

BIRDS, CLOUDS, AND FLOWERS

See how the morning breeze is spilling with the leaves of the birch tree, and with the thick hazel bushes besides that fence! It is the breath of the earth and appears upon its bosom the dear little birds.

How brilliant their plumage! how their eyes sparkle! how sweetly do they sing! To inhale the pure air of heaven is their greatest luxury. Here is this nest above us—a red breasted robin feeding her second brood of little ones—here on that decayed tree a woodpecker is hammering away with its thick bill, ever and anon uttering a loud scream as if he wished to make all the noise. Within a few feet a mocking bird is chattering loudly, mocking not only his companions, but our ears, as if he thought us an old fool. Among the clouds the lark is pouring out the music of her heart. All, all the birds are out under the open sky enjoying their daily holiday.

The clouds—are they not magnificent those morning clouds, floating so silently in the calm ocean of the sky! They are forever changing, and every moment become still more beautiful. It would seem as if God had traced them with his own hand, that man might have a fault conception of the poetry of heaven. I may be they are the vehicles which angels employ when they rise to hover over our world; to weep for the wickedness of man, or rejoice at the triumph of virtue. It is indeed a charming superstition that would people the sky, and the air and the clouds with beings brighter than we have seen. For ourself this world indeed be a sorrowful world were it not that we can at times go out of ourself, as it were in imagination, and hold sweet converse and have fellowship with such beings. If the sordid and selfish among our fellows, laugh at us because we love the clouds and the feelings they inspire, we would ask why is it that God has made them? Why do they meet our sight at morning, noon and evening? Give us a reasonable answer to this, ye worldly, and then will we acknowledge that it is folly to love the workmanship of God! We love the clouds because they are the shadows of heavenly glories.

The flowers—are they not smiles of earth? But, if this be true, why is it they are weeping when every thing around is so bright and joyous? 'Tis but the dew of heaven, in which they have been bathing all night long. Here at our feet, a little blue bell lies prostrate upon the damp earth. Some lazy ox has crushed it beneath his tread. We cannot—no, we would not banish the thought; it reminds us of a much-loved friend, who was the playmate and companion of our boyhood. It reminds us of her, because.

"Her bloom was like the spicing flower That tips the early dew,
The rose was budded in her cheek,
Just opening to view.

But love had, like the canker-worm,
Consumed her early prime;
The rose grew pale and left her cheek,
She died before her time."—MALLETT.

"There is a deeper philosophy in the language of flowers than is generally supposed. Its foundation is based upon a motive more important than mere amusement. The life of every flower that ever bloomed has power to bring instruction & pleasurable feeling to the human heart.—We love them, not because of their beauty alone, but because they always remind us of a kind and merciful Creator. We love them; because they are the stars in the green firmament of earth."—*Monroe (Mich) Gazette.*

PRIDE AND MAN.

"After all, take some quite sober moments of life, and add together the two ideas of pride and man, a creature of a span high, stalked through infinite space, in all the grandeur of littleness. Perched on a little speck of the universe, every wind of heaven strikes into his blood the coldness of death-day and night; as the dust on the wheel, he is rolled along the heavens; through the labyrinth of worlds, and all the systems of creations of God are flaming above and beneath. Is this a creature, to make himself a crown of glory—to deny his own flesh and to mock at his fellow; spring from that to which both will soon return? Does he not die? When he reasons is he never stopped by difficulties. When he lives, is he free from pain? When he acts is he never attempted by pleasure? When he dies, can he escape the comor on grave? Pride is not the heritage of man, humility should dwell with frailty and stone for ignorance, error and imperfection."—*Sidney Smith.*

"The ancient Poets have sung of a bronze, an iron, a silver; and a golden age; and then there have been many others famous; but there is one age left untried and unknown—a woman's age."

New Store.



NEW GOODS, NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

No humbug but Goods down to the lowest notch all through.

THE subscriber having completed his new store house, on Main street near Market in Bloomsburg, and having stocked it with a stock of entire new goods, which were selected with great care in regard to style and price, he flatters himself that he can offer fresh goods, and newer style, than at lower prices than has ever been offered in this place, and as the assortment consists of every thing for comfort and adornment in the

Dry Goods,

together with a general assortment of *Quensware (some new styles), School Books, Hardware, Cider ware, Tialle ware, Earthenware, Salina or Lake ground, Fine Lisbon and Dairy Salt, Salmon Mackerel, and Herring, Cavendish, Imitation Plug, Fine cut & Smoking Tobacco, Candles Soap, Copper Kettles, Stead, Bar Iron.* besides numerous other articles, all of which will be sold at a very small profit for ready pay, and he would respectfully invite all persons to call and examine his goods and prices, before purchasing. The highest prices paid for all kinds of country produce.

L. B. RUPERT,
Bloomsburg, Sept. 20th, 1845.—224.

Tin & Sheet IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has opened a shop, on Main-street, nearly opposite Clayton's Tavern, in Bloomsburg, where he intends carrying on the above business in all its various branches.

TIN WARE,
of every description, will be kept on hand for sale at WHOLESALE or RETAIL.
SHEET IRON
Manufactured into any form required,
STOVE PIPES,
of all sizes kept constantly on hand. Stoves finished to order.

Being determined to do business in the right way, he requests all to call upon him before they purchase elsewhere, as he will furnish all articles in his line as cheap as they can be purchased in the county.

D. J. RICE,
September 20, 1845.—1y22

New Store. New Goods.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they are now opening, at the store, lately occupied by E. H. BIGGS, on Main-street a large and extensive assortment of

FALL AND WINTER
DRY GOODS,
Groceries, Hardware,
CROCKERYWARE,
EARTHENWARE AND
LIQUORS;

in fact, every article usually kept in a country store. Among their assortment may be found—Calicoes, of the newest patterns, Silk, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Vestings, Bleached and Brown Shirts, Gloves and Hose, Handkerchiefs and Shawls, Cashmeres, &c.

And having selected them with great care as to quality and price, they are enabled to sell them at lower prices than they have ever before been offered in this vicinity. For Cash or Country Produce.

"Having made arrangements in the City for a constant supply, any article in their line which they have not on hand can be furnished at a weeks notice.

Persons are requested to call and examine their goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

ALBRIGHT & MENDEL,
Bloomsburg, Oct. 11, 1845.—25

OUR MOTTO, NOT TO BE OUTDONE

BLACKSMITHING ESTABLISHMENT,
BY BROBST & SANTEE.

THE undersigned having taken the shop formerly occupied by Marshal Silverthorn, most respectfully informs the public that they intend to carry on the above branch of business and will at all times be ready to do work a little better and cheaper than any other establishment in the place, and they hope by strict attention to business to merit a large portion of the public patronage.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for work & the ready not refused.

STEPHEN BROB
ISAAC SANTEE,
Bloomsburg Sept. 10, 1845.—21

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled accounts with the subscriber, or with the late firm of Stone, Brown & Bone, whether the balance be in our favor or against him, are requested to come forward and settle these immediately, that he may have his business as usual as possible. A word to the wise is sufficient.

MARSHAL SILVERTHORN

NEW SERIES OF THE CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE AND APPENDIX TO BE STEREOTYPED.

The undersigned originated the mode of journalizing the proceedings of Congress, which presented them entire. Their publication was the first and only one that gave each successive step in every measure in both branches of Congress; a brief of all debates, every important vote; and an Appendix including at full length all the revised speeches delivered during the session. The work thus conducted by the Globe is a most perfect political history. The Senators from the States and the Representatives from every section of the Union bring with them into Congress a knowledge of the feelings, sentiments, and interests of their several constituents. Public opinion and the public information, as it exists among those they represent, are embodied in them, and in the crucible of Congress the wisdom of our times is brought to its test, and is there concentrated, in directing the political movements of the whole country. The impulses thus given through Congress from every quarter react upon the nation as a whole, and all its component parts are made to move in co-operation. The press cannot be more usefully employed than in condensing and again spreading abroad the intelligence of our free country, tending to such happy results through our almost unrivaledly adjusted State and National institutions.

Having identified ourselves with the plan of advancing the usefulness of Congress by publishing full and impartial reports, and having a large mass of the Congressional Globe and Appendix, issued during the last two years, which would be impaired in value to us and utility to the public if the work were discontinued, we have a double motive to prompt us to extend it through a new series. We are resolved if possible to give it permanence, and to hand it down to successors as a standard work, worthy of being maintained and improved. We shall enter upon our new undertaking without being distracted or burdened by any associates labors of the press; and, thus unencumbered, shall hope to make the new series a step in advance of the former in all points of execution. With a view to accomplish this, we shall be (one or the other) always in attendance in Congress—will compare the manuscript of our own reporters with the daily reports of the city papers—correct all by our own observation and knowledge of the proceedings; and in important matters, where that will not assure us of the fidelity of the reports we will procure the aid of the members themselves, to obtain the exact scope of their remarks. The work thus authenticated, will be stereotyped, which is a guaranty that we will make as perfect as it is possible for us to make it, we would not incur the expense of stereotyping it, if we did not feel confident of its superiority over all works of the kind which have been or are likely to be published. Stereotyping the work will enable us to supply lost or mutilated numbers, which we will do, without making any charge for them.

The Congressional Globe is made up of the daily proceedings of the two Houses of Congress. The speeches of the members are condensed, to bring them into a readable length. All the resolutions offered, or motions made, are given in the mover's own words and the yeas and nays on all the important questions. It is printed with small type—brevier and nonpareil—on a double royal sheet, in quarto form, each number containing sixteen royal quarto pages.

The Appendix is made up of the President's annual message, the reports of the principal officers of the Government that accompany it, and all the long speeches of members of Congress, written out or revised by themselves. It is printed in the same form as the Congressional Globe, and usually makes about the same number of pages.

We print the numbers as fast as the proceedings of Congress furnish enough matter for a number of the Appendix a week; but during remainder of a session, there is usually sufficient matter for two or three numbers of each every week. The next session will be a long one, and it is supposed will be unusually interesting; therefore, we calculate that the Congressional Globe and Appendix will each make near one thousand large quarto pages, printed in small type—brevier and nonpareil. We wish complete indexes to both at the end of a session.

We have on hand the Congressional Globe and Appendix for the last twelve sessions of Congress of which five were long and seven were short sessions. The Congressional Globe and Appendix for each session are bound together in excellent binding, with Russia backs and corners. Our prices for them, thus bound together, are \$3 a volume for a short, and \$5 a volume for a long session, making \$48 for a full set. Those who want the back volumes should apply for them immediately, as they are in demand. The last Congress subscribed for two hundred and twenty six sets, and it is probable that the next will subscribe for at least as many more, as the proceedings of Congress for the last eight years cannot be procured from any other source, Gales & Stanton having stopped printing their Register of Debates in 1837. A few hundred copies of the first volume is all we have on hand.

The next session of Congress will be a long one, and, therefore, the Congressional Globe and Appendix should be \$2 for the session, which is the price we charge for the unbound numbers of the past long sessions; but we have concluded to reduce the price, as follows, until the first day of next

January, after which time the Congressional Globe and Appendix will each be \$2 for the session, and no deduction will be made in account of the number of copies taken.

TERMS.
For one copy of the Congressional Globe \$1 50
For one copy of the Appendix 1 50
For four copies of either, or part of both 5 00
For twenty five copies of either, or part of both 25 00

The money may be remitted by a draft on New York, or by a check on December, at farthest, to procure all the numbers promptly.

Proprietors of newspapers who copy this Prospect, and send to us one copy of their paper containing it, shall have their names entered on our books for one copy of the Congressional Globe and Appendix during the session.

Our prices for these papers are so low that we cannot afford to credit them out, therefore no person need consume his time in writing for them and not sending the money.

BLAIR & RIVES,
Washington City, October 4, 1845.

SPECTACLES AND GLASSES.

THE subscriber has just received a large assortment of SPECTACLES and SPEC-TACLE GLASSES, of the best quality, of both white and green, from No. 2, upwards.

Persons afflicted with sore eyes, will find to their advantage to call and get glasses from him as they may feel assured of deriving a great benefit from their use.

G. L. SHULTZ,
Bloomsburg, May 17, 1845.—1

Cabinet Ware House.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the public, that he has taken the shop lately occupied by Samuel Lilly, near the upper end of Bloomsburg, where he is carrying on the

CABINET BUSINESS,
in all its various branches, and where he will be happy to wait upon all those who may favor him with their custom. His Furniture is warranted to be made of good material and durable, and he intends keeping on hand

Sideboards, Secretaries, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Card Tables, Dining Tables, Breakfast Tables, Cupboards, Stands, Wash Stands, Bedsteads, Dough-troughs, Coffins, &c.

and all kinds of work in his line, which he will sell upon as reasonable terms as they can be purchased in the county.

By strict attention to business he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

April 28, 1845.—1y1

Chair Manufactory,

THE subscriber continues to carry on the

CHAIR MANUFACTURING business at the old stand of B. & S. Hagenbuch, where he will be ready at all times to furnish Fancy & Windsor Chairs, Settees, Boston Rocking Chairs, &c. of every description, which may be called for, at short notice and on the most reasonable terms. He will also execute House, Sign & Ornamental Painting, and House Papering, in a superior manner.

From his experience in the business, and his facilities of manufacturing the various styles of his line, he flatters himself, that he shall be able to furnish as good work, and upon as reasonable terms as can be done in the country, all of which he will dispose of for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE.

N. B. Orders from a distance will be strictly and punctually attended to.

B. HAGENBUCH,
Bloomsburg, Dec. 30, 1843

CLOCK & WATCH MAKING.

GOULVOS & SHULTZ,
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Columbia county, and the public generally, that he has located himself in Bloomsburg on Main street opposite St. Paul's Church, where he has opened a shop, and is now ready and prepared to receive and execute all work in the line of business with dispatch and in a workmanlike manner.

clocks & Watches of the best quality, can be had at his establishment on very reasonable terms.

REPAIRING & CLEANING will be done to the satisfaction of the customer, as well of Clocks and Watches of Jewels, and all his duties, warrant life-work to be executed as well as any in the section of the State. He will be glad to receive orders.

SURVEYING COMPASSES of pocket, and in sheet, will do all other work usually done in a well regulated responsible establishment. He hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to receive a liberal share of patronage. Country Produce taken in payment for work at the market price.

Bloomsburg, November 15, 1845.—204

CATAWISSA HOTEL.

JACOB DYER informs travellers and his old customers and friends, that he still keeps the above Hotel, where he will be happy to wait upon those who favor him with their custom. His house is large and commodious, and well arranged to accommodate his guests. His table is always provided with the choicest viands the markets can afford, and his Bar contains some of the best liquors that can be found in this section of country. His stables are also ample, and good drivers are always in attendance.

Catawissa, July 12, 1845.—2m, 12

'The Right of Search'

READY MADE CLOTHING.
The subscriber has just received a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, which will be sold as cheap for Cash as they can be purchased in the county.—Call and examine for yourselves, as the 'Right of Search' is guaranteed to all.

J. R. MOYER
June 7, 1845.—7

Cabinet Making.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has taken the shop lately occupied by B. S. Hagenbuch, at the lower end of Market street in Bloomsburg, where he intends carrying on the above business in all its branches, and soliciting a share of the patronage of the public.

In connection with the above business, he offers his services as an

UNDERTAKER.

He will always be ready to make COFFINS for funerals, and to bury the dead in Bloomsburg, and having supplied the late firm of Stone, Brown & Bone, he will attend with care the funeral services, and extra charge.

JOHN BITTERS
May 29, 1845.—5m, 3

Brandreth's Pills

READ and understand! The time will come when the medicine, Brandreth's Pills will be appreciated as they ought and deserve; it will be understood that Dr. Brandreth has the strongest claims upon the public. It is true that every individual who makes a trial of the Brandreth Pills concede them to be the best medicine they ever used. They are indeed a medicine about which there is no mistake. Their value in a climate so changeable as ours cannot be sufficiently appreciated. A few preparations is at once restored, thus they cure colds, and consumption is prevented.—Those who have a redundancy of bile find them of the most essential service, and should there be a deficiency of that important fluid the Brandreth Pills have an equally beneficial effect. Often has this important medicine saved valuable lives in those regions where the dreadful yellow fever was prevailing. A few doses taken immediately upon the information being received into the system, will be almost certain to prevent any material inconveniences. And at no stage of this dreadful epidemic is there so proper a medicine as the Brandreth Pills. Let this medicine be universally used in this disease, and no loss of blood allowed, and few very few, would be its victims. So it is with other diseases. Assist nature with this important medicine to remove morbid humors from the blood, and do not resort to bleeding or mercury, and you will have a very great remedy of persons afflicted with chronic malaries. The febrile condition—the most dangerous ever which we are the least, and not attended with chronic malaries, neither should we be if it were not for our prime which occasions them. Follow nature, use the medicine which harmonizes with her, which builds but surely removes all the impurities of the blood, which strengthens the feeble and yet reduces the force of too full habit to a healthy standard. Let me persuade you that every department of the manufacture of Brandreth Pills is personally supervised by 'y' no, and that every box with my three labels upon it may be relied upon to have the beneficial effect desired if used according to the directions accompanying it.

Washington—Robert McKay.

Jerseytown—L. & A. T. Abel,
Danville—E. B. Reynolds & Co,
Catawissa—C. G. Broder,
Bloomsburg—J. R. Moyer,
Limestone—Hobbs & M'Ninch,
Buckhorn—M. G. Sheneaker,
Lime Ridge—Low & Thompson,
Berwick—J. W. Siles,
May 8, 1845.—1y-2.

Miss M. E. Robinson,

WOULD respectfully inform the Ladies of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that she has just received a large assortment of

Millinery

MISS M. E. ROBINSON,
WOULD respectfully inform the Ladies of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that she has just received a large assortment of

TO TAX COLLECTORS AND TAXPAYERS.

In consequence of a Circuit, lately issued by the State Treasurer, directing that the State Tax be still remaining unpaid, for the present and former years, to be paid into the State Treasury, on or before the second Tuesday in January next, and that every county, falling to pay its portion of State Taxes, should, by the 15th of that month, deposit with the Treasurer, an amount equal to the amount of the taxes, for which the State Treasury, for school or other purposes, would be liable, with such balance with interest fully paid, where under the necessity of requiring the several Tax Collectors of Columbia County to collect and pay over into the county Treasury, on or before the third Monday of November next, all the State Taxes for former years which should remain unpaid.

The promptness with which our former Circular was responded to, by the Tax Collectors and Tax Payers, by which the county Treasurer was enabled to pay into the State Treasury of that time required, the whole amount of State Tax due from this county, for the present year, induces me to believe, that Columbia county will not, on the second Tuesday of January next, be found among the defaulters.

By order of the Commissioners,
E. MENDENHALL, Clerk,
September 14, 1845.

SEWING MACHINES.

JUST received and for sale, at the new Tin and Sheet Iron Manufactory, opposite Clayton's Hotel, several kinds of SEWING MACHINES and COOKING STOVES, of the best pattern, which will be sold low.

D. J. RICE,
Oct. 23

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, I have been from various sources, that certain Mary Katus, of Susquehanna, has circulated a slander that I have abused and attempted to kill my wife, and J. C. O., and S. G. O., have become none the less thing. Now, if they have done so, I pronounce them a libel and slander, and stand ready to prove it at any time.

Fee Bills.

JUSTICES AND CONSTABLES (Printed on a sheet for the purpose of putting up in their Offices.)
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE
BY THE Law requires Justice and Constables to have their bill of fees passed up in his Office.

Bloomsburg Millinery.

The Mistress of this Company, who are Sewists and Bebe, belonging to the Company, are prepared to furnish all kinds of Sewing Machines, of the various makes of the several

H. W. LEBLANC, & Co.