

DEMOCRAT.

BLOOMSBURG.

STURDIP, OCTOBER 11, 1845.

CANAL COMMISSIONER. **JAMES BURNS.**

REMOVAL TICKET. SEAT OF JUSTICE. FOR BLOOMSBURG. ASSEMBLY.

Thomas A. Funston. PROTHONOTARY. JACOB EYERLY. REGISTER AND RECORDER. CHARLES CONNER. TREASURER. Charles F. Mann. COMMISSIONER. Peter Ent. AUDITOR. William Cole.

TO THE CITIZENS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—Having learned that a report has been put in circulation that if elected, I would favor the repeal of the Removal Bill so far as requires the erection of new Public Buildings, at Bloomsburg, free of expense to the county, and support an Act requiring them to be built by taxation, I think it proper for me to say, that the report is altogether incorrect. At the time of the passage of the Bill in question, it was accepted by its friends, and they do not ask to be relieved from its obligations. There fore, I shall oppose any project of taxation for the erection of the new buildings contemplated by the Removal Bill.

THOMAS A. FUNSTON. October 8, 1845.

TICKETS.

Look out for fraudulent Tickets, and remember that the Removal Ticket to be voted, is

SEAT OF JUSTICE FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Examine your ticket before voting, and see that there is no deception, as there is said to be spurious tickets afloat.

Beware of Fraudulent Voting.

The law has carefully guarded against all kinds of fraud at elections, and we warn all persons concerned against any violation of the law at the election next week. The Legislature in the general election law has provided, fine, imprisonment and disgrace for all who knowingly invade the purity of the elective franchise; and in the Removal Bill additional safeguards are thrown around the election this fall, in our county. The law will be faithfully and rigorously enforced against any who may violate it; this may be depended upon. All the following requisites are indispensably necessary to qualify any person to vote.

- 1st. That he be a white freeman over the age of 21 years.
 - 2d. That he be a native born or a naturalized citizen.
 - 3d. That he have resided in the state one year and in the election district 10 days immediately before the election, (except in the case of a citizen of the state removing from it and returning, who can vote six months after his return, if he has resided ten days in the election district)
 - 4th. That he have paid a state or county tax within two years that shall have been assessed ten days before the election. (Except in case of voters between 21 & 22 years of age, this tax qualification is dispensed with, but no other)
 - 5th. In order to vote upon the Removal question it is necessary in addition to the foregoing qualifications, that the voter should have resided in the County of Columbia for six months before the election.
- All these requisites are easily understood and there is no excuse for any person who violates the law, either as an election officer or a voter.

The people of Columbia county have been engaged in local strife for the last thirty years, and next Tuesday they have an opportunity of giving peace and quiet to the county, by casting their vote in favor of the Removal Bill. If the Bill is defeated, another thirty years strife follows to prevent a division of the county, as the people never will be satisfied with the present location of the public buildings. It is then the duty of every man to vote for Bloomsburg, and put this exciting question at rest forever.

THE SLANDER REFUTED.

Mr. Funston's note to the public, in regard to the Danville slander about taxation was this ridiculous story to rest, and knocks down under the Danvillers the last prop upon which in their desperation they have attempted to lean. That honest man, Thomas A. Funston, has the confidence of the people, and he merits it, by a life regulated by honor, faithfulness and truth. The desperate efforts made to defeat him are vain. The people of Columbia county never desert a faithful public servant or listen to slanders against him with any faith or indulgence. So may it be always!

WHY ARE THEY SILENT.

Our readers have observed that the Danville newspapers have continued up to this time silent as the grave on the subject of the election. Why is this? We all remember how violent and furious they were a few years ago before elections. They then let off thunder and steam without stint or calculation, at every body in general, and 'the Fly up the creek' in particular. They are now however as quiet and polite as a newly shaved Deacon at Christmas. The editors of the 'Intelligencer' and 'Democrat' appear to have abdicated the chair editorial, thrown down the quill in disgust or desperation and taken to riding over the county to edify the people with their oral instead of printed eloquence. One day we hear that the 'Best' of men is in Madison, or Montaur; a day or two after in Orange, then at Berwick and then down south of the River, collecting newspaper accounts as a matter of course! The gentleman who 'Cooks' up Democracy and the Tariff together into a kind of hotchpot, follows on the trail of the Kickapoo, and his newspaper accounts too are in a wofully unsettled state & require speedy adjustment! We sincerely hope that those accounts may be arranged to the satisfaction of the parties concerned, as they appear to be very troublesome concerns, and what is a little singular to require very great attention, just before the election, and particularly on Sunday.

ATTEND THE POLLS.

Let our friends in the townships see that every voter comes out on the day of election. Leave none at home. If it should be a stormy day, let greater exertions be used to obtain a full vote. Recollect that nearly the whole vote of the Danville party lies compact, and will be polled, rain or shine, and recollect that this is the last battle and that if our troops are all in the field: we gain a victory that is decisive and final.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

It is rumored that Mr. Ellis the Judge of the election board at Danville is to resign, or decline to serve, on the day of Election: We wonder if he is too honest to suit the purposes of the wire-workers at that place. Look out for queer things in Mahoning.

TREATS.

Some of the Danville bullies have threatened to kick the Sheriff and the Commissioner's Clerk out of the Court House, if they show themselves there on the day of the Election. The intention is we suppose to brow-beat and keep off every man who would detect their illegal voting. Look out for outrages in Mahoning.

Remember that the election of the Removal ticket, along with the success of the Bill, ends the local question finally and forever.

The Danville faction have been very industrious in circulating a false report, that Mr. Funston, if elected, would procure the repeal of that portion of the Removal Bill requiring the public building to be erected at Bloomsburg, free of expense to the county and require them to be built by taxation. It will be seen by a notice in to days papers that Mr. Funston, has put a quietus to this report, by telling the public that he shall do no such thing; but that he shall sustain the bill as it is. What the Danville faction will get up next, it is impossible for any one to conjecture.

For the last few weeks our paper has not been as acceptable to our miscellaneous readers, as we could have wished, owing to our columns being crowded with advertisements, and the necessity we were under of devoting so much of our paper to election matter. But as the election closes next Tuesday, we hope hereafter, to make ample amends.

REMEMBER.

That next Tuesday settles the Removal question forever either for or against it. No man, then; should neglect casting his vote for it. Let no consideration keep you from the polls. Attend early, and see that your neighbors are there too.

IRONDALE FURNACE.

We mentioned in our last, that this furnace had blown in. It has since continued to do well, and is now doing a first rate business, having made, in nine days about 80 tons of good iron.

ANOTHER FURNACE IN BLAST.

On Saturday last, Messrs Thomas & Fincher, blew in the new charcoal furnace upon Cattawissa Creek, near Cattawissa. We understand that it is working admirably. There are now eleven furnaces in blast in Columbia county, and three more to be in blast this fall.

Believe no stories that you hear on the eve of the election. The enemies in their desperation will resort to anything.

TO THE POLLS.

On Tuesday next, and give your votes for the Removal Bill! Let no man stay at home, but go to the polls early, and be as punctual as if your vote would save the question. Remember that it has been a thirty years war, and that your vote may decide the question for the future peace and prosperity of the County.

HAND BILLS.

We again warn our friends to beware of Handbills emanating from Danville, as it is said that the county is to be flooded with them, on the eve of the election, containing all sorts of matter, with a view to have influence upon the result of the Removal question. Therefore, we say, beware of them.

FOREWARNED—FOREARMED.

We forewarn our friends at the seeming indifference of the Danville faction to the result of the coming election. They are stealthy and steadily at work, and when the day of trial comes, every man of them will be at his post.

BEAR IN MIND.

Removal men, that in the contest waging between you and the Danville faction, as in war, the only way to win a victory is to work for it unitedly—shoulder to shoulder. No good Removal man will suffer an impositions to influence his actions at the polls.

Best, and a host of the Danville faction, are travelling through the County electioneering against the Removal Ticket. It makes no difference in regard to the Removal whether Funston or Clark is elected, why are they so anxious to defeat Funston? would they spend their time and money if they were not to be benefited by it? Echo answers—would they?

A SLANDER.

For want of anything better, the enemy of the Removal are slandering the Removal candidates for Representative, by saying that he will if elected, try to get the Removal Bill repealed in part, and have the people taxed to put up the new public buildings. We pronounce this to be a slanderous falsehood. Neither Mr. Funston nor his friends have any such intention, and it is only an electioneering story got up in order to elect the Volunteer candidate. All true hearted friends of justice and fair-dealing, will have their friendship for Mr. F. quickened, when such base and malicious charges are made against him, and he will receive the usage that honest men generally win from the people, to wit: an enthusiastic support and a triumphant election.—Col. Eng.

THE TICKET.

The ticket put in nomination by the County Convention, is, as we have already said, a good one throughout, and deserves a triumphant election. It is very important that the officers elected should be the warm friends of the Removal! If any others are elected the question will be delayed and baffled and the battle may have to be fought over again. Every one that wishes well to the county, desires to see the local question fully and finally settled, so that there may be no more agitation and excitement in regard to it. To produce this desirable state of things, and to secure long delayed justice, let the whole Removal Ticket be supported, and both objects will be attained. Harmony will then prevail, and all parts of the county will have reason to be satisfied with the arrangement of county affairs.—Col. Eng.

COLLECTORS OFFICE, BERWICK

Messrs. TATE & GILMORE: Dear Sirs:—The amount of Polls taken at this office for the month ending the 30th of September, is \$9304 93 40977 18 Whole amount \$50282 00 Yours, &c., JOHN McREYNOLDS, Coll'r.

THE MORMON WAR.

Assassination Dreadful State of Affairs!

The St. Louis Republican of the 19th ult. contains further particulars of the terrible outbreak in the Mormon country. Franklin A. Worrel, Esq., an estimable citizen and merchant of Carthage (Ill.) in no way connected with the disturbances, was assassinated on the 16th, by a party of Mormons, while he was crossing the prairie in company with several other gentlemen. The ball entered Worrel's breast, killing him instantly. This outrage has aroused public indignation against the Mormons to a high pitch, and the Warsaw Signal says, 'revenge, revenge, is now the word and that blood will and must flow, if necessary, to rid the country of the cursed authors of our troubles.' It appears that a war of extermination has now been declared, and that the Mormons will be driven from Adams and Hancock counties. Some fifty or sixty houses have been burnt, and the work is still going on. The anti-Mormons are divided into two companies—one the 'Fire and Sword' company whose duty it is to fire Mormon houses, the other to act as spies. The military have been called out. The greatest excitement and alarm everywhere prevail.

A letter dated Adams county, says:—On (to-day) Saturday, several more buildings were burned. In passing along a road about three quarters of a mile distant, about four o'clock, I saw the smoke and flames of two rising up on the air. On arriving at Lima, I ascertained the buildings were situated about a mile and a half from that place. Men & women were collected in groups in the streets, and the doors and windows of the houses were filled with women and children looking in silent despair upon the work of the destroying element. Where the work of destruction will stop, God only knows. The feeling is deep and intense, and the excitement continually spreading. Up to Friday morning, as near as I could ascertain, twenty-three buildings were burned.

Mr. Worrel, who was killed by the Mormons, stated above, was in command of the guard at Carthage on the day of the murder of Jo and Hyram Smith.

A war of extermination is determined on by the Anti-Mormons, and in that war they include not only Mormons, but all who favor or harbor them.

Thirty-three houses it is reported, have been burned in the Morley settlement alone, and two Mormons killed at Quincy, and three or four others wounded.

The troops of Adams and Pike counties were to be called out; and a messenger had been despatched to Governor Ford. Warsaw was vigilantly guarded.

It is reported here, and credited, that the same process of burning out the Mormons has been commenced in the upper part of this county. It is said, that they have commenced burning the Mormon houses in the La Harpe settlement and Camp Creek settlement.

LATER STILL.

More Murders—Tremendous Excitement.

The Warsaw Signal (extra) of the 18th gives what follows:—'We are called on to record another murder of a most brutal character, committed by the Mormons on yesterday. About 12 o'clock, a party of ten men were riding across the prairie near Bear Creek, where they fell in with the Sheriff's Mormon posse. The latter immediately fired on them without provocation and wounded a horse and one of the party, a young Irishman, named Sumner M. Brantley, a member, in the employment of Gould and Mellen, shot him and after he was down, stabbed him with a sword in several places, and cut his throat and head in a most revolting manner. They then left him in the open prairie, taking his horse with them. Another man, by the name of Mahias, is missing, and it is feared, that he too has fallen a victim of Mormon brutality.'

The Quincy Morning Courier has the following:—'About three o'clock on Wednesday, about fifteen men, who were engaged in burning the house of Mr. Lovelace, on Bear Creek, three miles from Nolton's settlement were ordered to surrender by Sheriff Beckenbos but they refused to comply, and immediately made off. The Sheriff ordered his posse to fire on them, and it is reported that two men were killed and 2 wounded by the discharge.'

At last dates, upwards of 100 houses had been burnt, and the utmost consternation prevailed.

There is an old lady in Vermont who cannot light a candle, because she is a great scold and cannot find her match.

The editor of the New York Evening Star says, that the man who eats tomatoes every day, will live tarring casualties, more than a hundred years.

DUELING.

It is stated, says Neals Gazette, that in Mexico, a man who kills another, is legally bound for the debts of the deceased, and he must, therefore, after having 'settled' his antagonist with a bullet also settle up for him in pecuniary affairs. It is a wise provision, and often affords a sufficient reason for declining a challenge, where moral causes are not felt as binding. 'Can't afford to shoot you, sir—too expensive, but if you want to be shot, produce your bill, receipted, or else show a discharge from your creditors, before receiving a discharge from my pistol.'—There is rather an abatement here to the chivalry of the thing, bringing one down from the lofty atmosphere of gunpowder glory, to the sordid region of dollars and cents—especially as a large majority of the pugnacious are apt to be just of that description of young gentlemen who carry the individual credit system to its full extent, and who believe with Shakespeare's Pistol, that 'base is the slave who pays.' The Mexican plan might be rendered complete by making the survivor responsible in every way for the obligations of the deceased—for his debts, and for the support of his family. It would be a just provision.

TERRIFIC COLLIERY EXPLOSION—

LOSS OF THIRTYEIGHT LIVES—

A most lamentable explosion took place on the 20th August, between 1 and 2 o'clock, P. M., in Jarrow Colliery, a few miles from Newcastle, on the south side of the Tyne. This colliery is the property of Mr. Brown, who, with his view, Mr. Jobling, saw an unusual amount of smoke issue from the shaft. On descending the pit, it was found that in one division of the pit the men and boys were working entirely ignorant of the tragedy which had occurred in another! Every effort was made to rescue those who had been working in the Bensham seam, where the explosion had taken place: from 35 to 40 men and boys were carried up, of whom three expired; and Jacob Deffy, an overman, fell a victim to his zeal in rescuing others, as he ventured too far into the after-damp, and perished. It was impossible to penetrate far into that part of the works where the explosion took place, until fresh air had been thrown into it, which was a work of time. But it was physically certain that all the men at work in that part, believed to have been from 35 to 40 in number, must have perished! The occurrence produced the utmost horror and distress in the village, where so many families have been bereaved.

The excitement prevailing on Sunday was greater than at any previous period since the explosion. The bodies of about 30 of the sufferers were consigned to the grave in Jarrow church-yard, the funeral being witnessed by upwards of 3,000 spectators, many of whom had come from a considerable distance. The bodies were placed in decent coffins, which were waiting to receive them when brought to the surface, and were conveyed to the church yard in carts belonging to the colliery. Some of the surviving relatives of each joined in the melancholy procession, and, as usual in the colliery districts of the north of England the Old Hundredth Psalm was sung on the way to the burial ground. The scene was exceedingly solemn.

ESSENCE OF COFFEE.

Mr. E. L. Szodczyk, the New York Journal of commerce says, has commenced in that city the manufacture of this article, which he says is already in extensive use in Europe among the higher classes. A quart bottle of this essence costs but six shillings, and will mix from one to two hundred cups of excellent coffee, according to the size of the cup, and the taste of the drinker.

DEATH FROM WHISKEY.

A fine little fellow, 11 years old, son of Mr. Hampson, Toronto, was persuaded by some rude boys to drink half a pint of whiskey, on the 21st. He almost immediately deprived him of his senses. His companions carried him home, but left him on the steps of his father's house, where he lay several hours. In the morning he recovered sufficiently to tell his story, and then died.

The town of Rome, in western New York, containing a population of over five thousand, has been built up by factories for making paddles and oars from the ash, thousands of which are shipped by almost every vessel for England, France, Germany, Prussia, Sweden, Russia and throughout all the East. The junks of the Chinese are now all managed by American cars, and the small boats of all Europe and Asia are now propelled by the enterprise of the people of this village.

A compositor on the New Orleans Courier had fortune of \$10,000 left him a few days since—announced to him by letter while at work at the case. He coolly completed his work and left for Missouri, where the property lies.

BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL—

COVERY OF INTERESTING RE-

LICS

For some days past, workmen have been engaged in digging a well on the Buda ground, in Charleston, on land owned by Phineas J. Stone. On Saturday, quite an excitement was produced by the discovery of several entire human skeletons, and on some careful search being made, a large number of other articles were found, which once identified the depository of the remains of a large number of those who fell in the memorable battle of the 17th June 1775. The skeletons were in an unusually sound condition, and on one of the skulls, a wound, apparently inflicted by a sword, was plainly visible. On another, the hair was found almost entire, and in a remarkable state of preservation.

Quite a number of metal buttons numbered from 43 to 52, were also thrown up. These bear the numbers of several of their regiments and as it is well known that none such were worn by the Americans. The other articles consist of knee buckles, musket balls and copper coin, the latter being too much corroded to discover their character or date. This place where these remains and relics were found is supposed to have formed a part of one of the main entrenchments at the time of the battle, and that the bodies were covered up where they fell or where thrown in immediately after the conflict.

This common grave could not have been originally more than three feet under the surface of the ground, but the earth having since been filled in and raised considerably in order to produce a gradual slope from the Monument, it is now found to be some fifteen feet below the present surface.

We understand that since these discoveries, the project of constructing a well at that place, has been abandoned.—Boston Times.

PREVENTIONS OF COLDS.

In the case of sudden wet, if you can procure a raw onion or two, eat it by all means. Nothing will keep the cold more effectually from your stomach. Of this I recollect Colonel (now Major General) R. G. Hare and I had a most convincing proof having fished an entire day, wet throughout; and walked 5 miles afterwards, without catching cold, though we took no other precaution at the end of our walk.

A Washington letter says, it is estimated that the deficiency in the Post Office receipts, chargeable upon the Treasury, will be nearly a million and a half of dollars.

EXTENT OF THE OREGON TERRITORY.

On the east it skirts 800 miles along the Rocky Mountains, on the south 300 miles along the Snowy Mountains, on the west 700 miles along the Pacific Ocean, on the north 240 miles along the North American possessions of Russia and England. This area of immense valley contains 300,000 square miles, capable undoubtedly, of forming seven States as large as New York, or forty States of the dimensions of Massachusetts. Some of the Islands on the coast are very large—sufficient to form a State by themselves.

The re-burial of Daniel Boone and his wife, at Frankfort, Ky., took place on Saturday, the 13th ult. From 15,000 to 20,000 persons were present from all sections of the West. An immense procession was formed, the remains were borne on a hearse drawn by four white horses, and attended by Col. R. M. Johnson, and other distinguished men as pall-bearers. The Methodist Conference attended, and, after appropriate religious exercises, an eloquent and thrilling address was delivered by Hon. J. J. Crittenden.

In the new Constitution of Texas, it is proposed to incorporate this novel feature, that each citizen of the new State shall hold his farm, of a certain size, free from all claims and legal process. Of course, if a man wants credit it must be had on some other basis than the land he owns. Such a provision, it is thought will have a good effect by the inducement it holds out to every citizen to become interested in the soil.

A successful attempt has been made in Virginia to cultivate the Chinese tea plant. Mr. Pickett is to have specimens of his tea in the Henrico agricultural fair in November.

At Delhi, N. Y., 94 persons have been indicted for murder in the first degree and 39 for conspiracy and kidnapping.

The editor of the Ohio Cultivator says that about seventy acres of land has been sown in mustard seed in that State so far as has come to his knowledge. New SUBSTITUTE FOR COFFEE.—A letter from a gentleman to Hon. H. L. Ellsworth, Washington, says the ripe seeds of the plant okra, much used in soup, &c., burned and used as coffee, cannot be distinguished from it, even the best Java. The seeds are sown an inch deep in drills, four feet apart, in May, and cultivated like corn or peas. It yields abundantly, and is very healthy. Mr. E. has the seeds.