MORE OF THE STUPENDOUS DISUNION PLOT.

[Correspondence of Phila. Inquirer]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16, 1850.

In my letter to the Inquirer of the 14th inst., it is stated that in Janney's late paper, developing a plot for the formation of a Southern confederacy, had been planned in Gen. Sam Houston's hands—that it detailed with some minuteness the measures which were to be adopted—the arrangements were to be made to Mexico to join the confederacy—that Gen. Houston was to be President, &c. My information was from a reliable source; and I felt it a duty to the country to make it public.

Yesterday in the Senate, Mr. Butler, of South Carolina, read this letter, and called upon Gen. Houston to state whether it was true or not. Gen. Houston was not present while the letter was being read, but came into the chamber immediately afterwards; and, on being informed of what had transpired in his absence, at once responded to Mr. Butler's call by declaring that the statement was a malicious falsehood. That he knew nothing of such a scheme. In the course of his remarks, however, he stated that he looked at the idea of Mexico joining the Southern confederacy. This statement seemed somewhat at variance with his denial of the truth of the letter, for the most prominent part of the scheme, as there stated, was this very proposition with regard to Mexico, which General Houston said he hooted at.

Believing from this that there must be some misapprehension on the part of Gen. Houston, and feeling deeply sensible of the importance of the truth being arrived at, I called upon that gentleman this afternoon, and found that my surmise of his having made the denial under a misapprehension of what was stated in the letter, was correct. He said to me, in my own department, such as I had described in my letter had been handed to him last January; but, that it was a mistake that Janney had ever had anything to do with it, as it was presented to him by another gentleman, who had brought a letter of introduction with him from a friend; that what he had intended to deny, in his remarks in the Senate, was, that the document or memorandum he had the signature of Mr. Butler, or any leading Southern man, attached to it, as it had no signature whatever. I forbear, out of delicacy, to call Gen. Houston's attention to the fact that I had made no mention that any signatures were attached; that I had not objected no person by name, for I did not hear that the document was signed, and it struck me as highly improbable that a treasonable paper would be handed about with self-ite signatures appended.

Gen. Houston said further to me, that he indignantly refused to have anything to do with the plot, and handed the paper back to Rusk. He did not know where it was now, but he believed it was in his possession, either at Washington, or at home in Texas; that if the paper had been signed, he would have put it his duty at once to have arrested the guilty parties; but being merely an unsigned document, he did not feel warranted, upon mere surmise, in taking any action, and so dropped it. He also disavowed any intention of being personal in his remarks in the Senate.

The matter is of great moment to the country. A plot has been, and is now in all probability, going on for the dismemberment of the Union, and it becomes the duty of all good citizens to use every effort to frustrate the treason. It will not do to be hackneyed, sneers at "letter-writers," or "newspaper paragraphs." The matter is one of too much importance to be either succored or laughed into silence. The Senate, through some of their members, have seen fit to make a mock of it, and the country will expect that it will not end here. Gen. Houston has stamped a paper, such as I has been described, as a calumnious one, in a matter, which, perhaps, involves the permanency of the Union, the authors of that treasonable paper should be dragged into daylight.

PISTOLS AND COFFEE.—The "Southern Press," published a savage letter of Gen. Wallace against Gen. Houston, and another South Carolina attack upon Gen. Foote. Pistols and coffee are apprehended.

"If I, sir, as mentioned, felt authorised to offer you a word of counsel, at parting, I would tell you, in all sincerity, to retire at once from the gaze of a world, from whose sentence of reprobation you can never be reprieved, and to the society of which your presence can impart no value. Posterity, if it should condescend to notice you, will be at a loss whether to assign you the rank of a knave or a fool. The present generation, who are better acquainted with your qualities, will be at no loss to determine that you possess, in your person and character, the most extraordinary combination of both. As you cannot then, sir, hope to receive the sentence, retire to merited obscurity, and devote the few remaining days allotted to you under the sun in preparing repentance, for repentance, for a coming hour, when you must yield up a life which you have spent without adorning or dignifying with a single virtue which stamps a man as either good, wise or great."

General Wallace had been severely censured for writing this inflammatory epistle, for no slight a cause as that assigned by it. Here is his own defence:

"On the 14th inst. I was informed that, on the previous day, the Hon. Sam Houston, a Senator from the State of Texas, introduced my name in debate, in the Senate, in connection with that of Mr. Walker, Jr., for the purpose of creating the impression that the convention held at Jackson, Mississippi, in October last, and the Nashville Convention, were gotten up for an influence exclusive to the State of Mississippi, and that Mr. Calhoun, and myself, as his agent, had been the means of, which, the extraordinary influence had been brought to bear upon the public mind in that State."

"The theory of Texas is making his arrangements for the secession of Professor Walker on Friday next.

THE VOCATIONAL CURIOSITY.—*Cant Literate Sect.*—Several notices of the last Sunday's sermons, in the Sun, have appeared in the newspapers. It appears to be considered a "phenomenon," &c., and some consider the fact to be owing to an impregnation from wheat. The fact is that it appears, that the species of cinnebrake, *arundinaria macrospermum*, or long seeded cinebrake flowers and bears seed only occasionally, once in 2 to 10 years depending upon some peculiarity of season. Each plant sends up from its roots many stocks or stems, or as it is usually said, is propagated generally from *barren*. From five to ten years are required for the maturity of the seed, and when the stock is of mature age, if the season be favorable, it bears seed and then dies, as do all the seed bearing branches of grasses and grain do. But the roots go on sending up new stocks, and thus continue the reproduction of the plants, independently of seeds, the old portion, that which supports the old stalks, only perishing. There is no tar, therefore, that all the cinebrakes of the South will perish. The grain makes very good bread, better than that made from barley or rye, but not as good as that made from wheat. In 1824 there was a large crop of seed, plentifully in Nansemond county, Va., and other portions of the South, I had a peck of it sent to me, had it ground at one of the mills, and had it made into bread, and have often eaten much worse bread from wheat. The cinebrakes of the South also bore seed in 1801 and in 1811, and twice since 1831, but I do not recollect the dates.

C. B. S.

IMPORTANT LAW.

The following important act, relative to the right of widows of insolvents to retain property to the amount of $300, was passed at the last session of the Legislature, Sec. 25. Hereafter, the widow or children of any person who shall die, leaving within this commonwealth, if the said deceased be a married man, a widow or children who were residing with such person at the time of his death, and the estate be insufficient to pay debts, the exclusive of the amount of property which is now by law exempted from levy and sale upon an execution, shall be entitled to retain either real or personal property belonging to such person, to the value of three hundred dollars; and it shall be the duty of the executor or administrator of such decedent, to have the same set and property appraised in the same manner provided by the act passed the ninth day of April A. D. 1840, so as to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent: *Provided*, That this section shall not affect or impair any lions for the purchase money of such real estate; and the said appraisement shall be signed and certified by the appraisers and approved by the orphan's court, shall be filed among the records thereof.

THE EXCITEMENT IN TEXAS.—The people of Texas are much excited against the Santa Fe affair, and seem determined to take armed possession at once. Gov. Bell has issued commissions for the raising of troops to persons in almost every county. The following from the letter of Col. Thomas M. Likens to Gov. Henderson is a specimen:

"I shall, by virtue of a commission, which I hold from Gov. Bell, entitled me to organize a company of one hundred men for the Santa Fe expedition on the 27th inst. Should ten or twelve companies follow well mounted on dollas, from your county, in one or two days, they shall not be disappointed in getting situations—please let me know.

The force was to march for Santa Fe on the 1st of September, and in several of the counties companies had already been filled up, preparatory to receiving their equipments.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.—The injurious and fatal effects of mistakes sometimes made by apothecaries in compounding medicines, are attracting attention in various papers. The *New York Commercial Advertiser*, and other journals, recommend that physicians' prescriptions should be so legibly written in plain English, a recommendation which seems a sound and sensible one, and to which we can see no objection. The *New York Medical Gazette* cites many of these fatal mistakes are made in consequence of the prescriptions being written in a language, which, perhaps, is the most of the business, also therefore dependent upon clerks, many of whom are a black account girls, have died from such errors are the consequence of criminal carelessness.

ARMY MOVEMENTS.—The St. Louis Republican of the 11th inst. says:

We learn that the 7th regiment of U. S. Infantry, Col. Plympton commanding, which has just returned from Florida and has scarcely encamped at Jefferson Barracks, after severe service, has received orders from the Secretary of War to prepare for distant service, and move immediately for Fort Leavenworth. Orders or instructions, we understand, have also been received to push forward, with all possible despatch, the remaining companies of the recruits for the dragoon regiment, of whom about 300 are now at Jefferson Barracks.

We know not the purpose of these movements, but they look very much as if President Fillmore is preparing to support his position on the questions between Texas and New Mexico. The promptness of the movement would indicate determination to be prepared for any contingency.

We learn from a notice of Dr. Nevin, in the last *Messenger*, that the appointment of Marshall College will be carried forward at Mercersburg, in full as heretofore, during the ensuing year. It is expected that by that time "the way will be prepared for the transfer of the whole interest to Lancaster."

The Rev. SIMEON W. HARVEY, for fourteen years pastor of the Lutheran Church at Frederick, has resigned his charge, with a view to make a tour of Europe, and Theological Professorship in Hillsboro' College, Illinois, to which he has been appointed.

The Whigs of Lancaster county have nominated Hon. THADDEUS STEVENS for reflection to Congress, and Benjamin A. Sheller, Robert Baldwin, Jacob Neisly, C. L. Hunsecker, and James Cowdon, for Assembly.

POTATO BLIGHT.—The rust has made its appearance upon the potato tops in the western part of Maine, and in parts of N. York. It is not known to what extent it prevails.

Arrival of Steamship Europa.

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The Royal mail steamship Europa, with dates from Liverpool to the 10th, London to the 9th, and Paris to the 8th inst., arrived at Halifax on Monday last.

The prospects of an abundant harvest in England and Ireland, continue very good except, for potatoes, for which serious apprehensions are being felt. The rot is reported to be spreading rapidly, especially in the South of Ireland.

ENGLAND.

The question relative to Rothschilds taking his seat in the House of Commons has been postponed to the next session, when a new bill will be introduced upon the subject.

The new Cabinet at Washington is regarded by the English leading press with much favor.

DENMARK AND THE DUCHIES.

A protocol recognizing substantially all leading views of the Danish government, was signed in London on Saturday by nearly every foreign minister at Court.—A telegraphic despatch dated Hamburg 1st, says: "The Danish government has sent out a bitter and sensible one, and to which we can see no objection. The *New York Medical Gazette* cites many of these fatal mistakes are made in consequence of the prescriptions being written in a language, which, perhaps, is the most of the business, also therefore dependent upon clerks, many of whom are a black account girls, have died from such errors are the consequence of criminal carelessness.

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THE STAR & BANNER.

GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, Aug. 23, 1850.

WHIG STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
JOSHUA DUNCAN, of Bucks county

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
HENRY W. RIDGELY, Dauphin county.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
JOSEPH HENDERSON, Washington.

WHIG COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,
Daniel M. Smyser.

SENATOR,
Thomas Carson,

ASSEMBLY,
William M'Sherry,

COMMISSIONER,
Jacob Geiser,

AUDITOR,
Frederick G. Hoffman.

DIRECTOR,
Nicholas Bushey,

DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
James Cox,

COUNTY SURVEYOR,
Jacob Diehl.

☞ **To Delinquent Patrons.**

The "Printer" is in want of funds to meet sundry engagements for ink, Paper, &c., and SURE HAVE THEM! Will our delinquent patrons take the hint and act promptly? A few dollars from each will help us wonderfully, and at the same time enable you to sleep more soundly. Try it!

Appointment by the Governor.

SAMUEL S. MCCREARY, Esq., to be Notary Public for the Borough of Gettysburg, in room of S. D. Russell, Esq., resigned.

NEW JUDGE.—Hon. GEORGE SHYER having resigned the post of Associate Judge of the several Courts of Adams county, Gov. Johnston has appointed as his successor, SAMUEL R. RUPERT, Esq., of the Borough, who took his seat on the bench on Monday last. The appointment is universally considered to be an excellent one, Judge RUPERT being possessed of every requisite for a competent, judicious and faithful discharge of the duties of the station.

DEATH OF MR. HAKE.—By reference to our obituary department, it will be seen that Mr. PETER HAKE, student of Pennsylvania College, who was so severely burnt by the explosion of camphine recently, has died of the effects of the injury sustained. The deceased was in the 19th year of his age.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.—The Annual Catalogue of this Institution, which has been placed upon our table, exhibits an attendance of 142 Students in the several departments, during the course of the year, distributed as follows:—Seniors 18, Juniors 20, Sophomores 12, Freshmen 17, Partial course 9, Preparatory Department 66. The Annual Commencement will take place this year on the 19th of September—the Baccalaureate Address of the President to be delivered on the preceding Sabbath. Hon. W. D. KEALY, of Philadelphia, will deliver the annual address before the Literary Association on the afternoon of Wednesday the 18th of September, and on the evening of the same day the Alumni of the College will be addressed by Rev. C. F. KRAUTH, of Winchester Va.

DR. NEB.—The York papers contendict the rumor of Dr. Nes' death; and state that his friends are confident he will be able to resume his pulpit. A statement in regard to the recent death of the wife of Dr. Nes is also incorrect, as her decease took place more than five years ago.

THE CENSUS.—We am indebted to Mr. DABOSHAY, for the number of inhabitants in Cumberland township, of which he has completed the enumeration. The result is 1463; in 1840 it was 1218, and in 1830, it was 1010.

York County Locofoco Nominations.

York County Locofoco Convention, on Tuesday last, nominated WM. H. KEATS, Esq. for Congress; Jacob S. Hakenson, Esq., of Hellam, and Edwin C. Trone, for Assembly; and James B. Buchanan, Esq., for District Attorney. The nomination of Mr. KEATS was effected after a bitter and warm contest between the Kurtz and Busey factions, by the following vote:—Keats 38, Busey 31, Cutheberson 1. On the District Attorney issue, Busey had a majority, the beaded their opponents—Buchanan beating Stahle by two votes.

The nomination for Congress will be hailed with approval by the Whigs of the district, as a guaranty of Mr. SMYSER's triumph, with proper exertion on the part of the Whigs. The issue now of the final between the two Locofoco factions in York county will still disastrously upon the prospects of Mr. KURTZ, who is acknowledged on all hands to be a weaker candidate than Mr. BUSEY (*Dr. Busey*) would have been. Mr. KURTZ is a member of the York bar, of respectable abilities, but cannot command the vote of the party in the district. More of this, however, hereafter.—In the meantime, we have but to say to our friends—PO WORK! The skies are bright—the eye duty and Mr. SMYSER will be triumphantly elected.

Senatorial Nomination.

The Whig Senatorial Conference of Adams & Franklin counties met in conference, on the 15th inst., and after a full and fraternal interchange of views, unanimously nominated THOMAS CARSON, Esq., of Mercersburg, for State Senator—the Conference then, this county yielding to the claim of Franklin. Mr. CARSON is a gentleman of intelligence, integrity and firmness, and having formerly represented the District in the Senate, has the advantage of an acquaintance with Legislative duties. The Whigs of Adams would have been pleased to have an opportunity of expressing, at the ballot box, their appreciation of Senator SAMUEL'S ability and fidelity as a Representative; but will render Mr. CARSON an equally cordial support as the reward so honest, able and true and tried Whig.

Congress has done nothing on the Slavery question during the past week. The House, on Monday, refused take up the bills which had passed the Senate, by a two-third vote being necessary to do so. Next Monday, the Texas Resolution, by a majority vote will suffice to take up either of the bills, when they will no doubt be promptly acted on.

The Senate is engaged on the Fugitive Slave Bill. Mr. Dodge has offered an amendment which is under consideration, making the Treasury of the U. States responsible for the fugitives' slaves. The amendment will fail, of course—and possibly the Bill itself, as the Southern radicals seem determined to regard upon it features, which can never receive the sanction of Northern freemen.

☞ Dr. JAMES H. CLARKSON, an eminent physician of Columbia, Pa., died suddenly on Wednesday last.

COURT DOINGS.

Amercd is a record of the cases put on trial during the present week, in the Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas—Judge BLACK, of the Bedford, Somerset and Franklin District, presiding:

IN QUARTER SESSIONS.

Commonwealth vs. James Little—Assault and Battery upon the person of one Sarah Weismantle, with intent to kill. Verdict of Jury—Guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $1 and costs of prosecution, and stand in jail for imprisonment in the County Jail one year and six months.

Commonwealth vs. Conrad Myers—Surety of Peace. Case heard, and Court ordered that defendant enter into recognizance in the sum of $100 to keep the peace for one year and give security in like sum, or be of good behavior, and especially towards George Stambaugh.

IN COMMON PLEAS.

John Barrett vs. Joel B. Danner and Robert Danner, defendants, in partnership, trading under the firm of Danner & Barrett, Plff. charging defendant with having filled up an alley or right of way adjoining plaintiff's property, to the injury and detriment of said property. Verdict for defendants—plaintiff to pay costs.

Wm. B. Brandon, Ex'r of Templeton Brandon, deceased, vs. Wm. Meals, jr., Sheriff, in ejectment, for ploughing title to 13 acres of land in Huntington township. Verdict for plaintiff, with 6 cents damages and 6 pence costs.

A. & J. Frain vs. James Watson, sen. Appeal from Justice Dock—Plaintiff claiming right of way over defendant's lands for sod delivered to Defendant, on which $60 had been paid by defendant, leaving $40 unpaid, for which suit is brought. Defendant resists upon the ground that the machine delivered was not the one contracted for, and claims a recovery of the $60 and interest. Verdict for Defendant for $60 11.

The Court is still in session as we go to Press. Judge DUNKER on the bench—Judge BLACK being compelled to leave for Somerset on Thursday last.

More of the Bribery Convention.

The Carlisle Democrat is making disclosures that are calculated to deeply implicate those members of the Carlisle party that have assailed Gen. Cameron, and attempted to fasten upon his good well-known effort made to bribe the delegates at the Williamsport Convention, by Mr. Gerhardt, of Lehigh, upon the tables and chairs, and direct upon the Canal Commissioner Painter, and by implication upon the Hon. Jesse Miller, of the Keystone. The Democrat cites several articles on the subject, all of which show signs of a determination to probe the matter to the bottom; and the Philadelphia Times calls upon the friends of Messrs Painter and Miller to meet the charge at once. We published the affidavits relative to the Gerhardtsburg affair, and now give the following on the other side:

STARTLING AFFIDAVIT!

I, Edward Culvert, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the county of Lehigh, coming, do certify that Joseph Filler and Hiram Lentz, the Delegates from the county of Bedford to the late Democratic State Convention, being duly sworn on their oath to tell the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, touching the Canal Commissioner, Mr. Gerhardt, of Lehigh, did deposit and say, that Israel Painter, one of the Canal Commissioners of Pennsylvania, had offered each of said delegates the sum of twenty dollars and a day's pay on the Portage Railroad, if they would leave Hubley and vote for Strickland.

Certified at my office in Williamsport, this 14th day of August, 1850.

After perusing the above, the reader will agree with us that the Williamsport Convention must have been a rare gathering, and a beautiful specimen of Locofoco politicians.—*Pennsylvania Telegraph.*

A COMPLIMENT.—A correspondent of the Baltimore Clipper, in speaking of the passage of the "Texas Boundary Bill, pays the following compliment to Mr. Cooper:

"Mr. Cooper, of Pennsylvania, made a most beautiful as well as powerful speech, which, I believe, was the best effort of the session of peace measures, that made a deep impression upon that body, and materially strengthened the friends of the bill. He spoke as a patriot and statesman should speak, and with a devotion to the Union, worthy of the high trust he has held from respect, of this trust confided in his hands, by the Keystone State of the Arch of the Confederacy. We felt proud of the council of the nation, the rights of the country are safe, and the Union beyond the reach of disorganizing and political corruption of mounting politicians."

Christian Parlor Magazine.—We have received the August No of this popular and well established Periodical, which is embellished with a fine mezzotint engraving of the "Fall of Babel," by Sartain, and a fac-simile of the model awarded to Gen. Taylor by Congress for his sword, in 1847. The contents are fully up to the mark of those which appear in the other popular monthlies—the production of a particular friend would be the taste of the Mass and Belle, combining—being selected from the elegant and fastidious reading being discarded from its pages. Mrs. DE BARNES, Dr. Chevers, Dr. Dixon, Prof. Tayler, Rev. J. S. O. Adams, Rev. Dr. Hallet Baxter Stowe, and other distinguished writers, contribute to its pages. The price is low—only $1 per annum. Which assures a copy of the Magazine for one year, together with a large premium engraving of "Christ weeping over Jerusalem," or Sartain's "Washington." We will with pleasure forward the name of any of our friends who may wish to subscribe. GEORGE PRATT, publisher, 116 Nassau st., New York.

☞ *"The Bad Waltz,"* is the title of a new piece of music, composed for the Piano Forte, by our musical townsman, Mr. JOHN GILBERT, and published, in handsome style, by F. D. BERTHER, Baltimore, and dedicated to Miss E. J. WAYMAN, of that city. The title of the piece is pretty, Piano music which our young friend has brought out with much acceptance to the musical world. He has long since established a reputation among his immediate acquaintances for musical genius, and we are pleased to see that reputation extending.

HOLDEN'S DOLLAR MAGAZINE.—This excellent and cheap Periodical continues to hold its own. The August No., like the previous issues, is well filled with readable and instructive matter—the peculiar merit of the magazine, is its adaptedness to the times, being that it is devoted to original Criticisms, Biographies, Reviews, Sketches, and Essays, as well as to Tales and Romances, the reader will find in it *profitable* as well as *agreeable* reading, which is a consideration sometimes lost sight of by Magazine publishers.—It is decidedly the *cheapest* Magazine to an intelligent reader, that we know of. Published Monthly by Messrs. Fowler and Dietz, 109 Nassau st. N. Y., 64 pp. octavo, at 20 copies for $15.

THE ART OF ADVERTISING.—The compilers appointed by Mr. V. B. Palmer, to decide the award of a silver cup to the writer of the best essay upon the subject of advertising, have, as we see by the last number of the Philadelphia Ledger, report. The committee consisted of Messrs. Cogan, H. Graham of "Graham's Magazine," William M. Swaim of the "Public Ledger," and Henry H. Hart, President of the Philadelphia and Wilkesbarre Telegraph Company," and the prize has been awarded to Horace Greeley, Esq., of the N. York Tribune. The premium is a silver cup, to be covered with elegant designs, relating to commerce and trade. We make the following extract from the essay:

"The merchant, therefore, who aims to succeed in business, must aim at these two delicate ends, to be satisfied to be satisfied with a fair profit, and to be satisfied with the business he is in. Secondly, that every body within the proper scope of his business is made aware of his ability and confident of his disposition to do so. Those points attained, he has only to do his business properly, as to be sure he will succeed, and his home and his fortune is made.

"Is the merchant or dealer who is sure of his ability to fill orders on the most favorable terms, the assistant of an adventurer, who is ready to take up the cause of his employer, and to do his business properly? Is the man who is going to the Oder, or the Ganges, or the Mississippi, or the Crawford, from going to a responsible house and send their best men. If that cause he attempts to endorse Brawley, who will not be held accountable for the results? Decidedly not.

THE CABINET COMPLETE.—The last vacancies of Mr. McLANAN as Secretary of the Interior, and of Mr. CORWIN as Secretary of War, are now filled, and the Cabinet is complete. We have heard no reason assigned for the sudden retirement of Mr. McLANAN, but we presume it was owing to the fact that he has not taken up his residence in the Capital, and is not in the habit of attending to the business of his office. The following have been appointed to succeed him:

Secretary of State—DANIEL WEBSTER, of Mass.

Secretary of the TREASURY—THOMAS CORWIN, of Ohio.

Secretary of the NAVY—W. A. GRAHAM, of N. Carolina.

Secretary of WAR—CHARLES M. CONRAD, of Louisiana.

Secretary of the Interior—THOS. M. T. McKENNAN, of Penn'a.

Postmaster General—NATHAN K. HALL, of N. York.

Attorney General—JOHN J. CRITTENDEN, of Kentucky.

☞ **Utah.**

The Bill which passed the Senate for establishing a Territorial Government in Utah, contains seventeen sections. The boundaries established by it are that we are informed, as follows: On the West by the State of California, on the North by the Territory of Oregon, on the East by the ridge of the Rocky Mountains, and on the South by the thirty-seventh parallel of latitude.

In relation to slavery the Bill provides that "when admitted as a State, the said territory, or any portion of the same shall be received into the Union, with or without slavery as their Constitution may prescribe at the time of their admission."

The Governor is empowered to grant the privilege of dividing said territory into two or more territories, in such manner and at such time as the Congress shall deem convenient and proper, or of attaching any portion of said territory to any other State or Territory of the United States.

DEATH OF HON. JESSE MILLER.—We learn by a gentleman from Huntingdon that Hon. JESSE MILLER died in that place, of Bilious fever, on Tuesday last. Mr. MILLER was a gentleman of talents and high attainments, and was known over the State as one of the leaders of the anti-Camron branch of that party. At the time of his death he was residing in Huntingdon, publishing "Keystone," a paper bitterly hostile to Mr. Cameron, and which sought to rend that gentleman and his peculiar friends out of the Democratic fold.

OHIO.—We observe that Samuel Galloway, late Secretary of the State of Ohio, has been nominated by the Whigs of the 19th Congressional district, now represented by Charles Sweeney, Locofoco, who, in 1848, gave Taylor 1,605, Cass 8,071; Van Buren 1,291; Taylor's majority 5,175.

☞ The cholera, which had become absolutely prevalent throughout Virginia and the West, is rapidly disappearing.

☞ Wm. Lincoln, enumerator that he of Lewis Myers, aged 1 year 2 mos. and 4 days, died on the 12th inst. Lewis Myers was effected after a bitter and warm contest between the Kurtz and Busey factions, by the following vote:—Keats 38, Busey 31, Cutheberson 1. On the District Attorney issue, Busey had a majority, the beaded their opponents—Buchanan beating Stahle by two votes.

The nomination for Congress will be hailed with approval by the Whigs of the district, as a guaranty of Mr. SMYSER's triumph, with proper exertion on the part of the Whigs. The issue now of the final between the two Locofoco factions in York county will still disastrously upon the prospects of Mr. KURTZ, who is acknowledged on all hands to be a weaker candidate than Mr. BUSEY (*Dr. Busey*) would have been. Mr. KURTZ is a member of the York bar, of respectable abilities, but cannot command the vote of the party in the district. More of this, however, hereafter.—In the meantime, we have but to say to our friends—PO WORK! The skies are bright—the eye duty and Mr. SMYSER will be triumphantly elected.

Senatorial Nomination.

The Whig Senatorial Conference of Adams & Franklin counties met in conference, on the 15th inst., and after a full and fraternal interchange of views, unanimously nominated THOMAS CARSON, Esq., of Mercersburg, for State Senator—the Conference then, this county yielding to the claim of Franklin. Mr. CARSON is a gentleman of intelligence, integrity and firmness, and having formerly represented the District in the Senate, has the advantage of an acquaintance with Legislative duties. The Whigs of Adams would have been pleased to have an opportunity of expressing, at the ballot box, their appreciation of Senator SAMUEL'S ability and fidelity as a Representative; but will render Mr. CARSON an equally cordial support as the reward so honest, able and true and tried Whig.

Congress has done nothing on the Slavery question during the past week. The House, on Monday, refused take up the bills which had passed the Senate, by a two-third vote being necessary to do so. Next Monday, the Texas Resolution, by a majority vote will suffice to take up either of the bills, when they will no doubt be promptly acted on.

The Senate is engaged on the Fugitive Slave Bill. Mr. Dodge has offered an amendment which is under consideration, making the Treasury of the U. States responsible for the fugitives' slaves. The amendment will fail, of course—and possibly the Bill itself, as the Southern radicals seem determined to regard upon it features, which can never receive the sanction of Northern freemen.

☞ Dr. JAMES H. CLARKSON, an eminent physician of Columbia, Pa., died suddenly on Wednesday last.

THE CHURCH MUSICIAN.—Edited by Lowell Mason, Boston, Mass. Published by Wm. Hall & Son, New York.—This publication is a monthly of 16 pages, devoted to the interests of Church Music, and is ably conducted. It contains a variety of music, and is well worth the price, $1 per annum.

THE PRESIDENT'S SERMON.—Mr. Ingersoll, in his speech at Philadelphia, on Tuesday last, said that the President, when a boy, was a member of the Episcopal church, and that he was in the habit of reading the sermons of Bishop Hobart, and that he was in the habit of reading the sermons of Bishop Hobart, and that he was in the habit of reading the sermons of Bishop Hobart