COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

EDITED BY LEVI L. TATE, PROPRIETOR.

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A:

Saturday Morning, Feb. 20, 1864.

"Our Constitution---guard it ever!
Our glorious Union---hold it dear!
Our Starry Flag---forsake it never!
The proud Caucassian---our only peer!

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1864,

GEORGE B. M'CLELLAN

(Subject to the decision of the National Convention.)

THE VALLANDIGHAM FUND, of Ohio, for the week ending February 8, 1864, from various contributions, amounted to $825 95. This is a noble enterprise.—Let the Ladies of Columbia county go and do likewise.

☞ The Pennsylvania Senate is meeting and adjourning occasionally, waiting for the election in White's district, which is advertised to take place some time this month, whether legally or not. Most of the members have pairded off and gone home. We noticed on several ballots the vote stood 5 to 5. Heavy business really! and all because the Republican members would rather waste the people's money and violate the Constitution than that Democrats should get any of the paltry offices.

OUR neighbor Masser of the *Sunbury American*, is horrified that we should have intimated in our recent notice of the mobbing of the Democrat Office, that the rioters were instigated to the act, by the abolition editors and rowdies of Sunbury.—No person of common sense, in anywise acquainted with the conduct of these disloyal scavengers, can entertain any other opinion in the premises. Let them repent of their sneaking propensities, forsake the association of the "Loyal Leaguers," and become decent citizens, and then they will not be even suspected of participating in such outrages and acts of violence.

Candidates for Office.—A few weeks ago, we inadvertently admitted into our columns a communication, naming SAMUEL EVERETT, Esq., of Orangeville, as a candidate for the Legislature. Since when, we have received two communications on the same subject, the publication of which we deem it prudent to decline, not that we are unfriendly to Mr. E., or that he is disqualified for the position, but from the fact, that the agitation of that question is rather premature and that it is unfair to others who may also become candidates, even if we should not conclude to be one of that number. Believing that it was first moved without the knowledge of Mr. Everett, it is but proper to push the matter no further without first knowing whether it meets with his approbation.

All communications recommending aspirants for office, in accordance with printer's usages, must be prepaid, as are all ordinary business-transactions.

Gen. McClellan's Report.

The very small edition of Gen. McClellan's Report which Congress has permitted to be printed, will not entitle the members to more than fifty copies each, to distribute among their constituents. This is hardly one-tenth the number they would need, to supply all the applications that have been made to them for the Report. To meet the large demand for this highly important Document, the publisher of the *Constitutional Union*, at Washington, has determined to print an edition, by subscription, which shall be, in all respects, equal in type, paper and binding, to the Congressional edition, at the following rates—sent by mail, to any address, free of postage:

Single Copies.....50 cents
Ten Copies, in one package.....$4 50
Fifty Copies, in one package.....20 00
One Hundred Copies, in one package 35 00

It will thus be seen how persons in towns, villages and country districts can, by clubbing together, supply themselves with the Report at a very cheap rate. All orders, with the money accompanying them, will be promptly filled, by addressing Hon. Thomas B. Florence, 330 E. street, Washington, D. C.

☞ The people of this country trusted their national affairs in the hands of Democrats and conservative men for more than eighty years. The country grew in prosperity, influence, and power. We became a great nation. The world, amazed at our progress, looked on with fear and envy. All this time there had been whispering in the popular ear, a party of radicals, "reformers and your prosperity shall increase ten-fold." At last the people turned from their old and tried friends, embraced the "reformers," and placed their destiny in their hands. Scarcely one year had the new found "friends and protectors of the people's rights," been in office till they betrayed the trust, and in three short years have so ruined the country that a century of prudence and statesmanship, if we are ever so lucky as to get an opportunity to exercise it, cannot place us where we stood when the trust was first placed in the hands of our enemies. There is a dear lesson in this fact, which we hope to see our people profit by.

this week contains an exposition of the manner in which the enrollment was made in that county, by which the enrolling officer, of one of the subdistricts, the post master, and a number of relatives and political friends were allowed to escape the draft.

It appears that the list of enrolled persons did not contain the names of the parties alluded to, and in order to prevent the detection of the fraud which certainly would have been and was discovered by the neighbors of the omitted parties, an extra list was printed by a "loyal" editor of a "loyal" newspaper in Wyoming county in which were printed the names omitted in the genuine list, and the bogus list posted in the sub-district. This list has been exhibited to the board of enrollment and pronounced a *forgery*. The editor who done the printing was formerly a County Superintendent of Schools in Columbia county, was drafted in the first conscription, but escaped through some sinister wire pulling at Harrisburg. The matter will probably be investigated.

Words of Cheer.

With the whole power of the Administration arrayed against us, with the money in the treasury made to flow like water, the Democratic party will have a gigantic task in the next Presidential election. And yet if we do not carry that election, we will almost deserve to fail, for never has there been an Administration so corrupt as the present one, or the corruptions and imbecility of which could be so easily exposed.

The above is from the Chicago *Times*, and we copy it to adopt it. Success is within the grasp of the Democratic party. If they do not obtain it, it will be their own fault. A clear, distinct enunciation of the Constitutional principles of their party and a courage that will not shrink from their maintenance before the people, through the press, and at the ballot box, will assure us a glorious victory in November. Courage, friends. The reign of bloodshed, of corruption, of despotism is drawing to a close.

Equality of whites and Blacks.

Sumner's resolution directing the Committe on the District of Columbia to consider the expediency of reporting a bill granting equal privileges to white and colored citizens, was adopted by a vote of 30 to 10. During the discussion Senator Hendricks, of Indiana, expressed his belief that social as well as political equality with the blacks was to be forced upon the whites by the party in power.

Senator Wilson wished every man so take the station God meant him to attain. How did the natio cobler ascertain that God meant the negro to attain equality with the whites? We should like to know whence the New England infidels derive authority to speak for God and fulminate the decrees of Heaven? It is sheer blasphemy.

Facts.

It is a fact that the only Northern men since the war began, known to have given valuable information to the Confederates, is Mr. Harvey, a Republican, and now Lincoln's minister to Portugal. It is also a fact that the only persons in the North known to have furnished materials of war to the Confederates, are Republicans—as Palmer, Collector Barney's Clerk, and Chairman of the New York Republican Central Committee: Lincoln promptly put him under Federal protection, to shield him from prosecution for his crimes.

☞ Wonder how Col. Tate's "Gold Spectacle subscription" is succeding?—Are his friends doing anything for him? The "hat" hasn't come round our way yet.—*Smut Machine.*

"Wonder,' Dr. *John*, if you hadn't best just hand over those 'Gold Specks,' and save all further proceedings. Should the "hat" come around your way, it is not likely that you would spare over two cents. About the price of that Valentine, you know, what the boy filched and about which you are making a great fuss.

☞ Several propositions were made last week in Congress proposing amendments to the Constitution abolishing slavery. The nigger is to be the platform of the Abolitionist in the coming Presidential campaign. The "Union" cry answered its purpose and is now to be abandoned for that of "*Abolition.*"

☞ The February numbers of the Farmer and Gardner by W S Young, and the Gardner's Monthly, published by W G P Brinckloe, of Phila'd have been received. They are both spicy Journals and well deserve and extensive list of patrons.

☞ The Democracy of New York are to hold a State convention, at New York city on the 24th of February, inst., to choose delegates to the Nationa Democratic Convention.

THE Danville Borough Councils have agreed to pay $200 to each recruit, and the citizens have subscribed $50 additional to each volunteer before the draft.

☞ Private Benjamin Van Horn, of Company F., First Penn'a, Artillery, has been sentenced to be shot on Feb. 26th for desertion.

THE best appeal a loyal, independent, Democratic people can make is to the ballot-box. Long may this resort of a free people remain unfettered.

☞ SEVEN MEN, namely, Thos. McGuire, John Caton, Michael Connors, Patrick Close, Jas. Brennan, Jas. Whalen and Martin Carrigan, were arrested at Heckscherville on Wednesday morning, by the Provost Guard, and taken to Reading, and thence, we learn, to Philadelphia. One of the men is charged with being a deserter from the military service. What the charges against the other parties are, we have been unable to positively ascertain. That they could be such as to justify their arrest and deportation by the military, we cannot conceive. The men were citizens, and in no way subject to military laws. Rumor says that the cause of their arrest was their refusal to work at the scale of prices adopted by the coal operators in that region, and the influence they exerted upon their fellow miners in their efforts to obtain a rate of compensation commensurate with the cost of living, and in proportion to the high prices which coal now commands in market. Verily, has it come to this, that a laborer who refuses to work at a rate of wages fixed by monopolists, thereby commits a crime which subjects him to arrest by the military authorities, removal from the county and imprisonment without trial? This is American freedom under Republican rule.—*The Democratic Standard.*

☞ An Emancipation Convention is to be held in Louisville, Kentucky, on the 22d of February. What is remarkable about the affair, is, that it is the work, almost wholly, of persons out of the State. It seems to have been called at the instigation of B. GRATZ BROWN, of Missouri, and that new-found and suspicious celebrity, General GANTT, of Arkansas. Thus made up—packed with Abolitionists from abroad—its resolves will very probably meet the approbation of Horace Greeley and Theodore Tilton; and we shall read in loyal prints, that Kentucky has pronounced in favor of free negroism and amalgamation.

☞ Colonel Wellington H. Ent, of the 6th regiment of Pennsylvania Reserves, spent a few days in Williamsport last week. Col E. entered the army in 1861, as a Lieutenant, and for his gallantry has been five times promoted, until he has reached his present rank, at the head of a regiment in a corps that has never faltered in battle, and is the pride of Pennsylvania. Although a native and resident of Columbia county, he is personally known by a large portion of our citizens, and has many warm friends here—an acquaintance and friendship formed while a student at Dickinson Seminary, where he graduated several years ago.—*Williamsport Gazette.*

HON. MYER STROUSE.—The *Daily Constitutional Union* pays the following merited tribute to this worthy member of Congress. That paper says: "The Hon Myer Strouse, of Pennsylvania, although a new member, has already attained a proud position upon the floor of the House. Ever at his post, vigilant and watchful he never loses an opportunity of engaging in the exciting debates of that body, and always attracts the undivided attention of the House."

Only, $4,000,000,000.

Mr. Thurlow Weed, in a letter to Senator Morgan of New York, estimates that the war will have cost at its termination, at least FOUR THUSAND MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, and that three fourths of this amount will remain as a national debt. He urges the repeal of the Homestead law by Congress, in order to make the public lands a source of national revenue.

☞ A certain "Rev." Mr. Gilbert, a gunpowder "War Christian," recently declared, in the Connecticut Legislature, of which he is a member, that "for one, I am not afraid to say that *I had rather lie down and die in my tracks to-day than see any restoration of the Union as it was.*" He is just the man to volunteer then, as the best means to accomplish his object.

The Presidential Question.

Information from Baltimore indicates the triumph of Henry Winter Davis, in the recent elections, in carrying the Delegate Conventions for Secretary Chase for President, and the radical platform over the Blair conservatives, who ran tickets headed "A Lincoln"—*Phil'a. Inq.*

A disconsolate bachelor writes: "The privileges of Leap Year are not practiced now-a-days, and the ladies seem to have forgotten that they exist." With all due deference to our ancestors who originated the privileges of Leap Year, we think the custom of soliciting a hand in marriage is more honored in the breeches than in the petticoat.

THE army of the Potomac, it is said, shows signs of discontent, because it has not been paid off. "The Government" owes it six millions of dollars. The truth is, that Chase's printing machines cannot print money so fast as Republicans in office steal it.

☞ The enemy are threatening Newbern and Washington, North Carolina, with some probabilities of both, as well as that whole section of country, again falling into their hands.

☞ Why is this administration like a highway-man?

Because with it, it's either your money or your life.

A Gritty Kentuckian.

[William Davis, of Richmond, Kentucky, has written the following letter to the Provost Marshal of the Eighth District of that State, in answer to a call to such as were enrolled to show cause, if any, why they should be exempted:]

"I have seen your advertisement, giving people desiring exemption from the draft an opportunity to lay in their complaints, &c. Now, sir, I have never had the honor of your acquaintance, but I can refer you for the truth of what I am about to say to my worthy friend, James D. Foster, surgeon, a member of your honorable board. I have no broken limbs. I have no chronic diseases, such as inflammatory rheumatism, chronic inflamation of the stomach, phthisie, white swelling, &c. I am not blind in either eye. I am not knock-kneed. I am not banby-shaken. I am not bow-legged. I have no bad teeth, and can bite off a cartridge. I can stand straight on my pastern joints. I have never been drilled in the Southern army, and never been so fortunate as to be a member of the Symphathizing party in Madison. I have no impediments in my speech. I am neither near sighted nor far sighted. I can hear well—the ring of a musket as well as the ring of a silver dollar. In short, I am sound in wind and limb. I am a housekeeper, and have a wife, (a good union woman) and no children living. I am a citizen of Madison county, Ky., from which you want 239 soldiers. I am as brave as any man who is no braver than I am.—One of my legs is as long as the other, and both are long enough to run well. I am for the last man and the last dollar, nigger or no nigger, especially the last man. If you have a good musket, marked U. S., send it down, and I am ready to bear it in defence of the Union. I am no foreigner, and claim all the papers that entitle me to be in."

The Rebellion not Dead.

We warned the country not long since, says the New York *World*, to put no faith in the statement of the Administration press that the rebellion was exhausted as a military power. We predicted that, notwithstanding the manifest despondency and discontent of the Southern people, the commencement of the spring campaign would find the rebel armies as large and as formidable as ever they were. The last two weeks have shown that we were not mistaken. The rebel troops have been swarming all around the borders of the restricted area of the Confederacy.—They are on the aggressive in every quarter, save the Southwest. We hear of them in Western, Central and Eastern Tennessee, in Western and Northern Virginia, on the Peninsula, capturing outposts in North Carolina, and even besieging Newbern; while there is no falling off in the supply of rebel troops under Beauregard. No doubt many of these raids have been made in sheer desperation, and all of them have been inspired to obtain needed supplies; but they give the lie to the stories which have been so rife of the demoralization of the rebel armies. The country has been so deceived so often that it is quite time all such stories were discredited.

THE JACOBINS AND THE PRESIDENCY.—The Union Leagues, Abolition members of Congress and of State Legislatures, and the Jacobins in general throughout country, are just now making a great noise about nominating Abe Lincoln as their candidate in the coming contest.—They say "*he shall be re elected President and* NO POWER CAN PREVENT IT!" Let the people rise in their strength phœnix-like from their ashes, and show these modern Negroes that have determined to place a Constitutional Democrat at the head of our Government, whether it be "LITTLE MAC," or any other acceptable Union man. The people everywhere—the bone and sinew of the country—are becoming tired of the manner in which the affairs of the nation are conducted, and their rights trampled upon, by the Jacobins in power. All the people want is a free election—no military interference with the elective franchise—and Abolitionism will be numbered among the things that were.—*York Democratic Press.*

THE New York *Tribune* now makes the following important statement:

"The rebel armies embrace to-day more men than at any moment since the commencement of the war. Unless the Federal armies are strongly reinforced before next spring the military authorities here believe that much of the advantages we have gained within the last twelve months must inevitably be lost by the evacuation of territory which we will not have sufficient troops to garrison."

Frightful Railroad Accident.

The Toronto *Globe*, of February 10, records a frightful railroad accident.—Two cars ran off a bridge one hundred and twenty-five feet high, on the Grand Trunk railroad, near Georgetown station, by which the conductor and two brakesmen were instantly killed, being mangled in a horrible manner.

SOLDIERS TO THE RESCUE.—Young men, rushing into the exposures and dangers of a soldier's life, should prepare themselves for the fatal Fevers, the Dysentery, the Sores and Scurvy, which are almost certain to follow. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS used occasionally during the campaign, will ensure sound health to every man.—Only 30 cents per box.

☞ MICHEAL DAN MAGERHAN, Esq., a gentleman who has formerly well known in political circles at Harrisburg, died suddenly at Johnstown, Cambria county, a few days ago.

Senator Clymer

During the late gubernatorial contest in this State a slanderous charge was made against Senator Clymer, which was published extensively in the Abolition press at the time, and has been since, on various occasions repeated. Recently Mr. Clymer took occasion, upon the floor of the Senate, to nail the falsehood. We quote his remarks as they appeared in the *Telegraph*:

Mr. CLYMER. I hoped, sir, that I was done with this question forever. Weeks ago, I endeavored to state to the Senate succinctly and briefly, what were my views of the issue pending between the Democratic and Republican members of this Senate. I believed that the statement was so clear and simple that a fool might read and understand it. I had no fear that the people of this State, educated sharp-witted and shrewed as they are, could mistake it; I have done now, sir. And I rise for no purpose of discussing the issue before the Senate, if there is such an issue before the Senate. I merely trespass upon the courtesy of this Senate in order to deny emphatically a charge made in the heat of a political campaign by the Senator from Lancaster, (Mr. Champneys.)

Mr. CHAMPNEYS. Will you explain?

Mr. CLYMER. One moment, sir, and I am done. A charge made in a political print, for a special purpose—a charge that was made with a particular design, which design failed—a charge which I emphatically denied in the organ of my party in my own county—and a charge which I had thought would not have been repeated, especially not by one whom I told that it was false, and who told me he was glad to hear that it was false. I was charged, sir, during the last campaign, with saying that if Vallandigham, of Ohio, and Woodward, of Pennsylvania, were elected, they, in conjunction with Seymour, of New York, and Parker, of New Jersey, would recall their troops from the field and thus stop this war. I said, months ago, that that charge was malignantly false; I say so now; and I say the Senator from Lancaster knew it was false and said he was glad of it.

Now, sir, for the benefit of those who desire to hear it, I will state what I did say on the occasion referred to. It is alleged that I made use of the language in a speech delivered at Somerset, in this State. The only remark I made then which could be tortured into such a malicious misstatement as appeared in the newspapers was this, that if Judge Woodward was elected Governor of Pennsylvania Vallandigham Governor of Ohio, they in conjunction with those two great patriots, Seymour of New York and Parker of New Jersey, would compel this government to come back to the resolution of July, 1861, and prosecute this war for the purpose set forth in that resolution. I say now, and I believe that it was the great calamity that has yet befallen this country that those two men were not elected; for I believe now, and ever shall believe, that the departure from the purposes and objects of that resolution has deluged this land in blood, wasted our substance and made us a mournful spectacle amongst the nations of the earth. I believed that then; I believe it now; and I reassert that if any true man had been elected Governor of this great Commonwealth, this Keystone of the Arch, this nation within herself, this State of three millions of men, this State of iron and of coal, this State that is greater and grander than any other in the confederacy—that he would have laid his hands upon the passions which rule this hour, and would have said to the waves of fanaticism, "Peace, be still; go thou no farther." Oh, sir, if we had reverted to the true doctrines laid down in the resolution unanimously voted for in July, 1861, peace would again reign within our borders. Whether it will ever again, God alone in his infinite wisdom can tell.

☞ SMOKING MEAT.—Meat is often injured in the smoke house by too great heat. Those who have eaten bacon smoked as it should be, and afterwards partaken of that which has been roasted, and outside scorched and crusted as is frequently the case will detect a remarkable difference. The *Cultivator* makes some timely remarks on this subject.—Place a shovel of coals in an old pan, or some low dish, and lay on them a few sugar maple chips, dry ones are best, for it requires too much fire for green ones. No other wood will produce such sweet smoke as sugar maple; and the coals of it will keep longer than most kinds of wood. In the absence of chips, corn cobs will be found nearly as good. Three or four laid on a few coals, will produce smoke sufficient to fill an ordinary smoke-house. As a substitute for a smoke-house, a molasses hogs-head, covered with boards on the top, and a hole sawed in the side at the bottom large enough to admit a pan of coals with a few cobs or chips, will be found to answer every purpose. Let those who have been accustomed to smoking their meet over a log heap adopt this mode of smoking and then say which way is the best.

A PRIVATE soldier of the sixteenth regiment was publicly flogged in Toronto on Thursday morning last for repeated acts of insubordination. He was sentenced to receive fifty lashes, but suffered so severely from the cuts of the cuts, that the surgeon stopped the drummer at the forty-fourth lash. Blood, says the "Leader," dropped sluggishly from the cuts, and dropped in clots to the ground, the soldier giving utterance to agonized groans.

THE office of the *Constitution and Union*, at Fairfield, Iowa, was mobbed by some Abolition soldiers. This, of course, is the "free speech and free press" system they promised to introduce as soon at they would come into power. This will, however, help the paper along.

For Coughs, Colds, and Throat Disorders, use, "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," having *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years. The Troches are highly recommended and prescribed by Physicians and Surgeons in the Army.

MARRIAGES.

On Thursday evening, February 11, 1864, by Samuel Creasy, Esq., Mr. WM. GITTING, to Miss MARY STEELY, all of Mifflin Township, Col. co.

On Tuesday, February 9th, 1864, at St. Mark's church, Philadelphia, by the Rev. Dr. Washburn, Maj CHARLES M. CONYNGHAM, of Wilkes-Barre, now of the Penna. Vols., to HELLEN H., daughter of the Rev. Wm. W. Turner, of Hartford, Conn.

On Wednesday evening, the 10th inst., at the residence of George W. Lott, in Orangeville, by Rev. W. Goodrich, Mr. CHARLES P. SLOAN, of Bloomsburg, and Miss PHEBE H. LOTT, of Orangeville.

On the 11th inst., in Orangeville, by the Rev. W. Goodrich, JEREMIAH M. BERGER, of Light Street, to Miss SARAH G. HELLER, of Greenwood, Col. co.

At Sereno, on the 11th inst, by James Masters, Esq, Mr. WILSON M. CLAYTON, to Miss MAGGIE EVES, all of Millville, Col. co.

In Briarcreek, on the 20th of Dec. 1863, by Adam Suit, Esq, SYLAS E. LYNN, to EMILY O. EDWARDS, all of Briarcreek twp., Col. co.

DEATHS.

In Wilkesbarre, on Monday last JACOB SORBER, Esq., formerly Post Master of Wilkesbarre, aged 63 years.

In Wilkesbarre, on Monday last, Hon. E. B. CHASE, District Attorney of Luzerne county, aged about 40 years.

In Danville, on the 5th inst., Mrs. MARY GARRETSON, widow of Cornelison Garretson, dec'd. and daughter of the late John Rhodes, aged 51 years, 10 months, and 1 day.

At Port Noble on the 16th inst., LAURA CELIA, daughter of Wm. Geiger, aged about 9 years.

In Briarcreek twp., Col. co., on Friday, the 5th of February, 1864, MARIETTA, daughter of William and Catharine Lemon, in the 8th year of her age.

["Death loves a shining mark" If so, says the *Berwick Gazette*, it was never more true than in the sudden and unexpected removal of the lovely child who has been taken from the evil to come—Her suffering were of short duration, and though all was done that could be for the restoration of her health, it was evident that the Savour who took little children in his arms and blessed them, saying, "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven" had a place for her there, where we have reason to believe she is now a little angel around the throne of God. In her happy departure we have most strikingly verified that portion of God's word. "Out of the mouth of babes and sucklings God hath ordained praise" May the bereaved parents be sustained by divine grace feeling that it is "well with the child" "The Lord gave, and the Lord hath taken away, blessed be the name of the Lord."]

New Advertisements.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, in the Merchandise business, in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 13th of February, 1864. The Books of the late firm will remain in the Store, in the hands of William Kramer for settlement. The Mercantile Business will be continued at the old stand, by Conrad Kramer, to whom a continuance of public patronage is respectfully solicited. CONRAD KRAMER, WILLIAM KRAMER.

Jerseytown, February 20, 1864.

PUBLIC SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

THE undersigned will expose to sale at Public Vendue, the personal property of Joseph Hagenman, at his late residence, in Madison township, Columbia county, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 12TH, 1864,

The following described valuable personal property, viz:—

One good Milk Cow,

THREE SHOATS, A Flock of Choice Sheep, Hay by the Ton, Corn-fodder and Straw by the Bundle, one Spring Wagon, one Sleigh, Blacksmith Tools, Bellows, Anvils and Vise.—Also, Beds and Bedding, one Table, Cupboard, Cook Stove, one room Stove and one Shop-Stove, Iron Kettle, Spinning-wheel and reel, together with a variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day, when attendance will be given and conditions made known, by J. C. HAGERMAN.

WM. C. SWITZER, Auctioneer.

Madison township, Feb. 20, 1864.

Volunteers and Conscripts!

TO Soldiers or any others wishing to increase their income, there is no better way of doing so at this time, than from the sale of our Watches. They are Warranted as Represented!

"Particularly valuable for officers in the Army and travellers."—*Frank Leslie's*, Feb. 20.

"Prettiest, best and cheapest time pieces ever offered."—*N. Y. Illustrated News*, Jan. 16.

"Very pretty and durable Watches for the Army."—*N. O. Army & Navy Journal*, (Govern't Organ, Aug. 29.

"One of the oldest and most reliable houses in business."—*Louisville Ky., Journal*, July 31.

MAGIC TIME OBSERVERS,

Being a Hunting or Open Face or Lady's or Gentleman's Watch Combined, with Patent Self-winding Improvement, a most Pleasing Novelty.

One of the prettiest, most convenient, and decidedly the best and cheapest time piece for general and reliable use ever offered. It has within it and connected with its machinery, its own winding attachment, rendering a key entirely unnecessary. The cases of this Watch are composed of two metals, the outer one being fine 16 carat gold. It has the improved ruby action lever movement, and is warranted an accurate time-piece. Price, superbly engraved, per case of half dozen $20. Sample Watches, in neat morocco boxes, $25.

SILVER WATCHES,

First Class Hunting Time-Pieces for accuracy of movement, beauty of material, and above all, cheapness in price, these watches must insure universal approbation.

An imitation so faithfull that it can hardly be detected by the most experienced judges. The metals, the other one first quality sterling silver, while the inner one is German Silver, it cannot be recognized by cutting or heavy engraving, making it, not only in appearance, but in durability, the best resemblance of Solid Sterling Silver in existence.

The Sale of these Watches in the Army is a source of enormous profit, retailing, as they very readily do, at $25 and upwards. Many hundred dollars can be made in a single pay day by any one of business tact.

☞ AT WHOLESALE ONLY! In heavy hunting cases, beautifully engraved, white enamel dial, and fancy cut hands, in good running order, by the half dozen, $36. Sold only by the case of six!

Upon receipt of two dollars, as guarantee of good faith, we will send watches by express to any part of the loyal States, collecting balance of bill on delivery. This ensures buyers against fraud, giving them their watches before payment is required.

Soldiers in the disloyal states must remit cash in advance, as the express companies peremptorily refuse making collections in such dangerous localities. We guarantee the safe delivery of all Watches, whether they are sent by mail or express.

HUBBARD BROS., Sole Importers,
171 Broadway, cor. Cortlandt street, New York.
February 20, 1864—3m.

PUBLIC SALE, OF Valuable Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia county, on

Saturday, the 12th day of March next,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, Jacob S. Evans, Administrator, &c., of Michael Whitenight, late of Hemlock township, in said county, deceased, will expose to sale, by Public Vendue, on the premises, a certain

TRACT OF LAND

Situate in Hemlock township, Columbia county, adjoining lands of Michael Ohl, on the South and West; Mathias Whitenight on the South; the heirs of Robert Montgomery on the North and the heirs of Peter Pollmer, containing

FIFTY ONE ACRES

AND TWENTY EIGHT PERCHES,

principal part improved land, there is on the premises a

FRAME HOUSE,

AND BANK BARN,

Late the Estate of said deceased, situate in the township of Hemlock and county aforesaid.

JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk.

Bloomsburg, February 2, 1864.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid to the administrator on day of sale.

One fourth of the balance of purchase money, less ten per cent, to be paid on the confirmation of sale.

The residue of the purchase money to be paid in one year from confirmation of sale, with interest.

The deferred payments to be secured by bonds and mortgage on the premises. The purchaser to pay for the conveyance. JACOB S. EVANS,

Bloomsburg, Feb. 13, 1864.—ts. Administrator.

PUBLIC SALE OF Valuable Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, on

Tuesday, the 8th day of March next,

at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, Hugh D. McIlvaine, administrator of Franklin McIlvaine, late of Hemlock township, in said county, deceased, will expose to sale by Public Vendue, on the premises, a certain

MANSION FARM

AND

TRACT OF LAND,

Situate in the township of Hemlock, in the said County of Columbia, bounded by lands of Hugh D. McIlvaine, Sylvester Parsell, Isaac Parsell, and others, containing

Ninety Seven Acres,

MORE OR LESS;

Whereon are erected a new two Story Frame

DWELING HOUSE,

GOOD BANK BARN, WAGON SHED, AND OTHER OUT-BUILDINGS;

A Spring of good water, with Spring House, near the house on the premises. Ninety acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, and the balance in wood land.

Grain in the ground on the premises, excepted from sale.

☞ Into the Estate of said decreased, situate in the township of Hemlock and county aforesaid.

JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk.

Bloomsburg, Feb 3, 1864.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid to the administrator on day of sale.

One fourth of the balance of purchase money, less ten per cent, to be paid on the confirmation of sale.

The residue of the purchase money to be paid in one year from confirmation of sale, with interest.

The deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. The purchaser to pay for the conveyance. HUGH D. MCILVAINE,

February 13, 1864. Administrator.

PUBLIC VENUE!

WILL be exposed to Public Sale, at the late residence of Daniel Shoman, deceased, in Main township, Columbia county, on

Tuesday and Wednesday, February the 23d and 24th, 1864,

The following described valuable personal property, to wit:—

FIVE HORSES,

AND TWO MARES, (The mares being with foal,) and One Colt,

Four Milk Cows,

Four Head of Young Cattle,

Eight Sheep, Four Hogs and four Shoats.

Also four sets Wagon Beds, two Top Buggies, One Spring Wagon, two Truck Wagons, one set of Cider Barrels, two sets of Iron Harrows, Land Roller, two Cow Ropes, Threshing Machine, cut Fodder Mill, Corn Sheller, a lot of

BOARDS, PLANK & FRAME STUFF,

HAY BY THE TON,

Wheat, Corn, Rye & Oats by the Bushel,

Many in the Ground Potatoes by the bushel, a lot of Cider Vinegar, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Stoves, Stove Pipe, Bedsteads, Bedding, Carpets, Chairs, Stoves, &c., together with other articles too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m., of each day, when terms and conditions will be made known.

WILLIAM T. SHUMAN, Administrator.

James E. Stem, Auctioneer.

Main township, February 13, 1864.—ts.

PUBLIC SALE — OF — Valuable Property!

WILL be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, at the residence of the undersigned, in Jackson township, one mile East from Jerseytown and Mifflin—on

Saturday, the 5th day of March, 1864,

The following described valuable personal property:—

3 Young work Horses,

AND THREE COLTS,

TWO MILK COWS,

One heavy two-horse Wagon, and one Truck Wagon, Sled, Fodder Cutter, Fanning Mill, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators and Corn-Plow;

Set of double driving Harness, Set of new single Harness, and set of double wagon Harness, one set of Straps, and two set of single Fly-Nets, together with other articles too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when attendance will be given and conditions made known, by JACOB A. SWISHER.

W. C. Switzer, Auctioneer.

Madison township, Feb. 13, 1864.—ts.

PUBLIC SALE, OF Personal Property.

WILL be exposed to sale, by Public Vendue at the residence of the undersigned, in Main township, Columbia county—near Maintown,—on

Tuesday the 8th of March, 1864,

The following described valuable personal Property viz:—

Four Good Horses,

FOUR DEVONSHIRE COWS,

Three Devonshire young Bulls,

One Four horse Wagon and one Two-horse Wagon a Two horse Rockaway and Harness, Plows, Harness and Cultivators, one Fanning Mill, Grain Reaper and Corn Sheller

Two Set of Hay Ladders—Two Stoves and one Cooking Stove.

Together with a great variety of Farming utensils and House hold Furniture too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day, when attendance will be given and conditions made known, by GEORGE MILLER.

Main township, February 13, 1864.—ts.