posing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

solved by the Senate and House of Rep-natives of the Commonwealth of Penn-nia in General Assembly met: That the wing attendments are proposed to the titution of the commonwealth, in accor-e with the provisions of the tenth article

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article elevan, as follows:—

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

1. The state may contract debts, to casual deficits or failures in revenues. supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether con racted by vittue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other nurroses whatever.

repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SEC. 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repei invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outtanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SEC. 3. Except the debts above specified in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the State.

SEC. 4. To provide for the payment of

in sections one and two of this article, ne debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the State.

Sec. 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the State, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such the same of five millions of dollars.

Sec. 5. The credit of the commonwealth

debt is reduced below the sum of five milions of dollars.

SEC. 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

on, or corporation.
6. The commonwealth shall not as Suc. 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebted ess.

SEC. 7. The legislaure shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporation district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stock-

corporation district, by virtue of a vote of the citizens, or otherwise, to become a stock-holder in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money stor, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, insti-

tution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

three thousand ave number distances, thay
be allowed a separate representation; but no
more than three counties shall be joined, and
no county shall be divided, in the formation
of a district. Any city containing a sufficinumber of taxables to entitle it to at
Fausoid, Foster, Gildea, Hamel, Harper,

ower to alter, revoke, or annul, any charier incorporation nereases control and whenev-in their opinion it may be injurious to the izens of the commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done

In Senate, March 27, 1857. obted. That this resolution pass. On the mendment, yeas 24, nays 7; on the damendment, yeas 23, nays 8; on the amendment, yeas 24, nays 4; on the amendment yeas 23, nays 4.

[Extract from the Journal]

In the House of Representatives,
April 29, 1857.

In that this resolution pass. On amendment, yeas 78, nays 12; on amendment, yeas 57, nays 34; hird amendment, yeas 72, nays 22; mith amendment, yeas 83 nays 7.

Extract from the Journal.]

JACOB ZIEGLER, Clerk.

Filed in Secretary's office, May 2, 1857. A. G. CURTIN, Secretary of the Commonwealt

SECRETARY'S OFFICE Harrisburg, June 22, 1857.

I do cerify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth," with the vote in each branch of the legislature upon the final passage thereof, as appears from the originals on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have [...] In the stimony whereof I have [...] to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, March 27, 1857.

The resolution proposing amendments to

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being nder consideration,

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the first amend-

Will the Senate agree to the first amend-ment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Fleoniken, Frazer, Ingram, Jordar, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Stuman, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taggart, Specker—24.

Taggari, Spenker—24.

Navs—Messrs. Crabb, Cresswell, Finney, Gregg, Harris, Penrose, and Souther—7.
So the question was determined in the af-

firmative.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the second an

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?
The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows:
YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Cresswell, Ety Evans, Fetter, Finney, Flenniken, Ingram, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Sellers, Shuman, Sou her, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taggart, Speaker—22.

NAYS—Messrs. Coffey, Crabb, Frazer, Gregg, Harris, Killinger, Penrose and Scofield.—8.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the third amend

ment?
The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:
YEAS—Messis. Brewer, Browne, Crabb, Cresawell, Ely, Evans, Flenniken, Frazer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubuch, Lewis, Myer, Scoffeld, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Weish, Wilkins and Weish-

right-24. Nays-Messrs. Coffey, Gregg, Harris and So the question was determined in the af-

On the question, Will the Senate agree to the fourth amend

ment?
The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:
YEAS-Messis. Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Fleuniken, Frazer, Ingram, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scoffeld, Sellets. Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright

Nays-Messrs. Crabb, Finney, Jordan and So the question was determined in the at-

In the House of Representatives, April 29, 1857.

The resolution proposing amendments e Constitution of the Commonwealth being nder consideration,

Will the House agree to the first amend-The yeas and mays were taken agreeably

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) with out the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred equare miles.

THERD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "of Philadelphia and of the several counties;" from section section seven, same article, strike out the words, "and noy?" and insert in lieu thereof the words, "and noy?" and strike out "section four, same atticle," and in every sevent in lieu thereof insert the following:

"SEC. 4 In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventhy year thereafter representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, but the thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but as because of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

The yeas and

of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative?

At the end of section reven, same article, insert these words, "the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but nearly expensively as the end of section reven, same article, insert these words, "the city of Philadelphia into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but nearly expensively as the end of the section of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and Representative districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

There shall be an additional section to the first attrice of said constitution, which shall be numbered and read as follows:

Sec. 26. The legislature shall have the power to siler, revoke, or annul, any charrer of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or

ment?
The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:
YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backbonse, Ball.

Beck, Beason, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, e Beck, Beason, Bower, Brown, Cshoun, Campbeli, Chase, Cleaver, Crawlord, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Fausoid, Foster, Gibboney, Hamel, Harper, Heuns, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, Berks co.; Hoffman, Lebanon co.; Housekeeper, Imbrie, Jines, Jacobs, Johnson, Kauffman, Kert, Lebo, Longsker, Johnson, Kauffman, Kert, Lebo, Longsker, Lovett, Menear, Maugle, M'Calmont, Moorenead Mumma, Musselman Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Porcell, Ramsey, York co., Reamer, Reed, Ropp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, Cambria co.; Smith, Centre co.; Sievenson, Tolan, Vall, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voeghley, Wagonseller, Westbrook, Williston, Witherow, Wight, Zimmerman and Getz, Speaker—72.
Nave—Mesers, Arthur, Augustine, Backus, Bishop, Carty, Dock, Gildea, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Jenkins, Keight, Leisenting, M'Illvain, Ramsey, Philadelphia; Roberts, Sirutbers, Thorn, Walter, Wharton, Warner, and Wintrode—22.

So the question was determined in the af-

On the question, Will the House agree to the fourth amend

On the question,
Will the House sgree to the fourth amendment?
The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:
YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Backus, Ball, Beck, Benson, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Calhoon, Campbell, Carty, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Et., Eyster, Fausold, Foster, Gibboney, Gilden, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Heistand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, Berks co.; Hoffman, Lebanon co.; Honsekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johns, Jobnson, Kauffmann, Kerr, Lebo, Leisenting, Longaker, Lovett, Menear, Maugle, M'Calmont, M'Ilwain, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownalt, Purcell, Ramsey, Philadelphia; Ramsey, York co.; Reamer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, Cambria co.; Smith, Centre co.; Sevenson, Tolao, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voeghley, Wagonseller, Walter, Warner, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Witherow, Zimmerman and Getz, Speaker—83.
NAYS—Messrs. Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Struiters, Thorn, Wintrode and Wright—7.
So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, HARRISEURG, June 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania, ss:
I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Jou nais of the two flouses of the General As sembly of this Common wealth for the sessio

of 1857.

L. s.] Witness my hand end the seal of the said office, this twenty-second day of June, A. D. 1857.

D. 1857.

A. G. CURTIN,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

CONSUMPTION,

A ND ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS and THTOAT are positively corable by inhalation, which conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air pasthe cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restorative of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every honodred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent, in the second; but in the hird stage it is impossible to save more than

and fifty per cent, in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent, for the lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill. Even, however, in the last stages, inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys ninety five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that out of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the consumptive's craye.

ulation of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so, fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful, and the gifted.—By the help of that Supreme Being, from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the affleted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercless is from impure am enabled to offer to the alliced a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The
first cause of tabercles is from impure
blood, and the immediate effect, produced
by their disposition in the lungs, is to prevent
the free admission of air into the air cells,
which causes a weakened vitality through
the entire system. Then surely it is more
rational to expect greater good from redigcines entering the cavities of the lungs than
from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs
free and the breathing easy after inhaling
remedies. True, inhalation is a local
remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally,
and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove
the powerful and direct influence of this
mode of administration, chloroform inhaled
will entirely destroy sonsibility in a lew minves, paralyzing the entire netrous system, so
that a limb may be amputated without the hat a limb may be amputated without the

n'es, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the s'ughtest pain; inhaling-the ordinary burning gas will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead.—
The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the fact that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air. Is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs, should produce the most kappy results? During eighteen years' practice, many thousands, suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have affected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a latal disease.—
My treatment of consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish readily the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply distinguish readily the various forms of dis ease that simplate consumption, and appli ease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted chests; to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed visality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.

Box 53, Post Office, G. W. GRAHAM, M. D. Office 109 Filbert Street, below Twelfth, Philadelphia, Pa. March 10, 1857.

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF YOUTH AND MATURITY, Just Published. Gratis, the 25th Thousand

A few words on the rational treatment, without Medicine, of Spermatorrhea or Local Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of the System, Impotency, and Impediments to Marriage BY B. DE LANEY, M. D.

The important fact that the many alarming complaints, originating in the improdence and solitude of youth, may be easily remove without Medicine is in this small tract, clearly demonstrated; and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure kinself perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.

by avoiding all the advertised absultants of the day.

Sent to any address, gratis and post free in a sealed envelope, by remitting, postpaid, two postage stamps, to Dr. B. DE LANEY, 17. Lispenard Street, New York City.

May 6, 1857.-6m.

RON STEEL, and every kind of Hard ware or sale by McKELVY, NEAL & Co A FULL ASSORTMENT of Ladies' Dry-Goods at the Arcade by May 27, '57. A. C. MENSCH.

Business Directory.

Bloomsburg, Pa. DAVID LOWENBERG.

CLOTHING STORE, on Main street, tw doors above the 'American House.' A. J. EVANS.

MERCHANT.—Store on the upper part of Main street, nearly opposite the Episcopal Church. S. C. SHIVE, MANUFACTURER OF FURNITURE AND CABINET WARE.—Wareroom in Shive's Block, on Main Street.

TINNER AND STOVE DEALER.— Shop on South side of Main street, be-

R. W. WEAVER,
A TTORNEY AT LAW.—Office on the first floor of the "Star" Building, on

Main street. JOSEPH SHARPLESS.

POUNDER AND MACHINEST, Buildings on the alley between the "Exchange and "American House."

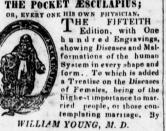
BARNARD RUPERT, L'AILOR.—Shop on the South Side of Main Street, first square below Market.

A. C. MENSCH,
MERCHANT.—Store North West
of Main and Market Streets.

HIRAM C. HOWER, SURGEON DENTIST,—Office near the

M'KELVY, NEAL & CO., M ERCHANTS.—Northeast corner of Main and Market streets.

DOCTOR YOURSELF. THE POCKET ÆSCULAPIUS;



WILLIAM YOUNG, M. D.

Let to father be ashamed the present a copy of the Acsculapius to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life without reading the Pocke Acsculapius Let no one suffer from a hacknied Cough, Pain in the Side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Despeptic sensations, and given up by their physiciaus, be another moment without consulting the AESCULA-PIUS. Have the married, or those about to be married any impediment, read this trely useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

sands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

Any person sending twenty five cents, enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book, by mail, or five copies will be sent for one dollar. Address, Dr. W. Young, No. 152 Spruce street, Philadelphia. Post paid.

No 152 Spruce St., Philadelphia.

Sep\* 1st, 1854-ly.

Elloome bare Cabinet Ware Rooms,

c. shive ESPECTFULLY invites the attention of of the Public to his extensive assortment of Cabinet Furniture and Chairs, which will warrant made of good materials and in a workmanlike manner. At his Establishment, can always be found a good assortment of

Fashionable Furnitue, Fashionable Furnitue,

Which is equal in style and finish to that of Philadelphia or New York cities, and at as low prices. He has Sofas of different style and prices, from \$25 to \$60. Divans, Lounges, Walnut and Mahagany Parlor chairs, Rocking and easy chairs, Piano stools, and a variety of upholstered work, with Dressing and parlor bureaus, sofa, card, centre and pier tables, detashus, cheffeniers, whatnots and commdes and all kinds of fashionable work. His stook of bureaus, enclosed and common washstands, dress-tables, corner cupboards, solas, dining and breakfast tables, bedsteads, cane seat and common chairs, is the largest in this section of the country. He will also keep a good assortment of looking-glasses with fancy gilt and common frames. He will also furnish spring mattrasses, fitted to any sized bedstead, which are superior for durability and comfort to any bed in use.

Bloomsburg, April 6th 1854.

LEAF TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

LEAF TOBACCO AND CIGARS. DENSLOW & CO., 21 South Front Street, PHILADELPHIA, Commission Merchants, Leaf Tobacco, Manufactured Tobac-

co, and Cigars. HAVE constantly on hand and for sale low all kines of American and Spanish Leaf To-baccos, selected with special reference to Mannfacturers' use.

All articles sold, warranted to be as represented and every opportunity afforded for examination.

Purchasers at a distance can send their orers, and rely upon being as faithfully served if the goods were selected in person. October 15, 1856.

Tinware & Stove Establishment.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfuly informen his old friends and customers, that he has purchased his brother's interest in the above establishment, nd the concern will hereafter be conducted by himself exclusively. He has just received and offers for sale the largest and most extensive assortment. largest and most extensive assortmen ment of FANCY STOVES ever intro

duced into this market.

Stovepipe and Tinware coustantly on hand and manufactured toorder. All kinds of repairing done, as usual, on short notice,

The patronage of old friends and new customers is respectfully solicited.

A. M. RUPERTBloomsburg, Jan. 12, 1853. 1f.

COOPERING. THE subscriber amounces that he will carry on the COOPERING BUSINESS at his browery in Hopkinsville, where he will make

BARRELS, TEBS, KEGS, and everything in that line of business. He will also repair work of all kinds, and will do it skillfully and at fair prices.

CHARLES W. HASSERT, Bloomsburg, June 2, 1857.

FLOUR AND FEED Depot at the Arcade A. C. MENSCH.

EVANS & WATSON'S Phil'a Manufactured SALAMANDER

SAFES;

TRUTH IS MIGHTY, & MUST PREVAIL. Report of the Committee appointed to superintend the burning of the Iron Safes at Reading, Feb. 27th, 1857.

Safes at Reading, Feb. 27th, 1857.

Reading, March 4th.

The undersigned, members of the Committee, do respectfully report, that we saw the two Safes originally agreed upon by Farrels & Herring and Evans & Watson, placed side by side in a furnace, viz: The Safe in use by the Paymaster of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, in his office at Reading, manufactured by Farrels & Herring, and the Safe in use by H. A. Lantz, in his store, manufactured by Evans & Watson, and put in books and papers precisely alike.

The fire was started at 8½ o'clock, A. M., and kept up until four cords of green hickory,

The fire was started at 8\frac{1}{2} o'clock, A. M., and kept up until four cords of green hickory, two cords dry oak and half chestnut top wood were entirely consumed, the whole under the superintendence of the subscribers, members of the Committee. The Safes were then cooled off with water, after which they were opened, agd the books and papers taken out by the Committee sand sent to H. A. Lantz's store for public examination, after they were first examined and marked by the Committee. The books and papers taken from the Safe manufactured by Evans & Watson were but slightly affected by the intense heat, while those taken from the Safe manufactured by Erreia & Herring were; in our judgment, damaged fully fifteen per cent. more than those taken from Evans & Watson's Safe.

JACOB H. DYSHER, DANIEL S. HUNTER. Having been absent during the burning we fully coincide with the above statement of the condition of the papers and books taken out of the respective Safes.

G. A. NICOLLS.

H. H. MUHLENBERG, JAMES MILHOLLAND. The following named gentlemen, residents of Resding and its vicinity, who saw the above fire, have purchased Safes from Evans & Watson since the burning up to May 1st, Solomon Rhoads, W. B. Yerger, Geo. K. Levure,

Samuel Fasing, J.M &G.W.Hantsch,

James Jameson, J. B. & A. B. Wanner

R. R. Company, H. A. Laniz; Kirk & Heister, W. Rhoads & Son, H. W. Missimer, Dr. Wm. Moore, Dr. Wm. Moore, Levi J. Smith, High & Crang, Wm. Krick, Kaufman & Baum, Wm. McFarlin, Geo. J. Eckert, Isang Buth.

Jacob Schmucker, Wm. King, V. B. Shollenberger, Leopold Hirsh, Ezra Miller, W.C.&P.M.Ermen-1 trout, Wm. Donahower, 1 Bullit & Milton, EVANS & WATSON. Isaac Ruth, Billmeyer, Folmer June 17, 1857.

THIS WAY FOR BARGAINS! A. J. EVANS HAS JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

This old stand on the upper end of Main Street which he will sell cheaper than the cheapest. It consists in part of Silks alpaceas, lustres, barages, de laines, ducal cloths, poplins, brilliants, challies, de bages, lawns, skirting, french and scotch ginghams, prints, gloves, hosiery, collars, handkerchiels, &c. Shawls and Mantillas of every style and quality.

STAPLE & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS. Cloths cassimeres, vestings, flannels, mus lins, tickings, stripes, checks, calicoes, cottonades, linens, sheetings, nankeens, drills, marseilles quilts, colored and white carpet chain, parasols, umbrellas, a large and splendid assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES. A SUPERIOR LOT OF FRESH

GROCERIES Teas, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses

Rice, Spices, &c. Also, Hardware, Queensware, Crockery and Cedarware.

Having selected my entire stock with the greatest care and at the lowest cash prices, I can assure my friends and the public generally, that I will do all in my power to make establishment known as the "Head quarters for bargains." Those who wish to purchase will find it to their advantage to call and examine my slock before purchasing. amine my stock before purchasing.

I will pay the highest market price for BUTTER, EGGS, RAGS, SOAP AND

Dried Fruit, and country produce in general. Bloomsburg, April 29, 1857. GREENWOOD SEMINARY

MILLVILLE, COLUMBIA CO., PA. A systematic course of instruction is given in all the English branches usually taught. The Principal will be assisted during the present year by T. M. POTTS, an experienced teacher, recently from the Lancaster Co. Normal School.

A vacation of seven weeks will commence July 1st.

TIBIEMS Tuitton, for day pupils \$3.50, to \$4.50 per quarter.

Boarding, Tuition, Washing, Lights, &c., \$30 per quarter of eleven weeks one-half in For circular, catalogue or orther particu-

WM. BURGESS,
Millville, April 1, 1857. Principal. VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers for sale his farm
Orange township, Columbia co., containing

336 ACRES. on which are valuable improvements, corprising two sets of farm buildings. Two Dwelling Houses,

two barns and other buildings, two apple orchards and a variety of other fruit trees.—About 200 acres of the premises is cleared land in a good condition of improvement, and it lays along Fishingcreek, 1 mile above Orangeville, and only 7 miles from the county seat.

The whole will be sold together, or in two divisions as purchasers may desire.

For terms apply on the premises or direct to Orangeville, Columbia county to JOHN ACHENBACH.

Orange township, May 5th, 1857.

THOMAS BUTLER, No. 7 South Seventh Street, PHILADELPHIA; Manufacturer of strong Tinware, Copper Tin and Zine Bathing Tubs, Bathing Pans, and every kind of bathing apparatus

Also deed and paper boxes.

Prompt attention g'ven 40 ordered work, and goods carefully forwpised on orders.

Philadelphia, August 17th, 1854.

HENRY ZUPPINGER,
BLOOMSBURG.
DIFFICULT repairing warranted tacles and glasses for speciacles; glass for hunting cased watches, and other watch March 27, 1857

TO THE FASHONABLE AND OTPERIBIRES.

THE pasitions and the passion of the

**HERRING'S** THE ACKNOWLEDGED

THE ACKNOWLEDGED

CHAMPION!!

THE recent trials at Reading have endorsed the current of public opinion, and confirmed the verdlet of more than 200 accidental fires, proving conclusively that "Herring's" is the only safe that will not burn.

Extract from the Committee's Report on the Trial of Iron Sales at Reading:

"On the 26th of February all the members of the Committee met to witness the Safes and books and papers, (placed in them) and were perfectly satisfied that all was right.—
The day following, the burning took place, under the superintendence of the Committee. After a fair and impartial burning for five hours, the Safe of Messrs. Evans & Watson was first opened, the Safe being on fire inside, and the contents partially consumed while the contents in the Safe of Messrs. Farrels & Herring were in good condition, and no fire inside."

Reading, March 2, 1857.

nd no fire inside."

Reading, March 2, 1857.

H. F. FELIX,

(Signed) P. N. COLEMAN,

A. H. PEACOCK.

And endorsed by over 50 of the best men

And endorsed by over 50 of the best men of Reading.

The above Safes can be inspected at 34 Manus Street, where the public can satisfy themselves of the great superiority of the "Herring's Patent Champion," over the defeated and used-up "inside Iron Door Salamander."

EADDELS & WEODING

FARRELS & HERRING, 34 Walnut St., Philad'a. Only makers in this State of Herring's

Only makers in this State of Herring's Patent Champion Safes.

The attempt made by other parties to bolster up the reputation of a Safe which has lailed signally in accidental fires in Philadelphia, (Ranstead Place,) by taking one out of an agent's store, [H. A. Lantz.] made double thickness. (different from those they sell) to "burn up?" one of Herring's, (half as thick) has met with its true reward. Herring's Safe could not be burnt, proving conclusively that the only reliable Safe now made is Herring's, of which over 15,000 are now in actuel use, and more than 200 have been tried by fire without a single loss.

Philadelphia, May 8, 1857—19.

Philadelphia, May 8, 1857—19.

LOTTERIES.

THE well-known Maryland Consolidated Lotteries, of which R. FRANCE & Co. are the managers, are chartered by the state of Maryland, and a commissioner elected by the people, who is sworn to superintend and certify that everything connected with them is done in a strictly honorable manner, and that the interists of parties who reside at a distance are as well protected as if they themselves were present at the drawing.—Another fact which the managers call attention to, is, that all persons have a legal right to send orders for tickets to Maryland, as lotteries are legalized by special law in that state. A lottery is drawn every day of the month. If no particular class is named, orders are filled in the first drawing to take place after the communication comes to hand. The prices of lickets vary from \$1 to \$20. No tickets are, however, sent unless the money for the same is received with the order. The drawings are upon the principle of one number on each ticket (after the Havana plan;) and Ternary combination. Prizes vary in amount from \$20 to \$100,000. All orders for tickets or packages will receive prompt attention, and the drawing mailed to all purchasers immediately after it is over.

Address,

T. H. HUBBARD & CO.,

Address,
T. H. HUBBARD & CO.,
No. 39 Fayette st., or Box No. 40,
Feb. 3d, 1857.-1y. Bultimore, Md. Loteries are published by the State Commessioner in the following papers, viz. San. Clipper, Patriot, American, Argus, of Baltimore; also, the National Intelligencer and Union, of Washington, D. C.

Eagle Foundry, Bloomsburg STOVES AND TINWARE.

Plows constantly on hand. The subscribe has removed his Tin Shop from Main Street to the Foundry Lot, where he has erected a building altogether for Stoves and The Cooking Stoves consist of the WM.

PENN COOK, RAUB COOK, VAN-LIER COOK, and PARLOR STOVES of all kinds, the Egg Cylinder Stove, All kinds of Spouting made to order.
JOSEPH SHARPLESS.

Bloomsburg, April 16, 1857.

Leather, Leather! Leather! HENRY W. OVERMAN, FRENCH CALF SKINS and General Leather Dealer,
No. 6 South Third Street, Phila.

F A general assortment of all kinds of
Leather, Morocco, &c. &c. RED AND OAK
SOLE LEATHER.

Enbrane 28 1827

February 28, 1857 .- 17. Dr. FRANCIS C. HARRISON,
WOULD respectfully inform the citizens
of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he
has commenced the practice of Meditine and
Surgery there; and solicits ashare of public patronage. He can always be found at the Exchange Hotel opposite the Court House.
Bloomsburg, March, 1st, '55.

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS, fancy articles, a good assortment of Hosiery of the best quality; also gloves, mitts, baskets, Cabas, Combs, dress trimmings and linings, sewing silk, thread, etc., etc., to be had next door to the "Exchange."

MELIA D. WEBB.

Bloomsburg, May 25, 1887.

Bloomsburg, May 25, 1857.

A N ASSORTMENT of confectionary, jew-elry, Perfamery scaps, hair oils, &c., Pomades, to be had at C. CLARK'S Book Store.



AYER'S PILLS

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE, IS AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS. They don't help complaints, but they

Scrofula.

Two boxes have cured Erysipelas,
One box always cures the Jaundice.
Thee boxes are sure to cleaned the system
from boils—often less than one does it.
Two boxes have completely cured the
worst of ulcers on the legs.
Small doses seldom fail to cure the Piles,
One dose cures the headache arising from
a foul stomach.

a foul stomach.

Strong doses often repeated expel every worm from the body.

The should be given to children, who are always more or less afflicted with this section.

courge.

As a gentle Physic they have no equal.

One box cures derangement of the Liver.

Half a box cures a cold.

They purify the blood, and thus strike at
the foundation of every disease.

As a dinner Pill there is not their equal in

the world.

They are purely vegetable, and can do no hearn, but do accomplish an unaccountable amount of good.

Prepared by Dr. JAS. C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.—and sold by E. P. Lutz and all Druggists in Bloomsburg, and by Lealers is Medicine everywhere.

July 11, 1857—2m.

JOHN A. MOORE. JOHN W. WILLIAM MOORE & WILLIAMS, General Commission Merchants, and dealers in MINERS' SUPPLIES, No. 54 South Water St., Philadelphia.

THE subscribers having been associated with the coal trade and mining operations generally, for several years, are prepared to supply orders for all articles contingent to mining purposes at the lowest rates, with care and dispatch.

Our stock comprises the following articles:

Olls—Sperm, Solar, Elephant, Bleached, Racked, Lard, Rosin, Greasing, Linseed.—Safety Lamps, Fraces, Blasting Paper, Slope Chains, Ropes, all Sizes, Pulleys, Wicking, Wire Rope, Tar and Pitch—Thornley's Celebrated Gum Belting, Washers, Packing, Hose.—Blasting and other Powders.—Soap, Candles, &c. REFERENCES :

Hodgson & Keen, Philadelphia.

J. B. A. & S. Allen,
Charles Miller & Co.,
S. Rothermel, Esq.,
John Thornley, Esq.,
Wm. De Haven, E-q., Minersville, Pa.
Hon. W. Donaldson, Pottsville, Pa.
Hon. C. W. Pirman,
Geo. W. Snyder, Esq.,
J. P. Brown, Faq.,
L. P. Brook, Esq.,
J. J. Connor, Ashland, Pa.
Philadelphia, Jan. 16, 1857.—1y.

ISN'T IT SO?

Use ARTHUR'S Celebrated Self-Sealing Cans and
FRESH FRUIT
Jars, and you will have fresh
fruit all the year at summer
prices.
Full directions for putting
up all kinds of fruit and Tomalors, accompany, these matoes, accompany these cans and jars.

They are made of Tin, Glass, Queensware, and Fire and Acid proof Stone Ware. The sizes are from pints to gallons. These cans & jars are entirely open at the tops, and nest, to secure transportation.

The same by Storekeepers throughout the U. States.

Descriptive circulars sent on application.

Be sure to ask for "Arthur's." It has stood the test of two seasons, having been used by bundreds of thousands of families, hotel and boarding-house keeps

We are now making them Sweetmeats.

We are not.
ARTHUR, BURNHAM & GILROY,
Manufacturers under the
Patent.
Nos. 117 & 119, S. Tenth St., (cor. George.)
PHILADELPHIA.

June 17, 1857.-3m. BLOOMSBURG

EINOUS STOOK STOVES AND TINWARE.

THE subscriber having erected a large new brick Foundry and Machine Shop, in place of the old one, is prepared to make all kinds of CASTINGS AT THE LOWEST PRICES. Bibles, Hymn Books, Prayer Books, Histories, Books of Poetry, Novels, and School Books; also all kinds of stationary of

the best quality.

A considerable deduction made upon the price of School Books and Stationary to those ool Books and Stationary to those who by to sell again. examine before puchasing elsewhere. CAROLINE CLARK,

Bloomsburg, May 25, 1857.-1yr. DINITE THE CHILD

H. C. HOWER. SURGIEON DENTIST,

RESPECTFULLY offers his professional services to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in Dentistry, and is provided with the latest im-

tistry, and is provided with the latest proved PORCELAIN TEETH, which be inserted on pivot or gold plate, to look as well as natural. Mell as natural.

A superior article of Tooth Powders, always on hand. All operations on the teeth

13 Office, 3d building above Wilson's Car-iage Manufactory—Main St., West side. Bloomsburg, Nov. 20, 1856.

40,000 JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES for sale at the Arcade by May 27, 757. A. C. MENSCH.

MORTICED POSTS on hand and for sale May 27, '57. A. C. MENSCH. COTTON and Wool Carpet for sale cheap at the Arcade by May 27. '57. A. C. MENSCH.

WOOD & COAL for sale at the Arcade by