



W. H. JACOBY, EDITOR. CHAS. G. BARKLEY, Assistant Editor.

BLOOMSBURG, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1865.

S. M. PATTENBULL & Co., 37 Park Row New York...

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The National Humiliation.

The telegraphic news of Wednesday after the inauguration announced that Vice President Johnson had been unable, by reason of indisposition, to take his place as presiding officer of the Senate.

It is said that those Senators who profess to have some respect left for appearances are contemplating some plan to relieve him from the duties of his office during the extra session...

The Democracy of New Jersey are firm and active. They have not only refused to ratify the proposed amendment to the Constitution...

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The Newburyport (Mass.) Herald says that Mr. Garrison this year proposes to discontinue the Liberator newspaper...

A Republican member of Congress says that the Vice President, turning to the few foreign ministers present addressed them thus: "And you folks there with ribbons and gewgaws and lace, I have something to say to you folks too."

How Greenbacks are Manufactured.

In good old times—say about four years ago—the annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury, comprising a full statement of the entire receipts and expenditures of the United States Government for the current year, could be printed in one or two columns of a newspaper.

The first division of the Currency Bureau is divided into thirty-one subdivisions, and employs five hundred and twenty-seven operatives, two hundred and twenty-two of whom are males, and three hundred and five are females.

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The Flood.

The flood in the Susquehanna during last week exceeded in height the terrible freshet of 1846, by about three feet. On Saturday the whole flat lying below this place, between the river and Fishingcreek was submerged to the depth of several feet, presenting a view from the surrounding heights as a vast lake, inhabited by people whose dwellings were standing in the midst of the fearful water.

Harrisburg, March 18.—The flood in the Susquehanna is unprecedented. It exceeds by 30 inches in height the memorable and destructive freshet of 1846. Thousands of lumber logs, with millions of feet of sawed lumber, have already passed this point.

There have been no trains passing through Harrisburg from Pittsburgh or Philadelphia for the last twelve hours. The lower part of the city is completely submerged and much suffering has been inflicted upon the poor families living in that part of the suburbs.

At Middletown, Dauphin county and the villages along the shore clear to Columbia, in Lancaster county, the destruction of private property and the suffering among individuals is immense. The fires of several iron furnaces have been quenched and of course the furnaces will chill.

Thousands of dollars' worth of lumber, usually stocked at Marietta, Columbia and Middletown, was swept away. The bank in front of the city has been lined all day with thousands of people watching the progress of the flood.

It is a part of the system of thieves, whom you designate as forgers, to fire the dwellings of those citizens whom they have robbed.

To check this inhuman system, which is justly execrated by every civilized nation, I have directed my men to shut down all of your men who are caught burning houses.

You are particular in defining and claiming "war right." May I ask if you enumerate among them the right to fire upon a defenceless city without notice; to burn that city to the ground after it had been surrendered by the authorities...

Under this act, every employee of a railroad company, no matter how humble his position, through whom an accident occurs, by failure to "obey any rule," or by neglect of any precaution, can and will be immediately arrested, and prosecuted with the utmost rigor of the law.

The East Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church held its last annual meeting in Danville. Among the many acts of the General Conference amending the action of the subject of slavery so that all slave-holders are excluded from admission to the communion of the church.

The Horrors of War—Ravages and Outrages.

Committed by Sherman's Men—Threatened Retaliation for the Death of his Forgers—Double Measures of Retaliation Promised by General Hampton.

I hold about 1,000 prisoners captured in various ways, and can stand it as long as you, but I hardly think these murders are committed with your knowledge; and would suggest that you give notice to the people at large that every life taken by them simply results in the death of one of your Confederates.

Personally, I regret the bitter feelings engendered by this war; but they were to be expected, and I simply allege that those who struck the first blow, and made war inevitable, ought not in fairness to reproach me for the natural consequences.

W. T. SHERMAN, Maj. Gen. U. S. A. Headquarters in the Field, February 27, 1865.

General: Your communication of the 24th instant reached me to-day. In it you state that it has been officially reported that your foraging parties were "murdered" after capture, and you go on to say that you had ordered a similar number of prisoners in your hands to be disposed of in like manner.

While we regret the necessity for the disarming of the populace, we have no crocodile tears nor elephantine lamentations for these sticklers for "military necessity" who have been made to feel its effects.

The safety of railroad travelers—Harrisburg, Pa., March 18.—Both branches of the State Legislature have passed an act declaring that if any employee of a railroad company shall violate any rule of such company, or injury or loss of life shall thereby result, the offenders shall be immediately arrested by the prosecuting attorney of the city or county where the accident happened...

Under this act, every employee of a railroad company, no matter how humble his position, through whom an accident occurs, by failure to "obey any rule," or by neglect of any precaution, can and will be immediately arrested, and prosecuted with the utmost rigor of the law.

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know what action to take in the matter, in the meantime I shall hold fifty-six of your men as hostages for those who you have ordered to be executed.

I am yours, etc. WADE HAMPTON, Lieut. General. Official: J. M. O'Neary, A. A. General.

Plain Talk to Yankees. The following caustic article is from a Mexican paper, the Mazatlan Times of January 7th:

Some weeks since an order was issued prohibiting the carrying of deadly weapons except by special military permit. Pursuant to this order a number of foreign residents applied for and obtained the requisite license. Subsequently an order was issued directing those in possession of arms to present themselves at the Prefecture and surrender their arms.

The idea of Americans being disarmed was regarded as a great indignity, especially to that class of Americans who have knelt so devoutly at the shrine of "military necessity." It was a terrible thing for the authorities to take possession of arms in private hands, although there was a formidable band of desperadoes at the very gates of the city threatening its inhabitants with plunder and murder, but it's all right and eminently patriotic for the fabled Sheridan waltz to destroy the property of non-combatants in the Shenandoah valley, in the hope of starving the people into a submission to "the best government ever devised by man."

DESERTERS.—The Secretary of War in his report sent to Congress states that the business of arresting deserters and stragglers is progressing actively. 33,392 have been arrested between October 1, 1863 and October 1, 1864. The total number arrested from the establishment of the bureau to October 1, 1864, is 67,760.

NOT A PAINTER'S ERROR.—Mr. Pizzio says Lord H. Poulton wrote to a gentleman to send him over two monkeys; but the word being written too, and all the characters of one height, it appeared like "100." What was poor Lord Harry Poulton's dismay, when a letter came to hand with the news that he would receive fifty monkeys by such a ship, and fifty more by the next, making up a hundred, according to his lordship's commands!

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes WHEAT, BUTTER, EGGS, RYE, CORN, TALLOW, OATS, LARD, BUCKWHEAT, POTATOES, FLOUR, DRIP APPLES, CLOVERSEED, HAMS.

MARRIED.

On the 9th inst., by Thos. J. Morris, Esq., Mr. Peter B. Smith, late of the "Hartford Guards," and Mrs. Mary J. Whittenight, of Bloomsburg, Pa.

By the Rev. J. W. Lasher, in Bloomsburg, Pa., on the 6th of March 1865, William Keiswick, and Miss Mary E. Thomas, all of Bloomsburg Pa.

By the same in Bloomsburg, on March the 16th 1865, Mr. Peter D. Werkheiser, of Hemlock, to Miss Clara E. Steiler, of West Hemlock Montour co., Pa.

DIED.

In Light Street on Tuesday last, George John— an eminent Christian and most estimable citizen—aged about 73 years.

At Millville, on the 12th inst., David Ever, aged about 60 years.

In Centre twp., on the 10th inst., George H. Kriebner, aged 41 years, 5 months and 29 days.

In Catawissa, on the 24th of February, Francis Deane, aged about 75 years.

Near Light Street, Col. Co. Pa., Feb. 25th, Margaret Jane, wife of W. W. Melick, and daughter of William Mather, aged 27 yrs.

In Berwick on the 6th of March, William, son of Llewelyn and Sallie Prosser, aged 11 months and 7 days.

On the 23d, of inflammation of the Lungs, John Wesley son of Elvira W. Faus, aged 2 years, 2 months, and 21 days.

THE NEW GROCERY STORE

[FORMERLY ERASMUS' OLD STAND] ON MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG.

More Fresh Goods.

Just received at Henry Giger's New Store. MOLASSES, SUGARS, TEAS, COFFEE, RICE, SPICES, HOPS & DAPPS, FISH, SALT, TOBACCO, SEGARS, CANDIES, RAISIN, FEED AND PROVISIONS.

Together with a great variety of notions &c. too numerous to mention. Butter, Eggs, Meat and produce generally taken in exchange for goods.

A HOUSE WANTED.—A good house is wanted, suitable for a small family, for which a reasonable rent will be paid, in advance payments, if required. For further particulars, apply at this Office. STAR OF THE NORTH. Bloomsburg, Feb. 22, 1865.—if

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS!!

DEEDS, SUMMONS, EXECUTIONS, SUBPOENAS, proper & desirable forms, for sale at the "Star of the North."

Jerseymen always did stand up for State rights, and resist the impudent intrusion of outsiders. Her people still breathe the same noble spirit. And the Pattersonian very plainly tells the politicians of New York that they "had better look at home. We have kept New Jersey Democratic and no thanks to the Republican State of New York. We want none of her politicians in New Jersey, dictating as to who shall be Senator and what shall be done with the Constitutional amendment. Jersey men will manage the affair to suit themselves, and with no such object as that which would necessitate a further sacrifice of the party in behalf of the black demon. There is no want of backbone in the above.

Upon a traveller telling General Doyle, an Irishman, that he had been where the bugs were so large and powerful that two of them would drain a man's blood in one night, the General wittily replied: "My good sir, we have the same animals in Ireland, but they are called humpbugs."

At a Christmas celebration by a contra-ban school at Norfolk, the teacher asked the little darkeys whose birthday they were celebrating, and they all, with one voice, cried out, "General Butler's."

FONNEY'S COURT JOURNAL says: The Vice President's health is entirely restored. He was as cheerful as any man could be after having recovered from such an indisposition.

The interpretation of this is: Mr. Vice President Johnson, owing to the kind watchfulness of Mr. F. P. Blair, Senior, has become sober and attended by his guardian, appeared in the Senate yesterday. He was as cheerful as any man could be after having publicly disgraced himself and his country in the manner that he did on the 4th instant.

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HENRY S. FORT, member from Tennessee of the rebel House of Representatives, was on Monday last expelled from that body by a unanimous vote.

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Agricultural Chemical Co.'s CHEAP FERTILIZERS.

THE Fertilizers prepared by the Agricultural Chemical Co., (a Company chartered by the Legislature of Pennsylvania with a capital of \$250,000.) have been proved in practice to be the cheapest, most profitable and best, for the Farmer, Gardener and Fruit grower, of all concentrated manures now offered in any market. The Company's list embraces the following—

PABULETTE.

This Fertilizer is composed of night soil and the fertilizing agents of urine, combined chemically and mechanically with other valuable fertilizing agents and absorbents.

It is reduced to a pulverulent condition; ready for immediate use, and without loss of its highly nitrogenous fertilizing properties.

Its universal applicability to all crops and soils, and its durability and active qualities are well known to be all that agriculturists can desire.

Price \$30 per Ton.

CHEMICAL COMPOST.

The Fertilizer is largely composed of animal matter, such as meat, bone, fish leather and wool, together with chemicals and inorganic fertilizers, which decompose the mass, and retain the nitrogenous elements.

It is a very valuable fertilizer for field crops generally, and especially for potatoes and garden potatoes.

Its excellent qualities, strength and cheapness, have made it very popular with all who have used it.

Price, \$40 per Ton.

COMPOSITE FERTILIZER.

This highly phosphate fertilizer is particularly adapted for the cultivation of trees, fruits, lawns and flowers. It will promote a very vigorous and healthy growth of wood fruit, and largely increase the quantity and perfect the maturity of the fruit.

For house and household plants and flowers, it will be found an indispensable article to secure their greatest perfection. It will prevent and cure disease conditions of the peach and grape, and is excellent for grass and lawns.

It is composed of such elements as make it adapted to the growth of all kinds of crops, and all kinds of soil.

The formula or method of combining its constituent fertilizing ingredients has received the highest approval of eminent chemists and scientific agriculturists.

Price, \$50 per Ton.

PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

The Agricultural Chemical Company manufacture a Phosphate of Lime in accordance with a new and valuable formula by which a very superior article is produced, as to be afforded at a less price than other manufacturers charge.

Practical tests have proved that its value, as a fertilizer, is equal to the best Phosphate of Lime in the market.

Price, \$65 per Ton.

TERMS CASH. All Orders of a Ton or more, will be delivered at the Railroad Station and the Wharves of Shipments, free of cartage. Cartage will be charged on all orders of 6 barrels or less.

One dollar per Ton allowance for cartage will be made on all sales delivered at the Works of the Company on Canal Wharf.

Agricultural Chemical Company's Works, Office, at Arch Street, on the Delaware. Office, 4133 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. R. B. FITTS, General Agent.

The Company's Pamphlet Circular, embracing full directions for using the above Fertilizers, sent by mail, free, when requested.

March, 8, 1865—6mo.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. Interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of August 15th, 1864, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. GOLD-BEARING BONDS

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent., including gold interest from Nov., which makes the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent. per annum, besides its exemption from State and municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to:

Table with 2 columns: Denomination and Interest. Includes One cent per day on a \$50 note, Two cents " " " \$100, Ten " " " \$500, 20 " " " \$1000, \$1 " " " \$5000.

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is the

ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the

Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than \$200,000,000 remain un-odd, which will probably be disposed of within the next 60 or 90 days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Banks throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par—Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

Subscriptions will be received by the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BLOOMSBURG.

February 23, 1865—3mo.

Whiskers!!!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read