

WM. H. JACOBY, EDITOR.

CONSBURG. WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 7th, 1864.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 37 Park Row. New York, are duly authorized to solicit and receive subscriptions and advertising for the Star of the North, published at Bloomsburg. Columbia county, Penn'a.

MATHER & Co., 335 Broadway, New York, are authorized to receive subscriptions and advertising for the Star of the North.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET. PRESIDENT GEORGE B. M'CLELLAN. OF NEW JERSEY VICE PRESIDENT GEORGE H. PENDLETON

FOR CONGRESS. HON. L. B. RUPERT, FOR ASSEMBLY WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY, OF BLOOMSBURG. FOR SHERIFF. SAMUEL SNYDER, of Mifflin. FOR COMMISSIONER, ALLEN MANN, of Beaver. FOR AUDITOR, DANIEL SNYDER, of Scott.

The Presidential Nominees.

The Chicago Convention has placed in nomination for President our favorite General, patriot, and statesman, George Bain-TON McCLELLAN, of New Jersey, and Hon. GEORGE H. PENDLATON, of Ohio, for Vice President. The name of the former has been at our mast-head for several months. and the Convention has very wisely saved us the trouble of taking it down and placing another in its stead. Gen. McCLELLAN has not been the choice of every Democrat for this office, but having received the manimous nomination, and standing upon a platform that no honest man can reject, it is the duty of every member of the party to give him a hearty and unflaging support. It was the conviction of the Convention

that Gen. McCLELLAN was the strongest man named, could command more of the army vote, and if elected would use his best efforts to establish a peace, and upon that our fellow citizens who now and long have conviction he received a large majority of been prisoners of war in a suffering condithe votes on the first ballot. He is a man who we can elect, and in whom we can the score alike of public and common huplace the most exp!!cit confidence. There is no reason why he should not receive a warm support from every man who loves his country. In him we have an advocate of Peace, Free Press and Free Speech, the are, and have been, in the field, under the Elective franchise. These are valuable and our attaining power, they will receive all adopted. daily, by the present unworthy incumbent. have so nobly earned.

HON. GEORGE H. PENDLETON, the nominee for Vice President, is a ripe scholar, statesman, and patriot. He is an able jurist, ready debater, and a true and honest man. For several years he has represented his State in the halls of Congress with honor to the State and credit to himself. He stands upon the Democratic ticket to-day, a worthy representative of that glorious phalang which stood up in Congress to denounce, in the face of raving madness, a war which has devastated the country, burdened our productive industry with a crushing debt, and murdered, aye, murdered at the bidding of a fanatical Abolition, hundreds of thousands of our sons and brothers. He always protested fearlessly against the destructive passions of fanaticism. His record is right. He will, with McClellan, be triumphantly elected. He will receive the support of every true Amer-

### Congressional Conferees.

Harvey Sickler, Esq., and John Jackson were appointed Congressional Conferees without instructions, in the Wyoming county Democratic Convention, held at Tunkhannock on Monday of last week.

W. W. Pinneo and John W. Miles are Congressional Conferees from Montour co Hon. George D. Jackson and James Degan, Esq., bave been appointed Conferees

from Sallivan county. Hon. John McReynolds and Hon. George Scott, are Conferees from Columbia co. As yet we have seen no appointments

made for Bradford county. The Conferees will meet at Bloomsburg. on Tuesday, the 13th inst., for the purpose of making a Congressional nomination .-The only candidate presented, so far, is Hon. LEONARD B. RUPERT, of Columbia co.

MR. DAVID LOWENBERG, one of our Delegates to the Chicago Convention, returned home on Saturday morning last. He talks encouragingly, and represents the Democracy as being in good spirits, feeling quite neighborhood-some from New York and ed disregard of State rights, the employsure of success, with their candidate for the other localities, and that they had obtained ment of unusual test eaths and the inter-Presidency, GEN. GEORGE B. McCLELLAN .- artillery at New York, with amunition,&c." ferance with and denial of the right of the This Convention was composed of the very has been widely circulated by some of our people to bear arms, as calculated to prebest and ablest men of the country; and neighboring journals without its editors perpetuation of a Government deriving its military duty. It is high time Abe Lincoln their deliberations seem to have struck the knowing whether there was any truth in just powers from the consent of the govright chord, when we remember that there the rumor or not, and which we are glad erned. never was a nomination for President made, to know has since turned out to be a grand the Administration of its duty in respect to that was received by the people with more hoax. We were on-a visit to that county our fellow citizens who now and long have sue a requisition on Lincoln and party to enthusiasm and applause, or that received on Monday last, and took especial pains to been prisoners, and are now in a suffering a more general ratification by the whole inquite whether there had been any attempt country. These Delegates did the very best | made or expected to be made by the citithing for the country that could be done zens of that county to resist the draft, and under the present circumstances, and we we were informed that such was not the ocratic party is heartily and earnestly exextend to them a welcome home with the case, that the whole affair was a Lumbug. applaudit, "well done, thou good and faith- and the soldiers that had been sent for by ful servant." The people will endorse their certain individuals, could find no enemy but action at the ballot-box on the 1st Tuesday | plenty of friends to the seldier .- Jersey of November 1 ext.

The quota of this County in the call for 500,000 is 585. Several townships have filled their quotas.

OUR PLATFORM.

- SEELES CKY VERSERES-

The Union - The Constitution - Peace - Publie Liberty,-Private Rights,-Free Elec-tions-A Free Press-Free Speech-Trial by Jury-The Right of Asylum-Justice to our Soldiers.

Resolved, That in the future, as in past, we will adhere with unswerving fidelty to the Union under the Constitution as ducive to the welfare and prosperity of all the States, both Northern and Southren.

Resolved, That this Convention does ex- President. plicitly declare, as the sense of the American people, that after four years of failure to restore the Union by the experiment of war, during which, under the pretense of a military necessity or war power higher and applause. than the Constitution, the Constitution itof the country essentially impaired, jus- egates. tice, humanity, liberty, and the public welfare demand that immediate efforts be made for a cessation of hostilities with view to an ultimate Convention of all the States, or other peaceable means, to the end that, at the earliest practicable moof the Federal Union of the States.

Resolved. That the direct interference of the military authority of the United States in the recent elections held in Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, and Deleware, was a shameful violation of the Constitution, and | tee on Organization, reported that the Coma repetition of such acts in the approaching election will be held as revolutionary, atio Seymour as permanent President of and resisted with all the means and power the Convention. er under our control.

Resolved, That the aim and object of the Democratic party is to preserve the Feder- tion. al Union and the rights of the States unimpaired; and they hereby declare that they consider the administrative usurpation of extraordinary and dangerous powers no: granted by the Constitution, the subversion J W Sullivan, of New Hampshire. E D of the civil by military law in States not in | Beach of Massachusetts. D H Smalley, of insurrection, the arbitrary military arrest, Vermont. George Taylor, of Connecticut. imprisonment, trial, and sentence of Amer- Alfred Anthony, of Rhode Island. Andrew ican citizens in States, where civil law ex- J Cobb, of New Jersey. Gideon J Tucker, ists in full force, the suppression of free- of New York. Asa Packer, of Pennsylvadom of speech, and of the press, the deni- via. J T Robbinson, of Ohio. S W Gibal of the right of asylum, the open and son, of Indiana, O B Ficklin, of Illinois,avowed disregard of State rights, the em- John S Barry, of Michigan. John S Philps, ployment of nausurl test oaths, and the in- of Missouri. John P Peekham, of Minnesterference with and the denial of the right ota. Wm Patterson, of Iowa. J S Berry, of the people to bear arms, as calculated of California. C J Stickler, of Kansas, W to prevent a restoration of the Union and McMill of Oregon. Isaac D. Jones, of Marythe perpetuation of a government deriving | land. Dr John Merritt, of Delaware. its just powers from the consent of the

Resolved. That the shameful disregard o the Administration to its duty in respect to tion, deserves the severest reprobation on

manity. Resolved. That the sympathy of the Democratic party is heartily and earnestly extended to the soldiery of our aimy who Right of Asylum, Trial by Jury, and the flag of our country, and in the event of most sacred rights, and with him they will the care, protection, regard and kindness not be violated, as they have been, and are that the brave soldiers of the Republic

### Democratic Sonferee Meeting.

The Conferees appointed by the Democratic Conventions of the several counties composing this Representative District, met at Geo. W. Freeze's Hotel, in Danville, on Saturday, the 3d inst.

The following gentlemen presented credentials and took seats in the Conference : Charles G. Barkley, Esq.

Montour County,-W. D. Weidenhamer, Joseph Hunter.

The Conference came to order, and motion of Hiram C. Hower, of Columbia, Joseph Hunter, of Montour, was chosen President of the Conference.

On motion, Charles G. Barkley and W. D. Weidenhamer were appointed Secretaries. On motion, the Conference proceeded to

make a nomination for Member.

son H. Jacoby, of Columbia. There being no other nomination made Williamson H. Jacoby was declared unanimously nominated, as the Democratic candidate for Representative of this District, composed of the counties of Columbia and

On motion, it was resolved that the next Representative Conference be held at the Exchange Hotel, in Bloomsburg, on the second Friday of September, 1865. Adopt-

On motion, it was resolved that the proceedings of this Conference be published i all the Democratic papers of the District. On motion the Conference adjourned sine

#### JOSEPH HUNTER, President. C. G. BARKLEY. Secretaries. W. D. WEIDENHAMER,

THE Columbia county rebellion, about which so many wild rumors were affoat, and some granny editors being silly enough to publish long articles about it, saving American citizens in States where civil law "that the rebels there were men composed in part of citizens from that surrounding of the right of asylum, the open and avow-Shore Herald.

Tue Presidential campaign will be but a short and spirited one, and not under full speed till after the October election.

The Chicago Convention.

GEN. GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN NOMINATED OF THE FIRST BALLOT.

Resolutions Declaring for an Armistice, Concention of the States, and Restoration of Peace

The Democratic National Convention met at Chicago, on Monday of last week, the only solid foundation of our strength. and remained in session some three days. security, and happiness as a people, and as On the third day the Delegates completed a frame work of government equally con- their labors by nominating GENERAL GEORGE Ciellan painted on it, and bearing the mot-BRINTON McCLELLAN for President, and George H. PENDLETON, of Ohio, for Vice own men, let me share their fate on the

Ex Governor Bigler, of California, was chosen temporary chairman. On taking the chair he made a neat and able speech, which was received with great enthusiasm

Messrs. Perrine, Towers and Strong, were self has been disregarded in every part, appointed temporary Secretaries. The Deland public liberty and private rights alike egates were then called over by States, each trodden down, and the material prosperity | chairman presenting credentials of his del-

Three Committees were appointed, as follows: on Credentials, Organization, and Resolutions. Hon. Francis W. Hughes, of Pottsville, was made Chairman of the Com mittee on Organization.

The attendance, both inside and outside ment, peace may be restored on the basis of the wigwam, was even greater than that of yesterday.

Immediately after the Convention was called to order, and a prayer was offered by Bishop Whitehouse of Illinois, Mr. Hughes. of Pennsylvania, Chairman of the Commitmittee bad unanimously agreed upon Hor-

The announcement was greeted with applause, and the report adopted by acclama- his name to be used now. As a member of

The fellowing is a list of the officers elected by the Conventron by acclamation : President-Heratio Seymour, of New York. Vice Presidents-Joseph Chase, of Maine.

Secretaries-One from each State, including Jas D Biddle, Delaware. Frank M. Hutchinson, Pennsylvania. James A L McClure, Indiana. James P Barbour, Ken-

tucky. E B Eshelman, Ohio, and others. The rules and regulations of the last National Democratic Convention were adop-

The Committee on Credentials reported tories, Louisiana or the District of Columbia, and also in favor of admitting both Kentucky delegations. The report was

Gov SEYMOUR, on taking the chair, addressed the Convention in an able and patriotic manner. His speech was received with a good deal of cheering.

again at 4 o'clock, in the atterneon. On Phelps, 8 : blank, 1 the convening of the convention, Mr. Guthrie stated that the Committee on Resolu-The resolutions were read and adopted, as against his wishes. The other candidates

Resolved, That in the future, as in the past, we will adhere with unswerving fidelity to Columbia County,-Dr. Hiram C. Hower, the Union, under the Constitution, as the only solid foundation of our strength, security and happiness as a people, and as the framework of the Government, equally conducive to the welfare and prosperity of all the States, both Northern and Southern.

Resolved, That this Convention does ex plicitly declare as the sense of the American people, that after four years of failure to restore the Union by the experiment of war, during which, under the pretence of military necessity or the war power, higher than the Constitution, the Constitution itself has been disregarded in every part, and public liberty and private right alike trodden Dr. Hiram C. Hower nominated William- down and the material prosperity of the country essentially impaired : that justice, humanity, liberty, and the public welfare demand that immediate efforts be made for the cessation of hostilities, with a view to the ultimate convention of all the States or other peaceable means to the end that at the earliest practicable moment peace may be restored on the basis of the Federal

Resolved, That the direct interference of he military authority of the United States in the recent elections held in Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri and Delaware was a shameful violation of the Constitution and printed. a repetition of such acts in the approaching elections will be held as revolutionary, and will be resisted with all the means and

Resolved. That the aim and object of the Democratic party is to preserve the Federal Union and the rights of the States unimpaired, and they hereby declare that they consider the administrative psurpation of extraordinary and dangerous powers not granted by the Constitution, the subversion of civil by military law in the States not in insurrection, the arbitrary military arrest and imprisonment, trial and sentence of exists in full force, the suppression of freedom of speech and of the press, the denial

condition, deserves the severest reproba tion on the acore alike of public policy and common humanity.

Resolved, That the sympathy of the Demtended to the soldiery of our army, who are, of our country, and in the event of our attaining power they will receive all care, bly earned.

third day at 10 o'clock, and proceeded to friends, by his signifying his willingness to make a nomination for President. The vote 'stand the draft!

was then taken by States, which resulted

For George B. McClellan, 2023; for Thos. H. Seymour, Con., 231. McClellan having the two-third vote and more was declared the nominee. On the vote being announced by the Chairman, the wigwam was the scene of great enthusiasm and deafening cheers, the Delegates and all joining, and the band playing. A banner was immediately displayed, with the portrait of Mcte, "If I cannot have command of my

field of battle." In announcing the vote of New York, Mr. Church said that New York regretted to pass by her favorite son, but she stands now as she has ever stood, ready to sacrifice her dearest personal preference for the public good. Holding it to be her duty above all others to do all in her power to rescue the country from the tyranny that oppresses it, having full confidence in the Democracy, the ability and patriotism of Gen. George B. McClellan, New York gives him her entire electoral vote.

Several delegates having cast their votes for Horatio Seymour, when the call of States had been cone through with, Governor Sevmour remarked that as some gentleman had done him the honor to name him for nomination, it would be affectation to say that their expressions of preference did not give him pleasure; but he owed it to himself to say that many months ago he advised his friends in New York that, for various reasons, private and public, he could not be a candidate for the Chicago nomination.

Having made that announcement, he would lack the honor of a man, he would do great injustice to those friends to permit the New York delegation he personally thought it advisable to support an eminent jurist of that State for nomination; but he was not actuated in this by any doubt of the ability or patriotism of the distinguished gentleman who has been placed in nomination. He knew that General McClellan did not seek the nomination. He knew that that able officer had declared that it would be more agreeable to him to resume his position in the army; but he will not honor any less the high position assigned him by the great majority of his countrymen, because he has not sought it.

Mr. Vallandigham moved that the nomination of General George B. McClellan be made the unanimous sense of this Convention, which was seconded by Mr. McKeon. Convention, pledging his most earnest efforts for the success of the ticket.

Judge Allen, of Ohio, and others made brief speeches, and the question was then taken on making the nomination unanimous, which was declared carried amid deafening applause.

Mr. Wickliffe offered a resolution to the effect that Kentucky expects the first acts against admitting delegates from the Terri- of McClellan, when inaugurated in March next, will be to open the Lincoln prison doors and set the captives free.

The Convention then proceeded to vote for Vice President.

The first ballot resulted as follows : James Guthrie 621; George H. Pendleton, 544 : Daniel W. Voorhees, 13 : Geo. W. Cass, 26; August Dodge, 9; J. D. Ca-The Convention adjourned to re-assemble ton, 16; Governor Powell, 321; John S.

On the second ballot New York threw its whole vote for Mr. Pendleton, its chairman tions had agreed, and were ready to report. stating that its former vote for Guthrie lwas were then withdrawn, and Mr. Pendleton,

of Ohio, was unanimously nominated. Mr. Pendleton being loudly called for said that he had no language in which to express his thanks for this evidence of kindness and confidence. He could only promise to devote himself in the future as in the past to the great principles which lie at the foundation of our Government, the rights of the States and liberties of the people. In the future as in the past he would be faithful to the great principles of Democracy; and strong in their cause with the hearts of millions of freemen with them, they will again build up the shattered fragments of the Union and hand it down to the next generation as it was received from the last.

A committee of one from each State was appointed to inform the candidates of their nomination, and request their acceptance.

It was resolved that one person from each State, to be selected by the delegates thereof, be appointed to form a National Execulive Committee.

It was also resolved that 100,000 copies of the proceedings of the Convention be

Resolved, That the Democracy of the country be requested to meet in the different cities, and hold mass ratification meetings on the 17th of September, the anniversary of the adoption of the Federal Consti-

After a vote of thanks to the officers of the Convention, with nine cheers for the ticket, the Convention adjourned, subject to the call of the National Committee.

THE Townships of Catawissa, Montour, Scott, Centre, Mifflin, and Bloom, have, we understand, filled their quotas in the five hundred thousand call with volunteers. at bounties ranging from \$350 to \$500 .-There are other townships in the county doing the same. The present draft if made Bradford county, Pa., to Miss Mary Eyer, will be a sweeping affair. It will leave in of Catawissa, Columbia county, Pa. some townships not a man subject to do stops this kind of business. The people are bent on making a change about the first Tuesday of November next. They will isavacuate Washington city, and allow their places to be filled by patriots, scholars, and stetesmen !

WONDER if the meeting held in Bloomsburg on Friday last, for the purpose of raisand have been, in the field under the flag | ing money to pay a bounty to volunteers, did not convert Thomas Dunn? With considerable dread and reluctance he was, by protection, regard, and kindness that the brave soldiers of the Republic have so no. siderable dread and reluctance he was, by lock his pocket-book! In one point of view The Convention re-assembled on the he was more patriotic than his Abolition

The Seven-Thirties -- What are they ?

We trust that a large portion of our readers have pondered the Appeal of Mr. Fessenden, our new Secretary of the Treasury. Ition twenty-six miles south of it. Sherman The purport of it is that the People of the United States, acting as a body through their agent the Government, wish individuals to lend them two hundred millions of dollars for three years at seven and threein act, is solemnly pledged.

man's property is pledged for the punctual payment of the interest, and of the debt cent., or an average of 12 6-10 per cent. per annum. In three years of the war we of the United States have 'certainly earned ducting this from our net earnings, the Peomillions richer to day than they were

convertible. The man who has a Treasury | day afternoon along the Montgomery Rail- | fee should enquire for the French Breakfast into money more readily, and upon better of twelve miles. Slocum, who had been terms, than if it were invested upon bond left with one corps in front of Atlanta, be-

and mortgage, or in railroad stocks. lected when due. To each note are affix-The holder of a note has simply to cut off nearest bank or Government Agency, and receive his interest; the note itself need not be presented at all. Or a coupon thus when due, to money.

Thus, while this loan presents great advantages to large capitalists, it offers spe- sent us. cial inducements to those who wish to make a safe and profitable investment of intelligence. Last evening the telegraph small saving. It is in every way the best was re-opened and a dispatch from Sher-Savings' Bank : for every institution of this man himself received. The enemy on kind must somehow invest its deposits Tuesday, had not fought him very despeprofitably in order to pay interest and ex- rately, but gradually retreated across the penses. They will invest largely in this country towards Jonesboro'. Sherman folloan, as the best investment. But from the lowed them. He brought his entire army gress interest which they receive they must south of the Montgomery Railroad, and by deduct largely for the expense of the Thursday had arrived within a mile of Bank. Their usual rate of interest allowed Jonesboro'. Here he found the enemy in to depositors is five per cent. upon sums trenched. They sent out a reconnoissance, over \$500. The person who invests directly with Government will receive almost 50 per cent more. Thus the man Confederates by this time had retreated who deposits \$1000 in a private Savings' from Atlanta, and were drawn up in line Bank receives 50 dollars a year interest; on the Macon Railroad. Their southern if he deposits the same sum in this Nation- flank was at Jonesboro'; their northern al Savings' Bank he receives 73 dollars .- | flank at Rough and Ready, a village thir-For those who wish to find a safe, conve- teen miles from Atlanta. In front of their nient, and profitable means of investing position Flint River flowed, and the hills the surplus earnings which they have reserved for their old age or for the benefit of their children, there is nothing which presents so many advantages as this National Confederate works at Jonesboro', capturing

It is convertible into a six per cent. goldbearing bond. At the expiration of three years a holder of the notes of the 7.30 loan has the option of accepting payment in full or of funding his notes in a six per cent. bonds have ranged at an average premium market, and have sold at 109 to-day (Aug. 12th), thus making the real rate of interest over ten per cent.; and besides, to make the inducement even greater, Congress by special act exempts its Treasury notes from State and municipal taxation. Could Shylock ask more? Was patriotism ever so liberally rewarded ?- Harper's Magazine.

### MARRIED.

On the 1st inst., by the Rev. William J Ever. Mr. George Stevens, of Towarda. On the same day, by the same, Mr. Ezra BUCKWHEAT, 75 | POTATOES,

Brown, of Maine township, to Miss Susan Fetterolf, of Catawissa township.

# DIED.

In Centre township, on the 17th of Aug. 1864, Cora Jane, infant daughter of Lafay ette and Catharine Creasy, aged about 2 ms. In this place, on the 11th of Aug., 1864, Lula Armina, daughter of Dr. Hiram C. and Catharine Hower, aged 2 years, 4 mos, and

In Mifflin township, on the 21st of Aug., 1864, Fanny Achenbach, aged 6 years, 11 mos. and 22 days. In Briarcreek, on the 20th of Aug., 1864,

Robert F. C. Stephens, aged 2 years, 1 mo. in a circular letter by sending their address and 10 days. In Salem, Luzerne county, Aug. 21, 1864, Mr. lease Holloway, aged 61 years, and 7

THE WAR.

The capture of Atlanta is confirmed .-The contederates have taken a new posilost twelve hundred men and captured twenty-four cannon and fifteen hundred prisoners. There was very little fighting.

It has been about ten dave since General Sherman began a movement, much of which tenths per cent. annual 'interest, payable is still involved in mystery. One corps of every six months. For this they offer his army, under General Slocum, was left Treasury Notes-that is, in reality, notes in the trenches in front of Atlanta. The drawn and endorsed by every man in the remainder was gradually withdrawn, formcountry. The loan is wanted for a great ed into a long column on the south bank of national purpose, to effect which every the Chattahoochee, and slowly marched man, unless he be a traitor at heart if not down the river. Parallel to the river, and about eight miles south of it, is the Mont-The Appeal is addressed not merely to a gomery Railroad. East Point is eight miles few great capitalists, but also to the many southwest of Atlanta; Red Oak twenty whose aggregate means constitute the mass miles, and Fairburn twenty five miles south of the wealth of the land. The notes up- west. At East Point the Macon Railroad on which this loan is asked are from \$50 begins. It runs south to Jonesboro', and neward. Every man who has fifty dollars then southeast. Jonesboro' is twenty miles can take part in this loan. Apart from pa- from Atlanta. But very little intelligence triotism and the duty which all owe to their of Sherman's movement was transmitted country, no investment is so desirable as North, for during almost all the time since it began Wheeler had the railroad and tel-It is secure. Every dollar of every egraph to Nashville cut, and there was no communication.

Sherman marched his column down the when due. The security is increasing in river until the reat reached Sandtown, ten value. For some years before the war we miles west of Atlanta. He then swung the were earning 1000 millions a year more head of it around towards the east until it than we spent. During the three years of struck the Montgomery Railroad at Fairthe war, owing to the high prices and con- burn. From Fairburn a raiding party was stant demand for labor, we have earned sent across the country to Jonesboro', on more than ever before No man who could the Macon Railroad. The road was cut, or would work has been idle; and, except but no very large force of the enemy found. for the war, we have spent-less than before. On August 28th General Hood telegraphed The total valuation of the property of the to Richmond that Sherman's line extended United States; according to the census of from Sandtown to Fairburn, thus being 1860, was \$16 159,000,000, of which \$10, southwest of the city, and Hood at once be-957,448 956 was in the Loyal States. This gan moving his army to-meet the Federal valuation, according to the usual rule of advance. Sherman's southern flank marchassessment, was not more than two-thirds | ed uncpposed up the Montgomery Railroad of the actual cash value of the property. from Fairburn towards Atlanta until he The increase of property in the Loyal States reached Red Oak, twenty miles from the during the last ten years was over 126 per city. Here the Confederates met the troops and they halted. Sherman's southern flank was then marched southeast from Sandtown well posted up and distributed, as it will towards East Point, eight miles from Atlan- be to their advantage to do so. 3000 millions more than we have spent ta. On Tuesday last, August 20th, Sherapart from the war. The cost of the war man's line extended from Red Oak northmay be set down at 2000 millions. De- east along the railroad towards East Point, and his northern flank was pressing towards ple who are security for this loan are 1000 | East Point from the direction of Sandtown.

Hood, finding the enemy southwest of him, at once abandoned Atlanta, and gave No other investment can be so easily Sherman battle. A contest began on Tues- free to all who wish it. Consumers of coftote for \$50, or \$100, or \$1000, can turn it road from Red Oak to East Point, a distance gan to feel the enemy in front of him. He The interest offered is higher than can be found the city abandoned, and on Friday realized from any other safe and convertible morning entered it. He at once announced investment. It is, moreover, readily col- the evacuation of the town and by a strange coincidence Wheeler was off the railroad ed five "coupons," or interest tockets, due at to Nashville just long enough to allow of the expiration of each successive half-year. the despatch being sent. Scarcely had it gone when Wheeler again cut the teleone of these coupons, present it at the graph, and a veil once more hid Sherman's operations. Slocum, having the enemy between him and Sherman's main body, co'd not tell what was transpiring at East Point. payable will every where be equivalent, He knew a battle was being fought, for he heard the cannon, but that was all. Up to

This morning, however, we have later which was soon repulsed, and Sherman made his arrangements for an attack. The on its eastern side were intrenched. It was this position which Sherman attacked on Thursday afternoon. He carried the ten cannon and one thousand prisoners.

Hood blew up his works in evacuating Atlanta, and destroyed some trains loaded with ammunition. The spoils secured by Slocum were fourteen cannon and the ruins of the destroyed trains. When the works gold interest bond, the principle payable in at Jonesboro' were carried, Hood abandonnot less than five nor more than twenty ed his line on Flint River, and by a hasty vears from its date as the Government march to the southwest moved the portion may elect. For six months past, these of his army which had been north of Jonesboro' to the east of the place. He then reof about eight per cent, in the New York treated with all his forces to Lovejoy's six miles southwest of Jonesboro' on the railroad. Here he took a new position. Sherman's losses were twelve hundred Fif. teen hundred Confederate prisoners and twenty-four cannon were captured. Sherman writes to Stanton "his army needs rest," and does not seem to intend an attack upon the new Confederate position.

### REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

CAREFULLY CORRECTED WEEKLY.

\$2 50 | BUTTER. 1 50 EGGS, CORN, new, 1 50 TALLOW, LARD, per lb. FLOUR pr bbl 11 00 | DR'D APPLES2 50 CLOVERSEED-5 50 | HAMS.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., A T their organization intended to do a remaining years. Their their organization intended to do a remaining years.

some customers who wished to be supplied from first hands with Coffee, as well as Teas, and as their Tea Taster was possessed of information relative to a Coffee which could be furnished at a moderate price and give universal satisfaction, they have added a large roasting apparatus to the establishment and given large orders For sale by Druggi for importation. This Coffee is called the erally, everywhere. 'French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee." Coffee dealers will receive full particulars

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY. Nos. 35 & 37 Vesey St., New York. Sept. 7, 1864 .- 1t.

FRENCH BREAKFA (BOIDED OWING to the very high and the great difficulty in p unitorm and reliable article have often expressed a win could be supplied from first hat

the intention of The Great American Tea Co to do a strictly Tea business, but tance that have relied upon us to sur them exclusively with Tea and Coffee being inconvenient from them to come to New York, The Great Tea Coffee Emporlum of this country -and as our Tea Taster was possessed of information relating to a Coffee that could be furnished at a moderate price, and give universal satisfaction, and at the same time afford the retailer a handsome profit-we have been compelled to supply those parties. THIS COFFEE HAS BECOME SO POPULAR with our customers and their sales have increased to such an extent that we have been compelled to make large additions to our machiners, which will enable us to supply a few more customers with it. We will therefore send it to those who may or-

It is fast SUPERSEDING ALL OTHER COFFEES. This coffee has been used for more than a century in Paris, and since its introduction icto this country, it has been in use by some of the leading French Restaurants here. The Parisians are said to be the best judges of coffee; and the great favor in which it is held by them is the best recommendation that can be produced for its fine flavor and healthy effects upon the human system. We put up but one grade of this coffee

and that is of a quality that our customers have found from experience will give perfect satisfaction and meet all the demands of their trade. It is the lowest price that

We do all our business on the most exensive scale, buy by the cargo and sell at

only two cents per pound profit. We put up this coffee in barrels only, of 125 pounds each. This method of putting the customer, and by its being in a large quantity it retains its fine flavor much onger in this orm than in any other. Wa send with each barrel Show-Cards, Circulars and Posters to assist the dealer to introduce it to his customers. We hope our customers will take pains to have them

This coffee we warrant to give perfect satisfaction, and if it does not please, the purchaser has the privilege of returning the whole or any part of it within 60 days, and having his money relunded together with all the expenses of transportation both

We issue a Price Circular of our Teas and Coffees, which we are glad to send and Dinner Coffee and be spre that it was TEA COMPANY, Importers and Jobbers, 35 & 37 Vesey St., New York.

July 13, 1864.-3ms. Teachers' Examinations. Examinations of Teachers for Columbia county, will be held at the following times

Mifflin at Mifflinville, Sept. 12. Maine and Beaver at Mainville, Sept. 13 Locust and Roaringcreek at Numedia, Sept. 14 .-Catawissa and Franklin at Catawissa, Sept. 15. Convugham at Centralia; Sept. 16 -Briarcreek and Berwick at Berwick Sapt. 19. Centre at Fowler-ville, Sept'br. 20 -Orange at Orangeville, Sept. 21. Fishings creek at Pealer's School House, Sept. 22. Benton and Sugarleal at Ben on, Sept. 23. Scott at Light Street, Sept. 26. Mt. Pleas-Sunday morning this was all the intelligence and at Jones School House, Sept'ber 27. Montour at Dietterick's School House, Sept. 30. Bloom at Bloomsburg, Oct. 1st. Hemlock at Buckhorn, Oct. 3d Madison at Jerseytown, Oct. 4th Pine at Warnersville, Oct. 6th. Greenwood and Jackson, at Rohrsburg, Oct. 14th. The exercises at all the above places to

commence at 9 o'clock A. M. Teachers are requested to appear for examination before the Directors to whom they make application for employment. C. G. BARKLEY.

County Sup't. Bloomeburg, Aug. 31, 1864.

## OMNIBUS LINE.

THE undersigned would respectfully annonnee to the citizens of Bloomsburg. and the public generally, that he is running An OMNIBUS LINE
between this place and
the different Rail Road Depots, daily, (Sundays excepted) to con-

nect with the several Trains going South and West on the Catawissa & Williamsport Rail Road, and with those going North and His OMNIBUSES are in good condition commodious and comfotrable, and charges reasonable. EF Persons wishing to meet or see their friends depart, can be accommodated, upon reasonable charges, by leaving timely notice at any of the Hotels.

JACOB L. GIRTON, Proprietor. Bloomsburg, April 27, 1864. National Foundry.

The subsriber, proprietor of the above named extensive establishment, is now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of machinery, for COLLERIES, BLAST FUR-NACES STATIONARY ENGINES, MILLS THRESHIMG MACHINES &c. &c.

Bloomsburg, Columbia Co.,

He is also prepared to make Stoves, all sizes and patterns, Plow-irons, and everything usually made in first-class Foundries His extansive facilities and practical workmen, warrant him in receiving the largest contracts on the most reasonable Grain of all kinds will be taken in

exchange for castings. This establishment is located near the Lackawanna Railroad Depot. PETER BILLMEYER.

Bloomsburg, Sept. 9, 1863. Persons advanced in life, and feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of HOSTETTER'S [CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, an elixir that will instill new life into their veins, restore, in a measure, the ardor and energy of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and vigor to their remaining years. Those who are in the

Dyspepsia, Agne, Larguor, Nausea, or any other

troublesome and dangerous disease, arise ing from a disordered system, should not besitate to avail themselves of the benefit derived from this great remedy. For sale by Druggists and dealers gen+ Aug. 3, 1864.-1m

W. WIRI. Attorney at Law BLOOMSBURG, PA. Offi ce on Main Street, First door below A. J. Slean's Store. Des 28, 1984