THE STAR & BANNER.
GETTYSBURG.
Friday Evening, Sept. 15, 1848.
CITY AGENCIES.—V. B. PALMER, Esq. corner of Chestnut & Third streets, and S. M. CLARK, Esq. Sun Building, N. E. Corner Third & Dock streets, Philadelphia; and Wm. TAUSSIG, Esq. South east corner of Baltimore & Sixth sts., Baltimore—are our authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for "The Star and Banner," and collecting and receipting for the same.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. ZACHARY TAYLOR.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
MILLARD FILLMORE.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS,
John P. Sanderson, of Lebanon county.
Thomas M. T. McKennan, of Washington county.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS,

1. Jno. G. Clarkson,	13. Henry Johnson,
2. Jno. M. Wetherill,	14. Wm. Cobb, Sen.
3. James M. Davis,	15. Wm. M'Irvine,
4. Thos. W. Duffield,	16. Chas. W. Fisher
5. Daniel O. Hiester,	17. Aug. G. Curtin,
6. Jno. Reninger,	18. Thos. Chalfant,
7. John B. Shoch,	19. Joseph Markle,
8. Jno. Lintner,	20. David Mumma,
9. Jos. Ashmacher,	21. A. W. Loomis,
10. Charles Snyder,	22. Richard Irvin,
11. Wm. O. Hylton,	23. Thomas S. Bell,
12. Francis Tyler,	24. S. A. Purviance.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON.
CANAL COMMISSIONER,
NER MIDDLESWARTH.
JUDGE,
HON. HENRY NES.
LEGISLATURE,
JAMES COOPER.
SHERIFF,
EPHRAIM GEORGE SWOPE.
TREASURER,
JOHN P. KECKIG.
REGISTER AND RECORDER,
WILLIAM W. HAMERLY.
CLERK OF THE COURTS,
HUGH DENWIDDIE.
COMMISSIONER,
JOHN G. MORNINGSTAR.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
HENRY LEREKHOFF.
AUDITOR,
SAMUEL DURBORAW.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
DR. CHARLES HORNER.

THE TAYLOR PLATFORM.

"I have no private purpose to accomplish, no party purpose to build up, no enemies to punish or anything to serve but my country."

"The power given by the Constitution to the Executive, to interpose his veto, is a high conservative power, which should never be exercised except in cases of clear violation of the Constitution, or manifest haste and want of consideration by Congress."

"The personal opinions of the individual who may happen to occupy the Executive chair, ought not to control the action of Congress on questions of domestic policy, nor ought his objections to be interposed against the passage of measures duly power have been settled by the various departments of government, and acquiesced in by the people."

"Upon the subjects of the tariff, the currency, the improvement of our great highways, rivers, lakes, and harbors, the will of the people, as expressed through their representatives in Congress, ought to be respected and carried out by the executive."

"War, at all times, and under all circumstances, is a national calamity, to be avoided, if compatible with national honor." "The patronage of our government, as well as its true policy, are opposed to the subjugation of other nations, and the dismemberment of other countries by conquest, for, in the language of the great Washington, they should be quit our own to stand on foreign ground." Z. TAYLOR.

GEN. TAYLOR'S POSITION.

Another Letter from Gen. Taylor to Capt. Allison.

The following important letter reached us by Telegraph last night our correspondent at Natchez, Miss, wh'ch will command general attention:

NATCHEZ, Sept. 12 1848.

Another letter has appeared from Gen. Taylor to Capt. Allison, dated Pascagoula, Sept. 4, 1848, in which he complains that he is falsely said to be copying an equivocal attitude towards various parties, and especially towards the Whigs.

He says that this results from partial extracts from his letter being published, which he is unwilling so bad as positive falsehoods. He did not declare his political opinions while in Mexico, feeling that it might alienate his soldiers. He then assented to pen he believed he was accepting a general call from all parties. He then gave a high compliment to Mr Fillmore, whom he considers as worthy of the first place on the ticket, and he then proceeds in say,

"The National Whig Convention adopted me as it found me—A DECIDED WHIG—but not active in my opinions. I would be without excuse if I were to change the relationship which I have subsisted. They took me with the declaration of principles I had made to the country, and I shall be without defence if I did any thing in the face of that declaration. I have not, and I would accept a nomination of the democratic party, but in doing so I would not and I know no one of my friends would entertain doubt. Such a nomination is indicated a concurrence of opinion on the part of those who hold it, should not be tendered and accepted as a personal compliment to myself, it should not be expected that I would refuse them with insult.

I shall not modify my views to entice those proceeding to be Democrats in order to get votes. I do not expect them when they join my friends voluntarily. I have frequently said that I was not a party candidate, nor do I desire it. *I received and desire no assistance which would prevent my being President of the whole people, in case of election.* I do not regard myself such a candidate before the Country unless I am, and I know that I am, and I am one different from what I was, nor did they fetter me down to a series of pledges, which were to be an iron rule in all, and in spite of all, contingencies that might arise during the Presidential term.

I am not engaged to by violent hands indiscriminately upon all public officers who may differ in opinion from me, and am not expected to FORCE CONGRESS, BY A COERCION OF THE VETO POWER, TO PASS LAWS TO SUIT ME. *This is what I mean by not being a party candidate.* I would not be a party President, and should not be a candidate in the sense that would make me one. This is the sum and substance of my meaning, and this is the purport of the facts and circumstances standing in the nomination when contrasted in their connection with and dependence on one or the other.

I refer all persons to my actions and to this statement, for a proper understanding of my position towards the Presidency and the people, and a thorough issue of the subject have only to add, that my two letters to you embrace all the topics I design to speak on pending the canvass. If I am elected, I shall do all that an honest zeal may effect to restore the body of our Union—and I shall look the happiness of my country upon an enduring basis.

Yours, truly. Z. TAYLOR.

MAINE ELECTION.—Sixty-eight towns have been heard from. The vote for Governor stands as follows: Hamlin 17,745, Dana 6,679; Dana (Locofoco) 19,763, and Freeseden (Free Soil) 2,831. As the names of the towns are not given we have no means of making a comparison. The Locofoco majority in the State last year was 8,167.

☞ The Free Soil State Convention assembled at Hallowell on Wednesday, and Gen. Dana was nominated. An electoral ticket was also formed, pledged to the support of Van Buren and Adams. It was agreed not to make a nomination for Governor.

EARTHQUAKE.—An arrival from the West Indies brings intelligence of a great earthquake, which had been the cause of more destruction than any Barbadoes. Houses were tumbled down, ships unpinnacled in the harbour, and a great many lives lost. There were three shocks, which lasted five hours.

Important Political Intelligence.

ALBANY, Aug. 31, 1848.

Mr. Fillmore has received a letter of congratulation from Gen. Taylor. Hearsed its contents from a friend. Taylor says he has no doubt the name of Fillmore will prove a tower of strength to the Whig cause in the northern States. He expresses gratification at being associated upon the ticket with a man so distinguished as Fillmore, and says, also, that he does not doubt that the dissensions in the Democratic party in New York will give that State to the Whigs. Fillmore has replied.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The letter of the Rochester *American*, in referring to the above interesting letter, unfortunately, "Since the purport of a letter as designed for publication, has in part found its way into the public papers, there can be no impropriety in referring to the fact, that such a communication was written, and to the character of its contents. Gen. Taylor wrote a most cordial, friendly, *and thoroughly Whig letter* to his distinguished associate on the National Whig ticket. Next, to the gratification of *being nominated by the National Whig Convention*, he says, is that that of being associated with a candidate so eminent, patriotic and well qualified to adorn and counsel the administration of Mr. Fillmore.

"It is a noble letter, alike honorable to its writer, and to him who received it. If its publication were admissible, it would call a blush to the cheek of every man who says that Gen. Taylor is not a Whig."

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The news by the last steamer reports a further rise of breadstuffs in the English markets, and the prospect of a failure of the potato rot. The grain harvest is also much less promising than was expected. The political condition of Great Britain is but settling down to a state of quiet and repose. The arrest and trial of some of the conspiracy scapes seems to be interminable, has ended, and in a great degree to have subdued the spirit of rebelion.

France is in considerable agitation in consequence of the report of the committee on the late insurrection. Several leading men are implicated, and a warm and exciting debate, with its unforeen consequences, is likely to distract the legislative chamber and perhaps the nation at large. The war between Austria and Italy is still in progress; but is in doubtful issue. Charles Albert will be able to repel the boats of the invader without the aid of France or some other powerful neighbor.

There is a report that rebellion has broken out in the dominions of Russia, and that the Emperor has fled and a provisional government been established on the throne of the Czars. This wants confirmation.

The cholera is making fearful progress over the continent of Europe, and purposing its former line of march westward.—A medical embassy was dispatched to Russia by the French government to report upon its causes, nature and cure. The report has not yet, we believe, been published.

From the Baltimore Sun of Thursday.

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☞ A Special Meeting of the "ROUGH AND READY CLUB" will be held in the Court-house THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, at 7 o'clock. Prompt attendance is desired.

REMEMBER THE WHIGMASS MEETINGS In Gettysburg, & Petersburg, ON FRIDAY AND SATURDAY NEXT!

Congressional.

In another column will be found the proceedings of the Whig Conference meeting, from which it will be seen that Dr. Nes has been recommended to the support of the Whigs of this District—the friends of Mr. Stevens having very generously yielded to our County Convention, and whose claim to the nomination was acknowledged by our York county friends—in withdrawing his name from the contest. We regard it a most happy of the self-sacrificing devotion to Whig principles which has always characterized him. Not doubting in the least that his nomination would be triumphantly sustained by the people of the district, a number of his personal friends had urgently requested him to accept of a pledge, which was to be in the hands of the Committee on the part of those who had signed it, to refuse the nomination, if he should be defeated. We are informed that he has written to his friends in the different counties, to join with them in the effort—an invitation which we hope to see cheerfully responded to.

The Meeting at Freedom.

The Whigs of Preston township will have a Taylor & Fillmore meeting at Motter's Tavern, to-morrow afternoon, which will be addressed by a number of able speakers. They cordially invite the attendance of their political friends from the adjoining townships. The Whigs of Freedom are always "about," when the day of trial comes; and although few in number, they will turn quarter does Locofocoism receive hearier blows. We always like to look at the Freedom election returns; there is no spinning of yarns about majorities, or principle is pretended feeling. "No quarter to Locofocoism," is their motto, and they never permit themselves to be deceived by the "independents," "alliances," and "rules and regulations" of Locofocoism. Let them have a good meeting tomorrow.

By-the-by, we understand that there is some complaint at the non-appearance of the call for this meeting in last week's Star. The reason is simply, that we were not asked to do it officially or unofficially. We are always pleased to advertise the meetings of our political friends; but at the same time think that those charged with the duty of calling the meeting should see that it will be published at least take the trouble so to inform us.

☞ The adoption of Dr. Nes as the whig candidate for Congress in this district has knocked all the calculations of our Federal Locofoco opponents into pi. The *Compiler* of course has the proceedings of the Whig Conferees a "magnificent farce," a "trick, as flimsy as the motive is execrable," while the Democrats think it is an outrage that the Whigs should have selected a candidate from considerations of "availability," without consulting the wishes of our Party. The truth is, our opponents don't like the name of Nes. They have been so often and so badly beaten by him, that they have an abhorrence of his appearance in the political field throw their eyes in a little a terrible commotion. Well assured that they could expect nothing from the Whigs of Adams county, all their hopes were placed upon the chance of our friends selecting a candidate who might not be able to break in upon the Locofoco majority in York. The choice of Dr. Nes, who has too much of personal friends among the Locofocos of York county, and has never been beaten there, at once makes their hopes vanish, and converts their prospects of possible success, into gloomy apprehensions of certain defeat. We have no fear that our friends in this place received the intelligence of the selection of Dr. Nes as the Whig candidate, Mr. Nes was a staunch democrat, perhaps, but in opposition from his political friends in that quarter, in the absence of all possibility of finding it here. As he has not yet returned, it may be fair to infer that it is somewhat difficult to find him there.

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"The people are tired of Dr. Nes, and we happen to know that a large number of Democrats, who voted against him one or two years before, are now among the most ardent friends of Mr. Dawson."—*Compiler.*

That's the same old tune we had two years ago, when the impossibility of Dr. Nes' election was declared to be so palpable, that to talk of it was so much to the intelligence of the district." Our neighbor will have to touch another string.

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See that you are Assessed!

☞ Let every Whig examine the list and see whether his own and the names of all his neighbors, who intend voting for Taylor and Fillmore, are upon them. If any are left off, take them to the Assessor of last year and have their names entered, at least ten days before the 3rd Tuesday in October.

Light in the East!—the Star that never set!

The stars from Vermont continue to come in favorably. Those from 224 townships the election of 123 Whig representatives; 46 Free Soil; and 34 Locofocos! Although the Whig candidate for Governor leads his opponent by a very heavy majority, there will be no election by the people, in consequence of the large number of scattering votes. The Legislature, however, being decidedly Whig, will of course select the Whig candidate. It is another glorious gratifying result the daily Evening Journal says:

YEMOCRY remains unshaken. The Star that never set, and which has been a beacon of hope to the Whigs of the Union for twenty years, is still undimmed. The fear that the parent cloud of Black Republicanism might obscure its lustre, was unfounded. The Whigs of Vermont, no more than their ever green mountains, are to be shaken. They are as true as the needle to the pole, and are always to be found where honor points or glory leads them. The fires of freedom rise as high in Vermont as in any other State in the Union. But they can be aggravated neither by intensity or brightness, by the fuel furnished by modern cowards to the humane and healthful principles of Free Soil. *It is not necessary for a Whig to change his position to fall the Free Soil Platform.* He has stood upon it for the past years; while the Locofoco party has been floundering in the sloughs and quagmires of Slavery. The Whigs of Vermont feel this truth, and act upon it with the position. All that was necessary for them to do to be right, was to *stand fast.* This they have done; and in doing so, they say to their Whig brethren elsewhere, "STAND FAST WITH US!"

☞ The Vermont Election has been a very spirited contest, and the Whigs there have beaten Locofocoism proper, Van Burenism, which is a sort of Locofocoism improper, and the old ultra Abolition organization. The result gives encouragement as to what will be done in other free States of the Union—in the great State of Ohio, for example, where opinions and feelings are very much as they are in Vermont. It is the model New England common sense, common-school ideas, which have kept the Whigs of Vermont solid, and strong enough to beat the triple assault they have received. The same good sense and good results will attend the Whigs all over New England, in New York, in Ohio, and throughout all the old Whig States. None of them, upon sober, second thought, will consent to throw away their votes upon Van Buren, or any third man, when the only effect of such conduct must be to so much aid 'and comfort' towards the election of Gen. Cass."

"We told you from the beginning that the free soil movement would take more Whig than Democratic votes."—*Compiler.*

We presume our neighbor had not yet heard of the Vermont election!

Fire at Brooklyn.

A disastrous fire broke out in Brooklyn, N. Y., on Saturday night, which destroyed about 200 buildings—has occasioned losses of one and two millions of dollars. Several fires were lost during the fire, by the falling of the walls.

☞ The *Compiler* has an idea that the ground over which the "Federal ball must travel" will be somewhat rough one. He will find it somewhat rougher before he gets through with Dr. Nes.

☞ Considerable stir was occasioned in this place, on Saturday evening last, among the colored people, in consequence of the capture of a fugitive Slave, belonging to a Mr. Thomas, of Frederick county, Md. The Slave had made his escape from his master some days previous, but reached this place on Saturday evening, and concealed himself in the house occupied by Ebon Davis, a colored man. By some means the master discovered his whereabouts, and, about 5 o'clock, in company with Messrs. Nicholas Weaver and Eliza Bergolt, of this place, Mr. Morris, of Emmitsburg, and Mr. Rhodes, of Frederick, secretly pounced upon him in his snug quarters, and rushed him in hot haste through our streets to the house of accusing him before as slaves could be given. A large crowd soon assembled in the public square—the colored population evincing considerable feeling; but the fugitive remaining himself to be a Slave, and expressing a willingness to return with his master, the latter, after liberally feeing his assistants, left with his property—taking the precaution to leave in safety, and to avoid the main road, on his way from town.

☞ The *Compiler*, in announcing the nomination of Mr. Dawson, concludes by saying "*Free Soil and nonconvening Democrat.*" Let Whigs and Taylor men remember this, when asked to vote for him.

A Fair Wind and a Flowing Sail.

The Whig atmosphere is now clear, and its skies are bright. Our friends have been brought directly up to the question of whether Gen. Taylor, or Lewis Cass, shall be next President.—And they have decided this question as it became them to decide—unhesitatingly and heartily in favor of Gen. Taylor.

The two months which precede the election will now be given to zealous organization—to unitedness. And considering the importance and magnitude of the interests involved, there is little time for preparation. Not a day should be lost. Every Whig should be diligent. Every Town and Election District should be thoroughly canvassed.—*Albany Journal.*

☞ The Eclipse of the Moon, on Tuesday night last, was witnessed by a number of persons in this region. The political clearness of the sky and purity of the atmosphere gave a beautiful view of the eclipse.

☞ The Great Rush—and it is coming—is to Europe—has been so simply in Wolfe's HOTEL TON *for important a part*, and to the body of the Country has insignificants a one, in our great political drama."

This extract is taken from General Cass's call of Louis Philippe; of whom he would undoubtedly say, the great error was in assigning to him too low a position, and to the people of France too high!

☞ The Hollidaysburg Register publishes a Card signed by five individuals who announce that they were induced to vote for Polk and Dallas in 1844 upon the assurance of the Locofoco leaders in Hollidaysburg that "the Tariff of 1842 would be safe in their hands." They acknowledge the deception, and express their determination to vote against Cass and Butler, and every friend of the British Tariff of 1846.

☞ Our neighbor of the *Compiler* thinks that the assembling of large Mass Meetings of the People is but "a miserable way" of doing business, by which "honest and independent people are to be insulted." How about those "Polk, Dallas, and the Tariff of 1842" Mass Meetings four years ago?

☞ A few broke out in Pottsville, Pa., on Sunday night, which destroyed an entire square of buildings—low estimated at $100,000.

Circumstances alter Cases.

The following resolution appears in the Locofoco papers as one of the spirit adopted at the late Locofoco State Convention, which nominated Mr. Longstreth for Governor:

"Resolved, That the unity and power of the Democratic party can alone be preserved by *always sustaining regular nominations*, and in that manner only can the PEOPLE speak and *carry out their sovereign will.*"

So says the Locofoco party represented in State Convention. A different doctrine, however, prevails here in Adams county, where a few Locofo "Leaders" have come to the conclusion that "regular nominations" are not Democratic, and that the representatives of the masses have no right to interfere in the selection of candidates. Which is right—the Locofoco State Convention, or the Locofoco leaders in Adams county?

CLOVERSEED MACHINE.—As the season for threshing and cleaning cloverseed is at hand, Farmers may find it to their interest to examine the advertisement of Mr. Gilmore Gardner, in this paper, who has invented a very excellent machine for that purpose.

☞ The "Catalogue of Officers and Students of Dickinson College for 1848," has been laid upon our table. The number of students at attendance during the year was 144. The Summer session closes on Thursday next, at which time the Annual Commencement takes place.—Hon. Wm. B. Reed, of Philadelphia, will address the Literary Societies on Wednesday afternoon. The Annual Discourse before the Literary Association will be delivered by Dr. Patterson, of Philadelphia, on Tuesday afternoon.

On Monday evening, Rev. C. P. Krauth, jr., of Winchester, Va., will address the Alumni of the Theological Seminary.

☞ The Cattlele Herald states that the Jail of Cumberland county has no "boarders" at present.

☞ Intelligence from Campeachy (Central America) states that the advocates of Peace have been successful, having overpowered the Indians.

COMMUNICATED.

Rough and Ready Club.

The Rough and Ready meeting at Zeigler's School-house, in Latimore township, on last Saturday evening, the 9th inst, was a most cheering, and good and ardent Whig could desire. The turn-out was large and the right kind of feeling prevailed. The meeting was organized by the appointment of the following officers:

President—COL. WM. F. BONNER.

Vice Presidents—Jacob Trump, Jacob P. Lerew, George Gardner, Jacob Foor, George Hankey, Isaac Thomas, Peter Fry, David Huffman, Levi Livingston.

Secretaries—Moses Ziegler, John Wisle.

The meeting was addressed by A. R. STEVENSON, Esq. of Gettysburg, who, in a speech of an hour's length, compared the claims of Gen. Zachary Taylor with those Gen. Cass, of Wm. F. Johnston with Morris Longstreth, and imparted upon every Whig the necessity of attending the qualifications of our Ticket. The truth is, our opponents don't like the name of Nes. They have been so often and so badly beaten by him, that they have an abhorrence of his appearance in the political field throw their eyes in a little a terrible commotion. Well assured that they could expect nothing from the Whigs of Adams county, all their hopes were placed upon the chance of our friends selecting a candidate who might not be able to break in upon the Locofoco majority in York. The choice of Dr. Nes, who has too many of personal friends among the Locofocos of York county, and has never been beaten there, at once makes their hopes vanish, and converts their prospects of possible success, into gloomy apprehensions of certain defeat. The moment the Locofoco leaders in this place received the intelligence of the selection of Dr. Nes as the Whig candidate, Mr. Dawson was cashiered, perhaps, but, in the consolation from his political friends in that quarter, in the absence of all possibility of finding it here. As he has not yet returned, it may be fair to infer that it is somewhat difficult to find him there.

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That's the same old tune we had two years ago, when the impossibility of Dr. Nes' election was declared to be so palpable, that to talk of it was so much to the intelligence of the district." Our neighbor will have to touch another string.

☞ The Whigs of Carroll County, Md, had an enthusiastic Taylor demonstration at Westminster, on the 14th inst. Speeches were made by Mr. Fulmer, Esq., of Frederick, Hon. James Cooper, of Gettysburg, A. G. Ege, Esq, and others spoke. The "Carrollton" says: "We notice Mr. Cooper's appearance:

"Mr. Cooper was then introduced to the meeting by Col. James M. Shriman, whose presence imparted the utmost life and enthusiasm, which manifested as strongly toward him as the most ardent admirers of his whole-souled principles in his native State could have desired, had they been present. Mr. Cooper dwelt particularly on the principles of the Whig party, and explained fully the deep and abiding interest to the country of the correct election to the presidency of American fidelity. Mr Cooper's health forbade his making a long speech, but the scathing rebuke administered by him to the denunciators of Zachary Taylor, will be remembered long by the little politicians barking at the noblest work of God, an *honest man!*"

See that you are Assessed!

☞ Let every Whig examine the list and see whether his own and the names of all his neighbors, who intend voting for Taylor and Fillmore, are upon them. If any are left off, take them to the Assessor of last year and have their names entered, at least ten days before the 3rd Tuesday in October.

☞ A few broke out in Pottsville, Pa., on Sunday night, which destroyed an entire square of buildings—low estimated at $100,000.

COMMUNICATED.

CONGRESSIONAL

JOHN B. DAWSON—the backwoods politician, the fuddling of party—a man more before the people, sulking their suffrages; and for what? For the Democratic party of Adams County. Oh! no. His working assinine sinne a little higher. His fractured vanity, no longer satisfied with small favors, "wants to be noticed seeking the honorable and responsible station of Congressman.

Bear with us, then, while we examine somewhat the political character of this *aspirant*, and see whether or not he deserves the support of our Democratic friends, and the confidence of the people. We are well aware that "*Joel*" is looked upon by many, as a moderate and liberal politician, or in other words, a "no party" man; and such is the job he assumes in his familiar intercourse with the "dear people."

Such, however, is not the fact; but on the contrary, we know him to be a *rank, dem, and uncompromising party man*; and if elected, will support and assist in carrying out, what we consider, the dangerous and destructive principles of the progressive Democracy.

A cunning and shrewd politician—not the only opinate for a member of Congress—he has arranged heretofore to command Whig votes sufficient to elect him to several lucrative offices. In what manner he has succeeded, may be ever revealed those persons, through whose friendship he was thus enabled to batten upon the public spoils! He was ever supported a Whig for any office!—Never! Democrat he always was, and Democrat he will, so long as he lives, be incompatible with his bitter hatred and abhorrence of Whiggery.—This is strong language, but we mean it—every word.

No man in the county has *labored* more to keep together in harmony and in union, and to preserve the integrity of the Locofoco party—which looks upon him as a demi-god—than JOHN B. DAWSON. Immediately preceding an election, and on the election day itself, no person is found more active, more busy, more officious, more gaudy, felt Whig, whose support, when circumstance render it necessary, he has the *impudence* and *if* to claim.

And why has he proved such a dangerous champion in the contest for Whig rights? Because he assumes not the character of a bold, open and honorable foe, but that of a traitor under the cloak of friendship, executes the dagger—ready to stab when a propitious moment offers. Warm and cordial in his greetings, he is ever a deceitful viper; but crush it. In so doing you will remove a cause which has more than any other contributed to lead together the Locofoco party, and thus check the growing strength of the Whig cause in Adams county.

That his political career has long more been over—we feels—and that "The word, with which he once controlled at pleasure, the popular breeze, has lost its magic influence. For Whigs now regard and appreciate *Honor—not Subservience.* In them they recognize the head and heart of the Locofoco party, aspirate the principles and secretly connected plans of whom they have long battling for years.—STRABAN.

EARTHQUAKE.—Violent shocks of an earthquake were felt in Boston, New York and Brooklyn, and also in Newark, N. J., about 10½ o'clock on Friday night.—There was a sudden rushing sound, very much resembling distant thunder, or the passing of heavy vehicles over rough stones. The shock was felt for a minute, in a severe manner in the city, and, in one or two places, caused the doors and windows shutters to fly open.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of Voluntary Assignment for the benefit of Creditors, to me granted by ABRAHAM SHEAFFER, of Tyrone township, Adams county, Pa., I will sell at Public Sale, on *Saturday the 7th day of October next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

A Tract of Land,

the property of said Sheffer, situate in said township, adjoining lands of George Mickley, John Lehman, and others, and containing 143 ACRES of Patented Land.

The improvements are a new and well finished two-story Frame

Dwelling-House,

with a cellar underneath; a good and weather-boarded BROW, plastered inside; a weather-boarded Barn, with Corn Crib, Garner, Shieds, and other outbuildings.—There is a Well of water convenient to the door, and a Spring of water on the premises. There is also a young

ORCHARD

of choice Fruit on the premises. The premises will make a desirable residence, being about one-half new land and under good cultivation.

Sale to commence to be given and terms made known on the day of Sale by

SAMUEL DEARDORFF.

Sept. 15, 1848.—ts *Assignee.*

A CARD.

THE Winter Session of the "New Oxford Collegiate and Medical Institute for 1848-49" will open on the second Monday in October, and continue till the first day of April following.

Prices for tuition as heretofore, viz: $15 in the Collegiate, and $20 in the Medical Department; payment in advance—(No extra charges whatever.)

For Pupils sent from a distance, the Principal will, if desired, procure them a boarding and washing, in respectable houses, for $75 dollars per annum, payment half in advance.

Parents and Guardians, who wish their sons or wards to receive a thorough education in the Classics, Mathematics, and moral and literary, are invited to come and *examine the Institute personally*, since the publication of this notice, there is more to be relied upon, than on any other.

☞ The pulic examination of pupils will be held every Saturday, when will take places in the Hall of the Institute on Monday the 25th inst., wherein all friends of education and others are respectfully invited: Commencement of the examination at 9 o'clock, A. M. Exercises in declamation of committed or self-composed pieces at early candle-light.

Whoever hath youths to be educated, find will no reason to consider the time lost, if spent in visiting our examination, particularly if he be present from the commencement.

M. D. G. PFEIFFER, A. M.
Principal.

New Oxford Institute, Sept. 15.

CHEAP STOVES!

IF YOU WANT TO BUY
CHEAP STOVES,
CALL AND SEE
GEORGE ARNOLD.

Sept. 8, 1848

54 ACRES,

more or less. The improvements are a

TWO STORY

LOG DWELLING,

a double Log Barn, and other Outbuildings. There is a Well of water convenient to the door, and an excellent ORCHARD on the premises.

ALSO, at the same time, will be sold a variety of Personal Property of said deceased, consisting of

Young Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Hay by the ton; Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Potatoes, and Apples, by the bushel; a lot of Corn-fodder, a lot of Straw, a lot of Household Beds and Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Pots, Kettles, and other articles of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on the day of Sale by

MICHAEL HAGERMAN.

Sept. 15, 1848.—ts *Administrator.*

REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams County, the subscriber, Administrator of the Estate of BARNABAS SETZER, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on *Saturday the 21st day of October next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

A Tract of Land,

the property of said deceased, situate in said township, adjoining lands of Wm. Jenkins, James M'Barron and others, containing

7 ACRES,

more or less. The improvements are

A TWO-STORY

Weather-boarded House,

with a weather-boarded Back-building, a Log Barn and other necessary Outbuildings. There is

ORCHARD

of good fruit on the premises, and a Spring of Water; also a Well of water convenient to the door.

☞ There will also be sold at the same time a Bed of CORN AND OATS by the bushel.

Attendance will be given, and terms made known on the day of sale by

JACOB MARTIN.

Sept. 15, 1848.—ts *Administrator.*

TEACHERS WANTED.

THE School Directors of Franklin township will meet at the School-house at *Fisher's Church, on Saturday the 7th of October*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to receive Proposals for Teachers of the Schools of said township. Five Teachers will be employed.

B. HILDEBRAND,
Secretary.

Sept. 15, 1848.—3t

TEACHERS WANTED.

THE School Directors of Hamilton township will meet at the house of *St. Cobham, in East Berlin, on Saturday the 7th of October next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to receive Proposals for Teachers of the Schools of said township. Five Teachers will be employed.

B. HILDEBRAND,
Secretary.

Sept. 15, 1848.—3t

BALTIMORE MARKET.

FROM THE BALTIMORE AMERICAN OF WEDNESDAY.

BEEF CATTLE.—There were offered at the stables on Monday, 600 head of Beeves, 450 of which were taken at $4 to $4 50 per 100 lbs. on the hoof, equal to $8 50 and $9 per 100 lbs. net.

FLOUR.—The flour market is active; sales of 2,000 bbls. Howard st brands at $5 25, and 500 bbls. Ohio at $5 25. Sales of Corn meal at $3 25 a $3 31, for City and Penna.

GRAIN.—Supply of all kinds of Grain moderate and prices depressed. Wheat good to prime red wheat at $1 10 to $1 16; and white at $1 20 to $1 30. Sales of Corn at 58 cts; yellow 60 a 62. Oats 30 a 32; Rye 70 a 72.

MARRIED,

On Thursday the 31st ult, by the Rev. E. Y. Gerhart, Mr JOHN BOWER, and Miss BARBARA ANN, daughter of Mr. Jacob Bower, all of this county.

On the 3d inst., by the Rev. Martin Lohr, Mr. LEVI BOYER, and MISS ARAETA, daughter of Daniel Hoke, all of Mt. Pleasant, Adams county.

At Strasburg, Va., on the 31st ult., by the Rev. J. A. Lapsley, Mr. JOHN W. SNYDER, of this county, and MISS REBECCA FRASER, of Woodstock, Shenandoah county, Va.

On the 10th ult., by the Rev. C. Hay, Mr. HENRY BRETT