ADDRESS

OF THE WHIG STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, TO THE FREEMEN OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Fellow Citizens: The Election is approaching, and we all have its important duty to perform. To discharge that duty fully, faithfully, and successfully, should be made a high object with every good citizen. The office of Canal Commissioner, Auditor General, and Surveyor General, the last two especially made elective, are all dependent on the popular verdict. The control of the public works, the regulation of the land office, and the supervision of the finances of the State, are matters of great concern to the people. It becomes their interest as well as their duty to elect honest and intelligent men. The policy of dividing the canal board in its political character, so that the interests of all may be fairly represented and fearlessly guarded, must be obvious to every reflecting tax paying citizen. The propriety too of surrounding the head of the State Administration with able advisers of the same political sentiment, must be equally apparent. The Whig Convention which assembled at Philadelphia in June last, placed in nomination for these offices, gentlemen of the highest character for ability and integrity. Men whose worth is eminently worthy merit. We believe their election would be honorable to our party, and of service to the State; therefore we sincerely recommend them to your earnest support.

The election of members of the Legislature possesses unusual interest, from the fact that it devolves upon them to appoint the State for the Congressional representation, and to elect a U. S. Senator to serve for a period of six years from the fourth of March next. The experience of last winter has taught us that in order to secure a fair and equitable apportionment Bill, it is necessary to have a Whig majority in the Legislature.—The impression of having another session of the Senate to spare for the interests of Pennsylvania, cannot be overrated. It is important also in view of the approaching Canal Executive, in the line of policy he has adopted, a policy which is largely increasing the revenue of the State, and providing for the reduction of the public debt, and making productive our unfinished improvements—a policy system so opposite to which is rapidly redeeming the Commonwealth from the low condition in which the corruption and mismanagement of former administrations had plunged her.—

The election of Members of Congress is also of the utmost consequence. The interests of our State depend upon the character of our delegation. The great body of the people of Pennsylvania *demand* a change of the Tariff. They are and must be *interpretated*. For four years they have been struggling against legislation which chases their coal mines and their work shops—which prefers the foreign capitalist in their own market—which *bribed* foreign labor which is required to the support of their sons. The blast of over 200 iron works *have gone out*, the hands of 20,000 laborers are idle. Every source of industry, Agricultural, Mining, Mechanical, and Manufacturing, is suffering. A change is required, such a change as will secure to every the rewards of labor, and more profitably employ the labor of our people. We want men who are not afraid to act on this subject. The Whig party of Pennsylvania, of courage, and of high intelligence, whose wisdom, moderation, and patriotism are cited by its friends and opponents as a rare thing in periods of danger and difficulty. Men regarding the interest of their constituents, and at the same time looking to the prosperity, harmony, and stability of the Union.

Our opponents are already in the field. They have published their manifesto, proclaiming their virtues, and our infirmities in the true spirit of the pharisee. The title of Gallipher, of Smith and Jones, is lavished with which they are most familiar slapping with good set phrase and rounded sentence, the Democratic party and the National Administration. The highest standard of democracy must it is avowed to be an observance of the tenets, and submission to the measures and a stern adherence in nominations for the majority. This constitutes the ceremonial of their political worship, never to be abandoned, no matter what sacrifice of principle, or what public interests are to be sacrificed.

We contend for the entire freedom of opinion and action. Men should be free as air, and as intelligent as education can make it. Men are not born blind, or with palsies on their reason.

We want good order, just laws and the honest administration of business.

Our opponents are advocates of low tariffs and low salaries, while their candidates vote for increased pay and higher emoluments. Who has ever heard of a democratic works for the last 12 years? Who have audited the public accounts, forgiving laws and prosperity to the people, the public works for personal and party purposes? What Canal Commissioner, have granted for value of the people's money, in rewarding political emissaries, or in openly corrupting the ballot box? The Williamsport Commissioner, has made any disclosures. We stand in the full light of Democratic revelation. On their outside shelves bring judges—they are condemned.

While we have profound reason to mourn the loss of our distinguished chief the President of the U. S., summoned hence at an alarming crisis in our national affairs, we may yet permitted to rejoice that his mantle of office has fallen on the shoulders of one so able and so worthy to wear it. Never in the history of the country have our foreign relations been more silly, more successfully, or more gloriously administered than during this administration, and never in the history of our State have the interests of the Commonwealth been more carefully guarded or her honor more nobly defended.

And we then rally around and support them—rally around the Whig standard, fearlessly. To this end, and with these objects before us, if we would succeed, we must go to work. Never in a more critical, roughly, efficiently and immediately, in every district, county, ward, and township. Individual preferences must give way to the general good—personal differences, heartburnings, and discontents must be forgotten, and our strifes (if we have any) be who shall labor hardest and accomplish the most for the success of the party, and the good of the country. Let us especially encourage our local press—establish it wherever it can be done and sustain it when established. It is the great moral lever which moves the world. The great communing with our principles, and the highest inculcation of sound political doctrine, should be encouraged in every possible way. The success of the Whig party is based on the intelligence of the people.

The past is full of encouragement, and the future is full of hope. Let the same spirit which roused us in 1840 and 1844 move us now, and we shall triumph. Let our faith be a *living* faith, and victory is certain.

HENRY M. FULLER, Chairman.

MISSOURI ELECTION.—A St Louis Despatch of Aug. 20 says:—All doubts as to the result of the Congressional election in this State are now removed. The delegation in the next Congress will stand:

1st District.—F. Blair, (Free)
2d " Gilchrist Porter, (Whig.)
3d " John Miller, (Whig.)
4th " Willard P. Hall, (Anti-Benton.)
5th " John S. Phelps, (Benton.)

The Senate will stand, 12 Whigs, 13 Benonites, 8 Anti-Benonites. The House, 39 Whigs, 47 Benonites, 24 Anti-Benonites.

TERRITORIAL MOVEMENTS.—It is stated that information has reached Washington that the Governor of Texas, before convening the Texas Legislature, corresponded with the Executive of certain Southern States, soliciting aid against the Government, and that it was secretly guaranteed by the Governors of South Carolina, Mississippi, Georgia and Florida. Those of Texas, Alabama, Louisiana, and other States, refused, by letter, to countenance the project.

SLAVE EMIGRATION TO CALIFORNIA.—The steamer Commodore Stockton is advertised to sail shortly from Charleston, for California, with a number of Southern gentlemen, accompanied by their slaves. It would seem from this that the scheme to carry the peculiar institution into the territory, for the purpose of washing the gold mines, is not altogether a humbug, as has been generally supposed.

LIGHTING IS WAYE.—A storm recently visited Jerrell, Illinois, of which some idea may be obtained from the following paragraph from the Chicago Journal:

The rain, lightning and thunder was awfully terrific in this section, particularly on Indian Creek; 12 miles north of this place. No pen could describe truly the awfulness and sublimity of the scene.—The flash and the roar were incessant.—A man of truth from the spot informs us that the lightning struck *sixty acres* trees in a twenty acre field! Another man says he counted *one hundred and four* trees, Monday and Tuesday, shivered and struck in the Indian Creek Timber, and he did not go much out of a direct line to count them—the timber is three miles wide at the widest part of it. Two or three houses were struck, and Mr. Gilbert's one barn burned and two horses killed.—The fires lost. Up Fox river, many stacks of grain were struck and burned. It is so said that much wheat is damaged in the stack, the rain being so driving that it soaked through the stacks to the bottom, causing the grain to grow.

THE GROWTH AT THE SOUTH.—The Southern papers say, that was severely felt throughout South Carolina and the Southern country generally, leaving its traces of destruction on the fields of cotton and corn, buildings &c. In North Carolina it proves to have been very destructive.—The Roanoke rag to an unprecedented height, marking havoc among the growing crops on its banks. In the counties of Halifax and Northampton alone, it is estimated that upwards of 200,000 bushels of corn were destroyed. In Florida, as well as in Georgia, the destruction and loss are extensive.

Gen. Hinton, well known as a mail contractor and proprietor of various lines of stages in the West, was arrested at Cleveland on the 28th inst., on a charge of forgery, at extensive mail robberies. He was placed under proper at in the Sheriff's hands, but managed to escape during the night through *three police officers stood guard over him!* He was afterwards arrested again.

SINGULAR INCIDENTS.

The Boston Post says:—The Eagle, (alluding to the death of Mr. Gregg, who was shot at Gloucester, Friday, Aug. 16th, 1850, by the Gloucester Police, in a small) perhaps the following singular facts:—A coolness, with some friends, was lately in the Gloucester Bay, and a boat was run out of our gun shots towns. His attention was presently attracted by a robin, full grown and perfectly feathered, running in his pails, flitting about his feet, and, contrary to the proverbially shy instinct of the bird, hopping upon his shoulder. He took it up in his hand, fondled it, patted its feathers, and after showing it to the people, and receiving its thanks for his tameness, tossed it in the air. The next day the same gentleman having put out from the adjacent beach in a boat, with four others, for a sail—on his return, and when within sight of land, by the capsizing of the boat, and a sudden leak springing in her, was drowned with all his companions. His body was recovered, and a few days afterwards was buried in the cemetery twenty or thirty miles distant from the scene of disaster.

The day after his burial, the grave was visited by his wife and daughter. As they approached the spot, they were in hesitation for a moment,—not being familiar with the place—which of several new made graves was the one they were seeking.—At this instant a tame but sprightly robin ran on the ground before them, and stood before the grave of the husband and father. One of them took it up and caressed it, and after some remark about the singularity of its conduct, let it go,—when it flew down, alighted on the raised mound over the grave, and laid itself close to the earth. The daughter immediately took it up again, and it was dead.

Instances exemplifying the strong attachment of domestic animals, and especially dogs, to persons who have been kind to them, are not rare. We find them of frequent occurrence. A few days since a personal friend, connected with this office, and the substance to land lady, a quiet, intelligent, manly little fellow, not quite three years old. A King Charles spaniel had been in the habit of feeding with the boy receiving food from his hands, and bearing him company in his rambles and sports. While the little boy was ill, the dog watched by his bedside. After he died, he missed him, and wandered all over the house, drooping and sad. The second morning after his death, he took his station at the foot of the stairs, where he had been accustomed to receive his little friend, and waited for him in vain for a long time, and at last had himself down upon the lower stair and died. This fine are the issues to which the native even of brutes is often touched.

THE STAR & BANNER.

GETTYSBURG,

Friday Evening, Sept. 13, 1850.

WHIG STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONERS,
JOSHUA DUNCAN, of Bucks county.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
HENRY W. SNYDER, Union county.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
JOSEPH HENDERSON, Washington.

WHIG COUNTY TICKET

FOR CONGRESS,
Daniel M. Smyser.

SENATOR,
Thomas Carson.

ASSEMBLY,
William M'Sherry,
COMMISSIONER,
Jacob Grist.

AUDITOR,
Frederick G. Hoffman.

DIRECTOR,
Nicholas Bushey.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
James G. Reed.

COUNTY SURVEYOR,
Jacob Diehl.

☞ To Delinquent Patrons.

The Printer" is in want of funds to meet weekly engagements for Ink, Paper, &c., and MUST HAVE THEM! Will our delinquent patrons take the hint and act promptly? A few dollars from each will help to amazingly, and at the same time enable gentlemen to settle easily. Try it!

ARE YOU ASSESSED?

If not, stand to the matter at once. Remember that you must be registered on the Assessor's book at least ten days before the election, or you may loose a vote. Let every voter satisfy himself by examing the list in person.

Death of Hon. Henry Nes.

We stop the press to announce the death of Hon. HENRY NES, which took place at his residence, in this Borough, last evening, a few minutes before sunset, after a long illness.

It is known that the Dr. has been ill for a long time, so much so as to prevent his appearance in his place in the Senate, and attending to the duties of his office, during the session of the present session.—*York Republican of Wednesday last.*

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.—The exercises connected with the closing of the Seminaries, in the Institutions of this place, will commence on Tuesday evening next, with the valedictory services of the Senior Class in the Theological Seminary and an address by the Rev. Dr. Morris. On Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Judge Kane, of Philadelphia, delivers a course of considerable reputation, will deliver the annual address before the Linnean Association, in the Linnean Hall. On Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Christ's Church, Rev. C. P. Krauth, of Winchester, Va., will address the Society of College Alumni. On Thursday, A. M., at 9 o'clock, the Commencement exercises will take place. The class, we understand, is the largest the Institution has yet graduated.

☞ The Annual announcement of the Medical Department of Pennsylvania College for the session of 1850 and 1851, presents a favorable report of the condition and prospects of the Institution. The new session will commence on the 14th of October next in the large and beautiful edifice recently erected by the Trustees and Faculty, with fair prospects for a large accession of students.

☞ Read the Address of the Whig State Central Committee in to-day's paper.

Locofoco County Nominations.

The Locofocos of Franklin county met in the Court-house, on Monday last, and the regular old-fashioned-no-badging "straight-out" proving too strong for the *Guerrilla* faction, the plans of the latter were defeated, and the Democratic Convention proceeded to nominate, as of olden times, a full-blooded party ticket! We feel a little curious to see how the Chairman of the "*Guerrilla*" will take this move, which compels him to swallow all the *slap* about "*independent candidates*," "*people's tickets*" &c., which appeared in the issues of that paper have been stored for the last three or four years. We must confess our surprise at the success of this movement on the part of the anti-Guerrilla faction, but we congratulate them on it. We were aware that the movements of the self-constituted "leaders" in the borough had been the source of many a sine curse complaint among the county, and that the "*Guerrilla*" system was disliked by a large number of the most respectable members of the party, who have always been accustomed to an open, honorable warfare, and prided themselves upon the boldness with which the bangers of the party had always been treated. But we had thought the plans of the *Guerrilla* leaders too cunningly laid, and too well digested, to enable the *Regular* too achieve so easy and decided a victory. But so it is, and we hereafter we may expect, in the political issues in this county, to meet with foemen who are neither ashamed nor afraid to wear their colors.

The Convention nominated the following ticket to be *defeated* at the coming election:

Assembly,—Dr. Charles N. Berlocky.
Commissioner—Jacob A. Myers.
Director of the Poor—John Bender.
Auditor—Thomas Brady.

With James Bender and Brady, we have no acquaintance. The other candidates are good and true Locofocos, and clever citizens, and will no doubt pull the regular Locofoco vote of the county. We mention this ticket, that everyone, the Convention very graciously allowing the *Guerrillas* to "*vote off*" this year by supposing Mr. Brady to be independent candidate. The office of District Attorney went slobbering for a candidate, but no one was willing to take it.

Death of Hon. Henry Clay.

The Philadelphia papers of Thursday say that the President has approved of all the Slavery Bills which passed the House, and that a special messenger has been dispatched to Texas, with a certified copy of the Boundary Bill. This Bill having received the votes of all the Texas Representatives in Congress, will no doubt be approved by the people of the State.

Adjournment of Congress.

Now that the Slavery question is settled, Congress will make short work of the remainder of the business before it. A resolution was passed on the 20th of September, has passed both Houses, that Congress will then have been in session ten months—longer than any previous Congress.

CALIFORNIA SENATOR.—Col. J. C. Fremont and Mr. Gwin, are the U. S. Senators from California, took their seats in the Senate on Tuesday. Some of the Southern men objected to the legality of the credentials, but the objection was overruled—26 to 12.

Messrs. Woodbridge and Gilbert, the California Representatives to this House, made application for their seats on the same day; but objection was made, a debate ensued, pending which the House adjourned. Next day the matter was referred to the committee of elections, and the members were sworn in.

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Death of Hon. Henry Nes.

Hon. Henry Nes, whose death we announce in another column, was one of the most distinguished men in Adams county, as a member of the Legislature, and as President Judge of this District. Our acquaintance with the deceased was not very extensive, but we always regarded him as a man of high intellectual attainments, and of the purest integrity of character. We understand that he died in the full hope of a glorious immortality.

Congress.—Passage of the Adjustment Bills.

Last week we announced the defeat of the Texas Boundary Bill in the House of Representative by a very decided vote. On Thursday the vote on the passage of the Bill was reconsidered, and the New Mexico Territorial Bill tacked to it; but the Bill as amended, was still lost—95 to 107. On Friday, however, a quiet succession effort was made by the friends of the two measures, by procuring another reconsideration of the vote; and, after a good deal of manœuvering, the Joint Bill was passed by a vote 101 to 97. The announcement of the result was cheered by the galleries, and the House adjourned amid considerable confusion.

Next day, the Bill to admit California as a State was taken up and passed by the decided vote of 150 to 56. This effected, the Utah Territorial Bill was pressed through by a vote of 97 to 85.—this disposing of all the Senate Bills, except the one in regard to Fugitive Slaves, which will hardly pass without some amendments.

This, we presume, settles the Slavery question so far as Congress is concerned; and in that view we do not know that it will be much regretted by the people of the Union, who had become weary and disgusted by the protracted discussion of the Bills. The Bills adopted—especially the one determining the Texas Boundary—are as good as we could have desired; possibly, had their passage depended on our will they never would have been enacted into law, without amendments. But we are heartily glad the matter is settled, and so, we have no doubt, will feel the great mass of even those who decidedly disapprove of the bills on which the difficulty is adjusted. The agitation which has so long absorbed the attention of the country, will now in a great measure subside, and Congress will be enabled to go to work in earnest upon its appropriate, ordinary Legislative duties.

The rejoicing in Washington City on the announcement of the passage of these important measures by the House, is described as universal and enthusiastic. Gun-boated guns were fired—the hotels were illuminated, and the people turned out to congratulate each other on the happy result. The Hon. Henry Clay, Gen. Cass, and other distinguished men were serenaded in the evening.

The announcement of the passage of the Texas Bill by the House, on Friday, caused great rejoicing in New York, on Saturday, and a salute of 100 guns was fired from the shipping and all the prominent buildings of the city.

The Bills Signed.

The National Intelligencer of Thursday says that the President has approved of all the Slavery Bills which passed the House, and that a special messenger has been dispatched to Texas, with a certified copy of the Boundary Bill. This Bill having received the votes of all the Texas Representatives in Congress, will no doubt be approved by the people of the State.

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Hon. Henry Nes, formerly of York and Juniata, died at Gettysburg, on Tuesday last, after a long and lingering illness. The Bar of this County will feel the loss of a talented member, and the community at large will feel the loss of a good citizen.

COMMUNICATED

CONFEREE MEETING.

EAST BERLIN, Sept. 6th, 1850.

Agreeably to previous arrangements the conferees appointed by the conventions held in York and Adams counties, relative to the nomination of District Attorney, to represent the Whig Candidate for Congress, met at the house of Mr. Jacob Myers, East Berlin. Adams Co., to consider the duties assigned them. When on motion R. G. McCreary, Esq. was called to the chair, and M. E. Trone appointed Secretary. Mr. John Cassatt being then unable to attend by reason of the pressure of other duties, Henry F. Thomas, Esq., of York, was appointed by him to act in his stead.

After some deliberation on the part of the conferees as to the most efficient mode of securing the election of Daniel M. Smyser, Esq., the following resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in obedience to the expressed will of the Whigs of York and Adams counties, as well as for the purposes of carrying out our own individual feelings, we do hereby nominate Daniel M. Smyser, Esq., as the candidate to represent this district in the next Congress.

Resolved, That we recommend to our free and intelligent voters of York and Adams Counties the candidate this day nominated, and as one every way qualified to support, and one who if elected will do much to promote in the National Legislature the interests and welfare of the Pennsylvanians regard as vitally important to the prosperity of our honored Commonwealth and of the whole country.

On motion, Adjourned.

UNION COUNTY LOCOFOCOS.—The Cameron men have triumphed in Union county, as other places, Lewisburg, however, and 85 other voters, "scratched" Locofocos of the opposite school *bolt* the nominations, and have published a long card, over their signatures, denouncing the proceedings as having been effected by the same system of "bribery and corruption" which was developed at the late Democratic Convention, and which is said to be the ruling one of the Locofoco party.

☞ The *Locofocos* of Franklin county have nominated Abm. E. Wilfong and Wm. Hyser for Assembly; George Smith for Commissioner; John Elliott for Director; Wm. Wallace for Auditor; and Geo. W. Brewer for District Attorney. A series of resolutions were adopted in favor of James X. McLanahan for Congress, Judge Black for President, and Gen. Cass for President. A resolution was also adopted in favor of the nomination of Locofoco candidate for U. S. Senator by State Convention, and not by Legislative caucus! This is a hard hit at Cameron, and he feels it sensibly. Look out for the Democracy of Franklin anticipate a return of a Cameron majority to the next Legislature.

☞ The Locofocos of Westmoreland and Fayette counties have had a hard time to agree upon an Assembly ticket. The Conferees met and agreed on a ticket, but it was lost in the shuffle, and again on the 13th ult., but the last time they came further from agreeing than the first. Westmoreland wants three of the four Representatives, and promises Fayette the next Senator,—but that proposition would not go down, and the Fayette Conferees withdrew from the meeting. The Fayette people propose to run next winter, the locofocos every where observe to be put to trouble by discord and confusion, and in many parts of the state their democrats being vigilant.

☞ Two locofoco candidates are up for Congress in Wilmot's district. James Lowrey was nominated by the regular conferees of Susquehanna, Bradford and Wyoming counties, but a caucus conferees of Bradford and an irregular one from Tioga. This it appears that Wilmot is this time the regular nominee. The Whigs have not yet nominated a candidate.

☞ The Locofocos of the Cumberland and Perry Senatorial district are in a decided muss in regard to a candidate. There are now two locofoco candidates in the field for the Senate—Dr. Dunlap and A. B. Anderson—both claiming to be regularly nominated. If they both hold out until the election, the Whigs will probably adjust the difficulty in a way satisfactory to themselves, if not to all sides.

THE GALPHIN CLAIM.—The opponents of the Administration of Taylor and of Fillmore have made much capital out of the claim of Mr. Galphin. The characteristic unfairness of such attacks is exemplified by the fact that President Polk signed and approved the act of Congress, ordering the payment of the claim, which was as follows:

"Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is authorized to examine and adjust the claim of the late George Galphin, under the treaty made by the Governor of Georgia with the Creek and Cherokee Indians, in the year 1773, and to pay out the amount which may be found due by the said Galphin, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated."

"Approved, August 14th, 1848.

JAMES K. POLK."

THE NEW ADMINISTRATION.—A late number of the Alexandria Gazette says:—We understand that the Whigs of the Corporation of President Fillmore, both as regards the action of the President himself and the Heads of Departments, is such as to command the cordial respect and support of the Whigs in Congress, and of the Whigs throughout the country. The dignified yet courteous bearing of the President pleases the Whigs generally, while his honesty, patriotism and devotion to the public interests are beginning to be appreciated by the Democrats, who, we hear, are now proposed as acceptable a gift to the Division as its presentation was conducted to the hearts of the donors. The exercises indicated in the proclamation were appropriate and interesting, and, with the minds of the Band, evidently made a favorable impression upon all present.

Not the least interesting feature of the day's entertainment was the closing one—the *supper*, at the house of Mr. Isaac Hendricks, which was presided over in magnificent style, and to which, we hear, hardly a full, ample justice was done by all who partook of it.

It may not be improper here to remark, that Mr. Hendricks, in compliment to the occasion, ordered his Bar to be closed, and that no liquor was sold in his house during the day.

☞ Hon. Thomas J. Rusk has been re-elected U. S. Senator from Texas for six years from the 4th of March next.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

FOR THE STEAMER OF WEDNESDAY.

FLOUR.—City Mills unsteady, at $4.62½ Cash; City mill quotations, $4.62½. Cash; Ohio, $4.12½. Rye flour $3.00.

GRAIN.—Supply of all kinds of Grain light, prices firm and steady. Wheat, Corn and Rye, are higher by a little. Wheat, White Corn 55 a 57 and of the deeper, yellow 58 a 58. Rye, 85 a 90 cts.—Rye 60 cts.

COTTON.—Prices range from 12.25 to 12.25 on the hook, equal to $4.50 a 4.75 net, and evening $2.25 gross.

Sales of Cotton yesterday at $6.50 a $6.75 per 100 lbs.

MARRIED.

On the 8th inst, by the Rev. Jacob Ziegler, JOHN HAINES, of Freedom township, and MISS SUSAN A. FAHNY, of Cumberland township.

DIED.

At his residence near the York Springs, on Saturday the 31st of August, JOHN, eldest son of CALEB BEAZEL, a much esteemed citizen, in the 21st year of his age.

On the 4th inst., in Menallen township, Mr. CHARLES DELAP, in the 72d year of his age.

On the 30th inst., Mr. JACOB BRINKERHOFF, in Union township, aged 65 years.

On the 3d inst., near Abbottstown, Mr. JOHN BRENT, aged 52 years.

In Cheney county, on the 1st instant, EDSON KINNER, a venerable and highly esteemed member of the society of Friends, in Cheney, Ohio, for many years a preacher—in the 79th year of his age.

At his residence, near Mechanicstown, Frederick county, Md., on the 18th ult., Mr. DANIEL HOCKER, in the 84th year of his age, and 14 days.

On the 3d inst. in Hunterstown, Mr. BENJAMIN ZIEGLER, aged about 28 years.

On the 11th inst., in Franklin township, Mr. Jacob BOX, of Butler township, aged 21 years and 10 months.

On the 5th inst., in New Oxford, CHARLES HARTER, son of Thomas and Rosan Stodgrass, aged 11 months and 15 days.

On Thursday evening last, near Abbottstown, Mr. JOHN MARTIN, aged about 60 years.

On the 5th inst., Mrs. ANN MARIA, widow of the Mr. Wm. William Spangler, dec'd, aged 81 years and 8 days.

On the 11th inst., at his residence in Franklin township, SIMON MCCLEARY, aged about 60 years.

OBITUARY.

Departed this life on the 7th inst., in the 63d year of his age, Mr. JACOB WALTER. His funeral took place on the 9th inst., from his residence in the old grave yard of Bender's Church. To those who knew him best, the few years preceding his death, exhibited a Christian life, and a firm hope in his Bible. He also gives it a dark and beautiful color and prevents it from turning grey. It is solid in hope, and rested with increasing fervent and zeal to the subject of religion. He was wont to say, he was prepared to meet death in the sanctuary, and seemed to enjoy and to be edified by the sermon he had just received right in his calling, a good neighbor and an affectionate husband and father. He was not one from the affluence and imperfectious desired to our fallen condition; yet he gave evidence, by his conduct, that he was sincerely, but deliberately only upon the stunning sacrifice of Jesus Christ our Lord.

Gettysburg, Sept. 1, 1850.

TAILORING.

THE undersigned acknowledges his indebtedness to his numerous friends for the liberal share of patronage extended to them, and would respectfully inform them that he has just received a fine assortment of

FALL & WINTER FASHIONS,

and will be prepared to execute all orders in his line of business, with promptness and a satisfactory fit, if favored with the work entrusted to his care, warranted to fit.

J. H. SKELLY.

☞ AN APPRENTICE to the Tailoring business will be taken by the subscriber, if immediate application be made. The advantages are, a good chance to learn the trade, and good wages. One from the country would be preferred.

J. H. S.

Gettysburg, Sept. 6.—3m

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Commissioners, in Westmoreland county, Pa., on the 21st, and *Sitting day the 21st day of September inst.*, at 12 o'clock, M., for the erection of a

WOODEN BRIDGE,

over Conococheague Creek, at East Berlin, where said creek crosses the road leading from Gettysburg to Berlin, at the west end of said town of Berlin.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the said Commissioners at any time during the sitting.

JACOB KING,
J. MORNINGSTAR,
JOHN BEELMAN, Jr.
Commissioners.

Attest—J. ACHENBACH, Clerk.

Sept. 6.—4t

Commencement of the Theological Seminary, Gettysburg, Pa.

THE Annual Addresses of the students of the Theological Seminary will be delivered on the *Tuesday evening the 17th inst.*, in Christ's Church, Gettysburg, at the usual hour, by the Senior Class, and before the Alumni Association of the Institution. The Anniversary of the Society for Union, Conococheague, Berwick, Oxford, Hamilton, Reading, Hampletown, Gettysburg, Strasburg and Mount Joy, will assemble on *Wednesday, the 18th of October next*; and the Anniversary for the Borough, Cumberland, Freedom, Latrobe, Hanover, Franklin, Butler, Menallen, Tyrone, Huntington and Littlestown, will attend on *Thursday, the 10th of October next.*

Price Current and Country Produce.

By order of the Committee.

J. AUGHINBAUGH, Sec'y.

Sept. 13, 1850.—4t

NOTICE TO DELINQUENTS.

PERSONS who know themselves to be in arrears on subscription to St. Paul's Lutheran Church, in Gettysburg, are hereby notified that the Collector, Mr. SAMUEL WEAVER, will SOON call on them for their dues (September) for payment, and all those neglecting or refusing to pay, will find that their accounts are left with an officer for proper collection for collection.

By order of the Church Council.

C. ANDREW POLLEY, Treas'r.

N. B. Pew-holders in the above church are hereby notified that the Collector is prepared to call on Keller Kurtz and pay his rent.

NOTICE.

Combs! Combs!

A FINE assortment of COMBS just received by J. B. SCHICK.

LOCUST GROVE STEAM MILL,

TWO MILES S. WEST OF LITTLE TOWN, IN GERMANY TOWNSHIP.

THIS establishment is now in full operation and calculated to do all kinds of Grinding upon the shortest notice and in the very best manner. Farmers and others wanting grinding done especially will find it to their interest to call at this Establishment, where they can be accommodated at all times. The

TEAM MILL

is close by and in connection with the large

Flouring Mill,

and together are calculated to do a large amount of work. *A PLASTER MILL & GLOVER MILL* is in connection with this establishment, and Sawing can now be done at all times. Constantly on hand and for sale,

AT THE MILLS,

wholesale and retail, Family and Superfine Wheat Flour, Rye, Corn and Buckwheat Flour, warranted superior. A large quantity of Middling, Corn, Corn Meal, Bran, Shorts, Shipstuff, &c., to be had at all times at fair prices.

GRAIN & PLASTER GROUND TO ORDER.

Persons having Grain to grind can be accommodated at all times on the shortest notice, either with the Flour and Feed manufactured, or by having their own grain ground.

This establishment has been erected at great expense, and with convenience and accommodation of the neighborhood and will be carried on by first-rate

EXPERIENCED MILLERS.

The undersigned therefore respectfully solicits the patronage of the surrounding country. Farmers may rest assured of their interest being looked after with more care as either of the Mills, in the best manner, and at all times upon reasonable terms. Persons going to the establishment from a distance can at all times and particularly in the forenoon, find a ready wash. Those that bring plaster in the stone can at all times receive and take with them ground plaster in exchange.

GEO. ARNOLD.

N. B. Wishing to give farmers a home to do their grain as fair price will at all times be given for wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, &c., delivered at the Mills.

Locust Grove, Sept. 6—4t G. A.

GETTYSBURG FEMALE SEMINARY.

THIS Institution, under the direction of Miss WALLACE, will be reopened on Monday the 2d of September, and continue in two sessions of five months each, until the last of June; leaving July and August for vacation instead of May and October.

TERMS.—Ten dollars per session of five months for the primary class; for the languages, Drawing and Fancy Work. Pupils will be charged from the time of entering, until the end of the session, and no deductions from the price will be made, except for time lost by the Teacher, or protracted illness of the pupil.

Reference is respectfully made to the following gentlemen:

J. B. Hamilton, Rev. Dr. Schmucker,
J. A. Thompson, Rev. Dr. Baugher,
Rev. Dr. Krauth, Rev. Dr. Demme,
Dr. D. Horner, Prof. Jacobs,
Hon. M. M'Clean, Prof. Stork,
Hon. J. Cooper, Prof. D. Jacobson.

Aug. 30, (March 2.)—ly

KEYSTONE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF HARRISBURG, PA.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Guarantee Capital, $75,000.

States as low as any other Company in the United States.

THIS company respectfully calls the attention of the public to the following advantages which they are enabled to offer to persons desirous of insuring their lives:

All the profits of the Company are divisible among the living lifes insurers in scrip dividends, bearing interest, payable in cash at the end of each year.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly; or when they amount to $50 and upwards, they may be paid one half in cash and the balance by note at 12 months.

Wives may insure the lives of their husbands, husbands may insure their wives lives in favor of their wives and children, thus securing to their families a sum which could not reach in the event of the death and insolvency of the husband.

L. REILY, Pres't.

☞ Pamphlets and information furnished by the undersigned, who is the regular agent at Gettysburg.

KELLER KURTZ.

☞ Dr. CHARLES HUNTER, is the Company's regularly authorized Medical Examiner.

June 28, 1850.—1y

FIRE! FIRE!

THE Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Company, Philadelphia, are now doing business on the mutual plan, Break Down Premium, Perpetual in the profits of the Company, without liability beyond the premium paid. *No premiums note, notes on which assessments are made.*

The subscriber, as Agent for the above Company, will make Insurance, either permanent or limited, on property and effects of every description against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

SA