Such will be the last of earth," in the case of John W. Webster. For some years he has owned a lot, in which is erected a family monument, at the Cemetery of Mount Auburn; and it is there, probably, that he will be carried to his his final resting place.

After being taken down, the remains of Mr. Webster were placed in the cell which he had so lately occupied, and about dusk the evening, when they were removed to the residence of his family at Cambridge.

We understand that his death was announced to the family on Friday afternoon, by Mrs. W. H. Prescott, sister of Mrs. Webster. Rev. Dr. Putnam was present when the communication was made. The family received the intelligence with calm resignation and christian fortitude.

The funeral, it is said, will take place on Sunday, with as little display as possible. The corpse will be deposited in the family tomb at Mount Auburn. Rev. Dr. Walker will officiate at the funeral.

[From the Boston Bee, Aug. 21.]

One circumstance occurred at the close of the interview of Prof. Webster with his wife and daughters, on Thursday evening, which fixes it beyond a doubt that family, when they left the Doctor that evening, suspected seeing his sentence. For when they were notified that the coach was waiting for them, one of the daughters expressed a desire to remain a little longer. They were very politely and kindly informed that the hour for closing the prison had arrived, whereupon Prof. Webster asked Mr. Andrews—"Will this be the hour for closing in the future?"—Mr. Andrews said that he was not confined for an answer at first, but finally answered her that it would.

It is said that Prof. Webster made no detailed confession to go before the public. He has said briefly on the subject of the murder with different individuals, but in ways with the promise from them that they would not make anything public.

PROF. WEBSTER'S FAMILY.—The family of Prof. Webster were informed of his death on Friday morning immediately after the execution.

Their informant was the Rev. Dr. Putnam, of Roxbury, who has been a firm friend of the family, and spiritual adviser to the Professor. The intelligence was said to have been heart rending—the event, though of course expected, coming upon them rather suddenly. Mrs. Webster gave to her daughters consolation, and an example of firmness under affliction, certainly praiseworthy.

The Rev. gentleman comforted them with the assurance, that though the body had ceased as a tenant, the soul had gone forever, and by repentance such as has been evinced by the departed, life and happiness awaited were attained.

In the afternoon, the afflicted family were visited by Mr. Prescott, sister to Mrs. Webster.

BURIAL OF WEBSTER.—From the best information that can be obtained under existing circumstances, the *Boston Journal* learns that most earnest efforts were performed on Friday evening by the Rev. Mr. Walker at the residence of Mrs. Webster in Cambridge, and immediately after, without being accompanied by a funeral train, the remains of Prof. Webster were conveyed by Mr. John Peake, undertaker, to Mount Auburn, and deposited in the family tomb.

CHOLERA IN THE WEST.

There seems now to be a probability that the cholera will spread through the interiors of the Western States. We hear of it from several points in Ohio, in Indiana, in Illinois and Wisconsin. The disease was also prevailing in some parts of Ohio. The Cincinnati Gazette says:

"A note from Vienna, in Clark county, Ohio, states that the disease was making rapid strides in that little town, and the inhabitants were flying before it. A report was received from St. Mary's a few days ago, to the effect that the epidemic was raging badly in the latter place, the number of deaths for the two days having been 11 or 12 per day."

There had been 17 cholera interments at Cleveland, Ohio, and 6 at Zanesville week before last. The St. Louis Republican, of the 17 ult., says:

"The cholera has broken out fearfully at Galena, Ill. From three o'clock on Sunday up to noon the following day no less than fifteen citizens of the place had fallen victims to it, and the greatest alarm and consternation prevailed."

There were 25 interments at Louisville, Ky., on Monday and Tuesday last, of which 6 were to cholera.

The Wheeling Gazette of Saturday says:

"Miss Magruder, a highly respectable young lady, residing in Market street, was attacked with cholera last week and died. A few days after another young woman living on Market street, was attacked with cholera symptoms and died. Some doubt existing whether it was cholera, a post mortem examination was made, and it appeared that her death was caused by medicine taken to produce abortion."

After a lapse of two or three weeks, the cholera has again made its appearance at Harper's Ferry. Mr. Michael Cowell, jr. and Mrs. Gaston died on the Wednesday night of the disease. There had been another death at Flowing Spring, in the same county, that of Mr. Shower.

FROM EUROPE.

The American steamer *Atlantic* arrived at New York on Sunday, with three days later from Europe. Jenny Lind was a passenger in her cabin.

The latest accounts from Schleswig state that both the Holstein and Danish armies had suspended hostilities for a time.

On the late visit to Lyons, Louis Napoleon announced to the people his determination to remain at the head of the government of France, if the people would sustain him. This announcement is reported to have created much sensation, though it was received with general satisfaction.

Cholera had declined a quarter of a penny during the three days; four hard or bad sixpences per bushel; wheat one shilling per bushel; and corn was very dull.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—We see it stated that the Supreme Court of this State has decided that an Administrator is an estate, who falls in a suit instituted by himself, is personally liable for the costs. This is a important decision and will be quickly known.

LOCOFOCO FALSEHOOD AND MISREPRESENTATION.

The address which the Pennsylvania Locofoco State Central Committee have put substituted for the consideration of the faithful, and which is intended to operate upon the approaching election, contains a box as many falsehoods, direct and implied, as it was possible for the most ingenious fibber to crowd into a document of equal dimensions. In this respect it certainly is a curiosity, and as rare a specimen of locofoco ingenuity as was ever seen. In the first place, it sets out with the assumption that the "democratic party never occupied a higher or more enviable position than at the present time." Everybody knows, who know anything, that the reverse is the truth. The party is all in pieces, and little care, and little hope, Free Soil factions. If to be snarling and growling perpetually, one clique applying the other the epithets of "traitor," "moneyocracy," and other such like loveable adjectives—you say, if this is occupying a "high" and "enviable" position, then we must say that "the party" is indeed high every inch!

Then, again, we are told that our foreign relations, since the Whig administration came into power, have been conducted with "blundering awkwardness." An assertion of this character may pass for what it is worth, and counts for, with the masses of the democratic party in Pennsylvania we are quite sure that it is not worth much. We shall not stop to point out the many important treaties which have been negotiated with foreign powers since the accession of the present Whig country, since the Federal Government was transferred to a Whig administration. Many of these are household words in history now, and as such they speak for themselves. Nor need we allude to the various and difficult negotiations pending between this Government and some of the most powerful European States, which have been satisfactorily adjusted without any of that disgraceful bluster which is so inseparable ingredient of locofoco diplomacy. If the domestic relations of France are cordiant enough to believe there was anything "blundering awkward" there, we shall be forced to the conclusion that they are yet involved in as dense political darkness as they were during the Presidential campaign in 1844, when Clay's tariff letters circulated in the Polk's and abolitionists in Clay's tariff letters with Clay's signature stuck on, which enabled the locofocos to get a most many votes as they thought they belong to them. We hope better things of our Pennsylvania friends. Surely they have better sense than that. Times have tricks and subterfuges of the locofoco management.

Secretary Corwin comes in for a goodly share of abuse in this characteristic address. Why not Locofocoism is always abusing somebody, and it must always have a subject to operate upon—They have not made much in that way, hitherto, out of Congress, and it is upon which necessarily precludes him from giving back blow for blow, the cowardly character of the whole address "gentlemen" know very well that their stale slang about "wholly loaded" and "bowpiddle graves" will be permitted without Congressional redress. Dr. Walker at the residence of Mrs. Webster in Cambridge, and immediately after, without being accompanied by a funeral train, the remains of Prof. W. were conveyed by Mr. John Peake, undertaker, to Mount Auburn, and deposited in the family tomb.

THE WEST AND THE UNION.

At the dinner of the Alumni of Yale College, on the occasion of a recent commencement celebration of that institution, among other distinguished guests then and there present was Mr. Bates, of Missouri—the eminent gentleman who declined not long since the Department of the Interior, proffered to him by President Fillmore. In acknowledgment of a toast complimentary to the West, Mr. Bates delivered a speech which was received with much applause. We note one passage from the abstract given of it in the New York Tribune:

"He said that out of the Mississippi *right sufficient to* Mr. Webster, and, in this country, the whole country, and the people living on it should defend the Union of the States with heart and hand. No war, no policy can divide it. We want no little red-flag with a yellow spot on it—Water spaniels loodoodi in her gunnel works, and the giant West speaks loudest for the Union. The children of parents from Connecticut and Georgia on the Mississippi side by side mingle together, and where they know what politics mean, they know what have made their fathers and mothers were. [Applause.] The North and South, which seem to be forgotten in the West has an interest in the Union. By sub-bys, when the North and South threaten to fight, the West will, as it sometimes does with pugnacious boys, hold them far enough apart to prevent striking, and then they will say to them, go home into a good humor. [Laughter and applause.]

CENSUS OF 1850.

The U. S. Marshals will be glad to learn that an act supplementary to an act of 23d May, 1850 has been passed by Congress, authorizing the Marshals of the Interior to extend the time for taking the census where, from circumstances beyond the control of the Marshal, further time is rendered necessary.

The act also provides for an increased compensation for taking the census of California, Oregon, Utah, and New Mexico, and provides for the payment, in all cases, of eight cents per page for the two copies of returns required by the act.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 29.

Action of Texas on the Governor's message.—Resolutions Looked By—Close Calculations, &c.

We have received Austin accounts to the 17th, but they are of little interest. The Legislature has been discussing a resolution to proceed to the election of a Senator in place of Mr. Rusk; also a resolution as to calling for the correspondence between the Governor and other States relating assistance with money, men and arms from such States, which were postponed on a discussion. It was stated that 1700 men were necessary in Santa Fe to keep the Federal troops in check, besides 1,400 over all insurgents.

LOCOFOCO HARMONY.—There is another Locofoco Convention, a secession, sent into it from Clarion. Dissatisfaction, division and distraction in the party, roles there as well as in the Locofoco Convention, Fayette, Cambria and Crawford. It is worth noticing, too, that the cause of complaint is the same everywhere—infamous, fraud and corruption. James Hogge, a member of the Legislature, and a full communion with the party in Clarion, comes out with an unqualified condemnation of the course of proceedings at the late convention of the party in that county. After giving an account of the manner in which Clay and the nominations made by it, he declares in the most emphatic manner that he will not support Polk and Dallas. He says that he is not alone in this opinion among his party, a portion of whom have nominated and will support the Whig candidate for Attorney, against the nominee of the party. Mr. Boggs has issued a card, which concludes with the following:

"If such nominations were calculated to benefit the Democratic party, I could submit to the indignity. Instead of a benefit, it is the very weapon of its destruction. Therefore, I consider it the duty of every Democrat to oppose the corrupt fraudulent nominations. But when I go thus far, I must say that I am the last man in the world to oppose the nominations, but on the contrary, I have always sustained them."

POVERTY.—We are sorry to say that there is a degree of poverty in the Allegheny at present. The cause is probably the stoppage of the Cotton Factories, which is felt in a greater or less degree by a liberal every inhabitant. The following is the number of operatives thrown out of employment:

Eagle Cotton Factory,	220
Hope "	200
Penn "	290
Anchor "	210
Mill "	180
Washington "	30
Total.	1220

We regret to learn that the proprietors of these establishments have suffered such extensive loss by the immoderate quantity of imported goods brought into the market, they have determined to keep their mills closed for some months. Indeed they have fixed on no time for reopening them.

NOBLE CONDUCT OF A WOMAN.—The following incident, says the *Philadelphia* American, occurred last week on the Broadtop railroad, near a branch of the Alleghany. The stone was cut down by a very recent heavy rains, and a fitting family were crossing at the ferry in a flat, when by some accident, a boy about six years was thrown, and fell from the lower side of the flat into the stream. Among a number of persons on the bank was a young woman, dressed in washing, attracted to the child's danger by the cries of the mother and the exclamations of others on each side of the river. She knew that a short distance below was a deep place, and if the child entered it must be lost. Excited by the imminent danger of the child, and more perhaps by the agonizing cries of the mother, and seeing no hope or prospect of relief but what she herself could offer, her resolution was taken, and in a moment she stood disrobed on the bank and plunged into the stream. It was not the first time she had breasted the stream, and in a moment she had overtaken and skill as a swimmer, made directly for the child, which she seized with one arm, and with the other bore both safely to shore.

The Hagerstown News notices a curiosity received at that office from Mr. Andrew Hogmire, of the following magnificent proportions: length, 18 inches; circumference, 16 inches; weight 6 pounds.

THE STAR & BANNER,

GETTYSBURG,

Friday Evening, Sept. 6, 1850.

WHIG STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
JOSHUA DUNCAN, of Beaver county.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
HENRY W. SNYDER, Union county.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
JOSEPH RENDIGAN, of Washington.

WHIG COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,
Daniel M. Smyser,
SENATOR,
Thomas Carson.
ASSEMBLY,
William McSherry,
COMMISSIONER,
Jacob Grier.
AUDITOR,
Frederick G. Hoffman.
DIRECTOR,
Nicholas Bushey.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
James G. Reed.
COUNTY SURVEYOR,
Jacob Diehl.

☞ To Delinquent Patrons.

The "Printers" is in want of funds to meet sundry engagements for Ink, Paper, &c., and MUST HAVE THEM! *Will our delinquent patrons take the hint and act promptly? A few dollars from each will help us amazingly, and at the same time enable you to sleep more soundly. Try it!*

Census Items.

We are indebted to Messrs. TREVOR, DUNBAR AND NORRIS, for the annexed returns of the census which they have completed in the districts named:

The *Berwick of Gettysburg* numbers 1985 white inhabitants, and 195 colored—making 2180; an increase of 77 since 1840, when the population numbered 1746, and the colored 162.

Butler township numbers 1378 white, and 24 colored inhabitants—making 1396. The town ship has been erected out of parts of Menallen and Franklin since 1840. *Reading township* numbers 1117; *Germany township* has a population of 1117; 193 dwellings and 213 families. In 1840 the population was 1553; the decrease is in consequence of a portion of Germany township being thrown into Union since 1840. *Littlestown* numbers 204 population, 71 dwellings, and 78 families.

Mount Joy township numbers 1101 inhabitants, 186 dwellings, and 194 families. In 1840 the population was 1035—increase 66.

Freedom township numbers 473 inhabitants—In 1840 the number was 445—increase 28.

Cumberland township numbers 1403 inhabitants In 1840, 1218; increase 185.

TALL TIMOTHY.—A fine sample of Timothy, the heads measuring from 11 to 12 inches in length, has been left at this office. It hails from our good Whig friend, JAMES CUNNINGHAM, Esq., of Freedom township, and we are inclined to think will be hard to beat.

☞To guard against any misapprehension that might possibly result from the "Notice" which appeared in our issue of last week, in regard to a note given by Mr. ALLNUTT, of Frederick county; Md., to Mr. L. STORCH, of this place, it may be proper to say that the difficulty results from a misunderstanding, which in no wise effects the integrity of the holder of the note. We have conversed with Mr. Stough, this statement is of course unknown to us. We have thought proper, however, to make the explanation to prevent any possible misapprehension.

☞"Sheriff Fickes advertises, in the "Compiler" the sale of a Tract of Land, in Cumberland township, containing 113 acres, late the estate of Michael Hoke, deceased. The sale will take place on the premises, on the 23d of September, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

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Bible Presentation.

By reference to a card in another column, it will be seen that the Ladies of Fairfield and its vicinity design presenting to the Division of Sons of Temperance recently established in that place, a Bible, as a token of their regard for the Association, and of the interest which they feel in the effort that is being made to promote the cause of Temperance in that locality. The ceremony will take place on Tuesday the 10th inst. We understand that the Rev. D. D. CLARKE will deliver an address upon the occasion, on behalf of the Ladies. Several addresses will also be made by members of the Division. A large delegation from this place is accompanied by the Gettys Lodge Band, is making preparations to attend. A delegation is also expected from Waynesboro'. We are pleased to see this move on the part of the Ladies of Fairfield. There is much in the spirit evinced by them that is worthy of emulation by Ladies elsewhere.

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☞"JENNY LIND arrived at New York last week, and was received with much enthusiasm by the people. The multitude assembled by thousands on the pier to welcome the songstress and distinguished passenger.

☞While there are many citizens in Pennsylvania who recognize and advocate the right of the slave-owner to his property, yet, by means of them do not; even the Judge upon the Bench scruples not to decide himself of the course of Justice to rescue the fugitive slave from the hands of his master. In proof of this, we need only refer to the recent outrageous violation of every principle of justice by a Harrisburg Judge, in the case of Taylor's negroes. The truth is, that the Abolitionists have more protection in this particular, or else a fence broker would ride with sooner or later take place.—*Hagerstown Herald.*

☞"It is strange that after so much has been said about the Whigs being in favor of the introduction of the reclamation of fugitive Slaves, the publication of a Democratic journal should be so grossly misinformed. It is not true, that the "masses" of our citizens do not recognize the right of the slave-owner to his property." Pennsylvania knows and cherishes the Union with an almost sacred reverence. It is the Palladium of our safety as for the hopes of the future; she recognizes the compromises of the compact by which that Union was brought into existence, and which resulted in the establishment of the National Constitution, and is willing to stand by those compromises to the letter and the spirit. Although opposed to the Institution of Human Slavery, she yet knows that civil, political and religious right, her citizens have uniformly acknowledged the legal right of the slave-holder to his property, and the duty of the Union to his property, and they do so now. So her Courts have time and again decided; so her Legislatures have always determined; and so her people, with a few exceptions, have always acted until in an unfortunate hour the Supreme Judiciary of the country ruled those and all other State laws to be void, and the Constitution, and decided the right of the Slave-hunter, armed or unarmed, to enter upon the territories of the Free States in search of his property, and, without legal process of any kind, seize upon and carry off any person that he may claim to be a slave.

Here is the origin of the difficulty, so far as concerns the Northern States, and it is well for us, that we understand it.

☞The remains of General Taylor are to be deposited in the family burying ground, near Louisville, Ky., in accordance with the wishes of the deceased and his family. So says Col. Bliss, in reply to a letter from the Committee of Congress, and had requested their removal to that State.

Great Freshet and Loss of Life.

The storm of Sunday and Monday last has proved very disastrous to life and property to the East of this as far as the Lakes. The Rivers and streams in all directions were swollen to an unusual height—carrying off bridges, fences, &c., immensely. At Tamaqua, on the Schuylkill, between 30 and 40 houses were swept away, and some FIFTY LIVES LOST. Steam vessels were lost at Port Clinton, and at other places along the Schuylkill similar losses are reported. At York, on Monday, the Codorus was so high that the water ran across the Main street, aside the bridge, one foot deep, and doing much of the property along the stream. The Railroad Company lost a bridge, and other losses are reported.

☞Hon. DAVID PATTON, of Pittsburgh, who is a candidate for Congress, who made an appropriate, forcible and able speech, which produced a decidedly favorable impression, that was deepened and strengthened by his subsequent manners in the interviews between him and the citizens of the County, with whom he sojourned in social intercourse. Indeed, we have known Mr. SNYDER long and well, and so cordial and evidently sincere are his good feelings, and so marked his abilities, that he cannot fail of winning the regard and esteem of all with whom he may become acquainted.

The following Resolution was unanimously adopted by the meeting:

Resolved, That in DANIEL M. SMYSER, Esq., presented by our sister County of Adams as a candidate for Congress from this District, we recognize a gentleman of cultivated intellect, generous heart, sound principles and persuasive eloquence, whose presence in the national councils would reflect honor on his constituency and be highly advantageous to the public service; and that Rudolph Spangler, of Paradise, M. E. Fryser, of Hanover, and John J. Cochran, of York, be appointed a committee to inform the gentleman of the above action, and request his consent to be put in nomination for Congress.

The meeting also unanimously Resolved in favor of an elective Judiciary as follows:

That having full confidence in the capacity of the people as of any intermediate agent, to select officers for the Judicial department of their Government, we are in favor of the adoption of the proposed amendment to the Constitution of this State, by virtue of which the people will become the electors of their judges by their own direct suffrages, and to that end we advise the voters of this Judicial District for the purpose of defeating the popular will in this particular.

Are all at Work?

Is an inquiry, we hear on every side, which it would be well for every Whig to put to himself. The time has now arrived for every Pennsylvania Whig to be active. By a united and vigorous effort we may not only elect a Whig Canal Commissioner, Auditor General, and Surveyor General, but a Whig Delegation to Congress, and our good Whig friend, JAMES CUNNINGHAM, Esq., of Freedom township, and we are inclined to think will be hard to beat.

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Mr. Smyser in York County.

A very large meeting of the Whigs of York county assembled in York on the evening of the 27th ult., which, in the harmony and enthusiasm which prevailed, contrasted favorably with the scene of confusion and disorder which marked the doings of the Locofoco meeting on the preceding evening. Messrs. SNYDER AND MCCONAUGHY, of this place, were present and made speeches which were received with spirit by the York papers. The *Republican* thus alludes to our candidate for Congress:

"At a meeting was given with the presence of DANIEL M. SMYSER, Esq., of Gettysburg, the Whig candidate for Congress, who made an appropriate, forcible and able speech, which produced a decidedly favorable impression, that was deepened and strengthened by his subsequent manners in the interviews between him and the citizens of the County, with whom he sojourned in social intercourse. Indeed, we have known Mr. SNYSER long and well, and so cordial and evidently sincere are his good feelings, and so marked his abilities, that he cannot fail of winning the regard and esteem of all with whom he may become acquainted.

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Bible Presentation.

By reference to a card in another column, it will be seen that the Ladies of Fairfield and its vicinity design presenting to the Division of Sons of Temperance recently established in that place, a Bible, as a token of their regard for the Association, and of the interest which they feel in the effort that is being made to promote the cause of Temperance in that locality. The ceremony will take place on Tuesday the 10th inst. We understand that the Rev. D. D. CLARKE will deliver an address upon the occasion, on behalf of the Ladies. Several addresses will also be made by members of the Division. A large delegation from this place, accompanied by the Gettys Lodge Band, is making preparations to attend. A delegation is also expected from Waynesboro'. We are pleased to see this move on the part of the Ladies of Fairfield. There is much in the spirit evinced by them that is worthy of emulation by Ladies elsewhere.

☞The Small Note Law is said to be generally disregarded in the western and northern parts of the State. The Pittsburg papers say that the interdicted shinplasters pass as readily there as they have ever done. In Philadelphia a good deal of difficulty has been experienced in the way of procuring change to pay off hands, &c. Here, about the law is pretty generally observed. Our merchants still take them, but as fast as received they are sent to where they belong.

☞Hon. LEWIS C. LEVIN has been re-nominated for Congress by the Native American of the 1st Congressional District.

☞"JENNY LIND arrived at New York last week, and was received with much enthusiasm by the people. The multitude assembled by thousands on the pier to welcome the songstress and distinguished passenger.

HAVRE DE GRACE BANK.—This notorious concern is now in the hands of a committee of creditors, and is, of course, a mere heap of rubbish. Enormous swindling operations are charged upon the officers of the concern, all of whom, it is said, have been arrested.

NEWSPAPER SWINDLERS.—The German Reformed Messenger publishes the names of some eight or ten delinquents who have swindled that establishment out of about $100. We have a list with three or four of them on our file, and can inform any one who may wish to know them.

A DUTCHMAN AT SARATOGA.—Among the persons described as being at the recent fancy ball at Saratoga, we find the following:

Mad. Damel personated the Duchess of Orleans—dress white lace—diadem of diamond—head dress of diamonds, diamond earrings, and used by Josephine, the wife of Napoleon Bonaparte, bequeathed to her sisters, and sold to Mons. Jumel for $25,000. Her watch in the same dual was purchased after the Duchess de Berry had worn it for 1000 fr. Besides these, her head was spangled with diamonds to the amount of upward of $5000.

Col. Richard M. Johnson is one the delegates elected members of the Kentucky legislature. The old war horse wears well.

"The late election in Virginia for members of the Convention to amend the Constitution, has resulted in the return of a large majority of "Reformers," and Water spaniels loodoodi in her gunnel works, and the giant West speaks loudest for the Union. The children of parents from Connecticut and Georgia on the Mississippi side by side mingle together, and where they know what politics mean, they know what have made their fathers and mothers were. [Applause.] The North and South, which seem to be forgotten in the West has an interest in the Union. By sub-bys, when the North and South threaten to fight, the West will, as it sometimes does with pugnacious boys, hold them far enough apart to prevent striking, and then they will say to them, go home into a good humor. [Laughter and applause.]

CENSUS OF 1850.

The U. S. Marshals will be glad to learn that an act supplementary to an act of 23d May, 1850 has been passed by Congress, authorizing the Marshals of the Interior to extend the time for taking the census where, from circumstances beyond the control of the Marshal, further time is rendered necessary.

The act also provides for an increased compensation for taking the census of California, Oregon, Utah, and New Mexico, and provides for the payment, in all cases, of eight cents per page for the two copies of returns required by the act.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 29.

Action of Texas on the Governor's message.—Resolutions Looked By—Close Calculations, &c.

We have received Austin accounts to the 17th, but they are of little interest. The Legislature has been discussing a resolution to proceed to the election of a Senator in place of Mr. Rusk; also a resolution as to calling for the correspondence between the Governor and other States relating assistance with money, men and arms from such States, which were postponed on a discussion. It was stated that 1700 men were necessary in Santa Fe to keep the Federal troops in check, besides 1,400 over all insurgents.

LOCOFOCO HARMONY.—There is another Locofoco Convention, a secession, sent into it from Clarion. Dissatisfaction, division and distraction in the party, roles there as well as in the Locofoco Convention, Fayette, Cambria and Crawford. It is worth noticing, too, that the cause of complaint is the same everywhere—infamous, fraud and corruption. James Hogge, a member of the Legislature, and a full communion with the party in Clarion, comes out with an unqualified condemnation of the course of proceedings at the late convention of the party in that county. After giving an account of the manner in which Clay and the nominations made by it, he declares in the most emphatic manner that he will not support Polk and Dallas. He says that he is not alone in this opinion among his party, a portion of whom have nominated and will support the Whig candidate for Attorney, against the nominee of the party. Mr. Boggs has issued a card, which concludes with the following:

"If such nominations were calculated to benefit the Democratic party, I could submit to the indignity. Instead of a benefit, it is the very weapon of its destruction. Therefore, I consider it the duty of every Democrat to oppose the corrupt fraudulent nominations. But when I go thus far, I must say that I am the last man in the world to oppose the nominations, but on the contrary, I have always sustained them."

POVERTY.—We are sorry to say that there is a degree of poverty in the Allegheny at present. The cause is probably the stoppage of the Cotton Factories, which is felt in a greater or less degree by a liberal every inhabitant. The following is the number of operatives thrown out of employment:

Eagle Cotton Factory,	220
Hope "	200
Penn "	290
Anchor "	210
Mill "	180
Washington "	30
Total.	1220

We regret to learn that the proprietors of these establishments have suffered such extensive loss by the immoderate quantity of imported goods brought into the market, they have determined to keep their mills closed for some months. Indeed they have fixed on no time for reopening them.

NOBLE CONDUCT OF A WOMAN.—The following incident, says the *Philadelphia* American, occurred last week on the Broadtop railroad, near a branch of the Alleghany. The stone was cut down by a very recent heavy rains, and a fitting family were crossing at the ferry in a flat, when by some accident, a boy about six years was thrown, and fell from the lower side of the flat into the stream. Among a number of persons on the bank was a young woman, dressed in washing, attracted to the child's danger by the cries of the mother and the exclamations of others on each side of the river. She knew that a short distance below was a deep place, and if the child entered it must be lost. Excited by the imminent danger of the child, and more perhaps by the agonizing cries of the mother, and seeing no hope or prospect of relief but what she herself could offer, her resolution was taken, and in a moment she stood disrobed on the bank and plunged into the stream. It was not the first time she had breasted the stream, and in a moment she had overtaken and skill as a swimmer, made directly for the child, which she seized with one arm, and with the other bore both safely to shore.

The Hagerstown News notices a curiosity received at that office from Mr. Andrew Hogmire, of the following magnificent proportions: length, 18 inches; circumference, 16 inches; weight 6 pounds.

THE "DEATH'S DOOR."

How frightfully do we dare the expression, which is meant to convey to the mind the last stage of illness that a patient can be reduced to! Mrs. Harrison, a member of the Trinity church, was, as she expressed herself, brought down to "death's door" by a lingering and severe Bronchial cough, which, like an angel of mercy, "Brady Balsy" relieved her of her severe pains and restored her to her friends in perfect health. Brady's Balsam of Wild Cherry, is justly lauded in applied, its beneficial effects are unparalleled. It soothes, strengthens, invigorates, it instantly allays irritation, reduces inflammation and swellings, relieves the most distressing coughs, cures pains in Burns, Scalds, Sores, Fractures, sums Rheumatism, Lumbago, Gout, Pleurisy, Quinsy, Croup, Spasms, stiff neck, weak ones in the side and back, sores of all kinds, bruises, shaded, sore throat, inflammation, tender cough, chills, &c.

THE CASE CURED IN ONE SECOND.—The astonishing affection can be cured in an instant, for the moment the Relief reaches the sufferer, the pain is mitigated, the "Tic Doloureux" and Rheumatism, Lumbago, and Sciatica—behold the parts where the pain is most severe, and in a few minutes you will be entirely relieved. The Balsam is said to rest the most violent spasms and cramps, stop immediately the most acute pain, and give great strength for weakness, ease for pain, health for sickness. Mr. Brady's Balsam is prepared in one large sized Bottle 75 cts., 162 Fulton st.

Elegant Toilet Requisites.

To embellish and preserve the beauty

Rushway's Medicated Soap.

Formerly known by the name of the fashionable world for its extremely bland, purifying and soothing effects on the skin, while by its action on the pores it opens and purifies them, it expels all the impurities from the surface, allays every irritation and inflammation, effectually dissipates all redness, tan, pimples, spots, freckles, discolorations and eruptions of every kind. Gentlemen, after shaving, will find it allays all irritation and tenderness of the skin, and leaves it soft, smooth and pleasant. It is free from poisonous, irritating and pernicious ingredients, and is put up in an elegant form, and is free from the same happy results as upon beauty in its prime. Each cake is enclosed in a beautiful label of steel engraving, with the signature of R. G. RUSHWAY, Sole Proprietor, Price 25 cents, large cakes.

The crowning ornament of Beauty is a luxuriant head of hair,

Rushway's Circassian Balm,

Warranted to Cure Baldness, Prevent its use for dressing and beautifying the hair. It cleanses the skin from scurf, leaves it free from scurvy, baldness and sores on the head, stops the hair from falling, and leaves it soft, pliable, smooth and glossy. Persons who have lost their hair by sickness will find a complete antidote in this Balm. It will restore the hair to its natural color and prevents it from turning grey. It is sold in large bottles, 75 cts. per bottle, and is warranted the best hair preparation in use. It will not soil the most delicate lace or linen, and is more genuine without the signature of RUSHWAY than any other.

☞☞ Agents for the sale of the above articles in Adams county:—N. McILHENNY, Gettysburg; Cashtown; *Bamringer & Renshaw*, Littlestown; *Kellenberger & Bankard*, Abbottstown; *Wilkins Wolf & Co*, East Berlin; *D. M. C. Wade*, Hampton; *Wm. Wolf*