WAR INTELLIGENCE.

FROM THE ARMY OF GEN. SCOTT.

From the N. O. Picayune of June the 14th.

The steamship Telegraph arrived last evening, having left Vera Cruz on the 4th inst., Tampico on the 7th, and Brazos Santiago on the 9th instant.

JALAPA, (MEXICO) May 22, 1847.

There is nothing new of importance to communicate. The better classes at Puebla appear to be well enough disposed towards the Americans, although they perhaps do not altogether like the idea that a force of 2,000 men should enter a city of nearly 100,000 souls, and without resistance. The lower classes—the *halfcrown and fagotos* with which Gen. Scott's proclamation. Now that they do not fear being molested, the clergy keep their purse strings tightly drawn.

SANTA ANNA.—The Delta and Picayune both have translations of a lengthy manifesto, addressed by Santa Anna to the Mexicans, in which he retires, over and over again, his declaration "to fight and die for them." He concludes as follows:—

Mexicans, my compatriots, I exhibit my acts, and whether they correspond to my intentions. If the Sovereign Arbiter of nations has tried us in the crucible of misfortune, he has already begun to show his pity, in permitting us to form a constitution, which will be the palladium of safety in our tempests. I have a sword to it, I have signed it, and I will defend it. In relation to the independence and integrity of the territory, I hold but one opinion—it is engraven on my heart—*to fight and die for them.*

ANTONIO LOPEZ DE SANTA ANNA.

GEN. SCOTT AND MR. TRIST.—Accounts, through several channels from the City of Mexico, continue to show the incredibility or concert between Mr. Trist and General Scott, and that the latter cannot avail himself of an opportunity that may offer to propose terms of peace.

"Hallo! Jim! You great six footer you. What are you beating that poor old nigger for?"

"Why, Lor bless your soul, massa, I is tryin' to conquer a peace! Yes ee dis old darkey keep a fine all de time 'bout his liberty equisition to sustain the sinking people, and transmit their souls to heaven with all the comfort and religion imparte to expiring humanity.

The humanity at Cork from famine and fever appears to be tremendous. There were 277 free interments in the Mallow workhouse in one week, and on day 21 in the workhouse there were 90 deaths.

The announcement of the death of the great Irish agitator, Daniel O'Connell, at Genoa, whither he had gone to recruit his health, had produced considerable sensation; deep and universal sorrow was manifested throughout Ireland. Dr. Duff, an English physician, who attended him at Genoa, thus describes his last moments

"On Monday, May 10th, I saw Mr. O'Connel for the first time; and he was then suffering from profound and involuntary discharges, with great pain of the abdomen under pressure, strong, rapid pulse, flushed face, &c." Mr. O'Connell had also chronic bronchitis of some years' standing. By the remedies employed these symptoms were somewhat mitigated, and on Monday he seemed convalescent. But, from Mr. O'Connell's great repugnance to swallow even the mildest medicine, this state of improvement could not be followed up. On the evening of Tuesday (11th) the new symptom of congestion of the brain presented itself. Active remedies were immediately had recourse to, and from this moment he was in decided improvement. Again the aid of internal remedies was declined, Mr. O'Connell refusing to take any medicine. Consciousness in the morning of Wednesday (12th) the symptoms increased. Mr. O'Connell was restless, and sometimes slightly incoherent.

Our former measures were again employed, but with slight success. During Thursday all the symptoms increased, with a tendency to sleep; from which, however, he could be easily roused; the breathing was much more laborious, the congestion became difficult, and in some degree insistent; and the mind wavered. Thursday night passed in profound sleep, with increased difficulty of breathing; and in addressing those about him he imagined himself still in Ireland, and spoke of them as if there. On Friday he was much worse; the breathing very laborious, the voice scarcely audible and the words half formed; all the symptoms had increased. In this state he lingered on till Saturday night without any complaint, but the presence of those about him, but neither attempting to move or speak. My treatment of Mr. O'Connell has been the consultation with the Director of the Ohio Railroad to the Pittsburg and Connelsville Railroad. The resolution of the Council proceeds in the way of a request to the city directors in the company, to vote for the subscription, on the conditions of the charter, and as a last resource, a further application of lenches to the temples was advised, but all was in vain; he expired last night at half past nine o'clock P. M., apparently suffering little pain. During the whole time of our attendance on Mr. O'Connell, it was with the greatest difficulty he could be induced to take medicine, even necessary food, and he perseveringly abstained from drink for full forty hours. Had this not been the case, his life of death might have been procrastinated, but his failing health and spirits, with constant tendency to cerebral congestion, suffered certain his death at no distant period.".

His body was to be embalmed and conveyed to Ireland. His heart is to be deposited at Rome.

BREADSTUFFS AND THE SPECULATORS.

From the Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

We have seen a picture somewhere of the operations of speculation in the article of breadstuffs which deserves general notoriety. When the Cambria went last to England, letters were sent from numerous points setting forth that the drain upon American resources had been such that a scarcity of food soon be felt here. This intelligence gave a sudden rise to prices in England. And the Hibernia, coming out soon after, brought, as we all know, startling accounts of the extraordinary advance. Those who have had occasion to pay ten dollars a barrel for flour are aware what the effect of this intelligence was upon the American market. There is probably as much speculation going on in going out as there is here; and so we are between the upper and nether mill-stone, and can feel very sensibly what the process is of transmigration from grain to flour. We are all of us in the hopper.

We may expect, for several weeks to come, to be regaled with occasional bulletins from the speculators, who have a sort of intuitive knowledge of what is going on with the various grain crops now in the earth. They will present us with a variety of all the maladies to which these crops are subject. There will undoubtedly be too much dry weather and too much wet weather—too much heat and too much cold—blight and chest will dance hobnob in all the "mazes of metaphorical confusion;" the crows will eat up the corn two or three times over; the Hessian fly will destroy the wheat fields for all year; and after these will come the seven-year locusts to do the gleaning. And then we shall have a plentiful supply of immolation; but enough will remain without material change.

Notwithstanding the strong expectations entertained previously to the departure of the last steamer, that the Corn Market would maintain its upward tendency, the unusual finness of the weather, promising early harvest, and then we shall find that a kind and merciful providence has proceeded us from all these vermin, has smiled upon our fields, and given an abundant supply for man and beast.

WHEAT IN WISCONSIN.—Notwithstanding the high price of wheat in the Atlantic cities, it is selling for 37½ cents the bushel in Winnesonin at the present time.

Our exchanges around us, in Virginia and in Maryland, bring most cheering accounts of the crop. Every thing looks well, especially the wheat, which in some quarters, has already begun to ripen.

GEN. JAS. IRVIN AND THE PEOPLE.

From all parts of the Commonwealth we have the most cheering intelligence and the best evidence of the popularity of Gen. Irvin. Everywhere he is mentioned, and which renders it certain to our mind, that Gen. Irvin will be elected Governor.—There is no hesitation, no demonstrations of popular feeling any where, but a sound conviction and firm determination of purpose, in the minds of the people, to have a CHANGE OF MEN AND MEASURES in our State Government. Thousands of those who have heretofore proved a source of pain to their party as the needle to the pole, will vote for Gen. Irvin, knowing him to be honest and capable, and unpolluted by any political associations; believing too that he will administer the Government in a manner that will redound to the honor and prosperity of the State.

We know of many such, and we are informed from some entitled to the fullest credit, that such friends of Gen. Irvin, who have always been in party predilections, but from a determination to have a CHANGE in the administration of affairs, will ensure the success of Gen. Irvin. The effect of such disaffection in the ranks of our opponents, it requires no great prophet to foretell. It presents a state of things—an independence of action, that is certain to prove fatal to the re-election of Gov. Shunk and the hopes of his special friends. But the welfare of the country—a paramount existence to party ties—demands a sacrifice, and will ensure the result.—Mark this prediction!—*Har. Int.*

GEN. IRVIN'S PROSPECTS.—During a recent tour through parts of Lycoming, Tioga and Bedford counties, we made particular inquiries in relation to the prospects of Gen. Irvin for the Gubernatorial Chair, and we were astonished to learn the unanimity that prevailed every where in his favor. Many persons that supported Mr. Shunk at the last election have determined to cast their votes for Gen. Irvin at the next, and have no hesitancy in declaring it. They have been warm friends, however, of Mr. Muhlenberg, and from the way the friends of that gentleman have been served by Mr. Shunk, they have good reason for opposing his election, and they will do it. That Gen. Irvin will be our next Governor there is no doubt whatever. We have been published as a horse jockey, a man that cheated his hands, an aristocrat, *&c.*, by some of his opponents; which will not injure his election in the least, as he is too well known throughout the State.—*Milmfonian.*

FAMILY POISONED BY A SLAVE.—A letter from Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, states that there was a daring attempt at poisoning a whole family, on the farm of Mr. William Tucker, of West River, on Sunday morning, by their cook, who is a slave of Mr. T. The negro put arsenic in the coffee, and in ten minutes after they drank it, every member of the family were attacked with the effect of the poison. Medical aid was immediately obtained, and in the afternoon they were out of immediate danger.

THE BALTIMORE RAILROAD EXTENSION.—The city councils of Baltimore, on Friday, finally passed the resolutions in relation to a subscription of $600,000 on the part of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad to the Pittsburg and Connelsville Railroad. The resolution of the Council proceeds in the way of a request to the city directors in the company, to vote for the subscription, on the conditions of the charter, and as a last resource, a further application of leeches to the temples was advised, but all was in vain; he expired last night at half past nine o'clock P. M., apparently suffering little pain. During the whole time of our attendance on Mr. O'Connell, it was with the greatest difficulty he could be induced to take medicine, even necessary food, and he perseveringly abstained from drink for full forty hours. Had this not been the case, his life of death might have been procrastinated, but his failing health and spirits, with constant tendency to cerebral congestion, suffered certain his death at no distant period."

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ARRIVAL OF THE CAMBRIA.

Decline in Breadstuffs—Death of Daniel O'Connell and Dr. Chalmers.

The steamer Cambria arrived at Boston on Thursday last, bringing 15 days later advices from Europe. The intelligence is important in a mercantile point of view. Cotton is much lower, breadstuffs have risen, corn is declining all over Europe, and the state of manufactures is improving. Political intelligence remains without material change.

Notwithstanding the strong expectations entertained previously to the departure of the last steamer, that the Corn Market would maintain its upward tendency, the unusual finness of the weather, promising early harvest, and then we shall find that a kind and merciful providence has proceed us from all these vermin, has smiled upon our fields, and given an abundant supply for man and beast.

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THE STAR & BANNER.

GETTYSBURG.

Friday Evening, June 25, 1847.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT.

WHIG CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR
GEN. JAMES IRVIN.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
JOSEPH W. PATTON.

CITY AGENCY.—Y. B. PALMER, Esq. at the corner of Chestnut & Third street, *Philadelphia*; 160 Nassau street *New York*; and South-east corner of Baltimore and Calvert street, *Baltimore*, and E.W. CARR, Esq. Sun Building, N. E. Corner Third & Dock sts and 110 N. Fourth st. Philad'a are our authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions to the "Star" and collecting and receipting for the same.

☞For Delinquent Patrons ☜
IMPORTANT.

☞ The enlargement of our paper has drawn more heavily on our purse than we anticipated, and we must request all who are indebted to us, to relieve us from the difficulty. There is a large amount on our books due us for Job Work and Subscription which it would give us much pleasure to see "squared off." The amount against each subscriber may seem trifling, and for that reason remain unpaid; but it is of deep moment to us, and a few dollars from each of our subscribers will in the aggregate produce an amount of some importance to us. These of our patrons who have paid in advance, will please to thank, while those who have not, we feel assured will excuse the present "duns", as it is the first time we have troubled with since our connection with the "STAR."

☞ Money may be remitted to us per mail, at our risk.

The "Star" for the Campaign.

☞ The Gubernatorial campaign is about opening, and as it promises to be one of more usual interest we shall commence the publication of the "STAR AND BANNER," until after the Election for FIFTY CENTS IN ADVANCE! Twelve copies will be forwarded for $5, or twenty-five copies for $10 in advance. We hope our friends everywhere, and we will give you more than an equivalent to State-light. Will our Whig friends mention this to more neighbors, and thus assist in doing service for the good cause!

COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Whigs of the County will bear in mind that to-morrow one week is the time designated by the County Committee for the selection of delegates to the Whig County Convention. Some difference of opinion existing as to the suitableness of the day designated, it is thought that though of changing it to a later period; but, after a free consultation with the candidates and friends from different sections of the county, it was deemed advisable to retain the day as first selected. The time being now definitely fixed, the friends of the different candidates will make their arrangements accordingly. Let the delegates attend to the work at hand, so that the true will of the party may be ascertained, and no room be left for dissatisfaction on the part of disappointed candidates.

In addition to the candidates already announced, we understand that the names of Messrs. DANIEL M. SMYSER and WM. R. SADLER will be brought before the Convention for nomination to the Senate, and Messrs. WILLIAM M'SHERRY and JOHN BROWN, for the House of Representatives. They are all good men. With such material to work with, the Whigs should feel certain of ability in making nominations that must command the support and confidence of the party.

ELECTION TO-MORROW.—It will be recollected that an Election will be held to-morrow at the Court House, for directors of the Company purchasing the Female Academy building for the use of the Public Schools. The Directors have ordered the election to remain open from 1 to 6 o'clock, P. M.

THE FOURTH.—The Anniversary of the Declaration of our National Independence occurring on Sunday, Monday the 5th will be set apart in this place for the usual celebration and festivities. The Stores and places of business will accordingly be closed on that day.

☞ EXAMINATION.—An Examination of the Public Schools will take place next week, when the Teachers will be examined for the School committee, in charge of Mr. DITTERLINE. It is desired by the Directors that there be a good attendance on the part of the committee and others interested in the cause of Education.

HONORARY DEGREE.—At the late Commencement of Jefferson College, Canonsburg, Pa., the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on the Rev. JAMES C. WATSON, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church of this place.

CHINESE MUSEUM.—The reader's attention is referred to the advertisement of the Proprietor of the Chinese Museum now exhibiting at Philadelphia. We cannot but advise our readers to improve the opportunity afforded by a recent visit to that City to spend a pleasant and profitable hour amid the extraordinary collection, and feel assured that no one who visits it will have occasion to regret having done so.

THE MARKETS.—The news by the last steamer, with the favorable accounts as to the new crop coming in from different sections of the United States, has caused a heavy decline in the prices of breadstuffs. In New York flour has fallen to $7.25; in Philadelphia, to $7.00; in Baltimore, to $6.50; and in Pittsburg, to $5.00. It seems to be the impression that there must be a further decline.

☞It is said that many of the large speculators in New York will be ruined by the recent decline in breadstuffs.

☞ "Is mild then my self a cow, with artificial tail to be attached, for your gratification."—Mr. Paper.

"That's not half so bad as to stick the name of "Democrat" to the back of a cow, and then attempt to pass him off for a Democrat.—*Democratic Democrat.*

What says JAMES BUCHANAN, Mr. Polk's "illustrious Secretary of State," to that thrust?

"The People remember that the Federal party of the present day are the lineal descendants of the TORIES OF THE REVOLUTION."—*Columbian.*

So, at least, thought GEORGE I. INNESMEN, the London leader in the last U. S. House of Representatives, when, on the floor of Congress, he unhesitatingly plead guilty to the sentiment, "that he lived in the time of the Revolution, HE WOULD HAVE BEEN A TORY!" And so, no doubt, thought Mr. POLK, when he nominated this same Ingersoll as Minister to France.

☞The Republican of 1796 and the Federalist of 1847 are identical and have common sympathies.—*Lancaster paper.*

Is that the reason why Mr. Polk selected RICHARD RUSH, famed for having in '96 publicly worn the black cockade, as Minister to England, and JOHN BROWN, for the House of Representatives. They are all good men. With such material to work with, the Whigs should feel certain of ability in making nominations that must command the support and confidence of the party.

Spring & Summer Dry Goods,

DAILY received from Auction, at J. ROSS HOOPES', No. 411 Market Street above 11th St. opposite Girard Square Philadelphia: such as *mous. de laines*, from 12 1-2 to 18 2-4 cents, ginghams, new style, 18 3-4 to 25 cents, yard wide lawns, 12 1-2 to 18 3-4, white muslin, bishop lawns, barlaines, jaconets, striped and plaid muslin from 12 1-2 to 25, rich and glossy alpacas from 25 to 37½ ticklings, Linens, Linen Cambrics, &c. Shawls of every style from $1 to $12. Calicoes from 5 to 12 1-2 c. of a superior style, hosiery and gloves, men's and boy's hats, cotton and woolen stripes and plaids, from 10 to 20c. Tweed, Cassimere, all wool, only 25 and 31 cts. Black, Blue, and French Cloths from $2 to $5 per yard. My assortment of muslins and linens are not to be surpassed, either in cheapness or variety, in this city. Muslins at 8, 10, 12 1-2 : 2 yards wide, 37 1-2. Cotton and wool flannels from 10 to 50 cents. Matting 25 to 87 1-2 cents.

N. B. Purchasers are respectfully invited to examine for themselves before buying elsewhere, and they will save at least 25 per cent.

Phila. April 9.—3m

Feathers! Feathers!
Cheap for Cash.

FREDERICK G. FRASER, *Upholsterer and General Furnisher*, No. 415 Market, above Eleventh, North Side, opposite Girard Row, Philadelphia, begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has just received a large assortment of Beds and Mattresses, Curled Hair and Feathers, Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads and Furniture Warehouse, together with all other articles in the above line of business, at the very lowest price for Cash.

N. B. Feathers bought or exchanged for Cents Goods, and Col. MCILVAIN, deputedly wounded at Monterey, will be run at Whig Cane, Hickory Poles, &c.

Nothing could exceed the determination with which the Mexicans marched against Gen. Taylor's gallant little band.

Except the determination with which Mr. Polk sought to break down the old hero, by supersoeding him.

☞ President Polk has started out to see a real of the Northern cities. Arrangements have been made at Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, &c. to receive him with the honors due the high office he so worthily fills.

☞ The Whigs of Maryland have nominated W. F. GOLDSBOROUGH, Esq. as their candidate for Governor.

Where the Federalists are now in power they are the enemies of our own government and the friends of our government's enemies.—*Democratic Union.*

The Union of course alludes to Polk's PASS to Santa Anna, and his treasonable intrigue with the blood-thirsty Mexican general to turn the fortunes of war, and sacrifice Gen. Taylor and his army at Buena Vista! The Federal party now in power have proved themselves to be the enemies of our own government, and the friends of our government's enemies.—*Democratic Union.*

The Union of 1812 were those who would not support the cause of the Republic in the contest with Great Britain.—*Dem. Union.*

The Whigs of 1846 are those who OPPOSED AND DENOUNCED THE LAST WAR—ridiculed the Democratic Administration as "WEAK AND WICKED in its policy—hooted that they GLORIED IN BEING CALLED FEDERALISTS—and declared that "if they had a drop of Democratic blood in their veins they would let it out." James Buchanan is just as much of a black cockade FEDERALIST now, as he was in 1815, when he delivered that fiery speech in Lancaster, in which he DENOUNCED the WAR, and thanked Heaven that we had obtained a peace, BAD AND DISGRACEFUL as it was. Now, as then, he is a strong federalist.—*Lan. Int.*

SARCASTIC.—The editor of the Illinois Herald requests the publisher of Yankee Doodle to write "religious paper" on the outside of the wrapper, to keep the P. M's from stealing it.

☞ The Maryland Democratic convention were received with some last week.

☞ The Maryland and Virginia harvests have commenced with good prospects of an abundant crop.

☞ The celebrated Mormon Temple, at Nauvoo, has been purchased by a seminarist of the Catholic church for $76,000.

COMMUNICATED.

FOR THE "STAR AND BANNER."

MR. EDITOR: In the last issue of your paper, you have commenced calling the Democrats, "Ass, the other "Germany and Union," in reply to my article published in the Sentinel of the 14th and the Star of the 18th.

I hope that the author of the piece signed "Frank-lin," I will simply state that I think he will find himself greatly mistaken if he really attacks that D.

I think it would be more commendable, more "accurately the shadow of an opposition." I think when he comes before the Convention, he will find that this "shadow" will have thickened, and become as dark and dense, that it will be impossible to penetrate it, and he be so entirely overshadowed by it as to be lost sight of.—We have brought Flemming, and Mr. Sadler, and Mr. Dorsey, and State Senator, and have no doubt of his nomination. As an old Whig, and Man who has done some service in the ranks, I will take the liberty of saying through your columns that we have not a better man, one who is better qualified for State Senator than Mr. SADLER. He is a plain, hard-fisted, straight-forward man, of sound principles, stands farming to perfection, and, if sent to the Senate, possesses the mind, talent, intellect and experience so valuable in managing the affairs of our great Commonwealth to as much advantage as he does those of his farm. I put it to my fellow-citizens of the county: Who is more fit to legislate for us than a plain, honest, intelligent farmer, who has lived among and associates with us, and whose interests are at stake in common with our's? Such is Mr. SADLER, and I, for one, shall cheerfully give him my support.

Let Democrats talk of the blessings of Tariff and Pattons, and with such a plain, honest, hard-fisted old farmer at the helm, we need not distrust a change to work its ends.

Let Democrats talk of the blessings of the Sub-Treasury, and with such a plain, honest, hard-fisted old farmer at the helm, we need not distrust a change to work its ends.

Let Democrats talk of the blessings of the Mexican war, and with such a plain, honest, hard-fisted old farmer at the helm, we need not distrust a change to work its ends.

Let Democrats talk of the blessings of the Tariff