



# Columbia Democrat.

LEVI L. TATE—EDITOR  
BLOOMSBURG:  
SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 3, 1849.

## The Morale of the Age.

The man that would be a public benefactor, must know the wants of the community, or his kindness may be profligacy, and his benevolent designs messengers of evil. The author that panders to an already depraved taste in the literary circles, but paves the way for his own degradation. The merchant that seeks the introduction of luxuries beyond the wants or necessities of his customers, finds his own ruin in the extravagance he introduces.

It has been said that every bitter has its sweet, and every evil its own cure. True as this may be, the philanthropist finds more pleasure in preventing the evil, than the doctor in providing a cure. The days of simplicity and industry are gone, and the twilight of gorgeous vanity and indolence follows their descendants. The exertions of the present to provide for the future have given place to the love of present ease, at the sacrifice of future comfort. The love of education has superseded the love of virtue, and the speciousness of hypocritical virtues taken the place of real moral worth.

## The Gold Dollar.

Mr. McKay has introduced a bill into the House of Representatives to authorize the coinage of one dollar gold pieces at the mint, which will pass, we hope, *nemine contradicente*. With the editors of the Globe, we go for gold coin, for the gold dollar, and for golden opinions, could we be fortunate enough to win them. That the gold dollar should find objectors among those who are interested in maintaining a sound, tangible, metallic, undebasing and non-depreciating currency, surprises us much; but there are, it seems, some who, blest with microscopic powers of vision, perceive, or think they perceive, obstacles and inconveniences—the gold dollar would be too small, might be lost, or might be paid away in the dark, or by the blind for a five-cent piece. Well, this might all happen often; and we venture to assert that, allowing for all sorts of accidents and mischances, there would not be lost in ten years as large a sum with the gold dollar as there is lost with the paper dollar annually. But if provision is to be made against every possibility of losing money, we know but one way of coming at it effectually—that is, never to have any.

A writer in the Union, in order to obviate certain objections to the gold dollar, proposes to coin it with a hole in the center. We do not see the necessity of this. In some parts of South America gold dollars are very abundant, and are found to be very convenient; but they have no hole in them. They are thin, and present nearly double the surface, probably, than a five-cent piece does. Why not coin them so here, if it is desirable that they should be broader than the half dime? But we care nothing about the size, or the shape, or the effect, or the milling. Give us the gold dollar, and be it thick or thin, broad or narrow, with or without the hole, we will give it a hearty welcome.

We direct attention to the notice of *Seers' New Pictorial Works* for 1849, in the advertising columns of this week's Columbia Democrat. Mr. Seers is one of the most interesting publishers in the Union, and his new edition of excellent works, in addition to those already extant, are worthy of public consideration. The new Pictorial Family Bible, at the low price of \$6 with 100 engravings, should be possessed by every family.

## Mr. Seers' Works.

The *Monitor Mountaineer*.—This is the title of a democratic paper, which has been founded at Montrose, Pa., and is published by M. H. Snyder, Esq. We have not seen the first issue, but judging from the 31 number now before us, it makes a respectable appearance and gives promise of much interest. We wish friend Snyder every success in his new enterprise.

The *Star of the North*.—Weaver and Gilmore, issued the first number of a paper bearing the above name this week, in Bloomsburg. It is a sheet of double-medium size, published on new type and makes a good appearance. The *Star* is quite an improvement on the late Columbia Enquirer, published by Mr. Gilmore, at Berwick, on the ruins of which it has been founded.

*Small Pox*.—We notice by the Jersey Shore Republican, that this horrid disease has made its appearance in Jersey shore, and by the Wyoming Gazette, that it also prevails in Williamsport and New Berry. The *Wilmington* papers also notice its existence in that section. We are happy to say that no such disease exists in Bloomsburg.

The Hon. James M. Niles was nominated, on Wednesday last, by the Free-Soil Convention of the State of Connecticut, as their candidate for the office of Governor of that State. The election takes place in April next.

The Hon. J. P. Walker, now a Senator from the State of Wisconsin, has been re-elected for six years from the 4th of March next, when his present term will expire.

## The Ohio Troubles.

The difficulties in the Ohio Legislature have at length been brought to a happy issue, by the admission of Messrs. FUGH and PEACOCK, the Democratic contestants, to seats in the House of Representatives as the regularly chosen members for Hamilton county—by vote of 31 yeas, to 31 nays. This secures a Democratic majority on joint ballot, and, if justice prevails, will lead to the return of WILLIAM ALLEN to the U. S. Senate.

Col. Gordon F. Mason, of Bradford county, is named as the Democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner. He is at present a State Senator from Bradford district.

The Money Luminary of the 6th inst., states that a large Panther, measuring nine feet three inches in length, was killed by George Benne and others, of Shrewsbury township, Sullivan county.

## The President's Message.

The order of the day among the opposition papers seems to be a desire for a little bit of fun at the expense of the late Annual Message of the President. Instead of spreading it before the country, and then in the face of all the facts and arguments contained in it; taking it up, position after position, and proving its weakness or its falsity; they content themselves with unmeaning sneers and senseless gibes at its length. Could it be expected that an Annual Message of the Chief Executive Magistrate of twenty millions of freemen and thirty sovereign States could in the compass of a few columns, compress all the information, and astounding disclosures which the past year has brought into existence? Should the facts and circumstances connected with the finale of the Mexican war be smothered?

Should not the sovereign people, who have conducted this war to a glorious conclusion, known officially or otherwise in regard to our possession and acquisitions in the South west? Did ever a man leave the Presidential Chair or any other office of trust or honor, who did not in some one way or other, review the whole course of his administration, and place before the public the present posture of National affairs?

This has always been the case, either through a farewell address or by the last Annual Message. But it is not the length of this document which makes "each particular hair stand upright" upon the heads of whig Editors. The Ghost of the "American System" troubles their sleep. Like the Ghost of Bangou it will not down, and even at the Election of Taylor the "amen," stuck in their throats.

Like John Smith's "familiar spirit" it dogs them at every step, and no turning or twisting or changing of names can throw it from the track. If the doctrines of the Message be wrong let it be shown. They invite and challenge discussion.—The last duty of our able Executive has been faithfully performed. Upon reading this document the people can know the situation of the country, they can see what has been done and what still remains to do. "Honor to whom honor, &c."

The Message is not thirty times as long as Governor Johnson's; there is in fact but little difference, and yet that is in most excellent good taste. "Circumstances alter cases."

## The Removal Question in Schuylkill.

The removal of the Seat of Justice of Schuylkill county, from Orwicksburg to Pottsville, decided upon some two years since by the vote of the people and an Act of the Legislature, is now about to be consummated. Owing to the want of agreement in relation to its locality in Pottsville, the subject has been for some time at a dead stand, but the matter having recently been agitated with the only question of Court House or no Court House, a location has been decided upon and a subscription of upwards of twelve thousand dollars raised. We understand the building will soon be commenced and prosecuted to a speedy completion.

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## Gold from California.

With the following letter, says the Columbus Statesman, we received the first piece of gold from California rendered into United States money.—It can be seen at our office, and is a proof of the purity of California gold, and which is destined to fill a large space in the circulation of our country. Thank you, friend Sawyer.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 13, 1849.

DEAR COLONEL: Enclosed is a piece of coin manufactured at the request of Governor Merry, from the gold lately brought from the mines of California. I send it to you to pay for my subscription to the "Statesman." When it came into my possession, I thought this manner of disposing of it the most appropriate. The "Ohio Statesman" has ever been the steady advocate of the war with Mexico and our claims to indemnity, and this being the first tangible evidence of the value of our acquisitions acquired by the gallantry of our brave troops, (Ohio's gallant sons bearing a conspicuous part) aided and strengthened by the able and patriotic articles in the Ohio Statesman, I enclose it to you for the purpose above alluded to.

With great respect, your obedient servt.  
WM. SAWYER.

Col. S. MEDARY.

MR. TEN Eyck, our late Commissioner of the Sandwich Islands, whose place Mr. Eames, of the Union, has recently been appointed to supply, writes home that he had visited the California mines and that 1,000,000 were taken in a few days out of a place 300 yards square.

Judge ELDRON, of this State, has decided that listening at a key-hole, though highly improper, and even a violation of law in a man, is perfectly excusable in a woman, owing to the natural curiosity of the sex.

Ex-Governor James Clarke, of Iowa, has resumed editing the State Gazette.

## To the Public.

MR. EDITOR:—The frightful accident which happened to the mail coach on its route to Danville a few days since, should turn public attention to the laying out of roads and the building of bridges.—The escape without loss of life or limb was truly miraculous. The descent was fully fifteen feet, the stage and two horses falling upon the ice and breaking through into three or four feet water.

I wish to call attention to a few facts connected with the laying out of a road from the new bridge, crossing the Fishingcreek at the Aqueduct, to Bloom. The locality is sufficiently well known to your readers, not to need a description. I understand that the road has already been viewed and laid out, taking the course of the old one from an intersection with it about a hundred yards from the Mill at the head-race.

By taking the course apparently agreed upon, it becomes necessary to cross the head race three different times, requiring of course three bridges. In addition to this, its course is so crooked that I can compare it to nothing I ever heard of, but the tape worm of Thuidius Stevens. Again, it is almost impossible to construct a bridge in such a manner as to avoid a rather abrupt turn. Another objection to taking the road up the bank of the creek is, not the shortest, safest and best route, as a road by all rules of common sense should be, when laid out and opened for public convenience. A road can be laid straight from the bridge to town containing the advantages of shortness, safety, ease and I think economy. Let the people look to this. I hear a petition for a review will be got up.—I am glad to hear it, let men of energy and decision take hold of this, and see that men are appointed upon the review who have common sense and who will perform the duty assigned to them without fear, favor or affection!

I am, Sir, Yours, &c.  
LEONIDAS.

## Gold Dollars.

We learn, says the Philadelphia Ledger, from the Hon. Charles Brown, at Washington, that the subject of coining gold dollars is now before the committee of ways and means of the House, as well as one of the committees of the Senate, and we have the same authority for saying it is likely to be recommended by them to the favorable consideration of Congress. No objection is urged to the measure by the politicians that we have heard; and so far as the press may be taken as an exponent of the popular wish, the country everywhere favors such coinage. Under such auspicious things there is reason to hope that an act, authorizing gold dollars may become a law the present session of Congress.

POSTAL ARRANGEMENT FOR COUNTY PAPERS.—Gen. Cameron has endeavored, by a movement in the Senate, says the Daily News, to secure the country papers a free circulation within thirty miles of their place of publication. The effort successful or otherwise, does credit to Mr. Cameron. All who cherish the interests of education, and appreciate the importance of affording the advantage of local papers, will applaud the man and the measure. We are anxious to see our local papers encouraged and sustained by the policy of the post-office.

The Gold Fever seems to be spreading over all the country, and large numbers of vessels are put up at all our principal ports for California. The ship Apollo, which sailed from New York, on Tuesday, took out two printing presses, and everything necessary to a complete newspaper establishment. Two sons of M. Y. Beach were also passengers; he is, and Beach were also passengers, formerly employed in the Sun office.

## An Article for the Boys, No. 2.

BY THE LATE AMON SIXTY.

"Never Mind! I'll be Bigger yet."

An errand boy came across a news boy, the latter much the smaller of the two. The errand boy said something of a tantalizing nature to the little vendor of intelligence, who gave back in language "as good as was sent." The big boy, finding he was getting the worst of the wordy war, made a demonstration of a different nature. The news boy laid down his papers upon a door step—and, notwithstanding his inferiority in size, made latitude with a determination worthy a different result—for he got licked! After the fight was over—he picked up his papers, and with a look we shall not forget, said, "never mind! I'll be bigger yet!" There is as much of meaning in the word as there was in the eye, from which flashed a feeling that told of redress in the future. It may have been the first time the boy felt himself wronged—the first time that a thought of revenge found a place in his little heart. But the one glance of that unerring index, the eye told that a new sentence had been brought into existence—and that the boy in years was the man in motive. He had passed a lustre in a moment.

How careful should we be as to provoking others, when a trifle (apparently) such as we have received, may give rise to something so serious. Murder has resulted from more insignificant causes. Hence the necessity of caution—of prudence—of forbearance. The newsboy, who was on his quiet way, engaged pleasantly in his business, counting up in his mind, mayhap, the number of pennies he could earn for father, mother or sister—murmuring of harm to any one—intent on his business—is transferred by a contest with another, into a being filled with hatred and revenge. He moves onward, brooding in his breast the wrong he had suffered, and calculating the time when he shall have strength of arm to right it. The papers on his arm are forgotten. A new feeling has taken possession of him—and the business of the day is not how many pennies can I make? but, how soon can I obtain satisfaction for my injury?

"Never mind! I'll be bigger!" should be received as a warning word by all, when they contemplate, or attempt to tread upon the weaker of their kind! It is a warning to all—to the sectarian—to the politician—to the men of business—to kings upon their thrones, and to peasants in their cottages. Trample not upon anything unless it is vice and crime. The man, who without occasion may have kicked a dog, may be growled at afterward, it not bitten—and it matters not, in what phase of life, or whatever the circumstances may be, if you clearly are guilty of a causeless injury to another, bear in mind, that although we ought to forgive—and that it would be desirable to forget, yet human nature is not apt to do either. Let the law of kindness be your governor, and the machinery of life, depend upon it, will work smoothly—your voyage will be more pleasantly made, and the cargo of good feeling you will carry along, will be much greater. Never do anything to your fellow creature which can call forth his anger—plant flowers in his path if you can—if you cannot do this don't throw sticks and stones there, and briars and thorns—and then rest assured that when you cast anchor forever, no one will come up and say, "Never mind! I'll be bigger yet!"

DEAD LETTERS, to the number of 19,117, collected at Boston, during the last year have just been forwarded to Washington.

What has become of Mr. Representative Pearce? We have had nothing from him for a month! Has he forgotten us?

Our Harrisburg and Washington correspondents, whose communications weekly enrich the columns of the Democrat, are entitled to many thanks for their attentions. These brief letters, giving the gist of Legislative and Congressional proceedings, save us considerable trouble and our readers the necessity of wading through the labyrinthian columns of insipid composition. They do.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR.—Mr. John Means, Editor of the Wayne County Democrat, at Wooster, Ohio, died at the residence of his parents, in Cadiz, on the 13th ult.—He was quite a young man, and had only been married a short time.

North Branch Canal.

We are gratified to observe that public opinion is every where awakening to the importance of the speedy completion of our NORTH BRANCH CANAL. It is matter of astonishment that an improvement of such vast interest to the North, and vital import to the Commonwealth—being second, in point of revenue, to none in the State—should have been suffered thus long to slumber. The subject is now fully agitated and has been commenced in the proper spirit—Petitions are being extensively circulated in this section, and we venture the prediction that this long wished for enterprise will soon be consummated.

STRENGTH CHANGERS.—There is nothing more trying to the human constitution than sudden changes of weather. Heat rarifies the blood, and increases the perspiration; but when suddenly checked, those humors which should pass off by the skin, are thrown off inwardly, causing coughs, colds, consumption, difficulty of breathing, watery and inflamed eyes, sore throat, and many other complaints.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are a delightful medicine for carrying off a cold—because they expel from the body those humors which are the cause of the above complaints. Four or five of said Indian Vegetable Pills taken every day on going to bed will, in a few days, carry off the most obstinate cold; at the same time the digestive organs will be restored to a healthy tone, and new life and vigor will be given to the whole frame.

The genuine for sale by *Hughurst and Baldy*, Bloomsburg; W. P. Baldy, Danville; Stephen Baldy, Catawissa, and by agents in all parts of the State. Agents whose supplies become exhausted will receive a new lot on writing to Dr. Wright's principal office, 159 Race Street, Philadelphia.

The probability now is that an appropriation will be granted sufficient to complete the North Branch Canal. The Bill relative to the Berwick water works, will pass muster. The bill for the division of old Berks county was to-day defeated in the Senate by a vote 13 to 14.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Secretary of the Commonwealth, transmitting a statement of the affairs of the Bloomsburg Iron Company—the annual Report of the Board of Managers of the House of Refuge and a communication from C. D. Eldred, and S. S. Seeley, printers, relative to the fees paid for publishing advertisements of Sheriff's sales.

Any number of petitions were presented for the completion of the North Branch Canal, and also in relation to subjects heretofore mentioned in this correspondence.

Judge LONGTRAY, was in Philadelphia yesterday, on his way here, when the Canal Board will be organized and proceed to business. The appointment on the public works will now soon be made. More in our next.

## The World in a Nut-Shell.

A "nice young man" in New York, got up a California Association the other day, pretended to buy a vessel, receiving \$500 and eloped.

The ladies will be delighted to hear that Louis Napoleon is a bachelor. His cousin, the "Princess" Mathilde Demidoff, is to do the honors of the Presidential palace. She will be the lioness of the age in Paris.

The Canal Commissioners of Illinois receive \$5000 a year. Those of Pennsylvania \$38 day. The State debt of the former State is \$15,821,547.37—in proportion quite as large as that of our own State.

A bill was introduced in the Kentucky Legislature, changing the name of Latanus Manssus Jefferson Branch Young, to Henry Young. A sensible change that.

The population of Lancaster, Pa., is now 13,500; in 1840 it was 8,700—an increase 4,800 in nine years.

In Tennessee there are already seven cotton factories at work, and it is said that arrangements are making for erecting others.

The Kingston Morning Journal of the 18th ult., states that information had been received from Sierra Leone of the liberation of eleven hundred Africans, but they positively refused to come to Jamaica.

A large quantity of contraband goods from the United States had been seized at Halifax and Yarmouth.

The Plymouth Church in Brooklyn, New York—Rev. H. W. Beecher's—was burnt on Friday. Loss \$5,000.

Over five hundred persons, it is stated, have left New York city for San Francisco within the last five days.

Punch says the sea serpent is an offspring of the adder tribe—a great real dropped from Davy Jones's midnight watch—a tenant-in-tail of the deep—an infinite deal of nothing.

Henry Davis, a negro, recently died in Dearborn county, Ia., at the age of 115 years.—He was once a servant of, and accompanied General Washington in several of his campaigns.

A gentleman who sent out five dozen of shovels to California, some time ago realized \$4,000 in gold dust therefor.

Hon. L. R. Chase, representative in the ninth Congressional district of Tennessee, declines a re-nomination.

The Court House at Marianna, Florida, was destroyed by fire about two weeks since. The records were all lost.

The Baptist church at Pine Hill, New York, was destroyed by fire on Sunday evening last.—Loss about \$1500; no insurance.

The late Peter C. Brooks, of Boston, made no bequest of a public character. It is said that his estate will not exceed \$2,000,000.

Mrs. Mills, between fifty and sixty years of age, residing in the town of Hume, committed suicide, by hanging herself, on Wednesday night last.

## Correspondence.

Letter from Washington, No. 6.

Washington, Jan. 30, 1849.

Dear Sir:—Since the date of my last despatch, there has been nothing transacted worthy of remark within the Halls of Legislation.

The action of Southern Delegates, on the subject of Slavery in the Southern Convention, is matter of deep moment here and must be regarded as of vital interest to the North and the whole Union. Judging from the spirit manifested by those who participated in its deliberations, I infer that it must result injuriously to the social compact, if not ultimately lead to the dissolution of this happy Union. When such spirits as those of Senators Calhoun, Berrien, Stephens, Venable, &c., enter the arena in hostile attitude to the people of the North, enraged at their interfering in local southern affairs, consequences may be apprehended more serious to the Union of the States, than ever were heard in the hottest days of nullification. The address of Mr. Calhoun, a strong and fiery production, was read in Convention and also one from Judge Berrien, of a milder character, which was adopted instead of the first. What these fire-brands will lead to is of course unknown, but it is the part of wisdom and prudence for every citizen of the Union to exercise forbearance and hope for the best.

GEN. LEWIS CASE was on the 23 inst., elected to the United States Senate by the Legislature of Michigan for six years from the 4th of March next.

HON. HENRY CLAY, has also been elected by the Legislature of Kentucky, for six years from the 4th of March.

The return of those distinguished men to their seats in the Senate must be gratifying to the feelings of their respective friends throughout the Union. Yours truly and respectfully,  
OBSERVER.

Letter from Harrisburg, No. 6.

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Respectfully &c.  
REPORTER.

Our friend KROON, of the Washington Union, sends us two copies of the "Weekly Union and Congressional Supplement." They both come directed to the Columbia Democrat, which we suppose to be a mistake in the packing department. We shall be satisfied with one copy, having no desire to tax his kindness beyond what is our due.

Will Mr. Holden, of New York, remit us the promised number of "Holden's Dollar Magazine," for 1848, handsomely bound, and the accompanying portrait of Hon. Horace Greeley? It was to have been mailed, to those entitled to receive it, about the 15th of January, and as we are among those, we now press our claims and hope they will be duly honored.

## A Pretty Fair.

"When Rogues fall out, &c."

According to the latest advices from Harrisburg, there appears to be trouble in the Federal wig-wam. The "bills" which were left unsigned at the adjournment of the Legislature by Governor Shaak; and which by Constitutional provision, should have been returned by the then acting Governor, W. F. Johnston, at the opening of the session, or within three days; appear to have given occasion for the "dare up." Gov. Johnston undoubtedly thought to screen himself from responsibility by a "masterly inactivity."

No man denies or doubts the "bargain and sale" between those two conscientious gentlemen, Johnston and Cooper, in regard to the gubernatorial chair and the U. S. Senatorship.

For some unaccountable reason, Johnston when sure of his part of the spoil, abandoned Cooper to his fate, and in fact rather used his influence against him. The administration sustained in this thing a defeat, and Mr. Senator Cooper having nothing either to hope or to fear from Mr. Governor Johnston, cuts loose and gives his excellency a few "digs" in the short ribs upon the constitutional approval of "these Bills."

The Governor is in a tight place. The friends of Mr. Cooper will regard him with a very questionable "Phiz," and the Meredith party are not sufficiently strong to be much influential. When a man preaches Tariff, free soil, and such matters, with which he has nothing under the sun to do, in order to please all parties and gain power; who can pity him when they see him "perplexed in the extreme?"

Boots failed in heading Capt. Tyler, but Cooper has certainly headed his excellency W. F. Johnston. Among them be it. It is a family quarrel, and to us Mr. Boots would say, "it's no consequence."

## The Spirit of Democracy.

It is of great importance that we should preserve the spirit as well as the name of Democracy, that our institutions and practices shall not degenerate into the formalities of the monarchist or the looseness of the demagogue. It is well to look back to the spirit and purity of the Fathers of our faith, and trace anew their active and ardent devotion to every purpose that separated us from the dependency of the Old world and tended to abolish from amongst us the vestiges of arbitrary and unnatural right. It has been the boast of our government, that our shores are open to the oppressed of every nation and language, and that all who subscribed to the popular and ennobling doctrines of the constitution, should find protection and encouragement under the shield of our national honor. Here, too, that faith for which the martyrs suffered is free as the mercy that is promised to him who accepts of the requirements of our Divine preceptor, and none shall have power to say to his brother, thou shalt adopt my creed, which is alone necessary to thy salvation. "Columbia's shores are wild and wide, Columbia's shores are free."

## Clinton County.

Our friend Dieffenbach, under the head of "A boat," in the last number of his Democrat, gives a glowing picture of the prosperity of Clinton County. He represents the Division of that county, to be "a one story and a half log house, not weathered," entirely without tenants, and as answering all useful purposes for the safe keeping of the few wrong-doers, who may hereafter have become its occupants, being two or three exceptions in some ten years. From his representation of her public business and legal advertising, we conclude that Clinton, like Columbia county, is not the best location in the world for a printer. That our readers may bear him on this subject, and from their own conclusions, we copy one paragraph descriptive of the benefits, blessings and reigning glories of this Clinton.—"There is not at present, and has not been for a length of time, a single prisoner in jail, and nobody in the county who expects to be there, neither man nor woman is bound to appear at our next Court on a criminal process, there are no Sheriff's sales at the next Court, and a reference to the trial list will show that it is exceedingly diminutive—most of the few cases upon it being kept there merely for the sake of form and of imitating the doings of all other counties, for we do not like to be entirely out of fashion.—There is no Register's notice for the ensuing Court, and it is a very rare and rather novel occurrence for any body to be in Clinton county."

## Whig Canal Commissioner.

Col. Joseph Paxon, of this county, was named through the last Danville Democrat, as the northern whig candidate for Canal Commissioner.—Well amongst them be it. We have nothing to do with his whig Canal, excepting always, to "drive them his" out of Col. Paxon is an active and firm member of that party, he has strong claims to the nomination.

The next meeting of the Commissioners and Treasurers of Columbia county, will be held at their office, in Bloomsburg, upon Wednesday, the 21st day of February, inst.

Graham's Magazine.—Well it is pleasant to meet a valued friend. Such is Graham. The number for February, is one of beauty, taste and merit. We admire its appearance, and find much to instruct, amuse and edify, in the perusal of its well-filled and handsomely executed pages.

Graham & Taylor Editors.—Price 50 per annum.—No 28, Chestnut street, Philadelphia.