COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

EDITED BY LEVI L. TATE, PROPRIETOR.

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A:

Saturday Morning, Dec. 26, 1863.

"Our Constitution---guard it ever!
Our glorious Union---hold it dear!
Our Starry Flag---forsake it never!
The proud Caucassian---our only peer!

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1864,

GEORGE B. M'CLELLAN

(Subject to the decision of the National Convention.)

NO PAPER NEXT WEEK.

In order that all hands employed in this office, may enjoy a brief respite from their arduous labors and have the opportunity of participating in the Christmas and New Years' festivities, we shall next week issue no "COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT." Printers toil throughout the long year, with but little cessation from daily labor, and it is meet that they should look forward, at least once a year, to the holiday-week with pleasurable anticipations.

Our office, however, will be open at all business hours to meet our friends, receipt for money and execute all kinds of job-work with neatness and dispatch.—Our next issue will be on Saturday the 9th of January, 1864. In the mean time we tender to all our friends and patrons a merry Christmas and a happy New Year.

SENATOR BUCKALEW'S first principal vote in the United States Senate, on its recent organization, was one of which his constituency my feel proud. It was against the admission to seats upon the floor of the bogus Senators from Western Virginia.—This pretended municipality has no legal existence; was created in violation of all Law and Constitutions, is a nulity, and hence Senator B. has only done his duty and honored his trust by opposing its pretensions to power and position.

"SINEX," in the last *Republican*, publishes an elaborate article, the gist of which charges us with advocating Slavery. In this "Sinex" is as much mistaken as he was when he delivered his famous no-party speech last fall, before the Bloomsburg *Dis* Loyal League. We seldom reply to anonymous scribblers, but deem it proper to say, that whilst all our early predjudices have been against Slavery, we to-day regard it as a much less curse upon the country than the evils of Abolitionism.

AMALGAMTED!—We learn that the two abolition machines of Montour county, known as the "Danville Democrat," and "Montour American," have been bought out by a Mr. BAILEY, of Chester county, by whom they are to be united and conducted as one newspaper concern. We are the gainer by the arrangement, as hereafter we shall only be taxed one paper, instead of two as heretofore, for the Exchange.—Messrs. Cook, and Brower, have our especial consideration in their retirement from the Editorial profession, and as we understand that "The Government" has taken them into its keeping—by appointments to lucrative offices—we wish them good times and fat takes generally.

THE CRISIS.—This is one of the best weekly Democratic papers now published, and has an enormous circulation. It is no half-way and milk and water concern, but it is published and edited by Ex-Governor Sam. Medary who always talks right out in school. It is published in quarto form on the best paper, and when bound will make a good book. For a record for future reference, it scarcely has an equal. If any of our numerous readers desire a western paper, we can fully recommend Medary's "Crisis" published at Columbus Ohio. Terms: $2 per year; $1 for six months; and 50 cents for three months. Address—S. Medary, Columbus Ohio.

Our member of Congress, Hon. Charles Denison, takes his place naturally with the most extreme and bitter Copperhead opponents of the Administration, and has already given votes for which he may yet be sorry. Fortunately he injures nobody but himself as the loyal men in Congress are in a large majority.

Record of the Times.

Wm. P. Miner thus writes of Hon. Chas. Denison. For the faithful discharge of his constitutional obligation, Mr. Denison, is denounced as a "Copperhead," by the *tory Miner*. Mr. Denison has voted to give the Soldiers $30 per month, to appoint commissioners to settle our national difficulties, and to compel the President, to use due diligence to effect an early exchange of all our poor Soldiers now suffering in Rebel Prisons, for neither of which votes, we thing, he will ever "be sorry," but we are "sorry" to say, and record the fact with shame, that all these, and many other equally humane propositions, were promptly voted down, in the present Congress by the very canting abolitsonists, Mr. Miner pronounces "the loyal men in Congress, (and who he says) are in a large majority." Shame on such blatant hypocrites!

The Richmond Prisoners.

In the House of Representatives, on Wednesday, the resolution of Mr. Cox, of Ohio, came up as follows;

Resolved, That the President of the United States be respectfully and urgently requested to take immediate steps for the exchange of such of our prisoners as are now confined in the prisons of the South, and that he be requested to communicate to this House all the correspondence in the War Department with reference to the exchange of prisoners.

Instead of permitting the question to be taken on this resolution, which contempalted simply the rescuing of our soldiers languishing in Southern prisons from misery and death, and ascertaining from the official correspondence the true reasons for the refusal of the administration to release them by exchange, Mr. Lovejoy, Abolition, of Illinois, offered a substitute, not only covering up the remissness of the administration in the premises, but actually applauding it for the crule policy which detains our captured soldiers as prisoners at Richmond and elsewhere. The substitute passed by a vote of 94 to 73, and Mr. Cox's resolution was killed. The following is the substitute of Mr. Lovejoy, which leaves our prisoners to starve and rot in Libby and Belle Isle prisons:

Resolved, That this House approve of the constant, statesmanlike and humane efforts of the administration to secure an exchane of our prisoners now in the hands of the rebels, and that it is hereby recommended that such efforts be continued to secure an exchange of all our prisoners now in Southern prisons.

Lincoln's Last Joke.

We have read a great many of the President's "last" jokes, but the last one eclipses all the others. It is his plan for reconstructing the State governments in the seceded States and bringing them back into the Union. He pledges himself to the Southern people not to object to their resuming their status as States under their old constitutions and laws existing prior to the rebellion, provided they will take an oath to ignore those constitutions and laws so far as they relate to the negro, and accept his proclamations and the laws of Congress in lieu thereof. That is, he proposes to the Southern people, who have been educated all their lives to look upon and treat the African as an inferior and a slave, to change their opinion so as to coincide with his own, to treat the negro as a freeman and an equal, in short, to become Abolitionists and support him and his measures, as the only terms upon which he can consent to give them State government and permit them to re-enter the Union.

This is his *last* joke, at which, were it not too serious for mirth, everybody would laugh.

THE SOLDIERS' FRIEND!—HON. CHAS. DENISON, Democratic Member of Congress from the Luzerne District,—"the man who licked Grow,"—last week offered a resolution in Congress, *increasing* the pay of the Soldiers in the Army, per month, to THIRTY DOLLARS. For this righteous measure every Democrat in Congress voted, but it was voted down by the Republican Abolitionists. The same day, Mr. Washburn, one of Lincoln's Illinois Representatives, who, had talked and voted against paying the poor soldiers even *one dollar per day*, introduced and passed a bill paying the Clerks at the Capitol FOUR DOLLARS per day, and that only for about six hours work, each day.

Who are the Soldiers' Friends?

MME. DEMOREST has sent us her New York *Quarterly Mirror of Fashion* for the winter, ending in February. It is a work that no lady should be without and in short we cannot conceive how they can. It contains all the latest fashions, with full size patrons accompanying each number which are more than worth the price of subscription. Send and get it. Single copies 25c or one dollar a year, with a valuable premium. No. 437 Broadway New York.

WHAT "ABE" COSTS US.—At a recent interview with a delegation of war howling clergymen, Mr. Lincoln admitted that he was "no prophet." That is true enough; he is certainly no prophet to his country whatever he may be to the cause of old Satan and old John Brown. Lincoln has cost his country three thousand millions of dollars and a million of lives, and the end is not yet. What a scourge to humanity that he was ever born.

A Bargian for Students.

We have on hand and will sell at reduced prices, Schollarships, on almost any of the higher Colleges and Seminaries of the Country. Young men desiring to finish their Collegiate Education, should call upon us before selecting their location. It will be to their advantage.

THE President wants the South to swear to support his abolition and emancipation proclamation as a condition for coming back into the Union, and the war is to be waged until they are forced to do it.—If they would swear to support the Constitution they could not come. Now what is the war for?

MR. JOSEPH LILLEY, has our thanks for a mess of excellent *Green Corn*, which he had preserved last August, in Salt Pickle, and which is now as green and delicious as when growing in the Corn field.

Congress and Constitutional Law.

The Boston *Post* has some very sensible and just remarks on the action of the upper branch of Congress admitting the Senators from Western Virginia, and the House of Representatives in the case of the Maryland members, elected under the famous (or rather *infamous*) military order of Gen. Schenck.

The course, it observes, both in the Senate and House, in relation to elections held in utter disregard of the Constitution and the laws, cannot but be observed with sorrow by all who appreciate what Law is as a protector of society. The Senators from Western Virginia are there flatly in violation of the Constitution, and yet but five Senators uttered a protest agains this. We are glad to see the first vote of the able and accomplished Senator Buckalew, from Pennsylvania, on the side of the Constitution. This shows where he will be found. Every word from him since his election, marks him the fearless defender of his country, and the well furnished statesman. The proceedings in the House, in the case of the Maryland election, dampen the hope that, at this momentous hour, there will be a majority in Congress who will hesitate at any behest of party. If Republicans will not shrink back from the military proceedings in these elections, what wil they recoil from?

Perhaps a greater violation of the principle of free elections was never seen in this, or any other country, than these cases of Delaware and Maryland members of Congress just admitted to seats in that body. Yet the radical journals are actually claiming their election, in the way i was done, as a credit for this administration, a mark of its vigilance and an atonement for grave sins of omission.

But there is nothing new in this; for the same disregard of principle is seen along the whole course of fanaticism. It has had more regard for law, as such, as it went on striking at slavery, than General Schenck had for free elections when he issued his ukases as to voting in the case of the Delaware and Maryland representatives.

The proceedings of Congress look as though, even in so flagrant a case as this, the demands of party were destined to triumph over the claim of the oath to support the Constitution and the laws; and they serve to remind us of the servile obedience with which the members of Parliament responded to the demands of the ministers, in the reign of George the Third. Then the measures which the liberal would now agree were not only insane, but of the blunders that rose to crimes, passed by the overwhelming majorities; while the voice of truth, even though it came in the divine eloquence of a Burke or a Chatham, produced no effect.

Important Announcement.

The editor of the Venango 'Spectator,' who is generally sound on the goose and turkey questons, makes the following deliberate and well-considered announcement:

"We have carefully examined all the orders from the office of the Provost Marshal of the United States, and Stanton's manifestos for the last six months, and find nothing in either to prevent any subscribes from furnishing an editor with a turkey for Christmas. We state this fact for the benefit of printers at large, and without any *fowl* motives."

This will be glorious news to farmers and poulterers. All they wanted was a chance to do the fair thing in a fowl way; and now that the legality of the thing has been so clearly demonstrnted, we hope to hear of the hearts and hen coops of editors overflowing between this and New Year's day. Query: Wouldn't the giving of turkies and other birds to Democratic editors be considered by the "government" as "furnishing aid and comfort to the enemy?"

FAILED.—The effort of the President to colonize 500 persons of color on the Southwest coast of Hayti has proved a failure. Though unusual precaution was taken to convey these people to their destination, many of them died of disease, while others fled to more desirable localities. An inquiry into the facts of the case will be instituted.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Well, you may take all the precaution you please, and you may institute all the enquiries possible, every attempt to colonize your brethern of color will prove a failure. It has been so in every instance and will continue so to be.

PARSON Brownlow, who has been traveling through the Northern States boasting of his bravery and patriotism and collecting money to start a newspaper at Knoxville, Tenn., has given the world ample evidence of his cowardice. When the rebels under Longstreet invested Knoxville, instead of staying to defend the city he took to his heels and left others to fight and defend his property.

The *Evening Post* calls upon the Loyal League, which it says has organizations in every school district in the State, to immediately set to work and raise the quota on the late call of the President. Five recruits in every school district, the *Post* calculates, will relieve the State of the draft. We second that motion.

It is stated that steps are to be taken by Congress at an early date for mustering out of service a large number of major and brigadier generals. It is estimated that about forty will be thus weeded out from the army.

EDITORIAL INKLINGS.

SECRETARY Welles wants $142,000,000 to run the Navy for the next year.

THE Ladies of Danville will have entertainments, during the Holidays, for the benefit of the Soldiers.

SENATOR Buckalew, has been placed on the Standing Committee on Indian Affairs' and the Committee on Pensions.

THE "right of suffrage," under the Administration, is, the right of suffering—tyranny, conscription, shoddy, fraud, etc.

ALL wars are evils and contrary to the diving law. Hence Christians should preach and advocate peace.

LEWIS Jamison, of Williamsport Pa., a government lumber contractor, has been sent to the Old Capitol, for frruds, &c.

A Connecticut soldier, named Johnson, has been sentenced to sixty days imprisonment in New Orleans, for calling President Lincoln a "d——d fool."

THE Secretary of War, in his annual report says that 100,000 men have been made free since the commencement of the war of which 50,000 are under arms.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has recommended the increase of the tax on distilled liquors to 60 cents. It is believed at Washington that the recommendation will be adopted.

AN exchange asks, whether we are in the ninth or nineteenth century. We were in the nineteenth, but this administration is fast knocking us back into the ninth.

THE rebel government talks of paying the soldiers liberally after the war. Its liberality reminds us of the poor fellow's will: "I have nothing, I owe everybody, the rest I give to the poor."

THE Army of the Potomac has finally gone into winter quarters and under a general order, furloughs will from this time forth be granted to officers and men, who by their good conduct have deserved them.

A stampede of horses late took place at Camp Stoneman below Washington city, which resulted in one thousand of the animals being drowned in the Potomac.—They cost the government $145 a head.—That's nothing.

IF Mr. Lincoln is the government he must be a very poor man by this time, for no poor wayfarer in the deepest, darkest wilderness of the world, was ever robbed as the government has been for the past three years.

A Republican paper wants to know "what relation do the Democrats really suppose Mr. Lincoln bears to the government?" Well, we should say about the same relation that a clown bears to a circus.

JEREMIAH Spencer, who, it is stated, was the last survivor of the Wyoming Massacre, died at New Hartford, Conn., on the 22nd ult, at the age of ninety-four years.

A Democratic contemporary says Abe Lincoln is determined to be a candidate for succession to the Presidential chair, and that he will doubtless arrest and imprison all who attempt to run against him on the charge of trying to everthrow "the Government."

THERE has been a great amount of simple larceny committed in neighboring towns this Winter. We would advise our citizens to be on the alert. A good watch prevents harm. Hang a thief when he is young and he will not steal when he is old.

MCCLELLAN was once a citizen of the United States, but now resides in the "Jarseys"—*Whooighead paper.*

Yes in the "holy land," but he will likely have a little business in Washington soon; and will live in the white house.—Old Abe has a few more rails to split in Illinois.

OUR Government land cost one dollar an acre on an average, and champagne two dollars a bottle. Many a man dies landless who during his life has swallowed a fertile township, trees and all. So a young man who smokes cigars and tobacco to the amount of one dollar a week, wastes a farm of fifty acres each year, which in a short time would be worth a thousand by its mere rise in value.

THE sole great objects of this war are the restoration of the unity of the nation, the preservation of the constitution, and the supremacy of the laws of the country.

Gen. Geo. B. McClellan.

These are words fit to be inscribed on the conservative standard in the coming Presidential election, and he who holds aloft the standard bearing this inscription, or an equivalent one, will lead the conservative hosts to victory. Mark the prediction!—*Louisville Journal.*

THE THEATRE GOING PRESIDENT.—It was announced by telegraph a few days since that the President had so far recovered as to be enabled to visit the Theatre nightly. The time was when it would have excited the righteous indignation of the clergy throughout the whole land, but now the President may violate what they call the laws of morality, and set the Constitution at defiance. Yet scarcely a person can be found among them who does not approve of all he does. We may expect theatres to be attached to churchas in a short time. If the President should issue his proclamation to that effect, Abotitionism, inclding clergy and laity, would respond in a hearty amen.

Lackawanna Register.

A Noble Purpose

AND THE GLORIOUS RESULT.

There are as many roads to fame and fortune as there were gateways to ancient Thibes. Your ambitious warrior is for carving his way with the sabre—Your aspiring politician for manœuvring his way by subtlety and consummate art; but there is one broad grand path to the goal, along which nothing base can travel. It is the path set apart for the march of talent, energy, and noble purpose, and, though ful of obstacles, it contains none which all great man cannot surmount. This fact has been exemplified in innumerabl instances, but in few more forcible than in the career of Doctor Holloway, of London. For twenty-five years he may be said to have been climbing

—"The steep where Fame proud temple shines afar."

scattering blessings at every step. He appears to have reached the summit at last. The staff upon which he has leaned in his ascent has been advertising, and by its aid has not only realized a world-wide celebrity and a splendid fortune, but has been enabled to familiarize millions of the sick with the healing properties of his Pills and Ointment, who would never otherwise have been benefited thereby. The victims of dyspepsia in this country, and unfortunately their name is legion, have good cause to rejoice that so wide a publicity has been given to the virtues of his Pills through the columns of the American press; for, if we are rightly informed, they have cured and are now curing more cases of his distressing complaint than all other medicines combined. We hear, too, of cures of scrofula and other external disorders by the Ointment, which, if they were not vouched for by the best authorities, we should pronounce incredible. These medicines seem to do what no other advertised medicines have ever done before—*fulfill the promises of the advertisement.*

N. Y. "Police Gazette."

DARING ACT OF PIRACY.—The steamer Chesapeake, of the Cromwell line, bound from New York to Portland, on her regul r trip, with a large cargo, valued at $180,000, was taken possession of on Monday morning, of last week, by a party of rebels numbering about sixteen, who were apparently unarmed and inoffensive passengers. The captain was put in irons, the second engineer shot dead, and thrown overboard, and some others of the officers wounded. The astonished passengers were then notified that they were prisoners of war to the Confederate States of America. This extraordinary proceeding took place about twenty-one miles northeast of Cape Cod. The captured officers and crew, together with the passengers, were landed by the daring pirates at Partridge Island, and the steamer then started off to sea.—When last seen she was lying along-side another vessel, apparently taking in coal, and it was thought that she would make for Washington, N. C., and endeavor to run the blockade. Quite a fleet of Union vessels, both from Portland and from New York have started off in pursuit of the Chesapeake.

A disgraceful Sight.

On Tuesday the 8th inst. a most shameful scene occurred in this place. A young man and his mother were escorted through town chained together attended by two or three able bodied men from one of Northern counties who stepped along as if they were proud of their position—men that ought themselves to have been restrained of their liberty for committing such an outrage. Just think for a moment!—Chaining a mother and son together and sending them to jail in that condition until the evening train was due and then marching them through the streets of Williamsport to the depot for transportation.—What would not such creatures be guilty of doing? They would consider it a commendable act to steal a blind dog's dinner and then stone the dog for being blind. In our opinion, no train of circumstances can justify such an outrage. We care not what the offences may have been, they do not excuse the officers in the least. They are not bound to inflict punishment until after trial and conviction, the law implies innocence until the party is found guilty.

West Branch Democrat.

AS THE cold blasts of winter strike us let us remember that the strike the contrabands as the chills of death, by reason of their having come from a warmer climate, and the scantiness of their covering. Supplies are needed now as winter is setting in.—*Cleveland Leader.*

Yes, and "the cold blasts of winter strike hundreds and thousand of poor *white* people, as the chills of death." In the garrets and damp cellars of large cities are huddled together thousands of shivering half famished men, women and children, some of them wives and children of men who have sacrificed their lives in this "cruel war," but the *Leader* has no words of sympathy or appeal in their behalf. They are unfortunately, *white*. They urge on the conflict of brother against brother, and shout hosannas as rank after rank of brave men are swept away in the field of battle, and all for the negro. "Oh, Liberty, what crimes are committed in they name!"

Carlisle Volunteer.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR.—J. K Calhoun Esq., editor of the Armstrong *Democrat*, and formerly a member of the Legislature, died at his residence in Kittaning, of typhoid fever, on the 5th instant. He was a man of amiable disposition and considerable intelligence, a sound lawyer and vigorous writer.

A SUCCESSFUL INSTITUTION.—The *Pittsburg Evening Chronicle* says, There is probably no institution in the country so successful, or which is established on a more permanent basis, and gives promise of greater usefulness, than the Iron City Commercial College of this city. The unusual facilities here afforded, the superior qualifications of the Principals, who, besides being upright gentlemen, are also experienced Teachers and practical business men, offer a combination of advantages nowhere surpassed, if equaled, in the country.

LOOK out for Counterfeits! not only of bank bills, but of everything truly valuable. We understand that even the indispensable articles known as "Family Dye Colors" are not an exception to this rule. The imitations, like all counterfeits, are utterly worthless. Remember that Howe and Stevens' Family Dye Colors are the original, the only valuable and useful thing of the kind.

New Advertisements.

LUMBER FOR SALE.

A lot of hewed and sawed Timber, suitable for building a House or Barn—20 x 98—with joice and rafters, will be sold cheap on application at this office. Dec. 26, 1863.—3w.

PUBLIC SALE

Of Valuable Personal Property.

WILL be exposed to sale, by Public Vendue, at the residence of the undersigned, in Scott township, Columbia county, Penn'a, (near Light Street,) on

Saturday, January 9th, 1863,

The following described articles of personal property, viz:—

Two Horses, and a two year Colt,

Two Cows and two young Cattle, 30 head of Sheep, two Breeding Sows and Eighteen Shoats, One Carriage, Sulkey, One two-horse Wagon and a two-horse Sled, one Fanning Mill (Frolick make,) one Sleigh, Corn Sholler, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, double sett of Yankee Harness, double sett of Silver mounted Carriage Harness, two pair of fly-nets, a lot of Seed Potatoes, Cutting Box, and Farming Utensils generally, together with a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m., when attendance will be given and conditions made known by

JOSEPH LILLEY.

Scott township, Dec. 25, 1863.

DR. WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL

Is the Vital Principle of the Pine Tree.

Obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the tar, by which its highest medicinal properties are retained.

It is the medicine that cures when all others have failed.

Have you a Cough? Have you Sore Throat? Have you any of the pronounced symptoms of that most fatal disease, Consumption?

Those who should be warned by these symptoms generally think lightly of them until it is too late. From this fact, perhaps more than any other, arises the sad prevalence and fatality of disease which sweeps to the grave at least one-fifth of Death's victims.

What are its symptoms?

It usually begins with a short, dry cough, which soon becomes habitual, but for some time nothing is raised except a frothy mucus. The breathing is somewhat difficult, and upon slight exercise much hurried. A sense of tightness and oppression in the chest is often felt. As the disease advances the patient becomes thin in flesh is afflicted with loss of appetite, great langor, indolence, and dejection of spirits; and may continue in this state for a considerable length of time, that it is very readily affected by slight exposure or fatigue. If these occur, the cough becomes more troublesome, and is attended with expectoration, which is most copious and free very early in the morning. It is sometimes streaked with blood. At this stage night-sweats usually set in, and in some cases a profuse bleeding of the lungs may also occur. Pain in some part of the chest is felt, and often a difficulty of lying upon one or the other side, without severe fits of coughing or a sense of fullness or suffocation, is experienced. The pulse becomes full, hard, and frequent the hectic flush tinges the cheeks, and the dire malady is fast hastening to its close.

You now ask "Is there a cure?"

Consumption has been and can be cured by the use of my TAR CORDIAL, even in apparently hopeless cases.—This assertion I make with the ability to present the most complete evidence of the truth. Space will not admit of my giving the contents of the many thousands of testimonials to its value, which I have been and am receiving from men and women of unquestionable worth and reputation. I have had a number of these certificates printed in circular form which I will send you free on application. Whether you now determine to try the medicine or not, send for the circular. After years of study and experiment, I offer this medicine, believing it to be the most remedy for all pulmonary and bronchial diseases. If you cannot be benefited by the use of the Tar Cordial, I believe you are beyond all earthly aid. Yet if there are better curate agents, I earnestly advise their use. The best remedies, the best care, are needed by those afflicted with this disease. Believing this to be the best, I ask you to try it.

Many, not only of the people, but physicians of every school and practice, are daily asking me, "What is the principle or cause of your success in the treatment of Pulmonary Consumption?" My answer is this:

The invigoration of the digestive organs—the strengthening of the debilitated system—the purification and enrichment of the blood, instead of the thin, acrid, and the corruption which scrofula breeds. While this is effected by the powerful alterative (changing from disease to health) properties of the Tar Cordial, its healing and renovating principle is also acting upon the irritated surfaces of the lungs and throat, penetrating to each diseased part, relieving, subduing inflammation and restoring a healthful tendency. Let this two-fold power, the healing and the strengthening, continue to act in conjunction with Nature's constant conservative tendency, and the patient is saved, if he has not too long delayed a resort to the means of cure.

The Pine Tree Tar Cordial will cure Coughs, Sore Throat, and Bronchial Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Hooping Cough, Diptheria, and is also an excellent remedy for diseases of the kidneys, and female complaints.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The genuine has the name of the proprietor and a pine tree shown in the bottle. All others are spurious imitations.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS AND ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.—Prepared only by the proprietor,

DR. L. G. A. WISHART,
No. 10 NORTH SECOND ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

For Sale by all Druggists.

December 19, 1863—6m.

Auditor's Notice.

In the Orphans' Court for the County of Columbia: Estate of John Anderson, late of Scott township, deceased.

ALL persons interested will take notice that the undersigned appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Samuel H. Anderson, administrator of John Anderson, deceased, will meet the parties at his office, in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, the 20th day of January, A. D., 1864, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of his appointment, when and where all persons interested are requested to present their claims or be debarred from coming in for a share of such assets.

E. H. LITTLE,
Bloomsburg, Dec. 19, 1863—4w*2. *Auditor.*

Auditor's Notice.

In the matter of the account of John Staley and John K. Grotz, assignees of Elias Wertman, of Rhorsburg, in the county of Columbia.

THE creditors of Elias Wertman, and all other persons interested, will take notice that E. H. Little has been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Columbia, auditor, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of John Staley and John K. Grotz, assignees of Elias Wertman. The auditor hereby gives notice that he will attend at his office, in Bloomsburg on Thursday, the 21st day of January, A. D., 1864, for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons interested to the said fund can attend if they think proper, and present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of the fund.

E. H. LITTLE,
Bloomsburg, Dec. 19, 1863—4w*2. *Auditor.*

Auditor's Notice.

In the matter of the administration account of Benjamin Bomboy and Isaac Wagner, Administrators of Isaac Wagner, late of Hemlock township, Columbia county deceased.

TO the heirs of said Isaac Wagner, deceased:—Take notice, the undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, at the December term, thereof, A. D., 1863 to make distribution of the balance, in the hands of the Administrators, among the heirs of said deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday the 23d day of January, A. D., 1864, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, when and where you will attend if you think proper.

W. WIRT,
Bloomsburg, Dec. 19, 1863—4w*2. *Auditor.*

SPECIAL NOTICES

DR. WISHART

Of this City, has undoubtedly discovered in his combination for the treatment of Dyspepsia one of the greatest remedies that has ever been given to suffering humanity. He has treated within the past two years something over nine thousand cases in his private practice, many of which had defied the skill of eminent physicians in Europe and America, and in every case where the medicines were taken according to directions, they have made a perfect cure. Many of the above cases were of over twenty years standing.—Those who are troubled with Dyspepsia would do well to call at the Doctor's office. He gives you advice free. Persons at a distance can consult by letter describing the symptoms. Dr. Wishart's treatment put up in a secure package, with full directions, is sent by express on the receipt of Six Dollars.

N. B.—In all cases where the Disease has not become chronic, Dr. Wishart's Dyspepsia Pills are all that is required. Sent by mail on the receipt of One Dollar. Address Dr. L. G. A. Wishart, Philadelphia.—*Philadelphia Ledger.* [Dec. 19, 1863—6m.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF A NERVOUS INVALID. Published for the benefit and as a caution to young men, and others, who suffer from Nervous Debility, Early Decay, and their kindred ailment—supplying the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being a victim of misplaced confidence in medical humbug and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid directed envelope, single copies may be had of the author.

NATHANIE MAYFAIR, Esq.,
Bedford, Kings county, New-York

January 24, 1863—1y.

Uniformity of Prices!—A New Feature in Business. Every one his own Salesman! JONES & CO. of the Crescent One Price Clothing Store, No. 824 Market street above Sixth, Philadelphia.

In addition to having the largest, most varied and fashionable stock of Clothing in Philadelphia made expressly for retail sales, have constituted every one his own salesman, by having marked in figures, on each article at the very lowest price it can be sold for so that cannot possibly vary—all must buy alike.

The goods are well sponged and prepared and great pains taken with the making so that all can buy with the full assurance of getting a good article at the very lowest price. Also, a large stock of piece goods on hand of the latest style and best qualities, which will be made to order, in the most fashionable and best manner, 25 per cent. below credit prices.

Remember the Crescent, in Market above Sixth street

9 204. JONES & CO.

[CONSUMPTION CURED.]

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION, CURABLE DISEASE.

A CARD.

TO CONSUMPTIVE.—The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, free of charge, with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for consumption, asthma, bronchitis, &c.—The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

Sept. 26, 1863—4m

CROUP.

New Haven, Dec. 11, 1863.

Having been taught that medicines, in order to be valuable, must originate with some particular faculty or school, we considered patent medicines, (so called,) a humbug, until after losing our beloved child with Croup, we were forced by the suffering of another, from the same disease, and the advice of friends to try Cox's Cough Balsam. Little Eddie had gone, and, though we loved him, we would not call him from his quiet rest, to share the sorrows of this unfriendly world. But Willie is there no remedy for those? We found it in Cox's Cough Balsam. It relieved him in about twenty minutes, to our great joy, and the surprise of others. We cannot be hired to dispense with this priceless blessing, and we are glad to learn that Mr. Cox has made arrangements with druggists, whereby it may be come more extensively known. In view of this let me say to every parent, when your child is suffering with Croup, give this balsam, give it freely. If we did not believe it to be the best remedy for you, we certainly would not say it. Truly yours,

EDWARD GWINELL,
MERCY GWINELL.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK, & CO., Proprietors,
New Haven, Conn.

☞ See advertisement in another column.

December 12, 1863—3t.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. HARVEY'S FEMALE PILLS have never yet failed in removing difficulties arising from obstruction or stoppage of nature, or in restoring the system to perfect health when suffering from Impaired Affections, Prolapsus, (Fall,) the Whites, or other weakness of the Uterine Organs. The Pills are perfectly harmless on the constitution and may be taken by the most delicate female without causing sickness, the same time they act like a charm by strengthening, invigorating and restoring the system to a healthy condition, by bringing on the monthly period with regularity, no matter from what cause the obstruction may arise. The should, however, NOT be taken during the first three or four months of pregnancy, though safe at any other time, as miscarriage would be the result.

Each box contains 60 Pills, price $1.

DR. HARVEY'S TREATISE on Diseases of females, Pregnancy, Miscarriage, Barrenness, Sterility, Reproduction and abuses of nature, and emphatically the Ladies' Private Medical Adviser, a pamphlet of 64 pages, sent free to any address. Six cents required to pay postage.

The Pills and book will be sent by mail when desired, securely sealed, and prepaid, by

J. BRYAN M. D., General Agent.
No. 76 Cedar st., New York

☞ Sold by all the principal druggists.

December 12, 1863—1y.

A FORTUNE FOR ALL!

EITHERMEN OR WOMEN!!

NO humbug, but an entirely new thing. Only three months in this country! No cap-trap speculation to gull the public, but a genuine money making thing! read the circular of instruction once only, and you will understand it perfectly. A lady in Ohio just written to me that she is making as high as twenty dollars some days! giving instructions in this art. Thousands of soldiers are making money rapidly at it. No person are to be urged to patronize it. It is a thing that takes better than anything ever before offered. You can make money with it home or abroad—in the steamboats or cars, and in the country or city. You will be followed in pursuing it, not only because it will yield a handsome income, but also in consequence of the general admiration which it elicits. It is pretty much all profit. A mere trifle is necessary to start with.

It seems that one person out of thousands who ever pays any attention to advertisements of this kind. Ranking they are humbugs. Consequently those who do send for instructions will have a broad field to make money in. There is a class of persons in this world who think that because they have been humbugged out of a dollar or so, that everything that is advertised is a humbug. Consequently they try no more. The person who succeeds is the one that keeps on trying until he hits something that pays him.

This art cost me one thousand dollars, and I expect to make money out of it—and all who purchase the art of me will do the same. One dollar sent to me will insure the prompt return of a chart of instructions in the art. The money will be returned to those not satisfied.

WALTER T. TINSLEY,
No. 1 Park Place, New York.

Oct. 24, 1863—3m.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS—WARRANTED IN ALL CASES—Can be relied on!—Never fail to cure! Do not nauseate! Are speedy in action! No change of diet required! Do not interfere with business pursuits! Can be used without detection! Upwards of 200 cures the past month—some of them very severe cases. Over one hundred physicians have used them in their practice, and all speak well of their efficacy, and approve of their composition, which is entirely vegetable, and harmless on the system. Hundreds of certificates can be shown.

Bell's Specific Pills are the original and only genuine Specific Pill. They are adapted for male and female, old or young, and the only reliable remedy for effecting a permanent and speedy cure in all cases of Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness, with all its train of evils, such as Urethral and Vaginal Discharges, Gleet, the Whites, Nightly or Involuntary Emissions, Incontinence, Genital Debility and Irritability, Impotence, Weakness or Loss of Power, Nervous Debility, &c., all of which arises principally from Sexual Excesses, Self-abuse, or some constitutional derangement, and incapacitates the sufferer from fulfilling the duties of married life. In all sexual diseases, as Gonorrhea, Gleet, and Strictures, and in Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, they act as a charm! Relief is experienced by taking a single pill.

Sold by all the principal druggists. Price $1.

They will be sent by mail, securely sealed, and confidentially, on receipt of the money, by

J. BRYAN, M. D.
No. 76 Cedar St., New York.

Consulting Physician for the treatment of Seminal, Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Diseases, who will send, free to all, the following valuable work, in sealed envelope:

THE FIFTIETH THOUSAND—DR. BELL'S TREATISE on Self-Abuse, Premature Decay, Impotence and loss of power, Sexual Diseases, Seminal Weakness, Nightly Emissions, Genital Debility, &c., &c., a pamphlet of 64 pages, containing important advice to the afflicted, and which should be read by every sufferer, as the means of cure in the severest stages is plainly set forth. Two stamps required to pay postage.

December 12, 1863—1y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Charles Goodman, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Charles Goodman, late of Briarcreek, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the the undersigned who resides in the same township; all persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them to the administrator at his residence without delay, and all persons indebted to make payment forthwith.

SAMUEL HAGENBUCH, *Adm'r.*

Dec. 19, 1863—6w*2*

SCHOOLSHIPS FOR SALE.

Pittsburgh Commercial College.
Binghamptin " " "
Crittenden's " " Philadelphia.
Stratton, Bryant & Co., " "

These Scrips, are in amounts of $15 and $30 and are worth much cash, by the Student on entering either of the above Colleges. Young men desiring to obtain a finished Collegiate Education, will here find a good opportunity by applying at the office of the

Nov. 1, 1863. COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.