WHIG COUNTY CONVENTION.

In pursuance of the call of the Whig County Committee, the Delegates from the several Boroughs and townships of Adams County, assembled in the Court-House in Gettysburg, on Monday, May 26, 1851 and begin ed by calling Col. JOSEPH LUM, of Reading township, to the Chair; and appointing SAMUEL DRENNEN, Esq., of Mount Joy, and GEORGE B. HEWITT, of Menallen, as Secretaries.

The following Delegates presented credentials, and took seats in the Convention:—

Gettysburg—John B. McPherson, John Gilbert.
Cumberland—James McCullough, Henry Myers.
Germantown—Oscar Yount, Andrew Little.
Oxford—Peter Diehl, Joseph J. Smith.
Berwick Township—L. C. Thomas, Elijah Scheper.
Berwick Borough—Lt. Col. J. Fink, J. P. Schaffer.
Huntingdon—R. C. Livingston, Howard Wierman.
Tyrone—John Walbert, Wm. P. Bowen.
Hamiltonban—Samuel Knox, Edward I. Brady.
Liberty—Eli S. A. Moore, Lewis Wolfe.
Mountjoy—George H. Binder, H. D. Bisher.
Menallen—George B. Hewitt, Henry D. Warren.
Butler—Wm. Hamilton, Jacob Shank.
Reading—Jacob King, John Cress.
Franklin—David Chamberlin, Philip Hamm.
Conewago—Francis Krietzer, Vincent Obold.
Germany—Samuel Sadler, Wm. Worley.
Mountpleasant—Samuel Darborow, Lewis Norbeck.
Hunterstown—Johnson Stewart, Wm. Hagerman.
Reading—Joseph J. Kuhn, Moses M. Neely.
Tyrone—Joseph Neely, Samuel Mills.
Union—George Baselman, Jacob Stermer.

The following nominations were then made for the several officers, for which candidates were to be selected:

ASSOCIATE JUDGES.

Robert McCleary, of Straban.
John McGinley, of Hamiltonban.
Wm. R. Sadler, of Huntington.
Samuel Shields, of Liberty.
Samuel R. Russell, of Gettysburg.
Joseph Fink, of Mountpleasant.
Jacob Rudy, of Franklin.

LEGISLATURE.

Hon. David Mellinger, of Hamilton.
John C. Allen, of New Oxford.
Henry Spangler, of Hunterstown.

SHERIFF.

John Pentz, of Gettysburg.
Daniel Minnich, of Germany.
Anthony Orr, of Littlestown.

(Mr. Cox being present in Convention, requested that the names be withdrawn, which was done.)

PROTHONOTARY.

Wm. W. Paxton, of Gettysburg.
Jacob Hankey, of Mountpleasant.

RECORDER.

Daniel Plank, of Germany.
James Mellhenny, of Mountjoy.
Henry Myers, of Cumberland.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

Robert Morris, of Germany.
Jacob A. Gardner, of Petersburg.
George H. Binder, of Hamilton.
Samuel George B. Hewitt, Henry D. Warren.
Jacob—Wm. Hamilton, Jacob Shank.
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CLERK OF THE COURTS.

Robert Morris, of Strabane.
J. Jefferson Baldwin, of Do.

TREASURER.

Thomas Warner, of Gettysburg.
George Arnold, of Do.

COMMISSIONER.

Enoch Lefever, of Union.
Joseph B. Henry, of Abbottstown.
James Barnes, of Hamilton.
George Myers, of Germany.
Abraham Reever, of Mountpleasant.

CORONER.

Dr. David Mahon, of Fairfield.
Dr. Charles Hide, of Tyrone.
Dr. Henry W. Coulfman, of Petersburg.
Dr. Henry L. Huber, of Gettysburg.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

James Bigham, of Freedom.
Henry Mickley, of Franklin.
Joseph Baity, of Cumberland.

AUDITOR.

Samuel L. Duffield, of Tyrone.
Andrew Marshall, Jr., of Hamiltonban.

Adjourned to 1 o'clock, P. M.

Convention reassembled, and proceeded to vote, viva voce, for candidates for the various offices, as follows:

SHERIFF.

John Scott, 23
Daniel Minnich, 21

PROTHONOTARY.

Wm. W. Paxton—(unanimously nominated)

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

Daniel Plank, 22
Jacob A. Gardner, 15
James McIlhenny, 8

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

John Morris, 39
D. J. McIlhenny, 5

TREASURER.

Thomas Warner, 21
George Arnold, 12

ASSOCIATE JUDGES.

	1st ballot	2d
Samuel R. Russell,	26	28
Joseph Fink,	16	17
James Russell,	12	12
John McGinley,	19	20
Robert McIlhenny,	6	2*
Wm. R. Sadler,	7	7
Maxwell Shields,	9	1*

(R. R. Russell, having received the requisite number of votes on the first ballot, and John McGinley, on the third, they were declared the nominees of the Convention.

It may be proper to state that several of the gentlemen named above, were not candidates for the office—the votes cast for them being purely a compliment. Such was the case with Mr. Russell, the use of whose name was altogether without his knowledge, and contrary to his wishes.)

ASSEMBLY.

	1st	2d	3d
Dr. D. Mellinger,	28		
Henry Spangler,	21		
J. C. Ellis,	5		

COMMISSIONER.

	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th
Abraham Reever,	13	20	17	15	24
George Myers,	7	9	11	12*	
Joseph B. Henry,	7	7	4*		
Enoch Lefever,	6	5	12	17	20
James Black,	2	1	1*		

CORONER.

	1st ballot	2d	3d
Dr. H. W. Coulfman,	12	14	20
Dr. C. Hide,	5*		
Dr. H. L. Huber,	9	12	12*
Dr. D. Mahon,	14	16	18

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

	1st ballot	2d
Henry Mickley,	22	26
Joseph Baity,	19	24
Henry Mickley,	5*	1*

AUDITOR.

Andrew Marshall, jr.,		26
Samuel L. Duffield,		17

The names of the candidates marked with an asterisk (*) were withdrawn on the ballots indicated.

PRESIDENT JUDGE-HIP.

On motion of J. B. McPherson, Esq., the following Preamble and Resolution were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, the Judges of our Courts are now, for the first time, to be chosen by the people through the ballot box; and, whereas, while we hold it to be the duty of every citizen to exercise the right of suffrage, we maintain that judges who are willing to divest aside the dignity and purity which belongs to their station, and mingle in the political contests of the day, are unfitted to administer justice with impartiality and independence, the Hon. DANIEL DURKEE, who for so many years has filled the office of President Judge of this Judicial District, with acknowledged ability and acceptance, has never disgraced the seat he occupies by descending into the political arena, and siding in partisan warfare, but has uniformly preserved a propriety of conduct and neutrality, highly becoming his position;—and, whereas, he has consented to become a candidate before the people, for the office of President Judge, therefore we Resolve:

1st. That this Convention hears testimony to the ability and qualifications of the Hon. DANIEL DURKEE, and from their knowledge of his judicial career, obtained by attendance upon his Courts, they pronounce him faithful, humane, and impartial on the bench,—a sound and courteous expounder of the law, and a safe administrator of justice,—enjoying the confidence of the citizens of Adams County, generally.

2d. That concurring in the general desire of the people of this County, that Judge DURKEE shall be continued as the President Judge of the District, and that public feelings should not control the selection of the candidate for that office, this Convention declines making a distinctive nomination for that office, but expressing their entire confidence in Judge Durkee, approve the announcement made, of his being a candidate, above all party predilections, and commend it to the favor of every friend of the Supremacy of the Laws.

Samuel Shields, Esq., then offered the following Resolutions were unanimously adopted as the sense of the Convention, and of the Whigs of Adams County:

Resolved, 1st. That the Whigs of Adams County, whose representatives we are, do declare their admiration of the character and services, civil as well as military, of that distinguished and accomplished statesman, GENERAL WINFIELD SCOTT, and, (as they have repeatedly done in former years,) again express their preference for him over all other candidates for the next Presidency.

2d. That MILLARD FILLMORE, by the energy and vigor of character, combined with the skill and talent he has displayed in the administration of our national affairs, shows himself equal to each emergency and ready for everyfoe.

3d. That we join our cheerful testimony to that of our political friends throughout the State, in approving the administration of the faithful, efficient and popular Governor of this Commonwealth, WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON. Honoring him for the firmness and independence with which he has acquitted himself in the responsible office, and the fearless and honest manner in which he has discharged the duties of the office, and the firmness and dignity with which he has conducted the affairs of the Commonwealth, we cordially and earnestly commend his name to the favorable consideration of the people, as a fit and worthy successor to the Chair of State.

4th. That we tender our hearty thanks to our worthy and able Senator, and our Representatives, for the faithful and efficient manner in which they have discharged the duties of their respective stations, and we cordially and earnestly commend their entire confidence in Judge Durkee, approve the announcement made, of his being a candidate, above all party predilections, and commend it to the favor of every friend of the Supremacy of the Laws.

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5th. That we acknowledge the principles of a great nation—as those to whom the destinies of this country have been committed at a most critical period in its history, and who have exercised the trust with legitimate firmness, wisdom and moderation. The administration devoted to the furtherance of mere partisan views, or bent upon carrying out ultra measures, could never have elicited such general marks of approval.—The platform of the Constitution is one upon which all true patriots can stand, and those who administer the Government with an eye single to its integrity and a determination to uphold it at all hazards, may always count upon being rewarded with the hearty approval of a grateful population.—*Reading Journal.*

THE WORLD'S FAIR.—We have already stated that Mr. Riddle says that the Eagle still express a strong desire that contributions from foreign exhibitions might yet be forwarded from the United States and *there shall be no hindrance to the admission of articles from our country up to the 1st of August.* From the whole tone of sentiment, from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, & Charleston, there is ample time to ship contributions up to the middle of July. He says:

Flannels, cloths, calicoes, cassimeres, shoes, hosiery, tools, machinery, in (not for steam motion, for there is no room for that) cutlery, tools, machinery, and agricultural implements, cotton, tobacco, rice, tarred cordage, and I know not what *else* and *what not*, are wanted here, fully to impress upon this spot what we really are as a nation. Even at the late day at which shipping can be made, there will be shall be but little, if at all, in the rear, in point of time, of many European nations. Time was lost by not having our requisitions now. Indeed, in all patented articles, it is just the time; for, until now, full protection has been not given, and been afforded us by the British Parliament.

ARREST OF REVOLUTIONISTS IN CUBA.—A letter dated at St. Jago de Cuba, May 7, to the Savanah News, in speaking of the arrest of some 'days:

"Papers were taken which discovered a plot to commence insurrection while on the Jubilee day, and the insurgents had taken measures to capture the head-quarters of the city, and to secure the landing of the expected 1000 men. At the same time Lopez would have effected his landing in some port of Havana. The plot was to have commenced the outbreaking, sentenced to death four, and to perpetual punishment three of the principal officers; and the years' labor a sentence of the garrison and two privates.—The traitor who betrayed them was recent. The plot was to have been approved by the Captain General at Havana."

KILLED BY AN ELEPHANT.—A lad was killed by a blow from the trunk of one of the elephants attached to Hay mond & Co.'s menagerie, in Derby, Ct., during the exhibition there on Wednesday. A crowd of boys were feeding the animal with nuts, apples, &c., when the deceased wantonly punctured the monster with some sharp instrument, which enraged the elephant.—The keeper cautioned the lad to keep a way after this occurred or he might be injured; but no heed was given to the warning, and soon after he approached within reach of the elephant's trunk, from which he received a blow on the head which prostrated him, and soon after caused his death.

TO KILL COCKROACHES.—Mix equal quantities of red lead and Indian Meal with molasses, making it about the consistency of paste. It is known to be a certain exterminator of roaches. A friend who was troubled with thousands upon thousands of them, rid his house of them in a very few nights by this mixture. Put it upon plates and place it where the vermin fire thickest, and they will soon help themselves. Be careful not to have any article of food near by where you set the mixture.

FULL CONFESSION OF THE COSDEN MASSACRE.

THE PARTIES all IN CUSTODY.

(From the Baltimore Sun of Monday.

We received last evening the following hasty letter from our correspondent at Chesertown, written yesterday morning, a half hour after the occurrence to which it alludes was made. It will be seen that a full development of this bloody transaction has been made by one of the parties to the deed, and that all of the accused participants are in jail.

CHESTETOWN, May 26, 1851.

Gentlemen—We have now a confession of the cause of the recent arrest for the Cosden massacre, which is thought to be worthy of credit. About the time of the murder, it was the general report that Mrs. Hand, living near Blackbird, suddenly, and without assigning any reason, left his home and went to New Jersey. A few days after his wife also left. The movements of these people were of course regarded as suspicious, and officers were on the watch to guest been made to obtain a knowledge of their whereabouts. A few days since Mrs. Hand was brought to Chesertown, and made statements to the following effect:—That on the morning after the murder at a very early hour, a man by the name of Stephen Shaw, who boarded in the house with herself and husband, came running in to the house with a musket in his hand, and very much under the influence of liquor—that he told her the Cosden family were murdered, and that himself, Taylor, Shelton, and Murphy were the parties—that he had been solicited by Taylor, to join the conspiracy which he supposed was only for plunder, and not for murder—that he and Taylor proceeded, on the evening of the murder, to the Swanpond mill, (about half a mile from Cosden's,) and there met Taylor, Shelton and Murphy; that he had a double barrelled gun; Taylor a musket; Shelton a double barrelled gun and a rifle; Murphy a double barrelled gun.

Mrs. Hand's testimony was then given at the house, Taylor first knocking at the window and shot down Cosden, and then entering, was followed by Shelton, that Mrs. Cosden, as she ran out. He also states that Shelton murdered Mis Cosden and Miss Mary Cosden, by shots in the black woman, but that Murphy took no part in the murder. He asserts that he himself was drunk and took no part in the murder, and that he was afterwards so overcome by liquor that he fell in the back-counter and lay there for several hours.

Shaw was arrested on Saturday, and this morning he made a full confession, corroborating all the statements made by Mrs. Hand, saying what he knows that Mrs. Hand's testimony will convict him, and that he may as well make a clean breast of it." He has been confronted with the parties charged with the deed, to their presence, to all the particulars, as detailed by Mrs. Hand.

Murphy, he says, he had never seen before, but believes the man he sees in jail as Murphy, to have been in the employ of Cosden. There is little or no doubt entertained of the truth of this confession.

The cause of the sudden flight of Mrs. Hand, was fear that, as she possessed Shaw's secret, he might do her some bodily harm, to prevent her divulging it.

A.

Since the above letter came to hand we have conversed with a gentleman from Chesertown, who was present at the jail yesterday morning when Shaw was confronted with the prisoners, and gives the following account. He says he never saw a more hardened set of men collected together. The excitement in Chesertown was intense, and great joy was manifested by the people at a certainty of all the murderers being in custody. Yet, after, the uncle of Mrs. Cosden, is now acknowledged to be free of all participation in the bloody deed, and will be discharged in a few days. The prisoners are heavily chained together, and present a most revolting spectacle. The trial will take place next week.

FROM EUROPE.

By the steamer *Baltic*, arrived at New York, we have advices from Liverpool to the 14th instant.

Cotton was still depressed, and since the Bulletin had suffered a total decline in the price from ½ to ¼ d. per pound, causing quite a panic in the market.

The proceedings of the Irish Parliament were uninportant. The World's Fair was progressing very satisfactorily, and contributions were pouring in daily, and one of the most prominent has been obliged to leave the country. It has been declared that the slave trade shall be conducted direct, and that the captain of any ship engaged in the trade shall be punished with death. The Hungarians continue as firm as now in the attitude they have assumed, and the slave trade will be speedily abolished, and that effectually.

DIAMOND CUT DIAMOND.—Any one who takes Sam Houston for less than the shrewdest of Statesmen, enlarged in his views, firm in his purposes, and reliable in his principles, is a very muff mistaken individual; and any one who takes Scott for a mere military commander, and relied on in his opinions, faltering in his principles, and weak of purpose, is equally mistaken in his calculations. *Cin. Enq.*

Any one who fails to see the very long nose which projects from the hand that held the pen that wrote the above, is a very blind, benighted or demented individual. We think we see Scott's weakness and "purpose" driving the Mexican legions before it, from Vera Cruz to the city of Mexico. It will only require the same weakness to give a Cerro Gordo defeat to Lucofocoism in the next Presidential contest.—*Cin. Enq.*

CHOLERA.—The Memphis Express, of the 16th inst., confesses to a few straggling cases of cholera in that city. There was a case also at Louisville last week.—At Springfield, Illinois, the blackness made its appearance suddenly on the 17th.—Four deaths during the first twenty-four hours, and several new cases that afternoon.

A DECIDED SENSATION.—A lady, with the Turkish pantaloons, made her appearance in Chestnut street, Philadelphia, on Saturday evening, and created a great sensation among the staid citizens on that phlegmatic city. The Ledger says that as the neat little lasting boot throuded its way through the crowd, the universal exclamation was, "decidedly pretty."

IMPORTANT LEGISLATIVE ACTION IN MASSACHUSETTS.—In the House of the Massachusetts Legislature, on Friday last, the chief subject of interest was the action on the Senate resolves concerning slavery. After some debate the yeas and nays were taken, and a good deal of interest was kept up throughout the vote by the great quality of the different sides. But the resolves could not find quite friends enough, and they were laid on the table—the vote being—yeas, 108; nays, 122. Thus that of Mr. Fuller, against laying on the table—yeas 107, nays 165.

In the Senate, on Friday, the bill which passed the House on Wednesday, for regulating the sale of intoxicating drinks, was indefinitely postponed by a vote of 22 to 13. Among the provisions of this bill is one making liquors a contraband article, liable to be seized wherever found—the framers of the law probably forgetting that such an act is unconstitutional.

The action on the resolve concerning the removal of the seat of government was rather fluctuating, but was finally adopted.

The House passed the bill to secure to mechanics and laborers their payment for their labor, by large majorities.

The Legislature was to adjourn on Saturday night.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—A sagacious and highly intelligent gentleman, who has been selling out of this port for many years, and is now in business in Charleston, and who is chiefly in the Charleston trade, and who is now in Charleston, and who is chiefly owned in South Carolina, gives it as his opinion that if the present movement in South Carolina should be countenanced from the general government, Charleston would be abandoned by the larger portion of her population. He is a Whig, and he believes he spoke from an intimate knowledge of the state of feeling.

SAD DEATH HUNT.—Two brothers named Dawson, in Cincinnati, have recently went out to hunt deer. Seeing some at a distance they separated, one concealing himself behind a tree on the other another. When they arrived in the immediate vicinity of where they saw the deer, the latter mistook the concealed hunting crawling in the grass and willows, and, supposing it to be a deer, fired; a few minutes after, the man who had fired found his brother a corpse. The ball had pierced him through the heart.

FEMALE MEDICAL COLLEGE.—The second annual course catalogue is now replying from Philadelphia, (Pa.,) shows that it has forty female students of Medicine, all of whom are married women, except one, and one of whom hails from England, two from Massachusetts, and one from each of the States of New York, Ohio, and Vermont.

The fisheries on the Potomac river have, we believe, all been closed. We presume that the season has been very far average one—though not so some anticipated. We hear, from the mouth of the first week or so. The demand for fish this year has very increases, however, every year, and the supply is not equal to that demand, so that, it is probable, shad and herring will command excellent prices. The supply of herring, we have been informed, in place will add to the value of of the Potomac Fisheries.—*Alex. Gaz.*

The Presbyterian General Assembly, New School, at its recent Session in Utica disposed of the vexed question of the Fugitive Slave Law, which had been introduced into that body, by resolutely refusing to pass any resolution against it, contrary to the sentiment of civil government a lone. A resolution pronouncing the requirements and provisions of said law reverently opposed to the impulses of humanity, to the principles of justice, and to the precepts of the Bible, was adopted with only three dissenting voices. The Committee made the following report:

"That the Assembly be thankful to Divine Providence for the wisdom and prudence vouchsafed to the last Assembly, in coming to conclusions on this vexed question, which have so generally met with the acquiescence of the church at this crisis; and that it seems obviously our principal duty and interest to be quiet, and to leave the whole subject as it was placed by that action, without further agitation, and to devote our time to the work enjoined upon us by our Divine Master."

The Brazilian Slave Trade, according to advices received at New Orleans, is totally likely to be suppressed. The endeavors of the government seem now seriously to be directed to that object. Several of the cruisers have been already fitted, and one of the most prominent has been obliged to leave the country. It has been declared that the slave trade shall be conducted direct, and that the captain of any ship engaged in the trade shall be punished with death. The Hungarians continue as firm as now in the attitude they have assumed, and the slave trade will be speedily abolished, and that effectually.

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A DOUBLE LESSON.—We translate the following story from a late French paper:

A young man, on leaving college, was very proud to possess a handsome gold watch, the highly ornamental chain of which he displayed on his vest with much complacency. Being about to visit Paris, his father advised him not to make so much parade of his ornaments, as there were pickpockets there who were so adroit that they would, without perceiving it, take from him his trinkets and his watch too. The father and the son went to Paris together, and the caution to the son of the watch chain was repeated again, but without being heeded. "I defy all the pickpockets in the world," said the confident youth, "to take my watch from me without perceiving it." "You will know it, without doubt," rejoined the father, "but it will too late."

One evening, father and son visited the theatre together, where they was somewhat of a crowd. During the first act the father asked his son what o'clock it was. The young man put his hand to his pocket, but watch, chain and all had disappeared. The father manifested some consternation at the circumstance, but finally assuaged the grief which the son really felt, by informing him that he had purchased the pickpockets, and that he would redeem the watch again, in the hope that his son would learn wisdom from the severe lesson which he had received. He gave the pickpocket the watch from his pocket, where he had placed it, but it was no longer there. A robbery had now been committed, and the young man this time the thief had himself been caught.

Some of the different tribes of the far Western Indians have united in contributing a material to the Government, in the shape of a block of stone, for the Washington Monument. The following is the inscription which it will bear when finished:

THIS STEP
THE RED MAN GIVES TO THE PALE FACE,
To build him a path to the Temple of Fame.

A MAN GROUND TO POWDER.—One of the most horrible accidents it ever befel us to record, happened on Saturday, the city a-tous twelve o'clock (night before last) at Wolfe's Newport Rolling Mill. A young man named Hickman, about 20 years of age, named Christopher Hiekman, while engaged in oiling the machinery, was caught in one of the cogs of the machinery of the rolling iron, and passed through them with the rapidity of lightning! The body was literally ground to a jelly, the bones of flesh, bones and all were divided into small fragments, that no one could recognize by sight the body of the unfortunate man; they formed a human being, active and full of life! The sight was awfully heart-rending. Mr. Hickman was a young man universally esteemed in our city.—*Cincinnati Com., of the 17th inst.*

RIOT AT HOBOKEN.—Some eight or ten thousand Germans, Irish, and Dutch, went over to Hoboken, on Monday, to enjoy a May Picknic. They consisted of men, women and children. In the afternoon, they were attacked by a gang of rowdies from New York, assisted by Irish laborers of Hoboken, and a dreadful riot ensued, attended with loss of life. The Germans were driven off, but not before they finally restored quiet, but the entire affair was most disgraceful. The Bergen jail was crowded with prisoners, and many of the wives and children of the Germans were compassionately carried into private houses. Some four or five persons were killed, and a great many seriously wounded.

"One of Gareche's Powder Mills, at Wilmington, Del., blew up on Tuesday last, killing Thomas Aydelotte and John Wilson, both young men, leaving wives and slightly injuring another man. The loss is $4,000, upon which there is a slight insurance.

LOSIE NATURA.—Whoever can account for the following phenomenon must have partaken of some "Tree of Knowledge," that is to say, he must have eaten of it. A very curious pear tree is to be seen in the garden of a Mr. Green, Wednesbury, Eng. It has a door at the entrance to the Greenwood Cemetery.—Half the tree is at present in full blossom, and the other half covered with fruit, the alternate year each side. Blossoms and pears fruit. The bearing side this year will yield an abundant crop of pears. The side that does not bear fruit, triumphantly succeeds in the blossom, and will do so. Give them a call.

May 16—if

A GERMAN WHIG PAPER,
IN YORK, PA.

THE undersigned will publish a GERMAN WHIG PAPER, on and after the first of August, 1851. It will contain twenty-four columns, being the size of the PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE, and will be printed on BRINTON'S NEW TYPE. Subscription price will be

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR,

in advance. Address,

JACOB SCHIRM,
"Advocate" Office, York, Penn'a.

May 2, 1851.

Gettysburg Star copy 6 weeks and charge this office—Advocate.

A RICH COPPER MINE.
ANOTHER ARRIVAL.

THOSE desirous of obtaining a rich Ore, will do well to call at FAHNESTOCKS' STORE, and purchase some of their cheap DRY GOODS, &c., just received direct from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. This is the blunt, natural for lying; and I feel desirous to tell a little lower than can be purchased elsewhere.

GROCERIES.—A fresh supply just received, consisting in part of Mo and Java Coffee, Lavering's and Stuart's fine, pulverized and crushed Sugars and Syrups, N. O. Molasses and Sugar, &c.

April 18 A. B. KURTZ.

Rings and Tassels.

STEEL, Beads, Purse and Reticule Clasps, Purse Twist, Lady White, Breast Pins, Pearl Buttons, Diaper Pins, Knitting Needles, always on hand at

J. L. SCHICK.

GENTLEMEN who want Fancy Colored French Cloths, Cassimeretts, and Tweeds for Coats, Mole Drab and Black Doe Skins Pants; Satin, Silk and Marcelles for vesting, can find a good assortment, at very low prices, at the well known stand of

April 18 A. B. KURTZ.

GENTLEMEN who may need a Superfine SUNDAY, or even a WEDDING SUIT, can be accommodated to their advantage, by calling at

April 25—if SIMSON'S.

THE STAR AND BANNER.
GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, May 30, 1851.

WHIG COUNTY TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES.
SAMUEL R. RUSSELL,
JOHN McGINLEY.

ASSEMBLY.
Dr. DAVID MELLINGER.

SHERIFF.
To the Independent Voters of Adams County.

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—At the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself to your consideration as an independent candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the next election. Should I be conferred with the honor of your suffrages, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

JESSE JONES.

Petersburg, (Y. S.) May 2,—4t

SHERIFFALTY.

Fellow-Citizens of Adams County.

I BEG leave to offer myself as a Candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the ensuing election, and if I should be so fortunate as to be your choice, I will promise to discharge the duties of the office honorably and without regard to party.

JONAS ROTH.

Butler tp., May 9, 1851.—4t

DOMESTIC WANTED.

WANTED, a respectable Keeper, to pay in a very small family, in pleasant part of the county. The family is small, and the place is very pleasant. One advanced in years and accustomed to house-keeping, who can come well recommended, will find a good home. Inquire by early application to the Editors of the Star.

May 2, 1851.—3t

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration, on the estate of Daniel Bowers, late of Menallen township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Littlestown, notice is hereby given to all who are indebted to said estate, to make payment without delay, and to those having claims to present the same properly authenticated, to the subscriber, residing in Tyrone township, for settlement.

GEORGE E. STARRY,
Adm'r.

April 25.—6