"Government of the Earth.—At the city of Modena, in Italy, and about four miles around it, wherever it is dug, whether the workmen arrive little at the depth of sixty-three feet, they come to a bed of chalk, which they bore with an auger five feet deep. They then withdraw the auger before the auger is removed, shd, upon its extraction, the water burst up through the aperture with great violence, and nearly fills the new-made well, which continues full, and is affected neither by rains nor droughts. But that which is most remarkable in this operation is the layers of earth as we descend. At the depth of 14 feet are found the ruins of an ancient city, paved streets, houses, floors, and different pieces of mosaic work. Under this is found a soft soil, with marks of vegetables; and at twenty-six feet deep large trees entire, such as walnut trees, with the walnuts still sticking on the stem, and their leaves and branches in perfect preservation. At twenty-eight feet deep a soil is found, mixed with a vast quantity of shells, and this bed is eleven feet thick. Under this vegetables are found again with leaves and branches of trees as before, and thus alternately chalk and vegetable earth, to the depth of sixty-three feet.

Bold Stroke for a Husband.—A rather singular case of forgery has just occurred in New Orleans. A young French girl, well received and well by her mother and sister from Paris, was reported have a large amount of gold on deposit with a gay banker. She was of course had many admirers, among them a verdant young merchant, whom she married. On the day following the nuptials the happy bridegroom deposited with the banker a note for $10,000, signed by one of the wealthiest merchants in the city. This note, which he had received from his young and beautiful bride, he desired to have collected, and a draft for the amount remitted to him at New York, for which destination the happy couple took their departure. The banker was somewhat astonished at not discovered to be a forgery until several days after they had sailed for the Hudson. The credulous husband with his artful spouse are now enjoying their sunny moon in the New York, but the sequel of the affair which must come when the couple do not, will scarcely interrupt their marrimonial bliss.

Enormous.

We have never actually believed in the description of the honest partizan as given in the subjoined extract from an article in the *Daily Sun*. It expresses our opinion exactly, and describes the course which, we hope, will be pursued by the Democrat, in future. For ourselves, we cidedly prefer "them asses."—*Punch.*

"The only true party man is he who sustains his party because he thinks it right; who, in principles and policy, and who labors earnestly and boldly to keep it in the ascendancy. He is the man who to rebuke his friends when in the wrong, and to doing so he more approves his friends than any other man. He is the man who mounts the praises of every fully on fault that has the party mark, and denounces in unequivocal terms the delinquents with impunity. Such are the men that found a party worth its private, against its own secession and its adversary, and its own wrong and gross folder at every position. Such are the men who, in the hour of danger, fall determined, undaunted, undaunted to the adversary of right. Should inconclusive, simple upon a truth, or would flinch in the hour of danger? Why party is dore only because it is the party of the truth and the right. In relation to the abuses of the party in power, legislation, we look therefore, to those who are the most ardent and earnest in the exercise of the principles which alone secure the prosperity of the party; and we condemned or censure the action of those who frame laws without reference to the party to which they may belong."

Warning to Smokers.—A singular case of asphyxia is related by some of the French journals. A youth of the name of Lemoine paid a visit to an uncle, who is a farmer, lodged in the neighborhood of Havre. This man occupied a tenth and the whole apartment. The nephew, at eight o'clock in the evening, went to bed in the room. Soon after the uncle and his companion retired to rest, and all fell to sleeping. The youth was found, at midnight the visitors wakeful, and the uncle went to bed. Lying on his hand upon his nephew, he found him unanimated cold, and endeavored to wake him, but without effect. He ran to the neighbors, fast, indications of life appeared, and a physician directed operations for the recovery of the patient. All proved vain; the next day he expired. A post mortem examination was made, and the physician pronounced that death did not arise from the brain, caused by the respiration of tobacco smoke during sleep.

South Carolina Preparing for a Crisis.—South Carolina is something like the news from abroad, which of late represents all parts of Europe as ripe for revolution. South Carolina never goes far as to perpetrate a revolution, but she is always big with a "crisis." Her period must be near, for we see that the political doctors have been holding a consultation, the result of which is that the blessings of the "peaceful institution" must be extended to the new territories. To prevent the free States interposing a veto, they have formed "Committees of Safety and Correspondence" throughout the Commonwealth. The local committees of the different districts are to meet in Convention at the Capital on the first Monday in May, for the purpose of perfecting a thorough organization for secession and disgust. Some of the South Carolina papers state that the proposition for a convention of non-intercourse with the North. We opine that there will be long and serious meditation upon such proposals before they are adopted.

Conviction of Sinners.—The jury in the case of Shuster, alias Hand, at Washington, charged with stealing the government jewels from the Patent Office, returned a verdict of guilty on Saturday evening, after being out fifty-two hours. Mr. Hadcliff, one of the counsel for the accused, caused to be entered a motion for a arrest of judgment, and for a new trial. No sentence, therefore, was pronounced by the court. The motion will be argued on Monday next, to which time the court has adjourned.

Time is the great interpreter. As we go on towards age, he frees our health, our fortune, our faculties, our strength and our minds.

The Paddyfed Power.—The State Legislature of New York, at recent session, made one or two material amendments to the "act in relation to pardons," one of which provides that a concise statement of the applicant's case must before the granting of the pardon, be furnished the governor by the district attorney of the county in which the crime may be committed. Section 2 makes, also, a very important and judicious amendment, as follows:

"Notice of such application, unless in the opinion of the government, justice requires it should be given, shall be published for three weeks in the State paper, and also in the county paper, printed in or nearest to the town in which the offence was had; and in cases of crimes committed in the city of New York, in a paper to be designated by the governor, having respect to the largest circulation."

Sparkling Cure for Cholera.—Under this head the *New York Tribune* gives the following very good incident:

"A young lady of this city, who is engaged and will shortly be united to a gallant son of Neptune visited the Mariner's Church on Sunday last. During the sermon the pastor discoursed eloquently and with much earnestness of manner on trials, temptations, and bereavements of the pilgrim of a sailor, he concluded by asking the following questions:

"Is there any one who thinks anything of him who wears a tarpaulin hat, a pea jacket, or a pair of trowsers made of duck—in short, a sailor, is therefore who cries aught for the poke sailor?"

A little pale cheek of the young lady, who was sitting by her betrothed, lighted up, and, impulsively jumping to her feet, she exclaimed, "Yes, sir, I think so!" and, looking archly at her sister, said, "I wish I had a draft for the amount remitted to him at New York, for which destination the happy couple took their departure on the same afternoon. The sum was not discovered to be a forgery until several days after they had sailed for the Hudson. The credulous husband with his artful spouse are now enjoying their sunny moon in the New York, but the sequel of the affair which must come when the couple do not, will scarcely interrupt their marrimonial bliss.

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THE STAR & BANNER.
A LITERARY & RELIGIOUS NEWSPAPER.
Friday Evening, May 4, 1849.
CITY AGENCIES.—Mr. Palmer, Editor of the Sun, Baltimore, and S. C. Cox, Esq. Publisher, Corner Third & Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia; and Wm. Thomson, Esq. Publisher, Corner of Baltimore & South sts. Baltimore—are our authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for "The Star and Banner," and collecting and receipting for the same.
TO THOSE ADDRESSED.
"Pay subscriber, being desirous of closing up his books, requests those indebted to him for Subscription, or Job Work, to call and make payment, or to Rule duly to Profitable. Bills will be made out and payment can be made either in money or produce. Subscribers who have not yet paid in advance, will be expected to do so, or the amount will be charged to their accounts.
J. B. BUEHLER.

Fast Young Bachelors.

The Election for Borough Officers on Tuesday last resulted in the election of the entire Whig ticket, by a majority of from three to five hundred. The people discussed eloquently and with much earnestness of manner on trials, temptations, and bereavements of the pilgrim of a sailor, he concluded by asking the following questions:

"Is there any one who thinks anything of him who wears a tarpaulin hat, a pea jacket, or a pair of trowsers made of duck—in short, a sailor, is therefore cries aught for the poke sailor?"

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Whig. Locofoco.
William King 105 William M'Cordy 55
Council
Wm. Wyatt 105 J. D. Watine 55
John Gilbert 105 David Thomas 55
Peter Stallings 105 Janet Wolfert 55
David Heavy 103 Geo. Gaither 55
George Little 99 J. David Kendall 55
Ward & Road Commissioner
Benj Lefever 104 Jacob Culp 55
Jacob Stonebraker 104 Jacob Bowers 55
School Directors.
F. E. Vandersloot 104 J. Solomon 54
John A. Swope 104 H. J. Stahle 54

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.—The prize of $100 offered by the conductors of this excellent paper for the best "Essay on the Patent Laws, with suggestions for alterations and additions for their improvement," has been awarded to Edmund Burke, Esq., of Washington City. The Prize Essay is now in course of publication in the "Scientific American," which is furnished to subscribers at $2 per annum, or $1 for six months.—Address, Munn & Co., 128 Fulton street, New York.

The annexed nonsense paragraph hails from the pen of Mr. Ritchie of the Washington Union, the acknowledged organ of the late Administration and now the leading paper of the opposite party. Its falsity is only equalled by its vulgarity:

It is useless, however, to disguise the fact any longer that Taylorism is spreading in this country. All the *blisters* of the Administration cannot keep it within, and all the *elect* of the spoilsmen cannot keep it sweet. Like sour beer, it sets up on the stomachs of the conspirators, and whether it fumes or froths at the bung-hole or leaks at the spile, it is nothing more nor less than a sour drink, and those who tasted at the brewing will be the first, in our opinion, to cast it away as valueless and unpalatable."

THE NEXT STATE SENATE.—The Pennsylvania Senate, as our readers are aware, is composed of thirty-three members, one third of whom are elected annually for the term of three years. Of the present members, 20 are Whigs, and 13 Locofocos; and of the 11 whose term of office expires in October next, 7 are Whigs and 4 Locofocos, leaving 13 Whigs and 9 Locofocos holding over, and requiring the Whigs to elect 8 Senators out of 11 to secure a majority in the body. Of the eleven districts to elect next fall, of which Berks is one, but three gave Whig majorities at the last October election, and the Senate must therefore have a Locofoco majority, unless the Whigs shall elect a Senator in some one of the other districts, in which Whig Senators were elected in 1846, and we believe, indeed, that they are secured in most, if not all of the districts in which they were then successful, if they will make the effort.

A GOOD LAW.—The Legislature of New York has enacted a stringent law in regard to the Steamboat and railway accidents, by which life is rendered more frequently destroyed than it should. Wherever death results from such accident, which human precaution might have prevented, the personal representatives of the deceased are entitled to recover of the railway or steamboat proprietors damages not exceeding $5,000, for the use of the widow and next of kin, to be distributed according to law; the proceeds arising from the distribution of personal property of intestates.

The same enactment very properly subjects any party in the employ of the carriers, whether agent, engineer, conductor, or other person, through whose wrongful act, neglect, or default death may ensue, to a fine not exceeding in the State prison not exceeding five years, or in a fine not exceeding $500, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

A TIMELY HINT.—The editor of the *Pittsburgh Gazette* suggests that enterprises should be attended to in season, and that when this is done, the labor of attraction will be trifling. He says, "our mode of distinction is to apply strong easy stile to the men—if the man is hungry a stick but to the end of the pole will accomplish it very powerful efficacity. Beds which have been used by dog, wolf, panther, ape, or goat, are to be used by rubbing a stick on the nest—after this has been flipped into the pole—the worms are quickly dislodged."

A TEMPERANCE JUDGE.—Judge Watts, of the Criminal and Jury district, of the first series held in those districts since his elevation to the bench, refused to grant any tavern applications for Tavern licenses—refusing to license in all cases where the Court itself knew the house to be unnecessary or improperly kept.

MORE LOCOFOCOISM.—Ely Moore, Marshal for the Southern district of New York, and a wide-spoutled preacher of Locofocoism, has it, just put his principles into practice and chopped the government out of about $50,000.

Difficulties in Canada—Serious Riots.

The overy potiphel feeling of Canada, to which we have personally alluded, has at length broken out in the shape of serious riots which may be still more serious consequences. The vacation of the Legislative Bill providing indemnity to those harassed during the late Rebellion, has caused a great excitement, (best Sight, on Saturday, the signal for an outbreak on the part of the English, or Tory, portion of the inhabitants. The home opinion was manifested principally by the French population, who were themselves in a leading spirit in the rebellion, and the English, or Tory party, refer to the tendency as an insult and aggravation of the injury they have suffered. It becoming known that the Bill had been passed, an intense excitement manifested itself in Montreal. Early Tuesday morning the Bill was published to the city, and notwithstanding the late hour, it was soon generally known throughout the Metropolis, two miles distant. During the night the mob attacked and ravaged the Parliament House, which was set on fire and burnt down, with its valuable and extensive libraries, furniture, paintings, &c.

An immense public meeting was held, at which very strong resolutions were adopted denouncing Lord Elgin and his counsellors in the bitterest language, and demanding his recall by the British Government. This evening we subsequently learn is calling.

The Governor General, instead of yielding to the clamor, immediately put himself at the head of the most prominent citizens, and directed the arming of the French population as a Government police, to attain the dignity and honor of the crown. Three companies, however, were formed, and the popular feeling, which developed itself early day in renewed acts of violence directed against the Government. Several skirmishes occurred between the populace and the Government troops on Saturday, and Sunday night, in which firearms were used, but no life was lost, the troops fraternizing, apparently, with the mob. The gate returned to Montreal on Sunday, escorted by the military, but was every where met in the streets by jeers, hisses, and pelting from the mob, and was finally forced to leave the town by way of the suburbs.

At last accounts, the excitement was rapidly extending throughout both the Canadas, the people assembling in large masses, burning in effigy the Governor General, and manifesting in various ways their condemnation of the administration of proceedings. In many places, separation from the mother country and annexation to the United States are becoming common themes of speculation.

From Europe.

The steamer Cambria has arrived at Boston with European dates to the 14th ult. Italy is still in commotion. Austria has gained a decisive battle, but the spirit of freedom that spread throughout the Peninsula has become enthusiastic. The Pope still held his state and residence under the protection of the King of Naples.

The cholera still prevails in Hungary continues with varied severity. Latterly the operations have been defeated with considerable slaughter; and unless Russia becomes an active ally against the Hungarians, they may yet secure their independence.

There is much suffering in Ireland, especially Connaught, owing to scarcity of food and want of employment. In some of the districts the population has diminished nearly one half.

France appears to enjoy political tranquility but the cholera is said to be spreading its ravages among the troops in the capital.

RELIGIOUS LIBERTY IN FRANCE.—Some months ago Monsieur Pilette, a Protestant clergyman, delivered a course of lectures in Paris which gave offence to some who, taking the advantage of some trifling informality of the Revolutionist government, made complaints to his prefect, which resulted in closing his meetings and the imposition of a fine. M. Pilette applied to the Minister of Public Instruction and Worship," asking to be informed what formalities were required and previous to the opening of a place for public worship. The following is a translation of the Minister's reply:—

Sir:—You have in having called my attention to the circumstances under which your meeting were closed, and wishing to know in what way the difficulties may be avoided in future, I reply, that in Art. 7, of the Constitution of 1848, an equal liberty of worship is secured to all cultes, and that all those who do not acknowledge the forms of worship recognized by law—the only difference being that the former are paid by the latter do not receive the salary of their ministers from the state. The right you claim then is unquestionable, and nothing can oppose the free exercise of your functions as minister of the Gospel." It will only be necessary to make a simple report to police the place, days and hours of your meeting, so that the necessary surveillance may be exercised. Receive, Sir, &c.

Minister of Public Instruction and of Worship.

A INVENTION FOR THE LADIES.—The Scientific American says that a New York lady is about to apply for a patent for an invention which is at once ingenious, useful, and exhibits inventive qualities of no common kind. It is an article of domestic utility, which answers for a cradle, a baby jumper, a table for the child to amuse itself with in playthings and it can be transformed in a moment from a cradle to a seat with castors on it, by which the child can by its own power, use it as a walking chair, and move it from place to place simply by pushing it.

THE STATE TREASURY.—We understand that Gideon J. Ball, Esq. State Treasurer elect, and who entered upon his duties on Monday last, has appointed Thomas Nicholson, Esq. of Beaver county, chief clerk, and Wm. Rankin, Esq. of Erie county, has also received an appointment in the Treasury Department.

CATHOLIC NATIONAL COUNCIL.—The National Council of the Catholic Church, composed of bishops and Bishops of the United States, will convene in Baltimore on Monday next. The core Rev. Dr. Eccleston, Archbishop of Baltimore, will preside as Metropolitan Primate. The Archbishopricks of St. Louis and Oregon will be represented. The Synod will adopt decisive preparatory to establishing bishoprics in California and New Mexico.

Apprentices are often Deceptive.—We heard of a market-house trick, yesterday, which made as stare with admiration. A gentleman, rather unused to marketing, purchased a fine looking, sweet smelling roll of butter, weighing two pounds, which took it home, cut it in two, and found to his surprise, that he had been deceiving in the vegetable as well as the butter line.—To the depth of about an inch all round was good butter, and the rest was *marked potatoes.—Louisville Courier.*

A Remarkable Bird.—A mocking bird, a very remarkable songster, belonging to Dr. H. M. Mitchell, has been bought by white's cotillion by a gentleman of this town. His inter esperate next to teach him "Dan Tucker," and "Sitting on a Rail."—*Elkton (Md) Whig.*

BOROUGH ACCOUNTS.

Dan'l Comfort, Treasurer of the Borough of Gettysburg, for the year ending April 30th, 1849.

DR.

		Cts.
To Cash received from R. C. Harper, Esq., former Treasurer,	83 99	
Balance of Duplicate of J. Slentz,	16 12	
" " G. Armstrong,	16 68	
" " James Bowen,	155 79	
" " John Brown,	46 88	
Borough and Road Tax assessed for 1848,	1106 25	
Stall Rents,	20 00	
Cash from Rev. H. L. Baugher,	5 00	
" Danner & Ziegler, for Rent,	50 00	
" from sale of old fire engine,	19 00	
" from Burgess Arnold for Licenses, fines, &c.	21 66	
Balance due Treasurer	$1538 17	
	$1538 22	

CR.

By Monies paid out on Orders, &c., as follows:

		Cts.
Officers of Election,	19 50	
M. Bryson, Esq., interest,	63 31	
Mrs. Mary Russell,	15 00	
Andrew Heintzelman,	10 00	
George Swisher,	32 50	
Henry J. Schreiner, Qualifying Council, &c.	1 00	
M. Barder, Hose Nassal, &c.,	8 83	
Geo. C. Strickhouser, Bridge,	50 00	
Geo. W. M'Clellan, Expenses to York,	13 00	
Geo. Arnold, Nails,	1 182	
Sam'l Powers, Granite Walks, &c.	70 65	
Nicholas Weaver, Blacking Election, notices, &c.	6 22	
Geo. Diver, Fire Hat,	2 50	
Police on nights of 2nd and 4th July, 48	6 00	
Mrs. H. Bittinger, damages,	6 00	
Jacob Culp, Stall Rents,	42 00	
Henry Hughes, Assist. do.	6 00	
Geo. C. Strickhouser, Street and Road Commissioner,	86 61	
G. Armstrong, do.	139 87	
John Lutz, for Work,	7 31	
Jacob Rice, "	12 25	
Henry Rinn "	23 81	
Gabriel Lee, "	3 37	
Jacob Shull, "	12 25	
W. R. Demuth "	9 37	
Peter Lutz, "	9 37	
Michael Clay, "	15 56	
John Gerver, Hauling, &c.	75 00	
Ben Horner, "	7 50	
Jas. A. Thompson, "	81 37	
Henry Welty, "	53 12	
Jos. Forney, for work,	1 87	
William Lefever, "	2 62	
Hugh M'Gaughlin "	9 37	
Geo. W. Strickhouser,	9 37	
John Kuhn, "	13 25	
John Horner, "	15 56	
Elias Hafley, "	1 00	
Conrad Snyder, "	1 00	
Adam Brown, "	9 75	
Jacob Kitzmiller, removing nuisance,	16	
Jesse Townsley, Stone,	3 31	
Samuel M'Creary, "	2 75	
Henry Bishop, "	2 87	
Ephraim Hauseway, "	1 87	
A. H. Stevenson, "	62	
J. A. Buehler, Printing,	10 00	
General Taylor Fire Company,	25 00	
Blue Dick "	25 00	
Thomas Warren, work, &c.,	30 18	
Nathan Miles, "	1 12	
Quintin Armstrong, Bridge,	25 00	
Thomas Trostle, Plank, &c.,	15 18	
George Cordori, work,	19 50	
William Lingenfelter, "	6 00	
Andrew Polley, "	28 33	
Alexander Frazer, Repairs &c. to T. Clay,	50	
John Myers, Stone,	1 00	
Jacob Bowers, Stone on Open Alley,	2 87	
Burgess Arnold, Moont pasture on fence,	34 07	
D. M'Conaughy, Stationery, &c.,	6 20	
John Slentz, Releases,	54 56	
Jas. Bowen, Fees and Releases,	30 00	
John Brown, Releases,	30 00	
Burgess and Council,	30 00	
Clerk and Treasurer,	30 00	
Balance in hands of J. G. Frey, Collector,	190 39	
	$1538 22	

1840, April 30th. The Town Council of the Borough of Gettysburg do certify that they have examined the accounts of D. M'Conaughy, Treasurer of said Borough, for the year ending this day—that said accounts are correct, and that there is due and once due the Treasurer of Fifteen Cents.

SAM'L MCCREARY, Pr't.
DAN'L M. SMYSER,
T. WARREN,
D. A. HOYER.
May 4, 1849.—3t

TO HOUSE-KEEPERS.

FRESH SHAD, HERRING, AND MACKEREL, of very fine quality, have just been opened at STEVENSON'S. Also, the best English Cheese—old fashioned Super House Molasses, and Groceries of all kinds.
May 4, 1849.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL,
Fourth Street, between Arch and Market,
PHILADELPHIA.

THE Proprietorship and Management of this well known hotel, (which is located in the very centre of business,) having this day passed into the hands of the subscribers, they beg leave to state that it is their purpose to render it worthy of the liberal patronage with which it has been heretofore sustained, and hope, by unremitting attention, to deserve the patronage of their friends, who may visit the city on business or pleasure.
C. & J. M'KIBBIN,
Formerly of the Exchange Hotel, Pittsburg.
May 4, 1849.—1m

To Owners and Dealers in Horses.

SHOULD you have a horse that is spavined or afflicted with poll evil, grease, humour, sores, quittorbone, bruises, or swellings, or will pulled corns or malleberry, process had one, directed, a box of DALLEY'S

ANIMAL GALVANIC CURE ALL,

and you will be satisfied of its efficacy, and the application, that your house can be cured by the use of this incomparable Ointment.

For testimonials and directions, see printed pamphlets.

H. DALLEY, Inventor and Proprietor,
128 Chestnut st., Philad'a, 2 doors above Second.
C. A. MORRIS & CO., York, Agents for the counties of York and Adams; also for sale by S. H. BUEHLER, Gettysburg, and D. WITE, Hampton.
May 4, 1849.—4m

JENNY LIND BROWN LINEN.

Grass Skirts, &c. just received at STEVENSON'S.

Valuable Chestnut and Locust TIMBER LAND, AT PUBLIC SALE.

On Thursday the 31st of May instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M., will sell at Public Vendue, on the premises,

1000 ACRES OF EXCELLENT TIMBER LAND,

adjoining MARIA FURNACE, in Adams county, the last of the south mountain. The land is all well covered with excellent timber, *Chestnut Timber*, intermixed with a due proportion of *Locust*. Most of it was cut off about 22 years ago and is now more valuable than before such cutting. A part of it has Rock Oak and other Timber on it. It will be sold in lots of from 15 to 20 ACRES each.

ALSO, at the same time and place, will be sold

Several Houses and Lots,

in the village at the Furnace, viz:

FURNACE & FARM

attached to it, with the Water Power. Also, about

35 ACRES OF LAND,

with the Improvements, adjoining lands of Martin Ebert and others. Any desired information relative to the property can be had from Col. J. D. Pearson or Wm. Hamilton, Esq.

TERMS.—One half the purchase money on the 1st of April, 1850; the other half on the 1st of April, 1851, with sharpe interest and sufficient security. Immediate possession will be given.

THADDEUS STEVENS.
May 4, 1849.—3t

OUT LOTS FOR SALE.

On Wednesday next, the 9th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises,

WILL be sold, about 100 ACRES of FIRST-RATE MEADOW and UPLAND, in the borough of Gettysburg, and laid out LOTS of from 5 to 10 and 15 Acres each.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold some Town Lots.

Town Lots and Houses.

TERMS.—One-half the purchase money to be paid on the 1st of April, 1850, and the other half on the 1st of April, 1851, with interest from the 1st of April, 1849. Immediate possession will be given. Where any portion of it is in Grass, the purchaser is to have the landlord's share. All taxes on the current year to be paid by the Vendor.
T. STEVENS.
May 4, 1849.—1t

DALLEY'S

MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR.

(THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.)

BURNS AND SCALDS.

CHALLENGE the world to prove that my Pain Extractor has not been called (since its introduction by me in 1839,) to use, more than any other three Burns and Scalds; that it must be the greatest pain relieve, and the vile counterfeit stuff that is flooding the market.

Dalley's Genuine Extractor, in Burns and Scalds, relieves in two, and down to the shortest period, it cools and draws out the fire and pain in the most severe cases, immediately, and in no instance by what name or under what title they may, it will not relieve and cure the pain.

Beware of the imitations that profess to be same or equal to it, the above years will be found conclusive. It does, however, not alone apply to Burns and Scalds, but also to Sprains, Bruises and Inflamed Eyes, and all cases of external and painful nature, the difference will be observed.

Piles, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Eruption, Sore Nipples, Broken Breasts, Chilblains, Fever Sores

Old Sores and Ulcers, Lameness and external inflammation, yield readily to the all-powerful Magical Pain Extractor, the properties of this extraordinary remedy. But it must be the Genuine Article.

CAUTION.

To the public—Beware of the dangerous imposition attending the use of the Counterfeit Extractor, which, if used, it will not hold my well-responsible for the effects of such, as it is the same name be procured at my own Depot, 415 Broadway, (Dr. Johnson, 415 Broadway street, Philadelphia, or from my authorized agents.

Spurious Extractor.

And especially to Mothers and Heads of Families.—Beware of the spurious Extractor, which is offered, and the pain and suffering that may be avoided, by the use of Dalley's Genuine Pain Extractor. (see printed pamphlet, especially Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, &c.), might to make it as immune at every family, and at least, in many cases, been preserved by a timely application of the Genuine Extractor, and therefore caution Mothers never to be without it, or of its kind, and, if they do, they are where there are children, accidents will occur. And, if it is of any importance, especially to a child, it heals the wounds without a scar!

LIFE SAVED.—A CASE OF SCALD!

Wanefield, Hampton Co. Ct.
February 28, 1848

Mr. Dalley—Dear Sir—While my son, 15 years of age, was at work in the single manufactory, he fell into a kettle of boiling water to slip and fell into a large vat, used for the purpose of boiling blocks preparatory to cutting. The blocks had just been removed from the vat and a large quantity of boiling water—he fell forward, scalding both hands and arms, all on one side, and also his face, and his body partially. The scalds were so deep and severe, that most of the flesh came off with his clothes, and his life was despaired of by both his physicians and friends.

Dalley's Pain Extractor was procured as soon as possible (which was in about six hours) applied, and which relieved him from all pain, preventing inflammation and mortification, and a very uncommonly healing his sores. This appears of a general improvement, and in less than two weeks he was removed to his father's house, and was able to walk in a day.

We continued the use of the above medicine about two months, and he is now, by all the means, under Providence, of saving his life, and he is perfectly recovered; it is all another case, as a sole and individual testimony, but, in respect, I remain, dear sir, your most obedient and humble servant,

ADAM CLARK,
SOLOMON CLARK,
C. S. C. CLARK.

We, the undersigned, have perfectly acquainted with the case of Mr. Clark's son, believe the above statement substantially correct.

DANIEL DEWEY,
Mr. Dewey, Louisa Dewey, C. E. Kelsey, Henry Pearsal, Wm. Steele, M. Clark, L. P. Rose, Th. Kimball, Wm. Clark, Mary L. Rose.

Chilblains—The Extractor has not as yet, in any instance failed to cure Chilblains, Wounds, and Fresh sores no matter how severe—(see 19 page printed pamphlet) Dalley's Pain Extractor is the wonderful production of this wonderful salve.

A. DALEY, 415 Broadway, New York,
and 235 Chestnut street, Phila.

Sole Agent for Gettysburg, Pa.
S. H. BUEHLER.

Agents—Wm. Wood, of Rutland, Jefferson Co., N. Y., was cured, after she had been confined to her room for two years, and for a long time, the same he