THE STAR AND BANNER.
GETTYSBURG.
Friday Evening, Sept. 12, 1851.

FOR PRESIDENT,
WINFIELD SCOTT.
(Subject to the decision of a Whig National Convention.)

OUR CANDIDATES.

FOR GOVERNOR
WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
John Strohm, of Lancaster.

FOR JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT
Richard Coulter, of Westmor'd.
George Chambers, of Franklin.
Joshua W. Comly, of Montour.
William M. Meredith, of Phil's.
William Jessup, of Susquehanna

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE OF FOUR AND ADAMS COUNTIES
DANIEL DURKEE.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES.
Samuel R. Russell,
John McGinley.

ASSESSORS.
John Scott.

PROTHONOTARY
William W. Paxton.
REGISTER & RECORDER.
Daniel Plank.
CLERK OF THE COURTS.
Eden Norris.
TREASURER.
Thomas Warren.
COMMISSIONERS.
Abraham Reever.
AUDITOR.
Andrew Marshall, jr.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.
James Bigham.
DRAGOMAN.
Henry W. Caufman.

OFFICIAL.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

BY WM. F. JOHNSTON,
Governor of said Commonwealth.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, In and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth, passed the tenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, entitled "*An Act to create a Sinking Fund, and to provide for the Gradual and Certain extinguishment of the Debt of the Commonwealth*," it is enacted and provided as follows, viz:

Sec. 1. That the Secretary of the Commonwealth, Auditor General, and State Treasurer, for the time being, shall be Commissioners, who are hereby authorized to receive the revenue appropriated by this act, or which may hereafter be appropriated for the same object, and to purchase thereith the debt of the State of Pennsylvania at its market price, if not exceeding the par value thereof, to the full extent of the said revenues, and to hold and apply the same, and the interest thereon accruing, firmly and inviolably on the trusts and for the purposes hereinafter specified.

Sec. 2. That all revenue derived from the following sources, to wit: the tolls on collateral inheritances and the per centage assessed upon any bank or railroad, or coal mining, railroad and coal mining, or improvement company charter, all taxes assessed on distilleries and breweries, or billiard rooms, bowling saloons, and ten pin alleys, on new countries, on theatrical, circus and menagerie exhibitions, and on eating houses, beer houses and restaurants, and all such revenues as may hereafter be found from time to time set apart for the purposes mentioned in this act, shall, as soon as the same shall be received at the Treasury, be paid over to the said Commissioners, who shall forthwith proceed to purchase the debts of the Commonwealth, on the terms and for the purposes set forth in the first section of this act.

Sec. 3. That the said Commissioners shall be authorized to receive the interest due and payable on the debt, as so aforesaid purchased and held by them, which interest shall be likewise applied to the purchase of said debt, so that the sinking shall form a constantly accumulating fund for the extinguishment of the public debt.

Sec. 4. That it shall be the duty of the said Commissioners, on the first Monday of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, and on the same day every third year thereafter, to certify the amount of the debt of the Commonwealth held by them at the date of the report, who shall direct the certificates representing the same to be cancelled, and on such cancellation to make a report, stating the fact and the extinguishment and final discharge of so much of the principal of said debt.

Sec. 5. That the said Commissioners shall within ten days after the organization of the Legislature, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, and in every third year thereafter, specially report to the Legislature, the fact of the public debt, so as aforesaid liquidated and proclaimed by the Governor to have been cancelled, and what reduction of taxes may, in consequence thereof, be made, in order that the Legislature may provide such reduction in the burthens of the people.

AND WHEREAS, Alexander L. Russell, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Ephraim Banks, Auditor General, and John M. Riddel, State Treasurer, Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, have CERTIFIED to me as follows, viz:

Office of the Commr's. of the Sinking Fund,
Harrisburg, September 1, 1851.

To His Excellency, *Wm. F. Johnston, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.*

SIR:—In compliance with the 4th section of the act, entitled "An Act to create a Sinking Fund and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the Commonwealth," approved the 10th day of April, 1849, the Commissioners of said fund hereby certify that the amount of the debt of the Commonwealth purchased under the provisions of said act, as hereinbefore referred to, and now held by them, is SIX HUNDRED AND FIFTY-NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-TWO DOLLARS AND NINETY-EIGHT CENTS ($659,122,98) consisting of 4 per cents, bearing unpaid interest, various sets of Assembly.

Your obedient servants,
A. L. RUSSELL,
E. BANKS,
JNO. M. RIDDEL,
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

NOW THEREFORE, In obedience to the requirement of the fourth section of the act of the General Assembly aforesaid, I do hereby issue this Proclamation, publishing and declaring the aforesaid INDEBTEDNESS AND FINAL DISCHARGE OF SIX HUNDRED AND FIFTY-NINE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-TWO DOLLARS AND NINETY-EIGHT CENTS, ($659,122 98) of the PUBLIC DEBT of this Commonwealth; and that I have affixed the certificate, representing the same to be canceled.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State at Harrisburg, the fifth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, and of the Commonwealth the ninety-ninth.

By the Governor:
A. L. RUSSELL,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TREASURY OF THE STATE, GRENVILLE AND LUCRETIA EDITORS.—The Locofocos call Gov. Johnson's Sinking Fund a "humbug" and a "cheat."

In has paid over HALF A MILLION of the State debt, and will pay more before this fiscal year expires. Gen. Bigler, the Opposition State Treasurer, who is competent to judge, says the Sinking Fund is AS WISE AND SALUTARY AN ENTERPRISE and that if undistributed, IT WILL PAY THE STATE DEBT.

Gen. Bigler, and the Locofoco press generally, have taken ground against the Sinking Fund. Will the people sustain men who oppose, ridicule and denounce what is SAVING THE STATE DEBT?—*Daily American.*

THE GARNETTS.—Hobbs declines the nomination of the word governor for the word of punishment in Spain, by strangulation, the victim being placed on a stool with a post behind, to which is affixed an iron collar with a screw; this collar is made to clasp the neck of the victim behind, and drawn tight by means of a screw, until life becomes extinct."

"TO COME OR NOT TO COME," THAT'S THE QUESTION!

The "Old Hunkers" Triumphant!

Well, the question—the *great* question, "big with the fate" of more than one aspirant for leadership in the ranks of the opposition—has been settled at last. *He's not coming!* and those who have been expecting a "sight of the elephant," may as well give it up—knock under, and go it blind. After all, what right have the rank and file—the shillelaghs in the service—those who do the work and labor hardest and most in any but the path marked out for them by their superiors, or to think in any but the channels prescribed by the same authority? Why, to do so, or even attempt it, is rank *mutiny*—a capital infringement of the rules of the service—one might as well set up for himself, think for himself, and work for himself—and that would be "high treason" with modern, pretend democracy, as every body knows! No wonder, then, that this attempt to have the "elephant" brought on, despite the orders of "the leaders," should have excited so much feeling in the camp of our opponents—no wonder that the denunciations of the multipeers are so loud and free upon the corners of our streets.

But to explain. It is pretty generally understood that the leaders of the opposition in this county, who usually undertake to do the thinking and planning for their political friends, had agreed in council that it would be inexpedient to invite Col. BIGLER, the opposition candidate for Governor, to visit Adams county, and so the *fiat* went forth. Two reasons were assigned for this policy. One—that Col. BIGLER would compare very unfavorably, on the stump, with Gov. JOHNSTON, and nothing could be gained on that score, while much might be lost. The other—that his appearance in our midst would have a tendency to draw party lines, call out a heavy Whig vote, and thus endanger the prospects of the "independent" candidates for the County Offices! This was the judgment of the "Old Hunker" division of the opposition, represented by Messrs. Cassatt, Cooper, and the reputed leaders of the party, with those who acknowledge their authority.

Unfortunately, however, there managed to slip through the opposition, whose sympathies not always accord with the arrangements of this one, and which for the sake of convenience we shall designate the "*Young Democracy*," representing the young men of the party and the Progressives, (*Always and—*regardless*," we believe, are the terms applied to them by the 'old Hunker' section,) who sometimes arrogate to themselves the right of thinking and acting for themselves. Well, the "*Young Democracy*" computed the strength of the "old Hunkers" and thought they have a right to be heard occasionally in the councils of the party, now fit to undertake to reverse the decision of the "Old Hunker" leaders; and at the primary meeting of the party, held in this place, on Saturday night last, submitted, through their representatives, a proposition to invite Col. BIGLER to visit the Democracy of Adams county.—From all accounts, the explosion of a bomb shell would have been less startling, could not have caused a greater commotion than did the introduction of this 'impudent' proposition. In the context of harsh words and bitter invectives that ensued, the "Young Democracy" were threatened, held their own, and bravely sustained the shock of the attack which met them at all points. It was maintained (and with some show of reason, we must confess,) that as the nomination of the Democracy of the party, and are always called upon when hard service is to be rendered, they were entitled to some privileges, and in asking the privilege of seeing the man presented to them as their candidate for Governor, and learning from him his views of policy, as the Whigs had from Gov. Johnston, they were but seeking the privilege of freemen. Courtesy to their candidate, too, it was maintained, required that he should be invited to come into their midst. As to the objection, that the presence of Mr. BIGLER might endanger the prospects of the "independent" candidates—it was argued, would do for those whose *Democracy consisted in fighting for the loaves and fishes*, but it wouldn't answer for those *who were Democrats from principle*, and who believed the triumph of the principles of the candidate for Governor who was of infinitely more moment to the Democratic party than the securing of a few petty local offices, which could benefit no ones but the incumbents and those who looked for pickings at their hands.

All, however, would not do. The "*Old Hunkers*" proved to be in the ascendancy, of three votes, and the "*Young Democracy*" were silenced by a flat refusal to permit the nag, of whose running, capacity they had heard so much, to be "*trotted out*." Whatever the INTERIOR of the decision may be, we cannot but approve the WISDOM of it in unquestionably better that the rank and file of the Democracy should be required to "go it blind" in support of Mr. BIGLER, even at the risk of creating some dissatisfaction in their ranks, than that our leaders should be forced to "show their hands" in connection with that office.

But let us go a step farther, and see whether the Democracy have not good reasons for this course. Gov. Ritner's term really was increased to $24,141,062 80,—The "Complier" and the Harrisburg "Intelligencer" say it was! What say the seven office of Government—members of the Locofoco party?

Gov. Porter, in his last Message, (See Document Journal 1844, page 5,) values the State debt on the 30th of November, 1844, to be as follows:

Funded Debt,	$39,292,450 65
Loans, (other issues,)	1,438,178, 00
Interest due domestic creditors on certificates issued by the Auditor General,	101,381 93
Amounting to the sum of	$40,831,013 60

He states further on the same page that "THE INCREASE IN THE STATE DEBT, since I assumed the duties of the Executive Chair, may be properly understood when it is stated, that the interest which has accrued thereon, since that time, Amounts to $10,362,145 00
The amount of interest guaranteed to private corporations, is 141,310 00
And the amount of appropriations towards the completion of unfinished lines of public improvements, commenced prior to that time, (which Gov. Porter approved) to about 4,500,000 00
Amounting to $15,006,026 00
Gov. Porter "assumed the duties of the Executive Chair" when Gov. Ritner retired. Gov. Porter says the debt was $40,831,013 60 when he left office. He states that when he came in office in 1844, it was $15,006,026 00. Consequently, when his term commenced, and upon the expiration of Gov. Ritner's term, the State debt must have been in the neighborhood of $25,000,000—in and about what it was admitted it was when Gov. Ritner went into office. This is according to the showing of Gov. Porter, who certainly had no partiality for Gov. Ritner.

And what does Auditor General Purviance, (himself a Locofoco and elected by a Locofoco Legislature,) in his official report to the State Legislature, as published to us last week? We need not republish it. By reference to it, it will be seen Mr. Purviance verifies to the periods at which the State Loans, which make up the present State Debt, were authorized, and we find that no loan was made from the 13th of April, 1835, to the 26th of January, 1839. New Gov. Ritner went into office on the 21 Tuesday of January, 1839, and went out on the 21 Tuesday of January, 1842, during which time NOT A DOLLAR WAS ADDED TO THE STATE DEBT! This is just what Gov. Johnson stated in his speech—and the statement is sustained in part by Gov. Porter, and in full by Auditor General Purviance, and the official records in the Department at Harrisburg—the "Complier" and the Harrisburg "Intelligencer" to the contrary, note withstanding.—

Now's a word or two, at the other point—the decline of the "Complier" that Gov. Ritner's term of office increased the debt of the State, and in claim that a large amount of the Sinking Fund revenue was realized under the administration of Gov. Shunk. Supply the reader, the official Proclamation of the Governor, in to-day's paper, made in pursuance of law, and accompanied by the certificate of Messrs. Russell, Banks, Cassatt, and John M. Riddle, (both Locofocos of approved stamp,) and elected to Office by the Locofoco party within the last year,) settles this question beyond all cavil. To that Proclamation we direct the reader's attention, and especially to the certificate of Messrs. Russell, Banks and Riddle, Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, who certify that the entire debt of $659,122,98 of State Debt was purchased SINCE the establishment of the Act of April 10, 1849, known as GOV. JOHNSTON'S SINKING FUND ACT! And yet the "Complier" and Harrisburg "Intelligencer" say he has paid but $155,777 58. It is a great pity that there should be any such things as official records and sworn officers. They play hob' with Locofoco newspaper statements!

The York papers speak glowingly of the reception of Gov. JOHNSTON in that place last week. The number of people on the ground is estimated as high as THREE THOUSAND.

GOV. JOHNSTON'S VISIT TO GETTYSBURG.

"A Humiliating Spectacle!"

Under this caption, the last Compiler, by extract, has given "such stuff as the market. Whig Man thinking sold to flow." Johnson's speech, in that paper, is made up of two points of which may be worthy of notice, if for no other purpose than to show the "humiliating spectacle" of the extent of misrepresentation and deception to which locofoco journals will resort in order to further partisan interests. We pass by all the twaddle about the illegal appearance of the gubernatorial at this place, "the reckless demagogue," "arrogant pretension," "flippancy of manner," "want of candor," and similar matter, with which the Compiler's editorial abounds. Every individual that mingled in the throng that day and listened to the sharp, candid, and goodnaturedly argumentative Governor Johnson, (including a large number of those who dissent from the Governor's political views,) will be a competent witness to the absurdity, not to say falsity, of these representations. We only wonder that the Compiler should venture an article of this kind, when it should have known that the publication of so much of truth as its own readers would contain it of misrepresentation. It ought to have been remembered, as a well established rule of evidence, that when a witness testifies falsely in one respect, he casts suspicion upon his entire testimony.

But to the points we desire to notice. *First*, the statement of Gov. JOHNSTON that the State Debt was entirely contracted under Locofoco administrations is controverted, and an attempt made to prove that a large portion (upwards of $18,000,000) was contracted under the administration of Gov. RITNER. To sustain this position, the Compiler does not hesitate to quote the names of reckless and irresponsible sheet at Harrisburg, which has taken to itself the title of "The Intelligencer," and which is rapidly acquiring a most unenviable notoriety for the recklessness of its statements and the baldness of its falsifications of official records. But let us examine the figures thus furnished us.

The Compiler states the State Debt in 1835, when Gov. WOLF went out of office, and when Gov. RITNER went in, to have been $24,530,003 22. Then, to make out an increase of debt under the latter, it claims the amount of State Debt at the beginning of Gov. RITNER'S term to have been $34,141,062 80—near ten millions more. Now, by his own showing, the COMPILER convicts itself of misrepresentation in the matter of Gov. RITNER'S term of office. Supply the reader, the official Proclamation of the Governor, in to-day's paper, made in pursuance of law, and accompanied by the certificate of Messrs. RUSSELL, BANKS, CASSATT, and JOHN M. RIDDLE, (both Locofoco of approved stamp, and elected to Office by the Locofoco party within the last year,) settles this question beyond all cavil. To that Proclamation we direct the reader's attention, and especially to the certificate of Messrs. Russell, Banks and Riddle, Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, who certify that the entire debt of $659,122,98 of State Debt was purchased SINCE the establishment of the Act of April 10, 1849, known as GOV. JOHNSTON'S SINKING FUND ACT! And yet the "Compiler" and Harrisburg "Intelligencer" say he has paid but $155,777 58. It is a great pity that there should be any such things as official records and sworn officers. They play hob' with Locofoco newspaper statements!

THE TORY PRESS.—Gov. JOHNSTON in that place, on Monday evening last, which was addressed by SAMUEL VAN BRACKLE, of Philadelphia, the presiding officer of that Order in the U. States. We cordially commend this organization to our colored population, to a large number of whom its restraining influences would certainly prove of much service. Our colored people need information as well as the whites, and habits of sobriety, industry and economy on their part would do much in the way of breaking the false popular prejudice which prevails against their class.

The Governor's Proclamation—Glorious tidings for the Taxpayers—The Debt reduced by Gov. Johnston's Sinking Fund!

"$650,000!!!

In another column we publish the proclamation of Gov. Johnston, announcing that the Sinking Fund in the two years and a half it has been in operation, has paid $659,122 98 of the public debt. This is not the *total reduction* of debt effected by Gov. Johnston. How much has been paid will be seen by a comparison of the amount of public debt on Nov. 30, 1848, and the amount on September 1, 1851. In 1848 the debt was as follows:

Funded,	$39,292,350 93
Unfunded,	1,081,366 69
Unfunded and Motive Power debts returned in 1849 and 50 but not yet presented prior to 1st December, 1849,	373,861 46
Total debt Nov. 30, '48,	$40,748,579 43

In stating the debt due at that time, the Locofocos *purposely omit to count the sum of $373,861 46*, which was then *contracted illegally under Gov. Shunk's administration, which was not known to exist until after Gov. Johnston took office, and which, as directed by the Legislature, Gov. Johnston has paid in full!!* The public debt, when Gov. Shunk left office, was $40,848,508 41, being $137,794 27 less than when he went into office. Four years before, the whole of this reduction was wrung from them the payment of a debt which bore no interest.

See what the public debt now is. The official records prove it to be as follows:

Amount of funded debt, *including interest in the shape of Loan certificates issued by the ministers of Sinking Fund, and also payable from *Motive Power* and *Internal Improvement* Funds,	$39,968,914 78
Amount of unfunded debt, same date,	912,570 64
Total sum of debt,	$40,779,485 42
Deduct amount of stock purchased by Commissioners of Sinking Fund,	659,122 98
Total debt Sept. 1, 1851	$40,116,362 44

RECAPITULATION.

Total debt Nov. 30th, 1848,	$40,848,508 41
Do. Sept. 1st, 1851,	40,116,362 44
Less now than two years and a half ago,	$732,235 97

This proves that Gov. Johnston, in the two years and a half since he was inaugurated, has paid SEVEN HUNDRED AND THIRTY-TWO THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED AND THIRTY-FIVE DOLLARS AND NINETY-SEVEN CENTS ($732,235,97) of the debt of the Commonwealth!!

In the same time appropriations have been made from the North Branch canal; over two hundred and forty thousand dollars were paid to the permanent improvement of the Columbia railway; four hundred thousand dollars have been applied to avoidance of the Inclined Plane at the Schuylkill, and various other amounts were appropriated, which have placed the public works in better repair than they ever were before.

These are the results of Gov. Johnston's administration. Noble results they are, and well do they entitle Gov. Johnston to the reputation of the first public servant, under whose rule a considerable reduction of the public debt was paid, the public credit maintained, and the public honor preserved!

POST THE BOOKS!

The Harrisburg Union publishes the following bill, in bold type, under its editorial head:

The Commonwealth, Dr.

To Wm. F. Johnston,

To mileage in travelling to Harrisburg to take charge of the Executive office, on the resignation of the king Governor, F. R. Shunk, 200 miles, $20 00

Received Payment,

Wm. F. Johnston.

This gives the "Reading Journal," in all fair and honest and earnest tones, to the members of Congress and the Legislature, journeymen, witnesses, &c., &c., receive mileage, and accordingly the members of the Legislature, being called to the seat of government from a distance to act in the capacity of Governor? But the Union has forgot to give the credit side of the account. Here it is:

CR.

By Reduction of the State Debt in 23 years's of Gov. Johnston's Administration, $659,122 98
Deduct Mileage, 20 00
1st Balance in favor of Gov. Johnston, $659,062 98

We also beg leave to call attention to the following "little running account," of some thirty years' standing, against the Locofoco Party of the State, still on the "books" of the Auditor General's office:

THE LOCOFOCO PARTY,
To the People of Pennsylvania, Dr.
To Amount of STATE DEBT contracted as follows, viz:

1835-36. Under Gov. HIESTER,	$26,951 83
1836-39. Under Gov. SHULTZE,	4,339,205 17
1839-45. Under Gov. WOLF,	10,357,515 51
1845-48. Under Gov. POINDEXTER,	1,000,000 00
1848-49. Under Gov. SHUNK,	4,567,177 72
Total,	$40,848,508 73

Attest,
JOSEP H. PURVIANCE,
Auditor General's Department.

"Pay dollars a day and count time!" was the rallying cry of the Locos in 1840—but the unfortunate "*people*" found, to their cost, that the "*dollars*" go Chain Commissioners) when in Locofoco hands, and "NO THANK YOU" for the money in Mexico.—COMPILER.

*A slight mistake!—mileage, or, in fact, JOHN STROHM, when in Congress, NOTHING FOR EVERY BILL to provide for the army in Mexico, except the one containing the lying preamble that we having been driven into a war, and who, according to your views, went in for "no beef for the army in Mexico." Always put the saddle on the right horse!

The Pittsburg *Gazette* is informed on unquestionable authority that many of the leading democrats of Philadelphia intend to vote the entire Whig political ticket on the score of personal fitness and merit, as compared with the ticket nominated by their party.

Seth Clover's Incompetency—The Question Settled.

We published last week, an article from the Clarion Register proving the upper hundred of Locofoco candidate for Clerk of the Court, Seth Clover, to discharge the duties of that office, in consequence of his being unable to read or write. We have since received the second edition of jubilee and rejoicing for the last three days, owing to the expulsion of Seth Clover from the office of the Locofoco press, and among others the 'Compiler,' with their stereotyped reply to every charge, unanswerable, namely, "a slander," &c., and as if with some show for their denial of it, published a card signed by several of the return Judges, for whom Mr. CLOVER was acting as clerk on the occasion, which, we know, they never signed, or put out,—to the effect that Sheriff Clover "is an apt accountant, and able to make out their return books!"—and with this documentary evidence they triumphantly exclaim, "the slander nailed!" How that certificate was obtained we cannot tell. We know, however, sufficient evidence that so thing is wrong as to the signatures appended to it. The letter which we give below will explain itself. It was written by the Judge of the election who was induced to sign the card referred to above, when aware of the mistake he had been led to do it. It was written to the editor of the Clarion-Register, by request of the writer.

SUTTERSVILLE, Aug. 25, '51.

MR. A. J. GLOSS—Dear Sir:—In looking over the last Clarion Democrat, I find my name to a certificate of the Return Judges, in favor of Clover, signed that paper with the understanding that it contains what it does. It was brought to me for signature, when I was in Gettysburg, and I, in my hurry, did not read it. Richardson, Upon their representations I signed the paper without reading it. I intended to write you before, to inform you that the returns were correctly made out after Mr. Thompson came up to the Court House. I DID NOT INTEND TO CERTIFY THAT SHERIFF CLOVER WAS AN APT ACCOUNTANT, OR THAT HE WAS ABLE TO MAKE OUT THE RETURNS HIMSELF.—The Board, except the Clerks, paid but little attention to the business of the election, and I, in my hurry, did not read the paper I was asked to sign. We were kept up till about twelve o'clock, and I, in my astonishment, I found the Clerks had not, when I came down to the returns, and they had to send for Hugh Thompson to come up and help them. Conditions may have been made by the Clerks by twelve o'clock; if this I am not certain, but I will say I could not stay up any longer, and the lateness of the hour, and the confused position in which the Clerks had been, induced me to leave the Court House to send for Mr. Thompson.

SOLOMON ECKERT.

Sutterville Judge of Elk'p.

Now, then, how stands the matter? The "slander," so boastingly nailed to the counter, is now set down as an historical fact, and SHERIFF CLOVER convicted of incompetency, in the judgment of his own friends, by the testimony of his own Judge of Election, who, in the exercise of his official duties, was induced to sign a certificate, which he was induced to do, by the representations of the Locofoco Clerks, who, in the exercise of their official duties, were guilty of such gross neglect of duty, that the Judge of Election was induced to leave the Court House and go for a competent person to do the business of the