



WM. H. JACOBY, EDITOR.

BLOOMSBURG, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 6th, 1861.

John Cassin, Esq., is defeated for a Assembly in the Bedford district by the meagre majority of 119 votes.

The Genesee Farmer is on our table for November; filled with choice and instructive matter for the farmer. Price 50c per annum.

The injunction prohibiting the publication of the West Chester Jeffersonian has been removed, and that paper will again make its appearance this week.

Daniel Dechert, editor of the Hagerstown (Md.) Mail, whose arrest was announced about six weeks ago, has been released by the Federal Government, and returned to his home on Saturday evening last.

In less than a year after the overwhelming success and advent to power of the Republicans, the Democracy compelled them to attempt to hide their principles under Democratic names and to abandon the very designation by which their party was known.

One of the funny consequences of the Republicans arrogating to themselves the name of "Union" party exhibits itself in giving the election returns. To style one of the parties Union, in contradistinction, to the others, would make it appear that the friends of the Union were but a small minority in the State. This prevented the Philadelphia Republican papers for several days giving the returns. But a happy thought at length struck the Inquirer—it republished the Republican Union party the "People's party" and under that name it gives the returns! This is, however, scarcely less awkward, for accepting that appellation would seem that people had beaten themselves! Come, gentlemen, honesty is the best policy—give yourselves a distinctive name, and, successful or not, stick to it; it will be better for you.

An accident happened on the Cattawissa Railroad, a few days since, near Mainville, this county, by an up train running into a truck loaded with rails; one of the rails on the truck passing through the head and getting into the boiler some five or six feet leaving out the water and steam. No one was hurt save a young man by the name of Zimmerman who got upon the train at Ringtown, for the purpose of having a pleasure ride to Cattawissa and back. He was rather severely scald; he being about the water tank at the time of the accident. He was brought to Cattawissa and cared for by Mr. B. F. Fortner, through whose kindness the young man was kept over night, and the following morning started for his home at Ringtown. The engineer made a very narrow escape, by springing behind some of the frame work attached to the engine.

A FEDERAL TEST.—The Republican papers are parading the following as a test question: "Do you hold your allegiance to the Federal Government superior to the allegiance due the State in which you reside?"

This is no question at all, and simply proves that the author does not understand our system of government. The Constitution designates the powers of the Federal Government, and of course, to the extent of those powers, it is supreme—beyond that, the States are sovereign. There can be no such thing as a superiority of allegiance in regard to the government of a State or the Federal Government,—simply because their Constitutional powers do not clash. A good citizen owes allegiance alike to the State and the Nation.

OHIO.—There are ninety counties in Ohio, of which about thirty gave majorities to Jewett. Todd's majority will be about 55,000, or some 13,000 less than that of Lincoln over Douglas. In reference to the Legislature, the Cleveland Plain Dealer says:

The Ohio Legislature has a large majority on joint ballot of Union men—that is elected on the Union or Todd ticket. A large majority of the House are of the Democratic faith, and a large majority of the Senate of Republican antecedents.

This is important as Mr. Wade's successor is to be chosen next winter. Mr. W. cannot probably secure even a majority of his own party who are looking to Mr. Secretary Chase and others to succeed him. But no one can be elected without the concurrence of the Democrats of the Lower House.

Gen. McClellan has accepted the command of the army in place of Lieut. Gen. Scott resigned. It is reported by the Tribune that Scott is about to visit Europe.—The old General's resignation was accepted with a good deal of reluctance on the part of the President and Cabinet. He has been a faithful servant, and retires from service commanding the esteem and respect of the entire army. His successor in command is comparatively a young man, but we are happy to state has the entire confidence of the army under his control. Success to Gen. McClellan.

SOLDIER'S MITTENS.—In the Crimean war, it is stated, that there was more suffering from frost-bitten fingers than from any one other cause. As winter is now coming on, and soldiers will greatly stand in need of a covering for the hands, it would be a humane action to furnish every soldier in the ranks with a pair of woolen mittens. They should be knit with fingers, so that the water can use the thumb and fore-fingers. Let our ladies set to knitting, and every volunteer from this county can be provided for.

Letter from one of the Harley Guards.

CAMP COONAN, NEAR HUNTINGTON PA., Nov. 2, 1861. Friend Will.—Health is a great blessing, and I must say that, our Camp at present, is highly favored in this particular; there has not been a single case of sickness in Camp. This is owing, in a great measure, to the sanitary regulations of our officers. Our Camp is being regularly transformed from a rough, rural state, into a city of white cottages. The streets have all been laid out. We have Arcs on the right, then follows, in regular succession, Walnut, Chestnut, Clearfield, Spruce, Broadway Fifth Avenue, and Susquehanna. Arches of beautiful designs and artistic finish span the principal entrances of all the streets. The streets are swept every morning regularly. We are daily becoming more accustomed to camp life, and the longer we are here the better we like it. CAPT. FRICK came in Camp last night with seven recruits all in good spirits. Order is now the law of the Camp, and this is owing, in a great degree, to the perseverance of Lieut. Est, who has repeatedly been Officer of the Day. This is indeed a merited acknowledgment of the ability of Lieut. E., and shows forth at once the light in which he is held by his superior officer. Hurrah for our gallant young Lieutenant! A sergeant on duty at our Camp yesterday; a citizen was shot, seriously wounding him, by a Sentinel of the Irish Brigade. I have not been able to get the full particulars, but understand that the man who was shot, was the owner of the land on which they (the Irish Brigade) are encamped, and was going to the mill. He was another, he was challenged by the guard but refused to halt, when the guard drew a pistol and shot him through the left side. The man is lying in a critical situation at present. "Our boys are all anxious to be armed and sent into the field," and I can assure you that if an opportunity offers not a man will flinch from duty but will seize the death-dealing firelock, and with the oath of retributive vengeance upon their lips they will plant the Stars & Stripes upon every hill-top from the Potomac to the Rio Grand or a bloody grave. The "dogs of war" will soon be let off their gallant band and will to the ravens that fall in our way. The blood of Ellsworth, Cameron, Baker, and the hosts of our brethren that have been ruthlessly cut down by the traitors of the South, cry aloud for redress. The fires that blazed upon the altar of liberty in '76, and that inspired our forefathers to deeds of valor in their day, still burn unquenched in the bosoms of their sons. Let comrades preach peace, peace! whilst our flag is trailing in the dust—let them do all they can to prevent our young men from going forth to redress the wrongs of our insulted flag. Yet we hope, you know that that flag is past, the declaration has gone forth, and there is no recalling it. The men of the North must be met as the traitors of the South, and receive the same treatment which they will. They will be branded Cain-like and receive their reward in the execrations of an insulted and upright people. Our regiment is fast filling up, and will soon be in readiness for marching. By the way, how are the Bloomsburg Home Guards getting along with their peace ideas? request in peace? I should like to see a copy of the STAR now and then. Yours truly, TOODLES.

IMPORTANT TO RECRUITS AND RECRUITING OFFICERS.—There are numerous instances, where men have signed their names on enlistment rolls, and afterwards failed to go into the service of the several companies they had pledged themselves to. It appears that these recruits could have been held according to a recent military decision. It has been decided by Generals Butler and Schouler, after a very careful investigation, that a soldier is from the time of signing his name to the enlistment roll, just as truly as though he were "sworn in;" and persons who have enlisted and left the service without a proper discharge, are to be considered deserters, whether they have been "sworn in" or not. Something Else. The Republican party fulfilled its mission, and what a mission! But no matter for that now, like the caterpillar it collapsed and turned into something else.—That something else was a pretended Union party, made up of Abolitionists, and men that have labored for years in bringing about the dissolution of the Union. This bogus Union party has now caterpillarized also, and by next year it will hatch out into something else. Many people expect it next year to come out a Simon pure Abolition party—believing that its several states of transition are past.—Northumberland Democrat.

PROMOTED.—We notice by the several papers of this county, that CHARLES B. BACKWAT, who volunteered in the "Iron Guards" at this place last Spring, has been promoted to the First Lieutenant in Colonel Leonard's Mass Thirtieth Artillery Regiment which is lying in Camp Banks near Williamsport, Maryland. This appointment was made by Governor Curtin, and it is a good one and well deserved. Mr. B. is a promising young man.

MR. WILLIAM BORDERS, of the Greenwood Seminary has received the appointment of Superintendent of the Public Schools of Columbia county, in place of Mr. Lewis Appleman, deceased. Mr. B. held this office two terms previous to the election of Mr. Appleman, and as far as we can learn, made an excellent Superintendent. Probably a more fit person does not reside in the county. We have no fears of the cause of education suffering under his guardianship.

DEBT TO NEWSPAPERS.—Newspaper subscriptions are infallible tests of men's honesty. They will, sooner or later, discover the man. If he is dishonest, he will cheat the printer some way—says he has paid somewhere—or sent money and it was lost in the mail—or will take the paper and not pay for it, on the grounds that he did not subscribe for it—or will move off leaving it coming to the office left. Thousands of professed Christians are dishonest, and the printer's book will tell fearful tales in the final judgment.

FIGHTING KANSAS.—This young State seems to be like a kiltenny cat, all fight.—She has furnished, complete or nearly full, nine regiments for the war, besides volunteering out thirty day men when emergency required, and every able bodied man in the state is said to be undergoing drill, and ready

From the War Department.

The following letter from Lieut. General Scott was received by the President on Thursday afternoon last: HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, Washington, D. C., Oct. 31, 1861. The Hon. S. Come on Sec'y. of War.

Sir: For more than three years I have been unable, from a hurt, to mount a horse or walk more than a few paces at a time, and that with much pain. Other and new infirmities, dropsy and vertigo, admonish me that a repose of mind and body, with the appliances of surgery and medicine are necessary to add a little more to a life already protracted much beyond the usual span of man.

It is, under such circumstances, made doubly painful by the unnatural and unjust rebellion now raging in the Southern States of our so-called pro-principles and happy Union, that I am compelled to request that my name be placed on the list of retired army officers, retired from active service.

As this request is founded on an absolute right granted by a recent act of Congress I am entirely at liberty to say that it is with deep regret that I withdraw myself, in these momentous times, from the orders of a President who has treated me with distinguished kindness and courtesy—whom I know, upon much personal intercourse, to be patriotic without sectional partialities or prejudices to be highly conscientious in the performance of every duty, and of unrivalled activity and perseverance.

And to you Mr. Secretary, whom I now address in confidence, I beg to acknowledge my many obligations for the uniform high consideration I have received at your hands, and have the honor to remain Sir, With high respect, your obedient servant, WINFIELD SCOTT.

A special Cabinet council was convened on Friday morning, at 9 o'clock, to take the subject into consideration. It was decided that Lieut. General Scott's request, under the circumstances of his advanced age and infirmities, could not be declined. Gen. McClellan was thereupon, with the unanimous agreement of the Cabinet notified that the command of the Army would be devolved upon him.

At four o'clock in the afternoon the Cabinet again waited upon the President and attended him to the residence of Gen. Scott. On being seated the President read to the General the following order: "On the first day of November, A. D. 1861 upon his own application to the President of the United States, General Lieutenant General Winfield Scott, is ordered to be placed, and is hereby placed, upon the list of retired officers of the Army of the United States, without reduction in his current pay, subsistence, or allowances."

The American people will hear with sadness and deep emotion that Gen. Scott has withdrawn from the active control of the army. While the President and the unanimous Cabinet express their own and the nation's sympathy in his personal affliction and their profound sense of the important public services rendered by him to his country during his long and brilliant career, among which will ever be gratefully distinguished his faithful devotion to the Constitution of the Union, and the flag when assailed by a partial rebellion. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, Speech of General Scott.

Gen. Scott thereupon arose and addressed the President and Cabinet, who had also risen as follows: "President: This honor overabunds me. I overpay all services I have attempted to render to my country. If I had any claims, they are all obliterated by this expression of approval by the President and the unanimous support of his Cabinet. I know the President and this Cabinet well. I know that the country has placed its interests in this trying crisis in safe keeping. Their counsels are wise. Their labors are untiring as they are loyal, and their course is the course of duty. President you must excuse me; I am unable to stand longer to give utterance to the feelings of gratitude which oppress me. In my retirement I shall offer up my prayer to God for this Administration and for my country. I shall pray for it with confidence in its success over its enemies, and that speedily. Remarks of the President.

The President then took leave of General Scott giving him his hand and saying he hoped soon to write him a private letter expressive of his gratitude and affection. The President added: "GENERAL: You will naturally feel solicitude about the gentlemen of your staff, who have rendered you and their country such faithful service. I have taken that subject into consideration. I understand that they go with you to New York. I shall desire them to take the earliest conveyance after their return, to make their wishes known to me. I desire you however to be satisfied that except the unavoidable privation of your counsel and society, which they have so long enjoyed, the provision which will be made for them will be such as to render their situation as agreeable hereafter as it has been heretofore. Each member of the Administration then gave his hand to the veteran and retired in profound silence.

Response of Secretary Cameron. The following is the response of the Secretary of War to the letter of Gen. Scott: WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington Nov. 1, 1861. GENERAL: It was my duty to lay before the President your letter of yesterday asking to be relieved under the recent act of Congress. In separating from you, I cannot refrain from expressing my deep regret that your health shattered by long service and repeated wounds received in your country's defence, should render it necessary for you to retire from your high position at this momentous period of our history. Although you are no longer in active service I yet hope that with I continue in charge of the Department over which I now preside, I shall at times be permitted to avail myself of the benefits of your counsels and sage experience. It has been my good fortune to enjoy a personal acquaintance with you for over thirty years and the pleasant relations of that long time have been greatly strengthened by your cordial and generous co-operation in all the great questions which have occupied the Department and covered the country for the last six months.

TO ALL WHO DESIRE IT, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only objection of the advance in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address: Rev. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings co., N. Y.

Lexington has been released by Gen. Price.

He was seen at Warrensburg to-day, on his way to Lexington to bring away a child he had left there. This release indicates that the commission sent from St. Louis some days since to effect the exchange of Co. M. Malizia and Peabody and Major Johnston, Robert Frost, Col. Bowen, and Maj. Williams, who were captured at Camp Jackson, has been successful.

A DAY OF THANKSGIVING AND PRAISE. PENNSYLVANIA SS.

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of said Commonwealth. PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, every good gift is from above and comes down to us from the Almighty, to whom it is most right and the bounden duty of every people to render thanks for His mercies; Therefore I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do recommend to the people of this Commonwealth, that they set apart THURSDAY 28th of NOVEMBER NEXT, as a day of solemn Thanksgiving to God, for having preserved our corn and watered our furrows, and blessed the labors of the husbandman, and crowned the year with His goodness, in the increase of the ground and the gathering in of the fruit thereof, so that our barns are filled with plenty; and for having looked favorably on this Commonwealth, and strengthened the bars of her gate and blessed the children within her, and made men to be of one mind and preserved peace in her borders; Beseeching Him also on behalf of these United States that our beloved country may have deliverance from these great and appalling dangers, which are compassed about it, and that He will mercifully still the outrage of perverse, violence, untruth and rebellious people, and make them clean hearts, and renew a right spirit within them, and give them grace that they may see the error of their ways and bring forth fruit meet for repentance; and hereafter in all godliness and honesty, obediently walk in His holy commandments, and in submission to the just and manifest authority of the republic, so that we, leading a quiet and peaceable life may continually offer unto Him our sacrifice of praise and thanksgiving.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State at Harrisburg, this sixteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and of the Commonwealth, the eighty-sixth. A. G. CURTIN, BY THE GOVERNOR: ELI SLATER, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The Pittsburg Gazette furnishes the particulars of a sad accident which occurred on the 12th ult. near the upper steam mill in that Borough: "Z. A. Sickler, from Exeter, Wyoming, brought some grain to the mill, had it unloaded, and left horses and wagon by the east door of the mill and his boy about eight years old in the wagon holding the lines, while he stepped in to get his pay for the grain. He had not been in long when one of the millers hearing the train coming, called his attention to it. He sprang to the door, just in time to see the fatal collision. The boy was trying to hold the frightened horses, when the cars caught the harness and wagon and moved them a few feet to a narrow place between the mill and the track and there the work of death and destruction was consummated. The boy was thrown from the wagon amongst the cars and carried several feet and left on the track a lifeless and mangled corpse—both his arms broken, his body cut in twain and a portion of his bowels left several feet back along the track. One of the horses was killed instantly and the other was so much injured that it died in a few hours. The wagon was a perfect wreck."

We received a number of a monthly agricultural journal, entitled the "Gardener's Monthly," published at Philadelphia, by Thos. Meacham, price \$1.00 per annum. It looks as if it might be a very useful work among our farmers. We have not had time to examine it closely.

REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.

Not having received from many sources, and from physicians of the highest standing and from patients, the most flattering testimonials of its great value in the treatment of this painful and obstinate disease, we are induced to present it to the public in a form READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE, which we hope will commend itself to those who are suffering with this afflicting complaint, and to the medical practitioner who may feel disposed to test the powers of this valuable remedy. ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE, in the form above spoken of, has recently been extensively experimented with in the Pennsylvania Hospital, and with MARKED SUCCESS (as will appear from the published accounts in the medical journals).

ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE. The New Remedy for RHEUMATISM.

It is carefully put up ready for immediate use, with full directions, and can be obtained from all the druggists at 75 cents per bottle, and at wholesale of BULLOCK & CRENshaw, Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists, Philadelphia, Penna., Philadelphia, June 26, 1861.—

SPECIAL NOTICE. TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a very few weeks by a very simple remedy after having suffered several years with a severe and protracted and fatal disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only objection of the advance in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address: Rev. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings co., N. Y.

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

CAREFULLY CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, FLOUR, CLOVERSEEDS, BUTTER, EGGS, TALLOW, LARD, POTATOES, DRIED APPLES, HAMS.

MARRIED.

On the 31st ult., by the Rev. W. E. Crebs, Mr. Abraham Buckle, to Miss Dorcas Ann Keller, all of Millville, Columbia Co.

On the 23rd inst., by the same, Mr. Henry Felt to Miss Selma Egles, also, all of Millville, Col. Co.

On the 19th ult., in Bloomsburg, by J. R. Dimm, at his residence, Mr. SAMUEL BIRKENBERGER, to Miss ESTER ZEIGLER, all of Mt. Pleasant, Col. Co. Pa.

On the 31st ult., at the residence of Mr. Arthur in Bloomsburg, by J. R. Dimm, Mr. W. P. McBride, to Miss H. J. WELLIVER, all of the above place.

On Sunday the 27th ult., by Wm. Shuman Esq., Mr. SAMUEL HINDSKELDER, to Miss Susanna, both of Beaver township, Columbia Co.

October 26th, by Elder J. Saiton, Mr. SILAS BEZANIAN, to Miss PHOENIX ANN MARBLE, all of Boston township, Columbia Co.

DIED.

In Montoursville Lyeomung county, on October 27th, in the 60th year of his age, Col. THOMAS W. LYON, formerly of Williamsport.

In South Bend, St. Joseph county, Indiana, on the 22d of October 1861, Mrs. NANCY ALLEN, consort of Hugh Allen formerly of Montour county, in the 67th year of her age.

Court Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. Warren J. Woodward, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and Court of Common Pleas and Orphans, Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Montgomery, and the Hon. Jacob Evans and Stephen Balcy, Associate Judges of Columbia County, have issued their precept, bearing date one thousand eight hundred and sixty one, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday (being the 2nd day) of December, next, and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace and Constables of the said County of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquiries and other returns, ready to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the Jail of said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, in obedience to their notice dated at Bloomsburg, the 24 day of Nov., in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and in the eighty-sixth year of the Independence of the United States of America (God save the Commonwealth). JOHN SNYDER, Sheriff, Bloomsburg Nov. 6, 1861.

List of Causes, for Dec. '61.

- 1 Cyrus Barton vs. Hiram O. Fowler, et al assigned issue.
2 T. W. Kahler, vs. Daniel Nyhard.
3 Andrew Creveling, vs. Andrew Melick Sr, et al.
4 Philip Wintersteen, vs. Valentine Wintersteen.
5 Philip Miller, admr. of Isaiah Shuman, vs. Jacob L. Shuman.
6 Joseph Lockart, vs. J. Pennington.
7 Ezekiel Sholtz, vs. Jas. Pennington, et al.
8 James Shields, et al vs. Isaiah Shuman, administrator.
9 Richard B. Menagh vs. John Gigger.
10 Hugh Thompson, et al vs Augustus B. Pearce et al.
11 Daniel F. Saylor vs. A. R. Pearce et al.
12 John C. Wells vs. George Kirtley.
13 Wilson Ager vs. Joseph Patton.
14 Michael B. Brown, et al vs James J. Dutt, et al.
15 Clinton D. Herring, et al vs Daniel F. Saylor.
16 Michael Fogle, vs Peter Campbell.
17 Thomas C. Robinson vs Wm. Feasey.
18 John C. Robinson vs Wm. Feasey.
19 Thomas C. Robinson vs Wm. Feasey.
20 Peter M. Tautz, vs Aaron Clayton.
21 Samuel Whisker, vs Margaret Smith.
22 Nathan Taylor, et al vs James Calk.
23 Frederick Dudy, vs Leonard Adams.
24 Charles Tomlinson, vs Franklin Siewer, et al.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby giving to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance to the Orphan's Court, to be held at Bloomsburg, in the county aforesaid, on Wednesday the 4th day of December next, at 2 o'clock, in the afternoon. 1. The first account of John Wenner, Administrator of the estate of Solomon Harman, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased. 2. The account of John Koffer, Guardian of the estate of Margaret Parr, a minor child of Jacob Parr, late of Maine township, deceased. 3. The first and final account of John Dink and Hiram Walp Administrators of the estate of Anthony Walp late of Briar-creek township, deceased. 4. The second account of William H. Woodin, one of the Executors of Jared H. Young late of the Borough of Berwick deceased. 5. The account of Philip Boyer and Abraham Cooper Executors, of the last will and testament of Peter Shaffer, late of Derry township deceased. 6. The account of Keuben Fabinger, Administrator of the estate of Daniel Houck late of Roaringcreek twp., deceased. 7. The account of David Shaffer, Guardian of David Koster one of the heirs of David Koster, late of Briar-creek township deceased. 8. The first and final account of States B. M. Yost, Administrator, of the estate of Abraham Stewart late of Maine twp., dec'd. 9. The account of Alvina Fowler, Administrator of the estate of Josiah Fowler, late of Briar-creek township deceased. 10. The first account of Cyrus B. Reese, Administrator, of Veriah Reese, late of Hemlock township, deceased. 11. The account of John Sharpless, Executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Millard late of Bloom township, deceased. 12. The account of Samuel Appleman and John Lemon Administrator, of Samuel Lemon late of Benton township dec'd.

GRAND JURORS.

FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1861. Bloom—Philip Eyer S. Austin Ritter. Beaver—William Schell. Cattawissa—Jacob Gensele. Centre—George Freas, Wm. Hoffman. Franklin—Jesse Cleaver, Clinton Mendenhall. Fishingcreek—Henry Bittenberker. Greenwood—William Mather. Hemlock—John McReynolds. Jackson—Iram Derr. Locust—William Yeager. Madison—Samuel Brogler. Maine—John Grover. Marquette—John Heiler, Jacob Hartzel. Orange—Phenas Brear. Pine—William Kashner. Scott—John Kressler, Dan'l L. Everhart, William White. Shingora—Sam'l Kitchen, John Lewis.

FAMILY MEDICINE.

When our children are out of sorts, we give them a few drops and it sets them all right. But it meets the general wants of the stomach and bowels when disordered. Reader, if you need either or both of the most excellent Remedies, inquire for them at the stores; if you do not find them take no other, but procure One Dollar in a letter, and on receipt of the money, the Remedy or Remedies will be sent according to your directions, by mail or express, post paid. Ad. free.

DAN'L S. DARLING.

102 Nassau St., New York. Put up in 50 cent and \$1. Bottles each. November 6, 1861—6m.

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TRAVERSE JURORS.

FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1861. Bloom—Joshua Pennerman. Beaver—Daniel G. Gearhart, Franklin L. Shuman. Berwick—John McAnall, David Baucher. Briar-creek—Jacob Bower, Francis Evans. Benton—Elias McHenry. Cattawissa—William John, Wm. Creasy. Centre—Samuel Creveling. Fishingcreek—John Boston, John Hess, John Andrews, George M. Howell, John Drescher. Franklin—Daniel Zett. Greenwood—Isaac D. Patton, John F. Moore. Locust—Lewis Lee, William Thomas, Mathias Persing. Madison—Stias Barber, Jacob Manning, William Kitchen. Monton—John Dieterick, Washington Bittenberker. Mifflin—Thomas Hicks. Mt. Pleasant—Joseph R. Vanderlicke. Orange—David Achenbach. Pine—Thomas Harlin, Jacob Christian, Hiram Shultz. Roaringcreek—Daniel Levan. Scott—George Mack. Sugarloaf—Jacob H. Fritz.

NEW MILLINERY GOODS.

THE undersigned would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that she has just received from the eastern cities her full and complete assortment of the latest styles of all of which she is prepared to make up and sell at a very reasonable low figure. Her assortment of goods are a little superior in point of durability as well as tastefulness, to any offered by her in this section before. She returns thanks for the liberal patronage she has received, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. MARY BARELEY. Bloomsburg, Oct. 9, 1861.

WINTER MILLINERY GOODS.

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FOR SALE!

Several desirable Building Lots in Bloomsburg, for sale. Inquire of J. W. WIRT. Bloomsburg, Oct. 21, 1861.

AGENTS WANTED!

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