COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

AND BLOOMSBURG GENERAL ADVERTISER.

LEVI L. TATE, Editor, Publisher & Proprietor.

"To hold and trim the torch of Truth and Wave it o'er the darkened Earth."

TERMS: One Dollar & Seventy-five cts. in advance.

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LEVI L. TATE,
In Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa.

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COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,
BOOK AND JOB
PRINTING
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BLOOMSBURG.

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THE founder of this Celebrated Institution, offers the most certain, speedy, and only effectual remedy in the world for Gleets, Stictures, Seminal weakness, Pains in the Loins, Constitutional Debility, Impotency, Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Affection of the Kidneys, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the Head, The eat, Nose or Skin, and all those serious and melancholy Disorders arising from the destructive habits of Youth, which destroys both body and mind. These secret and solitary practices, are more fatal to their victims than the song of the Syrens to the mariners Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes of anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

Marriage.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformities, &c., should immediately consult Dr Johnston, and be restored to perfect health.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

Organic Weakness

immediately cured and full vigor restored.

This disease is the penalty most frequently paid by those who have become the victim of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excess from not being aware of the dreadful consequence that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent. Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms in both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the physical and mental powers weakened, nervous debility, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, imagestion, a wasting of the frame, cough symptoms of consumption &c.

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Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London Graduate from one of the most eminent colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the first Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and hasty fancies, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

A Certain Disease.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has sombed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an illtimed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who from education and respectability can alone befriend him; delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the skin, bones, and arms, blotches on the head, face, and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to "that bourne from whence no traveler returns." To such therefore Dr. Johnston pledges himself to preserve the most enviable secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first Hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend a safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

Take particular Notice.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pain in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY—The fearful effects upon the mind are much to be dreaded, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of the Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion of Society, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health. Losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of Consumption.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for Organic Weakness.

By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All impediments to Marriage, Physical and Mental Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Tremblings and Weakness, or exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured by Doctor Johnston

Young Men

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school—the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons before contemplating

Marriage

should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote conjubial happiness. Indeed, without these the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

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ALL SURGICAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED.

N. B.—Let no false modesty prevent you, but apply immediately either personally or by letter.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

To Strangers.

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last 15 years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the papers and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

Take Notice.

N. B.—There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves Physicians, raising the health of the already afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say, especially to those unacquainted with his reputation, that his credentials and diplomas always hang in his office.

☞ Take Notice.—All letters must be post paid, and contain a postage stamp for the reply, or no answer will be sent.

January 7 1857.

SHAD for sale at HARTMAN'S.

NEW NO. 2 MACKEREL just received at HARTMAN'S.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

LEVI L. TATE, EDITOR.

BLOOMSBURG, AUG. 29.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

GEN. WM. F. PACKER,
Of Lycoming County.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

Hon. NIMROD STRICKLAND,
Of Chester county.

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

HON. WILLIAM STRONG,
Of Berks County.

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,
Of Erie County.

Columbia County Convention.

We publish below, the "*Rules and Regulations,*" adopted by a full *Democratic County Convention*, September 6, 1851, for the future government of the "Delegate Elections and County Conventions." They are effective and of binding force. By the first RULE, it will be seen, that the *Delegate Elections* will be held on SATURDAY, the 29th of August, and the COUNTY CONVENTION, on *Monday*, the 31st of the same month 1857.

Democratic Rules.

Rule I. The annual County Convention shall be held at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on the last Monday of August, at one P. M., and the Delegate Election shall be held on the Saturday previous, at the places of holding the general elections in the several election districts, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock in the afternoon.

II. The Delegate Elections shall be by ballot and each general election district shall be entitled to two delegates.

III. The Delegate Elections shall be held and conducted by a Judge and clerk, to be selected by the Democrats in attendance, and the said officers shall keep a list of voters and tally of votes counted, to be sent by them to the convention with their certificate of the result of the election.

IV. All cases of disputed seats in conventions shall be disposed of openly by vote after hearing the respective claimants and their evidence.

V. All delegates must reside in the districts they represent. In case of an absent delegate he may depute another, if he fail to do so, his colleague in attendance may substitute for him. In other cases the convention may fill up the representation from citizens of the District in attendance.

VI. The voting in Conventions shall be open, and any two members may require the yeas and nays on any question pending.

VII. Special conventions may be called when necessary, by the Standing committee, the proceedings of which shall conform to these rules.

VIII. All county nominations, and all appointments of conferees and of delegates to State conventions, shall be made in county convention.

IX. The Standing committee shall be five in number, one of whom shall reside at the county seat, and shall be chosen annually in convention. In case of vacancy the committee may fill up their number.

X. No member of Legislature shall be chosen by this county as a Delegate to a State convention during his term of office.

XI. In Convention a majority of all the votes given shall be necessary to a nomination, and no person named shall be peremptorily stricken from the list of candidates until after the sixth vote, when the lowest name shall be struck off and so on at each successive vote until a nomination is effected.

XII. None of these rules shall be altered, or rescinded unless by a vote of two-thirds at a regular annual Convention.

C. R. BUCKALEW,
JOHN KEIFFER,
EMANUEL LAZARUS,
JOHN A. FUNSTON,
STH. H. SCHWANK,
} *Democratic Standing Committee.*

August 8, 1857.

A RAILROAD FEAT.—Last week the engine H. A. FONDA, No 19, of the Catawissa & Williamsport railroad, made a round trip from this place to Port Clinton and back, a distance of 240 miles, with one tender full of wood. The train, consisting of four cars, of which Col. COVILLE was the Conductor, and Charles Coburn, Esq., the engineer, left Port Clinton about fifteen minutes later than usual and arrived here on time. We believe about six loads of wood is generally used to make the trip.—*Lycoming Gazette.*

☞ A "Convention of Editors" was held at Danville, Pa., on the 4th inst.—Wonder who paid the travelling expenses and hotel bills of the members?—*Bedford Gazette.*

Why does our friends of the *Gazette*, ask this question. Do they not know that the editors in this section of the country are stock-holders in the railroads, and the Landlords are men who take the *pipers.*

Speculations about the Convention.

JOHN YOUNGMAN, Esq., in the last "*Sunbury Gazette,*" gives the annexed jocularly descriptive synopsis of the personal appearance, peculiar features, and unique qualities of the various gentlemen composing the late Editorial (Danville) Convention. We commend the article, to the attention of our readers, as worthy of careful perusal. Our friend *Youngman*, has been fortunate and tolerably correct, in personating the respective members of "*the Art preservative of all Arts,*" and notwithstanding he has dealt out some "*sharp shots,*" all must acknowledge their general truthfulness:—

☞ We have received from Mr. Cox, Daguerrean at Danville, a copy, taken on paper, of the original ambrotype of the members attending the late Editorial Convention. The picture is a group of eighteen, and gives a very correct idea of their appearance. With two or three exceptions the likenesses are very striking. The large gentleman sitting in the centre of the front line, with a benevolent smile upon his countenance, is Col. Tate. From the expression of his face we would suppose that the Colonel felt quite at ease. The austere little man to the right, with the white neckcloth and ministerial look, is Weaver from Bloomsburg. The artist has put out one of his eyes, making him look as if he was "going one eye on it." The stout, bluff, independent looking gentleman to the right of Weaver, is Painter, from Muncy. He is the Daniel Lambert of the party, weighing, we should judge, over 200 pounds.—In the picture George appears to be in one of his "brown studies." His mouth is very firmly compressed, as if he had formed some solemn determination, and was going to carry it out. Generally, he don't say much, but thinks a great deal. To the left of Tate sits Baker, from Jersey Shore who was principally distinguished in the Convention for his moustache and fancy stockings. He is a good looking fellow, and appears to know it. Dr. Puleston sits on the left of Baker, a tall, delicate, handsome young man, dressed with great neatness. His suit of spotless white has given him rather a ghost-like appearance in the picture. Dr. John, the go-ahead editor of the Columbia Republican, occupies the left end of the settee. His physiognomy indicates an active, vigorous temperament. He figured in the Convention as one of the talkers. To the extreme left is located Mr. Edwards, a modest, little Welshman, from Pottsville. The thin faced gentleman, with the heavy moustache and imperial, on the right of the rear line, is Frick, of the Miltonian. Jake is quiet in Convention, but very talkative and agreeable when he has two or three friends around him. Next stands Price, of Minersville, whom the artist has given somewhat the appearance of Gen. Jackson. He is much a better looking man out of the picture than in it. Jones, from Jersey Shore, the smallest man (in stature) in the Convention, sticks his head up from behind the shoulders of Price on the one side and Brower on the other. He is apparently standing on his tip toes, trying to look over. A very boy in appearance, his presence among his brother editors has been oddly compared to "an old fip among a parcel of half dollars. Brower, of the "Montour American," stands next—a stout man, of medium height, careless in his dress, but careful in conducting his paper. As to looks, it is thought that he would be entitled to the "knife." The portly man behind Brower, with his head cocked to one side as if he was looking out for an item, is Miner, from Wilkesbarre. He is said to be a very sociable and agreeable man—he is certainly a good looking one. We cannot say as much for the looks of the gentleman on his right, Chichester, a reporter from Philadelphia. We would, however, take him for an intelligent man, as he is deeply *red.* Rauch, of Mauch Chunk, who aspired to be the "funny man" of the Convention, stands next, and looking over his shoulder, with a slight stoop, we see Worden, of the "Lewisburg Chronicle" whom the artist has made, in truth, a thorough *Black* Republican. The want of light did it, friend Worden. Black Republicanism, generally, may be attributed to that cause. The indistinct face, apparently about ten feet from the group, we recognize as belonging to Davis, of the "Montgomery Ledger." His wife would hardly know it. He is rather good looking, but the Sun didn't do him justice.—Mr. Irwin, of Berwick, tall, reserved and dignified, occupies the right flank. He would make a capital grenadier. Another face finishes the group. The individual to whom it belongs has been noticed thus by the Mauch Chunk 'Gazette'—"Youngman of the Sunbury *Gazette* is about 25 years of age, edits a good paper, and is a sociable, though quietly disposed fellow." Our neighbor, Masser, is not included in the group, as he went out of the room previous to its being taken.

☞ Mr. Hazlehurst, of Philadelphia, the National Know-Nothing candidate for Governor, is now engaged in holding meetings in the western part of the State. He is as much opposed to Wilmot and his abolition party, as he is to Packer and Democracy. He declares himself opposed to any fusion, and adheres to his N. N. party firmly.

COMMUNICATION.

WRITTEN FOR THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

NIGHT.

BY PETER H. FREEZE.

"Now came still evening on, and Twilight gray
Had in her sober livery all things clad."

'Tis night. The sun has disappeared behind the western hills, and darkness has spread his mantle over the face of nature.

Naught is heard save the hum of insects, the chirp of the cricket, and perhaps the hurried tread of the traveler, as he hastens to his home.

The stars, one by one, deck the heaven, and look like gems in the blue ether; and from the east, fair Cynthia, Goddess of Night, sheds her pale beams over the earth. How gladly are the shades of evening hailed by the weary artisan and the sun-browned farmer, by the busy merchant and the toil worn seamstress, who eke out, by her needle, a scanty pittance. These seek their pillows, and rest from their labor.

"Nature's sweet restorer, balmy sleep"

steeps their senses in utter forgetfulness, and prepares them for the toil that awaits them with the rising sun. To the contemplative mind, night is the time for reflection. In the stillness of darkness, the thoughts, freed from the distracting cares of the day, wander through the immensity of space, and at last fix themselves upon the Author of all things. In imagination we are carried back to the scenes of childhood. We remember the gentle teachings of a loved mother and the chidings of a revered father. The companions of our youth and the friends of riper years. We remember the joys and sorrows; the hopes and fears which assailed us in our struggle for scholastic honors. How vividly are past events brought to mind. They are engraven upon the heart never to be forgotten. May we hope that each new trial may find us stronger than the last, that every disappointment will be an incentive to nobler exertions and higher aims. May we glean knowledge for the future from our past experience. But during our reveries the hours have flitted past, and the noon of night is upon us. Let us, before we seek repose and wander in the land of dreams, consider for a few brief moments, the long dark night of the grave. Man's life is but a day. In infancy, he resembles the mild beams of the early dawn. In manhood, his genius flashes with the vigor of the noonday sun. For a few years, he exults in the pride of his strength. But as the sun descends the western sky, so man sinks to his grave. No longer does the rose bloom upon his cheek, nor the fire of youth flash from his eye, his limbs have lost their elasticity, his voice, its music, and as the last lingering rays of the sun are shed over the earth, and the shades of night deepen, man is hid from our view neath the cold clods of the valley.

"So live, that, when thy summons comes to join
The innumerable caravan that moves
To the pale realms of silence——
Thou go not like the quarry slave at night
Scourged to his dungeon; but, sustained and soothed
By an unfaltering trust, approach thy grave.
Like one who wraps the drapery of his couch
About him, and lies down to pleasant dreams."

But the grave is not man's resting place. As the sun rises in the morning, so shall man rise from his grave on that great day of the coming of Christ. A morn, surpassing in splendor anything the mind can imagine, will burst upon him, giving tokens of a never ending day. The Son of God shall illume his sky, the brightness of which no cloud shall obscure. Night and death shall find no place in the new world. But an eternity of bliss awaits all who welcome the coming of the Glorious Morn of the Resurrection.

Female Murderers in Pennsylvania.

Two men and a woman were recently convicted in Pittsburg for the murder of the uncle and aunt of the latter—an aged brother and sister who had accumulated some money. Although several women have been convicted of murder in this State, at different periods, only three of them were executed, and these in "old times." There is at this time a woman in the Wayne county jail convicted of murder during Gov. Porter's administration, another in Huntingdon jail convicted during Gov. Bigler's term, and we believe there are altogether six or eight under sentence of death in different jails. If our recollection serves us right, it is about 30 years since a Governor of this State signed the death warrant of a woman, and there will probably never be another. About four years ago, we had occasion to examine the official papers of the State relating to this matter, and from them we gleaned the foregoing facts.—*Lock Haven Democrat.*

☞ The most dangerous kind of a bat that flies at night is a brickbat.

(From the Danville Intelligencer.)

Proceedings of the Democratic County Convention.

Pursuant to notice given the Democratic County Convention, for the county of Montour, assembled at the Court House, in Danville, on Monday, the 17th day of August, 1857, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the several district and county offices, to be supported at the ensuing general election.

The Convention was organized by appointing Hon. JOSEPH DEAN, of Liberty, *President*, and JOHN W. SHERIFF, of Danville, and JAMES G. M'KEE, of Anthony, *Secretaries.*

The several townships were then called, when the following delegates appeared and took their seats, viz:

Anthony—James G. M'Kee and W. S. Clark.
Cooper—John Miller and Jacob Mouser.
Derry—William Seidel and Joseph Dean.
Danville—South Ward—Jno. W. Sheriff and Edward Young.
Danville—North Ward—James Auld and Beneville K. Vastine.
Limestone—John S. Folmer and D. F. Gouger.
Liberty—George Billmeyer and John Moore.
Mahoning—Edward Morrison and Solomon Rudy.
Mayberry—Jacob Shultz and Robert Davison.
West Hemlock—John Crossby and Matthias Appleman.
Valley—Thomas Crossby and James Childs.

On motion, it was

Resolved, That the Convention now proceed to the nomination of candidates.

John W. Sheriff nominated Paul Leidy, of Danville, as a candidate for member of Congress.

James G. M'Kee nominated Valentine Best, of Danville, as a candidate for member of Congress.

No other nominations being made the Convention proceeded to ballot.

The list of delegates being called, on the first ballot the vote stood as follows:

For PAUL LEIDY—John Miller, Jacob Mouser, John W. Sheriff, Edward Young, James Auld, Beneville K. Vastine, John S. Folmer, D. F. Gouger, George Billmeyer, John Moore, Edward Morrison, Solomon Rudy, Jacob Shultz, Robert Davison, John Crossby, Matthias Appleman, Thomas Crossby and James Childs—18.

For VALENTINE BEST—James G. M'Kee, W. S. Clark, William Seidel and Joseph Dean—4.

Whereupon Paul Leidy was declared duly nominated.

On motion of John W. Sheriff, the nomination of Paul Leidy, as the candidate for member of Congress, was declared unanimous.

The Convention then proceeded to appoint conferees to meet the conferees from the other counties composing the Congressional, Senatorial and Representative district, as follows:

Resolved, That Samuel Hamer and John Dean, Jr., be Congressional conferees, to represent Montour county in the meeting of Congressional conferees, for the district composed of the counties of Wyoming, Luzerne, Columbia and Montour, to be held at Steel's hotel, in Wilkesbarre, on Wednesday, the 16th day of September next, with instructions to support the nomination of Paul Leidy, of Danville, as the candidate for Congress in this Congressional district.

Resolved, That George Billmeyer, of Liberty township, and Edward Morrison, of Mahoning township, be Senatorial conferees to represent the county of Montour in the meeting of Senatorial conferees of Columbia, Montour, Northumberland and Snyder, at Danville, on Saturday, the 19th day of September next, to nominate a candidate for Senator.

Resolved, That J. Reese Philips and Gutelius Snyder, of Valley township, be Representative conferees to represent the county of Montour in the meeting of the conferees of the Representative district, composed of the counties of Wyoming, Sullivan, Columbia and Moutour, at Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 21st day of September next, to nominate two candidates for Representatives.

The Convention then proceeded to the nomination of candidates for County Commissioner, Prothonotary, &c.

Whereupon William M'Ninch, of Cooper township, was nominated, by acclamation, the candidate for County Commissioner.

George D. Butler, of Danville, was nominated, by acclamation, as candidate for Prothonotary and Clerk of the several Courts.

David Blue, of Valley township, was nominated, by acclamation, as candidate for County Auditor.

The following named persons were then duly appointed the standing committee for the ensuing year, viz—

Anthony township—James G. M'Kee.
Derry—Joseph Dean.
Limestone—D. F. Gouger.
Liberty—John Moore.
Valley—David Davis.
West Hemlock—John Crossby.
Cooper—Jacob Mouser.
Mahoning—Jacob Rudy, Jr.
Mayberry—Robert Davison.
Danville—South Ward—Peter Hughes.
Danville—North Ward—Thomas Chalfant.

On motion, it was then

Resolved, That Charles C. Baldy be Senatorial delegate to the Democratic State Convention, to be held at Harrisburg, on the 4th day of March, 1858, to nominate candidates for the several State offices.

Resolved unanimously, That we will sustain the nominations this day made, and that we hereby pledge to the several nominees all honest and honorable efforts on our part, to ensure their election.

Resolved, That if any of the conferees, this day appointed, shall be unable to attend at the time and place of meeting of the conferees in his district, that such conferee shall and may, in conjunction with his colleague, substitute and appoint in writing such person as they shall think proper as a substitute, which person, so appointed, shall have the same power and authority, in any meeting of the conferees, as if he had been regularly appointed by this Convention.

Resolved, That we heartily approve of and commend the policy of the present National administration, and that as Pennsylvanians we feel justly proud of the course pursued by President Buchanan since his elevation to the Presidency, and feel entire confidence that the hopes of the Democracy will be fully realized in his administration.

Resolved, That in the nomination of General William F. Packer, as the Democratic candidate for Governor, the State Convention made a wise and judicious selection—that his talents, integrity and firm adherence to Democratic principles, justly entitle him to the confidence and support of the Democratic party, in this State, at the ensuing general election, and will ensure his triumphant election.

Resolved, That in Nimrod Strickland, the candidate for Canal Commissioner, the Democracy of the State have a candidate every way qualified for the office for which he has been selected, and entitled to their support.

Resolved, That William Strong and James Thompson, Esqrs., the Democratic candidates for Judges of the Supreme Court, are fit successors to the Honorable Ellis Lewis and J. S. Black, on the Supreme Bench of this State, and that we pledge to them and to all the other State nominees our ardent and undivided support.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be signed by the officers and published in the several Democratic papers in the district.

JOSEPH DEAN, *Pres't.*

JOHN W. SHERIFF, JAMES G. M'KEE, } *Ses'ys.*

☞ The Philadelphia *Press*, Col. Forney's new paper, in the course of some remarks upon Gen. PACKER appearing before the people, during the campaign, to address them, says:

"He will appear before them under the most auspicious circumstances. On every issue he will be impregnable. Beginning with the federal administration, he can point friend and foe to the general welcome that awaited its induction, and has accompanied its calm and constitutional progress. On the Kansas question he is armed with the weapons of truth, and with the results of experience. On State policy he can point to the banishment of a worthless paper currency as a triumph of Democratic statesmanship. On the tariff question, he can refer to the settled and successful experiment of impartial and general legislation. Himself, at all times, the champion of a liberal and enlightened system of public improvements, he can invite every friend of the great lines of railroad to his standard. These are the substantials of the feast he will spread before his hearers. There will be none of the *pure siflage* of a mere ranter in his speeches; none of the noise of an aspirant for public favor who has nothing to refer to but promises—nothing to offer but professions.—We felicitate General Packer upon the easy triumph before him."

☞ Out of the fifty-nine members of the Senate during the last Congress no less than five have already passed away, viz:—Messrs. Clayton, of Delaware; Bell, of New Hampshire; Adams, of Mississippi; Butler, of South Carolina; and Rusk, of Texas.

☞ Passmore Williamson, we understand, instituted legal proceedings on Saturday against Cheif Justice Lewis, of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, for illegally refusing to grant him a writ of habeas corpus during the period when he was arbitrarily detained in prison by Judge Kane.—*Reading Gazette.*

GRATIFYING.—While the President was on a visit to Bedford Springs, he was not approached by any applicant for office.—He spoke on his return to Washington highly of this mark of delicacy on the part of the citizens of his native State.

ACCIDENT.—A little daughter of Mr. PAINTER, Editor of the *Muncy Luminary*, accidentally swallowed one of the new cent pieces a few days ago. Proper restoratives being speedily applied, serious results were averted.

☞ A circus rider in Mobile lately threw seventy-one summersets in succession. What a capital "*Black Republican*" he'd make.

The Patch on Marcy's Breeches.

Harper's Weekly relates the following anecdotes of Mr. Marcy:

"While he was Governor of this State, he was visiting Newburgh on some public occasion, and with a party of gentlemen, Whigs and Democrats, was at the Orange Hotel. Good humor was prevailing, and one story suggested another. The Governor always enjoyed a story, and could tell one with excellent effect. A Whig lawyer was present, and the Governor recognizing him, said:

'Ah, yes; I'll tell you a good story of Spooner. The other day he came up to Albany on his way to the Whig Convention at Utica, and, so he took it in his way to call on me to get a pardon for a convict at Sing Sing. I heard the case, examined the Documents, and being satisfied that all was right, agreed to grant the request.—Spooner handed me the paper to endorse and I wrote—"Let pardon be granted, W. L. Marcy;" when Spooner cried out, 'Hold, hold, Governor, that's the wrong paper!' And sure enough it was a *Whig speech he was going to make at Utica*, abusing me the worst possible way. But I had granted pardon in advance, and I suppose he committed the offence afterwards.'

The story was received with great applause, and Spooner being looked to for a response, instantly went on with the following, which for an extempore story, certainly is capital:

"Yes, gentlemen, yes I did. And when the Convention was over we went to Niagara Falls, and as we were dragging on by stage over miserable corduroy roads, banging our heads against the top of the coach, and then coming down as if it were to go through the bottom; the stage came to a dead halt; the driver dismounted opened the door, and requested us all to descend. We did so, supposing some accident had occurred. When we were all out, standing on the ends of the logs of which the road was made, the driver took off his hat and said—"Gentlemen we always stop here out of respect to the Governor; this is the identicle spot where Gov. Marcy *tore his pantaloons!*

The story was heard with great jollification, in which no one joined more heartily than the Governor himself.

The *pantaloon* incident deserves to be recorded in every history of this great man. He was sent out to hold special sessions of Court to try the Anti-Masonic parties charged with murder. He was to receive a salary and his expenses. With that nice regard for details that belonged to his sterling character, he kept a minute account of all his expenditures, and handed in the list on his return, without thinking it necessary or proper to revise and strike out those items of a private nature, which other men, less scrupulous in greater matters, might have carefully suppressed.—There stood the tailor's bill for mending. The political foes of the Judge, when he came to be candidate for Governor, found it, and paraded it before the world in the newspapers, and making an effigy of Mr. Marcy suspended in the streets of Albany, with a great patch on the pantaloons, and the tailor's charge on top of that.

But an observant people saw through the patch and the charge into the heart of an honest man and in that very deed of his they recognized a frankness and transparency of character that commended him to their warm approbation. It is not probable that the pantaloon charge lost for him a single vote, whilst it is doubtless true that it made for him a multitude of friends. He was never ashamed of it, and never had reason to be.

Immortality.

How beautiful the following from the pen of Prentice, and how happy the heart that can see these beauties as he portrays them:

"Why is it that the rainbow and the cloud come over us with a beauty that is not of earth, and thus pass away and leave us to muse on their faded loveliness? Why is it that the stars, which hold their festival around the midnight throne are set above the grasp of our limited faculties, forever mocking us with their unapproachable glory? And why is it that bright forms of human beauty are presented to our view, and taken from us, leaving the thousand dreams of affection to flow back in Alpine torrents upon our hearts? We are born to a higher destiny than that of earth. There is a realm where the beautiful being that now passes before us like a meteor, will stay in our presence forever!"

☞ Jack R—— died in the town of Springfield, N. Y., a year or two ago. A short time before his decease, an anxious sister inquired of him whether she should send for the minister. He replied in the negative. She then told him that they were fearful that he had not long to live, and suggested that he might not feel entirely prepared for that event. "Why should I be afraid to die?" he asked; "I never voted a Whig ticket in my life!"

☞ Why is a restless sleeper like a lawyer?

Because he *lies* on one side; then turns and *lies* on the other side.

A LOST ART.—The art of making large loaves does not appear to have left a trace behind, by which the present race of bakers might be guided.