B. W. WEAVER, EDITOR. msburg, Wednesday, July 8, 1857

Democratic Nominations. WILLIAM F. PACKER, of Lycoming County. FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT WILLIAM STRONG JAMES THOMPSON, NIM ROD STRICKLAND,

JOHN G. FREEZE, Esq., AS resumed the practice of the Law in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa.; and will give his prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to him in this and adjoining counties.

He can be found constantly in his office, in
Robinson's Row, near the Court House.

The Fourth in Bloomsburg

Last Saturday's fine weather was enjoyed by our townspeople in very lively spirits—some fourth proof and from that down to sour beer. The Light Street Columbia Artillerists visited our town and paraded in good style. Their appearance and general con-

Sechler's Danville Band also visited the town, and gained credit for discoursing exellent music. With them were the German Riflemen of Danville, a new Volunteer Company recently organized there.

The Presbyterian Sunday School Celebra-

ted the day in their Church with a large at tendance and interesting exercises.

Early in the morning the Fantastics gathered in a motly group and paraded until noon to the delight of all "Young America," and even many children of a larger growth

In the evening Bad Whiskey and Col. Phreephile produced several "knock-downs" and balligerent demonstrations; eo that they were seen laying loosely around on several beds of brick and stone

More Banks.

The following late bulletin from the office

The Bank of South Royalton, South Royalton, Vt., has failed this day at 10 o'clock. A dispute among the stockholders has caused a legal investigation. Thus the Bank has been enjoined. The notes are secured and mortgages.

Our advice is not to sacrifice on the bills, as we think them worth near par.

All the securities of this Bank have been taken, and used by the defaulting treasurer; less the State makes up the defalcations of its treasurer, which amount to \$800,000 -We think the people of the great State of Ohio will make up the Deficiency.

Also, the Zimmerman Bank, Elgin, Canada, has closed its doers. The great bribery and corruption has cast a dark shadow over It was conceived in sin, and has died of its own poison.

A package of \$1000 has been lost or stolen of the Metacomet Bank, and is advertised as being fifties numbered from 414 to

The Lewisburg Bank was organized on Saturday last, when a meeting of the stockholders assembled at that place and elected the following board of directors viz: John Walls, Joseph Meixell, W. Frick, Wm. Cameron, Gideon Biehl, James Mc-Creight, John D. Bogar, J. G. L. Shindel, John Datesman, R. M. Frick, John Gundy, Byers Ammons and A. B. Warford.

On Thursday the 2d inst. at a meeting of the board, Wm. Cameron, Esq., was elected President and F. W. Pollock, Esq., of

WOULD NOT STAND -- A Hicksite Quaker reeathed \$60,000 to the Westlown irs at law of the decedent.

ely \$25 00, Jacob Gerard \$2 00, B. F. as "the harp of a thousand strings." Cole \$190 00.

aggregate capital of about nine millions, kill Canal, are in the hands of contractors. and eight applications for an increase of capital, making the whole addition to the

enger train going south was run into by a within the last two weeks. coal train just above Northumberland. No

can obtain possession of the Main Line at my any by executing and filing the bonds for the purchase money.

w T. Miller, who published the lie size. eff's Reporter about 20 he suspension of that

MAP OF BLOOMSBURG.—Messrs. Hurley & Lloyd offer to make a map of our town if our citizens will give them reasonable en couragement. The same gentlemen have neretofore made a map of Easton, and quite ecently one of Danville. We hope to see our town get its likeness taken.

time to secure the abatement of five per ent., and in time to reach the State Treas ury for the payment of the semi-annua

The weevil, we are pleased to find, wheat as was at first anticipated. The grain was in many cases too fully formed to suffer from the insect.

THE WEATHER OF JUNE.-The mean tem erature of June, as entertained by the thermometer at the Pennsylvania Hospital, was 69½ degrees, which is two degrees below the average for the last 32 years, and is the coolest June since 1846. The mercury indicated a temperature of 89 degrees on the 26th, 53 degrees on the 6th, which was the lowest. The amount of rain was 71 inches. In June, 1855, there fell within a fraction of 8 inches viz: 9.94 inches, which is the greatest amount on record at the Hospital, for June. The av-20 years, is 34 inches.

The New York Times predicts a fell the price of sugar. Just now, there is a concerted movement among the speculators to keep it up,-but it will not avail.

prospects for a full crop are highly encouraging. The high prices which have ruled the past two years have stimulated production, while they have caused a diminution of consumption, and the natural consequences are, increasing stocks and a tendency to low prices. Besides, the crop of Maple Sugar has been much larger than it ever was before known."

THE WASHINGTON RIOTS-JUST SENTENCE. Three of the persons engaged in the late election riots in Washington City, have been tried, convicted, and each sentenced to pay a fine of twenty dollars, and to undergo an impresument in the county jail for the term of and political rights.

CANADA WHEAT .- Mr. P. Baldy, Jr., reby deposit of Virginia State Stocks and bonds excellent Canada wheat, superior to the wheat found in myriads on the Jersey beach. They Also the Seneca County Bank, Tiffin, Ohio, crops, not considering \$1 80 per bushel high a living standard, and some of our farmers the bills may be set down as worthless, un- will then learn, to their sorrow, that Hold-fast is not always the best dog.

> Ohio, mules are taking the place of horses in omnibus lines, express wagons, &c. Commercial, of that city, says they are equalle tractable, cost less by 20 to 40 per cent. they consume 40 per cent. less food, are 33 per cent more durable, and move with a steady unyielding celerity, that recommends them to all who have tested their ments.

A DILEMMA .- The Cumberland (Md) Coal Company, having recently purchased 100 Canal boats of the Erie Canal Company, towed 49 of them around to the mouth of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal at Alexandria, Va., last week, when they were all found to be too wide by three inches to pass the lock gates. The moral of all this is, "Never buy a pig in a bag."

Coope IN THE West -The editor of the Cincinnati Gazette has examined a large number of papers from the West, published within the last few days, and found from every section most flattering accounts of our prospects. Wheat is maturing finely, and the Wabash valley promises to be immense.

testator, the bequest was not valid, and the senger car, a little larger than the ordinary house, the Privy Garden, will be well re-Supreme Court decided that it goes to the size, constructed almost entirely of wrought iron. The material is employed to obtain great strength, with less weight than usual, Losses BY FIRE -Within the past year the and to avoid the injury to passengers by the had those latal to that color; he has been Lossess By Fig. 2. I have paid out destruction of ordinary cars in any kind of used two years to all kinds of household Lycoming insurance Company into Insurance Company in destruction of ordinary Carbon and the following sums for losses to persons in collision. Iron cars have been used on the work, and to wait at table; his price is 251, and would not be sold but the person he be-John J. Stiles \$13 00, Thos. Trench \$3000 -00, derstand, proved satisfactory. The rever-Joseph Sharpless \$2506 00, Alfred Mood beration of a longer passenger car will be \$23.75, John Ramsey & Co. \$193 00, F. found almost deafening. It will be as noisy

AUBURN AND ALLENTOWN RAILROAD.-The New Banks .- The Harrisburg papers con- subscription of \$1,000,000, necessary to tain notices of applications to be made to the put this road under contract, has been subnext Legislature of Pennsylvania for the scribed, and all the sections, except two at charter of thirty-nine new banks, with an Auburn, which interfere with the Schayl-

BURNING OF A COAL BREAKER AT SCRANTON. banking capital of the State asked for about The Coal Breaker of the Union Iron & Coal Company, valued at \$30,000, was burnt down on Wednesday. This is the socond 17 On Wednesday of last week, a pas- Coal Breaker burnt down in that region

great damage was done, as the passenger of the passenger of the portsmouth leading newspapers have recently adopted cured him and to is now steadily at his old was going slow. The coal train was in and Concord Railroad will be offered at auction on the first day of September next, at the Court House, Portsmouth, by the The Pennsylvania Railroad Company Trustees, acting in behalf of the bondholders.

We notice that the Pennsylvanian on the

Death of Hon. Wm. L. Marcy

A despatch from Balston, N. Y., annot ces the sudden death, on the 4th, of the Hon William L. Marcy, late Secretary of State in President Pierce's Cabinet. Mr. Marcy had his exalted post at Washington, which he The Commissioners and Treasurer will meet at their offices on the 20th inst. to meet such collectors as wish to pay tax in stood higher in public estimation for the judgment and skill he evinced in the conduct of public affairs, especially in our diplomatic relations with Great Britain. He was a states sagacious and comprehensive. His clear in tions of important questions under consider rarely excelled, and there was an honest directness of application which seldom failed o reach the object he aimed at. It was the influence of his commanding qualities in the Cabinet that averted the mischiefs of weaker or more arduous counsels. The power he held he exercised for the good of his country, and that is the noblest epitaph to commemo rate his name .- Ledger.

The Phenomena of cold forms the subject of some interesting statements by a wri- its introduction into politics and saw only in ter in the Scientific American. It appears that jury to the cause as the result of the blind for every mile we leave the surface of our and bigoted zeal with which Temperance adearth the temperature falls five degrees. At forty-five miles' distance from the globe we erage amount of rain for June, for the last get beyond the atmosphere, and enter, stricty speaking, into the regions of space, whose temperature is 225 degrees below zero; and here cold reigns in all its power. of this intense cold may be formed by stating that the greatest cold observed in the Arctic Circle, is from 40 to 60 degrees below zero : and here many surprising effects are produced. In the chemical laboratory, the greatest cold that we can produce is about 150 degrees acid gas becomes a solid substance like snow; if touched it produces just the same effect on the skin as a red bot cinder: It blisters sought to over-ride the rights of the people by Louisiana promises to be nearly four times the finger like a burn. Quicksilver, or mergreater than it was last year, and the yield of cury, freezes at 40 degrees below zero—1. e., 72 degrees below the temperature at which water freezes. The solid mercary may then moral influence of the reform being lost, the be treated as other materials, hammered into evil of intemperance has proportionately in sheets, or made into spoons, such spoons, however, would melt in water as warm as dwindled down from 200,000 to less than ice .- Ledger.

WHAT NEXT ?-Passing along the wharf yesterday, in front of Allen & Needles' place The following late bulletin from the office one year. Such punishment as this will of business, we observed a barrel filled with of Dye's Wall Street Broker illustrates the virtues of banking, and the great blessing of Plug-uglies. The courts about the country wheat bran and smashed cockroaches. higher law than mob violence, and one which legislation of the strick of this article is a weight law than mob violence, and one which legislation of the strick of this article is a weight law than mob violence, and one which legislation of the strick of paper money and stock speculations to the should make such scamps feel that there is a article proved to be a newly newly discovty argument on the side of those who maintain that Nature has produced nothing with out a wise purpose. It is made from the ceived last week a cargo of 1500 bushels of king crabs, or "moss bankers," which are generally in this neighborhood, at a less price are repulsive in appearance, consisting mainincluding freight, than it can be bought for ly of a shell, legs and tail. The shell is of a of our farmers, who seem to hold on to their horse shoe shape, and is about the size of a large dessert plate. At the town of Dennis-ville, N. J. they abound to such a degree that now soid in the State than has been sold at enough. Should the weather prove favorable, ville, N. J. they abound to such a degree that the new crops will soon bring down prices to a firm have erected an extensive factory for any

turn over, they soon die. They are then put to-day. There were then seven towns where into a mill and ground to a coarse powder. The ammonia evolved during the process is were twelve or fifteen in which preparation is decodorized by animal chardollars per ton, just half the price of Peruvian perty of horn , and as we have said, contains the Maine Law five years, and now there a large proportion of ammonia. We learn that the demand at present is greater than "Whaj is true of Rhode Island is nearly

SLAVERY IN ENGLAND.-We copy below few advertisements taken from an old English newspaper, showing some of the peculiarities of slavery in England a hundred years ago, and earlier. Just imagine a lot of negroes running about with brass collars, fastened with a padlock, about their necks like so

"A black boy, of about 15 years of age. named John White, ran away from Colonel corn is growing rapidly. The corn crop of Kirke the 15th instant; he has a silver collar about his neck, upon which is the Colonel's warded."-London Gazette, March 1685.

"To be sold, a negro boy, about 14 years longs to is leaving off business. Apply to the Bar of the George Coffee House in Chancery Lane, over against the Gate .- London Adver-

tuer, 1756. "Matthew Dyer, working Goldsmith, at Mr. John Redman, corkscrew-maker, deceased; continues the business of his late master, is making all'sorts of gold and eilver corkscrews, tobacco stoppers, silver pad-locks for blacks or dogs, collars, silver claspknives, &c., where merchants and shopkeepers may be supplied on the least notice, and at the lowest prices. An assertment of the above work kept by him."-Ibid.

the "folio" form, after a long trial of the post, of conductor on the cars.—Middletown quarto, as the latter has proved unsatisfactory to subscribers and advertisers. As a mere matter of convenience, the folio style is certainly the most acceptable. A reader don't want the trouble of cutting the edges of his newspaper or of folding it twice whe

Influence of Politics upon Temperance.

We find the appended article in our exchanges. The assumption that the manifest decline in Temperance is due to the incon-siderate zeal of its advocates, is certainly cor-rect with the addition that these persons plunged the cause into politics. That was an unnatural place for it, like religion, and both have suffered from the same cause. At the time the great wrong was perpetrated we prorotested against it, and made every effort to nduce its misguided advocates to desist from uch action, pointing out to them that the sad result we now deplore would surely follow.— Such advice, however, was unheeded—Tem perance was made to subserve demagognica political purposes—and now it lies powerless and almost lifeless at the feet of the enemy it sought to destroy. Upon whose head then, rests the responsibility for this state of affairs? Upon the heads of those who mad sibility for this state of it a political question, and they are responsi-ble for nearly all the drunkenness of the day. The general debanching in yankee land de-scribed in the following may account for "The Temperance fanalicism has run its

course, and the result verifies the prediction and attests the wisdom of those who opposed vocates plunged into the political arena, en-deavoring to foist upon the people laws at once violative of the Constitu rights of man. The great Temperance Ref-ormation which had elicited so largely and so justly the attention and the co-operation of the benevolett and liumane, began from that hour to decline, until now it has almost lost its efficiency, and must begin and do its work Mr. Gough, the eloquent lecturer, recently bore testimony to the decline of the temperance cause, but he did not as he might have done, explain the cause of that decline. It is ascribable solely to the exces es of Temperance advocates, who have means of restrictive legislative excitements but which, from its inherent wrong, it has been found impossible to enforce; and the creased. The Sons of Temperance have 50,000, and the life has about gone out of this once powerful organization. The "Temperance" papers have sunk to mere "whippersin" of faction. The amount raised for lectures and temperance tracts is one fifth of what it was five years ago. The Providence Post, speaking of this, and repelling some

nore liquor was sold in Massachusetts than he had ever before known, and that it was the same in other States. Here, again, he spoke the truth and it is folly for Neil Dow to say that his statements are 'at variance with the facts.' We can testify for Rhode Island. Mr. Gough has known the State for about fifteen years. We have known it as any former period within that time. We know that before Neil Dow's machine went When the tide leaves the shore dry, the into operation-say six years ago-there were animals are gathered into Leaps. They are not one fifth as many grog shops, or one fifth laid upon their backs; when being unable to as many drunkards in the State as there are liquor was not sold openly or slyly. There extremely pungent, and in order to fix it, the sold openly; and there were only five in which licenses were granted. Now it is sold It is then in merchantable order, fand openly in every one of the thirty-two towns; when packed in barrels, sells readily at thirty and in Providence there are at least three times as many grog shops as there were then enano. The shell of the king crab is not of In the town of Burrillville six years ago, there an osseous character, bu: possesses the pro- was not a single grog shop. We have had

the supply. We repeat, what novely comes true of Connecticut, nearly true of Vermon next?—North American. nearly true of Maine and New Hampshire true to the very letter of the whole of Massa chusetts, and true to a great extent of New Indeed, it is true, in its main features of every State where the Maine law has been tried. In every one, the law has proved a failure. Mr. Dow knows better than to say that the law is enforced in Vermont and New Hampshire. In the former it does little or no good. In the latter it is everywhere a dead etter. He knows better than to say that the Maine Law carried Maine last fall. The Rethe rumsellers."

MARVELLOUS CURES.-We have always which one medicine after another pretends week or two by the supposition that three to have made,—but slow as we are we will "jail-birds" were lurking around or near that own up, when we are lairly convinced.— place, one of which is said to answer very Those of our readers who are acquainted nearly the description of Ruloffe, the notoriwell, will not think us lightly turned, when Y., some time since. we confess our belief that Ayer's Cathartic Pills have virtues for purifying the blood which excel anything within the range of are not cognizant of the facts, we will say: she has been afflicied for over eight years the neighborhood of London. They are spile of all the remedies she could employ, until she took Ayer's Pills. Under their in. and moved to other locations, if desired. fluence one after another of her sores have healed, until she is apparently as free from the complaint as ourselves. He has had liver complaint with pain in his side that disabled him from work for a long time; all other The "quarto" form of Newspapers medicines had failed to afford him any perseems to be coming into disfavor. Several manent relief, but a few doses of Ayer's Pills

A western man, rather a novice in Europaint, for the price of \$6,000. pean travel, once visited Powers' studio at Florence, and after gazing upon its array of Ripe peaches are among the luxuries at Mobile and New Orleans.

Once win answer.

The 'Tribune' recommends that its friends celebrate the 4th of July, with anti-Slavery Orations, prayers, &c. What next!

Orations, prayers, &c. What next!

An Awfai Calamity-300 Lives Lost!

The steamer Montreal, plying between the city of that name, and other ports on the St. Lawrence river, was burned on Friday evening last, attended with a fearful loss of life. The following despatch gives some idea of the frightful catastrophe.

MONTREAL, June 27.—The loss of the ster

mer Montreal has been reported here, and the excitement is great, as may be suppose The steamer contained no less than five hun dred passengers, generally emigrants from Scotland. The scene is described as most frightful upon the bursting out of the flames. The devouring element spread rapidly, and as a large number of the passengers were women and children, few precautions of a character to save life could be adopted.— A midst the awful horror of the scene, many persons leaped overboard, a large number of whom were drowned almost immediately .-Crowds of others were roasted to death b was off Cape Rouge at the time of the disassave the unfortunates, but the rapidity with which the flames consumed all in their track and the intense terror of those on board the ill-fated steamer operated against all efforts to rescue the unhappy passengers. As far as we can learn at Montreal, only one hundred and seventy-five persons were saved from the burning wreck, but it is probable that others may have reached the shore who have not reported themselves. It is certain that over two hundred passengers were drowned, and that very many others were burned to death The shocking calamity has thrown a gloom over our whole community

Still later advices say that the number of hose who are lost will probably exceed three hundred and fifty souls!

People must go to Work.

"The Chicago Tribune says that grocers and produce dealers in that city, are importing pickles from Cincinnati, potatoes from New York, by thousands of bushels, and white beans from New Hampshire, in quantities to suit purchasers.

This is disgraceful, with millions of acres of the richest soil the sun shines upon, laying waste and uncultivated, the West imports produce from the East. Our only suris that, as we are credibly informed, bran and "shorts" for feeding cattle, have actually commanded a higher price in this city, the present spring, than good wheat. This is partially the result of too exclusively growning a single corp, and partly of the mania for land speculation, which has withdrawn large numbers of men from productive industry in order to acquire sudden affluence. The solemn truth is that more men have to go to work, before the time with their fair acres besides buying. They must not only produce a surplus of wheat tion. It will not do to depend too perma nently upon the rise of real estate, or a speculation in City Lots, exhorbitant Rents, r usurous Loans, for subsistance, Go to work; use the advantages so beneficently tendered; plough, plant and reap and you will be the most independent people on the

A Goon Cow .- The last number of the Chester County Times, gives a statement of a cow which is owned by Jeffries Williams, of said county, and which yielded a week or two since the extraordinary amount of twenty pounds of butter in seven days. We doubt whether this can be beaten, in or out of the State. Our cotemporary thus notices her:

"She is 6 years old; weight 950 pounds color, brindle: her feed was six quarts of mixed feed per day; the average yield of milk fifty-one and a half pounds per day amount of butter per week, twenty pounds

The Media Advertiser actions a cow, the property of William Dunwoody, of Delaware ounty, that yielded seventeen pounds of butter in one week. What is the best that "Old

PICKINGS AND STEALINGS .- The Cincinnal Inquirer states that Gibson, the defaulting State Treasurer, of Ohio, has recently been to St. Paul investing some of the State funds in lands. Tom Ford, the Black Republican publicans carried the State, it is true; but Lieutenant Governor, had been there ahead Senol in Backs county; but as the will was before the death of the pleted in Paterson, N. J., a first class pastestator, the bequest was not valid, and the the October elections.

The people of Dushore, Sullivan Co. old, warranted free from any distemper, and been slow to believe the wonderful cures have been greatly excited during the past with the cases of Mrs. Beach and Mr. Far- ous murderer, who escaped from lthaca, N.

F Iron Churches, 70 feet long, 40 feet wide, and 20 feet high, capable of accom-Westminster, apprentice and successor to with scrolula which only grew worse in lined with wood, which is covered with canvass and papered. They can be taken down

> babits, will not dine out if he can help it, cond Tuesday of October next. and goes to bed at 10 o'clock, P. M. When at Paris, at balls at his own house, he would quietly slip off to bed at the above hour, leaving his wife and three daughters to entertain the company.

The Lehigh and Penna. Zinc Compan have purchased the patent right of Messrs Gilbert & Wetherill, for manufacturing Zinc

Mr. and Mrs. Dalton, in Boston, after bebusts and figures awhile, inquired the price of a statue which caught his fancy; upon in a divorce case, have eloped with each other, and disappointed the lawyers.

The whole number of newspapers published in the United States is 3,634; some 419 of which are in the State of New York.

From the Kansas Herald of Freedom. The Croaking Pol

Eastern journals continue to predict the Kansas will be a slave State, evidently with the intention of preventing emigration to the Territory, and making it a slave State. If Kansas is not a slave State it will not be the fault of demagogues throughout the North, who, we honestly believe, desire it to be made such that their predictions may be ver-

We say again and again that Kansas can never be made a slave State. Nineteen twentieths of the population of that Territory at the present rate of increase from the Nort are, or soon will be, in favor of freedom, and will never consent to be enslaved. It is an outrage upon the people of Kansas, those who have borne the fight in person in

the part, to be thus misrepresented East, and through political journals.

Kansas, and it is almost impossible to find a man of either party so lost to truth as to express a doubt as to the ultimate result.

Let our friends in the States instead of de sponding, send us words of cheer and hope. A cause was never benefitted by laboring continually to discourage and dishearten its vocates. Partisans may hope to gain position by pursuing the course they do, but their tri-umph will be short-lived.

We are disgusted, almost angered, at the croaking policy of some of our exchanges, and wish they would clip our acquaintance.

A Good Thing well Applied The scientific discoverer and the scientific inventor are distinct and different characters

It is rarely that he who discovers a grea principle applies it successfully and thoroughly. Sometimes, however, this is the case Prof. Holloway was among the first to broad the theory that disease was the result of the introduction of morbid matter into the circulation. But of itself this theory, however true was useless. It could not subserve any beneficial purpose to point out the locality of the bane unless the discoverer were provided with an antidote capable of reaching it .-Professor Holloway came up to the good work doubly armed. He had not only traced the symptoms of disease to their genniucause, but had, after long research and innuplus is wheat. Farmers cultivate this to the exclusion of other crops; and the result dies which would infallibly reach it. Time, which tries all things, has tested the value of those remedies. What has been the result? During the twenty years they have been before the world, thousands of medi cines, hundreds of new systems of practice have been ushered into existence, enjoyed ar ephemeral popularity, and passed into oblivion. Not so with Holloway's Pills and Ointment. They stand first on the list of modern curatives. Their reputaion is founded on a rock-the rock of truth-and cannot be will be better. The people of the West will shaken. Scarcely a year ago their inventor find themselves obliged to do something came to our shores unheralded. It is true that large quantities of his medicines were consumed in the United States, and that his but must at least, culturate a sufficiency of the necessaries of life, for home consump-referred to by the American press, but personally he was unknown to us, and the great system of agencies with which he had covered more than half the habitable globe had not yet been extended to this country. He came hither for the purpose of affording us new facilities for the procurement of his preparations, and consequence has been an increase of one hundred per cent., in the demand for them within a few months. It appears, from the statement of all who have taken the Pills for indigestion, that their effect in cases of dyspepsia is almost beyond belief. As this complaint has with som truth been called the national disease of America, a specific that never fails to remove it is of course invaluable.

The public, on both sides of the Atlantic had been so often victimised by medical charlatens during the last fifty years, that it received with something of distrust the first rumors of the efficacy of Holloway's remedies. But every day furnished new proofs of the fact, and at last such was the over whelming weight of evidence in their favor, that it became more absurd to doubt than to believe. They grew in celebrity, and the demand for them increased with a rapidity unexampled in the annals of medical sci ence; nor has their fame or that of their inventor yet attained its culminating point. It never will reach that point, for cu'mination pre-supposes cessation of progress, and so long as humanity is subject to pain, fever, debility, injuries and death, Hollowsy's Pills and Outment must continue their proud pre-emirence .- N. Y. Nat. Pol. Gozette

A NOVEL TEST OF STRENGTH .- The Penns burg Democrat says that Mr. George Reiter of Upper Hanover township, Berks county, recently lifted a keg of nails weighing 100 pounds, from the floor to the counter with his teeth, in a store at Pennsburg. He has been beaten, however, by Mr. Jacob Krause of lower Milford, Lehigh county, who recently lifted, in Hillegas' store, Pennsburg, a keg weighing 125 pounds from the floor to the counter, with his teeth.

The Bridgeport papers, announcing the departure of Mrs. P. T. Barnum and family for Europe, state that Mr. Barnum in ds to make his future home on the other side of the Atlantic.

A Republican paper calls Gen. Packet "political trimmer." He will "trim" Davy Wilmot to his heart's content about the se

SUICIDE.-A few days ago, John Detwe Sr., a respectable elderly farmer of Mont gomery county, Pa., went to his wagon house and hong himself.

ROBBERT,—On Saturday night last, the tavern of Alfred H. Barber, of Doylestewn Pa., war entered and robbed of \$145. The

A proposition to abolish the Senate is be ing discussed in Minnesota. It is propose to have but one Legislative body.

Special Notices

Hollowey's Pills.—Armed with this great antidote, the traveller is prepared to accounter all varieties of climate, for he has the means of eradicating meanly every species of the suffernies of the ellipse. means of chaticating itearly every species conternal disease. The endemics of the silutival districts of the west, and the minemati awamps of the count, and the opdemic which at peculiar seasons decimate the nopulation of our crowded cities, are exceptible of being controlled by the purifying, disinfecting action of the pills upon the animal fluids; while external diseases and injurie are rapidly and thoroughly cared by the anticular transmitted of the content of the pills upon the animal content of the pills upon the pills upon the pills upon the animal content of the pills upon the pi

"WOODLAND CREAM"—A Pomade for beautifying the Hair—Eighly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing Ladius Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright glossy appearance. It causes Gentlemen's Hair to outlin the most natural manner. It removes dandruff, always giving the hair the appearance of being fresh shampoodt. Price only fifty cents. None gennine unless signed FETRIDGE & CO.,

Proprietors of the

Proprietors of the "Balm of a thousand Flowers,"
For sale by all Druggists. New York.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Auditor to whom was referred the account of J. Sanderson Woods administrator of the estate of John Lazaros late of Fishing-creek township, Columbia country, deceased, and the exceptions thereto, will proceed to hear all parties interested in the said estate at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday the 25th day of July inst. at 10 o'clock A. M. ROBT. F. CLARK, Auditor.

Bloomsburg, July 6, 1857.

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS & DEVISERS Of John Allen, late of Madison town Columbia County, deceased.

Columbia County, deceased.

You and each of you are hereby notified that at the last term of the Orphan's Court of Columbia county the peptition of David Allen one of the sons and devisees of the said John Allan deceased was presented to the said court praying for the sale of the following real estate of the said decedent to wit:

A tot of ground in Jerseytown in Madison township, situate on the Main road or street of said town adjoining lot of John Swisher, lot or lots belonging to Dr. Russel Parks act others, containing one acre of land on which is erected a two story frame dwelling house and frame stable:

Also one other lot of land in said town situate on said Main road or street, adjoining land of John Swisher and James Stout, being a town lot.

uate on said Main road or street, adjusting a town lot.

Also two other contiguous town lots situate in said town on said Main Street and adjoining lot of John Funsion and others;

And one outlot of land situate on the road leading from Jerseytown to Millville containing about three and one half acres adjoining land of John Swisher, Abraham Brodt and others:—which said property was on the 21st day of November, A. D., 1846, accepted by Robert Templeton Alleu and awarded to him at the valuation and apprahement of an inquisition held thereon, and the Orphan's Court of Columbia county on the 21st of August, A. D., 1847, vacated the decree so awarding the said real estate; so that the same remains unaccepted by any of devisees and unsold. And it is prayed in the said petition that the said real estate; may be ordered by the Court to be sold at public sale on the premises on a day certain on the following terms and conditions: twenty per cent. at the striking down of the property, one half of the remainder on the first day of April, 1858, and the other half thereof on the on the premises on a day certain on the fol-lowing terms and conditions: twenty per cent. at the striking down of the property, one-half of the remainder on the first day of. April, 1858, and the other half thereof on the first day of April, 1859, with interest from the first day of April next:—and a rule has been granted by the said Court upon the heirs and devisees of John Allen deceased to show cause, if any they have, by the first day of next term why the order of sale should not be granted, of which you will hereoy take notice.

should not be grand, hereby take notice. STEPHEN H. MILLER, Sheriff. SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Bloomsburg, July 6, 1857.

MAP OF BLOOMSBURG.

MAP OF BLOOMSBURG.

MESSRS. HURLEY & LLOYD, Civil Eogineers, Survey ors and Map Publishers, are now in this place for the purpose of making a thoroughly correct Property Mep, showing the Ground Plan of every Building, the size and shape of each Lot, with owners names, or initials, printed thereon, Colored, Varnished and mounted on Canvas, and Rollers, all complete. Price per copy, \$5 payable on delivery of the Mep.

They are also prepared to make Surveys and furnish Skeleton Maps of Farms, with contents calculated and inserted thereon, of any farm within a reasonable distance from town.

School Teacher Wanted.

A competent teacher is wanted to take charge of a common school in Conyugham district. Employment could be given for 8 months in the year, and to a coop temale teacher \$20 per months would be paid. To secure the situation early application should be made to F. R. WOHLFARTH.

President of the Board of Directors.

Centreville, July 1, 1857.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THAT Mr. J. O. Richardson is no longer Agent for us. Nor will we pay any further debts of his contracting.

GRAHAM & BRO.,

Beaver Valley, Columbia Co., Pa.

June 16, 1857.—4t.

COOPERING.

THE subscriber announces that he will carry on the COOPERING BUSINESS a his brewery in Hopkinsville, where he will make

BARRELS, TUBS, KEGS, and everything in that line of business. H will also repair work of all kinds, and will d it skillfully and at fair prices. CHARLES W. HASSERT, Bloomsburg, June 2, 1857.

TOLLS AT BEACH HAVEN.

BLANKS! BLANKS!! BLANKS!!

DEEDS, SUMMONS,
EXECUTIONS, SUBPENAS,
AND JUDGMENT NOTES,
of porper & desirable forms, for sale at the
office of the "Star of the North."

RON STEEL, and every kind of Hard wars or sale by McKELVY, NEAL & Co

MORTICED POSTS on hand and for sale at the Arcade, by May 27, '57. A. C. MENSCH. COTTON and Wool Carpet for sale cheap

May 27. '57. A. C. MENSCH.

FLOUR AND FEED Depot at the Arcade to A. C. MENSCH.