COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

John G. Freeze, Local Editor.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 9, 1861.

☞ To-morrow is the twenty-fourth Sunday after Trinity.

Saint Martin's Day.

Montreal taken by the Americans, Nov. 12, 1775.

Great Patent for New England granted 13th Nov. 1620.

Charles Carroll died November 14th, 1832.

Gunpowder plot discovered 15th Nov., 1605.

Tea destroyed in Boston Harbor 16th Nov., 1773.

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☞ On the 30th Oct., all the State prisoners in Fort Lafayette, were removed and placed in Fort Warren, in Boston.

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☞ Samuel A. Purviance, formerly Attorney General of Pennsylvania, has been appointed Consul General at Calcutta.

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☞ San Francisco and New York were connected by Telegraph, on the 25th October. Great rejoicing was had upon the completion of the line.

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☞ The morning train moving South on the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Rail Road, now passes Bloomsburg at 10 o'clock and 07 minutes. Passengers take notice.

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☞ The following extract from the Louisville *Democrat*, a Douglas paper in the late election, and which has manfully grappled with Secession from the beginning, will give our readers an idea of the effect produced by the abolition emancipation organs of the North :—

"We think it high time the New York *Tribune* was prohibited all circulation in the mails. It is a disunion sheet and contributes more to keep up the rebellion than half a dozen armies. The editor insists that slavery must die if this war continues. Now everybody knows that slavery can't be suppressed until all regard for the Federal Constitution perishes; and the doctrine is, that if the war continues, the Constitution and all its guaranties must be prostrated. Then what are the people of the North fighting for? If slavery can be abolished by this war, any other right of the States reserved can be alike sacrificed, and we have no law but the arbitrary will of a military despot to depend on. It is strange that a letter from Louisville to the New York *Times*, written by some Abolitionist, has started the editor of the *Tribune* afresh. This writer ought to be sent to Fort Lafayette. Such outgivings would disband the Union armies if it was believed for a moment that the Administration did not spurn such suggestions.

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COL. W. W. RICKETTS.—This gallant commander of the Sixth Pennsylvania Reserve Regiment spent the yesterday in our city, on his return to his regiment, now on the other side of the Potomac. He has been down with a complication of disorder for nearly two month, at home in Orangeville, Columbia county, and although now sadly crippled with the rheumatism, still weak from typhoid fever, and with weak lungs, the prospect of a brush with the enemy hastens him on to join his regiment.

No regiment in the service has been so peculiarly unfortunate as the Sixth. At Washington, on its arrival, it was regarded as one of finest regiments sent from Pennsylvania, and had the highest encomiums passed upon it by Gens. McClellan and McCall. Shortly after they encamped, the Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel and Major, as well as a majority of the company officers, and upwards of a hundred privates were taken sick. The deaths were not very numerous, but the progress of the regimemt in attaining efficiency was sadly interfered with, at a time, too, when it had the most brilliant prospect ahead. It is this that disheartens Col. Ricketts; but, should he recover, he will soon bring his regiment from the background, and if engaged with the enemy, our words for it, it will be heard from.—*Patriot & Union.*

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☞ The Rev. William Bacon Stevens, D. D., rector of St. Andrew's Church, Philadelphia, was on Thursday of week before last, elected Assistant Bishop of the Diocese of Pennsylvania, by the Protestant Episcopal Convention, in special session at Philadelphia. The choice was not made until thirteen ballots had been taken by the Clergy. On the thirteenth ballot, 149 votes were cast, of which Dr. Stevens received 85, Dr. Leeds 50, Dr. Butler 8, Dr. Morton 1, Dr. Goodwin 1, Dr. Tyng 1; and there were 3 blank votes. The vote of the lay delegates, on ratifying the election by the Clergy, stood 84 for to 37 against. The principal candidates in opposition to Dr. Stevens, on the several ballots, were Dr. May, late of the Alexandria Theological Seminary, Drs. Morton, Howe, and Leeds, of Philadelphia, and Dr. A. Cleveland Coxe, of Baltimore.—The Bishop elect ranks as a moderate Churchman. He is a learned theologian, and an eloquent pulpit orator. His consecration to the Episcopal office will probably not take place for some weeks.

Dr. Stevens is about fifty years of age. He was born in Massachusetts, and was educated a physician. When quite young he went to the East Indies and China, and practised medicine in the latter country, for a time being associated with the well-known Dr. Gutzlaff. He visited the Sandwich Islands and other strange countries, and returning to the United States, settled in Athens, Georgia, intending to practice medicine. But he soon turned his attention to theology, and after the requisite preparation, became a Minister in the Episcopal Church. He was chosen Professor of Belles Letters in the University of Georgia, and was appointed by the Legislature to write a History of the State. The second volume of this work which is well written and extremely valuable, only appeared within the last two years. While in Georgia, Dr. Stevens married Miss Coppee, of that State, a sister of Professor Coppee, of the University of Pennsylvania. About the year 1845, he received and accepted a call from St. Andrew's Church, succeeding the Rev. T. M. Clark, now Bishop of Rhode Island.—He has continued there ever since. A few years ago he travelled in Europe and the Holy Land, and on his return wrote an interesting work, and also delivered lectures on the scenes he visited that were memorable in Scripture history. He has written several works of a religious character, among which is one entitled "The Bow in the Cloud," which is probably the most generally known. Some time since he had a call to a church in Savanna, which he declined. More recently he was selected to be Professor of Elocution in a new theological Seminary, organized in Philadelphia, to take the place of the one near Alexandria which has been closed by the war. He is a polished writer, a good speaker, and will fill the office of Bishop with ability and dignity.

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CAMP JACKSON near Williamsport, Md.,
October 27th, 1861.

My Dear Sir :—

Since my last letter many important changes have been made in the position of the forces stationed on the Upper Potomac. Our position is about the same, as with our present forces it would be dangerous to advance into the neck of land opposite us. If our troops occupy Leesburg we will be likely to advance, and take a clean sweep down to the front of our army. Unless the enemy send a large force here, they can't maintain their ground as there is danger of their being surrounded.

The cold frosty nights remind us "dwellers in tents" that winter is coming on apace. When I left home the earth was covered with the verdure of spring; now it has the somber hue of autumn. Many who then left their homes in expectation of having a nice time for a few months, now realize the hardships of war. Many, too, have gone to their last homes, and many more are going daily.

The cold weather reminded *us* that wood was necessary, and we were told that wood could be had *cheap* in Virginia. Acting on this information some 400 cavalry, 500 infantry and one piece of artillery were detailed to go and get it. None of the commanding officers said anything about it, until about one o'clock Thursday morning, the "long roll" was beat, putting every man in camp in action. In short order all were at the ford. A ferry boat carried one company of infantry over at a time. A Parrott rifled gun was put in a commanding position so as to cover the retreat of the men, if necessary. The cavalry used the ford. In order to become acquainted with the ford, I crossed the river four times. One poor fellow got below it, when his horse stumbled pitching him head first into the stream. He cried out lustily for help but no one seemed disposed to rescue him, until he reached a place where he could stand when a lariat rope was thrown to him, and he was towed into shore. One of the officers desired me to pilot him across which I did. When near the Virginia side and in four feet water, his horse treated him to a wet bath. His large military boots were filled with water, and on reaching the shore he pulled them off to empty them. While standing there his horse started and run after the cavalry leaving his owner sweating and swearing at tight boots.

All had crossed over by 3 o'clock, and then the wagons commenced crossing.—The cavalry took the lead. They proceeded about six miles into the interior, when the command "*Halt*" was given by some unknown person ahead, and the challenge "Who comes there." The column halted and formed six abreast when the "*Charge*" was sounded. The rebel pickets, for such they proved to be, turned and ran in the direction of Martinsburg pursued by our cavalry. The race was an exciting one though nothing was heard but the rapid *click-a-click* of the horses hoofs upon the hard pike. Soon, however, the forms of several men became visible and then the officers in front commenced firing random shots from their revolvers at the retreating forms. One lagged behind. Captain —— rode up and shot him, the ball taking effect in the thigh making but a flesh wound. Instead of continuing the pursuit as they should have done, the cavalry were halted to introduce Mr. *Secesh* to his new acquaintances. They could not gain the ground there lost, before reaching Martinsburg. When near that place they halted on hearing the approach of cavalry from an opposite direction. But one man was seen in the darkness, and he was riding along leisurely. One of our officers said he would meet him alone and rode forward with his six shooting carbine. On coming within two rods of the stranger he saw himself covered with a pistol. He halted and aimed his carbine. An awkward silence of several moments was observed, when finally the stranger challenged "Who is there?" "A friend" was the answer. "To what Regiment do you belong?"—"First Virginia" was the answer; such, in fact, being the case. "Are you in the service of the United or Confederate States?" was next asked. "United States" responded young ——; "where do you belong?" "I am *secesh*" answered the stranger. For a moment the U. S officer was *non-plussed*, but finally asked his opponent "What shall we do; shall we have a shot?" "Don't care if we do" answered the imperturable *secesh*. Another moment's silence. At last the proposition was made and agreed to, that each should return, and join his corps. The gray light of morning showed a number of rebel cavalry on an opposite hill, but we dared not attack them as we had no infantry to assist us, while theirs had the advantages of woods and stone fences. Besides the occupation of Martinsburg would be of no imporeance to us at present.

About 40 cords of wood were obtained. Cap. Matthews also found one of the shell I fired at a grain stack a few weeks ago. It had passed directly through it, and the cap had exploded; but the powder was too damp to ignite. By Friday noon all were in camp again, eager for a fray in which some fighting could be done.

Yours truly,
ARTILLERIST.

RECEIPS FOR OCTOBER TO THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

The following are the receipts to the office of the COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, during the month of October, 1861 :

S. A. Wilson,	$21 50	Richard Plumer,	1 00
Dr. J. C. Ayer,	10 00	Joseph Hartzell,	4 37
E. d. Snider,	6 00	Jacob Shugars, Esq.,	7 00
George P. Miller,	1 50	Benj. Miller,	1 62
Samuel Grugler,	75	William Creasy,	3 50
Isaac Wagner, Jr.	2 00	Hon. S. Baldy,	5 00
J. A. Swisher,	1 00	Joseph Maritz,	5 00
John Kresler,	1 00	Noah Critz,	3 50
Jacob Troup,	1 12	Daniel Lee, Esq.,	1 50
Est. of Ezekiel Cole,	2 00	Henry Hess, (Centre)	1 00
Alinas Cole, Esq,	36	Montgomery Kline,	2 00
Aaron Andrews,	3 50	James L. Sherman, Esq	2 00
Philip S. Moyer,	21 00	Peter Jones,	1 50
Jacob Dieffenbach,	2 22	Hugh McCollum,	3 00
Daniel Steele,	75	Est. of Thos Conner,	1 00
Samuel Hagenbuch,	1 75	Parvin Swigner,	1 50
Est. of Peter Mowrer,	7 00	Wm. Wintersteen,	1 50
Henry C. Spaulding,	6 00	Lewis Schuyler, Esq.,	2 50
Col. Co. Agr. Society,	1 00	Thos. E. Eves,	3 00
F. C. Harrison, M. D.	5 00	Rohr Robbins,	1 50
O. B. Eyerly,	3 45	James S. McNinch,	12 00
Lawrence M. Hartman,	1 75	C. W. McKelvy & Co.,	7 00
John Kerns, Sr.,	10 00	Samuel Fisher,	3 50
Mrs. R. Hagenbuch,	1 00	Peter Schug,	1 75
[illegible]	1 [illegible]	J. Smith, M. D.,	5 00
W. G. Quick, Esq,	1 75	John J. Hagenbuch,	6 00
[illegible]	1 50	David Lee,	2 00

Special Notices.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.—The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address,
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh,
Kings County, New York

Nov. 2, 1861.—3m*.

MILITARY UNIFORMS.—There is, perhaps, no department of military business to which there has been a more marked improvement than in the clothing of soldiers. Not many years since officers and privates were clad in garments which were almost skin-tight. They wore leather stocks, which were worthy of the name, for they kept the wearer in tribulation; while their padded breasts and tight sleeves made volition a matter of great difficulty. During the present war, such of our volunteers as procure their uniforms at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above Sixth Philadelphia, obtain clothing that is perfectly easy, substantial and becoming. The first named have gone largely into the business of making Military Clothing, and their facilities enable them to fill the largest order in the shortest possible time.

Sept. 21, 1861.

$25!] EMPLOYMENT! [$75!
AGENTS WANTED!

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address ERIE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio.

Aug. 11, 1861. 12o.

The White Hall Clothing Store

The undersigned, having purchased the well-known "White Hall Clothing Emporium," situate on the South West Corner of Fourth and Market Streets, Philadelphia respectfully informs the public and former customers of the House, that he keeps constantly for sale and makes up to order, all description of Gentlemen's wear, of approved material and sells at very moderate prices. Being a PRACTICAL TAILOR, he guarantees good fits and well-made Garments. Strict attention given to jobbing generally.

A continuation of the custom of the house, which he will spare no pains to merit, is very respectfully invited.

P. S. LEVICK.

May 1, 1861.—y

Uniformity of Prices! A New Feature in Business. Every one his own Salesman! JONES & CO. of the Crescent One Price Clothing Store, No. 200 Market Street, above Sixth, Philadelphia.

In addition to having the largest, most varied and fashionable stock of Clothing in Philadelphia, made expressly for retail sales, have constituted every one his own salesman, by having marked in figures, on each article at the very lowest price it can be sold for, so they cannot possibly vary—all must buy alike.

The goods are well sponged and prepared, and great pains taken with the making so that all can buy with the full assurance of getting a good article at the very lowest price. Also, a large stock of piece goods on hand of the latest style and best qualities, which will be made to order, in the most fashionable and best manner, 25 per cent. below credit prices.

Remember the Crescent, in Market, above Sixth Street No. 200. JONES & CO.

☞ THOMAS W. MATTSON, Received the Prize Medal at the World's Fair in London 1851, for TRUNKS CARPET BAGS, Boots, shoes and Guns. Great inducements are now offered to purchasers of the above articles. This is much the largest stock of trunks, Carpet Bags, Valices, &c., in Philadelphia very cheap for cash No. 402 Market Street, one door above 4th, South side

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

Dr. Duponco's Golden Pills for Females.

Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and always successful as a preventive.

The Combination of ingredients in Dr. Duponco's Golden Pills are perfectly harmless. They have been used in the private practice of old Dr. Duponco for over thirty years, and thousands of ladies can testify to their great and never failing success in almost every case, in correcting irregularities, relieving painful and distressing menstruation, particularly at the change of life. From five to ten pills will cure that common yet dreadful complaint, the Whites. Nearly every female in the land suffers from this complaint. The above pill has permanently cured thousands, and will cure you if you use them. They cannot harm you, on the contrary they remove all obstructions, restore nature to its proper channel, and invigorate the whole system. Ladies whose health will not permit an increase of Family, will find these pills a successful preventive.

These Pills should not be taken during the first three months of pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on miscarriage; but at any other time they are safe.

Price, $1 per box. Sold, wholesale and retail, by
G. M. HAGENBUCH, Druggist.
Sole agent for Bloomsburg, Pa.

To whom all orders must be sent. Ladies! by sending Him $1.00 to the Bloomsburg Post Office, can have these pills sent to any part of the country, (confidentially) and "free of Postage" by mail. Sold also by N. L. Rank & Co. Danville, E. J. Fry, Tamaqua, J. A. Polk, Mauch Chunk, and by one Druggist in every Town and city in the United States.

N. B. Look out for counterfeits. Buy no Golden Pills of and kind, unless every box is signed S. D. Howe. All others are a base imposition and unsafe, therefore, as you value your lives and health, (to say nothing of being humbugged out of your money,) buy only of those who show the signature of S. D. Howe on every box, which has recently been added, on account of a recent counterfeit of the Pills.

S. D. HOWE.
Sole Proprietor, New York.

Dec 22, 1860—1y

December Court.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WARREN J. WOODWARD, President of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court, in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming, and the Hon. JACOB EVANS and STEPHEN BALDY, Associate Judges of Columbia county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 7th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty, one and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery, General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Common Pleas and Orphan's Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, (being the 2d day) of December, next, and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace and Constables of the said county of Columbia that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions and other remembrance to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the Jail of said county of Columbia to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 3d day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and in the eighty sixth year of the Independence of the United States of America. (God save the Commonwealth.)

November 2, 1861. JOHN SNYDER, *Sheriff.*

LIST OF CAUSES,

FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1861.

1. Cyrus Barton vs. Hiram O. Fowler, et. al. feigned issue.
2. Townsend W. Kahler vs. Daniel Neyhard.
3. Andrew Creveling vs. Andrew Mellick, Sr., et. al.
4. Philip Wintersteen vs. Valentine Wintersteen.
5. Philip Miller, admr. of Isaiah Shuman, vs. Jacob L. Shuman.
6. Joseph Lockard vs. James Pennington.
7. Ezekiel Shultz, vs. James Pennington, et. al.
8. James Shields, et. al. vs. Isaiah Shuman's adm'r.
9. Richard S. Monagh vs. John Gigger.
10. Hugh Thompson et. al. Augustus B. Pearce et. al.
11. Daniel F. Seybert vs. A. B. Pearce, et. al.
12. Henry Wells vs. George Kinley
13. Wilson Ager vs. Joseph Patton.
14. Michael S. Brown, et. al. vs. James J. Dull, et. al.
15. Clinton D. Herring, et al. vs. Daniel F. Seybert.
16. Michael Fogle, vs. Peter Campbell.
17. Thomas C. Robison, vs. William Fausey.
18. Thomas C. Robison, vs. William Fausey.
19. Thomas C. Robison, vs. Wm. Fausey.
20. Peter M. Traugh vs. Aaron Clayton.
21. Samuel Whitaker vs. Margaret Smith.
22. Nathan Tayler, et. al. vs. James Lake.
23. Frederick Oily, vs. Leonard Adams.
24. Charles Tomlinson, vs. Franklin Stewart, et. al.

GRAND JURORS,

FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1861.

Bloom—Philip Eyer, S. Austen Ritter.
Beaver—William Schell.
Cattawissa—Jacob Gensel.
Centre—George Frens, William Hoffman.
Franklin—Jesse Cleaver, Clinton Mendenhall
Fishingcreek—Henry Bittenbender.
Greenwood—William Mather.
Hemlock—John McReynolds.
Jackson—Iram Derr.
Locust—William Yeager.
Madison—Samuel Brugler.
Maine—John Grover.
Mifflin—John Hettler, Jacob Hartzell
Orange—Phineas Frewer.
Pine—William Karshner.
Scott—John Kressler, Daniel Everhart, William White.
Sugarloaf—Samuel Kitchen, John, Lewis.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1861.

Bloom—Joshua Fetterman.
Beaver—Daniel G. Gearhart, Franklin L. Shuman.
Bor. Berwick—John McAnall, David Baucher.
Briarcreek—Jacob Bower, Francis Evans.
Benton—Elias McHenry.
Cattawissa—William John, William Creasy.
Centre—Samuel Creveling.
Fishingcreek—John Boston, John Hess, John Andrews, George W. Howell, John Drosher.
Franklin—Daniel Zarr.
Greenwood—Isaac D. Patton, John F. Moore.
Locust—Lewis Lee, William Thomas, Mathias Persing.
Madison—Silas Barber, Jacob Manning, Wm. Kitchen.
Montour—John Dieterick, Washington Bittenbender.
Mifflin—Thomas Hicks.
Mt. Pleasant—Joseph R. Vanderslice.
Orange—David Achenbach.
Pine—Thomas Harlin, Jacob Christian, Hiram Shultz.
Roaringcreek—Daniel Levan.
Scott—George Mack.
Sugarloaf—Jacob H. Fritz.

REVERE HOUSE,

(LATE EAGLE HOTEL.)

THIRD STREET ABOVE RACE,
PHILADELPHIA.

RHOADS, & SAILOR, Proprietors.

FILGEMAN V. RHOADS, formerly of the National Hotel
CHARLES SAILOR, formerly of Schuylkill Co. Pa.
March 2, 1861.—12m

S. MORGAN BROWN'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BEDDING AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE,

No. 35 North Second Street, Opposite Christ Church.

PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Constantly on hand, a large assortment of Beds, Mattresses, Pallasses, Cushions, Hair, Husk, Cattail, and all articles in the line at the Lowest Prices.

N. B. Particular attention paid to renovating New an Old Feathers.

March 2, 1861—12m.

THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

NEW VOLUME.

On the seventh of September, 1861, THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE commenced the twenty-first year of its existence; THE DAILY TRIBUNE being some months older and THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE somewhat younger. For more than twenty years, this journal has labored in what its conductors have felt to be the cause of Humanity, Justice and Freedom, endeavoring to meliorate the condition of the oppressed and unfortunate, to honor and encourage useful exertion, in whatever sphere, and, to promote by all means the moral, intellectual and material advancement of our country. It has aimed to be right rather than popular, and to expose and commend to any the truth that others may not be willing to accept till to-morrow. In pursuing this course, mistakes have doubtless been made and faults committed; but, having in all things incited our readers to think and judge for themselves rather than adopt blindly our own or others' conclusions, we believe we may fairly claim for this journal the credit of having qualified its readers to detect and expose even its own errors. To develop the minds of the young by the most general, thorough and practical Education, and to encourage and stimulate Productive Industry, through free grants of Public Lands to actual settlers and cultivators, as also through the protection of important or peculiarly exposed branches from foreign competition, are among the aims to which this journal [illegible] and [illegible] which it stands [illegible] Aa tient patriotism [illegible]

[illegible] now devastating our country, we [illegible] to find a [illegible] wanton, [illegible] than was ever before known [illegible] the [illegible] against [illegible] many [illegible] to raise higher the wall of caste and [illegible] station. Having done all we could without a surrender of vital principle to avoid this War, and witnessed the forbearance, meekness, and long-suffering which the Federal Government sought to avert its horrors, we hold it our clear duty, with that of every other citizen, to stand by the nation and its fairly chosen rulers, and to second with all our energies their efforts to uphold the Union, the Constitution, and the supremacy of the Laws. And, though the Rebellion has become, through usurpation, deception, terrorism, and spoliation, fearfully strong, we believe the American Republic far stronger, and that the unanimous, earnest efforts of loyal hearts and hands will insure its overthrow. But on all questions affecting the objects, the scope, and duration of this most extraordinary contest, we defer to those whom the American people have clothed with authority, holding unity of purpose and of action indispensable to surgreave and emergency.

In a crisis like the present, our columns must be largely engrossed with the current history of the War for the Union, and with elucidations of its more striking incidents. We shall not however, remit that attention to Literature, to Foreign Affairs, to Agricultural Progress, to Crops Markets, &c., &c., which has already won for THE TRIBUNE an honorable position among its contemporaries. Our main object is and shall be to produce a comprehensive newspaper from which a careful reader may glean a vivid and faithful history of the times, not merely in the domain of Action but in that of Opinion also. As our facilities for acquiring information increase with years, perceptible, and that, in the variety and fulness of intelligence afforded, we may still hope to "make each day a critic on the last." In this hope, we solicit a continuance of the generous measure of patronage hitherto accorded to our journal.

TERMS.

DAILY TRIBUNE (311 issues per annum) $6
SEMI-WEEKLY (104 issues per annum) $3
WEEKLY (52 issues per annum) $2

TO CLUBS—*Semi-Weekly*.—Two copies for $5; five for $11 25; ten copies to *one address* for $20; and any larger number at the latter rate. For a club of twenty, an extra copy will be sent. For a club of forty we send the DAILY TRIBUNE gratis one year.

Weekly.—Three copies for $5; eight copies for $10, and any larger number at the rate of $1 20 each per annum, the paper to be addressed to each subscriber. To clubs of Twenty, we send and extra copy.

Twenty copies to one address for $20, with one extra to him who sends us the club. For each club of One Hundred, THE DAILY TRIBUNE will be sent gratis for one year.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit Bank Bills. The name of the Post-office and State should in all cases be plainly written.

Payment always in advance.

Address THE TRIBUNE, No. 154 Nassau-st., New York.

E. H. LITTLE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Office in Court Ally, formerly occupied by Charles R. Buckalew.

Bloomsburg, Dec. 4, 1859.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Jane Gingles, deceased

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of JANE GINGLES late of Madison township, Columbia county deceased, have been granted by the Register of Columbia county, to the undersigned, residing in said township. All persons having claims against the Estate of the decedent, are requested to present them to the Administrator, without delay, and all persons indebted to make payment forthwith.

JOHN SMITH.
Adm'r.

Oct. 26, 1861—6t.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of Benjamin Hayman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, to creditors and all others interested, that upon petition of Solomon Neyhard, administrators of Benjamin Hayman deceased; a rule has been granted by the court, to shew cause by the first day of the December Term, why the report of the auditor distributing said Estate, shall not be recommitted; and a re-distribution made, of the funds in the hands of the said Administrator.

JACOB EYERLY.
Clerk

October 12, 1861—6w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Linden deceased.

THE undersigned appointed an auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, on exceptions filed to the account of the Executors of the estate of John Linden, late of said county, deceased, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, for the purpose of performing the duties of his appointment, on Thursday, the 7th day of November, A. D. 1861. When and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
Auditor.

Bloomsburg, Sept. 28, 1861—ta

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Henry Smith, deceased.

THE undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, an auditor to distribute the assets in the hands of John Smith, administrator of the estate of Henry Smith, late of Madison township, in said county, dec'd to and among the creditors of said estate, according to the rates and in the proportions directed by law, will attend at his office, in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, the 6th day of November, A. D. 1861, to perform the duties of his appointment. And all persons having claims against said estate are required to present them to the said auditor at that time, or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said assets.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
Auditor.

Bloomsburg, Sept. 28, 1861—ta.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Thomas Conner, deceased.

THE undersigned, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia county, an auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of John Conner, Trustee &c., of Thomas Conner, late of Greenwood township, in said County, deceased, to and among the heirs and legal representatives of said decedent according to law: will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, to perform the duties of his appointment, on Friday the 8th day of November A. D. 1861.—And all persons having any claim on the said funds are requested to make known the same to the Auditor on said day, or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of the said fund.

ROBERT F. CLARK.
Auditor.

Bloomsburg, Oct. 5, 1861—4t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Abner Derk, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Abner Derk, late of Pine township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county, to the undersigned, who resides in said township, Columbia county. All persons having having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make payment without delay.

GOTLEIB WAGNER
Adm'r.

Sept. 28, 1861—6t*.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Benjamin Peterman, Sr., dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Benj. Peterman, Sr. late of Sugarloaf township, Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned, who resides in said township, Columbia county. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make payment without delay.

HENRY C. HESS,
Adm'r.

Sept. 28, 1861—6t*.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Philip Fritz, deceased.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of PHILIP FRITZ late of Sugarloaf township, in Columbia county, deceased have been granted by the Register of Columbia county to the undersigned; all persons having claims against the Estate of the decedent, are requested to present them to the Executors, at their residence, in said Sugarloaf township, without delay and all persons indebted to make payment forthwith.

JOHN FRITZ,
ABIJAH FRITZ. } Executors.

June 8, 1861.—6t.

ADMINISTATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John C. Kinney, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of JOHN C. KINNEY, late of Madison township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county, to the undersigned, who resides in said township, Columbia county. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make payment without delay.

WM SHULTZ
I. TITTMAN.
Adm'rs.

August 31, 1861.—6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of George Hartman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of George Hartman, late of Benton twp. Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said County to George M. Hartman, who resides in the same township. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make payment without delay.

GEORGE M. HARTMAN,
Adm'r.

Oct. 12, 1861—6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Jacob Hagenbuch, late of Centre twp., dec'd.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of Jacob Hagenbuch, late of Centre township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of Columbia county to the undersigned, residing in the township and county aforesaid. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make payment immediately to

JEREMIAH HAGENBUCH.
Executor.

Centre twp., June 15, 1861.

PUBLIC NOTICE

THE following property, viz: One Cooking Stove & pipe, one dining table, one Kitchen Cupboard, one large Rocking Chair, eight Chairs five pieces of Carpet, one Kitchen table, one Clock, three Beds and three Bedsteads, one Stand one Rocking Cradle, levied on and sold as the property of James Henwood by G. R. Goff constable, on [illegible] Sept. [illegible], was purchased by me, and loaned the same day to the said James Henwood during my pleasure, of which the public will take notice.

EDWARD RAWLINGS.

$1 REWARD!

A reward of one dollar will be paid for the return of a Revolver, which was lost this week in the road between Bloomsburg and Light Street. It can be left in care of W. Wirt, Esq., in Bloomsburg, or at the office of the Columbia Democrat.

E. B SNIDER.

Phelpsville, Oct. 5, 1861.—*

DISSOLUTION

NOTICE is hereby given, that the partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of CRITZ & SNYDER, in the Milling Business, in the Locust Valley Mills, in Locust township, Columbia county, was dissolved, on the 11th of October, 1861, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm are requested to make settlement with Amos Snyder, residing at the Mill, by whom all debts of the late firm will be settled. The Notes, Book accounts, &c., are in the hands of said Snyder, for early payment.

NOAH RITZ
AMOS SNYDER.

October 19, 1861.—2m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

A large new COOKING STOVE, has been trespassing on the premises of the undersigned, in Centre township for several years past, and as it is likely to remain unclaimed, the owner or owners of said Stray Stove, are requested to pay charges, and take it away or it will be disposed of as the Act of Assembly provides in all such cases.

H. A. SWEPPENHISER.

Centre twp. Oct. 19, 1861—3t.

STRAY CALF.

CAME into the enclosure of the subscriber, near Rohrsburg, some time last May, a yearling Steer. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away, or it will be disposed of as the law directs.

JAMES GIBSON.

October 12, 1861.—3t.

CHEAP MILITARY CAPS!

MILITARY CAPS, of every sort, size and quality, for sale cheap at the Bloomsburg Hat & Cap Emporium. Also Groceries, Confectionaries, Cigars, &c.

JOHN K. GIRTON.

Bloomsburg, Sept. 14, 1861.

PROTECTION FROM LIGHTNING.

THE subscriber would inform his friends, that he is now prepared to put up, on short notice, and in a scientific manner, the best

PLATINA POINTED LIGHTNING RODS,

at 12½ cents per foot. All work warranted.

E. B. BIDLEMAN

Bloomsburg, May 24, 1860.

FANCY FURS FANCY FURS

John Fareira.

718 ARCH Street, between 7th, and 8th. Streets.

(*Late of 818 Market Street Philadelphia.*)

IMPORTER & MANUFACTURER OF, and DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF FANCY FURS, *For Ladies Misses and Children's wear.*

Having now manufactured and in store my usual large and beautiful assortment of all the various styles and qualities of Furs, adapted to the coming Fall and Winter seasons, I would respectfully invite an examination of my stock and prices from those intending to purchase, as I am enabled to offer them very desirable inducements.

All my Furs have been purchased for cash, and made by experienced and competent hands, and as the present monetary troubles render it necessary that I should dispose of my goods at very small advance on cost.

I am satisfied that it will be to the interests of those how design purchasing, to give me a call.

☞ Recollect, the name, number and street: John Fareira, (New Fur Store,) 718 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

September 7, 1861.—5m.

WANTED AT THIS OFFICE.

Beef, Pork, Poultry, Honey, Grain Produce, Cider Pumpkins, Potatoes, Corn, Oats, Hay and Crynstalks.

Bloomsburg, Oct. 26, 1861.

NEW BUSINESS FIRM

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have entered into co-partnership, under the name, style and firm of MILLER & EYER in the

Mercantile Business,

In the "Old Arcade," in Bloomsburg, Columbia co., where they intend carrying on the business of GENERAL MERCHANDIZING, in all its diversified branches and departments, and to which they invite an extension of the public patronage.

S. H. MILLER,
FRED'K C. EYER.

Bloomsburg, May 11, 1861.—tf.

CIGARS & TOBACCO.

A large assortment of choice Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Fruits, Confectionery and Notions generally, together with a full stock of HATS and CAPS, constantly on hand and for sale cheap, at the "Bloomsburg Hat & Cap Emporium."

JOHN K. GIRTON,

Bloomsburg, March 16, 1861.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are forbid Buying the United States Roller Wash Machine, A. Huffers Patent, excepting from authorized agents with power of attorney as we are determined to enforce the law in all such cases.

A. HUFFER Patentee
THOS. W. EDGAR.

Espy, Aug. 17, 1861.—3m.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL
Broadway, New York.

BOARD REDUCED TO $2 PER DAY.

Since the opening of this vast and commodious Hotel, in 1854, it has been the single endeavor of the proprietors to make it the most sumptuous, convenient and comfortable home for the citizen and stranger on this side the Atlantic.

And whatever has seemed likely to administer to the comfort of its guests they have endeavored, without regard to cost, to provide, and to combine all the elements of individual and social enjoyment which modern art has invented, and modern taste approved; and the patronage which it has commanded during the past six years is a gratifying proof that their efforts have been appreciated.

To meet the exigencies of the times, when all are required to practice the most rigid economy, the undersigned

Have Reduced the Price of Board to
Two Dollars per Day,

at the same time abating none of the luxuries with which their table has hitherto been supplied.

TREADWELL, WHITCOMB & CO.

Sept. 14, 1861.—3m.

DR. SILKWORTH,

THE ANALYTICAL PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

IS daily astonishing his patients by the cure of long standing diseases. HIS REMEDIES ARE PURELY VEGETABLE. He will be in this place the same days of each month as stated below, when he can be consulted for all diseases flesh is heir to. ☞ CONSULTATION FREE.

Jerseyshore, the 12 and 13th of each month.
Whites Hotel, Lock Haven, the 14th and 15th of each month.
Bloomsburg, 30th and 1st. Danville 2d and 3d. Northumberland 10th. Milton, 6, and 7.

June 8, 1861—1m.

JOSEPH GREEN, SON & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES, &c.

Together with a complete variety of ☞ CABINET WARE, at the lowest Cash prices.

NO. 45 NORTH SECOND STREET,

JOSEPH GREEN,
BENJ. GREEN,
E. JONES LESTER } PHILADELPHIA.

March 2, 1861—3m.

WANTED, FOUR TEACHERS.

THE Conyngham School District wanted 4 good English School Teachers, for 5 months. sallary $25 per month. Applicants please to appear at the day when the County Superintendent will make the Examination. Lhcust Dale, October 5, 1861.

F. R. WOHLFARTH, Committee.

Ashland, Oct. 12, 1861.—3t.

HOUSE FOR SALE.

A moveable FRAME HOUSE, will be sold cheap, on application to the undersigned.

LEVI L. TATE.

Bloomsburg, July 13, 1861.

JOLINE & LEE.

No. 46, NORTH WHARVES.
Philadelphia.

ROPE MAKERS

AND

SHIP CHANDLERS,

Spun Cotton for Caulking, Ropes, Twines, Tar, Pitch, Oakum, Blocks, and Oars, &c.

August 4, 1860 12m.

THE WINE STORE,

OF

JOHN H. SWABY,

341 WALNUT STREET,
(below Fourth St.)
PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

August 4, 1860—12m.

PUMP MAKING.

THE undersigned inform the public generally that they have formed a co-partnership, and will continue the business of Pump making and repairing, in all their various departments, in Bloomsburg, where they will promptly attend to all orders in their line of business, whether in town or country.

Well and Cistern Pumps, with leaden Pipe, made in the best style of workmanship, on moderate terms, and on very short notice.

From their long experience in the business, and an earnest desire to have their work commend itself to the public they feels confident they can make it an object to those who may give them their custom and render general satisfaction.

JOHN CRUTCHLEY.
JOHN CULP.

Bloomsburg, April 13, 1861. 3m

EVANS.—10,000.—PRINTER, Cards per Hour! OFFICE of the FAST CARD PRESS. MEDALS AWARDED. The Premium was awarded by the whole Philadelphia Press, at the late Franklin Institute Exhibition. This Press Prints, Cuts and Counts Ten Thousand Cards per Hour, in the very best style—and Prices greatly reduced. Cor. Library, FOURTH ST. below Chestnut.

August 17, 1861.

Look to your Interests!

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
AT

MILLER & EYER'S.

THE subscribers have just returned from the City With another large and select assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods,

purchased at Philadelphia, at the lowest figure, and which they are determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured elsewhere in Bloomsburg. Their stock comprises

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
of choicest styles and latest fashion.
DRY GOODS, AND GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, QUEENS-WARE,
CEDAR WARE, HOLLOW WARE
IRON, NAILS, BOOTS & SHOES
HATS & CAPS, &c., &c., &c.

In short everything usually kept in country Stores; to which they invite the public generally.

The Highest price paid for country produce.

MILLER & EYER.

Bloomsburg, May 11, 1861.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special endowment, for the relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs. Dispensary free to patients in all parts of the United States. VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhoea, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable. Address DR. J SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia Pa

March 2, 1861—12m.

TELEGRAPHIC

DETROIT MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

DETROIT, Nov. 6.—At the municipal election yesterday, Wm C. Duncan, a Union Democrat, was elected Mayor.

THE NEW YORK ELECTION.

The following candidates are reported to have been elected in New York city on Tuesday :—

SENATORS—Three Democrats, one Independent.

ASSEMBLYMEN—Thirteen Democrats, four Repub.icans.

SHERIFF—James Lynch, Democrat.

THE NEW JERSEY ELECTION.

THE LEGISLATURE DEMOCRATIC.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 6—The State of New Jeysey has gone as follows:—

Morris County—750 Democaatic majority.

Hunterdon County—900 Democratic majority.

Bergen County is Democratic.

Middlesex County—600 Democratic majority.

Essex County—1400 Democratic majority.

Passaic County—600 Republican majority.

Union County—a small Republican mrjority.

The latest returns show that the Democrats have gained six members of the Legislature in West Jersey, making the Legislature entirely Democratic.

The State has gone Democratic The returns are not all in, but sufficent have been received to make it certain that the Democrats will have a majority in both branches of the Legislature. The House is composed of sixty members, and the Senate twenty one. The footings up at this time are as follows:—

	Dem.	Rep.	Union.
Senate......	11	10	
House......	36	23	1

War News.

Affairs in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.

Yesterday a report was put in circulation to the effect that Gen. Fremont was organizing a rebellion in the West, and strange to say not a few yielded it full credence

Affairs across the river are unchanged. Gen. Heintzleman's pickets continue to advance down the Virginia shore, and have crossed to Occoquan.

THE ARMY ELECTION FRAUDS.

Indignant at the Iniquity.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.

The desperate attempt at fraud in the army vote, by the managers of the People's Party in Philadelphia, has caused much indignation here, and is unequivocally condemned by high government officials, who are astonished at the quiet acquiescence of the Administration journals in Philadelphia, in a wrong so gross and flagrant.

It is held to be damaging to the Administration, and calculated to injure the party both in Philadelphia, and throughout the State. Col. Schimmelpfennig, has addressed a strong and indignant letter to Gov. Curtin on the subject.

He is justly indignant that he should be implicated in a fraud so villanous. He goes to Philadelphia to-night.

The New Army Programme.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.

The retirement of Gen. Scott from the chief command of the army has caused much regret.

The old Chief left here this morning, at 5 o'clock, accompanied by his staff and the Secretaries of War and Treasury, and Adjutant General Thomas, taking a special train to Harrisburg, where he will rest and receive the hospitalities of Secretary Cameron. From there he will go to Elizabethport, and thence to New York by the evening boat.

A dinner, celebrating Gen. McClellan's assumption of the command, was given him last night by the Secretary of State, at which all the members of the Cabinet were present. During the evening Gen. McClellan was absorbed in his new duties, the President being with him for several hours.

The question of Gen. McClellan's successor, in the command of the army of the Potomac, is already under discussion.—Gen. Halleck, now on his way here from California, is most talked of.

J. P. HUBER,

(Successor to J. S. SPRYER.)

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

No. 6 North Fifth St., above Market,
PHILADELPHIA.

Also, Manufacturer and Importer of

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC SEGARS.

May 19, 1860—12m.

FRUIT TREES FOR SALE.

The subscriber has now on hand at his Nursery, in Rush township, Northumberland county, near Danville, a large assortment, of thrifty grafted and budded FRUIT TREES of every description, such as

APPLE, PEACH
PEAR, APRICOT,
PLUM, CHERRY.

GRAPE VINES of the choicest kind, Catawba, and Isabella, all of which we will sell at reasonable prices.—Persons wishing to set out orchards, will do well to call on the subscriber at the Nursery, or at his residence in Danville.

JOHN BEST

Oct. 26, 1861—1m