Agriculture.

Barns and Manure.

Extracts from an address delivered by C. L. Flint, Esq., Secretary of the Massachusetts State Board of Agriculture, at Springfield, at the Hampshire County Show in 1860:—

"The progress of farming has been comparatively slow, and therefore men have hesitated to trust to the 'sure and firm-set earth,' for the return of a proper per centage on capital invested in farming enterprises.

The corporation of a turnpike, or a branch railroad, has had a larger credit than the farm, among farmers themselves, and the first considerable sum that can be spared is invested in these, rather than in real and permanent improvements which would not fail to be more profitable in the end, than any such stock to be found in the country.

This distrust of the soil and the promise of a benificent Father, has led to the pernicious impression that farming will not pay, and hence many young men have sought other means of support. They do not wish to slave themselves for a life-time they say, and get nothing for it at last. But let such look around them for an answer. They will see some rising to an honorable competence, by industry and application and farming alone; they will see farms free from mortgages, and farmers enjoying the comforts and luxuries of wealth, and educating their families from the proceeds of their occupation alone I think a limited survey even will lead them to the conclusion that farming will pay as well as any other calling were the risks are so light, if the farm be properly and judiciously managed.

It should be borne in mind that those who fail in farming, are generally men who would fail in anything else. It is thriftless indolence alone that need anticipate a failure.

* * * There are in the State, (Mass.) more than 75,000 barns. It is thought that five cords of manure—of 102 4 5 bushels each—is a small allowance for each of these barns, since, in many towns and in some entire counties, the average is considerable greater. But suppose it to be five cords—or about seventeen loads of thirty bushels each—this manure may be estimated at three dollars a cord. In some counties from four to six dollars can be obtained without much difficulty, and that, too, where the purchaser is obliged to haul it a distance of five or ten miles, as is often the case. But putting the price at only three dollars, and the number of cords to each at only five, all of which are thought to be small estimates, the number of barns at only 75,000, and the number of cords now made in the State would be 375,000, which may be valued at $1,125,000. The best judges think that an increase of one hundred per cent. might easily be made, on an average throughout the State, with a reasonable degree of care and attention. If this be true the common wealth annually sufferers a loss of $1,125,000, at least, by neglect in this single department.

How to Fatten Chickens.—We make the following extracts from an article on this subject in the London Cottage Gardner:—

"It is hopeless to attempt to fatten them while they are at liberty. They must be put in a proper coop; and this, like most other poultry appurtenances, need not be expensive. To fatten twelve fowls, a coop may be three feet long, eighteen inches high and eighteen inches deep, made entirely of bars. No part of it solid—neither top, side nor bottom. Discretion must be used accordnig to the sizes of the chickens put up. They do not want room—indeed, the closer they are the better, provided they can all stand up at the same time. Care must be taken to put up such as have been accustomed to be together, or they may fight. If one is quarrelsome, it is better to remove it at once; as, like other bad examples, it soon finds imitators. A diseased chicken should not be put up.

"The food should be ground oats; and may either be put in a trough, or on a flat board running along the front of the coop. It may be mixed with water or milk; the latter is better. It should be well slaked, forming a pulp as loose as can be, provided it does not run off the board. They must be well fed three or four times per day—the first time as soon after daybreak as may be possible or convenient, and then at intervals of four hours. Each meal should be as much and more than they can eat up clean. When they have done feeding, the board should be wiped, and some gravel may be spread. It causes them to feed and thrive.

"After a fortnight of this treatment you will have good fat fowls. If, however, there are but four or six to be fatted, they must not have so much room as though there were twelve.—Nothing is easier than to allot them the proper space; as it is only necessary to have two or three pieces of wood to pass between the bars and form a partition. This may also serve when fowls are put up at different degrees of fatness. This requires attention, or fowls will not keep fat and healthy. As soon as the fowl is sufficiently fatted it must be killed; oth-

GREENWOOD SEMINARY
AND COLUMBIA COUNTY
NORMAL INSTITUTE,
AT MILLVILLE, PENN'A.

Important Additions & Improvements.

Autumn Term to Commence August 12, 1861.

THIS Institution which has been in successful operation for the past ten years, is about undergoing a very important renovation in order to place it on a more stable basis than ever, and present facilities which are not surpassed by ordinary Academies in North or Pennsylvania. Among the improvements will be a large three-stories building which will give much additional room and greater conveniences for boarders, a commodious hall for a lecture room and public exercises, convenient class rooms, a library and reading room containing a cabinet of minerals and curiosities, bath rooms, &c. An experienced and thoroughly qualified class teacher and lecturer will be at the head of the Board of Instruction, but the Principal will have the general superintendence of the institution and assume a share of the duties of teaching. Regular lectures will be delivered upon various scientific subjects, as well as upon the theory and practice of teaching, and a Normal Class of young men and women who wish to qualify themselves for teachers' profession, will receive especial attention and assistance.

The course of instruction in the school will be thorough and systematic, calculated to embrace the various branches of a practical education. Ample provision will be made for the study of the higher mathematics, the elucidation of Physics, and the Natural Sciences, by means of suitable apparatus, and for the study of the Latin, Greek, and German languages to enable students to qualify themselves for Congress or Professorships, as well as upon various scientific subjects, as to enter any class excellence.

The country location of the Seminary is a pleasant village, in a healthy and flourishing neighborhood, well known for the elevated tone of its moral sentiment, and where the pupils are not surrounded by those temptating influences, and tendencies found in our cities, large towns and many other localities, with no outside influences to divert their attention from literature and the work of mental culture, presents attractions and inducements to considerate parents cautious students, seldom found surrounding large schools and academies.

The Literary Society also, one of the oldest and best conducted in this section of country, presents an attractive feature and useful auxilliary to a practical education.

The improvements will be under the immediate charge of an efficient Board of Trustees, appointed by the Seminary Company, and will be completed in time for the Autumn term, to commence the 12th of August next.

While thankful for past patronage we wish to merit a continuance of similar favors, as we intend to include a higher grade and wider range of instruction we respectfully solicit a careful examination into our facilities and claims.

TERMS:

Boarding, washing, tuition, lights and incidental expenses, for one quarter of eleven weeks, will be Thirty Dollars, one half payable in advance—the other half and all tuition bills will be expected promptly at the expiration of each quarter.	
Items:	
Boarding, with furnished rooms, one quarter	$22,00
Tuition in common English branches	5,00
" " including Mathematics and Book Keeping by Double Entry	6,00
Tuition in Latin, Greek, and German [extra]	1,00
Washing, Lights and incidental expenses, one quarter.	3,00

Those who desire to procure scholarships or attend by the year, will be accommodated at a reasonable discount and students wishing to procure rooms should make seasonable application.

For further particulars address,
WM. BURGESS, Principal.
Millville, Penn'a.

GEORGE MASTERS, J. K. EVES, Dr. A. P. HELLER, ULRIC EVES, BENJAMIN K. EVES, } Trustees.
Millville, May 29, 1861.

THE PENNSYLVANIA HOTEL,
DANVILLE, MONTOUR COUNTY, PA.
Entertainment for Man and Beast, in good style and at moderate rates.
GEORGE W. FREEZE, Proprietor.
Danville March. 2, 1861.

EXCHANGE HOTEL

THE Proprietor of this well-known and centrally located House, the EXCHANGE HOTEL, situate on Main Street, in Bloomsburg, immediately opposite the Columbia County Court House, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that his House is now in order for the reception and entertainment of travelers who may feel disposed to favor it with their custom. He has spared no expense in preparing the EXCHANGE for the entertainment of his guests, neither shall there be anything wanting (on his part) to minister to their personal comfort. The house is spacious and enjoys an excellent location.

☞ Omnibuses run at all times between the Exchange Hotel and the various Rail Road Depots, by which travelers will be pleasantly conveyed to and from the respective Stations in due time to meet the Cars.
WM. B. KOONS.
Bloomsburg, July 7, 1860.

NEW STORE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
HAT AND CAP STORE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Bloomsburg, and the public in general, that he has purchased the "*NEW HAT STORE*," in the white frame store house, on Main Street, nearly opposite the Exchange publicus, where he has just received a splendid assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

Direct from the Manufacturers, of all kinds, styles, sorts and sizes, latest fashions, which he offers wholesale and retail, at very low prices.

☞ These Goods will be sold at very lowprices for Ready Pay.
JOHN K GIRTON.
Bloomsburg, October 27, 1860.

SERENO HOTEL.

THE undersigned, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has open'd a house for the entertainment of customers and travelers, at SERENO, in Greenwood township, Columbia County, (about two miles west of Millville,) called the

Sereno Hotel.

Where he is prepared to accommodate the public, and all who may favor him with their custom, to general satisfaction

His Table and Bar, will be well supplied and carefully conducted, and his Stabling is ample and well stocked

☞ He will at all times be happy wait upon his friends and customers.
JOHN LEGGOTT.
Sereno, March 23, 1861.

WILLIAM QUINN,
CARD AND JOB PRINTER
S. W. Cor. Third and Market Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA.
☞ **Cards $1.50 per 1000.** ☜
August 4, 1860—12m.*

ALLEN & NEEDLES'
The oldest established and only Standard
IMPROVED
SUPER-PHOSPHANE OF LIME.
Price $45 per 2000 lbs. (2½ cts. per lb.

GUANO.

PERUVIAN. We sell none but No. 1, received direct from the Government.
ICHABOE. A very superior article, received direct from the Island.
PDASTER. Ground Plaster—a superior article, packed in good strong barrels.
BONES. Button makers Bone Dust and Ground Bones. Warranted Pure.

Allen & Needles' Fertilizer.

Price $30 per 2000 lbs. (1½ cent per lb.)

This manure, from its superior quality and very low price, has gained a reputation with farmers that places it among the standard manures. We have a number of certificates from persons who are using it, which we will be pleased to show to those wanting a good and lasting manure.

ALLEN & NEEDLES,
42 South Wharves and 41 South Water St.
(*First store above Chestnut.*)
PHILADELPHIA.
Aug. 3, 1861—3m.

Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Railroad

ON AND AFTER AUGUST 5, 1861, PASSENGER TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

MOVING SOUTH.

		Passenger.	Freight & Passenger.
Leave	Scranton,	5 45 A. M.	10.20 A. M.
"	Kingston	6.50	12.10 P. M
"	Rupert,	8.40	
"	Danville,	9.15	
Arrive at Northumberland,		9.50	

MOVING NORTH

Leave	Northumberland,	4.40 P. M.	
"	Danville,	5.15	
"	Rupert,	5.50	
"	Kingston,	7.45 Leave	1.35 P. M.
Arrive at Scranton,		8.25 P. M.	3.05

A Passenger Train also leaves Kingston at 8. 00A. M for Scranton, to connect with train for New York. Returning, leaves Scranton on arrival of Train from New York at 4.10 P. M.

The Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad connects with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad at Scranton, for New York and intermediate points east At Rupert it connects with the Catawissa Railroad for points far east and west.

At Northumberland it connects with the Philadelphia & Erie R. and N. C. R. R. for points west and south.
JOHN P. HUSLEY, *Sup't*
J. Wells, *Gen'l Ticket Agt.*
ap. 17, 1861.

F. C. HARRISON, M. D.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg, and vicinity, that he continues the practice of *MEDICINE AND SURGERY.*
and solicits a share of public patronage.

BŒRHAVE'S
HOLLAND BITTERS

THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR
DYSPEPSIA,
DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND,
FEVER AND AGUE,
And the various affections consequent upon a disordered
STOMACH OR LIVER,

Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Colicky Pains, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Despondency, Costiveness, Blind and Bleeding Piles. In all Nervous, Rheumatic, and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhave. Its reputation at home produced its introduction here, the demand commencing with those of the Fatherland scattered over the face of this mighty country, many of whom brought with them and handed down the tradition of its value. *It is now offered to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.*

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Generally instantaneous in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve, raising up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor in the system.

NOTICE.—Wherever experts to find this a beverage will be disappointed; but to the sick, weak and low spirited, it will prove a grateful aromatic cordial, possessed of singular remedial properties.

READ CAREFULLY!

The Genuine highly concentrated Boerhave's Holland Bitters is put up in half-pint bottles only, and retailed at ONE DOLLAR per bottle, or six bottles for FIVE DOLLARS. The great demand for this truly celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing.

☞ Beware of Imposition. See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

Sold by Druggists generally. It can be forwarded by Express to most points.

SOLE PROPRIETORS,
BENJAMIN PAGE, JR. & CO.
MANUFACTURING
Pharmaceutists and Chemists,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

For Sale by G. M. Hagenbuch, Druggist, Bloomsburg Pa Oct. 27'1e9.

EVANS & WATSON—SALAMANDER SAFES, REMOVED to 304 *Chestnut Street, above third Philadelphia*, have on and a large assortment of Fire Proof Salamander Safes, Iron doors, for banks and stores, iron shutters for sash, all makes of locks equal to any made in the United States.

Fire Safes in one fire. All came out right; with contents in good condition.

The Salamander Safes of Philadelphia against the world.

EVANS & WATSON,

have had the surest demonstration in the following certificate that their manufacture of Salamander Safes has at length fully warranted the representations which have been made of them as rendering an undoubted security against the terrific element.

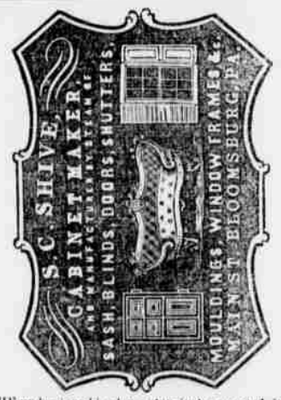
Philadelphia April 12, 1856.

Messrs Evans & Watson: Gentlemen It affords us the highest satisfaction to state to you, that owing to the very protective qualities of two of your Salamander Safes which we purchased of you some five month since we saved a large portion of jewelry, and all our books, &c., exposed to the calamitous fire in Ranstead place on the morning of the 11th inst.

When we reflect that these safes were located in the fourth story of the building we occupied and that they fell subsequently into a heap of burning ruins, where the vast concentration of the heat caused the brass plates to melt, we cannot but regard the preservation of their valuable contents as most convincing proof of the great security afforded by your safes.

We shall take great pleasure in recommending them to men of business as the surest finance against fire.
GEORGE W. SIMMONS & BRO., *Jewellers.*

☞ They have since purchased six large Safes.
August 29, 1859



THE undersigned is also extensively engaged in the *Undertaking Business*, and keeps constantly on hand ad for sale at his Warerooms, a large assortment of

FINISHED COFFINS,

By which he is enabled to fill orders on presentation Also—Keeps a good Horse and Hearse, and will at all times be ready to attend Funerals.
SIMON C. SHIVE.
Bloomsburg, January 29, 1859

SAVING FUND
U. S. Trust Company.
Corner of Third and Chestnut Sts., Phila.

LARGE and small sums received and paid back on demand without notice, with FIVE PER CENT INTEREST from the day of deposit to the day of withdrawal.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 until 5 o'clock every day, and on MONDAY EVENING, from 7 until 9 o'clock.

President—STEPHEN R. CRAWFORD,
Treasurer—PLINY FISK.
Teller—*James B. Hester.*

DIRECTORS.

Stephen R. Crawford,	Daniel Baldleman,
Benjamin W. Tingley,	George Junkin,
Paul B. Goodard, M. D.	Alex'er C. Hart, M. D.,
Patrick Brady,	William M. Godwin,
James Devereaux,	B. Franklin Jackson,
Thomas T. Lea,	Pliny Fisk.

March 26, 1859—1y.

TOBACCO & SEGARS,
MARSHALL HUGHES,
—WITH—
HAGEN & BOYD,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Manufactured & Leaf Tobacco,
HAVANA GERMAN AND DOMESTIC,
SEGARS &C.,
N. E. Corner of Front and Arch Streets.
ARTHUR HAGEN, }
JAMES M. BOYD. } PHILADELPHIA.
March 10, 1860—12m.

NATIONAL HOTEL,
(Late White Swan.)
RACE STREET, ABOVE THIRD
PHILADELPHIA.
JOHN BOYER, Proprietor.
CHAS. A. STINE, Clerk.
March 2, 1861—12m.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and old customers that he has opened a shop on Main Street, a few doors above the Fork's Hotel, in Bloomsburg, where he designs continuing the

SMITHING BUSINESS,

In all its various branches, at low prices, and on an enlarged scale, and solicits the public patronage.

☞ Produce, Grain, &c., generally taken for work.
MILES C. ABBOTT.
Bloomsburg, May 8, 1858.

REMOVAL.

C. C. SADLER & Co.,
Commission Merchants and dealers in Fish, Cheese and Provisions,
No. 103 Arch street, 2nd door above Front, Philadelphia,

FRISHMUTH & BROTHERS
WHOLESALE
TOBACCO DEALERS
89.105, NORTH THIRD STREET
Five doors below Race.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which foster in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation, of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.
Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; Five boxes for $1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our Remedies are for sale by

E. P. LUTZ, J. R. MOYER, G. M. Hagenbuch, Bloomsburg A. Miller, Berwick, and by one agent in every town in Pennsylvania.

GILL & PAUL,
General Commission Merchants,
DEALERS IN
Fish, Provisions, Flour, Butter, Cheese, Oils, Dried Fruits, Grain, Seeds, Beans, Whiskey, Wool, Country Produce and Merchandise generally.
No. 34 NORTH WHARVES, PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Consignments of Provisions, Flour and Country Produce solicited, and returns promptly made. Cash advanced when desired.

ORDERS for all kinds of Fish, Provisions, Flour, Dried Fruits, &c., filled at the lowest Cash Prices.
August 4, 1860—12m.

TINWARE & STOVE SHOP.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his old friends and customers, that he has purchased his brothers interest in the above establishment, and the concern with hereafter be conducted by himself exclusively.

He has just received and offers for sale, the largest and most extensive assortment of FANCY STOVES ever introduced into this market.

His stock consists of a complete assortment of the best Cooking and parlor stoves in the market, together with Store Fixtures of every description, Oven and Box Stoves, Radiators, Cylindar Stoves, Coal Iron Air-Tight stoves, Cannon Stoves, &c. &c. Stove pipe and Tinware constantly on hand and manufactured to order. All kinds of repairing done, as usual, on short notice.

The patronage of old friends and new customers respectfully solicited.
A. M. RUPERT.
Bloomsburg, November 3d 1860.—tf.

Iron City College

$35.00

Pays the entire cost for Tuition in the most popular and successful Commercial School in the country. Upward of Twelve Hundred young men from twenty-eight different States have been educated for business here with in the past three years, some of whom have been employed as Book Keepers at salaries of

$2000.00 per Annum,

immediately upon graduating, who knew nothing of accounts when they entered the College.

☞ Ministers sons half price. Students enter at any time and review when they please, without extra charge.

For Catalogue of 80 pages, Specimens of Prof. Cowley's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, and a large Engraving of the College, inclose twenty-five cents in Post age Stamps to the Principals.
JENKINS & SMITH. Pittsburgh, Pa.
Jan. 5, 1861—1y.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!

JUST received from the manufactories in Boston, an article of most excellent quality. I challenge competition as to *style* and *price*. The undersigned will keep dealers to match any of the Styles on hand—and is the only Experienced Paper Hanger in this Section of the County. Give my Extensive Stock an Examination before Purchasing.

☞ Call at Rupert's Post Office.
E. J. THORNTON.
Bloomsburg March 23d 1861—.

WESTERN HOTEL,
Nos. 9, 11, 13 and 15 Courtland street,
BOARD, $1 50 PER DAY.
D. D. WINCHESTER.
THOS. D. WINCHESTER.
NEW YORK

WINCHESTER'S
Genuine PREPARATION of the
Hypophosphites
THE Specific Remedy FOR
CONSUMPTION

AND FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF
Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Marasmus, Paralysis, Chronic Bronchitis, Anemia, Chlorosis, and all Disorders of the Blood System.

DO YOU KNOW IT?

CONSUMPTION IS THE MOST FATAL SCOURGE OF MANKIND. It has been truly regarded as AN INCURABLE MALADY—*few ever surviving its attack.* "*One sixth of the whole human race,*" says DR. CURRIE, "AND MORE THAN ONE HALF OF ALL THE ADULT POPULATION of most civilized countries PERISH BY THIS DISEASE." What a sad commentary on the boasted efficacy of the Healing Art!

The brilliant discovery of Dr. Churchill, made to the Imperial Academy of Medicine, of Paris, has proved an *undeniable* boon to the world. By the use of this new and *powerful remedial agent*, known to Chemistry as

THE HYPOPHOSPHITES,

"The CURE of CONSUMPTION, even in the Second and Third Stages (at a period, therefore, when there can be no doubt as to the nature of the Disease) is the RULE, while DEATH is the EXCEPTION." * * * "I KNOW," says Dr. C., "that they will prove not only as SURE A REMEDY in CONSUMPTION as Quinine is in Intermittent Fever, but also as effectual a PRESERVATIVE as Vaccination in Small Pox."

Let no sufferer, who values health and life, delay an hour to try this remedy. Remember that "prevention is better than cure." Beware of self-deception, or the soothing assurance of friends that "*It is only a little cold!*" Fatal error to myriads who now fill premature graves! Give I entreat you, prompt attention to this.

EARLIEST SIGNS OF CONSUMPTION.

"AND THESE SIGNS SHALL FOLLOW THEE."—*Mark.* "The *earliest* symptom of tubercular disease is wasting. It *precedes* the cough, and it is earlier, in point of time, than the mucous. It is first manifested in the *liver and bowels.* The muscular tissues waste; hence DEBILITY: there is a sense of something wrong—a *feeling* that THE VITAL POWERS ARE FLAGGING. The waste of the living machine is more active than its *repair.*"—*Dr. Pollock.*

"If, *without any apparent cause*, or under the influence of causes which induce WEAKNESS and EXHAUSTION (such as *want, grief, overwork, excess, pregnancy, child-bearing, nursing, rapid growth, or slow recovery from disease*), a person begins to lose his flesh, strength, color, or appetite; if he suffers from *shortness of breath*; or *sleeplessness*, and experiences a dull pain in the *side*, a *deep cough* and *disordered bowels*, THERE IS REASON TO FEAR that *he is already predisposed to the complaint.* If to these symptoms be added cough, however slight, particularly if it has come on slowly, or during the fair season, THE PROBABILITY IS GREATER STILL."—*Churchill.*

EFFECT OF THE REMEDY.

"If, on the earliest appearance of these signs of Consumption, the patient takes daily about ten grains of the HYPOPHOSPHITES, he will usually see them all disappear in a period varying from a few weeks to a few months; and by continuing the occasional use of the Remedy, HE WILL SPEEDILY FIND HIMSELF IN THE ENJOYMENT OF SUCH HEALTH AS HE, PERHAPS, HAD NEVER KNOWN IN HIS LIFE BEFORE."

"Winchester's Genuine Preparation"
IS THE ONLY RELIABLE

Form of Dr. Churchill's Remedy. [Made from the original Formula.] The action of the Hypophosphites is two-fold and specific: increasing the principle which constitutes BLOOD-POWER, and they are the MOST POWERFUL BLOOD-GENERATING AGENTS KNOWN. The effect upon the tubercular condition is IMMEDIATE, ALL THE GENERAL SYMPTOMS DISAPPEARING WITH A RAPIDITY WHICH IS REALLY MARVELOUS. They relieve the cough, diminish expectoration, improve the appetite, arrest diarrhœa; the night sweats, which so frequently precede death, *gradually become regular*, and the SLEEP CALM AND PROFOUND.

A FAIR TRIAL IS A CERTAIN CURE!

☞ BEWARE of *Bogus Remedies* advertised as DR. Churchill's, and all other SWINDLING DEVICES to rob sufferers of their means, *lose precious time*, and hasten a FATAL RESULT. Write to me for CIRCULARS, and for

Dr. Churchill's Treatise on Consumption,

which contains the *only authentic information* in regard to this NEW TREATMENT. Sent FREE to all Inquirers.

PRICE: In 7 and 16oz. Bottles, $1 and $2 each.—Three large, or six small for $5. My fac-simile is on both the Label and Outside Wrapper.

NO OTHER IS GENUINE.

☞ Do not confound this Remedy with the so-called "Chemical Food," and particularly avoid all preparations containing iron, which is DANGEROUS, and Cod-liver Oil, which has NO CURATIVE PROPERTY WHATEVER.

Sold by the most respectable Druggists throughout the United States and British Provinces, and Wholesale and Retail at the General Depot in the United States, by

J. WINCHESTER, 36 John Street, N. Y.
March 9, 1861.

GREAT ARRIVAL
OF
NEW GOODS,
AT THE
Light Street Store.
Creasy, Brother & all hands on active duty

WE Would inform our friends and customers, that we have just received an unusually large assortment of

SPRING AND SUMEMR GOODS,

Which we offer at lower rates, for ready pay, than any ever before opened here and will be sold "cheaper than the cheapest."

We shall not attempt to enumerate the various articles—they are immense and their name is legion—as our spacious Store Rooms, including the Cellar and Garret, are filled to overflowing. They are to be found the finest fabriks, in the country at astonishing low figures—Ladies' wear in great varieties, at 25 per cent. lower than ever before offered.

CLOTHS, MUSLINS, GROCERIES, HATS, CAPS,

Boots, Shoes, etc,

at the same rate. In short, almost everything in the mercantile line from a needle to an anchor.

☞ Our friends will do well to call before they make their selections.

H. W. CREASY, & CO.
Light Street, May 4, 1861.

"A little, but often fills the purse."

SAVING FUNDS.

FRANKLIN SAVING FUND—No. 126 South Fourth Street, between Chestnut and Walnut Philadelphia, pays all deposits on demand.

Depositors' money secured by Government State and City Loans, Ground Rents, Mortgages, &c.

This Company deems safety better than large profits, consequently will run no risk with depositors' money, but have it all times ready to return it with 6 per cent. interest to the owner, as they have always done. This company never suspended.

Females, married or single, and Minors, can deposit in their own right, and such deposits can be withdrawn only by their consent.

A charter perpetual, incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania, with authority to receive money from trustees and Executors.

LARGE AND SMALL SUMS RECEIVED.

Office open daily from 9 to 3 o'clock, and on Wednesday evening until 8 o'clock.

DIRECTORS.

Jacob R. Shannon,	Cyrus Cadwallader,
John Shandler,	George Knesell,
Malachi W. Sloan,	Edward T. Hyatt,
Lewis Krumbharr,	Henry Delany,
Nicholas Rittenhouse,	Nathan Smedley,
Jos. R. Sutterthwaite,	Ephrim Blanchard.
	Joseph Lippincott.

JACOB R. SHANNON, President.
CYRUS CADWALLADER, Treasurer.
March 12, 1859—12m.

"A Dollar saved is twice earned."
Nov. 24 1860.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!.
NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
MARTZ & ENT

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Light Street and vicinity that they have just received a new and extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

which they will sell cheap for cash. They have a large and general variety; all that is commonly found in a Country Store, and are determined to sell cheap. To the selection of their goods they have paid strict attention; therefore, their merchandize will bear recommendation and will prove to be of the first class.

The proprietors cordially solicit a liberal share of patronage. Customers would do well to call and examine their general variety before purchasing elsewhere.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods at the highest market price.

Light Street, Aug. 10, 1861. MARTZ & ENT.
[Nov. 3 1860.

"THE UNION,"
Arch Street, Above Third,
PHIADELPHIA.

THE situation of this Hotel renders it one of the most convenient for those who are visiting Philadelphia on business; while to those in search of pleasure, the constantly passing and repassing City Railway cars, and those in close proximity, afford a cheap and pleasant ride to all places of interest and amusement in or about the city.

The proprietor gives assurance that "The Union" shall be kept with such character as will meet public approbation, and would respectfully solicit general patronage.
UPTON & NEWCOMER.

Those Laboring Under

sickness can at once relieve themselves from the thousand maladies that flesh is heir to, if they will only follow the counsels of nature, and take the medicine which best assists her in her operations. That medicine is the Vegetable Life Medicines of Dr. MOFFAT, known as

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS
and
PHŒNIX BITTERS.

These Medicines have now been before the public for a period of 20 years, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe for the extraordinary curative properties which they possess.

Moffat's Life Pills.

Moffat's Life Pills are indebted for their name to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and causing them with renewed tone and vigor; and to the undoubted fact that at a very early part in their history, they had rescued sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, perfectly securing to them that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great indeed has their efficacy invariably proved, that it was scarcely less than miraculous to those who were unacquainted with the beautiful philosophical principles upon which they were compounded, and upon which they consequently act.

MOFFAT'S PHŒNIX BITTERS.

Moffat's Phœnix Bitters are so called, because they possess the power of restoring the expiring embers of health to a glowing vigor throughout the constitution, as the Phœnix is said to be restored to life from the ashes of its own dissolution.

Mercurial Diseases.—There is probably no one article given as a medicine, the injurious use of which has caused such wide-spread and terrible mischief to the human system as mercury. Its poison sinks deep into the system, penetrating the substance of the bones, and producing a long train of painful diseases. It is well known that many affections of the throat, of the bones, of the nose, and malignant sores, which have been attributed to syphilis, are as often caused by the injudicious use of mercury, so that the remedy has proved worse than the disease.

LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

The Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters have always been signally successful in this class of diseases, and will eradicate all the effects of mercury from the system, sooner than the most powerful preparations of sarsaparilla. They aid nature in casting from the system all poisonous matter, and by thus purifying the vital fluids, they restore the system to health.

Bilious Complaints.—A well regulated and proportionate quantity of bile upon the stomach is always requisite for the promotion of sound health—it stimulates digestion, and keeps the intestinal canal free from all obstructions. On the contrary surface of the liver is a peculiar bladder in which the bile is first preserved, being formed by the liver from the blood. Thence it passes into the stomach and intestines, and regulates the digestion. Thus we see when there is a deficiency of bile, the body is constantly costive. On the other hand, an over abundance of bile causes frequent diarrhœas on the stomach, and other complaints of a severe attack of diseases, which sometimes end in death.

LIFE MEDICINES.

The Life Medicines should, if possible, be taken in the early stages of bilious complaints; and if perseverd in strictly according to directions will positively effect a cure. Their extensive use in this complaint in all parts of our continent, renders comment unnecessary—their virtues speak for them.

Moffat's Life Pills.—The use of these Pills, for a very short time, will affect an entire cure of Salt Rheum, and a striking improvement in the appearance of the skin.—Common Colds and Influenza will always be cured by one dose, or by two even in the worst cases.

Piles! Piles!!—The original proprietor of these Medicines was cured of Piles of 35 years standing, by the use of the Life Medicines alone.

Liver Complaint.—An affection of the Liver may be known by a feeling of torpor or pain in the right side about the region of the liver, often pungent as in pleurisy, but sometimes d