EXTRACTS FROM FOREIGN PAPERS RECEIVED BY THE CANADA.

The Cholera has become quite prevalent in Paris, and also in Pesaloup (Austrian Hungary.) Thirty deaths in Paris in the 24 hours out of forty cases.

Mr. Bigley, Minister of the United States to Russia, arrived at Paris on the 4th instant.

It is stated on the authority of a letter from St. Petersburg, that the Russian Minister of Finance has requested the house of Rothschild to raise a loan of 30,000,000 *silver rubles*.

The ship Jane sailed from Liverpool on the 7th instant, with twelve missionaries for Africa.

The ocean steamer, Washington, Captain Floyd, arrived at Cowes on Tuesday, 12 June 8th.

Thirty-three persons lost their lives by the explosion of a cellery at the Hebdom Pit, near Newcastle, June 5th.

Letters from Cyprus announce that the locusts had made dreadful havoc among the crops.

THE KING OF THE FRENCH.—Louis Philippe has not been talked of much lately. You have heard of his poverty and of his debts. I have in my possession one of the most indisputable evidences that this still the richest private individual in the kingdom. It appears that Mr. Jacob Lafarge, has bought for him in houses, stocks, shares, *&c.*, property producing an annual income of ten millions of francs—. It is perfectly useless for any of his friends to deny this fact, perfectly well known on the New York Exchange.—*Paris Cor. Glasgow Daily Mail.*

CHOLERA AT PARIS.—The Cholera is again on the increase in Paris. This is ascribed to the excessive heat of the weather. The hospitals are full of patients and the deaths are on a larger proportion than ever to the number of persons attacked.—The treatment is still uncertain, medicines succeeding well in some cases where others fail in others. Of forty patients about thirty die. The epidemic is confined to the surrounding villages. At Batignolles the mortality is said to be fearful.—Two of the new Assembly have already deceased.

THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA, previous to his departure from St. Petersburg, offered up a beautiful prayer to the "King of kings and lord of lords," committing the soul of his son to his Eternal Keeper. The spirited and intelligent race, fond of active employment and a military life—lavishing, as it has possible, either labor or traffic.—

Upon the coffin was a plain silver plate, with these words, viz:

J. K. POLK.

BORN NOVEMBER, 1795.

DIED JUNE 15, 1849.

The body lies in state today. The noble drawing rooms are shrouded in black, and every window is strewed with black wreaths of crape. The tall white pillars of the majestic portico facing the south are completely shrouded in black, giving a solemnly majestic and funereal aspect to the Presidential mansion.

The funeral took place at four o'clock this afternoon, massive ceremonies being first performed in the drawing room over the body of the departed, lying in state, dressed in the Emperor's dress of the Guard, and a copy of the Constitution of the United States was placed at his feet. Before the coffin was placed in his feet, was hermetically soldered within a copper coffin.

From the house the funeral cortege, which was very large, all places of business being closed by order of our good whig Mayor, proceeded to the Methodist Episcopal Church, where, after service by Bishop Soule, and a funeral address by Rev. Mr. Morfey, the remains were conveyed to the cemetery, followed by a vast concourse of citizens. The body was deposited in the family vault, temporarily; but it will soon be removed to a vault on the lawn of the ex-Presidential mansion, where a fine marble monument, over it will be erected a stately marble cenotaph. Mr. Polk, by will, the evening before his death, gave the Hermitage, address to the House, protested that the resolution was quite unnecessary, and resigned his office and seat. Henry Lewis (of Calhe) then took the chair, and the House adjourned to meet at Sunrise. A resolution has been issued by the speaker and clerks of the Parliament, inviting the members to meet at Sunrise on the 4th instant. It was expected at Frankfort that from 70 to 80 members would obey the summons.—*The Albany Evening Journal* in an official correspondence, in which the unshaken regent, in reply to communications from the Prussian government, declares that he will only consult the interest of Germany in fixing the time when he may resign, and will permit no powers on earth to force him from the post entrusted to him.

INSURRECTION IN SOUTHERN GERMANY.—The insurrection continues to spread in Baden and the Palatine. In a battle with the Hessian troops at Heppenheim, the Republicans drove their opponents from the field in disorder. In Wurtemberg, a rebellion is threatened. In Palatine the insurgents have retaken Worms.

The Grand Duke of Baden, by a proclamation, dated Frankfort, the 21st inst. declares null all the measures of the Provisional Government, announces that Imperial troops are about to enter the Duchy, and he promises an amnesty to all, except the chiefs who may have taken part in the insurrection, provided they undertake a military submission before any combat with the troops shall take place.

The Cologne Gazette announces that the troops of Electoral Hesse have refused to march against the insurgents of the Grand Duchy of Baden.

THE DANES AND PRUSSIANS!—Accounts from Hamburg of the 5th instant, state that on the 3d ult., the Prussians under Prince Salm-Salm were surprised and defeated at Arnhuss by the Danish hussars. The prince was captured, having sustained serious wounds, with several other officers. The Prussian troops had many killed, wounded and taken prisoners; they also lost 18 horses. The Dance had 9 killed and 12 wounded.

CHILD DEVOURED BY HOGS.—The following from a New York letter of Thursday, shows what hazards are run daily in this city, by the going at large of innumerable hogs in the streets:—

"The police books to-day record a terrible incident. Late last evening, Mary Exley was crossing an open lot in the upper part of the city, when he observed several hogs devouring what appeared to be the body of a child. On going to the spot he found his suspicions confirmed. The animals had eaten off the head, and the remainder of the carcass was boxed up and sent to the police office, in order, if possible, to have it identified. The child supposed to have been about six months old. A very more shocking, the annals of the Tombs surely record."

Last Hours of Ex-President Polk.

A correspondent of the New York Herald, dating from Nashville, under date of the 16th inst. gives interesting particulars of the last hours of the ex-President. He says:—

Having taken up his abode here, the ex-President gave himself up to the improvement of his health, which was seen every day about his dwelling, aiding and directing the workmen he had employed. Now overlooking a carpenter, now giving instructions to a gardener, often attended by Mrs. Polk, whose exquisite taste contributed the element of every improvement. It is not a fortnight since that I saw him in the house, directing the men who were removing decaying cedars. I was struck with his erect and healthful bearing, and the vigorous tones of his manner, which gave promise of long life. His flowing grey locks alone made him appear beyond the middle age of life. He seemed in full health. The next day being rainy, he remained within, and began to arrange his large library; and the labor of reaching books from the floor and placing them on the shelves, brought on fatigue and slight fever, which the medical consultant deem a sister of disease in the form of chronic diarrhoea, which, I was informed by one of many years' standing, and readily recognized upon his system by any over exertion. For the three first days, he was free from no alarm. But the disease baffling their skill, (and for skilful physicians Nashville will compare with the first cities in the Union,) Dr. Hay, his brother-in-law, and family physician for 20 years, was sent for from Columbia, between great and perfidious of this gentleman, aided by the highest medical talent, proved of no avail. Mr. Polk continued to sink from day to day. The disease was checked upon no long four days before his death, but his prostration was so great, that he could did not remain recuperative energy enough to the system for himself, and he died sunk away so slowly and insensibly, that it was eight hours before he died, after the last pulse, the respiration ceased.—He died without a struggle, simply ceasing to breathe, as when deep and quiet sleep falls upon a weary man.

About half an hour preceding his death, his venerable mother entered the room, and kneeling by his bedside, offered up a beautiful prayer to the "King of kings and lord of lords," committing the soul of her son to his Eternal Keeper. The spirited and intelligent race, fond of active employment and a military life—lavishing, as it has possible, either labor or traffic.—

In 1837 there were in Hungary not less than 259,848 privileged noblemen. The number since that time has considerably increased. They pay no taxes, and are very independent, and greatly retard the advancement of the not generally fertile kingdom in Europe, which also suffer much from the want of good roads and cheap transportation.

SLAVERY EXPIRING.—Mr. Robinson, of Franklin, Ky, in a speech delivered in the late Emancipation Convention at Frankfort, said:

"Mother," said the dying ex-President, taking her affectionately by the hand, "I have never in my life disobeyed you, but you must yield to your son now, and, very tly my wishes. I must be baptized by the Rev. Mr. Morfey, to-day."

His mother, wise as she is pious, did not hesitate to give her consent, and in presence of the Rev. Dr. Edgar, and the Rev. Mr. Mack, of Columbia, the ex-President received the rite of baptism at the hands of the Rev. Mr. Morfey.

Mr. Polk has died worth about one hundred thousand dollars, the bulk of which is settled upon his amiable wife, who, it is to be hoped, will long make this city her home—an ornament to its society, for all lips do praise her."

THE STAR & BANNER.

GETTYSBURG:

Friday Evening, June 29, 1849.

OUR AGENCIES.—J. B. PARKER, Esq. Corner of Chestnut & Second Sts. Philadelphia, Esq. Sun Building, N. E. Corner Third & Dock streets, Philadelphia; and W. Tracy Esq. South east corner of Baltimore & Sharpe Sts. Baltimore—are duly authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for "The Star and Banner," and collecting and receipting for the same.

[illegible]

[illegible] Mr. Polk's remains will be deposited in the tomb of his father, according to the wishes of the deceased, on the 17th of July.

[illegible] The Merchants of Philadelphia (V. S.) will close their stores on that day.

[illegible]

"THE FOURTH.—Arrangements are in active progress for a proper celebration of the "Fourth," on Wednesday next, in this place. Dentice several existing jobs and planning particular, the Sons of Temperance and Order of Temperance designs having a demonstration on the full equals of the Union. It is expected that the Ford, Hanover, and Littlestown Divisions will be present; so that if the day is favorable a handsome display may be anticipated. The Tuscarora Band will be present. The Tuscarora Band will be present. The Tuscarora Band will be present. The Tuscarora Band will be present.

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HUNGARY—ITS RESOURCES

The sympathies of our people are doubtless with the brave Hungarians in their struggle against the overwhelming force of Austria and Russia. The last steamer, having brought the information that army of the latter, numbering 215,000 men, had marched to the support of Austria, and following abridgment of an article in the North American, setting forth the resources of the Hungarians and their country, may be of interest to our readers of. [illegible]

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The Public Works.

The Harrisburg Keystone, a strong whig newspaper, makes a comparison of the public works, based on a comparison of the expenditures of the Pennsylvania Canal Board, as follows:

In the first place we have no hesitation in attributing the extension of which a large share to the extravagant management of which the public works have, for some time back, been managed, and the consequences to *direct funds*. Had a skilful and economical course been pursued, in regard to them, the treasury would now be in a better condition, by at least two hundred thousand dollars. This is in truth, a low estimate."

The people have long been satisfied that the public works have been used by the boatmen partly, which has had political of their by many years past, as an instrument of corruption. Circumstances have recently occurred with the politics or personal worth of the whig candidate for Canal Commissioner, alone prevented them from supplying the proper corrective last fall. If Mr. Longstreth, who was unanimously bespoke of attending to his duties for nearly a year past, would now be having unrepresented constituents the lately passed the Senate at the next election, would interpose into the Board the requisite elements of thorough and practical reform. And as the Keystone has shown no candid in its admission as to the mismanagement of the public works, we hoped it will recommend and indeed upon his doing so.—The low says, "it shall be the duty of the Canal Commissioner to see that the work shall be carried out, personally examination, to the general and especial superintendence and repair of the public works." Mr. Longstreth now has complied with the law. The people are paying him a liberal salary for *personal* services which he has been unable to render, since September last. The Canal Board has been for some time past utterly disorganized and inefficient in consequence of his inability to attend its sessions; the public works have been generally in either neglected or mismanaged in the absence of the controlling power exerted by the Board over the numerous employees; the Board has made arrangements for a large loan in the shape of increased appropriations and diminished receipts. By all means Mr. Longstreth ought to resign, and we hope that the Keystone will not throw aside its usual consistency in this Reform shall have been accomplished.—*Lancaster Union.*

The Canal Board.

A meeting of the Canal Board was appointed to be held last week in Philadelphia. Gen. Porter, the President of the board, attended. Mr. Longstreth did not make his appearance, and owing to his continued ill health, Mr. Longstreth was unable to attend. How long is this state of affairs to be allowed to continue? How long are the interests of this State to suffer for want of the attendance of her public officers, whom she pays to attend them? Judge Longstreth is rich, and does not require the salary of a Canal Commissioner to repay it as a support. We really think that a proper regard for the interests of the Commonwealth ought to induce him to resign, and let a Commissioner be appointed who can attend to the business. We think he will see the propriety of doing so before long.

☞ We learn from the Bedford Gazette, that Mr. Jacob Ickes, a resident of Greensburg, whose removal excited the sympathy of the entire Lower Ferry party, was a candidate for an important office in the recent Locofoco Convention of Westmoreland. He was not nominated by acclamation. But such is not the fact; he was *rejected* by that party, and consequently he is a democrat no longer. Westmoreland County by this act, have established a reputation for consumate *hypocrisy* that Salem-Indian cannot equal.

MURDER WITHOUT HANGING.—Robert Lintell was tried in New Orleans on the 15th inst., for the murder of his young and beautiful wife, on the 4th of April. The jury, after an absence of five minutes, brought in a verdict of guilty, *without capital punishment*. Jealousy seems to have been in this, as in many similar cases, the main spring of the murderous propensities. They had parted a few months after marriage.

CHOLERA PHENOMENA.—In a letter in the New York Post, from Dr. McCall, of Nashville, Tennessee, he says, "I would add, that in this city, it is generally remarked that the epidemic there has been attended with an unusual amount of lightning, and it is proposed to be investigated, in that country, in both particulars, having proved to be the case on the Atlantic seaboard.

GREAT FOOT RACE.—To-day, there is to be a foot race, from New York, a distance of $750. Pedestrian feats all over the country are pouring in, and among them are two Indians from Buffalo. The winner of the prize will have to cover a distance equal to 200 miles an hour—fast worth double $770 this hot weather.

THE LOCUSTS.—The Pittsburgh Gazette of Thursday last says: "We paid a visit to the country on the early part of last week and were not surprised at the countless millions of Locusts which swarm in all directions. The woods resound with their not unpleasant hum, and the orchards which they cast off, on assuming their wings, of here in great quantities on the fences."

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Early on Friday morning last a man named Daniel Kershaw was found lying on the track of the Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad, about six miles from this place, with his left leg fractured, with one thigh and both feet badly fractured.—*York Gazette.*

☞ We are pleased to learn that our fellow-citizen Mr. Jacob Ickes, of this place, and Miss Mary Ann Bell, of Mt. Pleasant, were married on the 19th ult., by Rev. Geo. W. Stowman, of Mt. Pleasant, Fayette County, Pa. Also, on the 19th ult., by Rev. Geo. W. Stowman, Mr. Jacob Ickes, of Gettysburg, Pa., to Miss Mary Ann Bell, of Mt. Pleasant, Fayette County, Pa.

☞ The Ladies' attention, particularly, is invited to a large and very handsome assortment of

Silks, and Fancy Goods

generally. Please give me a call, examine and judge for yourselves.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

April 5, 1849.—tf

CHOICE SPRING GOODS AND RARE BARGAINS!

D. MIDDLECOFF

HAS just opened a large and general assortment of SEASONABLE

GOODS,

COMPRISING EVERY THING DESIRABLE FOR

Ladies' & Gentlemen's Wear,

which will be sold CHEAP, *beyond all precedent*. He has *Prints at 2 cents, Muslin 2, Ginghams, Lawns, Checks and Tickings, at a 4p.* Also Silks, Lin. Lustres, Bereges, Organdie, *&c.*, together with a fine lot of Black Goods. Also,

Bonnets, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Parasols, &c.

☞ Persons wishing cheap Goods, of a first-rate quality, are respectfully invited to call and judge for themselves.

May 4, 1849.—tf

ADVANCE OF SPRING!!!

John B. Dill, of Auburn, New York, will open the Albany Cultivator, in January last, "There has been bought at this place, by men from New York and Boston, from November 16, 1848, to January 16, 1849, 2mo., 4,398 dressed hogs, weighing 1,189,525 pounds—making 56 tons, 1,189 pounds, the average of 85 per 100 lbs., amounts to 856,000 10. They have also bought 18 tons of turkey, 7 tons of geese—paid—making $2100 paid for this article. This shows a gross amount paid into this city, by eastern men, of $20,000 10, for articles produced in this county. This arises from the Railroad.—There are now about 200 head fattening here for the Eastern market. The pork, beef and poultry business will continue to increase from year to year, there is no doubt of it.

E. C. Frost, of Seneca Lake, dated March, 1849, speaks of the change brought about by the opening of the New York and Erie Railroad in the following manner:—"The first visible effect upon the town and farm demand created in this section, was noticed by the farmers, by a rise from 25 to 50 cts. cent, of from 25 per cent, of great numbers of turkeys, geese and chickens, at an advance of twenty-five per cent, on last year's price. They were taken some 60 miles to Binghampton and carried through alive. Large quantities of fresh pork were also taken from Steuben, Yates and Ontario counties, for New York by the road, as also butter, lard, &c. Fowls were also taken through in this region and sent through on this road. The Hon. A. B. Dickinson shipped 1,000 fowls to fill ship provisions, and now being collected near here, to be sent by railroad. Heretofore our cattle were driven a long distance to market; and wheat, butter and wool during canal navigation. Now our wheat is all sold and sent to one market, and nearly better. Much farming land has changed hands at advanced prices within 6 and 10 miles of the new thoroughfare."

Major Noah, in his "Sunday Times," has a reminiscence of early travel:

"We remember dropping in once to see Mr. Crawford, the Secretary of the Treasury, Minister at Paris, and being cold that he was expected from Court in a few minutes to see Madame Crawford and the ladies. The door opened shortly, and in walked the Ambassador, 'a cracker plant,' bedecked with ribbons, and looking as red as a cocked hat—a stout man, also—who fell and looked as if he were in armor. We stood a moment, and the door was let into a simultaneous burst of laughter. After having made two or three curtsey-musical bows, he called his lady, Madame Crawford, and said, 'Here, take off my *harness!*'"

INDIAN DEPREDATIONS.—A despatch from New Orleans, on the 22d inst., says: the Indians are still committing great depredations on the Texan frontier. Major Vanborn, with six companies of infantry, had left San Antonio to operate against them. In all, *five hundred* emigrants to California have been killed by the Indians. In Mexico the Indian depredators is raging violently in the interior towns of Mexico.

LIVER COMPLAINT is generally accompanied with pain in the side, sometimes with a dull pain of the shoulder; variable appetite, occasionally a disordered stomach, yellow tinge of the skin, and the eyes, and a sore aching over the region of the liver, together with other symptoms of a corrupt state of the blood.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills will be found one of the very best medicines in the world for all the above complaints. Hundreds have been brought forward, the motion, crossed the hall, and substituted a tremendous blow to his opponents, which prostrated him on the floor. The war spirit then communicated to others, and the combat threatened to become general, when the Mayor called in the police, who put an end to the quarrel and ejected the audience."

A Washington letter in the N. Y. Journal of Commerce quotes the following prediction, the original of which, in Latin, is copied from a book in the library of the Augustinian Convent, at Rome, published in 1675:

"Before the middle of the XIX century, the sediticus will be exterminated over all Europe; Republics will arise; Kings will fall; and Popes will be hunted down in Italy and ecclesiastics; and the religious will desert their convents. Famine, pestilence, and earthquakes will spread desolation over many cities. Rome will lose her scepter by the invasion of false philosophers. The Pope will be driven out of Rome by his own people, and the Church of God will be hunted under tribute, divested of its temporal possessions. But the Church will there will be no Pope. A prince from the North, who will be followed with a great army, destroy the republics, and restore a nate all rebels. His sword, wielded by God, will vigorously defend the Church of Christ, uphold the orthodox faith, and subdue the Mahometan power. A new pope will be then elected, who, though about 50, of whom 23 died. The ministry will be remarkably fertile in events, and singularly fatal during the entire day."

INDIAN DEPREDATIONS.—We learn, says the Cadiz, (Texas) Sentinel, of Saturday, from Texas, that the California emigrants which left Paris, Texas, (41 in number,) were all killed but one at the Big Bend, by Indians, the Comanche Indians. We also see by the Choctaw Telegraph that several parties of the Fort Smith Company were cut off and murdered by the Camanches; and that these Indians say it is their intention, as soon as the California emigrants are out of the way, to attack the Cherokee and Choctaw tribes.

Accounts from Texas confirm the painful news of the destruction of Captain Veach's company of California emigrants by the Indians. Out of thirty persons composing the company, only four were left to tell the sad tale of misfortunes which befell their companions.

Bishop Hughes of New York has issued a circular appointing Sunday next for a general collection throughout his Diocese for the relief and support of Pius IX in his present struggle against the Roman Republic.

AUSTRIAN ATROCITIES.—The Austrians, as to the Italians, are treating themselves by making a human *batue* in the streets—wherever two persons are seen together they are at once shot down.

A VALUABLE FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber, intending to remove to the West, will sell at Private Sale the valuable

FARM,

on which he resides, situate in Freedom township, two miles east of Emmitsburg near the main road from Emmitsburg to Baltimore, parts of the tract according to the map. The Farm contains

124 Acres,

more or less, and is located in one of the most desirable sections of the country. The land is well improved, and is in a fine state of cultivation; about 10 or 18 Acres are in good TIMBER, with a fair proportion of MEADOW; about 15 acres are well-limed. The Farm is under good fencing, about one-half being Chestnut rails. The improvements are a convenient two-story rough-cast

DWELLING,

(four rooms on each story,) with a brick Kitchen and Smoke-house, a large brick Barn, with water in the barn-yard to supply the stock, a good Spring House, Blacksmith Shop. There are two Wells of Water, one near the Kitchen door.—There is also on the premises a fine young

ORCHARD

of Choice Fruit Trees.

There is a six acre Meadow lot, which will be sold with the Farm, if desired. ☞ Persons wishing to view the Farm, or ascertain the terms, which will be reasonable, will do so by calling on the subscriber.

JEREMIAH GROFF.

Frederick county, Md., June 29—tf

CELEBRATION

L. P. & F. and T. V. & T.

THE members of "Adams Division, No. 214, Sons of Temperance," in connection with the Order of Temperance, No. 66, Cadets of Temperance," design celebrating the approaching Anniversary of Independence, by a public display of a full Regular Procession, Dinner, *&c.* The Procession will form at the Division Room, in Odd Fellows' Hall, at 9 o'clock, marching through the several streets, will repair to the German Reformed Church, where the Declaration of Independence will be read, and an Address delivered by members of the Order. After which the Procession will reform, and proceed to the "Washington House," where Dinner will be served up at 1 o'clock.

G. W. P. Stokes and G. S. Picknell, of the Grand Division, have been invited to attend, and it is hoped they will be present.

Brethren connected with neighboring Divisions in good standing are invited to join with us in the celebration, and to participate in the regalia of the Order. The invitation to participate in the celebration is also cordially extended to the Ladies of Temperance generally.

D. A. Buehler, Solomon Bender, D. Troxell, Jos. Hemmingway, Wm. B. M'Clellan, J. Aughinbaugh, J. W. Stable, J. H. Skelly, P. J. Troxell, D. M'Conaughy, R. G. M'Creary, Wm. Bender,

Committee of Arrangement.

Gettysburg, June 22, 1849.

TO THE LADIES.

WE advise you all, in view of the natural propensity now-a-days' to desire BARGAINS, to go and see

STEPHENSON'S NEW SPRING GOODS.

It is worth a visit, to look at his CALICOES. He has a very extensive and well-selected, and his Goods are not only pretty but *cheap*. Having been purchased late in the season, some city purchasers were anxious to sell, they were obtained at reduced prices. His Cotton Goods are of the matchless kind. Go, then, to STEPHENSON'S before you purchase.

May 18, 1849.

NEW GOODS,

AT PRICES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT!

GEORGE ARNOLD,

AT the old and well known stand, has just received and is now opening, a very large and beautiful assortment of seasonable goods, as has been offered to the public at any time—consisting of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

HARDWARE,

QUEENSWARE & GLASSWARE,

LEGHORN, STRAW, AND GIMP

BONNETS, &c.

all of which have been purchased on the very best terms, and will be sold at prices to suit the times. He will not misrepresent nor deceive you by saying that we can sell goods, "Thirty per cent. cheaper" than any other establishment. But we will confine ourselves to the plain facts, and that is, that we will sell any and every article at a closer price than any other dealer, they can be had elsewhere. Our prices are uniform. And we warrant all Goods sold to be as they are represented.

☞ The Ladies' attention, particularly, is invited to a large and very handsome selection of

Silks, and Fancy Goods

generally. Please give me a call, examine and judge for yourselves.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

April 5, 1849.—tf

CHOICE SPRING GOODS AND RARE BARGAINS!

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Bonnets, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Parasols, &c.

☞ Persons wishing cheap Goods, of a first-rate quality, are respectfully invited to call and judge for themselves.

May 4, 1849.—tf

81.75 Cents a Week, Summer Suits!

(COTTONADES & PANTS.)

MARCUS SAMSON

RETURNS his thanks to his old customers, and informs them and the public generally that he has within a few days returned from the cities with a new supply of

SUMMER GOODS,

of all kinds. His prices are *astonishingly low*, and so low that persons at a distance would pay expenses to come and find somewhat time and trouble in coming to his store in Gettysburg, to purchase their summer clothing. As he sells for Cash, and has but one Price, he has no hesitation in publishing a list of his prices to purchasers for cash, and as he intends to do business himself, he is satisfied with small profits, and is therefore enabled to sell cheaper than any other establishment. The careful attention of the public is invited to the following list of prices:

COATS.—Fine Cloth and Dress, from $6 to $18; Business Coats, $3 50 to $6; Linen Sacks, $2 50 to $3; Linen Sackcoats, $1 50 to $2; Fine Cashmere, $5 50 to $6 50; Tweed, $1 25 to $4.

PANTS.—Double Milled Cassimeres, from $2 to $4 50; Single Milled Cassimeres, $2 00 to $3 00; Summer cloth, $1 25 to $2 00; Linen Drab, $1 25 to $2; Satinet, $1 00 to $2 50; Cotton, 62½ cts. to $1 25.

VESTS.—Silk, from $1 50 to $3 00; Satin, $1 50 to $3 50; Marseilles, $1 25 to $2 50; Brocade, $2 00 to $3 00; Linen, $1 00 to $1 50; Cashmere and Cloth $2 00 to $2 50.

In addition, he has for sale Gloves, Suspenders, Stocks, Cravats, Scarfs, Pocket-handkerchiefs, shirts, (a large supply,) from 50 cts. up, Drawers, a great variety of Under-shirts, *&c.*, *&c.* Also, a large stock of Fancy Goods, Steel Beads, Gilt Jewelry, Gold Pens, Pocket Knives, Dish Covers, Horse Nets, Pistols, with a few Gothic Thirty-hour and Eight-day CLOCKS, which he will warrant to keep in the limits of an advertisement, but recommend to all to set the Sun and examine ALL to call at his Store and examine for themselves. Remember the place, cheapest ever brought to Gettysburg.—Remember the Variety and Cheap Goods at MARCUS SAMSON, in York street, opposite the Bank.

☞ He has also on hand Two Second-hand Pleasure CARRIAGE and a HORSE, which he will dispose of on reasonable terms. ☞ Carriage and Horse for sale.

May 18, 1849.

LOOK AT THIS!

ALL Ladies wishing to supply themselves with seasonable DRESS GOODS would do well to call at the Store of J. L. SCHICK, and examine his stock of GINGHAMS, LAWNS, LINEN LUSTRE, Alpaccas, and barred Cambric Muslins.

BLACK SILK,

Black Gimp and Fringe, Needle-worked Collars, plain and figured Robinet, a fine lot of Irish Linens, colored, bleached and unbleached Table Linen, Brown Holland, Table Covers, Coutils, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Would respectfully request the ladies to examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere, as I feel confident that I can please all both in quality and price.

Gettysburg, March 30, 1849.

DRUGS.

THE subscriber tenders his acknowledgments to the public for the liberal and steady patronage with which he has been favored, and would respectfully announce that he has just received, at his old established stand in Chambersburg street, a large and fresh

SUPPLY OF

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Chemicals, Dye-stuffs, Brushes, Paints, Varnish, Dyestuffs

and every variety of articles usually found in a Drug store, to which he invites the attention of purchasers, assuring them they will be furnished at the most reasonable prices.

S. H. BUEHLER.

Gettysburg, June 2, 1848.

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at private sale the FARM on which HENRY HERSHEY, jr., now resides, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Jacob Rice, Andrew Heinneman, and others, containing

146 ACRES,

more or less. The improvements are a TWO-STORY

Frame Dwelling House,

a first-rate LOG BARN, with a Spring of good water convenient to the door. There is a fair proportion of Timber and Meadow on the farm, and an excellent Orchard. Persons wishing to purchase the farm, which will be found to be a desirable one, will do well to call on the subscriber. The property will be shown to any person desiring to view it.

HENRY HERSHEY, Sen.

Franklin tp., June 1, 1849.—tf

$5 REWARD.

STRAYED away from the subscriber, residing in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., about 3 miles from Littlestown,

TWO COLTS,

the one a sorrel, 2 years old, the other a bay, 1 year old. The above reward will be given to any person informing me of their whereabouts.

JACOB PALMER.

June 1, 1849.—3t

SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

of all kinds, constantly on hand and for sale, *at the lowest prices*, at the Book and Stationery Store of

D. M. M'CONAUGHY.

Dec 16.—tf S. H. BUEHLER.

GOLD PENS AND SILVER PENCILS, (best quality) Card Cases, Visiting and Printing Cards, Fancy Note Paper, Developing Mass Waters, Fancy Sealing Wax, Letter Stamps, *&c.*, for sale

S. H. BUEHLER.

FOR SALE,

In quantities, and at prices to suit purchasers,

BY

J. M. STEVENSON.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1849.

FANCY ARTICLES, Cologne, Soaps Hair Oil, Tooth Brushes, Toilet Brushes, Tooth Powders, *&c.*, *&c.*, for sale by

S. H. BUEHLER

TO THE INDEBTED.

The subscriber, being desirous of closing up his books, requests those indebted to him for Subscription or Job Work, to call and make payment with as little delay as possible. Bills will be made out, and payment can be made either to myself or Mr. Buehler. As money is were wanted, to meet sundry engagements connected with the support of the office, it is hoped that those interested will attend to the matter at once.

J. BUEHLER

ACCIDENT AND LOSS OF LIFE AT NIAGARA FALLS.

We copy the following telegraphic despatch to the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, giving the particulars of a dreadful accident at Niagara Falls on Thursday evening:

NIAGARA FALLS, June 22, 8 o'clock, P. M.

Last evening at a tavern about three miles above the falls, a party of ladies and gentlemen were visiting Luna Island, among the rocks and trees, when the ladies, among them Mr. De Forest, and young Chas. C. Addington, and several others, and while the little group was standing on the very brink of the river, and only some 20 feet from the Falls, and holding by the hand of a young gentleman, whose name I have not learned, young Addington came up and said playfully, "I'm going to throw you in," unclinging his lightly on the shoulder—then she sprang forward with a sufficient force to slip from the hand of the young gentleman who held her.

She was instantly followed by Addington, who caught her, and in the effort was prostrated by the force of the blow, throwing the little girl at the same time so near the shore that the young gentleman who had her by the hand nearly caught her, but lost his balance, only saving himself by the skirts of her dress which he held in. In an instant young Addington and the little girl were swept over the falls.

No human effort could avail them. A single moment threw them beyond the reach of all mortal aid. Young Addington was a young man of excellent character, of high and generous impulses. He was the only son of the bereaved family residing in Buffalo. The news has caused great grief in intense—no event has ever cast a gloom over our village. The body of the little girl was found at the Whirlpool and will be sent to Buffalo by this afternoon.

Miss Annette De Forest was a very interesting child, about nine years of age.—Mr. Addington was about twenty. He was the son of S. H. Addington, Esq., for many years a resident of Buffalo.

THE KENTUCKY TRAGEDY.—The Louisville Journal of the 19th has a telegraphic despatch from Lexington, saying that the current reports concerning the affair between Capt. Cassius M. Clay and Cyrus Turner, Esq., are of such a varied nature that it will not be fair to give such dedicated to the public, and leave them either in connection or separately. The following more full account of the affair is from the Mayville Eagle:

"A terrible and fatal rencontre occurred at Paris, on the evening of Friday, or the next day evening last, between Capt. Cassius M. Clay and Cyrus Turner, a member of the Legislature, last winter from this county. The particulars, as we learn them by passengers in the stage, are these: Mr. Clay, while making an emancipation speech, was called "a d—d liar" by some one in the crowd. Clay's pistol was then stand in the direction of the voice, and was met by Turner, who snapped his pistol at Clay, and fired. Clay's pistol also snapped twice, when he threw it down, drew his bowie knife, and at the first blow cut Turner's throat from ear to ear. Turner was falling, Clay raised his knife to strike again, when his arm was caught and held, and he was borne back into his house. The crowd then rushed to the crowd. Turner went home to Clay afterwards that he would tell him no wilful blow, in case he survived, and accounts say it was by Turner, and not a third person, who stabbed Clay.

The Louisville Courier, in referring to the above, says that Mr. Clay's friends have accounts agree in exonerating Mr. Clay from any blame in the matter, and represent Mr. Turner as the aggressor, and imposed on. Mr. Clay's wound, we learn, is not so serious as was at first apprehended. He was shot, will, in a short time, give such manifest relief, that no persuasion will be necessary to induce him to remain in bed. Turner, until the liver is restored to healthy action.

☞ Beware of counterfeits! Purchase from the agents only, or some of whom will be found in each village and town in the United States, the genuine article of DR. J. STEVENSON'S Indian Vegetable Pills.

NEW GOODS,

AT PRICES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT!

GEORGE ARNOLD,

AT the old and well known stand, has just received and is now opening, a very large and beautiful assortment of seasonable goods, as has been offered to the public at any time—consisting of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

HARDWARE,

QUEENSWARE & GLASSWARE,

LEGHORN, STRAW, AND GIMP

BONNETS, &c.

all of which have been purchased on the very best terms, and will be sold at prices to suit the times. He will not misrepresent nor deceive you by saying that we can sell goods, "Thirty per cent. cheaper" than any other establishment. But we will confine ourselves to the plain facts, and that is, that we will sell any and every article at a closer price than any other dealer, they can be had elsewhere. Our prices are uniform. And we warrant all Goods sold to be as they are represented.

☞ The Ladies' attention, particularly, is invited to a large and very handsome selection of

Silks, and Fancy Goods

generally. Please give me a call, examine and judge for yourselves.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

April 5, 1849.—tf

DIED.

On the 19th inst., near Mt. Pleasant, in Menallen township, in the 64th year of his age, Mr. Wentworth Gilbert, on the 10th inst. Mr. Gilbert, a Revolutionary relict of the late Reuben Blackall, of that county, in the 65th year of his age. Mr. Blackall was a native of Bucks county, Pa., and emigrated with his father, Mr. Blackall, to Adams county, Pa., when a child twenty.

On the 7th inst. in this county, Mr. Mark Bigham, wife of Mr. Moses Bigham, aged 45 years, 7 months and 4 day.

On the 9th inst., in Menallen township, Wm. Gad Wilson, aged 22 years, 2 months and 4 days.

TO THE INDEBTED.

The subscriber, being desirous of closing up his books, requests those indebted to him for Subscription or Job Work, to call and make payment with as little delay as possible. Bills will be made out, and payment can be made either to myself or Mr. Buehler. As money is were wanted, to meet sundry engagements connected with the support of the office, it is hoped that those interested will attend to the matter at once.

J. BUEHLER

WAR OF ANNEXATION.—*Battle Fever.*

The Independence, a weekly paper published at Galveston, contains the following warlike statement:

"On Friday last, at the ordinary session of the City Council, one of the members proposed a motion the nature of which we cannot recollect, but which another member objected to, remarking at the time that *to three months he would be a Democrat*. Surprised at the remark, the member who had brought forward the motion, crossed the hall, and substituted a tremendous blow in his opponent, which prostrated him on the floor