

# STAR OF THE NORTH.

R. W. WEAVER & B. S. GILMORE, EDITORS.  
Bloomsburg, Thursday, May 9, 1850.

**V. B. PALMER**, general newspaper, subscription and advertising agent, N. W. Corner of Third and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia.  
**E. W. CARR**, U. States newspaper agent, Third and Walnut sts., opposite the Exchange, Philadelphia, and  
**GEORGE PRATT**, 164 Nassau street, New York, will receive and receipt for subscriptions and advertisements for the "Star of the North."  
**C. FRANK**, General Advertising Agent, Bulletin Buildings, Philadelphia, is also agent for subscription and advertising in the Star of the North.  
**S. M. GILMORE, Sr.**, will act as our agent at Berwick, Pa., in receiving and receipting for subscriptions, advertisements and job-work. Advertisements left with him on Tuesday will appear in our paper of the same week. All orders or job-work left with him will be attended to immediately.

### The State Convention.

In less than four weeks, the Williamsport Convention will be called upon to nominate a Canal Commissioner, an Auditor General, and a Surveyor General. These nominations be of sound, reliable men—not such as have hands polluted with political plunder, a conscience seared by habitual corruption, or a reputation tarnished by a shameful league with state-robbers. Let the men be of pure character, of firm mind, and of a reliable political standing.

That class of men who live by robbing the State, will no doubt league together to secure the nominations for one of their minions, that he may minister to their villainy, and pamper their greedy lust for "spoils." Too many of these have too long, already, fattened upon the hand-earned fruits of honest toil, and it is high time, that the people begin to protect themselves against the avaricious plunderers.

Let men, who are above suspicion, be nominated for office, and let us hear no more of this whining cry, that Mr. So-and-so is too honest to be an available candidate—that he "can't be elected." That Cameronian class of old offenders alone talk so, whose malice alone makes them Democrats only to "rule or ruin." They are only Democrats when a favorite of theirs is on the ticket, and at other times vote with the Whigs. It does not hurt their political conscience, to defeat a regular Democratic nomination, when the nominee is an honest man. And then they shamelessly boast that their regard is alone for an equitable candidate. They say, if the Democratic nominee suits our friends, we will vote for him, but otherwise not. And then the minions of the plunderers truckle to their baseless and agree to sacrifice principle to expediency. These men of plaud or never work for Democratic principles, but for men alone.

They are actuated by the motive that made the Whigs prefer Gen. Harrison and General Taylor, to a statesman like Clay. Politics, is a game with them, and their motto is that "all is fair in politics."

We regard these men as stumbling-blocks in the path of honest Democrats. They are a reproach and a disgrace in the ranks of an honest party; and let the Williamsport Convention tell them that they must either be honest Democrats, or else go to the Whigs where they belong.

Let there be no bargain and sale with these men. Let there be no trading with them, for this were demeaning honest men, to a level with the plunderers.

### The Old World.

The British ministry has suffered a Parliamentary defeat and will resign as soon as the succession can be agreed upon. Sir Robert Peel is expected to succeed Lord John Russell, and even Lord Palmerston will be hardly able to retain his position in the cabinet. In England the rule is that when a ministry is defeated in Parliament it must resign.

In Paris it is rumored that Louis Bonaparte will also be driven to a resignation of the Presidency. This event will depend upon the support he shall receive from the Assembly. His popularity is certainly on the decline.

### Montour County

By our Legislative proceedings, it will be seen that the Governor has signed the Montour county bill, and the outrage upon the unoffending people of Columbia, is thus consummated. It may have been an offence in them, to have sent to the Senate, such a man as Best, but it is hard that the innocent here should suffer with the guilty. We shall hereafter fully review this subject.

### Jesse G. Clark

Jesse G. Clark, of this place has been appointed Division Quartermaster for the 9th Division of Pennsylvania Volunteers, by Major Gen. Sterndevant. The appointment is certainly a merited compliment to the Major, who, it will be remembered, was one of those first to volunteer his services in the Mexican war. Gen. Sterndevant has made a very creditable selection for his staff officer in this latitude.

### Military Appointment

Dr. A. J. Brass, of Berwick, has been appointed First Surgeon for the 1st Brigade 9th Division, P. V.

It will be noticed by the Brigade order that the time of holding the Danville Battalion will be on the 1st of June instead of the 25th of May, as announced last week.

### Henry Metcalf, Esq.

Henry Metcalf, Esq., has been appointed Prosecuting Attorney for Sullivan county in the place of A. J. Dietrich, Esq., removed for being a Democrat.

### M. de Lamartine's new play

M. de Lamartine's new play, at the Porte St. Martin, is considered to be a failure. There are beautiful passages in the piece, but in the acting it is very heavy and ineffective.

## The Free Banking System.

A bill has lately passed the State Senate establishing the Free Banking System in this State, and authorizing an increase to our State debt of \$3,000,000. This amount of State stock is to be issued bearing an interest of 4 per cent, and to serve as the basis of bank issues by any Association of three persons who will purchase the stock. The new loan is to be called the coupon loan, after that which proved so disastrous to France, and produced the revolution of blood and crime.

We regard this project just a cunning device to increase the State debt, and play still deeper into the hands of capitalists at the expense of labor. Such expedients have been the common resort of desperate financiers in the old world, and it has been by such games as these that the crowned robbers have there entailed the present enormous debts upon their subjects and their subjects' posterity.

At this rate the prosecution of any public improvement will depend upon the will of capitalists who loan to the State. If the men of money are willing to lend, the Legislature may appropriate; but it must always be upon such terms as the masters of the laws see fit to allow. Thus in the present instance, the purchasers of the coupon stock are to have 4 per cent on their loan; and then upon four-fifths of this amount they may issue notes and loan these again at 6 per cent. more; making to them a profit of more than 9 per cent, while other individuals get only six. Nor is this all. The coupon loan is to be exempt from every species of taxation, while in the case of individuals the tax eats up about one per cent. of the interest. The interest also to be paid semi-annually on this loan, which will make it a species of compound interest to the capitalist.

We say the tendency of this thing is to make capitalists the masters of the legislature. The members dare not go home without securing appropriations to the pet projects of their constituents, and to get these they must bow the knee in abject servility to the Lords of the heavy purse. It is easy for political quacks to run the State into debt, but let them once exercise their ingenuity to pay what we already owe.

Under this free banking system, as well as under any other, the notes may become depreciated. There may be security for their eventual redemption, but this stock must first be sold in the market before it becomes available funds. In the mean time, those of the note-holders who are poor have been compelled to part with their money, and suffer a loss, which profits no one but the brokers, or perhaps the agents of the bank itself.

The vote in the Senate on this free banking law, stood 18 yeas to 14 nays. The yeas were all Whigs except Messrs. Ives, Packer, Guernsey and Best. The nays were all Democrats except Messrs. Crabb and Konigsmacher.

### Susquehanna County Bank.

The Legislature have at last appointed Commissioners to investigate the affairs of this rickety concern. C. R. Buckalew, Esq., of this place, and Caleb E. Wright, Esq., of Doylestown, are the Commissioners.

### Congress.

Mr. Willmot made a Free-Soil speech, on last Friday, after which the House adjourned over to Monday. Mr. Winthrop spoke on Monday. The Census bill is in such shape, that it will soon pass, but the slavery question is the all-absorbing topic of the day. The compromise committee, has not yet reported to the Senate.

### Auditor General.

Messrs. Weaver & Gilmore: Permit me, through the columns of the Star of the North, to recommend the Hon. Andrew Beaumont, as a suitable man to fill the above office. I consider that Mr. Beaumont, has the very head and heart to qualify him for the post of Auditor General, besides that he is an old fashioned and well-tried Democrat of the Simon Snyder school and has never been found wanting. I therefore hope that his merits, will be well considered at the Williamsport convention.

VOX POPULI.

### The next Governor.

The suggestion of our correspondent lately that Col. REAR FRAZER, of Lancaster, should be the next Democratic candidate for Governor, seems to meet with general favor from the press. The North Pennsylvanian, in speaking of it, says:

"We have known REAR FRAZER from the earliest recollection of our boyhood, and can bear testimony to his character as a man and a democrat. For twenty-five years he has been battling in the cause of Democracy, a powerful opposition is waged against the Republican party. He has ever been consistent in his political character and no man can point to his public course, and say that he has once proved derelict in his duty to his principle. So far as we are concerned, (and we are proud to make the assertion), we should hail his nomination with both political and personal gratification. Col. F., has never solicited office; and is now one of those rare exceptions who has battled for a principle without seeking personal aggrandisement."

A lady came to Charles Wesley, complaining that she was the chief of sinners—the worst of transgressors—utterly lost and helpless.

"I have no doubt, madam," replied he, "that you are wicked enough."

She instantly flew into a passion, declared she was no worse than her neighbors, scolded the preacher as a slanderer, and it is thought would have boxed his ears if he had not quitted the apartment.

The following was propounded to a punter, the other day, by a leading Whig; "Why is the Taylor Administration like a pinback watch? The punter gave it up. Ans.—Because it has been Galvanised."

### The Emperor of Morocco

The Emperor of Morocco has sent some native African animals and birds as presents to Queen Victoria. They consist of a lion, a lioness, tiger, five gazelles, and two pairs of ostriches.

## TOLLS AT BEACH HAVEN.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,  
Beach Haven, May 1, 1850.  
Messrs. Gilmore & Weaver.—The following shows the collection of Canal Tolls at this Office:

Amount per last report	\$5,266 91
Amo't month ending April 30th,	10,455 86
Total	\$15,722 77

Yours, &c.,  
GEO. SMITH, Coll.

## TOLLS AT COLUMBIA.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,  
Columbia, May 1, 1850.  
Messrs. Editors:—The following is a statement of the amount of Tolls received at this Office for the month of April:

From Canal	\$22,077 50
" Rail Road	18,812 19
" Outlet Lock	2,404 00
" Trucks	1,244 35
" Fines	20 00
Total	\$44,559 04

Total receipts since Nov. 30, '49 \$98,475 35  
Total increase \$11,400 74  
STEWART PEARCE, Coll.

### Talking Right Out.

The Independent Democrat at Doylestown is one of the most fearless journals in the State. It dares to speak what it feels to be right, and merits the well wishes of every sound Democrat. It exposes the character of one pretended Democrat in the following style—

Among others we observe the name of Col. FRANKLIN VANSANT, of Bucks county, associated with the office of Canal Commissioner. Now we protest against the nomination of the Colonel. Aside from his utter incapacity to discharge the duties of this office, there are other reasons why he should not be the candidate of the Democratic party. Not many years since Col. Vansant was a resident of the county of Philadelphia, and elected to a seat in the Legislature, but as the Democracy of that county did not relish his friendly bending towards that old land of sinners, they speedily relieved him of his representative functions, after which he made his appearance as a lobbyist-member, borsing for the Dyott Bank, through which the community was swindled to such an extent, as to justify the criminal court in consigning the old culprit for a term of years to the Penitentiary. Subsequently Col. Vansant located himself in the lower section of this county, and before he had become fairly warm he was on the chase for office—he was elected to some unimportant little county offices. In 1836 he was a candidate before the County Convention for the Senate, but being unsuccessful he aided the opposition to defeat the regular nominee of the Democratic party. In 1848 he sought the nomination for Congress and being again rejected he and his free soil friends absented themselves from the election, with a view to the Democratic candidate. And in 1849 he contributed to the defeat of the Democratic candidate for the Senate, because his favorite did not get on the ticket. As additional evidence of his want of popularity at home, we need only mention that a majority of the Delegation from Bucks county is opposed to his nomination.

### HOW IT WAS DONE.

The following extract from a Harrisburg letter to the Bradford Reporter explains how the Montour county bill was passed. The letter was written before the passage of the bill, but the writer plainly saw the force of the circumstances which put it through. He says:—

Valentine Best, Esq., Speaker of the Senate, stands between the Democratic and Whig parties, and absolutely holds the balance of power; whichever way he casts his vote, on a strict party question the preponderance is given, and of course a party triumph. Of course it will be easily seen and understood that his vote will be sought after, and almost all kinds of caresses and appliances used by members of either party who are desirous of accomplishing some particular project through the appropriation bill. There are such members of both parties. Mr. Best, you may be sure is cunning enough to see and know the value of his vote, and as he holds the controlling vote over the big bills of the session, he is determined to force Senators and members to vote for his Montour County, yeas and pass it too before he will permit action to be taken on the other bills. So between the two houses they are playing shuff, and practising in skillful legislative tactics, to see which can out-manoeuvre the other. The house trying to stave off Montour, and pass the other bills, and Best, (who is the Senate,) determined to force Montour down their necks before he will touch anything else. In this way they have passed and rejected Montour—passed and rejected an appropriation bill two or three times, and present appearances indicate, that they are now only in the middle of the fight. Still all these matters may be brought to a close and business closed in a few days.

### PATENTS.

The following patents were issued from the Office last week:

John Wustlein, of Philadelphia, Pa.—For method of preventing accidental discharge of the Prussian Gun.

E. Harvey Parsons and Sanford E. Parsons of Wilkesbarre, Pa.—For improvement in hanging Saws in saw mills.

M. Bodisco, Minister of the Czar to the United States, instead of being banished to Siberia, has been decorated by the Emperor with the Grand Cross of the Order of Waldimar. He came passenger in the Cambria to the United States.

The Emperor of Morocco has sent some native African animals and birds as presents to Queen Victoria. They consist of a lion, a lioness, tiger, five gazelles, and two pairs of ostriches.

## THE CHRISTIAN.

Though sin may reign from pole to pole  
O'er all this wide domain,  
Yet not a speech shall tinge the soul  
When we in heaven reign.

Though troubles may beset the life,  
That leads to heaven and God  
Yet, in the midst of daily strife,  
We love the path he trod.

I would not—no I would not leave  
Religion's smallest joys,  
For all the pleasures we receive  
From earth's vain trifling toys.

For in the last and solemn hour,  
When life is ebbing out;  
We have a God whose gracious power  
Can raise us with a shout.

If death dissolve the union here,  
A stronger one is given:  
The tie of gospel grace is near  
To waft us home to heaven.

B. RUNTAN.

### ROMANCE IN REAL LIFE.

The Lewisburg (Pa.) Chronicle announces the marriage on the 14th instant of John Johnson and Mrs. Maria Miller, of Chillisqueque township, and tells the following romantic story respecting the happy pair:

The groom, we now works at the boat-yard here, was formerly a seafaring man. The bride is from South Carolina, and her father and her former husband, both of whom had been dead many years, were wealthy planters. Some five years ago the young widow made a visit to England, in company with her brother, a southern gentleman of fortune; and after their return voyage they embarked in a vessel in which the groom was serving as a common sailor. By some accident she was knocked overboard in the harbor of Liverpool, she sank to the bottom, and was given up for lost. Our hero, however, did not abandon the search. A slight change in the position of the vessel discovered her, the water being remarkably clear, lying on the ground, twenty feet below the surface, and apparently dead. He instantly plunged to the bottom, seized her by the hair, and brought her to the top—a large lock of hair being pulled out in the attempt, and which is still preserved. After some hours of persevering exertion, she was finally brought to and perfectly restored. She was deeply grateful to the preserver of her life, and on the homeward voyage she formed a strong attachment for him, and a union for life was resolved upon. Their plans were, however, frustrated, and for several years they never met. In the mean time her fortune became impaired. Some three or four months ago she heard of his location on earth, and immediately came on from Charleston to see him. Her uncle, however, overtook her and carried her back. She came on again, some three weeks ago, but was confined to bed for some time by sickness. Recovering on last Sabbath evening, the long deferred nuptial knot was tied, and the rescuer and rescued are now united in life-partnership, not better or for worse.

### A saw mill

A saw mill is in operation in Morris-town, N. J., which can readily be taken to any place required in a dense forest. It saws a log 30 feet in length, and a few days since transformed a log 15 feet long and 15 inches in diameter into 2 boards in short order—the saw running through the log in 4 minutes with the greatest ease. The crank can be transformed from an eight inch to a ten inch stroke in five minutes, and to prevent the usual jarring and heavy pressure on one side of the machine, it has a pitman on each side of the saw. The cost is \$350.

### SHUN MONUMENT.

We perceive by the proceedings of a meeting held on Friday of last week at the Trappe, in Montgomery county, to take measures for the erection of a monument to the memory of the late Governor Shunk, that the amount collected is, as yet, inadequate to the building of the proposed structure—requiring \$1,000 to complete the same, while the amount collected does not exceed \$50. A large number of subscription lists which were distributed throughout the State, some time ago, have not been returned, which is earnestly requested.

### SUNDAY TRAVEL OFFICE.

The election pool opened at the office of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, to decide as to the running of daily lines on this improvement, was closed at 3 o'clock on Monday, with the following results: The whole number of stockholders voting was 1829, representing 30,485 shares; 125 stockholders gave 17,822 votes in favor of daily lines, and 704 stockholders gave 12,663 votes against it, leaving a majority of 421 stockholders and 5,159 shares in favor of the daily lines.

### MONUMENT TO CALHOUN.

Meetings are being held in the several districts and parishes of South Carolina, to take measures for the erection of a monument to the memory of the late Hon. John C. Calhoun, at Columbia, by popular contribution.

### COFFEE

Coffee has fallen nearly 40 per cent from the late rise. Sugar is low. Mackerel is very dear.

### MILK-HOUSES

Milk-houses are now proved to be better in dry ground, if kept sweet and ventilated well, than where there is a spring of running water.

### UTOPIAN.

In France, a scheme has been started for the establishment of Banks of Honor, in which no security shall be required for loans, except the honor of the borrower.

### THIRTY-ONE SECTIONS

Thirty-one sections on the Western Division of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad between Turtle Creek and Blairsville, were let to contractors, at the latter place, on the 18th ult. Section No. 35 was taken by Col. Wynkoop and Lanagan, of Pottsville.

## PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HARRISBURG, May 2, 1850  
Senate.

Mr. Darsie, from the Committee on Finance, reported the General Appropriation Bill, with several amendments.

Various House amendments to Senate bill were taken up and generally concurred in.

The Apportionment.—The bill to fix the number of Senators and Representatives, and to form the State into Districts, in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution, came up in order on third reading.

The question then recurring upon the final passage of the bill, it was agreed to—yeas 16, nays 15—as follows:—

Yeas—Messrs. Brooke, Crabb, Cunningham, Darsie, Frick, Haslett, Konigsmacher, Lawrence, Malone, Matthias, Sadler, Saney, Savery, Sine, Walker, Best, (Speaker.)

Nays—Messrs. Brawley, Drum, Fernon, Forsyth, Frailey, Fulton, Hugus, Ives, Jones, McCaslin, Muhlenberg, Packer, Shimer, Sterrett, Streeter.

Afternoon Session.—The entire afternoon was spent in consideration of the general Appropriation Bill. An amendment increasing the pay to members to three dollars per diem was negatived, by a vote of yeas 12, nays 16. The thirteenth section of the bill had been reached on second reading when the Senate adjourned.

May 3d.

SENATE.—Mr. Darsie read in place a bill to incorporate the Short Mountain Coal Company, which, on motion, was taken up and passed a second reading.

Afternoon Session.—The Senate concurred in the House amendments to the Lebanon Bank bill.

The consideration of the Appropriation bill was then resumed, and continued under discussion till the hour of adjournment, when it was referred to the Committee of Conference. The names of the Committee have not yet transpired.

HOUSS.—A message was received from the Governor, with the information that he had signed the bill creating the new county, "Montour."

Senate amendments to the Appropriation bill were then taken up, and after preparatory reading, House adjourned.

May 4th.

SENATE.—The Senate Conference Committee on the appropriation bill, consist of Messrs. Sankey, Frailey and Sadler.

Senate resumed the consideration of the General Appropriation Bill. The new section put on as an amendment by the Finance Committee in Senate, which appropriates \$300,000 for the purpose of avoiding eight of the inclined Planes on the Allegheny and Portage Railroad, was adopted by a vote of yeas 24, nays 7.

The bill passed second reading and the Senate adjourned.

Bills on third reading.—The bill to extend the charter of the Kensington Bank. Upon the final passage of this bill a debate ensued between Messrs. Molloy and Steel. The bill was lost by a vote of yeas 35, nays 40.

The Committee of Conference on the part of the House on the Apportionment Bill are Messrs. Porter, Rhey and Haldeman, (all Democrats.)

An act to extend the charter of the West Branch Bank at Williamsport came up on third reading, and was lost—yeas 34, nays 35.

May 6.

SENATE.—Senate resumed the consideration of the General Appropriation Bill. On motion of Mr. Streeter, a section was embodied, and adopted as follows:

That the 10th section of the act, entitled, "An act to reduce the expenses of Government," passed the 17th day of April, 1843, shall not be construed to apply to any session of the Legislature at which the Septennial Apportionment is required to be made, in pursuance of the 4th section of the 1st article of the Constitution of Pennsylvania. In substance, this section allows the present members of the Legislature full pay for time spent in session over the one hundred days. The yeas and nays were required upon its adoption and resulted as follows.

Yeas—Messrs. Brawley, Crabb, Cunningham, Darsie, Drum, Fernon, Frailey, Frick, Haslett, Hugus, Ives, Lawrence, McCaslin, Muhlenberg, Packer, Sankey, Shimer, Sine, Streeter, Walker—29.

Nays—Messrs. Forsyth, Fulton, Guernsey, Jones, Konigsmacher, Malone, Matthias, Sadler, Sterrett, Best, Speaker—10.

After some further modification the bill passed finally.

HOUSE.—Senate amendments to the bill creating a sinking fund, and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the Commonwealth; to authorize a loan, and to establish a system of banking thereon, were taken up in order. The second section as amended in Senate, was now concurred in; this section now taxes billiard tables, in each county, thirty dollars. The same section was amended by inserting "nine" before "for ten-penny alley."

Dr. Burden proposed a new section, taxing horse-races in each county, five hundred dollars, which was negatived.

The third and fourth sections, as amended were concurred in, when the House adjourned.

May 7.

HOUSE.—Senate amendments to the general appropriation bill were considered. The House concurred in the amendment increasing the pay of clerks in the surveyor general's office. House non-concurred in an amendment striking out a proviso relative to the fees of the attorney general and his deputies. Yeas 31, nays 46.

A proposition to increase the salary of the State Librarian from \$500 to \$700 was lost—yeas 34, nays 45.

An amendment made by the Senate increasing the pay of the Canal Commissioner to \$4 per day, was non-concurred in—yeas 37, nays 45.

Pending consideration of further amendments relative to private claims, House adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.—The House this afternoon voted itself three dollars a day, without a division. Extra pay was voted to the Sergeant-at-Arms and other officers of both Houses.

## AN IMPORTANT LAW.

The following sections are portions of the law relating to banking, as it lately passed the Legislature. The bill has been signed by the Governor, and will work a material change in the character of our currency. It will be the means of drawing out a great deal of specie into circulation, and all that is now needed is to drive away the ragged notes. The present law is such as will enforce itself.

### State Central Committee.

At a very full meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee, at McKibben's Merchants' Hotel, Philadelphia, on the 1st inst., the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this Committee deem it expedient and proper, that the Convention that will assemble at Williamsport, on Wednesday, the 29th of this month, should make the nominations of Democratic candidates for the offices of Auditor General and Surveyor General, or any other State offices that may be made elective by the people.

And whereas, doubts have arisen in the party of the propriety of alternating the year for holding the State Conventions of the party, and great inconvenience and difficulty have sometimes arisen in the choice of Senatorial delegates; therefore,

Resolved, That this Committee respectfully suggest to the Convention, the propriety of considering and determining upon a permanent time and place for holding future Democratic State Conventions.

Resolved, That we also suggest to the Convention, the propriety of so arranging the representation in future Conventions as to dispense with Senatorial delegates, and permit the Democracy of each county to be directly represented.

J. GLANCY JONES, Chairman.  
G. G. WESTCOTT, Secretary.

### CONNECTICUT—ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE AND ELECTION OF A DEMOCRATIC GOVERNOR, &c.

New Haven, May 3d.

The Legislature was organized yesterday, by the election of Origen S. Seymour, democrat, as Speaker of the House.

David B. Warner was appointed Clerk pro tem, and both Houses went into the election of State officers, with the following result:

FOR GOVERNOR.	
T. S. Seymour, (dem.)	122
L. S. Foster, (whig)	103
Blank	7
Failed to vote	3
Seymour's majority	19

Charles H. Pond, (dem.) was chosen Lieutenant Governor by the following vote:

C. H. Pond, (dem.)	124
Green Condrick, (W.)	101
Blank	4
Pond's majority	19

No other candidates were balloted for; but there is no doubt the democratic Secretary of State, Treasurer and Comptroller, will be elected.

### The Schuylkill Bank.

No less than three charters for new banks passed the Senate, of this State in one day last week—passed, too, by Democratic votes. The most recent movement, however, is to revive the charter of the Schuylkill Bank—that great gambling shop, by the failure of which so many honest people were ruined a few years ago. We see, with astonishment, that this bill has passed the Senate. If this concern is allowed to commence operations, the very next scheme will be to resurrect the dead bank of the United States. The principle is the same, and the man who votes for the revival of the Schuylkill Bank, can next follow his vote consistently by supporting a bill for the revival of the charter of the monster itself. We call upon the Democrats of the House to interpose between the people and the Senate for the purpose of restraining this loose and objectionable practice of clothing every bank with corporate powers that chooses to ask for them.—Penn.

### Widening of the Union Canal.

The managers of the Union Canal Company are taking preliminary steps toward commencing the work of enlarging the channel of that important internal improvement. The Lebanon Courier informs us that it is the intention of the Company to proceed with the work as far as possible previous to the closing of navigation, which will be in October. They contemplate having the enlargement of such a state of forwardness as to be ready for reopening the Canal with the first Spring business. The affairs of the Company are in a very prosperous condition, reflecting high credit upon those to whom its management has been entrusted.

A gentleman, says the New York Post, writing to us on business, from the Lackawanna Valley, Pa., informs us that work on the Leggett's Gap Railroad has been commenced at the Summit, in the town of Abingdon, Luzerne County, and a number of shanties located there. The Directors of the Board promise to have it completed in seventeen months from this time. This work will connect the Erie Railroad with the great Lackawanna and Wyoming coal mines.

### Destructive Fire at Pike.

Intelligence was received here on Saturday, of the destruction by fire, at Pike, Wyoming county, Pa., of a paper mill owned by Messrs. John B. Smith, of this city, and W. Wheeler, of Pike. The establishment was valued at \$7000—manufacturing the best paper of its kind in Western New York.

A well known manufacturer of Patent Medicine, in New York, has lately disposed of his establishment and given up the business. He received for the machinery \$28,000, and for the good will \$100,000. The manner in which he built up such a profitable concern was very simple—a liberal and judicious system of advertising.

### Marble in New Jersey.

A vein of Marble has been discovered at Turkey Mountain, near Montville, N. J. It is beautifully white, and, in some portions of it, shows seams of asbestos, about an inch in thickness, and particles of copper pyrites.

### The Albany Dutchman

The Albany Dutchman says there is a fellow in that city so jealous, that he counts his wife's hairs every day, to see if she has not given away a moment during his absence.

### The Railroad Strike.

The number of laborers on the strike on the inclined plain road, west of Philadelphia, is from 700 to 800, and as their determination not to resume work until their claims are granted—that is, ten hours to the day.

## Great Convention of Women in Ohio.

Correspondence of The Tribune.

SALEM, Columbiana Co. Ohio, April 21.

The call of a Convention to frame a new Constitution for the State of Ohio has aroused the Buckeye women to an effort to secure for themselves equal rights with men in making and administering the laws by which they are to be governed. A Convention, composed of four or five hundred of the sex, has just closed a session of two days in this place. Men took no part whatever in the proceedings, but attended in great numbers as spectators. The whole subject of Woman's petition, political, social and intellectual, was pretty thoroughly canvassed, and that, too, with an ability which would have done no discredit to elevated and enlightened minds of the other sex. Among those most active in the proceedings were many who occupy the highest place of society in our Western villages—women of vigorous and cultivated minds, and distinguished for all the virtues pertaining to the sex. The call was addressed to the Women of Ohio, and excited a very deep interest in many portions of the State. From this and the adjoining counties the attendance was large, and many came from a distance.—The Convention excited an interest in this village and vicinity. Little else was talked about or thought of while it was in session. The large meeting-house of Friends (Hicksites), in which all the exercises save one were held, was crowded much of the time to overflowing—the women occupying one part, and the men, scarcely less numerous, the other.

MODESTY.—It is said that a lady recently asked Lor' Brougham who was the best debater in the House of Lords. His lordship modestly replied, "Lord Stanley is the second man."

The modesty of his lordship is equal to that of a lecturer on Phrenology, who once visited Philadelphia. He told his audience there were three remarkable heads in the United States, one was that of Daniel Webster, another John C. Calhoun, "the third, ladies and gentlemen," said the lecturer, "modesty forbids me to mention."

### NEW POST-OFFICES.

The Postmaster General has established post-offices at the following places in this State.

East Sharon, Potter county, Pa., Felix Lerch. The Post-office at Beach Ridge, Wayne county, has been discontinued; and that at Boston, Northumberland, name changed to "Kautiebank."

### THE RAILROAD STRIKE.

The number of laborers on the strike on the inclined plain road, west of Philadelphia, is from 700 to 800, and as their determination not to resume work until their claims are granted—that is, ten hours to the day.