FOURTH OF JULY.

TEMPERANCE CELEBRATION.

In accordance with previous arrangements, the members of "Adams Division, No. 218 Sons of Temperance," and "Dappyng Section, No. 68, Cadets of Temperance," met at the Dwelling House in Gettysburg at 10 o'clock, a.m., July 4, in full regalia, and, accompanied by the "Getty Lodge Band," moved to Culp's Grove, under the direction of P. W. P. Thos. Warner, Chief Marshal, and E. H. Dittsfeeler and Leonard Stocum, Assistants.

Having arrived at the grove, the Company was dismissed until 1 o'clock, when near two hundred persons sat down to an excellent dinner prepared Mr. Elias Sheads. The various good things under which the table literally groaned, having been tested to the satisfaction of all, and the cloth removed, the Company was organized by the appointment of the following officers:

President—D. G. W. P. EDMAN W. STAHLE. *Vice Presidents*—P. W. P. John A. Hill, Michael M. Bets, Geo. S. Buehler, P. W. P. John Culp, Johnston H. Oddy, Samuel Cole, Elias Deardorff, Gabriel Meals, P. W. P. Robert Armor, Alexander Rigby, David M'Ilroy, David Tipton and Abner Tomney.

Secretaries—D. A. Buehler, Wm. H. Berry, R. W. P. Robert Sheads, Maj. Geo. Fry, James Gallagher, and Wm. M. Hays.

The officers being assigned to the seats provided for them, the Declaration of Independence was read by Mr. J. I. Hivelbrger, and the Toasts announced as follows:

REGULAR TOASTS.

1. *The Day we Celebrate*—The anniversary of a new and glorious Political creation: while commemorating the birth-day of our country, let the spirit of freemen, may we never lose sight of our dignity as men.—*Hal Columbia*," by Getty's Lodge Band.

2. *George Washington*—The noblest of earth's uninspired men: while a million of our country honors his name, the entire brotherhood will join with him in memory.—*"Washington's March."*

3. *The Sages and Heroes of the Revolution*—Gratitude for their services, honor for their names.—*"Yankee Doodle."*

4. *The President of the United States and Governor of the Commonwealth.*—*"Phrenokosmia Quicksteps."*

5. *The Union*—The pledge of permanent Liberty—the anchor of safety, now and forever.—*"Star Spangled Banner."*

6. *The Traffic in Intoxicating Liquors*—The Pandora Box—the source of all evils of our social evils: we look trustingly forward to the day when, with every form of legal wrong, and outrage, and injustice, the laws which authorize and encourage it, shall have been swept from our Statute Book, and Government, which have rendered the exercise of its prerogative as the guardian of right, and justice, and morality,—forever by the Company, *"A Light on the Drunkard's Soul."*

7. *Pennsylvania*—Rich in all the element of physical, political, and social greatness; yielding pre-eminence to none of her sister Commonwealths in patriotic professions, it will not be her fault if she does not to beat-themselves as become the citizens of the "Keystone State."—*Grand March.*

8. *The Press.*—In purity is essential to the preservation of our Institutions: to be *pure* it must be *free*.—*Hail Columbia.*

9. *The Order of the Sons of Temperance*—In its Divisions—National, Grand, and Subordinate—beautifully resembling that of our Solar System: may it continue to occupy a commanding position in the moral firmament, diffusing light and life in genial rays, until it shall have dispelled the moral gloom with which Intemperance has enveloped the world.—Song, by the Company, *"Cold Water is the drink for me."*

10. *Education.*—A boon "inestimable to freemen, and formidable to tyrants only: like the glorious sunlight around us, its privileges should be made free and common to all.—*Trumpet March.*"

11. *The Offspring and Soldiery of the Army*—The genius and heroism displayed in their illustrious achievements in the Mexican War, have re-firmed the superiority of American soldiery, and gilded anew the national fame.—*Nahant's March.*"

12. *The Order of Cadets of Temperance*—designed to impress on the youthful mind the principles of a pure morality; we welcome it in a powerful auxiliary in the Temperance Reformation.—Song by the Company, *"With banner and with bugle we come."*

13. *Woman*—Her smiles and affections are the hope of beauty and of promise, which spans the life of man from the cradle to to the grave.—*"Miller's Maid."*

VOLUNTEER TOASTS.

By E. W. Stalter—Intemperance: a tyrany more slavish in its exactions, and more destructive of social joys, than that which bound our sires in bondage to the crown. May the best honor the memories of the bold men "76 when we declare our independence of its control, and expel it to the domination of a civilized and christian world.

By D. M'Conaughy—Liberty, Equality, and Fraternity; Liberty to all of kindred freedom—the shibboleth of the universal brotherhood of freemen; it echoes from Africa repeats it, and Europe shouts through all her kingdoms, this watch-word of rating humanity—the sunrise and the earnest of a world-wide triumph!

By Robin A. Fink—The Sons of Temperance: may they form an arch from Maine to Texas, on which shall be written in characters of gold, "Our doors are only closed to the unworthy;" and may this arch be only a section of the great circle they shall form around the world, in whose centre shall be emblazoned the words, "Love, Purity and Fidelity."

C. Henry Buehler—The European Republics: the legitimate fruit of the happy influence of our own glorious Institutions. To Americans, the noise and confusion of tottering Thrones and crumbling Empires, wafted hither on almost every breeze, are as "sweet music to the ear;" and we fondly cherish the hope that it will not be long distant when "Kings" and "Queens" shall be known only in the records of things that were.

George Warren—Cold Water celebrations of the anniversary of our glorious Independence: present positive evidence of the attachment of the American people to Liberty in every form, and their determination to have no kings to reign over them. May they become universal, and ever continue to shed a halo of moral grandeur around these exhibitions of patriotism.

W. M. Hays—The tree of Temperance planted four years ago: may it continue, as hitherto, to spread its branches until it covers the whole globe.

Dr. C. D. Lefever—Cold Water: the poor rest and best of all drinks.

J. M. Wilhelm—The Order of the Sons of Temperance: looked in the distance of "Liberty," with the genius of "Purity and Fidelity," may its success always present a *clean proof*, and its *impressions* be of the most favorable character.

Henry Hughes—Mechanics and the Ladies: Mechanics are the bone and sinew of the land—the Ladies are the flesh and blood; both necessary to our welfare, and well well suited to the other.

George Frey—The Order of the Daughters of Temperance: Go on in your glorious work! preserve in your noble efforts at moral reform, and from the influence of the Orphan, the blessings of the Widow, and the gratitude of the reformed inebriate, an ample compensation for your labor of love.

A. J. Sell—"The day we celebrate: may it ever be cherished in the bosoms of the American people.

Robert Sheads—The Sons and Cadets of Temperance: with "Love, Purity and Fidelity," and "Truth, Virtue and Temperance," as their mottoes, they will bravely dare the opposition of the combined powers of King Alcohol and his allies.

Thomas Bringman—Ireland and Irish Freedom: The warm hearts of Irish patriots have ever sympathized with freedom's friends; with full hearts we now reciprocate the sympathy and bid them "God speed" in the struggle to secure freedom for their own dear isle.

J. J. Heysinger—The manner in which we celebrate the anniversary of the birth of American Liberty: No expression of welcome is so fitting as return could be more appropriate, the offering of our hearts more acceptable, than those we lay at our country's shrine, "Love, Purity and Fidelity."

G. W. Strickhouse—Niagara: Italy the boast of her Venetian, but America has a mill-dam that will put it out in five minutes. We Yankees can't be beat.

B. D. Aumen—The Cadets of Temperance: one of the most efficient safeguards of the morals of the young and rising generation.

W. H. Sell—May the bond of unity be encircled by the laurels of friendship and temperance, and the fair fruit would divide to us may so feel the weight of his own insignificance and weakness rebuked by the indivisibility of our integrity and love of country.

Henry Hughes—Mechanics: while they despise the lean, lank and lazy vagabonds of society, they still duly respect the favored sons of the Professions, and cherish a proper esteem for the sacred calling, and a sweet place in the hearts of the Ladies.

R. Little—Dappying Section, No. 68, Cadets of Temperance, "Charm to pain, principles, pure in morals, and sustained by the sacred Bible, they remain bright and shining lights, that, by their example, may well guide others to the sparkling fountain of Temperance.

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Luther E. Winter—The Order of the Sons of Temperance, having for their motto, "Love, Purity and Fidelity," challenge the investigation of the world.

G. H. Curtis—The 4th of July: The birth day of American Independence. Its annual return will ever be hailed with grateful feelings by every true American.

Ezias L. Little—The Signers of Heroes of '76: Their names, fragrant with the recollections of glorious deeds, should be enshrined in the heart of every freeman.

Samuel K. Falk—The patriots of 1776.

Geo. Eyster, President, John Butt and Daniel Polly Vice Presidents, and B. Riley and Thos. Martin Secretaries. The Declaration of Independence, with the sentiments of the day, having been read by William B. McClellan, Esq., the procession down to a plentiful and substantial repast, to which the company did ample justice.

After the cloth had been removed the following regular toasts were read by D. M. Smyser, Esq., and drank with much applause:

REGULAR TOASTS.

1. The day we celebrate—The era of our country's regeneration. May the time soon come when all the nations of the earth shall hail it as theirs.

2. The memory of Washington—Let Freedom's altar fire burn in the holy reverence he driven from society as a social Parish—a moral leper, in whose foul contact there is disease and death.

3. The Army and Navy—The ocean and the lakes, the hills and valleys of the Eastern Hemisphere, the Canada, the valleys of Mexico and the Rio Grande, and the deserts of California have witnessed their exploits and illustrated their renown. May the country ever cherish them with grateful pride.

4. The American volunteers—Their prompt organization and gallant conduct in the battle-fields of Mexico have shown that in the hour of adversity the country is a "tower of strength." Peace to the ashes of the departed brave. Honor and gratitude to the living.

5. Our Country, first, last, and all the time—Born to one common heritage of liberty, may it ever be the prodigal, squander it away.

6. The fathers of our republic—Having laid its foundations in wisdom, they reared the superstructure amid suffering and danger, and cemented it with their blood. May the arm be withered that would wrest one stone from the pile.

7. The Union of the States—Built on which prosperity and freedom rest. May it ever be found the more firmly connected the more it is assailed.

8. Party Spirit—Like fire, a good servant but a bad master. Under proper restraints, a powerful and unchecked and unrestrained, it becomes a fatal conflagration.

9. The Progress of Liberty in Europe—A spark from the fire that burns on the altar of American freedom. May it soon be a blaze which shall consume the last relics of tyranny.

10. The Freedom of the Press—In America, it is unfettered and unprofaned and intelligent, as treason; here the stronghold of liberty, which, like the Roman Capitol amidst the ashes of the surrounding city, will be impregnable to all assaults, although all her outworks should be strewed in the dust around her.

11. Education—Its true theory, not the education of a few, that they may lead the mass, but that of the mass, that each and all in his turn may be qualified to lead.

12. Agriculture, Manufactures, Commerce, and the Mechanic Arts—The sinews of a nation's strength. May they never be severed or weaken.

13. Woman—In childhood our protector, in youth our guide, in manhood our companion, and in old age our support.

May every joy of life depart,
But give, oh, give me woman's heart;
Let all the beyond vanish in night,
But leave, oh, leave me woman's love.

VOLUNTEER TOASTS.

By J. B. Hoffman—The professional patriots, with their interests, prejudices, and passions, are dangerous to the Union. The intemperate in the temperance cause should be discontinenanced.

The President here made a few happy remarks on the importance of the temperance cause, and its success in our country. This had been regarded, he said, by our greatest and best men, as the worst relative to the social condition of the Union. He deeply was the Father of his Country impressed with the magnitude of this evil that he cautioned his countrymen against it in the most special manner.

At the conclusion of the chairman's remarks, he was followed by D. M. Smyser, Esq., who briefly addressed the company in further illustration of the same subject, in a few well-chosen and appolite remarks. The remarks of both speakers were warmly responded to by the company.

By Robert Cobean: The day we celebrate—May it ever be a day sacred to American freedom.

J. G. Reed: Our own Republic—Formed by the hands of skilful artisan: let its model be preserved until every union shall have received from us a *first rate inspectorate.*

James Getys: Pennsylvania and Tennessee—Both in the same family; with common interest, may they continue united.

Wm. B. M'Clellan: "The Union"—as such may it continue till the end of time, and pulsed be the tongue that breathes a disloyal sentiment.

Walter S. Swan: The good people of Getysburg—as intelligent as they are hospitable; may the boys and girls that now fill their schools and colleges make a generation not unworthy of their fathers.

Charles Horner: The Union—as long as preserved, national strength and prosperity will continue; once destroyed, the death-knell of political existence must follow.

H. J. Scheriner: Our Native Land—May her sons never forget that we are her children, owing to her our duty and affection, and having one heritage, one hope, one destiny; and may this reflection allay the bitterness of feeling and poor oil on the troubled waters of political strife.

D. M. Smyser: Constitutional Liberty—the only safeguard of popular rights: to be durable, both require as their basis popular intelligence.

Jas. Brown: Republican France—May her new political system be as stable and enduring as the fame of her distinguished republican. Long live.

George Little: The Farmers in the vicinity of Marsh-creek—"Generous and noble men." May their industry and labor ever be rewarded with plenty and abundance.

N. Weaver: Our Celebration—Small in numbers, but large in patriotism and good feeling.

By a Guest: The South, North and West—Are three great pillars of our country; like the triune Godhead of our holy religion, may they ever be one and undivided.

John Butt: Europe—May the sun of Liberty which has so gloriously risen, continue to shine in full effulgence from the North Cape to Gibraltar.

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THE STAR & BANNER.

GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, July 7, 1848.

TERMS:—Two Dollars per annum, payable in advance.

CITY AGENCIES.—V. B. Palmer, Esq., corner of Chestnut & Third streets, and E. W. Carr, Esq. Sun Building, N. E. Corner Third & Dock streets, *Philadelphia*; and Wm. Tassavour, Esq. South-east corner of Baltimore & Sharpe sts., *Baltimore*—are our authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for "The Star and Banner," and collecting and receipting for the same.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. ZACHARY TAYLOR.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
MILLARD FILLMORE.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS,
John P. Sanderson, of Chebanon county,
Thomas M. T. McKennan, of Washington county.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

1. Jos. G. Chickson,	17. Henry Johnson,
2. Jno. P. Wetherill,	18. Wm. Colder, Sen.
3. James M. Snyder,	19. Jno. M. Rankin,
4. Thos. W. Duffield,	20. Chas. W. Fisher,
5. Daniel S. Hiester,	21. And. G. Miller,
6. Joshua Dungan,	22. Thos. R. Davidson,
7. Jno. Fox, Jun.	23. Joseph Walker,
8. John Landis,	24. Daniel Agnew,
9. Jno. Schoyer,	25. A. N. Lowrie,
10. Charles Brown,	26. Richard Irvin,
11. Wm. O. Hurley,	27. Thomas H. Bell,
12. Francis Fleeson,	28. Jno. Strohm,
13. Jno. Fox,	29. Jno. Cooper,
14. Jno. Weiler,	30. Jno. Pollock,
15. Jno. Ritter,	31. Jno. Ewing,
16. Jno. Weiler, Sen.	32. Jno. Dickey,

CANAL COMMISSIONER.
KER MIDDLESWARTH.

ASSEMBLY,
JAMES COOPER.

SHERIFF,
EPHRAIM SWOPE.

PROTHONOTARY,
JOHN PICKING.

REGISTER AND RECORDER,
WM. W. HAMERSLY.

CLERK OF THE COURTS,
HUGH MCCONDLE.

COMMISSIONER,
JOHN G. MORNINGSTAR.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
HENRY BRINKERHOFF.

AUDITOR,
SAMUEL DURBORROW.

CORONER,
DR. CHARLES HORNER.

Attention, "Rough & Readies!"

☞A meeting of the "Rough & Ready Club of the Borough of Gettysburg and vicinity," will be held in Centre Square, on the evening of this present, at 8 o'clock, when and where the business of the club will be given to all who desire to sign the Constitution, to do so. Let there be a turn-out of all the "Rough & Readies" of the old Union.

☞ Good speaking may be expected.

By order of the Club.

July 7, 1848.

TAYLOR MEETING TO-NIGHT.—The preceedings of the meeting at Korts's, on Friday evening last, to organize a Rough and Ready Club, will be found on the first page of today's paper. We hope that all who are disposed to open the campaign with a public meeting at the Court-house, TO-NIGHT—at which an opportunity will be given to all who desire to express themselves with the Club, to sign the Constitution. We hope to see a strong turn out of the "friends" of old Zack. "A little more grape, boys!"

THE FOURTH was very generally commemorated in Gettysburg. The day was beautiful and pleasant, and every one seemed disposed to make the most of it. There was music, and much of the beating of drums, firing of guns, and other demonstrations of joy, and during the entire day the Streets and places of resort were crowded.—The "Getty Lodge Band," under Prof. Gilbert, was also out at an early hour, and gave our citizens the benefit of a number of national and patriotic tunes, which added much to the pleasure of the day.

About 10 o'clock, A. M., the Sons & Cadets of Temperance formed a large and imposing procession in front of their Hall, which, accompanied by the Band, moved to Mr. Culp's grove, about 2 of a mile from town, to partake of a Dinner served up by Mr. Elias Sheads. A report of their doings will be found in a preceding column. A respectable party of citizens, also, spent the day on Rock creek, and another on Marsh creek; the pic-nics of the latter have not been fully heard and appear in to-day's paper. The English Lutheran Sabbath School spent the day in the grove near the Seminary, and, from the merry shouts and other parties from the town, caused it to wear the appearance and quiet of a Sabbath, until late in the evening, when, the several parties returning, our streets and place of resort presented an unusually lively and animated aspect—the festivities of the day, and their enjoyment, being the greatest of any.

☞The space occupied by details of proceedings incident to the "Fourth," and other important matters, leaves us but little room for editorial scribblings. Our readers, however, may possibly not be sorry for it.

GOV. SHUNK.—A correspondent of the Daily News, writing from Harrisburg, July 1, says:—"The Governor is in a precarious situation; his recovery is considered almost impossible by the best Physicians. It is confidently asserted this morning by his personal and political friends, that he either actually has or will resign as Governor of Pennsylvania in a day or two."

Should the Governor resign before the 12th of this month, an election for Governor must be held this fall; consequently the vacancy will be filled by the Speaker of the Senate until the fall of 1849.

☞The steamer Edith arrived at New Orleans on the 23d ult., with eight companies of the Pennsylvania Volunteers under Col. Wynkoop.

WILMOT A BARNBURNER.—The Philadelphia Sun of the 3d inst. publishes a letter from the Hon. David Wilmot, of the Bradford District, in this State, intends soon to take ground in support of Mr. Van Buren, for the Presidency, and that he will head the Free Soil Democracy of this State.

BARN BURNT.—On last Thursday afternoon the barn of the Mr. Michael Weiler, in Manheim township, Lancaster county, took fire from the new hay which had recently been put in it, and was destroyed with all its contents.

☞The "Huntingdon Journal" makes its appearance in a new and improved form. The Journal is one of the best Whig papers in the State, and we are pleased to observe this evidence of friend Clark's efforts to place the paper before the public in a more creditable form.

☞The Buffalo Republic, a New York Barnburner organ, gives its democratic readers the benefit of the annexed pointed paragraph.

Stop it before it's Dead.

That Lewis Cass is opposed to Harbor improvements, and is in favor of the extension of Slavery; that he was for and against the annexation of Texas; that he was the apologist and defender of Louis Philippe, and is the idol of the Locofoco Republicans; that he intrigued to defeat the nomination of Martin Van Buren, in 1844, and is now intriguing to the contrary for himself. From sundry articles which have appeared in several of the public journals of the city of New Orleans, Gen. Taylor is given to understand that persons of the character of Cass are now entertained the impression that he is not satisfied with what Judge Saunders, and the other members of the Louisiana Delegation to the Whig National Convention who acted with him, saw fit to say and do in that body in his (Gen. Taylor's) behalf; and that he repudiates such acts and sayings. Did these rumors and reports affect only himself, Gen. Taylor would not trouble the public concerning them; but as they affect, whether so intended or not, the good character and confidence of a distinguished patriot for him has made them objects of reproach and suspicion, he feels constrained to say, as many of the latter have done, that he abhorrs them to be met by a distinct and peremptory denial.

Card.

We are authorized by Gen. Taylor to say that the course of the Louisiana Delegation in the Whig Convention, lately assembled at Philadelphia, meets with his entire, full and unequivocal approbation. That he has not, and does not, repudiate, but never intimated a doubt that his honor and reputation were safe in their hands.

ALBERT G. PEYTON,
LOGAN HUNTON,
R. C. WICKLIFFE.

June 23, 1848.

This card was read on the previous evening to the great Whig ratification meeting, and gave great satisfaction, especially as it was announced to be in the hand-writing of the old General himself.

THE NORTHERN MAN WITH SOUTHERN PRINCIPLES.—Lewis Cass, in his letter of acceptance, says he has *"faithfully read the resolutions of the Democratic National Convention*, having down the *platform of our political faith*," and that he *"adheres to them as firmly as to apartments of his own home!"* Is this so, Mr. Cass? Do you adhere to the resolution relative to the Protective Policy in as fulsome a manner?

Resolved, That the fruits of the great political triumph of 1844, which elected James K. Polk and George M. Dallas, *"Free trade to the people of the United States,"* (says one of the resolutions,) have fulfilled the hope of the Democracy of the Union, and have realized the promise to the cause of *Free Trade by the repeal of the Tariff of 1842*, and the creation of the *more equal, honest and productive Tariff of 1846.*" &c.

Here, then, we have a part of the *Democracy of the Union* in favor of a Tariff for Revenue Only. What is it? The doctrine of *British Free Trade* of war, increasing and uncompromising war, upon the industrial interests of the country—opposition to the Tariff of 1842.

☞ Good speaking may be expected.

By order of the Club.

July 7, 1848.

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☞The space occupied by details of proceedings incident to the "Fourth," and other important matters, leaves us but little room for editorial scribblings. Our readers, however, may possibly not be sorry for it.

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☞The Buffalo Republic, a New York Barnburner organ, gives its democratic readers the benefit of the annexed pointed paragraph.

Stop it before it's Dead.

That Lewis Cass is opposed to Harbor improvements, and is in favor of the extension of Slavery; that he was for and against the annexation of Texas; that he was the apologist and defender of Louis Philippe, and is the idol of the Locofoco Republicans; that he intrigued to defeat the nomination of Martin Van Buren, in 1844, and is now intriguing to the contrary for himself. From sundry articles which have appeared in several of the public journals of the city of New Orleans, Gen. Taylor is given to understand that persons of the character of Cass are now entertained the impression that he is not satisfied with what Judge Saunders, and the other members of the Louisiana Delegation to the Whig National Convention who acted with him, saw fit to say and do in that body in his (Gen. Taylor's) behalf; and that he repudiates such acts and sayings. Did these rumors and reports affect only himself, Gen. Taylor would not trouble the public concerning them; but as they affect, whether so intended or not, the good character and confidence of a distinguished patriot for him has made them objects of reproach and suspicion, he feels constrained to say, as many of the latter have done, that he abhorrs them to be met by a distinct and peremptory denial.

Card.

We are authorized by Gen. Taylor to say that the course of the Louisiana Delegation in the Whig Convention, lately assembled at Philadelphia, meets with his entire, full and unequivocal approbation. That he has not, and does not, repudiate, but never intimated a doubt that his honor and reputation were safe in their hands.

ALBERT G. PEYTON,
LOGAN HUNTON,
R. C. WICKLIFFE.

June 23, 1848.

This card was read on the previous evening to the great Whig ratification meeting, and gave great satisfaction, especially as it was announced to be in the hand-writing of the old General himself.

THE NORTHERN MAN WITH SOUTHERN PRINCIPLES.—Lewis Cass, in his letter of acceptance, says he has *"faithfully read the resolutions of the Democratic National Convention, having down the platform of our political faith,"* and that he *"adheres to them as firmly as to apartments of his own home!"* Is this so, Mr. Cass? Do you adhere to the resolution relative to the Protective Policy in as fulsome a manner?

Resolved, That the fruits of the great political triumph of 1844, which elected James K. Polk and George M. Dallas, *"Free trade to the people of the United States,"* (says one of the resolutions,) have fulfilled the hope of the Democracy of the Union, and have realized the promise to the cause of *Free Trade by the repeal of the Tariff of 1842*, and the creation of the *more equal, honest and productive Tariff of 1846.*" &c.

Here, then, we have a part of the *Democracy of the Union* in favor of a Tariff for Revenue Only. What is it? The doctrine of *British Free Trade* of war, increasing and uncompromising war, upon the industrial interests of the country—opposition to the Tariff of 1842.

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