

STAR OF THE NORTH.



W. H. JACOBY, EDITOR. BLOOMSBURG, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1862.

What Next?

The Republican party went before the country in the canvass of 1860, with the solemn declaration that it was not their intention or desire to interfere with slavery where it lawfully existed.

First, then: Congress have enacted and the President has approved, a new Article of War, making it a criminal offense, punishable by summary dismissal from the service, for any officer of the army to return a fugitive slave that may have taken refuge within his lines, to the loyal owner.

Second: The Senate has passed a bill removing the wise restriction which has heretofore existed by law against the employment of negroes in the important public service of carrying the mails.

Third: The House has raised a committee, under a resolution adopted on the 7th inst., to inquire into, and report a plan for the gradual emancipation of the slaves, and extinction of slavery, in Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky, Missouri, and, it expedient, in the other slave-holding States.

Fourth: Congress have passed, and the President has approved, a bill for the immediate abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, without regard to the rights or wishes of the inhabitants of the District, but compulsory in its provisions, and limiting the amount of compensation to be allowed the owners of the slaves thus taken from them against their consent.

These are the chief measures that have been thus far adopted in reference to slavery. The candid observer will at once see that they are by no means small steps toward the accomplishment of total abolition, as the ultimate design of sectional Republicanism. It is true, they do not violate any express provision of the Constitution, and therefore they keep within the strict letter of that fundamental law.

From abolishing slavery in the District, to an attempt to abolish it in the States, a very small step only need be taken. True, it will be a step beyond the Constitution, but those who habituate themselves to a violation of its spirit, will not long hesitate to transcend it, both in letter and spirit.

Information is wanted of the whereabouts of one Hosea Carpenter, of Luzerne county, president of a secret dark lantern order, entitled the "Loyal Union."

THE ELECTION in the Borough of Berwick last Saturday resulted in a tie between Jas. Jacoby, democrat, and Geo. W. Syier, republican. Last fall the Republicans had fifty-four majority.—Democrat.

The Nigger in a New Aspect.

The inevitable nigger is about to appear to us in a new shape, i. e. in propria persona in all his naked loveliness. We see by our exchanges that measures are already being taken in the border counties of this State and in the large towns and villages adjoining Dixie to check or prevent the sudden influx of the scores and hundreds of half-starved, vagrant, idle, thieving negroes.

Our brave soldiers who belong to the laboring classes will feel that they have been risking their lives and sacrificing the comforts of home to but little purpose, if they find their places in the fields and work shops usurped by these vagabond negroes when they return.

Already the working men and mechanics of Philadelphia and the border counties are appealing to our legislature to check by legislation this tide of lately freed negroes which is pouring in upon them in streams as destructive as the hot breath of the simoon of the desert to the traveler.

What name next.

The Republicans are in a bad way for a new name having used up everything that could be thought of. Last year after their notorious disunion record, ending in a dissolution of the Union, they called themselves the "Union party!" but what next, Oh, for a name!

THEODORE FREILINGUYSEN, who died at his residence in Newark, on Saturday, was one of the most eminent citizens of New Jersey. He was born in Somerset county, in this State, in 1787, and after practicing at the bar for some time he was appointed Attorney General in 1826.

PROFESSION VS. PRACTICE.—The Chicago Convention, which nominated Lincoln and Hamlin, made a Platform with only one good plank in it. This was the sixth resolution, condemning extravagance and corruption, which is now most applicable to the present administration, and in favor of economy.

PERKETT AND PRACTICE.—The Abolitionists had great respect for the rights of the people during the "bleeding" Kansas controversy. They considered it border Ruffianism to adopt a constitution without submitting it to the people.

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Broken Pledges.

The Republicans have not carried out a single pledge they made to the people before the election of Lincoln—not one.—Their Chicago platform was a fraud and a lie from beginning to end.

Another pledge made by the Republicans was that the Government should be "economically administered" that speculators when discovered, should be and would be punished, &c.

When (previous to the election of Lincoln) Democratic speakers and journalists attempted to convince the people that the election of the two highest officers of the Government by a sectional party would be impolitic, and calculated to exasperate the South and give a plausible excuse to southern mischief makers, to go on in their work of treason, the argument was ridiculed.

But it is not necessary that we should recount the violated pledges of Republican demagogues, for as we said before they have given the lie to every promise they made. We are now engaged in the very contest we predicted before the election of Mr. Lincoln.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD.—On the first day of this month, the stock holders of the Catawissa road met at their office in Philadelphia. Jos E. Moss, Esq., occupied the chair, and R. Fisher, Esq., acted as Secretary.

The second Annual Report was read by their President, T. Haskins Da Pay, Esq.—The report gives a most encouraging account of the past year's exertions. This road it should be remembered, has not received pecuniary benefits like most of the other thoroughfares throughout the State, from the transportation of men and munitions of war.

The local departments upon this route is becoming an important feature, having gradually increased until it affords a handsome income. In comparing the receipts of the last twelve months with those of preceding years it gives a decided advantage to the books of '61.

The net receipts were \$219,548 37 Expenses of all kinds 197,400 35 Net earnings 22,148 04

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TONNAGE TAX BILL.—The bill to the amended bill repealing the Tonnage Tax was defeated in the house where it originated.—The Democracy had no hopes of its final passage. The most danger to be apprehended is in the hands of the Governor, who it is said, signed the bill repealing the law: session under heavy pressure, some say a cool hundred thousand! See nothing of Floyd in that wood pile!

OUR ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

CAMP NEAR FT. LINCOLN, Saturday, A. M., April 19, 1862. Friend Jacoby—Several weeks have elapsed since I last wrote you, and though that time has been replete with events, I have found but little of interest to communicate.

The dull routine of Camp life has seldom been broken save by the slow and regular booming of distant cannon, announcing the joyful news of some glorious Union victory. You may imagine the effect produced among "our boys" when they learn that the Federal Soldiers have met the enemy and they are ours.

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THE WAR NEWS.

The Rebel force at Corinth. Beauregard reported to have one hundred thousand men.

CAIRO, April 18.—(Special despatch to the Chicago Times.) Recent intelligence from Corinth confirms the previous reports concerning the magnitude of the enemy's force. Reinforcements are arriving for Beauregard's army at an unexampled rate.

MOVEMENTS OF GENERAL MITCHELL. His army in the rear of Corinth.—The General answers a Telegram from Beauregard.

THE CAPTURE OF FORT PILASKI. The bombardment began at eight o'clock A. M. on the 10th and continued during the day.

At first, while procuring the ranges, it was somewhat inaccurate, many of the artillerymen being quite untrained. On the second day, in spite of a high wind, the firing from the rifled guns and columbiads was excellent.

COMMODORE FOOTE'S OPERATIONS. The attack on Fort Wright.—The fight on Thursday and Friday.

CAIRO, April 19.—(Special to Chicago Tribune.) Oil Fort Wright there was very heavy firing on both sides on Thursday, our mortars opening at noon. The enemy replied briskly from his land batteries, throwing shell clear over us, and nearly across the river.

From Gen. Banks' Column. A Skirmish—Flight of Jackson. To the Hon. E. M. Stanton, Sec. of War.

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DESPATCH FROM GEN. FREMONT.

HEADQUARTERS, WHEELING, Va. April 20. To the Hon. E. M. Stanton, Sec. of War. Intelligence has just been received from Gen. Milroy, stating that the enemy, numbering about 3,500 men, with two batteries, including two rifled guns are constructing fortifications upon the crest of the Shenandoah.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE for May is a charming number, surpasses all others of this volume, and is not outdone by any other publication of like character.

Knights of the Golden Ass. The Chicago Times says: "A contemporary makes a sensible suggestion. It is that Dr. Hopkins, the hero of the Knights of the Golden Circle practical joke, shall proceed to the organization of a new circle, to be called the Knights of the Golden Ass, and that Senator Chandler, of Michigan, be made the Grand High Priest of the Order."

A NIGHT BRAWL.—The usually quiet neighborhood of Market St., was suddenly thrown into a state of excitement on Wednesday night last about one o'clock, by riot among some young rowdies.

MEANLES are prostrating the Volunteers by hundreds, the hospitals are crowded with them. Soldiers are warned in time—Holloway's Pills are positively infallible in the cure of this disease.

MARRIED. In Bloomsburg, on the 9th inst., by Rev. David J. Walker, Mr. S. Webb Garrison, to Miss Cecilia J. Fauds, all of this place.

DIED. On the evening of the 10th inst. Rev. J. Kelly for the years past the efficient and most beloved pastor of the First Baptist Church, of Williamsport, aged 40 years.

REVIEW OF THE MARKET. CAREFULLY CORRECTED WEEKLY. WHEAT, \$1 12 BUTTER, 16 RYE, 60 EGGS, 12 CORN, 30 TALLOW, 10 OATS, 30 LARD, 10 BUCKWHEAT, 50 POTATOES, 75 FLOUR pr. bbl. 6 00 DR'S APPLES, 1 00 CLOVERSEED, 5 00 HAMS, 12

FRESH ARRIVAL OF NEW MILLINERY GOODS. THE undersigned would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg, and vicinity, that she has just received from the eastern cities her Spring & Summer Millinery Goods.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

William G. Perry, Bookseller, Blank Book Making, arer and Dealer in Imported and American Stationery, and Photograph Albums, S. W. cor. Fourth and Race, Phila.

Blank Accou t Books, FOLS-CAP PAPER, LETTER, NOTE, Bill, Sermon and Drawing Paper, Curtains and Wrapping papers, Envelopes, Pencils, Slates, Backgammon Boards, Chess, Gold Pens, Family Bibles, Hymns, Tracts, Books American, English & French, Lucks, Pocket Books, Writing Desks, &c. &c. all of which are being sold at very low prices for cash.

Good Books. Selling at a bargain. Purchasers buying Books, and Stationery for cash, can purchase much below wholesale prices at S. W. cor. Fourth & Race.

Greenwood Seminary. THE Spring Term of this Institution will commence on the 7th of April next. The Principal will be assisted by able instructors, and ample facilities will be afforded to qualify students for teaching, for business or for a more extensive course in literature, a liberal share of patronage is solicited.

Administrators Notice. NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of John J. Heller, late of M. Hill township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Michael B. Heller, who resides in M. Hill township.

HURRAH FOR THE UNION. And let us sharpen our bayonets. NEW GOODS! GREAT BARGAINS! THE undersigned is just receiving a new supply of goods, fresh from the cities of New York and Phila. and is prepared to sell them at Reduced Prices.

DAVID LOWENBERG. PHOTOGRAPHY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES executed in the best style known in the art. at E. G. CRANE'S GALLERY, 532 Arch Street, East of Sixth, Philadelphia.

E. H. LITTLE. ATTORNEY AT LAW, BLOOMSBURG, Pa. Office in Court Alley; formerly occupied by Charles R. Buckalew.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla. HIRAM G. HOWER, SURGEON DENTIST, Office near Wilson's Carriage Shop, Main St. Bloomsburg, Jan. 29, 1862.