WM. H. JACOBY, EDITOR.

BLOOMIBURG, WEDNESDAY, Oct. 15th, 1862 Republican Opinions of Lincoln's Proclama-

says:

day when this proclamation will take of fracturing the right jaw bone. By the side fect-is little over three months. What may of the deceased lay a bundle of candies happen between now and then, in the progress of the war, it is hard to say. We car doubt entired her to accompany him. The Crittenden, Douglas, Gwin, Hunter, John nestly hope, however, by that time the rebellion will be put down by the military inflicted with a Pistol ball, but on a posthand, and that the terrible element of slave in surrection may not be invoked."

Thin, we take it, is a virtual acknowledgement that the proclamation aims at a "slave insurrection" in the South, with all its accompanying borrors-the indiscriminate slaughter of white men, women and children, with the accompaniments of ar- opinion that it was committed by an escapson, rape and all the hellish crimes which desiring to see perpetrated by the negroes upon the whites of the South.

The North American of Philadelphia, does not doubt that this proclamation will lead to "a revolution in the rebel states," which

The New York Tribune, the organ of the traitorous radicals, is rejoiced-it is in ecstacies over the proclamation. It says, " It is beginning of the end of the rebellion; the beginning of the new life of the nation .-GOD BLESS ABRAHAM LINCOLN !"

Greeley is satisfied now; he will no more complain of the President; he has accomplished his purpose. Even Phillips will be pleased now. The President has " proclaimed a policy," which pleases these life-long enemies of the Government-of the Union.

"God bless Abraham Lincoln !" will be repeated by all the tribe of Negro worshiping fanatics, fools and fiends in human shape who have for so many years, been feviling the memory of Washington and stigmatising the Constitution (which he nant with hell."

Abrahum Lincoln P' though hitherto they tion of the wretch. have exectated him and pronounced him a "Enul turtle"-the "Illinois slave hound." etc. They are conciliated now, and one of the proclamation is already accomplished !-God help Abraham Lincoln !

# Gen. McClellan and his Enemies.

The Abolitionists themselves stood aghast | McCLELLAN. In the Noval and Military Gaat the ruin they had created.

and disasters, brought about by incompe his having compelled the rebels to recross to Washington, defeated, broken and de- doubts the victory, and mentions a despatch hind it. In this dark and gloomy bour the as had fallen back on Washington. The implored him to take cammand of the army eign press seems to have an idea that our and save the capital. The General cheerfully assented and re-assumed the com mand from which he had been so shamefully degraded How well he performed the work assigned him, the history of the | Confederate defeat in Maryland .- Press. last two weeks have told.

But no sooner is the immediate danger over, than his enemies are again at work plotting his destruction. Loud and deep it is said, was urged by the more radical Congress recognized its duty to endeavor portion of them, headed by the notorious by all honerable means to avert war; under look upon us with amazement? as 'a statesman without a speech, a sol- restoration" dier without a battle and a millionaire with NAMY A RED!" If any such infernal plot should succeed, then indeed would the last hope of the country have passed away for-

# The Man-idol.

The Abolitionists make an idol of the President since he has fallen into their ago, was an "imbecile," a "mud fortle," the Rebels contemplate the raising of the with you in spirit " to worship him. We cannot change our ore of retaliation. They are just as mad as camp. The location is fine, and the parade Wheeling, which they propose to destroy in the face of an enemy strong in position men do, and if we could it would go hatd sistence orders; then they would hang ev- idly, it is said, under Major Hendrickson, works are in successful operation, and the Mountain and prepared the way for the with us to cheese an "imbeefle" or a "mud ery one of Pope's officers, sure; but it would add much to the display if the large supplies of this desirable article are advance of the army, won for them the adturde" for our divinity. The government, catching 40 or 50 of them, and having time troops were armed, and we should think sent by wagon-trains to Richmond. The miration of their brethren in arms. In the he is true to his true to his true is laction desperately fought and remarkable surmir him; and when he attempts to di- that President Lincoln's act "should be seven or eight bundred in camp- very an earnest desire for a larger force. vert the government from its legitimate pur held up to the execuation of mankind, and fine body of men and well officered, we gent people.-Patriot and Union. | withdrawal or arrest its execution

#### HERRIBLE MURDER AT HARRISBURG.

A terrible crime is reported in the Harristurg papers as having been committed near that place on Friday or Saturday night, the 3d or 4th inst. On Friday evening a little girl about five years; old, daughter of Mr. Emanuel S. German, was missed, and on Saturday morning it was ascertained that he child had been seen early in the evening passing up Second Street in company with a man, a stranger to those who met him. All day Saturday diligent search was made, without success It was renewed on Sunday morning, and some gentlemen who visited what is known as Weizel's swamp, within a short distance of the city. were startled and horrified to find the little The New York Times, commenting on one they were in search of lying upon her the Prisident's Emancipation Proclamation face in the woods, in a mangled corpse !-A terrible wound was found on the left side From now till the first of January - the of the neck, severing the main artery and with which her fiendish murderer had no wound was at first supposed to have been mortem examination, it seems to have been | bastion, Thompson and Wigiati - 19. he work of a knife or other sharp instru-

etrator of this most infamous horrible and unparalleled crime, and the motive that could have induced it. Many are of the ed lunatic from the Insane Asylum, some Giddings and his associates have for years of the inmates of which Institution occasionally find their way into the city. Others are disposed to attribute it to a penitentiary convict who had threatened vengeance against Gov. Curtin, or some member of his las of Illinois, delivered on that occasion .family, for refusing to pardon him, and means insurrection, and its infernal concom- that he abducted Mr. German's little girl, supposing her to be a daughter of the Gov. A mistake of the kind might have occurred, as the families live in close proximity, and the children of both have been intimate Commonwealth, of Virginia. It has been associates in play.

The following is an accurate description of the supposed murderer, turnished by those who saw him in company with the deceased: "About 25 years of age, five feet eight inches high, slim built, thin face, dark hair, dark complexion, rather sallow, smooth face, wore a soldier's cap very much faded, a blue blouse and old dirty grey pantaloons, torn about the bottom of

Several persons were arrested on suspicion, but on being confronted with those who had seen the morderer and not identified, were released. The chief detective helped to frame, and which heartily appro- of Philadelphia is on the spot, at the Govved,) as " a league with death and a cove. ernor's request, and will use all possible means to discover the murderer. Gover-

## Foreign Opinion.

Some little curio ity has existed as to the purposes, if not the main purpose of the manner in which the news of Union successes would be received in England. Of course. The Times affects to doubt the fact or Confederate defeat in Maryland, suggest ing that the news "must have been cooked Less than a month ago, the country was at Washington." The Daily News, Star, and brought to the very verge of destruction, other papers frankly congratulate us upon by those in power listening to the mad our triumphs, and go to the length of placounsels of the radical Abolitionists .- | cing McClellan's troops fupon a par with Gloom and sadness was depicted on every British, as regards endurance and persistcountenance, and the stoutest hearts trem- ence in battle, and of acknowledging the bled for the safety of the nation's Capital. enterprise and good generalship of General zette, edited by W. H RUSSELL, it is admit-Through the pernicious influence of this led that the rebel raid into Maryland was a faction, Gen. McClellan had been stripped decided failure. Patmenston's own paper, of his command, and his army transferred the Morning Post, apparently had not heard to another. After a series of sad reverses of McClellan's victory at Antietam, nor of tent generalship, that same army retreated the Potomac. In [Paris, the Constitutional morelized with the enemy advancing be- to the effect that, after the battle, McCLLL. President, perhaps more through lear than American war-news had induced a rise in love, flew to the brave young General and the price of Cotton. On the whole the forsoldiers can fight and do fight to some purpose, with, "a fair field and no favor"-However a lew joornalis's may affect disbelief, they cannot ignore the reality of

# The Jackson and Liggoin Congress.

"Under Jackson, the policy of Congress murmers are heard on every hand, because | was to remove all pretext of rebellion; unhe failed to achieve impossibilities. At the der Lincoln, it has been to furnish the rebtoona, last week, the removal of McClellan, flames they had kindled. Under Jackson, Andrew of Massachusetts. The pet of the Lincoln, it has acted as if its first and only Abolitionists who is to succeed McClellan, duty was to make an end of a local instituis the redoubtable Major General John C. tion, existing by virtue of State law, by Fremont, who stood upon a little point of means of war. Under Jackson's Adminisetic gette a short time ago, threw up his tration, Congress labored to save the Union: command in Virginia and retired from the | under Lincoln's it has sought, in every pos-

# The War.

tracts from Richmond papers and the first leaving the battle field, were, Boys, I can of him as having made a capital officer. views. Suddenly the man who, a month day's debate on the subject in Congress, be with you no longer in body, but I am almost a traitor, in the estimation of Gree- old death's head and cross-bones flag of ley, Beecher, Pillsbury, Phillips & Co., has Capt. Kidd, and the indiscriminate slaughtbecome a Ged, and we are all called upon er of men, women and children as a meas spent of an afternoon at dress para le in recapturing Northern Virginia, including Franklin's corps at Crampton Pass, in which rel gion with the same tecitity these gentle | when they first heard of Gen. Pope's sub- ground is a good one. The men learn rap- it they cannot hold it The Kanawha salt and resisting with obstinacy; they carried with the administration of whose laws the to think it over, they parolled or exchangee the men would learn faster. President is entrusted, we love, and so lar them without hanging. In Congress, a reses, he will reckon without his bost, and counterseted by such severe retaliatory should judge in most of the companies. - | Engara - Our "Printer boys" in dating | The obstinate bravery of the troops of himself as powerless as illegal as measures us in the judgment of the Presi- The band paid the chimp a visit on Standay, the Stan for this week got a little ahead of Hooker, Mansfield and Sumner, the dashing parts of four or five regiments have been tion should always be among free and dent may be best calculated to secure its. The officers should employ the Band every time, instead of Wednesday Oct. 15th, they gallantry of those of Franklin on the right, sent up the nalley to resist the passage of

#### Who Defeated the Compromise,

This is a most important question at the present time, for it is now conceded that if the Crittenden Compromise had been adopted by Congress and submitted to the people, the desolating war in which the country is now engaged, would have been avoided. But the Republican party, it leaders and its representatives in Congreswere determined that no compromise should be submitted to the people. They voted against the Crittenden compromise measores in Congress, and defeated them, the are responsible for the failure of this most humane and patriotic effort to prevent bloody conflict in the country this position the evidence is so full and mistakable, the facts se plain, and appare that all must be convinced who will look the official record on the subject Here is the vote by which the Cristende

Resolutions were defeated. It will be see that every Republican in the Senate vote:

son of Tennessee Kennedy, Lane Latham Mason, Nicholson, Polk, Pugh, Rice, Se

Navs-Messrs Authory, Bingham, Char dler, Clark, Dixon, Doolittle, Durkee, Fersenden, Foot Foster, Grimes, Harlan, King There are votious surmises as to the per- Morrill, Sumper, Ten Eyck, Trumbul Wade, Wilkinson and Wilson-20.

In order that the loval and patriotic met of this country may understand the impotance of these resolutions, and what would have been the effect of their ready and hone, battle, therefore est adoption by the Representatives from the Northern States, we direct attention o Senator Pugh said :

"The Crittenden proposition has been in- joy. dorsed by the almost unanimous vote of the Legislature of Kentucky. It has been indorsed by the Legislature of the noble old ors of the United States than any proposi so many precious lives. tion that was ever before Congress. I beof my State; aye, sir, and of nearly every left arm for thirty days. State in the Union. Before the Senators least to be President of the Southern Con- lication. federacy, propose to accept it and maintain the Union if that proposition could receive the vote it ought to receive from the other

Therefore, all of your propositions, of all at Washington accusing the National Intelgreat States which at least would have broken the whole column of secession - (P 1460, Globe )

with my cherished views I asowed my ter, readiness and engerness to accept a in or- The Republican ought to order the arrest o der to save the Union, if we could unite Lee Jackson and others, who seem to stand

tional rights declared to be inviolate.

witnesses to establish your innocence. Is adopt .- Louisville Democrat. it any wonder that the nations of Europe

afternoon at dress parade .- Record.

#### Resolutions.

WHEREAS It has pleased Almighty God, in His all-wise dispensation, to remove from our midst by the ruthless hand of war, at the battle of Meyer's Springs, Maryland, on though impetuous friend and fellow soldier, WILLIAM LAZARUS, we regard it as an imper ative and solemn duly, to express our regret

ir. the following resolution: Resolved, That we, his comrades and companions in arms, in testamonial of his kindness as a relative, his worth as a compan- the contest lasted until eleven o'clock, and ion a d his bravery as a soldier, do most was very deadly to the enemy. They drove deeply sympathize with his bereaved parent in our centre; some of them penetrated to and friends in the loss which they have the Corinth House. Hamilton, who was on

Resolved. That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to his friends, and also, that they be published in one or more of the newspapers of Columbia county.

B. F. JOHNSTON, ) ED C. GREENE. I. NEWT. KLINE, Meyer's Springs, Md., Sept. 20, 1862.

#### Resolutions.

At a meeting of the students of the Orange ville Normal School and Academy, held do was tried, but when it reached that point September 22nd, 1862, the following pre- a charge was ordered, when it became a

Resolved, That we have heard with un- and are in full retreat. feigned regret of the death of our friend and the following extracts from the speeches of classmate, who has been so suddenly re-Senator Pugh, of Ohio, and Senator Dong. moved from us, and who has fallen upon the field of battle while endeavoring to de- fighting at the head of his brigade vesterday

ory of our departed friend, and for his sake, will prize more highly that liberty which was purchased by the blood of our fathers,

Resolved, That as a token of our sorrow lieve in my heart to day, that it would care for the departed, we will follow his remains move at daylight in the morning. ry an overwhelming majority of the people to the grave, and will wear crape upon our

Resolved. That a copy of these resolutions from the State of Mississippi left this chain- be furnished to the family of the deceased, ber I heard one of them who assumes at and also to the papers of the county for pub

PERRY DELONG. Com. AGNES J. ACHENBACH, CHARLES C. TRENCH.

It is amusing to read the Abolition organ your amendments, knowing as I do, and ligencer of treason. The editor of the Repub knowing that the historian will write it hean thinks that if Jeff Davis should get to down, at any time before the first day of Washington his paper alone would be sup-Greeley has given them the cue, and nor Curtin, by proclamation, offers \$1,000 January, a two-thirds vote for the Critten pressed; that Davis would be a good friend they will all take up the cry: " God bless reward for the apprehension and convicsaved every State in the Union but South | would do a good thing if he suppressed the Carolina. Georgia would be here by her Republican; but along with the good, we representatives, and Louisiana those two apprehend Jeff would do more evil than would compensate for that little good. The sin of the Intelligencer consists in the constant opposition to the emancipation of On the same subject Senator Douglas slaves, without which, the Republican thinks the rebellion will never be put down. Now The Senator (Mr Pugh ) has said that it why does'nt the Republican issue a proclathe Crittenden proposition could have been | mation emancipating all the slaves in Virpassed early in the session it would have ginia, a la John Brown? The editor has saved all the States except South Carobna, about as much power to accomplish the I firmly believe it would. While the Crit- and as the Government of the United States tenden proposition was not in accordance and as much law for its guide in the mat-

upon it. I can confirm the Senarche dece very much in the way of its projects .aration" that Senator Davis, himself ward These rebels stand between the Republican on that Committee of Thineen, was recovered the African servants, so that the Repubat all times, to compromise on the Crit and from can't get at them. Let them be forthden proposition. I will go Innher and say with arrested and sent to Fort Warren, and His Excellency, A. G. Curtin, Governor of that Mr. Toombs was also .- (P. 1381, Gobe) | then that will not be in the way of the Remedicin's notions about negroes. Putting A man accused of morder, robbery, bar- down the rebellion by emancipating slaves LETTER FROM GOV. CURTIN TO GEN. plare, arson or any of the most infamous of the ocual to the stereotyped plan proposed to fences in the catalogue of crime, may des little boys to catch birds since Adam was a mand a habers corpus, be confronted by his ad-throw salt on their tails; and there is accuser and learn the nature of his accusal about as much statesmanship and sense in tion, and be discharged on bail, ever in it. And yet these crazy noodles assume to murder, except in cases where the evidence set themselves up as judges of patriotism is too plain for doubt. These are constitu- by their asinine standard. According to them, whoever is not a simpleton is a trait-But how is it now? Any evil disposed or Had it not been for such men as the person, or personal or political enemy, nay editor of the Republican the conspirators of set a policeman or constable to arrest you, the South would have failed to rally the drag you from your family and business force they have to their standard; and if hundreds of miles away to some prison or Abraham Lincoln would suppress the Refort. The accusation and your accuser are publican and all such treasonable and revokept secret, the habeas corpus is suspended, lutionary sheets, and not leave it for Jeff. and you can get no hearing, or when you Davis to do, he would aid his cause more meeting of Republican Governors, at Al- els fuel with which to feed the treasonable do get one, you have no way to get your than he could by any war measure he could

A RETURNED SOLDIER .- Lieut. U. H. Ent. arrived at this place on Saturday night last When General Reno fell, Gen. Storges from the army of the Potomac, where he was within a few yards of him. He was in has been nearly one year, fighting the batcommand of the division formerly com- tles of his country. He was first Lieutenmanded by Reno, increased by several new ant in the HUBLEY GUARDS of this place. regiments, and the men had just distin which were attached to the gallant 84th service; and who has been aptly described sible way, to destroy it, and all hope of its guished themselves in driving the rebels. They passed through several hard battles, from the summit of the Blue Ridge. These fighting nobly, but not without consideragenerals were bosom friends; had been ble loss. The company has suffered equal classmates at West Point, and graduated to any in the Regiment. The Lieut., we together. When Reno fell, Sturges ran to are informed, has got an honerable dis--President Lincoln's Emancipation Proc- his assistance, had him picked up and said, charge, on account of ill health; not havlamation has created much excitement at "Jesse, are you toudly wounded?" To ing been fit for duty for some two months the Rebel capital. It is intemperately de | which he replied, "Yes Sam, I am a dead or more. He has been a faithful soldier nounced as contrary to the usages of civili- man." Gen. Sturges had him placed upon whenever fit for service; never shrunk zed warfare and an outrage on private a litter and carried to the rear, where he from any responsibility were it ever so critiproperty. So far as we can judge by ex- died in an hour. His last words, before cal or laborious. The company all speak congratulations to the army under his com-

have it 16th, one day ahead.

## THE WAR NEWS.

#### The Battle at Corinth.

The following is a report of General Roseerans to General Grant, in relation to the Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1862, our brave, battle near Corinth. The telegraph furnish ed but a brief extract from it :

CORINTH, Miss., Oct. 4. To Mojor U. S. Grant :

Despatch received, telling me to follo

up the rebels. This morning Price made a fierce and determined attack on our left the main line of their attack, maintained his ground in all but one spot, and made an advance and secured the centre, with two first-rate regiments. Colonel Sullivan gave us time to bring our batteries into actionand saved the day on that side. Van Dorn and Lovell made a most determined attack on the extreme right on the Chervail road. They were led to the attack through the abattis; two of their columns reached the ditch, the other two stopped not fifty paces from it; all that grape and canister could amble and resolutions were unanimously race between the Twenty-seventh Ohio and the Eleventh Missouri. This was too much House. She, however, was detained in WHEREAS, It has been announced to us for the staggered columns. Many fell down | Philadelphia by illness. General McClellthat our recent friend and classmate Will- and held up their hands for mercy. They LIAM LAZARUS, has fallen upon the field of were badly beaten on both fronts. They left their dead and wounded on the field, friends, rode out to Druid Hill Park, being

officers, is nothing like that of the enemy. Brigadier General Hackleman fell, bravely termoon. fend the freedom and the blessings we en- shot through the ingular vein. Colonels he may reach to night, or early to morrow Kirby Smith, Gilbert and Mower, wounded, morning. His visit here was kept very not mortally. General Oglesby, dangerous- quiet, though some friends knew of his ly. The number killed I cannot tell. Their presence. Gen. Duryea was also at the killed and wounded are strewn along the Entaw. If there could be an opportunity. road for five miles out, where they had a all Baltimore would turn out en masse to per tioned for by a larger number of elect- and which is preserved only at the cost of hospital. We have between 700 and 1900 welcome and greet the Young Napolean - ing Ferry; thus, in fact, making the circuit prisoners,not counting wounded. McPher. General Burnside was also in Baltimore a of our army. son has reached here with his forces. We lew days ago, and dined at the Eutaw

Our loss, though serious, especially in

W. S. ROSECRANS. low in pursuit.

### Gov. Curtin and the Pennsylvania Militia. LETTER FROM GEN M'CLELLAN.

into Maryland for that purpose :

HEADQUARTERS ARNY OF THE POTOM C. ) Sharpsburg, Sept. 27th, 1862.

GOVERNOR: I beg to avail myself of al- the western part of New York. most the first moment of leisure I have had since the recent battles, to tender to you tion in calling out the militia of Pennsylvania for its defense, when threatened by a amerous and victorious army of the enemy Fortunately circumstances rendered it impossible for the enemy to set foot in Pennsylvania, but the moral support rendered to my army by your action was none the less mighty. In the name of the army and for myself, I again tender to you our acknowledgements for your patriotic course the manner in which the people of Penusylvania responded to your call and hastened to the defence of their frontier, no doubt exercised a great influence upon the enemy am, very respectfully, and sincerely GEO. B McCLELLAN.

# REYNOLDS.

PENNA. EXECUTIVE CHAMBER. Harrisburg, Pa , Sept. 26, 1862 GENERAL : Having relieved you from duty as commander of the Pennsylvania Volunteer Militia, recently called for the defence of the State, I deem it proper to express my strong sense of the gratitude which Penn-ylvania owes for the zeal spirit and ability which you brought to her service at a period when her honor and safety were threatened. That for her security you left the command of your brave division, the Pennsylvania Reserves, thus losing the opportunity of leading this gallant corps at South Mountain and the Antistam. is a just demonstration of the true affection you bear for your native State, which be assured, her freemen reciprocate, and for which in their behalf I am happy to make you this acknowledgement. I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedi-A. G. CURTIN. Brigadier General John E. Reynolds, United States Army.

# Army of the Potomac.

Congratulatory order of Gen McClellan to his thou sand prisoners.

General Orders No. 160. HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, I

Camp near Sharpsburg, Md., Oct. 3.

mand, for the victories acheived by their THE LATEST FROM THE CUMBERbravery at the passes of Soute Mountain, Governor Peirpoint has sent to Washing- and upon the Antietam Creek. The brilton a budget of intercepted letters and oth- liant conduct of Reno's and Hooker's corps Retreat of Stewart's cavalry into Maryland. CAMP LUZERNE .- A pleasant hour may be | er testimony, showing that they are bent on | under Burnside, at Turner's Gap, and of arrival of General Milroy at Wheeling, with battle of Antietam we defeated a numer-We saw, on a recent visit, only three his brigade of Western Virginia troops, has one and powerful army of the enemy in an for its duration, and for the destruction of life which attended it.

the steady valor of those of Burnside on the the invaders if they should be disposed to

hearts with pride and exultation. Fourteen stroyed this side of Chambersburg. guns, 59 colors, fifteen thousand five hunmy for achievements which have rescued the loyal states of the East from the ravages of the invaders and have driven him from their borders. While rejoicing at the victories, under which God's blessings have crowned our exertions, let us cherish the memory of our brave comrades who have laid down their lives upon the battle field, martyrs in their country's cause -Their names will be enshrined in the hearts of every description.

By command of Major General McClellan S. Williams. A. A. G.

## The Visit of Gen. McGlellan.

Rumored military movements in lower Virginia .- The re'el Copital again threatened. Baltimore, Oct. 10 .- Gen. McClellan. with Gen. Manry of his staff, arrived here yesterday morning, in expectation of meeting Mrs. McClellan who was to arrive from Philadelphia and meet him at the Entaw an paid his respects to General Wool dined with him, and then in company with some much pleased with that splendid enclosure. They Tear up the Railroad Track at New He left in the afternoon train for \$Philadelphia, and returned in a special train this at-

He goes direct to his headquarters, which

Note -Major General Hurlbut is across cheering advice from Norfolk, Portsmouth, siderable portion of the railroad track a few the Hatchie to cut off their retreat and fol- Suffolk and that region. It would be im- miles from the town. They came from the politic to mention particulars, but the coun- way of Emmettsburg and Chestertown, and try may depend upon and need not be sur- were greatly elated at the success of their prised, at hearing of big events-grand naval and land movements-at no distant day. The following letter from Major General lie on the south bank of the Potomac, be intercepted by our infantry before reach-George B. McClellan to Gov. Curtin 'pays a watching General McClellan in that quarter- ing the Potomac. just tribute to the Governor and the patriot- The "Old Salts" are preparing to raise a ic militia of the Commonwealth, who so no- storm. Look out for Petersburg, Richmond, State from invasion, marching voluntarily be impossible for them to stand when at tacked again.

> Two new regiments of troops arrived here this morning One of them is from

## Affairs in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Oct 12 .- The recent rebel in vasion of Pennsylvania has not created much excitement here. It is well known port of the Monocacy bridge being burned. by al! who have seen General McClellan's army, and know howit is situated along the Potomac, that the enemy cannot cross in any formidable force. Mercersburg the turbed. town captured by Siewart, is fourteen or filteen miles above Hagerstown, due west on the National turnpike. It is some fifteen or twenty miles from

the Potomac, and in a very rich productive county. There are probably, fifteen hundred inhabitants, two or three hotels and a few small retail stores, containing limited quantities of heavy and fancy articles. though not much coffee, salt, sugar shoes or clothing. There are prenty of horses and cattle in the neighborhood, "Stony Batter." where ex President Buchanan was born is

There are rumors here to-day that the Confederates have possession of the Monocacy, below Frederick, but cuch a thing is wholly impossible. The managers of the Northern Central and Western Maryland railroads are on the alert, looking after their cars, engines, &c They are a little apprehensive of an attempt being made to injure or possess the tracks near Hanover or York on the one hand, and Westminster on the other. There is, in my judgement, no fear

Secessianists here this morning are quite jubilant over rumors or information they pretend to have of their rebel friends being in Hanover, Pennsylvania. If this be so they may rest perfectly assured of hearing quite soon of their being bagged.

# THE VICTORIES IN THE WEST.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12,-The official accounts from Kentucky show the Union victory over the rebels at Perryville to be Wounds, Sores and Scurvy, the Ointment much more important and complete than is a certain cure, and for Bowel Complaints at first reported.

The most perfect confidence prevails here troops .- Fifteen thousand stand of arms, as to the condition of the army on the Up-Fourteen guns, 39 colors, and nearly six per Potomac. Every day is adding to its force and efficiency.

No sort of importance is given here to Stewart's cavalry raid into Pennsylvania .-It was a mere foroging expedition, and The commanding General extends his they will probably pay dearly for their au

LAND VALLEY.

-Excuiement at Carlisle and Harrisburg. -Booty captured at Chambersburg.

quence of the rebel raid into this State and the capture of Mercersburg and Chambersburg, where much booty was obtained, but is no lack of rumors, and not a lew are apprehensive of the capture of the Capital .-The Governor has been very closein regard to information from Chambersburg, but

left, and the vigorous support of Porter and make a dash on Carlisle. But they will Pleasanton present a brilliant spectacle to probably go no farther, since it is underour countrymen, which will swell their stood that much of the railroad track is de-

But in truth, there is no foundation for dred stand of arms, and nearly six thousand the report that the rebels are advancing on prisoners taken from the enemy are evi. Carlisle. They left Chambersburg early dence of the completeness of our triumph. Yesterday morning loaded down with booty A grateful country will thank the noble ar- taking the Gettysburg road, and ere noon were out of the State taking the route to Emmettsburg There are various reports as to their doings in Chambersburg. They seized goods, horses, wagons, &c , for all of which they tendered Confederate scrip in payment, and probably carried off property to the value of more than half a million dollars. Every man provided himself with a fresh horse and an abundance of dry goods

The reports that the rebel cavalry were approaching Carlisle yesterday caused the greatest excitement in that place, and hondreds of citizens fled to the country, while merchants burridly packed their goods for shipment to points of safety.

There is no truth in the report that the oath of allegiance to the Confederate Government was administered to Col. McClure and other prominent citizens of Chambers. burg. Col. McClure simply surrendered the town, and with his associates was treated with marked civility by the rebel com

#### THE REBEL CAVALRY MAKING THEIR WAY TO THE POTOMAC.

Market .- Federal Cavalry in Close Pur-

BALTIMORE, Oct. 12, 3 P. M .- We have accounts from New Market, stating that Stewart's cavalry, which on Thursday made a dash into Pennsylvania, capturing Chambersburg and Mercersburg, passed through that place at three o'clock this morning, on their waw to the Monocacy, evidently with a view of re-crossing the Potomac at Haul-

They numbered about 3000, with four pieces of artillery. They cut the telegraph From a gentleman well posted, we have wires at New Market, and tore up a conexploits in Pennsylvania.

Two brigades of Federal cavalry were in The rebels are likely to find more to do than close parsuit, and it is believed they will

WHERE ARE THE REBEL CAVALRY ?

The Mystery of their Movements -The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Univjured. -Probable Capture of the Whole Force.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 12, 10 P. M.-There is much uncertainty as to the movements of Stewari's cavalry, and in many quarters tonight the report of their retreat towards Virginia, by the way of New Market is posimy thanks for your wise and energetic ac- THE REBEL RAID INTO PENNSYLVA- nively denied. Certain it is that the railroad track was not destroyed. The Baltimore and Ohio railroad ran their trains to Frederick and Harper's Ferry menight. The reand the railroad track torn up in that vicinity is untrue. The Northern Central and Western Maryland railroads are all undis-

There are reports that the rebel Cavairy are still in Pennsylvania, and others that they have not been in the State at all - that it is all a "big scare." This, however, is most unlikely, but where they are is the que-tion. It appears from the best information here, that from Chambersburg they were making for Hanover with a view to reaching the Central Railroad, but were necessitated to take some other course, when a few miles from Genysburg.

It they have made a dash from Emmetts burg east of Frederick, it has been as bold as it must have been expiditious; but the story is not believed. The Secessionists however anticipate unfavorable results from the raid, and from what is known of the arrangements and the position of the Federal forces on the Potomac, the capture of the whole force is almost a certainty. They cannot get into Virginia at any point in the vicinity of the Monocacy.

Accounts received in this city to night report that the Federal forces occupy the line of the Potomac for some (wenty miles above

# MARRIED.

On Tuesday morning, October 14th, at he house of Reuben Marcy, Esq. of Kingston, Pa., by Rev. George D. Miles, Mr. George V. Maus, of Williamsport to Miss Hattie Marcy.

WHAT AN AMOUNT OF SUFFERING and Disease among the Volunteers would be prevented by the free use of HOLLOW-AY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT. For Fevers, Small Pox, &c., the Pills are the best medicine in the world. Only 25 cents

# REVIEW OF THE MARKET,

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WHEAT,	\$1 12	BUTTER,
RYE,		EGGS,
CORN,	50	TALLOW,
OATS.	35	LARD,
BUCKWHEA'	1, 50	POTATOES,
FLOUR pr. bb	6 50	DR'D APPLES.1
CLOVERSEE		HAMS,

#### BATTLE SCENES. 100 of the most severe Battle Scenes and

Incidents of the war now ready (size 18x 30 mehes) highly colored, on fine card pa-HARRISBURG, Oct. 12 .- This city has been per, 4 for 25 cents, or 25 for \$1, postpaid. in a state of indescribable excitement and Also, just published, the Official Union Volunteer Directory (400 pages), giving alarm since yesterday morning, in consethe name of every Officer and private in the Union Army, with their commands, &c., logether with a large amount of other valuable information, sent, postpaid, on reto day there is less excitement though there ceipt of 25 cts. To Agents and the trade no better opportunity was ever offered .--Address HENRY B. ANSON, Print Publish er, &c., 49 State St., Boston, Mass. Papers copying, paid in the above.

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