LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The Steamer Cambria brought the latest news from the Old World. Ireland has been reduced to a state of peace and quietude by the resolute and rigid course of the Government towards the leading spirits of the insurrection.

Vienna has been reduced by the imperial troops, and is again in the possession of the old royal dynasty—with but few hopes left to the friends of liberal institutions in the Austrian Empire.

Italy is no longer the theatre of much military conflict; but there is a spirit of revolt abroad that threatens renewed opposition to the Austrian Yoke.

The National Assembly of France has taken the veto on the new Constitution, and it was adopted by an overwhelming majority. The country is much agitated by the approaching election of a President of the Republic, which is to take place on the 10th of December. The prominent candidates are Prince Louis Napoleon, Gen. Cavaignac, and Ledru Rollin. The first named seems to be the general favorite, and if elected, may find it no very difficult task to reconcile the great body of his imperial supporters to a repetition of the career of the First Consul.

M. Lamartine has a manifesto, as candidate for the French Presidency, was expected to appear on the 9th inst. Gen. Cavaignac would publish his on Sunday following. That of Prince Louis would not appear until after the other two. The latter still has the best promise of success, but not as good as he had a week previous.

LATEST FROM NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 21.

CONG. TAYLOR has the news of his election. He was in Philadelphia when the news of the revolt in Pennsylvania reached him, and at the same time came accounts from a rather doubtful quarter. Letters to his friends in Louisiana, to which he was elected.—I hear from those who were present when he first received intelligence that he has triumphed in the least exultation, but heard it with the composure and dignity which are so peculiarly party men characterized a few days after left Baton Rouge in a steamboat for his plantation on the Mississippi, and that the news of a riot occurring that occurred on board. A passenger, not knowing the General, accosted him as one of the planters of Louisiana, and introduced the subject of politics, stating that he (the passenger) had voted for Cass. He thought very well of Taylor, but for his election, but he always stuck to the party, and, besides, did not exactly think that Gen. Taylor was qualified for the office. He then asked the General if he was a Taylor man, to which the General replied, with much of a cow, that he did not vote for him, partly because his wife was altogether opposed to sending Old Zack off to the Seat of Washington, where she would be obliged to go with him." At this moment another passenger stepped up to the gentleman, and, calling him by name, "The other party looked a little wild, took a good look at Old Zack, and then slipped off before the General could have a chance of relieving him from the embarrassment into which he had been thrown.

The General is in excellent health, and bears his new honors with grace and dignity.

RECONCILIATION.—The following, from the *Herald of Religious Liberty*, will be read with melancholy interest:

"The hostile attitude of Col. FAUNCOT and Gen. KEARNY has given us great regret, to their mutual friends, and the more so because each was in a false position, owing to the belief they were at war. Gen. Col. FAUNCOT passed through St. Louis on his way to California, and learned the law and position of Gen. KEARNY's health, when on the Missouri he lost his youngest child, and was about parting with his wife for the absence of many months and the perils of the mountains, he sent to her a message to Gen. Kearny, Gen. KEARNY, which was communicated to him among the last things of earth which had power to interest him. It is gratifying to know that these brave and noble men, who will meet no more on earth, have no deference warfare to be remembered, those to be carried up to the tribunal above."

SINGULAR COINCIDENCE.—The following appeared in the New Orleans Bulletin before the election.

Cass and Guess.—Number each letter of the alphabet in regular order, thus: A. No. 1, B. No. 2, C. No. 3, etc., and then apply the respective numbers which belong to each letter to those which form the name of "Zachary Taylor," and they will sum up 172, and in like manner the letters *until the President*, 172, and also 173. The above statement appeared in the Bulletin of Thursday, and we now add, the letters which spell "Lewis Cass," make 110, and those which form the words *would be better*," likewise make 110. The coincidence is curious, and the friends of Gen. Cass will thus see that even the alphabet has decided against him.

THE DIFFERENCE.—The Boston Pathfinder thus notices an incident attending the water celebration:

The market men and the printers were in the same division on Wednesday, and at the procession passed through the streets a striking contrast was noticed in the appearance of the two bodies. Those whose business it is to provide for the wants of the body were nearly all robust and hearty looking men, while the caterers for the mind exhibited a set of seven sad and haunted look, without a superabundance of the "roast beef." As the procession was passing some of the principal streets in the North End, some one remarked that the Typographical Society was not very large. "Never mind," responded a son of Erin, "they've got more intelligence than all the rest."

A WEDDING 1792 and 1848.—We learn from the *Somerset Herald*, that Lewis Hochadel, long a resident of that borough, but now of Stonycreek township, aged 84 years, on the 7th inst, walked from the summit of the Allegheny mountain to the Glades pole, a distance of nine miles, and deposited his vote for the man of the people, Zachary Taylor. His first vote was given to Washington, in 1792—the last in all probability has been given for the second Washington, in 1848. The day was bedecked with cold, and when he arrived at his polls icicles were hanging around his face. All honor to the venerable old Whig! May his example be followed hereafter by young and old.

Gen. Taylor recieves the votes of ten of the old thirteen States, to wit: Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, North Carolina and Georgia.

YORK SPRINGS CELEBRATION.

(CORRECTED.)

The Taylor Celebration at Yorksprings, on Friday last the 24th inst, was a very grand and imposing affair, notwithstanding the incessant rain which poured, and the muddy condition of the roads. Although it rained incessantly during the day, yet the friends of Old Zack turned out in considerable numbers, to rejoice over the recent glorious victories, and to celebrate the birthday of the old Hero, who "never surrenders," now the President elect.—About three o'clock, the large company proceeded to a splendid dinner, spread in the best manner by "*nine host*," Mr. Jno. M. Epe.

After the dinner, the "Berlin Brass Band"—Mr. Frus cis Hildebrand, leader—favored the company with several very fine tunes, and the "Yaw-hoo Band," of Gettysburg, sang several excellent Rough and Ready songs.

A meeting was then organized, on motion of Maj. W. W. Hamersly, by the selection of the following officers, viz:

President—Wm. B. Sanders, Esq.

Vice Presidents—Benjamin Schriver, Arnold Gardiner, Samuel Sadler, John Zeigler, George Hildebrand, Jacob Gardner, Henry G. Rober, J. L. Sadler, E. F. Haskell, Amos Myers, Samuel Shultz.

Secretaries—A. L. Gardner, Henry J. Schriver, Isaac Deardorff.

The President, on taking the chair, remarked that the object of the meeting was to make known the arrangements for the illumination and torch-light procession, which were to take place at 6 o'clock, P. M. Mr. Franklin Gardner, Chief Marshal, announced that he had appointed Messrs. Benjamin Schriver, Maj. W. W. Hamersly and Wm. Orndorff, his aids, and also made known the order of procession, &c.

The following resolutions were then unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in the election of Gen. Zachary Taylor and Hon. Millard Fillmore, the Whig party have achieved a great and glorious victory over the principles and policy of the Democratic party.

Resolved, That the conduct of Hon. Wm. F. Johnston has shown that Pennsylvania is true to her interests, and sound him as one of the pioneers of Whigery.

Resolved, That the election of Hon. Henry Nes denotes that the principles of the Tariff of 1842 have been vindicated, and those of the Tariff of 1846 have been condemned, by the people of the Fifteenth Congressional district, of Pennsylvania.

On motion, the thanks the meeting were tendered to the gentlemen of the "Berlin Brass Band," and the "Jaw-hoo Band," of Gettysburg, for their services on this occasion.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

The hour of 6 having arrived, the hosts of the friends of Old Zack, Rough and Ready were brilliantly illuminated. The procession was then formed in front of White Hall, the house of Gettysburg, and, in First came the huge York Springs Ball—the same that was rolled in 1844—succeeded by the "Berlin Brass Band." Then came the Committee of Arrangement and the invited Guests. Then followed the "Jaw-hoo Band" with a long line of Cutions, with transparencies, torches, &c.—A humorous representation, of Gen. Cass on his journey to Salt River attracted general attention. Also a beautiful representation of the "White Horse Inn," Gettysburg, kept by the lady of Mr. Wm. Orndorff's house, was very much admired.—The procession halted in front of the White Horse Inn, and spent a short time in the Jaw-hoo Band song.

"Oh! Lewis Cass, you cannot pass,
You can't be the Next President."

In one window we observed a transparency with a portrait of Gen. Taylor, and the words, "This evening we celebrate the anniversary of Gen. Taylor's birth."—About three o'clock, the large company proceeded to a splendid dinner, spread in the best manner by "*nine host*," Mr. Jno. M. Epe.

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THE STAR & BANNER.

GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, December 1, 1848.

CITY AGENCIES.—W. B. PARKER, Engineer of the Gettysburg Railroad, Cor. Eag. Saw-Building, N. W Corner Third & Dock streets, Philadelphia; and Wm. Tassmyer, Esq. Southeast corner of Baltimore & South sts. *Baltimore*—are our authorized Agents for receiving Subscriptions and receipting for the Star and Banner," and collecting and receipting for the same.

Page 1.

On Friday evening last, between 5 and 10 o'clock, the large mansion of Mr. THOMAS WEIKERT, in North street, in the borough, was discovered to be on fire. Although the engines were promptly on the spot, the fire had progressed, so far, that it was found impossible to save it. It was entirely destroyed, except a part of the brick wall, and even with standing. There were about three tons of hay in the stable, and a horse, who was very badly burned before he was extricated; two buggies, one sleigh, five sets of harness, &c., all of which were destroyed. Fortunately, every thing was saved from the house, and the horse, which was burned, and the wind was blowing from the locality, that the dwelling escaped the fate of its neighbor. The loss must have been very heavy, as the property was not insured. We understand that Mr. Weikert, lost another individual, by persons passing the house. This was the last that was seen or heard of him until Monday morning, a period of two days and nights, when his body was found near the window, noticed the disordered state of the room and the large amount of blood and concluded that he had committed suicide. We are not at all prepared to say that the deceased was in a state of mind, sufficiently to commit suicide, but we have no doubt that the deceased was most beastly sickened—probably on the Thursday night previous, and, having slept off the effects of his debauch, was found dead on the body—and a verdict was accordingly so rendered by the jury. Several Bitter of wood were scattered over the room, and the bed which had not been the bed-clothes and floor saturated with blood—leading to inference that a violent struggle had taken place before the murder was accomplished. A vessel of blood was found in the kitchen, in which the villain had no doubt subsequently washed his hands from the stains of blood.

The fact that the murder was committed with instruments belonging to the room, and not with prepared weapons, in connection with other circumstances, renders it probable that the principal object of the murderer was to commit robbery. Mr. FORNEY was thought to have some money, and it is supposed that his murderer, waiting until the old man had retired and probably fallen asleep, attempted to secure the desired plunder, but finding his victim roused by the noise, and determined to resist, to the last, gave the fatal blow with cruel, brutal murder. The deceased was a native of Bavaria, where he was born in 1795, and immigrated to this country in 1832. He was a Tailor by trade, and, we are informed, was possessed of excellent character and habits.

We understand that a reward has been directed against an individual who was his apprentice in Gettysburg; on Friday morning, and had his hair cut very closely and his whiskers removed. The overcoat and umbrella of Mr. Forney are missing—the former of plain material, brown color, and cut in sack style. The person alleged to have left Gettysburg, was accoutered and equipped in the several committees of the two Houses. That calm of the pantom is also thought to be that that of a business, of whose logical public importance, which has been for three years overlaid and stifled by war projects and appropriations, and by the great world measures which tendered to him, before.

There is one thought suggested to one mind by the advent of this session, which we will not wish to dwell upon, or even allude to, in the presence of the Thirteth Congress; and upon its termination, on the 3d of March next, this Government is to be transferred to a successor, who, in the prime of sixty years; the expiration of that term being signalized by what has been hapily termed a "Revolution of Peace," and, in the 3d of March, when fully realized, will have been to restore the Government to the plain and obvious track from which it has been in practice, in many instances departed. How it may strike others, we know not; but in our eyes nothing can be more admirable—nothing more glorious—in view of the whole civilized world, than the course of events before and around us, than this expression—or still, so instantaneous, so universally acquiesced in—of the character of the new administration. What more singular, what more imposing civil spectacle could there be? What unanimation more decisive of the contentment, and joy of those happy institutions which our great forefathers bestowed upon us? They verily gave them, besides all their wisdom, some hidden force of virtue, which men must feel, but cannot properly breathed into them some strange spirit, some energy of good, which, like the unseen power of fermentation, works soundness and sweetness out of seeming hopeless trouble.

In such a moment of public exultation as should, we conceive, hell such meaning exhibition of those admirable powers of the Constitution, as issues should find high earthe not merely for admiration, at a process so wonderful but a corresponding good will towards those whose duty it is to dispose of such matters as perfectly as the inward force we have mentioned owes the wounds of the Constitution.

☞ The Sons of Temperance, connected with the Lithopolis Division, No. 240," had a public celebration at Littlestown, in this county, on Friday last, to receive the Bible presented to them by the Ladies of that place. The inclemency of the weather interfered materially with the arrangements of the day; still, we understand, that the display was respectable and imposing—they took being present from "Carroll Division, No. 42," Westminster, Md.; "Hanover Division, No. 309," Hanover, Pa.; "Orford Division, No. 237," New Oxford; "Adams Division, No. 214," Gettysburg; and also "Dragging Division, No. 66, Cadets of Temperance." The presentation speech was by the Rev. Mr. Bowman, and the Bible was presented, on behalf of the Ladies, by Rev. O. A. Hay, and received, in behalf of the members of "Littlestown Division" by Rev. B. Tyler Reese, of Baltimore—who, also, subsequently addressed the audience at length in the half of the Order. The Littlestown Band "discoursed" on the occasion, and added the proceedings of the day with excellent music.

Sabbath Convention.

Agreeably to notice, a large number of the friends of the Sabbath, assembled in the Church, in this place, on Wednesday last, to adopt measures calculated to promote a better observance of the Sabbath. The proceedings have been handed to us, but as they are too long for publication entire this week, we have deferred their insertion until next week—Delegates were in attendance from various congregations in our own and neighboring counties. The Convention organized temporarily in the morning by the appointment of Rev. Mr. Gayer as President, and Dr. D. Gilbert as Secretary—the permanent officers being:

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The deliberations of the Convention were extended to a late hour on Wednesday night.

☞ At the late election the people of Indiana voted 77,725 to 51,900 in favor of levying a tax for the support of Free Schools throughout the State.

Meeting of Congress.

The Congress met on Monday last, pursuant to the call made on the last session, and in reckoning on the full attendance for the house, as to have been anticipated, in the face of the rapid exposure of the Cholera, which will cut very deeply into Monday next, bringing the 6th Monday in December. Already Members and Representatives are on their way to the Capital from every section of the Union, and there is scarcely a doubt but that a quorum will be found in both Houses on the first day. If so, the national business will be ready as usual, at noon on Tuesday. If it reach so in time, we shall be to lay before our readers in the next Star.

It seems to be the general impression that the approaching Session will be as usually quiet one. Alluding to the fact, that National Intelligence was not the character of the messages from the chief executive in advance of the session in control, Gazette, the general conviction that no great questions will likely to be agitated at it. Again, happily, at Peace with all the Foreign world, there is no questions now to be decided of raising new armies, and otherwise giving the Executive to carry on a war in which the public heart was always are too, and on the termination of which it has hardly yet ceased rejoicing. While there is no such indication, that a great question will be done and undone, it is yet known that the two Houses of Congress are not so constituted as at this time to accord on certain questions of higher importance; and, hence, the hope that the two Houses are tied, upon questions on which they would seem to be representing the Nation, and, in the known conflict of opinion, to be in the exercise of the Veto Power? It is hence, not with in the range of probability that the Tariff, Protection, and Free Trade question, will be again agitated at the coming session, nor indeed, any other question likely to give rise to much debate, nor, indeed, the Proviso should be left. Among the questions which the Congress must pass upon which neither we nor the Public are now dreaming of.

The establishment of a Government for our lately acquired Territories of New Mexico and California, is the only question which seems to have a strong hold upon the public mind, at the present, and that, rather because it did so at the last session, than from any other reason. The National Bank having in the main time drawn much of the fire out of that cloud, let us hope that it will pass over without any hurtful explosion.

Upon the whole, we anticipate a quiet, and yet a busy one. The calm which naturally intervenes the election, and the occasion of a new Chief Magistrate, is favorable to the dispatch of the great of that description of business usually terminated yearly, though involving the highest place of public justice, having been in the already, and the most particular, committees of the two Houses. That calm of the pantom is also thought to be that that of business, of whose logical public importance, which has been for three years overlaid and stifled by war projects and appropriations, and by the great world measures which tendered to him, before.

Bedford County.

The Whigs of Bedford county had a large and enthusiastic demonstration in Bedford, on the 14th inst., at which H. N. Smith, Esq., presided. Gen. Jno. R. Cunningham, Maj. Jno. Reilly, Jno. C. Sproull, Esqs. A series of resolutions were offered in the following relation to our recent political triumph, and re-affirming the principles for which the Whigs have contended in the cause of the Whig party. The following resolution, complimentary to Mr. Cooper, was also unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That as a portion of the people of Pennsylvania, and without any disrespect for other Whig candidates, we recommend to the Legislature the choice of Hon. James Cooper as a proper person to fill the approaching vacancy in our State delegation in the Senate of the U. States. He knows honesty and patriotism. His undoubtedly the man, who, in unison with the honor and welfare of our State, and his constant devotion to her great interest, eminently qualify him for the important post, and render him a fit recipient for our distinguished favor.

U. S. SENATOR.—We publish a well written article to-day, in reference to whom the Taylor party of Pennsylvania should elect for our State's Senator. We agree with the writer in the main except the man he has selected. Our choice would be for the gallant Hero of the Lakes, Cooper, of Adams county, and we believe our sentiments are those of a great, if not a majority of this county. Mr. Cooper has filled several responsible Whig offices, including the Speaship of the House of Representatives of this State he joined the administration and retrieve even of his popularity suffered. He is emphatically a statesman of the highest order, and his purity of character and simplicity of manner endear him to the yeomanry of the country.—*Uniontown Democrat.*

OUR NEXT U. S. SENATOR.—As our Whig Legislature will be in Session on Monday next, to elect a Senator in place of Gen. Cameron, several leading Whig papers have already been nominated for that station. Among these are Hon. JAMES COOPER of Adams, ALEXANDER P. BROWN of Northampton, Thomas H. BURROWES of Lancaster, the present Secretary of the Commonwealth and several others. Either of the gentlemen named have their talents do honor to Pennsylvania. Eminent as Mr. Cooper is, Mr. M. P. McKennan of Philadelphia, or Walter Forward of Allegheny. But both of these two gentlemen the name of Hon. Simon Cameron, the present Senator in the Senate. Of the others named, we express not only our own sentiments but those of many of the most influential men in this region, in saying that the election of the Hon. James Cooper, would be the most popular nomination in '47, we believe there are no two opinions on this subject, worth and public services, which commently fit him for the station named.—*Sequoia Register.*

BANK OF GETTYSBURG.—At an election held on Monday last, the following persons were chosen Directors of this Institution for the ensuing year:

Robert Smith, Jacob Witt, George Yeoner, John C. Kerr, John K. Zeigler, Jacob Hauer, Wm. D. Hines, Wm. M. Sherry, Wm. R. Stewart, Henry Myers, Wm. Douglass, George W. M'Clellan.

☞ At the election held on the 13th inst. for Directors of the Gettysburg Iron Company, and Petersburg Turnpike Company, the following persons were chosen:

President—George Sawyer.

Managers—Jacob Witt, J. H. M'Clellan, Dr. D. Dorsey, J. B. M'Pherson, Wm. D. Hines, Wm. M'Sherry.

GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE, for December, is a splendid number; that, however, is nothing unusual, for this publication seems to come out always to produce something of a superior stocker. "The Debut," a finely finished line engraving of a beautiful female, "Resolution" of Tom Hood, "Lines to a Dead Child," by Bayard Taylor, one of the editors of the Magazine, and a plate of Fashions, make up the embellishments. Among the Prose Articles, "Ellen Ashton," by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, "Lines on Leaving Home," by Mrs. C. H. Butler, Grace Greenwood, &c., contribute articles worthy of their pens. Graham closes the year in fine style, and promises the whole critical world, a still more splendid one before and around us, than this expression—or still, so instantaneous, so universally acquiesced in—of the character of the new administration. Let us, then, wish him, success, and universally approving civil spectacle could there be! What exemplification more decisive of the contentment, and joy of those happy institutions which our great forefathers bestowed upon us? They verily gave them, besides all their wisdom, some hidden force of virtue, which men must feel, but cannot properly breathed into them some strange spirit, some energy of good, which, like the unseen power of fermentation, works soundness and sweetness out of seeming hopeless trouble.

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THE CELEBRATION

In this place, yesterday, passed off with considerable eclat. At an early hour every thing began to set the ball in motion, and the day advanced, it presented the usual animated appearance. At 11 o'clock, P. M., a cold repast was served up and partaken of by the assembled multitude, and which relieved hunger, delivered by J. D. McCreary, Esq., and Rev. Jacob Cooper, Esq. At 3 o'clock, the Procession was formed in Carlisle street, on the Maj. Hayman, Chief Marshal, when the procession moved off, and it was dismissed—every one gratified with the exercise of the day. Every effort was made to present anything that might tend to irritate our opponents, or, nothing occurred to mar the general good-feeling which prevailed.

The number of persons present has been variously estimated, but we think we are safe in assuming that not less than 1500 assembled round the dinner table.

During the day at different times salutes were fired from artillery, under the supervision of Mr. ALEX. FRASER. The exercise of the evening were also enlivened by excellent music from the Berlin Brass Band.

We must not forget to notice the noble appearance of the delegation from Petersburg. Our friends have been accustomed to see Petersburg bringing with them their magnificent Ball, which, when illuminated, presented an imposing spectacle.

In consequence of want of room, we are obliged to make this meager sketch of the proceedings, suffice for the present.

LONDONTY.—A Christian Indian woman, Rachel Godsey, died suddenly in this place, on Sunday, aged 107. Her brother lived to the age of 105, and she leaves a daughter aged 77. Her grandchildren are numerous among the Indians, and, in fact, at her house in New York city, a beautiful maiden of 17, a Princess of the Chippewa tribe, with jet black hair three feet long, who has arrived there with a view of visiting Europe, to pay her respects to Queen Victoria.

WRITING ON NEWSPAPERS.—We find in the proceedings of the Court of Appeals of New York, a decision, in a case in which Mary C. Felton sued the Postmaster, in the Justices' Court, for detaining a newspaper, on which he charged lawful postage, because it had an initial upon the wrapper. It was decided in her favor.—The ground taken by the Postmaster in the Court of Common Pleas, where the verdict was confirmed. From thence it was taken to the Supreme Court, where it was again affirmed—and now is transferred to the Court of Appeals. The Postmaster acted in this case under and under instructions from the Postmaster General.

FROM ST. JOHN'S, (N. B.)—The St. John's Courier of the 10th contains a notice of the death of the Hon. Alex. Wood, one of the city property, lands, islands, jail, public asylum, market-house, Mayor's office, and other public buildings, the property held by the city, will be sold on Saturday next, in pursuance of an authority issued out of the Supreme Court by certain creditors, to whom all this property had been mortgaged for upwards $50,000.

ARKANSAS U. S. SENATOR.—A dispatch in the Cincinnati Enquirer, dated Louisville, Nov. 21th, says: "Major Borland is due at Little Rock, from Washington during Sovier's unexpired term, and Sebastian in place of Ashley. It is thought that Sevier will be a candidate for the full term. "The Legislature of the State meets on the 13th inst. at Little Rock, and the Governor's message was sent to the following day.

SEDGICK ACCIDENTS.—Near Westminster, on Tuesday afternoon, Mr. Jno. Sandoff had his left hand and part of the arm completely torn off by a threshing machine. Dr. Gorsuch dressed the wound.—On Tuesday evening, also, Mr. David Fetter, when on his way to Baltimore, slipped from his wagon and fell under the wheels. Westminster, and broke several of his ribs. He is now in a very critical situation.

TEMPLE OF JERUSALEM.—The Sultan of Turkey has given permission to the Greeks of the Holy City to erect a magnificent Temple or Synagogue, and a messenger arrived in Boston on New Year's evening with subscribing collections for that important object, being the first regular and splendid place of worship which the Israelites have been permitted to erect for eighteen hundred years, in Zion.

A GOOD ONE.—The *Indianapolis Journal* states that a prominent citizen of that city, on hearing that Gen. TAYLOR was elected, went home a good dealchop-fallen. His wife, to comfort him, remarked that Gen. TAYLOR might die, as Gen. HARRISON did, and the administration might thereby come into the hands of Mr. CLAY.

"Die, the dell," replied her husband, whinder couldn't kill him."

WESTERN VIRGINIA.—The next census, it is said, will show a population increased of 10,000 in Western Virginia, over the Eastern portion of the State. The people of the Western section are strongly opposed to slavery, and the elements of anti-slavery agitation are already to be found there. The Ohio and Kanawha valleys are the hotbed of the two parties of the State will be arrayed against each other.

AFRICANS IN MEXICO.—Strangely enough, and yet not unnatural, the feeling of admiration for the United States and its people, is said to be gaining ground in the Mexican republic, and this by reason of that the Government is using every effort to adopt the principles of our own country.

The St. Louis Republican of the 19th inst. contains the following: "Sigourney was with us yesterday, and, it is stated, he has left a bill of exchange for two hundred thousand dollars, which is to be delivered immediately. This is the first contract of the kind in that section of the country. The state has also very large quantities putting up there for the English market. At the packing establishment of Messrs. Childs, sen & Morgan alone not less than twenty-five thousand hogs will be cut at their block.

ELECTION OF ELECTORS.—The Massachusetts Legislature in convention on Friday chose for electors the several candidates upon the Whig ticket, who are all pledged to vote for Gen. Taylor. The selection was made by a majority of nine-teen.

A FREE SOIL STATE.—The election in Wisconsin seems to be a free soil victory. The Legislature thus far stands thus: Free soilers, 28; Whigs, 25. The Senate is held by the city, will be sold on Saturday next, in pursuance of an authority issued out of the Supreme Court by certain creditors, to whom all this property had been mortgaged for upwards $50,000.

MARRIED.

On the 21st ult. by the Rev. Thomas M'Gee, Mr. Jacob Hall, Jr. of Baltimore, to Miss Mary Ann Augusta McGee, of Hagerstown, Md., and formerly of Gettysburg.

At Bendersville, on the 16th, of October last, Thomas Blocker, Esq., Mr. W. Wilkey, and Miss Margaretta E. Shannon, both of Pine Grove.

DIED.

In this place, yesterday, aged 48 years, Mr. Jacob Dickinson, of Ashbel Dickinson, of Brandywine, Va., to D. D. Winchester & Co., of the Eagle Hotel, in this town, for damages alleged to have been sustained in the loss of a trunk, was tried. The trunk contained a quantity of clothing, and other articles for the use of a gentleman, the plaintiff, who was on his way to Milwaukie, Wisconsin, and, when on arriving at Springfield, entrusted it to the charge of a boatman, employed by Messrs. Winchester. The trunk was never found, nor lost or stolen from the carriage on its way to the Exchange Hotel, and the suit was brought to recover the value of the trunk and contents, which were stated at—about $125. The defendants denied the fact. The jury rendered a verdict of $114 for the plaintiff. Exceptions were taken to the charge of the Court, by defendants' counsel.—*Springfield Republican.*

The Cholera seems to be spreading in Great Britian, and prevails in some of the smaller towns of Scotland. Still, it is feared, it seems also to have reached the northern coast of England. The baleful visitant unless it leaves the foot, may visit our own shore during the winter. Cleanliness and sobriety are considered the best preventives of the disease.

BEAUTIFUL PRESENT TO GENERAL BAYRAM OF the Republic of LIBERIA has just been announced, and a Treaty of Commerce is mentioned as the present. This State was, as our readers know, founded by the American Colonization Society in the year 1822, and, from the first, the care of that body until last year, when it was formed into an independent Government. A similar Government has been obtained from France.—*Nat. Int.*

☞ Lancaster county cast 6,624 more votes than were polled in the whole State of Rhode Island, and 1,204 more than were given in the State of Delaware.

HARD TO BEAT.—The Mercer Whig says:—A veteran Whig of Salem township, well and favorably known in this county, writes to us as follows:

"I have lived in this county some beasting of large family voting. At the late Presidential election—myself, sons, sons, and sons-in-law, voted for Gen. Taylor. I have a son at Washington City, who is a clerk in the Treasury Department, and he voted for Gen. Taylor. I have a son at Pittsburgh, who is a clerk in the Treasury Department, and he voted for Gen. Taylor. I have a son at Cincinnati, who is a clerk in the Treasury Department, and he