



WM. H. JACOBY, EDITOR.

BLOOMSBURG, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1861.

Democratic Nominations.

- REPRESENTATIVES. LEVI L. TATE, of Columbia. GEO. S. TUTTON, of Wyoming. SHERIFF. JOSIAH H. FURMAN. ASSOCIATE JUDGES. JOHN McREYNOLDS, STEPHEN BALDY. TREASURER. JAMES S. MCINCH. COMMISSIONER. CHARLES H. HESS. CORONER. JAMES LAKE. AUDITOR. JOHN F. FOWLER.

Declination of Judge Baldy.

Having written to the Hon. STEPHEN BALDY, inquiring whether he would accept or decline the nomination tendered him by the Convention of Republicans, styling themselves the Union Convention, which assembled in Bloomsburg on Saturday, September 7th, he replied very definitely, as follows: CATAWISSA, Sept. 14th, 1861. To W. H. JACOBY, Esq., Chairman Dem Standing Committee:

Sir: In reply to your note of the 9th I have only to say that having received the Democratic nomination for Associate Judge, I cannot of course become the candidate of a second party. They have not given me the opportunity to decline their nomination, not having even notified me of the fact; but your letter has enabled me to say that I am the candidate of the Democratic party only; knowing it to be thoroughly for the Union, the Constitution and the Laws. Very respectfully, Your obedient servant, STEPHEN BALDY.

Candidates for Assembly.

In referring to the proceedings, in another column of our paper, of the Democratic Representative Conference, which met in this place on Friday last, it will be seen that Col. LEVI L. TATE, of Columbia, and Geo. S. TUTTON, Esq., of Wyoming, received the nomination for Assembly. These men are now duly nominated, and it is the duty of every true Democrat to support them. They are fit to represent us in the Hall of the Legislature, and knowing this, they are entitled to our undivided support. The Democratic party have chosen them to be their representatives for the coming term in the Legislature, and true to their intentions, they will elect them.

Mr. TATE is an editor of long experience. He has been battling in the cause of the Union, the Constitution and the Laws, much longer than many other men, and has received less—therefore, if for nothing else, he is justly deserving of the hearty support of every Democrat in the District. Mr. TUTTON is a man whose acquaintance we have enjoyed but a short time. We have heard him speak, and can safely recommend him to the voters of this county, as well as the District, as being a man eminently qualified in every respect to honorably represent the people of this District in the Legislature. He has never been a seeker after office; had he been, he should most certainly have succeeded, hence we would have all known him better. By profession, he is a lawyer, possessing fine abilities.

"The Sinews of War."

We can make no greater mistake than to imagine that men, money, and arms constitute the chief—and only—sinews of war. There are other requisites to the successful prosecution and speedy termination of the present conflict, quite as indispensable and potent. Without a unanimous confidence in our own strength and resources; without an implicit trust in the integrity of our Government; and a firm determination to sustain it to the last; without a steadfast reliance upon the righteousness of our cause, and upon the wisdom and justice of that omnipotent Power who holds the destinies of nations in the hollow of his hand; without a patriotic and noble resolve to discard all considerations of personal interest, and without an honest and avowed purpose to cast off the shackles of partisan prejudice—we may succeed in gaining the final victory, but we never can succeed in fully deserving it.

To overlook the moral issues of the struggle, and the great moral and patriotic influences which are daily and hourly giving its shape for the pen of the future historian, is to do duty in mere physical force, and leave to cold arithmetic the glory and the laurels of our battle-fields.

Democratic Meeting in Bloomsburg.

The Democracy of Bloomsburg and vicinity design holding a Mass Meeting in the Court House at this place, on Saturday next. Able Speakers have been invited, and will be present to address the people upon the great principles for which our forefathers struggled so nobly to accomplish. The public are most cordially invited to attend. Accommodations are being made for all who may see fit to be present. The late Democratic Meetings which were held throughout the county have all been largely attended. We have no reason to believe otherwise than that there will be a large crowd of people here on Saturday next. The camp fires of the Old Democratic party in Columbia county are rapidly kindling. The people are preparing to roll up one of those old-fashioned Democratic majorities in October next!

The Legislature.

During the campaign we have been watching the course of the papers on the Legislative question, and we have been gratified to find so many articles laudatory of the candidate from Columbia County. We give a few of them below. They are from papers outside of the District, disinterested entirely, and looking only to the success and permanence of the Democratic party, and the good of our Common Country. We commend to our readers and the voters of the county; the voluntarily commendation thus bestowed upon their choice, with the full belief that his majority will be such, as to show the people of the State, that the old Star of the North is, as ever, sound and reliable.

HE OUGHT TO SUCCEED.—Col. LEVI L. TATE, of the Columbia Democrat, is a candidate for nomination for the Legislature. For upwards of twenty years Col. T. has proved a most faithful wheel horse to the Democratic party, not only in Columbia county, but in the districts of which it forms a part, and in the State. Col. T. has always defended the principles of the party, regardless of the bitter denunciations from the opposition—his course in support of men was consistent and well understood, and a wealth against the corrupt administration now in power. Elect such men as Col. T., and not only the tax payers—but the brave soldiers, who are fighting the battles of the country, will have fair play when laws are to be enacted in which they are interested. —Clinton Democrat.

Col. LEVI L. TATE, has been nominated by the Democratic Convention of Columbia county for the Assembly. The Columbia Democrat has been engaged in publishing a Democratic paper in Columbia county for the last quarter of a century, and is well qualified to fill the position to which he aspires. He is both honest and capable, and will make an able representative. —Harrisburg Patriot and Union.

Col. LEVI L. TATE, the sprightly and able editor of the Columbia Democrat, has been nominated for the Assembly by the Democratic Convention of Columbia county. The Col. is a very deserving gentleman, and will make a most excellent and useful Representative. His election is sure. —Lancaster Intelligencer.

Col. L. L. TATE, of the Columbia Democrat, has been nominated for the Legislature by the Democratic Convention of Columbia county. There is no doubt of his triumphant election. —Carbonate Advance.

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We are gratified at the nomination of our old friend, Col. Tate of the Columbia Democrat, for the Legislature, by the Democracy of Columbia. The Col. will make a useful representative and his long services deserve to be rewarded. Hurrah for Tate.—York Gazette.

Col. LEVI L. TATE, editor of the Columbia Democrat, has been nominated for the Assembly by the Democrats of Columbia county. He is a very deserving gentleman, and will make a useful Representative. We hope he may be elected. —Eaton Sentinel.

Roaringcreek Mass Meeting.

UNION DEMOCRATS AROUSED! Agreeably to public notice given a large number of citizens of Columbia county, met at the Public House of John L. Hurst, in Slabtown, on Saturday last, (Sept. 14th) in Mass Meeting, for the purpose of ratifying our county and District nominations as well as considering the deplorable condition in which our once happy country has been placed! The spot selected for the holding of the meeting was a splendid grove close by the village where stands and seats were prepared in good order. Between the hours of one and two o'clock the vast multitude proceeded to the grove, headed with martial and string music and the Stars and Stripes. We take pride in noting the fact that a large number of Democratic Ladies were in attendance, probably more than ever presented themselves at a Democratic Mass Meeting in that section of county before. They appear to feel greatly interested and concerned in the future welfare of this once glorious Union. They know full well that upon the result of this conflict which is now shaking the country to its very centre depend their happiness and safety. They are anxious to see rebellion crushed out and the re-establishment of this Union upon a firm and lasting basis. The permanent Union of those States is the universal cry of the Democratic party, both male and female. After arriving upon the ground, and the people became seated, the following gentlemen were selected as the officers of the day. President—JOHN YEAGER, sen., Vice Presidents—Hon Stephen Baldy, John McReynolds, A. H. Mears, Christian Wolf, C. F. Mann, John Keller, Andrew Freas, William Hoffman, J. R. Millard, Solomon Feitman, John S. Hermer, Daniel Knittle, Stephen Poho. Secretaries—Gera Hower, Wm. Krickbaum, Reuben Fabinger, Jacob Yeager. The organization being effected the following named persons were appointed as a Committee to draft and report resolutions to the meeting: Hon Peter Ent, Peter K. Herbine, Jacob Hermet, John Yeager, Jonas Fahringer, Wm. H. Jacoby, J. S. Hurst, Samuel Adams, Adam Gable. After the announcement of this committee John G. Freeze, Esq., entertained the audience with a few brief and pointed remarks which were received with general satisfaction. The Committee on resolutions having got together prepared the following, which they reported through the Chairman, Peter Ent. They were adopted unanimously: WHEREAS, The peculiar state of the country and the condition of the Union—in its struggle for Nationality—requires that every loyal citizen should declare his fidelity to the Constitution and the Union of our fathers in unmistakable language; therefore, Resolved, That the Democratic party of Columbia County is now, as it has ever been, in favor of the unbroken Union of these States—that we will maintain the Constitution, the Government and the Law, and that we will sustain the present administration in all lawful and constitutional measures for suppressing rebellion, restoring the Union and enforcing the laws. Resolved, That while we are in favor of supporting and sustaining the Government, we are nevertheless in favor of the advance position for training the first honorable proposition for Peace, looking to the continued Union and equality of all the States. Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to use our best endeavors to secure the election of the ticket formed by the late Democratic Convention of Columbia county, and also the District Ticket for Assembly as formed yesterday at Bloomsburg. Upon the adoption of these resolutions Col. L. L. Tate arose, not for the purpose of making a speech, but merely to introduce the speakers who were invited to address the meeting. GEORGE S. TUTTON, Esq., of Wyoming, was called upon the stand, and addressed the people for nearly an hour in an able and patriotic speech. He reviewed the opposition from their early day up to the present, picturing to his audience the different dodges practiced upon the Democratic party for the purpose of gaining power. His address, throughout, was well received. It would not be more than proper to mention that the speaker is a candidate for Assembly. He was nominated in the Representative Conference which met in Bloomsburg on Friday last. He is a ready speaker, possessing very fine abilities; a lawyer by profession; and with all a most excellent Union Democrat. Gen. ROBERT FLEMING, of Williamsport, was next called upon the stand. He made a most powerful speech—containing nothing but Union sentiment from beginning to end. He is a very able speaker, and one who every lover of his country would listen to with delight. He commanded the attention of his audience for an hour with his sound logic and able reasoning. He battled manfully for the Union and was heartily applauded. On motion the following was adopted: Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting are hereby tendered to the different speakers for their able and patriotic addresses. It was announced that there would be a Democratic Meeting held in Bloomsburg on Saturday next, and that Gen. Fleming and E. B. Chase were invited and would be present to address the people. On motion the meeting adjourned with three cheers for the Union, three cheers for the County and District ticket, and three cheers for the speakers. SIGNED BY THE OFFICERS. Northumberland County.

The Democratic party of Northumberland county, have selected for Representative J. Woods Brown, Esq., of Milton, a gentleman of acknowledged ability, a uniform consistent democrat, a loyal citizen, and a moral and upright man. Why then should he not receive the support, not only of the democrats of the county, but of every man who desires to be represented by a man of unending integrity, whom no man can bribe, and who has the ability and will stand up in the Hall of Legislation, and advocate our rights. The Republicans have nominated a man from Sanbury, who is un-

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Letter from one of our Soldiers.

CAMP TENNALLY, Sept. 5, 1861. My Dear Sir—To the civilian this is a dull, dreary day; but to the soldier it is a Sabbath, as the rain gives him rest from drill—I will employ a part of my leisure time in writing to you a short account of our movements since my last letter to the Columbia Democrat. We left our camp on the Potomac some two weeks ago, and removed to our present location. It is immediately below General McCall's Headquarters, and in a beautiful grove. We have drilled steadily with our horses ever since, and they have become tolerably well drilled in the maneuvers, and stand fire very well. The duties of the day are somewhat as follows: The bugle awakes us to roll-call at 5 in the morning, after which the drivers proceed to water, feed, and entry their horses under the superintendence of the chiefs of their detachments. The breakfast call is sounded at 7 o'clock when each man takes his tin plate, cup, spoon, knife and fork and proceeds to eat his rations, which have previously been prepared by the mess cooks. The ground affords an ample and permanent table. At 7 1/2 the drill call is sounded, and the cannoneers are drilled on their pieces by their sergeants. The number of men in each detachment varies; mine has 18 men. At 9 o'clock the horses are harnessed and hitched to their respective pieces and caissons, each requiring six horses on 6 pounders. The whole battery then proceeds to the field, and is drilled till near noon. The afternoon's duties are about the same. We are put to some inconvenience on account of the scarcity of water. The horses have to go about a mile for it. The roll is called again at 9 o'clock in the evening, and half an hour later the lights must be extinguished and the camp quiet. As yet none of the men are armed except the Sergeants; they carry a sabre and Colt's navy revolver. The most of us have a pair of revolvers. Night before last, soon after roll call, we were ordered to prepare for a march and a fight. All was activity in a moment. The order came too late to prepare rations, so we had only to inspect the horses, harness, and hitch to the pieces. The drivers laid down upon their harness and the cannoneers about their guns. At 11 o'clock we received orders to proceed to the Chain Bridge above Washington. There was mounting in hot haste, and soon the pieces were marching in column, mine as No. 1, being on the lead. Our instructions were to use haste, and we rattled over the road, and through the darkness, at a fearful rate. The road soon narrowed down to a narrow and tortuous defile, and almost precipitous declivities. No time was taken to lock the wheels, and the poor horses were rubbed raw in their efforts to hold back. The infantry were of the move in all directions and we found that the camps along our route were deserted. As we gained no definite information as to our course, we advanced we did not within three quarters of a mile of Beauregard and his army. In fact we went as far as our most distant pickets extended. Some artillery and infantry had arrived before us and were making hurried preparations for a battle. The country was hilly and the hills wooded; and our force occupied a commanding position. Though we were stationed in the line of fire, and the enemy were expected every moment, we were ordered to remain in our position till daylight. When that came it was thought better that we should return to camp as our services might be of more use elsewhere. We could see fortifications and men in all directions and all on the march. By the daylight we saw the roads we had traveled in the darkness, and wondered at our doing so as well as we did. Captain Matthews being sick, Lieut. Ricketts was in command. The absence of Lieut. Case made me third in command. We reached our camp about 9 o'clock and devoted the balance of the day to rest. Towards evening we received orders to hold ourselves in readiness to march at fifteen minutes notice. We have two days rations ahead, and are prepared to go at any moment's notice. The fate of Washington will be decided in a few days, and you may soon hear of the most terrible battles being fought the world ever knew. We all stand ready, though, resolved that no power shall take our Capital from us without a hard struggle. Pennsylvania has done her duty in the past and will now. President Lincoln and Cabinet, Gen. McClelland and Staff reviewed us some time ago, and a brilliant scene it was. We were highly complimented by the General. Send me your paper regularly. Direct to Washington, D. C., Company F., 1st Reg't, Penn'a Artillery. ARTILLERIST.

The Rhinoceros Captured. Dan Rice's Rhinoceros, which got overboard while being brought to this city two weeks ago, was captured last night after a fearful struggle, and is now securely chained in this city, waiting the making of a new cage and wagon. It came out of the water yesterday afternoon about five o'clock, and with careful step walked into Mungler's cornfield, filled his capacious belly with corn, and on the way back got into the chain trap which had been set by Messrs. Potter, Wrightson, Manger and Col. Preston, the agent of Mr. Rice, catching both fore feet securely fast. A rope was thrown around his neck, and by severe choking the monster was subdued and blindedfolded, when it at once gave up and was led like a calf to this city, and is now caged for the time in Davis' stable. Col. Preston compensated each of the men who helped in his capture with \$200, and gave young Eggleston, who was hurt on Sunday last, \$100 in full for damages, besides paying the bill of Dr. Cameron. The monster will be taken to Milwaukee as soon as the cage can be finished, which will be by Tuesday next. —La Cross Democrat.

Gen. Jordan had no opposition at the recent primary election in Northumberland county as a candidate for President Judge. His vote was 1336. He has the nomination

of the Democratic party of Northumberland county, and is a man of acknowledged ability, a uniform consistent democrat, a loyal citizen, and a moral and upright man. Why then should he not receive the support, not only of the democrats of the county, but of every man who desires to be represented by a man of unending integrity, whom no man can bribe, and who has the ability and will stand up in the Hall of Legislation, and advocate our rights. The Republicans have nominated a man from Sanbury, who is un-

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The New York Tribune—New Volume.

On the seventh of September, 1861, the New York Weekly Tribune commenced the twenty first year of its existence; the Daily Tribune being some months older and the Semi-weekly Tribune somewhat younger. For more than twenty years, this journal has labored in what its conductors have felt to be the cause of Humanity, Justice and Freedom, endeavoring to meliorate the condition of the oppressed and unfortunate to honor and encourage useful exertion in whatever sphere, and, to promote by all means the moral, intellectual and material advancement of our country. It has aimed to be right rather than popular, and to expose and commend to-day the truth that others may not be willing to accept till tomorrow. In pursuing this course, mistakes have doubtless been made and faults committed; but, having in all things incited our readers to think and judge for themselves rather than adopt blindly our own or others' conclusions, we believe we may fairly claim for this journal the credit of having qualified its readers to detect and expose even its own errors. To develop the minds of the young by the most general thorough and practical Education, and to encourage and stimulate Productive Industry, through free grants of Public Lands to actual settlers and cultivators, as also through the protection of immature or peculiarly exposed branches from too powerful foreign competition, are among the aims to which this journal has adhered through good and evil report, and which it steadfastly commends to American patriotism and philanthropy. As to the Civil War now devastating our country, we hold it to have originated in a Rebellion more wanton, wicked, inexcusable, than was ever before known—a Rebellion in the interests of the few against many—a Rebellion designed to raise higher the walls of caste and tighten the chains of oppression. Having done all we could with out a surrender of vital principle to avoid this War, and witnessed the forbearance, meekness, and long-suffering with which the Federal Government sought to avert its horrors, we hold it our sacred duty, with that of every other citizen, to stand by the nation and its fairly chosen rulers, and to second with all our energies their efforts to uphold the Union, the Constitution, and the supremacy of the Laws. And, though usurpation, deception, terrorism, and spoliation, fearfully strong we believe the American Republic far stronger, and that the anonymous earnest efforts of loyal hearts and hands will insure its overthrow. But of all question affecting the objects, the scope, and duration of this most extraordinary contest, we defer to those whom the American People have clothed with authority, holding unity of purpose and of action indispensable in so grave an emergency. In a crisis like the present, our columns must be largely engrossed with the current history of the War for the Union, and with elucidations of its more striking incidents. We shall not, however, remit that attention to Literature, to Foreign Affairs to Agricultural Progress, to Crops, Markets, &c., &c., which has already, we trust, won for the Tribune an honorable position among all contemporaries. Our main object is and shall be to produce a comprehensive newspaper, from which a careful reader may glean a vivid and faithful history of the times not merely in the domain of Action but in that of Opinion also. As our facilities for acquiring information increase with years we trust that an improvement in the contents of our journal is perceptible, and in the variety and fullness of intelligence afforded, we may still hope to "make each day a critic on the last." In this hope, we solicit a continuance of the generous measure of patronage hitherto accorded to our journal. TERMS. Daily Tribune (\$11 issues per annum) \$6 Semi-Weekly (104 issues per annum) \$3 Weekly (52 issues per annum) \$2 To Clubs—Semi Weekly: Two copies for \$5; five for \$11 25; ten copies to one address for \$20; and any larger number at the latter rate. For a club of twenty, an extra copy will be sent. For a club of forty we send the Daily Tribune gratis one year. Weekly: Three copies for \$5; eight copies for \$10; and any larger number at the rate of \$1 20 each per annum, the paper to be addressed to each subscriber. To clubs of Twenty, we send an extra copy. Twenty copies to one address for \$20, with one extra to him who sends us the club. For each club of One Hundred, the Daily Tribune will be sent gratis for one year. When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit Bank Bills. The name of the Post-Office and State should in all cases be plainly written. Payment always in advance. Address: The Tribune, No. 154 Nassau-st., New-York. Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Be not Deceived—Liver Complaint—Some people consider an article worthless because it is advertised—this is the exception not the rule—for if anything is worth knowing it is worthy of being universally known, and the Press is the only medium for extending this knowledge. The truth or falsity of an assertion however, lies in the proof. After deep research and scientific labor, Dr. Holloway, some fifty years back discovered two potent remedies, Pills and Ointment, for all internal and external disorders arising from the stomach, the liver, or the blood. For liver complaint particularly it is a decided cure. In all tropical climates it is the only medicine used for this disease, and the millions who have been cured by the Pills and Ointment, owe their knowledge of them to the Press. Godey's Lady's Book for October is at hand. This magazine surpasses all others in every respect. It is one of the American "institutions" of literature, and one which the ladies prize above all others. For handsome fashion plates this magazine has no equal in this or any other country. It stands as high above its competitors as the Queen does to the peasant. Send and get it, if you would have a centre table ornament as well as a most excellent publication. Published by L. A. GODEY, Philadelphia. HARVEY SICLER has become the editor and proprietor of the North Branch Democrat,

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able to do so. He has the nomination of the Democratic party of Northumberland county, and is a man of acknowledged ability, a uniform consistent democrat, a loyal citizen, and a moral and upright man. Why then should he not receive the support, not only of the democrats of the county, but of every man who desires to be represented by a man of unending integrity, whom no man can bribe, and who has the ability and will stand up in the Hall of Legislation, and advocate our rights. The Republicans have nominated a man from Sanbury, who is un-

Democratic Conference Meeting.

The Conference appointed by the Democratic Convention of the several counties of this Representative District met at the Exchange Hotel, in Bloomsburg, on Friday the 13th inst. The following gentlemen presented credentials and took seats in the Conference: Columbia—John G. Freeze, Hudson Owen, Montour—J. S. Sanders, Michael Breckbill, Wyoming—Henry W. Fassett, Ziba Billings. The Conference came to order, and on motion of J. S. Sanders, MICHAEL MEYLER, of Sullivan, was chosen President of the Conference. On motion of John G. Freeze, J. S. Sanders and Ziba Billings, were chosen Secretaries. On motion the Conference proceeded to make nominations. Mr. Billings nominated George S. Tutton, of Wyoming. Mr. Freeze nominated Levi L. Tate, of Columbia. On motion of Mr. Sanders the nominations closed. A vote having been taken, George S. Tutton and Levi L. Tate were declared unanimously nominated, as the Democratic candidates for Representatives of the District composed of the counties of Columbia, Montour, Sullivan and Wyoming. The following resolution was then unanimously adopted: Resolved, That the Democratic party of this Representative District through its conference affirms its ardent and unalterable attachment to the Union and opposes any attempt at a separation of the States as a measure fraught with disgraced evil and ruin to the country; that the Democratic party will give its firm support to the Government of the United States in every constitutional effort to sustain the cause of the Union, and to repress the present rebellion; and it is eminently proper to prosecute the war with vigor in order that it may be the sooner brought to a successful termination. The President appointed Mr. Jackson and Owen to wait on the Candidates and announce to them their nominations—and invite them to join the Conference. Having appeared, they accepted the nomination with the resolution, and fully concurred in the sentiments contained therein. On motion of Mr. Jackson the next Representative Conference was appointed to be held at Laporte, in Sullivan County, on the second Friday of September 1862. Adopted. On motion it was resolved that the proceedings of this Conference be published in all the Democratic papers of the District. MICHAEL MEYLER, of Sullivan, J. S. SANDERS, of Wyoming, ZIBA BILLINGS, of Columbia, Secretaries.

THE WAR NEWS. From Papers of Friday, Saturday and Monday. WASHINGTON, Sept. 12, 1861. GOOD NEWS FROM MISSOURI. The following despatch was received to-night at the headquarters of the army: ST. LOUIS, Sept. 12, 1861. To Col. E. D. TOWNSEND, Adj. Gen'l: The report of General Pope, received today, from Hannibal, says that he made a night march on Martin Green last Sunday, who, however, got notice of his approach, but was successful in continuing the dispersion of 3,000 of the rebel force, leaving behind them much baggage, provisions, and also the public property seized by Green at Shelburne. General Pope's infantry were too much fatigued to pursue. The horsemen, however, continued the pursuit ten or fifteen miles, until the enemy was completely scattered. The railroad east of Brookfield is open, and no more Secession camps will be made within the Army limits. General Grant telegraphs that the first gun is in position at Fort Holt, Kentucky. J. C. FREMONT, Major General Commanding. THE LOWER POTOMAC. From information received by the Government there is good reason to believe that the rebels are preparing to cut off all communication on the lower Potomac. As I informed you some days since, their batteries at Aquia Creek have been increased in number and strengthened by additional guns. They are determined not only, as I said previously, "to hold the terminus of the railway at all hazards," but they are also evidently preparing to command the fall range of the river, and cut off interference. They have cannon which, by actual experiment, has thrown shot into the bank on the opposite side of the Potomac, and more of these heavy pieces are to be added to those already there. With these, two objects are to be gained—the stoppage of our shipping and the landing of an army in Maryland. THE FIGHT AT LEWISVILLE.—Gen. McCLELLAN'S OFFICIAL REPORT.—Gen. McClellan's despatch to the Secretary of War, in relation to the brilliant affair of yesterday, is remarkably brief. He merely says that General Smith made a reconnaissance with 2,000 men to Lewisville, where he remained several hours, and completed an examination of the ground.—When the work was completed, and the command had started back, the enemy opened fire with shells, by which two men were killed and three wounded. Griffin's battery, he says, silenced that of the enemy, and our men came back in perfect order and excellent spirits. The men behaved most admirably under fire. He concludes by remarking that we shall have no more Bull Run affairs. OFFICIAL REPORT OF ROSECRANS' BATTLE. Washington, Sept. 12.—Lieutenant General Scott, to-night, received a despatch from General Rosecrans, giving a few of the particulars of his action with General Floyd. He says the enemy was driven from his entrenchments across the Gauley river—Floyd was punished severely, a number of his troops being killed, and a quantity of his camp equipage taken, while the loss on our side was small. The following is General Rosecrans' official report: HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY OF VIRGINIA, To Col. E. D. TOWNSEND, Sept. 11, P. M. We yesterday marched seventeen and a half miles, and reached the enemy's entrenched position in front of Conifax Ferry, driving his advance outpost and pickets before us. We found him occupying a strongly entrenched position, covered by a forest too dense to admit of its being seen at a distance of three hundred yards. His force was five regiments, besides the one driven in. He had probably 16 pieces of artillery. At 3 o'clock we began a strong reconnaissance, which proceeded to such a length that we were about to assault the position on the flank and front, when, night coming on, our troops being completely ex-

posed them in order of battle behind the ridge immediately in front of the enemy's position, where they rested on their arms until morning. Shortly after daylight a runaway contraband came in and reported that the enemy had crossed the Gauley during the night by means of the ferry and a bridge which they had completed. Colonel Ewing was ordered to take possession of the camp, which he did at about seven o'clock, capturing a few prisoners, two stand of colors, and a considerable quantity of arms, with the quartermaster's stores and camp equipage. The enemy have destroyed the bridge across the Gauley, which here runs through a deep gorge, and our troops being still much fatigued, and having no material for immediately replacing the bridge, it was thought prudent to encamp the troops occupying the ferry and Conifax, after sending a few reconnoitering shots after the retreating enemy, in order to produce a moral effect. Our loss will probably amount to 20 killed and 100 wounded. The enemy's loss has not been ascertained, but from report it must have been considerable. WASHINGTON, September 13. THE REBELS ADVANCING. There is a rumor brought that twenty five thousand Confederate troops advanced on Ball's Crossroads, towards the Chain Bridge, firing on the pickets, and burning all the property on the route. It cannot trace the rumor to any reliable source, but, if it be true, our men are "eager for the fray." SHORT BUT SIGNIFICANT. When the colonel of the Eighth Regiment at Tenallytown, the other day, handed the flag (just presented to him by Gov. Curtiss) to Captain Company C, the gallant captain said: "Tell the Governor that the day after this flag is taken from this regiment he will have more friends buried than any man ever had before in one day." EN MATION—JAMES G. BERKELEY TO BE RELEASED. We learn that yesterday evening's mail carried to New York an order from the Department of State directing the release of James G. Berkeley, late Mayor of the Federal Metropolis, from his present confinement in Fort Lafayette. This order is on condition that he takes the oath of allegiance to the United States against any and all enemies whatsoever, and also resigns the office of Mayor. Louisville, Sept. 13.—The Governor vetoed the resolutions passed by the Legislature yesterday, ordering the rebel troops to leave the State; but both Houses subsequently passed them over the veto. Louisville, Sept. 13.—Letters from Frankfort, Kentucky, by the cars, at three o'clock this afternoon, announce that a motion was passed by the Legislature instructing the Federal Committee to bring in a bill incorporating Mr. Huston's resolution of yesterday (ordering the Federal troops, as well as the rebels, to retire) on Monday next, but subsequent advices do not confirm this report. Reports also say that a bill substantially the same was passed by the House this afternoon by a vote of 68 yeas to 26 nays. A Rebel Runaway from Cuba! Does Spain Recognize the Rebels? Reported Proclamation of the Captain General. Richmond, Sept. 12 via New Orleans.—The correspondent of the Charleston Mercury gives the proclamation of the Captain General of Cuba, in which he says: "In virtue of a proclamation by her Majesty the Queen I have determined, under date of August 7th, that all vessels occupied in legitimate commerce proceeding from ports in the Confederate States shall be entered and cleared under the Confederate flag and shall be duly protected by the authorities of the island, and that no interference on their part will be tolerated." Colonel Geary Requires a Rebel Attack. Point of Rocks, September 13.—About three o'clock this afternoon a force of five hundred rebels attacked a portion of the troops under Colonel Geary, stationed about three miles above Harper's Ferry. Colonel Geary commanded in person, and the fight lasted about three hours. The enemy were driven from every house and great work, and no less than seventy-five of them are reported as killed and wounded. Our loss is one killed and a few slightly wounded. Our troops behaved like veterans. Companies B, D, and I, of the Twenty-eighth Pennsylvania Regiment, and the companies of the Third and Massachusetts, were engaged in the conflict. During the fight, a rebel was seen taking aim at Colonel Geary, when the Colonel grasped a rifle from a soldier and shot him on the spot. Our troops are in fine spirits. The Maryland Legislature.—Secessionists Nipped in the Bud! Arrest of Members—No Quorum Left. Baltimore, Sept. 16.—The police are arresting the Secession members of the Legislature as fast as they reach this city, on their way to Frederick, so that there will be no quorum to-morrow, nearly three-fourths of the members of both Houses being Secessionists, and it is presumed that they will be all arrested. The arrests this evening are Messrs. Dennis and Heckart, of the State, and Maxwell, Landolt, and Ragsdale, of the House. There are now fifteen members of the House and three of the Senate under arrest. Many of the members cannot be found and are said to have fled from the State. REVIEW OF THE MARKET. CAREFULLY COLLECTED WEEKLY. WHEAT, \$1 00 BUTTER, 14 RYE, 70 EGGS, 10 CORN, 56 TALLOW, 12 OATS, 30 LARD, 12 FLOUR, 60 POTATOES, 50 FLOUR pr. bbl. 6 00 DR. APPLE, 1 00 CLOVERSEED, 5 00 HAMS, 12

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DIED. At this place, on Tuesday morning, of last week, of Diphtheria, THOMAS FRANCIS, son of Mrs. Caroline Clark, aged 5 years, 9 months and 22 days. Over his bosom tenderly His little hands are pressed The lilies of the cheeks so thin, Where the softest blush of the rose has been, Shutting