voters and appealing to his political friends to work with him. We observe that he was at Hanover on last Friday, soliciting votes, and freely spending his money for the promotion of his election. Perhaps other parts of the District. We allude to these matters to account for the non-appearance of Judge DURKEE among the people, and to express the hope that no voter will pledge his vote for any person, or, which is the same thing, he is asked for it. Judge Durkee will not *demand* the post, and if he is to be elected it must be done through the agency of those who believe that the interests of Justice would be thereby promoted.

AFRAID OF THE TRUTH.

The Compiler *refuses* to publish the official statement of Auditor General Purviance showing that EVERY DOLLAR OF THE PRESENT STATE DEBT WAS CONTRACTED UNDER LOCOFOCO ADMINISTRATIONS, and the official Proclamation of the Governor showing that **$659 122 98** of this Locofoco Debt HAS BEEN PAID BY GOV. JOHNSTON! That is high authority which says that "men love *darkness* rather than *light* because their deeds are evil."

What's the Price of Grain?

When the Tariff of 1846 was enacted, the Locofocos promised the Farmers good prices for their grain. Those good prices have not come, *and grain is lower at this moment than it has been for years!* The Locofocos will find the Farmers to support their men and their measures.

WHAT THEY THINK OF IT ABROAD.

The New York Tribune devotes an article to the political canvass in Pennsylvania, an extract or two from which we make to show what they think in other States of the villainous tirade of detraction upon which the opposition are pursuing our noble Chief Executive:

"The Opposition managers in Pennsylvania, (says the Tribune,) have entered in this canvass as "desperate men" seeking a constitutional ability and proclivity to dive deeper and come up filthier than any possible competitors. Although their candidate for Governor himself virtually voted for the State law of 1847 prohibiting the use of County Prisons for the confinement of alleged fugitives from Slavery—the bill passing the Senate without objection while he was a member of that body and present—yet the fact that Gov. Johnston did not so far let slip the bill repealing that law which was thrust upon him during the last hours of the late Session forms the chief weapon used and supported by the Whig Party and that every 'Whig in the Borough of Gettysburg be regarded as a friend of the Slave Trade.

On motion, Messrs Charles Horner, James G. Reed, Wm. M. Hanersly, A. B. Kurtz, and Henry Little, were appointed a Committee to report officers for the permanent organization of the Club. The Committee, after retiring a short time, reported the following officers, and the nominations were unanimously confirmed:

Presidents—WM. WISOTZKY.

Vice President—David Sweeny, Adam Herman, Daniel Baldwin, Johnston H. Skelly.

Secretaries—D. G. Frey, Samuel G. Cook, Gerard Balsley.

Executive Committee—J. Weigle, Jeremiah Culp, Henry Hughes, Nicholas Cobaugh, Jacob Bender, Jr., John Gilbert, A. Buehler, John Carver, Ezekiah Z. Little, Valentine Werner, Daniel Gilbert, Geo. H. Stewart, Jacob Slaybaugh, David McCreary, Martin Warren, George Codori, Jacob Hemmell, James Rouzer, Samuel J. Little, Lewis Hoffman, Jr., Henry Gulich, Wm. B. McClellan, Wm. J. Marden, A. Cooper, Stevenson, and Geo. Little.

Treasurer—Robert G. Harper.

On motion, it was Resolved, that the Republican Whigs of this place will not be present at any of the meetings of the Democratic party in the next Legislature, should pass a law driving all the blacks out of the State, and then have a "chain wall" built up w a kind of barricade between the Free and Slave States to prevent all future communication! This was about the substance, and the manner of the speaker, was in keeping with the sentiment. But, unfortunately, he left the mass of his hearers in the dark as to the design of his speech, and some seemed almost doubtful that he was sincere and in earnest, and others contending just as stoutly that it was all intended as a burlesque upon the demagogueism of Buchanan and Bigler, and their contemptible truckling to the low prejudices of the mob. It was amusing to notice the discomfiture of the "Democracy" during the delivery of the Colonel's effort. Here and there throughout the crowd, a shout would occasionally arise from some of the "boys" in attendance, in response to the Colonel's indignant assertions against the "Niggers" and "Abolitionists"; but in the countenance of a huge majority of the audience displeasure and perplexity were plainly discernible.

At the conclusion of Mr. Frazer's speech, we left the ground, and we have not seen or heard any more of the speech which followed, by Mr. BONIA'R, of Cumberland county, who, we are told, wound up the proceedings by an out-and-out Free-trade effort.

Such is a brief but truthful portraiture of the "Hanover Mass Meeting." Gotten up by the Opposition, it has rebuked in good to the Whig cause, by showing to the honest portion of the democracy the kind of stuff which their chosen champions are trying to palm upon them for truth and argument; and by infusing into the hosts of true hearted Whigs, who were present and witnessed it, a feeling of strong marked indignation at the base artifices by which it is attempted to break down Gov. JOHNSTON and degrade our great and noble Commonwealth into abject submission to the behests of selfish politicians, who are ready to sacrifice the interests and the honor of the State to satisfy the demands of the Slave Power. We feel confident that every Whig who heard the speeches of Friday last must have returned to his home a better, truer, and more ardent Whig than when he left—and that there is not one who will not go to work, beneforth to the election, and labor all the harder to secure the re-election of Gov. JOHNSTON than he would have done.

With entire truth, may we exclaim, in reference to this Hanover meeting—**A few more such and the day is ours!**

GIVE US THE OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

The *Compiler* persists in the statement that the State Debt was not all contracted during the Loococo Administrations, but refuses to publish the official Documents on the subject. Now we think this refusal ought of itself to be sufficient to raise a suspicion on the part of honest-minded Democrats that there is *something wrong* in this matter. Certainly men who have confidence in their own stories and are not intentionally deceiving, should not dread the truth, or fear to have it published boldly and freely. We take the refusal of the *Compiler* to publish the Proclamation of Gov. Johnston and the Report of Auditor General Purviance on the subject of the State Debt, as proof positive that it is wilfully deceiving its readers and that it is afraid to let them have the truth. And every candid mind must think with us.

The officers under the late administration (Ritner's) put only expenditures of the whole appropriation made for repairs, *but incorrect, it appears, by one hundred and thirty-seven thousand dollars in making the necessary repairs to keep the improvements in proper repair.*"

The *Compiler* quotes the above from a Legislative Report made by Mr. Strohm, in the State Senate in 1829, but forgets to tell its readers that the $137,000 alluded to have long since been paid and are not now a part of the State Debt. But suppose it were not so. How does the above statement tally with the *Compiler's story* about Ritner's having increased the State Debt over $6,000,000? If the *Compiler* is determined to misrepresent it should at least take care to be consistent in its stories.

THE GORSUCH LETTER.

The Philadelphia North American says that the means by which the Gorsuch letter was procured, will soon be disclosed. It adds, in reference to that discreditable production and the course of the Locofoco papers, that they "have to our personal knowledge, secured votes to Gov. Johnston which they would not have obtained under other circumstances. A great and sensible reaction has already been felt, and the moral and intelligent portion of the Democracy are determined to mark the men who have defamed their native State, and who, regardless of all propriety, have descerated the dead that they might serve a political purpose."

The Philadelphia Dispatch, (a neutral paper) says that the effect of the attempt to implicate Gov. Johnston in the Christiana Riot has reacted in his favor in that city and made for him at least Two Thousand Votes! Can't we have another Gorsuch letter?

WHAT SAY YOU, FREEMEN?

Has it come to this—that the voters of Pennsylvania are to be dictated to by Maryland and Virginia in the choice of a Governor, and told whom they shall elect and whom not. Are they ready to surrender their sovereignty as men and freemen, in the bidding of Slaveocracy and Slaveholders? This is what Mr. Bigler and his pro-slavery partizans ask us to do. What say you, Freemen of Pennsylvania!

THE LAST CARD!

"He did not know that there was any CAUSE for ALARM, but it was better to REMOVE RAISE A FALSE ALARM than that Johnston should be elected!!!"

Why, we know that the game now playing by Bigler, Buchanan & Co., is the result of a preconcerted arrangement between the leaders of the opposition, as is shown by the above remark of Mr. Bigler, and the publication of the Gorsuch letter and the comments of the Loococo Press on the riot at Christiana and their efforts to identify Gov. Johnston with the Abolitionists. This publication is *sham, intended for political effect*. Laugh at and despise the miserable tricksters, who would thus agitate the country with false alarms merely to gain votes for their party.

PROOF OF THE PLOT!

Some of the Loococo papers having denied the foregoing representation, Mr. Bigler, in his speech at Hanover, produces the extract, which is full and ample. We will give it next week.

Accident to Col. Bigler.

An accident of a rather serious character happened to Col. Bigler, while on his way to Hanover, a few miles west from Carlisle on Saturday last. He was coming from Carlisle to Hanover, a few miles west from Carlisle, in descending a hill, one of the lead horses fell, and in attempting to rise, he broke his pipe-tree, when the carriage became ungovernable and upset, but fortunately in jumping some of the party seriously. The Colonel escaped with a slight bruise. One of the horses was much hurt, and the carriage completely wrecked. Some other mode of conveyance was immediately provided, and the Colonel arrived at Hanover in good time.—*Compiler.*

A friend at our elbow wonders where Gov. JOHNSTON could have been when Mr. Bigler's carriage broke down, and suggests that the Locofocos hold him responsible for the accident. We think it may not. The Locofocos seem to think our nominee is gifted with miraculous power in creating or preventing riots, murders, and accidents—and if so, he certainly should have prevented the horses from "kicking the pole to pieces!"

Ominous.

The spot at which Mr. Bigler's carriage broke down, between Carlisle & Hanover, is known as *"Johnston's Hill."* Rather ominous, that!

D. B. Smyser, Esq.

We observe that our townsman D. B. SMYSER, Esq., is announced as a candidate for President Judge of the Bucks and Montgomery Judicial district. There are few better lawyers or riper scholars in the State than Mr. S., and few men that would make a better Judge. Mr. Smyser has been nominated by the Whigs of Bucks County, and if the Whigs of Montgomery concur, as they probably will, he will be the nominee of the Whigs of the district. The district is strongly Locofoco, but that party is divided—the Mongoven Locos supporting Mr. Furnance, and the Bucks Locos supporting Judge Chapman. Should this division continue, Mr. Smyser's prospects will be good.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED Proposals will be received until the second Tuesday of October next, for building the present or the Common Wealth of Pennsylvania into Slave-Pens for the use of Slave-holders and Slave-hunters, and for the building of *that* wall between Pennsylvania and the South, as referred to in the plans and specifications laid down at the Hanover meeting. Copy of plications can be made at the Office of Commissioner Inman, in Philadelphia, or Commissioner McAllister, in Harrisburg. "Abolitionists" need not apply.

By order of
Buchanan, Bigler, & Co.

P. S.—Applicants for the above job are requested at the same time to submit their views of the propriety of introducing Slavery into Pennsylvania, and to suggest, for other reasons, their fitness, their judgment, may be best calculated to secure the vote of Gov. JAMES BUCHANAN in the next Presidential contest.

WHIG BOROUGH MEETING.

Agreeably to public notice, a number of the Whigs of the Borough assembled at the house of John L. Tate, on the evening of the 29th ult., to organize a JOHNSTON CLUB. On motion, Jacob Bender, Esq., was called to the Chair; William Wierman and James Rouzer were appointed Vice Presidents, and David A. Buehler, Secretary.

D. McConaughy, Esq., having stated the object of the Meeting, on motion of Gen. James G. Reed, it was unanimously

Resolved, That we hereby organize ourselves into a "JOHNSTON CLUB," for the purpose of promoting the re-election of Gov. Wm. F. Johnston—and the other candidates nominated and supported by the Whig Party and that every 'Whig in the Borough of Gettysburg be regarded as a friend of the Slave Trade.

On motion, Messrs Charles Horner, James G. Reed, Wm. M. Hanersly, A. B. Kurtz, and Henry Little, were appointed a Committee to report officers for the permanent organization of the Club. The Committee, after retiring a short time, reported the following officers, and the nominations were unanimously confirmed:

Presidents—WM. WISOTZKY.

Vice President—David Sweeny, Adam Herman, Daniel Baldwin, Johnston H. Skelly.

Secretaries—D. G. Frey, Samuel G. Cook, Gerard Balsley.

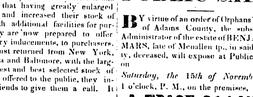
Executive Committee—J. Weigle, Jeremiah Culp, Henry Hughes, Nicholas Cobaugh, Jacob Bender, Jr., John Gilbert, A. Buehler, John Carver, Ezekiah Z. Little, Valentine Werner, Daniel Gilbert, Geo. H. Stewart, Jacob Slaybaugh, David McCreary, Martin Warren, George Codori, Jacob Hemmell, James Rouzer, Samuel J. Little, Lewis Hoffman, Jr., Henry Gulich, Wm. B. McClellan, Wm. J. Marden, A. Cooper, Stevenson, and Geo. Little.

Treasurer—Robert G. Harper.

On motion, it was Resolved, that the Republican Whigs of this place will not be present at any of the meetings of the Club be authorized to call Meetings at such times and places as may be deemed proper.

The Meeting was, during the course of the evening, successively addressed by R. G. McCreary, Esq., Gen. James G. Reed, and D. McConaughy, Esq., in appropriate and pertinent speeches.

On motion, the Club adjourned to meet in the Court-house on *Friday* evening, at 7 o'clock—and the proceedings of this meeting were ordered to be published in the Whig papers of the borough.



Attorney General Franklin in Reply to Rev. Gorsuch.

A Plain Statement of Facts.

To the Editor of the Union and Tribune

Sir—In a letter dated the 18th inst., addressed to Governor Johnston by the Rev. J. S. Gorsuch, of Washington, which appeared in your paper of the 25th, I have been waiting for any reply or explanation, he assailed the Governor in the most unchristian terms, and charged him with the inactivity and gross dereliction of duty in regard to the murder of his father near Christiana. I have waited for the expiration of the 25th inst., to retract and apologize, for his charges against me, but (strange to say) no such retraction or apology appears in the Union of this morning, which the Governor has authorized me to publish as his answer to Gorsuch. It should be known that SENATOR MILLER is one of the counsel for the prisoners charged with the late meeting in September, when Gov. Johnston was in Gettysburg, and that he was a prominent man in the party in opposing what the Governor and his friends regard as the proper course in Governor's charges—and in abusing the State Government for its conduct. Yet on the face of the letter, he attempts to make himself every township and county WHIG to vote for him, "who has the courage to do it." Now, I know that candidates are fair game, but I cannot see that such a course is fair, or honorable. Mr. Miller is one of my Whig vote, and he knows that the contest in the district—but I tell you, I am not! Would I vote MILLER one for a Whig for any office? No! But if he put on the Bosch, he would thank them over the left shoulder. A READING WHIG.

GLORIOUS NEWS FROM BALTIMORE CITY.

The result of the election for members of Congress in Maryland on Wednesday last, is favorable to the Whigs, as far as heard from. In the 4th district, comprising the first ward of Baltimore, Gen. Lee, we have a glorious result.—T. YEATES WALSH (Whig) bearing his Locofoco opponent (Wm. Pinckney Whyte) by 199. This district, two years ago, gave M'L