COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

L. L. Tate, Editor & Proprietor.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SATURDAY, NOV'ER 28, 1863.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1864,

GEORGE B. M'CLELLAN

(Subject to the Decision of the Democratic National Convention.)

Opinion of Judge Woodward.

We print on our outside page to day, a synopsis of the opinion of Judge WOODWARD on the constitutionality of the Conscription Law. The opinions of Judges THOMPSON and LOWRIE fully concur with that of Judge WOODWARD in his conclusions. When our readers have perused the opinion of JUDGE WOODWARD they have the strongest argument against the constitutionality of the law whose validity was in question, and in our estimation its reasonings are unquestionable. We have no doubt that their decision would be confirmed if carried to the Supreme Court of the United States.

That the law is, as decided by our Supreme Court, is plain. Will the decision be respected by those in power? From our experience, in seeing every law and provision of the Constitution which stood in their way trampled upon, and superceded by "military necessity," we have little hope for any respect for this decision, by our rulers. We are completely at the mercy of men who know no law but "military necessity." The free institutions bequeathed to us by WASHINGTON, JEFFERSON and their compatriots, are sought to be preserved by violating the Constitution, which they gave us, to limit power and preserve our rights; and there seems to be no hope for the people.

☞ Is the past history of the United States a record of shame, of cruelty and oppression? Is the Constitution a "league with death and a covenant with hell"? Is the flag a "flaunting lie"? Abolitionism answers in the affirmative. It seeks to efface the record the country has made among the nations; to annul or change the Constitution, and to dishonor and mutilate the flag. With them the teachings of the past go for naught; the warnings of those who founded, and of those who have since ornamented the Republic, are treated with contempt. Scraping with their muck-rakes in the cess-pool of their own passions and their intense bigotry, they heed not the glory of the past or the possible splendor of our future. As the Huns and the Vandals of the North overran and desolated the cultured beauty of Southern Europe, heedless of the relics of empire their barbaric hands were destroying, this sectional party, based upon passions inflamed and hatred carefully nourished, will overthrow and break to pieces the fair fabric raised by a wisdom they cannot comprehend and based upon a spirit of toleration they are incapable of imitating.

Invasion of Rights.

The ensuing (38th) Congress will embrace among its members of the Abolition faith quite a number, who though bearing the "broad seal," and ostensibly representing the people among whom they live, are in reality no more exponents of the policy, confidence and sentiments of the constituency to whom they are accredited than would a Fejee Islander or a genuine native Ethiopian.

The great marvel is that a man professing a due regard for popular appreciation, civil liberty, and his own moral status, should so thoroughly disregard every principle that is ennobling and just, and occupy a position upon a tenure so slight and exceptionable that his own instinctive sense of right should mantle his brow with shame, confusion and mortification. He is ever confronted with the humiliating reflection that he is an interloper, and a poacher upon the rights and wishes of an outraged and indignant people, who, if it were practicable, would visit upon him that retribution and repudiation which their utter contempt prompts them to entertain for him.

Prof. Farrand's Exhibition.

Prof. C. FARRAND, of New York, (of whom we spoke in our last issue, and who has spent several years among the Andes of South America, as a Painter of the scenery of that country), gave a public exhibition of Esteriopticon Views, on Monday and Tuesday evening, in our Court House. These views and scenes were interesting and entertaining. Our citizens who did *not* attend, may now regret, that they missed a most edifying entertainment.

TWENTY-FOUR men, with their arms tied upon their backs, were brought to Reading last week, by a detachment of soldiers, and confined in the military prison in that city. They were arrested in Carbon county on the charge of being engaged in riotous proceedings which resulted in the death of Mr. George K. Smith, a coal operator. Are the courts abolished in Carbon county, because these men are dragged to other counties by soldiers.

NEARLY a hundred thousand majority in Ohio go for war. But how many of them will go to the war?

The Number of Men Called Out for the Army.

The number of fighting men called out from the Northern States, under the Administration of President Lincoln, may be briefly summed up as follows:

By Proclamation, April 1861.	75,000
" May "	65,000
Act of Congress, July 22 "	500,000
" " " 25, "	25,000
Proclamation, July 1, 1862.	300,000
" Aug. 9, "	300,000
Order July, 1863.	300,000
Proclamation, Oct. 17, 1863.	300,000
Total.....	1,865,000

Thus, nearly two millions of men have been called out, making a number equal to about two thirds the total vote cast in 1860 for President in the Northern or free States. The men, who have gone into the service under these several calls, constitute, or did constitute the flower of the country--men in the first promise, or in the prime of well developed and glorious manhood. But a large portion of those who have gone into the field in obedience to these repeated calls—how large a portion no one can tell—have been lost to their friends, the country and the world forever.

And for what has this great waste of life been made? Echo answers, For what? Are we to have a restored Union, and the return of order, peace and harmony, as of old? There is, under the present radical policy that conducts the war, no prospect of this, but of disunion, anarchy and interminable war and bloodshed instead. The policy is to overrun territory, exterminate the white inhabitants, but not to restore a single foot of soil to the Union we had before the war. Nothing has been really accomplished in that direction by all the waste of human life that has already been made, and nothing will be by the unscrupulous Disunion radical party now in power.

Our Book Table.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY for December, now before us closes the XIIth volume. We do not in any respect endorse the politics of the *Atlantic*—It is the mouth-piece of the Boston abolitionists, and Yankee destructionists, properly so characterized by the Post Master General. In the last number they go in boldly for consolidation; and desire to see America what France became under Louis XI. Let history tell what that was.

The new volume proposes to have new poems by Robert Browning; a novel by Hawthorn; Dante, translated by H. W. Longfellow; Papers by Mrs. Stowe; a novel by Trowbridge; essays by Prof. Agassiz, &c., &c. Terms $3 a year, by Ticknor & Fields, Boston, Mass.

GODEY FOR DECEMBER.—The December number of Godey reminds us of the near approach of the Christmas Holidays, and by the way, we would suggest to any one wanting to make an acceptable present to a lady, that we know of no more appropriate gift than the Lady's Book. It will be a monthly remembrance of the donor. This number of the Book contains two extensive Fashion Plates, and a superb colored Fashion Plate of seven figures.—The steel engravings are "The Daily Governess," a beautiful plate, and an emblamatic title, containing five distinct pictures—"Telling Christmas Stories," "Gathering Christmas Greens," "Juvenile Amusements," "Youth," and "Old Age." Terms $3 per annum. We will send the *Democrat* and the Lady's Book to one address for $4.

THE administration newspaper organs in Philadelphia says:

"If Mr. Jefferson Davis, with his present principles, lived in the North, all his energies would be given to organize opposition to the government. He would declare it unworthy of public confidence, a hateful tyranny, a disgrace to modern civilization. He would ridicule all its officers, and affirm that all the national dictories were in spite of their imbecility, and all the national defeats in consequence of it."

Mr. Jefferson Davis may be a very bad man, but he is not a witling. If this war is to continue, he would much rather it would be prosecuted by the present administration at Washington than any one which is likely to succeed it. Gen. Lee has said "The authorities at Washington have done what he would have wished them to do could he have controlled them." Mr. Jefferson Davis would not make war on his most efficient allies. The "government" at Washington has accomplished for him what he never could have done for himself. It has united southern and divided northern sentiment. Mr. Jefferson Davis regards the administration at Washington just as the Mobile *Register* regards it. "Give us," it said, "men like Sumner and Wilson and Stevens; they hate the Union, and curse it, and so do we"

Another Democratic paper.—Mr. Wm. Loflin, having purchased the Jefferson Star office, Brookville, Abolition, has issued the first number of a Democratic paper called "The New Era," at the head of which floats the names of McClellan and Bramlette for President and Vice President. The paper is a neat one and has a liberal advertising patronage.

Provost Marshals Relieved.—By special order No 17 from the War Department, all deputy provost marshal and detectives are relieved from further duty where the enrollment is completed.

Minutes of the Meeting of the Teachers' Institute.

BLOOMSBURG, Nov. 14th, 1863.

Pursuant to an order issued by the County Superintendent, the Columbia co., Teachers' Association met, at the Bloomsburg Academy, on Saturday, Nov. 14th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

CHARLES G. BARKLEY, was elected President, and WM. D. ELY, Secretary, *pro tem.*

On motion of H. Y. John, a Committee was appointed to draft a programme of exercise for the afternoon. The following persons were appointed viz: Messrs. C. G. Barkly, H. Y. John, A. B. White, J. K. Brugler, and Miss C. G. Freeze.

On motion of Capt. Whitmoyer the meeting adjourned to meet at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Afternoon Session.

The meeting convened at 2 o'clock.—The committee on exercise reported the following:

1st. Miscellaneous business; 2d. Address by Prof. Walker; 3d. Discussion; The best method of conducting District Institutes; 4th. Address by Rev. D. C. John; 5th Adjournment.

On motion of Mr. Barkly, a committee of three were appointed to procure and revise the old Constitution, consisting of the following persons, viz:

Mr. Barkley, Capt. Whitmoyer, and Mr. Price.

On motion of Mr. Barkly, it was agreed that the next meeting of the Association should be held at the Bloomsburg Academy, on Saturday the 12th of December next.

On motion of J. K. Brugler, the following persons were appointed to make the necessary arrangements for the next meeting viz; Mr. Brugler, Mr. John, and Mr. Hughes.

A motion was made by Mr. Deiteriek, that we held a Teachers' Institute. After considerable discussion *pro et con.* it was decided in the negative:

Prof. Walker was then called upon to address the meeting, which he did in a very able, instructive manner, upon the duties of the Teacher to himself, to his pupils, and to society. Mr. Beckley then offered the following:

1st. Resolved, That we recognize in the Teachers' Association an efficient agency for the elevation of the Teachers' Profession.

2d. Resolved, That as Teachers, devoted to the best interest of our race, we are bound to avail ourselves of this, and every other facility for improvement, and the Teacher who is remiss in this is not worthy of recognition as Teacher.

On motion of Mr. White, these Resolutions were unanimously adopted. On motion of Mr. Hughes, a vote of thanks was tendered Prof. Walker for his important services rendered the Association.

On motion of Mr. Barkley, the meeting adjourned to convene in four weeks, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

CHARLES G. BARKLY, Pres't.
WILLIAM D. ELY, Sec'y.

Bank Directors.

Bank of Danville.—The following gentlemen were elected as Directors of the Bank of Danville, for the ensuing year, on Tuesday, the 20th instant:

E. H. Baldy, Dr. Wm. H. Magill, Thos. Woods, Geo. B Brown, Peter Baldy, sr., G. M. Shoop, J. C. Rhoads, Sam'l Wolf, P. F. Maus, of Danville; John K. Grotz and William G. Hurley, of Bloomsburg; John Sharples, of Catawissa; George J. Piper, of Milton.

Northumberland Bank—The following gentlemen were elected Directors of the Bank of Northumberland, on Monday the 16th inst., for the ensuing year:

J. B. Packer, Wm. I. Greenough, Geo. F. Miller, James Davis, J. C. Horton, Wm. H. Waples, A. E. Knapp, Daniel Heim, Samuel John, M. B. Priestley, Charles R. Paxton, Wm. M. Rockefeller, J. M. Huff.

Samuel J. Packer, of Sunbury, has been elected Cashier, in place of Joseph R. Priestley, deceased.

IRON CITY COLLEGE.—Perhaps the most successful Commercial College in the West is the above which has now reached a degree of prosperity hitherto unexampled even before our national troubles. So numerous are the applications that it is difficult to furnish accommodations for all the students who desire to enter. The policy of the Principals has been to give Diplomas to no one not thoroughly qualified in every department of study, and this has resulted in giving the institution such a reputation as is of great value to its graduates, giving them great advantages in securing them situation. The teachers are all well accomplished and attentive, and a course here secure a thorough comercial education. For terms, &., see advertisement.

The Democratic Vote of Ohio.

The Democracy of Ohio, although beaten at the late election, polled a larger vote by 16,000, than the highest vote they ever cast before; and 37,000 greater than their vote of 1861. The following figures show the Democratic vote of Ohio for Governor in the years named:

Medill.....	1853	133,000
Medill.....	1855	131,000
Payne.....	1857	159,000
Ranney.....	1859	171,000
Jewett.....	1861	150,000
Vallandigham	1863	187,000

THE thirty eighth Congress assembles on the 7th of December.

EDITORIAL INKLINGS.

THERE are forty-two soverigns in Europe. In this country there are thirty millions, and a very few without a crown.

THE British ship Reward lately left St. Helena with 136 negro emigrants, bound for Demarara.

LABORERS in Idaho Territory get $5 a day and board for digging a hundred dollars worth of gold.

THE Mormons are beaten entirely out of sight by the Brahmius of India, some of whom have as many as one hundred and thirty wives.

THE Potato rot is making fearful ravages in Ireland. In some districts three-fourths of the crop is destroyed. The recent heavy and continuous rain is considered the cause of the calamity.

THE Republican editors are greatly alarmed lest the Democracy shall "embarrass" the administration. To read these papers one would suppose the administration as easily embarrassed as a young lady entertaining her first beau.

CONGRESS will meet next Monday a week. The "loyalty and intelligence" are alredy engaged in a disgraceful squabble as to the offices, but the beauty of it would be, if, in the end, they would slip through their fingers and get into the hands of "traitors."

THE LESSON OF TO-DAY.—It is that the preservation of the Union principally desirable for the sake of the Constitution, which is itself to be valued and cherished, principaly because it is the consecrated guardian of the inestimable principles of civil liberty.

IT is stated that five out of the eleven representatives recently elected in North Carolina to the Rebel Congress are Union men. Why, then, were they not returned to the Federal Congress? That is the place where all Union Representatives belong.

THE FIST MARRIAGE—"And Adam said, This is now bone of my bone and flesh of my flesh; she shall be called woman, because she was taken out of man.—Therefore shall a man leave his father and his mother, and shall cleave unto his wife; and they shall be one flesh." No cards.

MR. Lincoln says that "whatever the result of the present struggle may be, we can console ourselves with the reflection that we did all we could for our country." This is as happy as the ministers who, at the funeral of a lovely daughter, consoled the parents by reminding them that they had "lavished much expense upon her education.'

RETIRED.—Brigadier General Robert Anderson, the hero of Sumter, has been placed upon the retired list by the President of the United States, upon the recommendation of the Retiring Board. The retirement of Gen. Aderson is understood to be in entire concurrence with his wishes as the health of the great soldier has long been such as to necessitate his seeking a condition of permament repose.

DELAWARE ELECTION.—The election in the State of Delaware was held last Thursday, and we presume will be heralded as a brilliant Union victory! as the various Democratic organizations throughout the entire State, in view of the military interference of the Administration, resolved not to attend the polls to take part in such a damnable mockery of the elective franchise.

"KEEP PEGGING AWAY."—This brilliant motto of the Prestdent should be the motto of the Democratic party in the contest for truth over falsehood and liberty over despotism. Let us "keep pegging away." The fact that we have been defeated by enormous frauds, is no cause for discouragement, Our greatly increased vote shows that in any fair contest we are largely in the majority, and the tide will be all in our favor for the year to come.

THE BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG.—Messrs J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia have just published a neat little volume of 48 pages, entitled "Notes on the Rebel Invasion of Maryland and Pennsylvania, and the Battle of Gettysburg." The author is professor M. Jacobs, of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, who witnessed nearly all that he narrates, and who derived his knowledge of what he did not witness from the best authorities. An excellent map accompanies his narrative, and makes every thing perfectly clear. The volume is for sale at all the Bookstores.

IDENTITY ASCERTAINED.—A month or two ago we published the fact that a dead soldier had been found on the battlefield of Gettysburg, with the picture of three pretty children clasped in his hands, which picture was in the hands of Dr. Bourns, of Philadelphia, awaiting identification. It is gratifying to state that the wide publicity given to the touching circumstance through the medium of the press produced the desired result, and that the identity of the soldier has been fully asscertained. The name of the deceased was Hummerton, and his widow and three children, reside at Portsville, Cattaraugus county New York. Large numbers of photographic copies of the picture upon which the dying eyes of the warrior father closed have been sold, and the profits realized from their sale will be appropriated to the benefit of the children.

WAR NEWS.

Unless all the indications are exceedingly deceptive, the country will soon be startled by important war news from at least four vital points—Central Virginia, Eastern Tennessee, Northern Georgia, and the region around Charleston.

The rebel news from Charleston shows that General Gilmore and Admiral Dahlgren mean mischief to that city. The monitors have got to work in earnest, and were endeavoring to open up the channel; incendiars shells had been fired into the streets, and there was every indication when the last telegram was sent that the Federal army and navy were about to try and carry the defence by a *coup de main*. The next news from that point will be awaited with breathless interest.

At last accounts General Burnside's command was in extreme peril. He had lost all of East Tennessee save Knoxville, where he was invested and in danger of capture. The administration reports him safe; but the country has lost all faith in such announcements on the part of the War Department. Matters have a very grave look in that quarter. Longstreet is an able general, while Burnside is not.

Gen. Grant, we are assured, has his army in motion. This threatening movement of Longstreet upon Eastern Tennessee compels him to take the initiatian against Bragg. The latter must either fall back or fight, and, to save Longstreet, he must do the latter. Reinforced by Gen: Sherman's command, which is much larger than the highest rebel guesses have placed it, Gen. Thomas's force must largely exceed that of the enemy. If numbers, skill, and valor can give us a victory, we ought soon to hear of one in the neighborhood of Chattanooga.

Gen. Meade's army is also in motion, and Lee must either fall back to Richmond or fight a battle. There are indications that his purpose is to retreat, and the sudden sending away of the Union prisoners would seem to indicate that the rebel government is of opinion that a siege of their capital is not an improbable event.

It is well understood that General Meade is advancing against Lee under positive orders. His own judgment is against so important a movement without a large force. So, if a reverse should occur, the fault must not be laid at his doors but at those of the President and General Hallock.

All the movements in the field seem to be co-operative, except the one to Texas. If General Banks was now operating against Mobile instead of Brownsville, he would have kept 20,000 rebels employed at the former point who are now swelling the armies of Bragg and Longstreet. If we lose Eastern Tennessee it will be because of this aimless Texas expedition.

Let us hope by the coming national holliday we can offer up our thanks for a defeat of Lee, Longstreet and Bragg, and the capture of Charleston.

PAROLLED UNION PRISONERS.—Colonel Hoffman, Commissionary-General of Prisoners, reports that there are now about fourteen hundred paroled Union Prisoners in the different parole camps throughout the country. This number has accumulated since the 1st of September last by occasional deliveries from the Rebel prison houses. At that date all the Union paroled prisoners in our hands were declared exchanged, to balance a like declaration made by the Rebels.

SENTENCE OF A HORSE CONTRACTOR.—*Cincinati, Nov. 24.*—C. W. Hall, a horse contractor for the Government, was found guilty and sentenced to six months' imprisonment and fined $10,000, for defrauding the Government in the purchasing of horses:

DEATH OF A SOLDIER.—It is with regret that we announce the death of MATTHEW O. TATE, son of George P. Tate, (and brother to the Editor of this paper,) of Lawrence township. He died on Monday evening, November 16th, at the age of 19 years 9 months and 8 days. He was a member of Company K. 84th Penn'a volunteers—having enlisted in the service of his country some sixteen months ago. He participated in the engagements at Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville, in May last. At the latter place he received a Minnie ball into the right breast, and passing through the lungs inflicted a very severe and dangerous wound, from which he has been suffering ever since, and at last terminated in death. Matthew was a young man of much promise, and a good soldier. In his death his comrades in army have lost a brave companion, his country a gallant defender, his parents a dutiful son, and his brothers and sisters a kind and affectionate brother. His early death will be sincerely mourned by his relatives and friends. Peace to his remains.—*Clearfield Journal.*

SMALL POX.—Small Pox has already sacrificed some of our best and bravest troops. Soldiers, listen to the voice of reason, supply yourselves with Holloway's Pills & Ointment. The Pills purify the blood and strengthen the stomach, while the Ointment removes all pain, and prevents pit marks. Only 25 cents per box or pot.

THERE are 2,800 men employed at the Springfield Arsenal, who complete 900 muskets daily. There are in the Arsenal 133,000 pieces stored, of which 40,000 are kept boxed ready to be sent away.

Prospectus for 1864.

THE WORLD.

An Independent Democratic Daily, Semi-Weekly, and Weekly Newspaper.

UNION OF THE WORLD AND ARGUS.

THE WORLD, to which the New York Weekly ARGUS has been united, has today five times the aggregate circulation of any Democratic or conservative newspaper. It addresses weekly alone more than 100,000 subscribers and constant purchasers, and reaches at least half a million readers. With the steady increase in circulation which it now enjoys, these numbers will be doubled by the 1st of January, 1864. Nothing less than this should satisfy those who believe that the only hope of restoring the Union and the authority of the Constitution over a now distracted and divided country, lies in wresting power from the hands of those whose fanaticism has helped to provoke, invite, and prolong the war; and that to accomplish this end, no means is so effective as the diffusion, through able and enterprising newspapers, of sound political knowledge among the working men, the thinking men, and the voting men of the North.

Enterprise, industry and money will be liberally expended to make *The World* the best newspaper in America. Its news from every part of the world will be early and authentic. Wherever the telegraph extends, or railroads run, or steamboats ply, it will gather the latest intelligence. It has a large staff of accomplished correspondents with all the federal armies, who will telegraph and write to us the latest news from the various seats of war. It has correspondents and reporters in every politican and commercial centre in America and Europe, whose letters and dispatches will leave nothing worthy of note unknown to its readers.

Special exertions will be used to make its reports of the Crops, of the Cattle, Produce, and Money markets, comprehensive and accurate. Realizing that the bone and sinew of the country are to be found upon its farms and in its workshops, The World will gather from every quarter information and news concerning Agriculture and manufactures, and will endeavor to make its issues peculiarly valuable to the Farmers and Merchants of the country.

The war in which the nation is engaged against armed and infatuated Rebels, and the radical policy of the administration which prolongs it, have conspired to bring together upon one platform all conservative, Union loving and Constitution-loving men, of whatever form, name and creed. Many of those who, within the limits of the Constitution, fought the battle of the ballot-box under the leadership of those patriotic statesmen of other and better days, Henry Clay and Daniel Webster, together with the masses whose principles were those of such patriots as Andrew Jackson and William L. Marcy, Silas Wright and Stephen A. Douglas, now stand shoulder to shoulder upon the same platform and under the same banner. The platform is a plain one. It is to restore the Union, maintain the Constitution, and enforce the Laws. Whatever makes for this end, exercise of force or the policy of conciliation, The World will advocate; whatever makes against it, The World will oppose.

It will oppose every enemy to the Union whether armed in rebellion at the South or insidiously planting the seens of disunion and essential disloyalty at the North. It will oppose every violation of the Constitution which is the only hope and bond of Union, and our only authority for exhorting or compelling the allegiance of the South.

It will oppose infraction of the laws in high places or in low, by reckless and misguided partisans, or by the administration which has been than example.

It will fearlessly exercise the Freedom of the Press; it will constanly uphold and defend Freedom of Speech, and Freedom of the Ballot.

To the lawless acts of the Administration, its arbitary and unjust arrests and expatriations, its denial of the right to the writ of *habeas corpus*, its illegal proclamations, its abrogation of state and federal laws, its despotic accummulations of ungranted power, and its subversion of the safeguards of civil and personal liberty, it will constantly oppose the letter and the spirit of our supreme law and the advocacy of sound doctrine, until American freemen shall be roused to the recovery of their rights, their liberties, their laws, and their limited and well balanced government, by the resistless decision of the ballot.

Profoundly impressed with the desire to contribute all that it may to the great work of the this generation—namely. To restore our national unity, and to place the United States again foremost among the nations of the earth, and first in the peace, prosperity and happiness of its people—The World seeks from those who desire such things their sympathy and support, and, above all, the favor of Him who crowns every good work.

TERMS: Daily World.

Yearly subscribers by mail.....	$8 00

Semi-Weekly World.

Single subscribers per annum....	3 00
Two copies to one address.....	5 00
Three " "	7 00
Five " "	12 00
Ten " "	22 00

Weekly World.

Single subscribers per annum,....	2 00
Three copies (address on each paper)	5 00
Five " " "	8 00
Ten " " "	15 00
Twenty copies (all to one address)	25 00

Clubs of 20 and over can have the address put on each paper for an additional charge of 10 cents each.

For every club of 20 an extra copy will be added for the getter up of the club.

For every club of 50, the Semi-Weekly; and for every club of one hundred, the Daily will be sent, when requested, in lieu of the extra copies of weekly.

Additions to Clubs may be made at any time at same rates. Papers cannot be changed from one Club to another, but on request of the person ordering the Club, and on receipt of fifty cents extra, single papers will be taken from the club and sent to a separate address.

All orders must be accompanied by the cash. Address THE WORLD,
35 Park Row, NEW-YORK.

☞ Who is going to favor us with a Turkey for our Christmas dinner? Surely, some one should have a warm spot in his charity for the Printer.

Ladie's Christmas Festival.

The Ladies connected with the Lutheran Church of Espytown, Columbia county, Penn'a., will give a "Christmas Dinner and Supper," at that place on Friday the 25th December,—Christmas Day.—The proceeds to be applied to the benefit of the Church. The friends of the denomination are respectfully invited.

Espy, Pa., Nov. 28, 1863.—3t.

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Estate of Daniel Zeigler, dec'd.

Letters of administration on the Estate of Daniel Zeigler, late of Mount Pleasant township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned; all persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them to the Administratrix without delay, and all persons indebted to make payments forthwith.

CATHARINE ZEIGLER,
Mt Pleasant, Nov. 28, 1863—6w32* Adm'rx.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Cornelius Vanhorn, dec'd.

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of Cornelius Vanhorn, late of Hemlock township, Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of Wills, &c., to the undersigned residing in Valley and Hemlock townships. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them to the Executors at their residence in said township, without delay, and all persons indebted to make payment forthwith.

DAVID A. VANHORN,
Valley township, Montour co.,
ABRAHAM VANHORN,
JOHN R VANHORN,
Hemlock twp., Columbia co.
Executors.

November 28, 1863—6w32.

PUBLIC SALE OF Personal Property!

WILL be exposed to public vendue, at the residence of the subscriber in Madison township Columbia county, on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8th, 1863, the following valuable personable property to wit:

ONE HORSE, TWO COLTS

Two Shoats, One Two-Horse Wagon, One Truck Wagon, Harness, Plows, Harrows, Hay by the ton, Corn and Oats by the bushel, Cider by the barrel, together with other articles too tedious to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, when terms and conditions will be made known by

ANNA YOUNG.

November 28, 1863.

1863. 1863.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE RAIL-ROAD.

This great line traverses the Northern and Northwest counties of Pennsylvania to the city of Erie, on Lake Erie.

It has been leased by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and under their auspices is being rapidly opened throughout its entire length.

It is now in use for Passenger and Freight business from Harrisburg to Emporium, (135 miles) on the Eastern Division, and from Sheffield to Erie (72 miles) on the Western Division.

TIME OF PASSENGER TRAINS AT NORTHUMBERLAND.

Mail Train leaves,	East	9 53 A. M.
Express Train "	"	11 28 P. M.
Mail " "	West	4 47 "
Express " "	"	8 43 A. M.

Cars run through with change both ways on these trains between Philadelphia and Lock Haven, and Baltimore and Lock Haven. New and elegant Sleeping Cars accompanying the Express Train both ways between Williamsport and Baltimore, and Williamsport and Philadelphia.

For information respecting Passenger business, apply at the S. E. Cor. 11th and Market Sts.

And for Freight business of the Company's Agents:
S. S. Kingston, Jr., Cor. 13th and Market Sts., Phil'a
J. W. Reynolds, Erie.
J. M. Drill, Agent N. C. R. R., Baltimore.
H. H. Houston, Gen'l. Freight Agt., Philadelphia.
Lewis L. Houpt, Gen'l. Ticket Agt. Philadelphia.
Joseph D. Potts, Gen'l. Manager, Williamsport.
October 31, 1863.

PROTHONOTARY'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that the following accounts have been filed in the Prothonotary's Office, at Bloomsburg, Columbia county, and will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas of the said county, on Wednesday, the 9th day of December next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for confirmation and allowance.

1. Account of Michael Stecker, one of the committee of Michael Kiancy, a lunatic.

2. Account of Oliver Evans, committee of the person and estate of David Hampton, a lunatic.

JACOB EVERLY, Pro'thy.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 14 1863.

Oyster Saloon.

THE undersigned would announce to the public that he has refitted his SALOON, one door East of his Bakery, on

Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.,

and is prepared to accommodate both Ladies and Gentlemen. He is prepared to furnish

Oysters, Wholesale & Retail,

BY THE CAN OR OTHERWISE.

B. STOHNER.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 21, 1863—4t.

ATTENTION!

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

The undersigned being a regularly "licensed Auctioneer," hereby offers his services as such, to all who may feel disposed to give him a call. His great experience in the business, will enable him to render satisfaction to his customers. At the same time he cautions all Auctioneers, "not licensed," from following said calling, as the fine fixed by the United States will surely be imposed, and the law carried out to its full extent. All persons desiring to obtain my services, will please inform me to that effect before they advertise.

J. D. RICE, Auctioneer.

Light Street, Nov. 14, 1863.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Whitenight, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of John Whitenight late of Bloom township Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned who resides in the same township; all persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them to the administrator at his residence without delay, and all persons indebted to make payment forthwith.

CATHARINE WHITENIGHT,
Oct. 10, 1863—6w. *Administratrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Elias Pealer, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the Estate of Elias Pealer, late of Fishingcreek twp. Columbia co. dec'd., have been granted by the Register of Columbia co., to the undersigned; all persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them to the undersigned, at his residence in said township, without delay, and all persons indebted to make payment forthwith.

JACOB PEAler, Adm'r.

Oct. 31, 1863—6w 32.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Samuel Whary, deceased.

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of Samuel Whary, late of Locust township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of Wills, &c., to the undersigned a sa residing in said township, all persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them to the Executor at his residence in said township, without delay, and all persons indebted to make payment forthwith.

JOHN REINGOLD, Executor.

Nov. 21, 1863—6w32*

ESTRAY.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Centre township, Columbia county, on or about the first of August last, a

Young Bull,

of a black color, with white spots. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be dispose of according to the directions of the law.

ISAAC HESS.

Centre twp., Nov 7, 1863—3t*

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, respectfully informs his old friends and new customers, that he will continue the

Mercantile Business,

at the Old Stand, in Jerseytown, to which he has added

A SELECT STOCK OF NEW GOODS,

to which the attention of customers and the public is invited.

J. N. MILLER.

Jerseytown, Sept. 12, 1863—3m.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the manufacture of Earthen Ware, in Bloomsburg, was dissolved this day by mutual consent. The Books and Accounts will be settled by John Hicks, who will continue the business at the old stand.

ELIAS HICKS,
JOHN HICKS.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 7, 1863—3w.