COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

EDITED BY LEVI L. TATE, PROPRIETOR.

BLOOMSBURG:

Saturday Morning, Jan. 14, 1865.

"Our Constitution---guard it ever!
Our glorious Union---hold it dear!
Our Starry Flag---forsake it never!
The proud Caucassian---our only peer!

TERMS OF THIS PAPER:
(AFTER JANUARY 1st, 1865.)
$3 00 per Year, or
2 50 if paid strictly in advance.

Direct Taxes.

One or two things remain to be said about the question of Direct Taxes, to which we adverted last week.

One tax was to have been levied under the said law, previously to April 1, 1865; and that tax was paid by Pennsylvania to the General Government, by making appropriation for arming and equipping the soldiers sent to the army at the beginning of the war; thereby increasing our State debt to the amount of several millions, and to pay the interest on which, we are now paying a *special State tax*.

Perhaps Pee John, writing for his friends in the back townships, will deny that also; but the pocket of the tax payer will at once set his judgment straight on that point.

In this way, by playing hand and glove, Andy Curtin managed to conceal the fact of the levying and paying of a Direct Tax off of the people of Pennsylvania, until the actual knowledge of the fact, would neither endanger his nor Lincoln's re election Now, concealment being no longer necessary to hold the gudgeons whom they have so long deceived, the facts are admitted by all except such intensely ignorant fellows, as fugle the *Republican*.

We shall have more to say on this subject hereafter. For the present let what has been written suffice.

Orangeville Male and Female Academy.

The greatest outrage committed by any portion of people upon any other, was enacted by the manner of conducting and holding the election for Trustees of the Orangeville Male and Female Academy on the 31st December, A. D. 1864. We would not have referred to it at all through the newspaper; as the whole subject will undergo a judicial investigation; had not the lying *Republican* endeavored to make a point about the matter.

"The other party," of whom the *Republican* speaks as having been "wofully beaten," were not and are not beaten, and the unjustifiable course adopted by the party who controlled the election will have such a ventilation as will do them good for the balance of their natural lives. The people, who have an interest in the proper conduct of all our schools, and in the funds for carrying the same on, will see that justice is done, as soon as they get the matter in their hands.

Meeting of the Legislature.

Both Houses met and organized on the 3d inst. The House elected A. G. Olmstead of Potter county, Speaker, A. W. Benedict, Clerk, W. H. Denniston, Assistant Clerk, Alexander Adaire, Postmaster, Chareles E. Idell, Sergeant-at-arms, James T. McJunkin, Door Keeper. The democrats voted for nominees of their own who might have been elected if they had received enough votes.

Wm. J. Turrel of Montrose, Susquehanna county, is Speaker of the Senate.

The vote stood on the first ballot 38 Democrats to 55 Republicans.

Harrisburg is crowded, all the Hotels being full. The markets are steep and on the rise. Board $12 00 per week.

Our Quota 60,000!

The announcement of the administration that the quota of Pennsylvania is sixty thousand on the coming draft, has alarmed even Lincoln's friends. Those who voted for him under the false assertion that his election would end the war and give peace without further drafts, have a beautiful prospect before them. All this might have been otherwise if McClellan had been elected. The South would have returned to the Union under his administration, but under Lincoln they never will, as long as they have power to resist.

Rev. A. R. Rutan, of Luzerne co., who was "Kidnapped for opinions sake," and underwent a farsical trial before the Military Commission at Harrisburg, has been sentenced to pay two hundred dollars fine and undergo six months imprisonment in Fort Mifflin.

Wm. H. Kember, abolitionist, was on Thursday last, elected State Treasurer of Pennsylvania, by the Joint Convention of the Legislature.

Hon. James Guthrie, a noble Union Democrat, has been elected by the Kentucky Legislature, to the United States Senate.

Senator Montgomery, and Representative Jacoby, have our thanks for documents.

O. N. Worden has retired from the Lewisburg *Chronicle*. J. R. Cornelius will hereafter run the Smut machine.

The Philistines are upon us.

Geo. M. Richart, of the "*Pittston Gazette*," some weeks since, copied an article, into his paper, headed "William Burgess," and credited it to the "*Bloomsburg Democrat*." Following up the extract, Mr. Richart gave Mr. Burgess a good name, and pronounced him a "patriot," alledging that he had "shouldered his musket and was doing God's service in the Army." We tell you this is a slander upon Mr. B. He did no such thing. Like most other "loyal leaguers," Mr. B., evaded duty when called to fill up the Army, and thereby defrauded the Government of his services. Just as did Geo. M. Richart, Palemon John, and Ira Avery. This is the religion of these *loyal scamps*.

Mr. Burgess, it is reported, is in the Army. This is only true in part. Finding it an up-hill business to any longer run the "*Tunkhannock Smut Machine*," he went to Washington,—not to "shoulder his musket"—not to fight in the ranks,—but to enjoy the emoluments of a safe and lucrative office (out-of-harm's-way) and joined the army of the loyal thieves and robbers. Mr. Richart, in the next place, administers to us a little loyal advice. He thinks we have never abused the rebels, or supported the Government, and advises us to "go down South and kick for a job with Jeff. Davis" Now, if we have not abused the rebels, as this loyal lincolnpoop thinks we should, we have stirred up their allies in the North—the abolition loyal-leaguers—who are equally traitors to the Country and enemies to the Union.

We did more. We shouldered our musket, in the hour of our country's peril, with our two Sons, two Sons-in-Law, and twelve nephews then in the field, and marched down South in defense of our country to the bloody-fields of South Mountain and Antietam. Where then were the valorous *Richarts*, Burgesses', Averys Johns, &c., with all their vaunted loyalty and patriotism? Sneaking at home, denouncing patriotic democrats as "traitors and copperheads!"

Fool-like, Mr. Richart, intimates that our teachings caused the difficulties in Fishingcreek. Does he know, poor simpleton, that the *abolition conspiracy* against those inoffensive men up Fishingcreek, has proven a failure and been pronounced a a farce. And we are proud to-day to say, that with all the searching, swearing and falsifying of the "*loyal kid-nappers*," that they were unable to implicate our fidelity to good order, or even suspect our patriotism, or that of any other Democrat in Bloomsburg. Yes, we stand defiantly upon the Record, and boldly appeal to its truth, for our vindication from the tongue of calumny.

But a word more, to this "*verdant* loyal leaguer," and his click of abolition liars. We notice, Mr. Richart, that in your article, as applicable to us, you have interspersed the term "*cowardice*." We hurl it back, with re-doubled force in your teeth, as unworthy the emanation of either a gentleman or a patriot. And, we warn you in advance, that if you repeat the *insinuation*, and escape the wringing of a goose's-neck, you may feel the weight of a gentleman's boot in close proximity to your posterion organization.

To you and all such pimps and critters, we would say, once for all, *stand from under*. Be careful how you *play with edged tools*. Our advice is:—

That when the Lions rage,
And the band begins to play,
You "boys" around the "monkey cage."
Had better keep away!

The *Atlantic Monthly* for January comes out in new type. It is a return to the letter of fifty years ago, and look quaint and in some respects pleasing.—The paper is good, though not quite so good as formerly. The number is exceedingly readable; and the writers are Bryant, Longfellow, Hawthorne, Bayard Taylor, and Holmes. Mrs. Stowe begins her papers, entitled "The Chimney Corner,"

We have repeatedly said that The Atlantic does not view political questions from our stand point; but as a literary magazine it is very able It is $4 00 a year, published by Ticknor & Fields, Boston.

Appointments by the Commissioners.

The Auditors and Commissioners met last week, and made the Annual Settlement. It will be published as soon as approved by the Court in February. The Commissioners then made the following judicious appointments for the ensuing year, viz:—

Att'y to Commissioner,—W. Wirt, Esq.
Commissioner's Clerk,—R. C. Fruit, Esq.
Mercantile Ap'r—Capt. C. B. Brockway.

It is a most extraordinary thing that the fellow who runs the smut machine cannot tell the truth. In the wager he referred to last week, the Stockholder, who according to the *Republican*, is an honorable, high-minded man, says that the bet was, that there was "no such thing as a Direct Land Tax," and the abolitionist based his opinion upon Pee John's assertion whereby he lost his money, to his great disgust and chagrin.

We give another article on the "Direct Land Tax" this week, to which we call attention.

Judge A. S. Wilson, of Lewistown, died at his residence in that place on Monday a week, aged 64.

Failure of the War in 1864.

General Banks moved since the commencement of last year to the Rio Grand. He ocupied Brownsville; and we were told that the rebellion had been strangled in Texes! What are the facts now? He has withdrawn nearly all his troops from the State; and the whole line of the Rio Grande is again open for the transportation, to neutral ports, of Confederate cotton. In this one of its great movements the war, during the past year, has proved a failure.

A Federal expedition moved up Red River. A fleet of gunboats led the van. A flotilla of transports followed with regiments, brigades, divisions; and co-operating armies moved overland under a system of crushing concentration. Louisiana was, we were assured, about to be "cleaned out," Texas to be overrun, Arkansas bought into subjugation! And what came of all these high promises? The invasion, army and navy, was hurled back in disaster; some of the vessels captured or destroyed; large masses of the troops killed, wounded or taken prisoners; and the whole followed up in hot pursuit until the remnants succeded in reaching the Mississippi. In *this* great movement of the past year the war has proved a failure.

Sherman, at the beginning of the past year, gathered an army at Vicksburg.—Having moved to the eastward, he reached Jackson. He pressed the Confederates back until he reached the Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Meridan. A co-operating expedition of cavelry, designed to feed his army from the rich prairies of Eastern Mississippi and Central Alabama, having been driven back, the Federal chief retraced his steps. Harrassed on the way by Stephen Lee's horse, he returned to Vicksburg and, after a march of upward of two hundred and fifty miles, presented the country with another instance in which the war has proved, in 1864, a failure.

Sherman commenced his advance into Northern Georgia during the year just closed. Fighting and manœuvering, he pressed on from Ringgold to Dalton, from Dalton to Kingston, from Kingston to Marietta; and finally, at a sacrifice of probably fifty thousand men, planted the Federal flag within the defences of Atlanta.—Whether or not he may have learned from the movement of the Confederates that his operations from Atlanta had become impracticable, need not be considered here; but the actual fact is beyond question that, having reached that city, he has declared its posession, of all the places, for which he had fought on the way to it, of no avail. Even brilliant successdoes, thus, not redeem the operations of Gen. Sherman, in Northern Georgia, from the conclusion which declares all the great movements of the war in 1864, practically failures.

Hunter moved last Spring against Lynchburg. His advance was designed as a cooperative movement for the reduction of Richmond, and was heralded as one of the finishing touches of the work of subjugation. And what were the features of that expedition? Early hurled upon its rear, it could not retrace its steps; but, seeking safety in flight, retreated, hungry, exhausted, and demoralized, to the Kanawha? Here again, one of the great movements of the campaign of 1864 proved, in keeping with all the others, a miserable failure.

Sheridan succeeded Hunter in the design on Lynchburg. Successful in driving back the Confederate advance, he moved up the Valley of the Shenandoah. Early threatening his flank from the Blue Ridge, the Federal chief did not dare to proceed beyond Stanton. The Southern general, haveing after a time assumed the offensive, Sheridan fell back: and, notwithstanding that he saved his army at Cedar Creek, has not again advanced beyond Winchester.—*As a movement upon Lynchburg*, the successes of Sheridan's campaipn in the Valley have not saved it from the fate which has declared it in common with all the other great movements of the campaign of '64, to have proved a failure.

Grant commenced, during the past year, his operations against Richmond. High hopes and confidant assurances declared his advance to have sealed the fate of the "rebellion." *Paper* victories brought him, after a bloody slaughter, to a point which he might have reached by water without the loss of a man. The chicanery and falsehood touching his operations, from that day to this, meet now their correct interpretation, in the fact that General Grant still tugs and strives against Richmond in vain. Be the "key" of that city in whose pocket it may, there can be no doubt that at the close of the year 1864, the Federal onslaught on the "rebel" capital remains, like every other great movement of the campaign, a failure.

The Butler-Porter expedition against Fort Fisher! In charity we would pass over that miricle of loud mouthed promise; but we must include it in the judgement which pronounces every great undertaking of the campaign of last year a failure.

The attack on Charleston was one of the grounds of the false hopes of the 1st of January, 1864. Fort Sumpter has been battered down; but still its ruins remain unconquered. A bombardment in conflict with all the restraints of humanity and law, rained destruction on Charleston; but still that city remains covered by unapproachable defences. This year has witnessed all the false hopes of which Charleston was made the subject twelve months ago, settle down into the conclusion that the attack on that city is a failure.

Florida was to have been subjugated in 1864! A State was to have been restored by the logic of artillery into "the Union!" Federal troops congregated on the St. Johns; and, massed into an army, moved into the interior. Hurled back to Olustee, they retreated, shattered and bleeding, to their ships; and added thus another instance of the general truth, that every large operation of the campaign of last year has resulted in failure.

Ships and troops gathered like storm-clouds around the harbor of Mobile. That city was, we were assured, about to be captured; and a co-operating force, moving for that base, we were told, would immediately afterward go up the Alabama to repeat the apparently harmless process of "cutting the rebellion in two!" What are the facts to-day? Mobile is still a "hot-bed" of secession! The Federal army and the Federal fleet have seen proper to give its torpedoes and its artillery and its rifles a "wide berth," and even that gallant old sailor, Farragut, while able to look upon its church-spires in the distance, was unable to break the spell which appears to have decreed that each expedition of the war in 1864 should turn out a miscarriage.

But what shall we say of Sherman's raid across Georgia? Beginning at his confession of the practical failure of even the splendid successes which brought him to Atlanta, in the vain hope of strangling the rebellion, the movement of that officer to the seaboard was, such as it is, a success. The measure of that success is simply the occupation of the previously sealed City of Savannah; and of about twenty miles of the lower part of the Ogecchee-Savannah peninsula; but, while this is literlly the sum total of its results, that march is the only instance in which any one of the great movements of the campaign of last year has not proved an utter failure.

Correct the Enrollment.—There was considerable complaint under the last draft, on account of the alleged unjust quotas assessed upon some of the townships. One way to avoid this at the next draft, is to have the enrollment corrected immediately, by having all the names sticken off that do not properly belong there. All who will be over 45 on the 15th of February, who have removed from the township, who are disabled by apparent permanent physical disability, who have served two years in this war, who will not be 20 years of age on the 15th of February, all these can be stricken off, if the necessary application be at once made to the Provost of this District. We may, also, say that it is the interest of every rightly enrolled man, to report the names of all of proper age, &c., who are not enrolled, for the more of these there are on the list, the greater the chance of escape, when the drawing takes place.

The Methodist.—This large double-sheet Methodist Journal. is published weekly in New York, at $2 50 per year, in advance. George R. Crooks, D. D., Editor. It is an excellent religious newspaper, conducted with discretion and Christian propriety, an advocate of Lay Representation, and is sustained by a large corps of experienced writers and able Editors.

Every christian family should receive a copy of "The Methodist." Especially should it be patronized by the Society whose religious sentiments it represents.—Specimen copies can be seen at this office.

Which Shall we Follow.—The Republican press say it is treason to advocate the cause of peace. Even professed ministers of the Gospel continue to preach war to the knife and the knife to the hilt, and yet Christ on the Mount tells us that, "Blessed are the peace-makers; for they shall be called the children of God." We are told again in Romans 15: "How beautiful are the feet of them that preach the gospel of Peace." We ask the reader which is it safest to follow the teachings of the Abolition press and the war preachers, or the teachings of the written will of the Son of God.

James McHenry one of the so called monsters who frightened Mr. Lincoln or somebody else out of his wits has been liberated after a confinement of 103 days in Fort Mifflin. We wish that Mr. Lincoln and the other parties at whose instance Mr. McHenry was arrested and incarcerated in a loathsome dungeon were as guiltless of a violation of law or the Constitution as the accused.—*Scranton Register*.

Health.—"Health is an excellent thing, especially when you are sick," as Mrs. Partington says. And when you are sick, it is important to have restorative agents, pure and relieble, such as you get at Moyer & Eyer's Drug Store, where prescriptions are always put up with the utmost care, and where fresh and genuine medicines are dispensed.

A Committee of Kentuckians, who recently waited on the President for the purpose, got his promise that the draft should be stopped in that State which has been done. It was found that the draft was putting more men from Kentucky in the rebel army, than in that of the Federal.

Hon. W. H. Jacoby, our Member of the Legislature, we notice has been placed on the following Committees, viz: Accounts, Printing and Mines & Minerals.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Democrat:

Sir:—I often hear complaints in this, that abolition publications are more abundantly circulated among the people, than those of a more conservative and democratic tendency. It is true: and the reason is obvious enough.

Not only do they advertise more extensively in their own party publications, but they are constantly seducing democratic papers into giving, among our own people favorable notices of periodicals, whose doctrines and tendencies we believe to be pernicious in the highest degree. And while that is being done, the people do not find any antidote to that poison. No where is found a notice or recommendation of a democratic publication—no where is attention called by our papers to the monthlies of our own party organization; and our people are left to the mercy of abolitionism in its only seductive form, the literary one. Look at all our democratic weeklys, which circulate among the rank and file of our party, and you will see the extent of the evil to which I refer.

We do not find advertisements and notices and recommendations of "The American Monthly" a democratic magasine published at No. 37 Park Row, New York; nor of "The Old Guard," also of the true faith, published at 162 Nassau street, New York. These are left to find their way as best they can; while others fill column after column of our party papers. Depend upon it Mr. Editor, these things ought not so to be.

[Correspondence of the Columbia Democrat.]

Return of Prisoners.

Lieut Myron Fellows, of New Columbus, has just returned on parol, from Charlestown, South Carolina, after being a prisoner of war seventeen months and ten days. His health is in bad condition, and his eye sight very much impaired.

John R. Koons also arrived at Annapolis on the 15th ult. Mr. Koons left New Columbus in 1861, enlisted with Colonel Harvey's Company, was a prisoner of war in 1862, was wounded slightly, was afterward exchanged, and then returned to his company, where he remained until the 5th of May last, when he was again taken prisoner at the battle of the Wilderness, a few days before the expiration of his term of enlistment, and sent south with nearly the whole of the 7th Regt. of the P. R. V. C., he is now paroled and is expected to see his home for the first time since he left in June 1861.

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A Pictorial Double Number.

The Phrenological Journal and Life Illustrated, for January, appears with 32 quarto pages, and a beautiful illustrated Cover. It contains portraits of Tennyson, Silliman, Sheridan, Cobb, Pillips, Susana, Wesley—mother of John—an Indian Chief, Franz Muller, Miss Muggins, Miss Fury, the Princess of Wales, Florence Nightingale, a group of Warriors—Hanibal, Julius Cæsar, Pizarro, Cromwell, Charles XII, Frederick the Great, Scott, Wellington and Napoleon, with Ethnology, Phrenology Physiognomy, Physiology, and Psychology, No 1. Vol. 41st. Published at 20 cents a number. or $2 00 a year, by Messrs Fowler & Wells, 389 Brodway, N. Y.

Brown's Bronchial Troches, "*Contain no opium nor anything injurious*" Dr. A. A Hayes, Chemist, Boston. "*An elegant combination for Coughs*" Dr G. F Bigelow, Boston. "*I recommend their use to Public Speakers*. Rev. E H. Chapin. "*Most salutary relief in Bronchitis*." Rev. S. Seigfried, Morristown, Ohio. "*Very beneficial when suffering from Colds*." Rev. S J. P. Anderson. "*Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma*." Rev. A. C. Eggleston, New York. "*They have suited my case exactly,—relieving my throat so that I could sing with ease*."

T. Ducharme,
Choriter French Parish Church, Montreal.

As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the *genuine*.

A young girl named Jenny Forbes, living with Dr. Uptegraff, on the Square; drank strychnine on Monday evening, from the effects of which she died. It is said that a letter from her parents, living at Carbondale, saying that they were destitute and suffering, prompted the sad act. Part of the family were at the Ball.—*Record of Times*.

Dyer L. Chapin, Esq, one of the Lincoln prisoners of New Columbus, this county, we understand, has returned to his home. He was arrested on the 31st of August, incarcerated in Fort Mifflin, and was released on the 31st day of December, having committed no offence against the laws. The only charge was that he sold at his store to a neighbor's boy two lbs. of lead and a box of caps. Well may Mr. Chapin wonder whether he is a citizen of free America or the subject of an European despot.—*Luzerne Union*.

Real Estate Sale.—Mr. George P. Steele, last week sold the hotel property known as "Steele's Hotel" on the Square, to Mr. Ziba Bennett, for $22,000.

F. A. Page has purchased the farm of Major McNiel on the Kingston road, containing 75 acres, for $22,000.—*Ibid*.

Dosing Stanton.—Mr. Stanton, Secretary of War, recived through the mails last week a letter containing four large pills. There was nothing in the letter to indicate who the donor of the strange gift was.

Gold is selling at $2 28 in the New York markets.

New Advertisements.

Notice!

NOTICE is hereby given, to all persons indebted to, or having dealings with, the late firm of Fairman, Lee & Co., Lime Burners, at Lime Ridge, that the Books and Accounts of said firm have been placed in the hands of the undersigned for settlement and collection. Settlements must be made by the 10th of February next, or those interested need not complain, if cost ensues. The Books, &c., are in my office at Light Street.

JOSEPH LILLEY, J. P.
Light Street, January 14, 1865—4ts.

LIQUOR LICENSES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following persons have filed in the office of the Clerk of the Quarter Sessions, applications to keep Hotel, or sell liquor by the quart, with or without other merchandize, at the places named, and that the applications will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia county, on Monday, the 6th day of February, 1865, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,

Hiram Smothers, Hotel, Berwick,
John Leggot " Greenwood.

JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk O. C.
Bloomsburg, January 14, 1865.

List of Causes for February Term 1865.

1 Elijah McMurtrie Endorser of Aaron Wolf vs Christian Wolf.
2 Jacob Harris vs Peter Jacoby.
3 Russel P Stoker, vs Wm Ikeler.
4 David Achenbach vs John Wardin.
5 George Longenberger George Miller et al vs Joshua Robbins & William Boyles.
6 Jno Allegar and Farah A Allegar vs Jno Y Allegar.
7 Samuel Williams vs Charles H. Dieterich and Geo. A. Herring.
8 Wilson Ager vs Joseph F Long.
9 Hugh McReynolds et al vs Peter Oliphant
10 Amos W Creamer vs Enoch Howell.
11 Amos W Creamer vs Enoch Howell.
12 John Beishel et al vs S F. Headly et al
13 George W Garrison vs Casper I Thomas.
14 Richard Morgan vs Samuel Hoagland.
15 John Ruckle vs Henry T. Riley et al.
16 Henry Gilmer, vs Moore Creveling.
17 Enos L. Adams vs. Samuel B Seybert with Sci fa. to Peter M Traugh and Josiah Thomas Garnishees
18 John Keiffer adm'r of Joseph Gearhart, deceased vs Moses Meyer.
19 Rebecca Vanderslice vs Richard B Menaugh
20 George Carr, endorsee of James Carr vs Sylvester J Fox and Thomas Creveling, jr.

JESSE COLEMAN, *Prothonotary*.

FOR RENT.

A STORE HOUSE, LOT OF LAND AND DWELLING HOUSE.

THE undersigned, Guardian for the minor children of Joseph Gearhart, deceased, will offer to rent, (for two years from the first of April next,) at public out cry, on

Thursday, the 2nd day of February, 1865,

The following described valuable estate, viz:—

A Store House, Dwelling House, with the Out-buildings, and Two Acres of Land,

Situate in Catawissa township, Columbia county, Pa., on the Main Road, about mid-way Between Catawissa and Mainville.

Said property is all in good condition, with every convenience for a residence and business stand, in an excellent neighborhood, and offers rare inducements for embarking in the Mercantile business.

To be Rented on the premises, and to commence at one o'clock, P. M., on said day, when due attendance will be given, by

WM. CREASY, Sr.
January 14 1865.

Public Vendue.

OF

Valuable Personal Property.

WILL be exposed to Public Sale, at the residence of the subscriber, in Jackson township, Col. co., on

TUESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1865,

The following valuable personal property, viz:

TWO BROWN MARES,
FIVE MILCH COWS,

(two of which are fresh.) One Sow and Pigs, Nine Sheep, Hay by the ton Straw and Corn-fodder by the Bundle, Rye and Buckwheat by the bushel and Corn in the ears.

Wagons, Plows, Harrows, Sleds, Corn-Sheller, Potatoes by the Bushel,

Together with his entire Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock a. m., of said day, when attendance will be given and conditions be made known by

JOHN McHENRY, Jr.
IRAM DERR, *Auctioneer*.
January 14, 1865.

PUBLIC VENDUE

OF

Valuable Personal Property.

THE subscriber, administrator of the estate of Peter Bodine, late of Catawissa township, deceased, will expose to sale, at the residence of Widow Bodine, in Catawissa, Pa., on

Tuesday, the 24th of January, 1865

The following valuable personal property, viz.—

One Bay Mare, one Carriage, one Spring Wagon, Sleigh, Bureau, Desk, Beds and Bedding, two Stoves, Chairs, Tables, Settee, Stands, one Gun, Patent Washing machine, set of Buggy-harness, Copper kettle, Vinegar, a large Fish-net, Potatoes by the bushel, together with a large variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture too numerous to mention.

ALSO;

At the farm of the deceased, in Catawissa township

On Wednesday, January 25th, 1865

The following property will be offered for sale.—

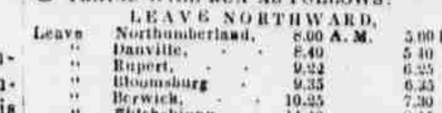
ONE DARK COLORED HORSE,

Twelve Sheep, one two-horse Wagon Sled, set of Yankee-harness, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, four swarms of Bees Wheat, Buck-wheat, Corn and Oats by the bushel, Corn-Sheller, two Fanning Mills, one turning Lathe, Pigeon Net Grain in the Ground, together with the entire Farming Utensils of the deceased consisting of articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on each day, when terms and conditions will be made known by

JOHN V. BODINE.
Administrator of the Estate Peter Bodine, dec'd.
January 14, 1865.

Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Railroad



TWO DAILY TRAINS.

ON AND AFTER DEC. 26, 1864, PASSENGER TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

	LEAVE NORTHWARD.		
Leave	Northumberland,	8.00 A. M.	5.00 P. M
"	Danville,	8.40	5 40
"	Rupert,	9.22	6.25
"	Bloomsburg	9.35	6.35
"	Berwick,	10.25	7.30
"	Shickshinny,	11.10	8.15
"	Kington,	12.15 P. M	9.15
Arrive at	Scranton,	1.50	10.25
"	New York,		5.50
"	Philadelphia,		6.30
	LEAVE SOUTHWARD.		
Leave	Scranton,	6.00 A M	4 20 P. M
"	Kingston	7.00	5.30
"	Berwick,	8.35	7 30
"	Bloomsburg	9.15	8.25
"	Rupert,	9.25	8.35
"	Danville,	10.00	9.15
Arrive at	Northumberland,	10 40	10.00
"	Harrisburg,	1.20 P. M.	1.25
"	Washington,	9.05	10.35
"	Philadelphia,	5.40	5.00

The shortest and most direct route to the west and the oil region!

Trains of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad leave Northumberland every morning for Erie, arriving there the afternoon of the same day to connect with trains for Buffalo, Cleveland, Chicago, with all points west, and connecting at Corry with all trains on the Oil Creek Railroad.

New and elegant Sleeping cars accompany the night trains each way between Northumberland and Baltimore, and Northumberland and Philadelphia.

H. A. FONDA, Supt.
Kingston, January 14, 1865.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elizabeth Murray deceased.

THE undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia county, Pa., to make distribution of the assets of the Estate of Elizabeth Murray, deceased, among the persons entitled by law to receive the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, the 28th day of January, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

W. WIRT, *Auditor*.
Bloomsburg Jan. 7, 1865 & $2 50.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decendents and minors, that the following administration and Guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court, to be held in Bloomsburg, in the county aforesaid, on Wednesday, the 8th of February, 1865, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

1. Final account of Peter Ent adm'r, of Alem Marr, late of Scott township, deceased.
2. Account of Andrew Creveling and Samuel Henrie, Ex'rs. of Archibald Henrie, late of Orange township, deceased.
3. First account of William G. Hurley adm'r of Caleb Barton, late of Bloom township, dec'd.
4. Account of Jacob Longenberger, administrator of John Rarig, late of Roaringcreek township, deceased.
5. First and final account of Oliver Evans, adm'r, of David Hampton, late of Roaringcreek township, Deceased.
6. First and final account of William G. Harris, adm'r, de bonis non with the will annexed of Andrew Hess, late of Sugarloaf twp., deceased.
7. Account of John Wolf, adm'r. of George F. Miller, late of Centre township, deceased.
8. First and final account of Henry Buss, adm'r, of Henry G. Koons, late of Hemlock twp. deceased.
9. Final account of William Lamon and Nathan Sitler, adm'rs of Samuel Sitler, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
10. Account of William Masteller, and Joseph Correll, Ex'rs. of John Heller, late of Madison township, deceased.
11. First and final account of Wilson Wanich, adm'r. of Samuel Wanich, late of Hemlock township, deceased.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
Bloomsburg, January 6, 1865. REGISTER.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of a writ of *Fi Fa* to me directed, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, will be exposed to sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.

On Monday, the 6th of February, 1865,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate to wit:

A Certain Tract of Land,

Situate in Locust township, Columbia county, adjoining lands of Jackson P. Cackierese on the south, on the East, Jonathan Bachman and Amzi Fox, on the north, Peter Miller, sen., and Peter Miller, Jr., on the west, containing SEVENTY TWO ACRES and Seven Perches and allowance, about Fifty Acres of which are improved land, there are on the premises a LOG HOUSE, one Story and a half high, a Frame Bank Barn, Spring House, and Apple Orchard, with the appurtenances.

ALSO,

One other Tract of Land, situate in Locust township, aforesaid, adjoining the above described tract on the East, by land of Peter Miller, sen., on the South and West, Peter Miller, sen. and Peter Miller, jr. on the North, containing FIVE ACRES, and one hundred and two perches, strict measure, all cleared land.

ALSO,

Another Tract situate in Locust township, county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Wright Hughes and others on the North, lands formerly belonging to Wm. Millard on the East, land of William H. Rhodes on the South, Charles S. Cox, on the West, containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES, more or less

ALSO,

One other tract of unimproved land, situate in Locust township, and county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Silas Johnson, Michael Snyder, Susan Kline and others, containing ELEVEN ACRES, and one hundred and Eight perches, strict measure.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Wright Hughes.

SAMUEL SNYDER, *Sheriff*.
Sheriff's Office Bloomsburg, Jan. 14, 1865.

National Police Gazette.

THE GREAT

CRIMINAL PAPER OF THE AGE

The Proprietors would call the attention of the public to the fact that this paper is now in the twentieth year of its publication, and that it is the only paper published in the United States containing accurate Reports of all Criminal matters of importance occurring in the world. Having a large Corps of Reporters and correspondents extending over the country, gives them unusual facilities for obtaining correct information on subjects connected with their speciality. Each number is embellished with engravings of startling events occurring in this great metropolis and other Cities of the Union. It also contains from time to time, exact likenesses of thieves and other criminals, which enables citizens to guard themselves against depredations.

To citizens and officers it is a invaluable as it contains every week an account of the doings of the thieves, their whereabouts and their plans and devices to entrap and despoil the unwary.

THE NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE

Is published in the interest of good government and correct morals, and its extensive circulation in all parts of the country is an evidence of its appreciation by the public. It can be purchased at all news depots, and persons wishing to subscribe can do so by addressing

GEO. W. MATSELL & CO.,
3 Tryon Row, New York.

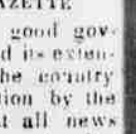
PUBLIC SALE,

OF

Valuable Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, on

Saturday, the 14th day of January, 1865,



at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, Levi Cox, Administrator of all and singular, the goods and chattels, rights and credits, which were of John Cox, late of Hemlock township, in said county, dec'd, will expose to sale, by Public Vendue, on the premises

A CERTAIN FARM,

AND REAL ESTATE,

Situate in said Hemlock township, and County of Columbia, bounded and described as follows to-wit: On the North by lands of the estate of Isaac Wagner, deceased, and lands of Isaac Leidy, on the East by lands of John Miller and John Hartman; on the South by lands of Reuben Wintersteen, and John Hartman, and on the West by lands of Geo. Hartman, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES,

Whereon are erected

A NEW FRAME HOUSE,

A GOOD BANK BARN,

and other out-buildings.

Late the Estate of said deceased, situate in the township of Hemlock and county aforesaid.

JESSE COLEMAN, *Clerk*.
Bloomsburg, December 10, 1864.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent to be paid or secured on the day of sale; one fourth, less the said ten per cent. to be paid when the sale is confirmed, and the balance in one year thereafter with interest.

LEVI COX, *Adm'r*.
December 24, 1864

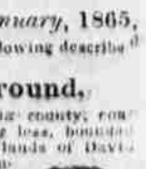
SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the House of John L. Hirst, in Locust township on

Tuesday, the 17th day of January, 1865,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, the following described property, to-wit: A certain

Lot or Piece of Ground,



situate in Locust township, Columbia county, containing FOURTEEN ACRES, more or less, bounded as follows, to wit: On the West by lands of David Hower, on the North by lands of Benjamin Fulk, on the East by lands of William Wilson; whereon are erected a Story and a half

Frame Dwelling House,

and a three story Carding-Machine House, with good Water Power, and a Log stable, with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Fegely.

SAMUEL SNYDER, *Sheriff*.
Sheriff's Office,
Bloomsburg, December 24, 1864.