



WM. H. JACOBY, EDITOR.

BLOOMSBURG, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29th, 1864.

S. M. PETERSON & Co., 37 Park Row, New York, send you daily authorized to solicit and receive subscriptions and advertising for the Star of the North, published at Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Penna.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1864. GEORGE B. MCLELLAN, Subject to the Decision of the Democratic National Convention.

Chicago Convention.

The Democratic National Convention has been postponed until the 29th of August instead of being held on the 4th of July. This is just right. By that time affairs will have assumed a more comprehensive aspect which will tend to produce harmony and action in the Convention, and all will be ready to distinguish the only true and safe path to duty and success.

These Three Hundred Dollar commutation has not yet been struck off by Congress. The vote against repealing it a few days ago was two to one. It is true that Old Abe asked for its repeal, but the opposition is too great, the present Members are looking forward, or at least a majority of them, to a re-election; and they deem the repeal of this clause, at the present time, certain political death to them.

Dr. Jacob Horstiska, of New Berlin, Union county, Pa., sent us a few copies of a little tract, written and published by himself, entitled, 'IS SLAVERY CONDENSED IN THE BIBLE, or Prohibited by the Constitution of the United States?' These tracts are offered for sale at 10 cents apiece. They are well worth the money and a person's time to set down and read one of them.

How is it now, if we oppose ABRAHAM LINCOLN for President are we opposing the Government? We were told some time ago, if we found fault with the administration in the manner in which they were conducting the war, we were "embarrassing the Government." Now, should any one dare to oppose Old Abe's re-election, according to the Abolition version of things, he would be opposing the Government and "embarrassing the administration?"

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE—This publication, as the year progresses, continues to increase in interest. No pains are spared by the publisher, Mr. Charles J. Peterson, to make this Magazine surpass all others. The engravings contained in this work are most splendid. The fashion plates are highly interesting to the ladies, and of extraordinary good taste.

The "off hand" man of the New York Ledger thinks that the ladies' abstinence from signs goods excitement will be a nine days wonder, and then die out. Whatever, says he, you see a hundred rich ladies promenading Broadway in American calico dresses, with American Bay State shawls on their shoulders, and American straw hats trimmed with American goose feathers, and with American music for strings on their heads, you drop me a line at the Ledger office, and I will write you a dime worth one, at the Central Park on birds that have dropped ready rested from the skies.

The movement made by General Grant has at length become plain. He has divided his army into two portions. One part, consisting of Brooks, Smith and Burnside's corps, is entrenched in front of Bermuda Hundred and City Point, the other lines extending almost to Petersburg. The other part, consisting of all the cavalry and Wright, Warren and Hancock's corps, has been sent westward on a gigantic raid around Petersburg.

The moving column left the neighborhood of Petersburg on Tuesday night. The cavalry led the advance. Wright followed them; Warren followed Wright, and Hancock brought up the rear. They retraced some distance from Petersburg before they began marching westward. They then advanced around to the south and west on a curved line with a radius of about ten miles from Petersburg.

General Lee had discovered the movement almost as soon as it began. He sent columns out of Petersburg along the Jerusalem and the Norfolk Railroad. These columns reached the Federal troops marching westward across these roads on Wednesday night. The Federal flank was attacked. Hancock at once faced towards Petersburg and began a contest.

Our latest intelligence from the army is to 6 o'clock on Thursday morning. It is unofficial. Secretary Stanton has sent us nothing. Over forty hours has elapsed since the last news left City Point. Secretary Stanton is in direct telegraphic communication with that place. He has within the past four days sent us news within eight hours after it left City Point. He could, we suppose, have done so last night.

General Forrest has just started on a raid to cut the railroads in Sherman's rear. His forces are marching against the one connecting Nashville with Chattanooga. On June 17th he crossed the Tennessee River near Esposito, in Alabama just south of the Tennessee line. All the Confederate forces which have been in different portions of Tennessee, Kentucky and Alabama, are with Forrest, and he has a large command. Easton is about one hundred and fifty miles southeast of the Nashville and Chattanooga railroad.

Some time since there was a report, thro' Confederate channels, of an attack by Gen. Hooker upon General Johnson's position at Marietta, in Georgia. The Confederate account stated that Hooker was repulsed with heavy losses, but gave no details. We now have the Federal statement. The point attacked was Lost Mountain, the southwest corner of the three peaks of the ridge in front of Marietta. The Confederate western flank was posted upon it. The report states that Hooker captured one thousand prisoners and twelve guns. An attack was also

made on Pine Mountain, the adjoining peak. It was captured and soon after abandoned. The telegram about Hooker states that but four hundred Confederate prisoners were brought off from Lost Mountain, and says nothing about retaining the position. The truth appears to be that Hooker retired from Lost Mountain after capturing it, abandoning the greater part of the prisoners, all the guns and all the ground to the enemy. As Secretary Stanton and General Sherman do not in any way allude to this contest, we may safely conclude that it was a Federal repulse.

General Canby, who has been doing what he could to reorganize the remnant of Bank's army at the mouth of Red River, has given up the task. He has broken up his camp, and sent everything and everybody down to New Orleans. It is announced that during the summer there will be no attempts made to capture any more territory west of the Mississippi, from the enemy. All of Texas and West Louisiana, and all of Arkansas south and west of Little Rock are in the undisputed possession of the Confederates. The blockade of the Mississippi just below the mouth of the Arkansas, is still maintained.

The Federal loss in the recent skirmish at White House is reported at thirty-eight. On Thursday, Sherman's cavalry were there. What they intend is not known. The brigade New Ironsides has left the Charleston blockading squadron, and is now in the Delaware River. WEDNESDAY'S FIGHT ON THE WELDON RAILROAD. HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, June 23.—The attack upon the 2d Corps on Wednesday near the Weldon Railroad, did not result so disastrously as was at first supposed.

The line was formed by Ballou's division being on the left, Birney's (General Mott in command) and Gibbon's on the right. It was expected that the 6th Corps would have supported the left, but it did not. A gap was left in the line, into which P. Hill's corps entered, and before our men were aware of it they received a volley from the rear which created a panic in the ranks and caused a rapid retreat to the woods in the rear of the 3d Division. This led the flank of the 3d Division unprotected, and the enemy taking advantage of it, charged through and fairly into the pits, ordering our men to surrender.

On the 10th ult., at the home of the bride's father, by the Rev. J. Napier, Howard Joseph Smith to Eliza J. Henderson, all of Montour county, Penna. On Thursday, May 26th by Rev. A. M. Barozz, Mr. Aaron Rockefellow to Miss Anna Francis. On Thursday, June 9th, by the same, Mr. Conrad Aten to Miss Agnes McAuliffe.

CONFEDERATE ATTACK ON BURNSIDE REPELLED. HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF POTOMAC, June 25, 6 A. M. (Saturday).—The only fighting that took place yesterday was an attack made by the enemy on Burnside's position, which he repulsed with heavy losses. The attack was made in the morning, and the enemy was driven back in confusion upwards of 100 of them being captured. This occurred about 8 A. M. and the artillery firing was kept up for an hour, when all became quiet at that point.

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supposed, was more than double. We lost quite a number of prisoners, but the figures cannot correctly be given. LATER.—The 8th Corps charged the enemy, driving them some distance, and forming on the left of the 2d Corps. The railroad from City Point to Petersburg is being placed in order, and an engine and cars are already procured to put on it as soon as it is in running condition. Supplies arrive at the front regularly and the troops lack nothing in this respect, but they suffer from the scarcity of water.

OURSELVES.—We do not wish to be considered presumptuous in making the request that parties who desire the use of the columns of the Star for gratuitous purposes will please condescend so far as to furnish their own copy. We have to economize our time and means in this era of taxation and abomination, no interval is left us to wander after and indie items of a personal nature. Neither can we delay our regular time of issue to copy articles from contemporary sheets. Some persons entertain singular ideas of a newspaper publisher's duty. A printer's time and means are erroneously supposed to belong to any one requiring them, without remuneration or acknowledgment. The serenity of the press is a public benefit.

CHARLES H. HESS, of Middle township, is authorized to announce, will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Columbia county, at the approaching general election, subject to the decision of the Columbia county Democratic Convention. M. H. J., June 1, 1864. \$2.00. WILLIAM KRICKBAUM, of Middle township, is authorized to announce, will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the approaching general election, subject to the decision of the Columbia county Democratic Convention. M. H. J., June 1, 1864. \$2.00.

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